

**Oracle® Fusion Middleware**

Infrastructure Security WLST Command Reference

**12c (12.1.2)**

**E29489-02**

January 2014

This document describes the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Security commands available to use with the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST).

Copyright © 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Primary Author: Carlos Subi

Contributing Author: Vinaye Misra

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT RIGHTS Programs, software, databases, and related documentation and technical data delivered to U.S. Government customers are "commercial computer software" or "commercial technical data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation shall be subject to the restrictions and license terms set forth in the applicable Government contract, and, to the extent applicable by the terms of the Government contract, the additional rights set forth in FAR 52.227-19, Commercial Computer Software License (December 2007). Oracle USA, Inc., 500 Oracle Parkway, Redwood City, CA 94065.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information on content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services.

---

---

# Contents

<b>Preface .....</b>	v
Audience.....	v
Documentation Accessibility .....	v
Related Documentation.....	v
Conventions .....	vi
<b>1 Introduction and Roadmap</b>	
1.1 Document Scope and Audience .....	1-1
1.2 Guide to This Document .....	1-1
<b>2 Infrastructure Security Custom WLST Commands</b>	
2.1 Infrastructure Commands .....	2-1
2.1.1 OPSS Security Store Commands .....	2-1
2.1.2 Audit Configuration Commands .....	2-22
2.1.3 OPSS Keystore Service Commands .....	2-31
2.1.4 Identity Directory Service Commands .....	2-40
2.1.5 Library Oracle Virtual Directory (LibOVD) Commands .....	2-49



---

---

# Preface

This guide describes the available infrastructure security WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) commands for Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

This preface is divided into the following sections:

- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Related Documentation](#)
- [Conventions](#)

## Audience

The intended audience of this guide are experienced Java developers, administrators, deployers, and application managers who want to use the security OPSS commands.

## Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at  
<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

### Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit  
<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info> or visit  
<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

## Related Documentation

Additional information is found in the following documents:

- *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*
- *Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware*
- *Oracle Fusion Middleware Security and Administrator's Guide for Web Services*

For a comprehensive list of Oracle documentation or to search for a particular topic within Oracle documentation libraries, see  
<http://www.oracle.com/technology/documentation/index.html>.

# Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, terms defined in text, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
<code>monospace</code>	Monospace type within a paragraph indicates commands, URLs, Java class names and method names, file and directory names, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

---

# Introduction and Roadmap

This chapter describes the audience for and contents and organization of this guide—*Infrastructure Security WLST Command Reference*.

- [Section 1.1, "Document Scope and Audience"](#)
- [Section 1.2, "Guide to This Document"](#)

## 1.1 Document Scope and Audience

This document describes all of the Infrastructure Security custom WLST commands that are available to use with the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST).

---

**Note:** Custom WLST commands for a given Oracle Fusion Middleware component are available for use only if the component is installed in the *ORACLE\_HOME* directory.

---

This document is written for WebLogic Server administrators and operators who deploy Java EE applications using the Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) from Oracle. It is assumed that readers are familiar with Web technologies and the operating system and platform where WebLogic Server and Fusion Middleware products are installed.

## 1.2 Guide to This Document

This document is organized as follows:

- This chapter, "Introduction and Roadmap," introduces the organization of this guide and lists related documentation.
- [Chapter 2, "Infrastructure Security Custom WLST Commands,"](#) provides detailed descriptions for each of the custom WLST commands for audit configuration, SSL configuration, Oracle Identify Federation, Directory Integration Platform, OPSS, and Oracle Keystore Service.



---

# Infrastructure Security Custom WLST Commands

This chapter describes the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Security WLST commands. It contains the following section:

- [Section 2.1, "Infrastructure Commands"](#)

For additional information about Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS), see *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

---

**Note:** To use the Infrastructure Security custom WLST commands, you must invoke the WLST script from the Oracle Common home. See "Using Custom WLST Commands" section in the *Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware*.

---

## 2.1 Infrastructure Commands

The infrastructure WLST security commands are divided into the following categories:

**Table 2–1 WLST Command Categories**

Command Category	Description
<a href="#">OPSS Security Store Commands</a>	Manage domain and credential domain stores and migrate domain policy store.
<a href="#">Audit Configuration Commands</a>	View and manage audit policies and the audit repository configuration.
<a href="#">OPSS Keystore Service Commands</a>	Manage the OPSS keystore service.
<a href="#">Identity Directory Service Commands</a>	Manage Identity Directory Service Entity Attributes, Entity Definitions, Relationships and default Operational configurations.
<a href="#">Library Oracle Virtual Directory (LibOVD) Commands</a>	Manage Library Oracle Virtual Directory (LibOVD) LDAP and Join Adapters configuration. These commands act on the OVD configuration associated with a particular OPSS Context passed in as a parameter.

### 2.1.1 OPSS Security Store Commands

Use the WLST security commands listed in [Table 2–2](#) to operate on a domain policy or credential store, to migrate policies and credentials from a source repository to a target repository, and to import and export (credential) encryption keys.

**Table 2–2 WLST Security Commands**

<b>Use this command...</b>	<b>To...</b>	<b>Use with WLST...</b>
<a href="#">addBootStrapCredential</a>	Add a credential to the bootstrap credential store.	Offline
<a href="#">addResourceToEntitlement</a>	Add a resource to an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">createAppRole</a>	Create a new application role.	Online
<a href="#">createCred</a>	Create a new credential.	Online
<a href="#">createEntitlement</a>	Create an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">createResource</a>	Create a resource.	Online
<a href="#">createResourceType</a>	Create a new resource type.	Online
<a href="#">deleteAppPolicies</a>	Remove all policies in an application.	Online
<a href="#">deleteAppRole</a>	Remove an application role.	Online
<a href="#">deleteCred</a>	Remove a credential.	Online
<a href="#">deleteEntitlement</a>	Remove an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">deleteResource</a>	Remove a resource.	Online
<a href="#">deleteResourceType</a>	Remove an existing resource type.	Online
<a href="#">exportEncryptionKey</a>	Export the domain encryption key to the file <code>ewallet.p12</code> .	Offline
<a href="#">getEntitlement</a>	List an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">getResourceType</a>	Fetch an existing resource type.	Online
<a href="#">grantAppRole</a>	Add a principal to a role.	Online
<a href="#">grantEntitlement</a>	Create an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">grantPermission</a>	Create a new permission.	Online
<a href="#">importEncryptionKey</a>	Import the encryption key in file <code>ewallet.p12</code> to the domain.	Offline
<a href="#">listAppRoles</a>	List all roles in an application.	Online
<a href="#">listAppRolesMembers</a>	List all members in an application role.	Online
<a href="#">listAppStripes</a>	List application stripes in policy store.	Online
<a href="#">listCodeSourcePermissions</a>	List permissions assigned to a source code in global policies.	Online
<a href="#">listEntitlement</a>	List an entitlement.	Online
<a href="#">listEntitlements</a>	List entitlements in an application stripe.	Online
<a href="#">listPermissions</a>	List all permissions granted to a principal.	Online
<a href="#">listResourceActions</a>	List actions in a resource.	Online
<a href="#">listResourceTypes</a>	List resource types in an application stripe.	Online
<a href="#">listResources</a>	List resources in an application stripe.	Online
<a href="#">listSecurityStoreInfo</a>	List the type and location of the OPSS security store, and the user allowed to access it.	Offline
<a href="#">migrateSecurityStore</a>	Migrate policies or credentials from a source repository to a target repository.	Offline
<a href="#">modifyBootStrapCredential</a>	Update bootstrap credential store.	Offline

**Table 2–2 (Cont.) WLST Security Commands**

<b>Use this command...</b>	<b>To...</b>	<b>Use with WLST...</b>
<code>reassociateSecurityStore</code>	Reassociate policies and credentials to an LDAP repository.	Online
<code>restoreEncryptionKey</code>	Restore the domain encryption key as it was before the last importing.	Offline
<code>revokeAppRole</code>	Remove a principal from a role.	Online
<code>revokeEntitlement</code>	Remove an entitlement.	Online
<code>revokePermission</code>	Remove a permission.	Online
<code>revokeResourceFromEntitlement</code>	Remove a resource from an entitlement.	Online
<code>rollOverEncryptionKey</code>	Replace the current domain encryption key with a new one.	Offline
<code>updateCred</code>	Modify the attribute values of a credential.	Online
<code>updateTrustServiceConfig</code>	Update the configuration of the trust service.	Online

**2.1.1.1 addBootStrapCredential**

Offline command that adds a credential to the bootstrap credential store.

**2.1.1.1.1 Description** Adds a password credential with the given map, key, user name, and user password to the bootstrap credentials configured in the default JPS context of a JPS configuration file. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.1.2 Syntax** `addBootStrapCredential(jpsConfigFile, map, key, username, password)`

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Definition</b>
<code>jpsConfigFile</code>	Specifies the location of the file <code>jps-config.xml</code> relative to the location where the command is run.
<code>map</code>	Specifies the map of the credential to add.
<code>key</code>	Specifies the key of the credential to add.
<code>username</code>	Specifies the name of the user in the credential to add.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the password of the user in the credential to add.

**2.1.1.1.3 Example** The following invocation adds a credential to the bootstrap credential store:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
addBootStrapCredential(jpsConfigFile='./jps-config.xml', map='myMapName',
key='myKeyName', username='myUser', password='myPassword')
```

**2.1.1.2 addResourceToEntitlement**

Online command that adds a resource with specified actions to an entitlement.

**2.1.1.2.1 Description** Adds a resource with specified actions to an entitlement in a specified application stripe. The passed resource type must exist in the passed application stripe.

**2.1.1.2.2 Syntax** `addResourceToEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", name="entName", resourceName="resName", actions="actionList")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is located.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the entitlement to modify.
<code>resourceName</code>	Specifies the name of the resource to add.
<code>resourceType</code>	Specifies the type of the resource to add. The passed resource type <i>must</i> be present in the application stripe at the time this script is invoked.
<code>actions</code>	Specifies the comma-separated list of actions for the added resource.

**2.1.1.2.3 Example** The following invocation adds the resource `myResource` to the entitlement `myEntitlement` in the application stripe `myApplication`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> addResourceToEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication", name="myEntitlement", resourceName="myResource", resourceType="myResType", actions="view,edit")
```

### 2.1.1.3 `createAppRole`

Online command that creates a new application role.

**2.1.1.3.1 Description** Creates a new application role in the domain policy store with a given application and role name. In the event of an error, the command returns a `WLSTException`.

**2.1.1.3.2 Syntax** `createAppRole(appStripe, appRoleName)`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe.
<code>appRoleName</code>	Specifies a role name.

**2.1.1.3.3 Example** The following invocation creates a new application role with application stripe `myApp` and role name `myRole`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createAppRole(appStripe="myApp", appRoleName="myRole")
```

### 2.1.1.4 `createCred`

Online command that creates a new credential in the domain credential store.

**2.1.1.4.1 Description** Creates a new credential in the domain credential store with a given map name, key name, type, user name and password, URL and port number. In the event of an error, the command returns a `WLSTException`. This command runs in interactive mode only.

**2.1.1.4.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in square brackets.

```
createCred(map, key, user, password, [desc])
```

Argument	Definition
<code>map</code>	Specifies a map name (folder).

Argument	Definition
<i>key</i>	Specifies a key name.
<i>user</i>	Specifies the credential user name.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the credential password.
<i>desc</i>	Specifies a string describing the credential.

**2.1.1.4.3 Example** The following invocation creates a new password credential with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createCred(map="myMap", key="myKey", user="myUsr",
password="myPassw", desc="updated usr name and passw to connect to app xyz")
```

### 2.1.1.5 createEntitlement

Online command that creates a new entitlement.

**2.1.1.5.1 Description** Creates a new entitlement with just one resource and a list of actions in a specified application stripe. Use addResourceToEntitlement to add additional resources to an existing entitlement; use revokeResourceFromEntitlement to delete resources from an existing entitlement.

**2.1.1.5.2 Syntax** `createEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", name="entitlementName", resourceName="resName", actions="actionList" [, -displayName="dispName"] [, -description="descript"])`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is created.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the entitlement created.
<i>resourceName</i>	Specifies the name of the one resource member of the entitlement created.
<i>actions</i>	Specifies a comma-separated the list of actions for the resource resourceName.
<i>displayName</i>	Specifies the display name of the resource created. Optional.
<i>description</i>	Specifies the description of the entitlement created. Optional.

**2.1.1.5.3 Example** The following invocation creates the entitlement myEntitlement with just the resource myResource in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication",
name="myEntitlement", resourceName="myResource", actions="read,write")
```

### 2.1.1.6 createResource

Online command that creates a new resource.

**2.1.1.6.1 Description** Creates a resource of a specified type in a specified application stripe. The passed resource type must exist in the passed application stripe.

**2.1.1.6.2 Syntax** `createResource(appStripe="appStripeName", name="resName", type="resTypeName" [, -displayName="dispName"] [, -description="descript"])`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe where the resource is created.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the resource created.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of resource created. The passed resource type <i>must</i> be present in the application stripe at the time this script is invoked.
<i>displayName</i>	Specifies the display name of the resource created. Optional.
<i>description</i>	Specifies the description of the resource created. Optional.

**2.1.1.6.3 Example** The following invocation creates the resource myResource in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createResource(appStripe="myApplication",
name="myResource", type="myResType", displayName="myNewResource")
```

### 2.1.1.7 **createResourceType**

Online command that creates a new resource type in the domain policy store within a given application stripe.

**2.1.1.7.1 Description** Creates a new resource type element in the domain policy store within a given application stripe and with specified name, display name, description, and actions. Optional arguments are enclosed in between square brackets; all other arguments are required. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.7.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in square brackets.

```
createResourceType(appStripe, resourceName, displayName, description [,,
provider] [, matcher], actions [, delimiter])
```

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe where to insert the resource type.
<i>resourceName</i>	Specifies the name of the resource type to insert.
<i>displayName</i>	Specifies the name for the resource type used in UI gadgets.
<i>description</i>	Specifies a brief description of the resource type.
<i>provider</i>	Specifies the provider for the resource type.
<i>matcher</i>	Specifies the class of the resource type. If unspecified, it defaults to oracle.security.jps.ResourcePermission.
<i>actions</i>	Specifies the actions allowed on instances of the resource type.
<i>delimiter</i>	Specifies the character used to delimit the list of actions. If unspecified, it defaults to comma ','.

**2.1.1.7.3 Example** The following invocation creates a resource type in the stripe myApplication with actions BWPrint and ColorPrint delimited by a semicolon:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createResourceType(appStripe="myApplication",
resourceName="resTypeName", displayName="displName", description="A resource
type", provider="Printer", matcher="com.printer.Printer",
actions="BWPrint;ColorPrint" [, delimiter=";"])
```

### 2.1.1.8 deleteAppPolicies

Online command that removes all policies with a given application stripe.

**2.1.1.8.1 Description** Removes all policies with a given application stripe. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.8.2 Syntax** `deleteAppPolicies(appStripe)`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies an application stripe. If not specified, the command works on system policies.

**2.1.1.8.3 Example** The following invocation removes all policies of application `myApp`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteAppPolicies(appStripe="myApp")
```

### 2.1.1.9 deleteAppRole

Online command that removes an application role.

**2.1.1.9.1 Description** Removes an application role in the domain policy store with a given application and role name. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.9.2 Syntax** `createAppRole(appStripe, appRoleName)`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies an application stripe.
<i>appRoleName</i>	Specifies a role name.

**2.1.1.9.3 Example** The following invocation removes the role with application stripe `myApp` and role name `myRole`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteAppRole(appStripe="myApp", appRoleName="myRole")
```

### 2.1.1.10 deleteEntitlement

Online command that deletes an entitlement.

**2.1.1.10.1 Description** Deletes an entitlement in a specified application stripe. It performs a cascading deletion by removing all references to the specified entitlement in the application stripe.

**2.1.1.10.2 Syntax** `deleteEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", name="entitlementName")`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is deleted.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the entitlement to delete.

**2.1.1.10.3 Example** The following invocation deletes the entitlement `myEntitlement` in the stripe `myApplication`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication",
```

```
name="myEntitlement")
```

### 2.1.1.11 deleteCred

Online command that removes a credential in the domain credential store.

**2.1.1.11.1 Description** Removes a credential with given map name and key name from the domain credential store. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.11.2 Syntax** `deleteCred(map, key)`

Argument	Definition
<code>map</code>	Specifies a map name (folder).
<code>key</code>	Specifies a key name.

**2.1.1.11.3 Example** The following invocation removes the credential with map name myMap and key name myKey:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteCred(map="myApp", key="myKey")
```

### 2.1.1.12 deleteResource

Online command that deletes a resource.

**2.1.1.12.1 Description** Deletes a resource and all its references from entitlements in an application stripe. It performs a cascading deletion: if the entitlement refers to one resource only, it removes the entitlement; otherwise, it removes from the entitlement the resource actions for the passed type.

**2.1.1.12.2 Syntax** `deleteResource(appStripe="appStripeName", name="resName", type="resTypeName")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the resource is deleted.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the resource deleted.
<code>type</code>	Specifies the type of resource deleted. The passed resource type <i>must</i> be present in the application stripe at the time this script is invoked.

**2.1.1.12.3 Example** The following invocation deletes the resource myResource in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteResource(appStripe="myApplication", name="myResource", type="myResType")
```

### 2.1.1.13 delete ResourceType

Online command that removes a resource type from the domain policy store within a given application stripe.

**2.1.1.13.1 Description** Removes a <resource-type> entry in the domain policy store within a given application stripe and with specified name. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

### 2.1.1.13.2 Syntax `deleteResourceType(appStripe, resourceName)`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe from where to remove the resource type.
<code>resourceTypeName</code>	Specifies the name of the resource type to remove.

### 2.1.1.13.3 Example

The following invocation removes the resource type `myResType` from the stripe `myApplication`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> deleteResourceType(appStripe="myApplication",
resourceTypeName="myResType")
```

### 2.1.1.14 `exportEncryptionKey`

Offline command that extracts the encryption key from a domain's bootstrap wallet to the file `ewallet.p12`.

#### 2.1.1.14.1 Description

Writes the domain's credential encryption key to the file `ewallet.p12`. The password passed must be used to import data from that file with the command `importEncryptionKey`.

### 2.1.1.14.2 Syntax `exportEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile, keyFilePath, keyFilePassword)`

Argument	Definition
<code>jpsConfigFile</code>	Specifies the location of the file <code>jps-config.xml</code> relative to the location where the command is run.
<code>keyFilePath</code>	Specifies the directory where the file <code>ewallet.p12</code> is created; note that the content of this file is encrypted and secured by the value passed to <code>keyFilePassword</code> .
<code>keyFilePassword</code>	Specifies the password to secure the file <code>ewallet.p12</code> ; note that this same password must be used when importing that file.

### 2.1.1.14.3 Example

The following invocation writes the file `ewallet.p12` in the directory `myDir`:

```
exportEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="pathName", keyFilePath="myDir"
, keyFilePassword="password")
```

### 2.1.1.15 `getEntitlement`

Online command that gets an entitlement.

#### 2.1.1.15.1 Description

Returns the name, display name, and all the resources (with their actions) of an entitlement in an application stripe.

### 2.1.1.15.2 Syntax `getEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", name="entitlementName")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is located.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the entitlement to access.

**2.1.1.15.3 Example** The following invocation returns the information of the entitlement myEntitlement in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> getEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication",
name="myEntitlement")
```

### 2.1.1.16 **getResourceType**

Online command that fetches a resource type from the domain policy store within a given application stripe.

**2.1.1.16.1 Description** Gets the relevant parameters of a <resource-type> entry in the domain policy store within a given application stripe and with specified name. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.16.2 Syntax** getResourceType(appStripe, resourceName)

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe from where to fetch the resource type.
<i>resourceName</i>	Specifies the name of the resource type to fetch.

**2.1.1.16.3 Example** The following invocation fetches the resource type myResType from the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> getResourceType(appStripe="myApplication",
resourceName="myResType")
```

### 2.1.1.17 **grantAppRole**

Online command that adds a principal to a role.

**2.1.1.17.1 Description** Adds a principal (class or name) to a role with a given application stripe and name. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.17.2 Syntax** grantAppRole(appStripe, roleName, principalClass, principalName)

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies an application stripe.
<i>roleName</i>	Specifies a role name.
<i>principalClass</i>	Specifies the fully qualified name of a class.
<i>principalName</i>	Specifies the principal name.

**2.1.1.17.3 Example** The following invocation adds a principal to the role with application stripe myApp and role name myRole:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> grantAppRole(appStripe="myApp",
roleName="myRole",principalClass="com.example.xyzPrincipal",
principalName="myPrincipal")
```

### 2.1.1.18 **grantEntitlement**

Online command that creates a new entitlement.

**2.1.1.18.1 Description** Creates a new entitlement with a specified principal in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.18.2 Syntax** `grantEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", principalClass="principalClass", principalName="principalName", -permSetName="entName")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is created.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the class associated with the principal.
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the name of the principal to which the entitlement is granted.
<code>permSetName</code>	Specifies the name of the entitlement created.

**2.1.1.18.3 Example** The following invocation creates the entitlement `myEntitlement` in the stripe `myApplication`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> grantEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication",
principalClass="oracle.security.jps.service.policystore.ApplicationRole",
principalName="myPrincipalName", permSetName="myEntitlement")
```

### 2.1.1.19 grantPermission

Online command that creates a new permission.

**2.1.1.19.1 Description** Creates a new permission for a given code base or URL. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.19.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in between square brackets.

```
grantPermission([appStripe,] [codeBaseURL,] [principalClass,] [principalName,]
permClass, [permTarget,] [permActions])
```

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe. If not specified, the command works on system policies.
<code>codeBaseURL</code>	Specifies the URL of the code granted the permission.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the fully qualified name of a class (grantee).
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the name of the grantee principal.
<code>permClass</code>	Specifies the fully qualified name of the permission class.
<code>permTarget</code>	Specifies, when available, the name of the permission target. Some permissions may not include this attribute.
<code>permActions</code>	Specifies a comma-separated list of actions granted. Some permissions may not include this attribute and the actions available depend on the permission class.

**2.1.1.19.3 Examples** The following invocation creates a new application permission (for the application with application stripe `myApp`) with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> grantPermission(appStripe="myApp",
principalClass="my.custom.Principal", principalName="manager",
permClass="java.security.AllPermission")
```

The following invocation creates a new system permission with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> grantPermission(principalClass="my.custom.Principal",
principalName="manager",
permClass="java.io.FilePermission", permTarget="/tmp/fileName.ext",
permTarget="/tmp/fileName.ext", permActions="read,write")
```

### 2.1.1.20 importEncryptionKey

Offline command that imports keys from the specified ewallet.p12 file into the domain.

**2.1.1.20.1 Description** Imports encryption keys from the file ewallet.p12 into the domain. The password passed must be the same as that used to create the file with the command `exportEncryptionKey`.

**2.1.1.20.2 Syntax** `importEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile, keyFilePath, keyFilePassword)`

Argument	Definition
<code>jpsConfigFile</code>	Specifies the location of the file <code>jps-config.xml</code> relative to the location where the command is run.
<code>keyFilePath</code>	Specifies the directory where the <code>ewallet.p12</code> is located.
<code>keyFilePassword</code>	Specifies the password used when the file <code>ewallet.p12</code> was generated.

**2.1.1.20.3 Example** `importEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="pathName", keyFilePath="dirloc", keyFilePassword="password")`

### 2.1.1.21 listAppRoles

Online command that lists all roles in an application.

**2.1.1.21.1 Description** Lists all roles within a given application stripe. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.21.2 Syntax** `listAppRoles(appStripe)`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe.

**2.1.1.21.3 Example** The following invocation returns all roles with application stripe `myApp`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAppRoles(appStripe="myApp")
```

### 2.1.1.22 listAppRolesMembers

Online command that lists all members in a role.

**2.1.1.22.1 Description** Lists all members in a role with a given application stripe and role name. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.22.2 Syntax** `listAppRoleMembers(appStripe, appRoleName)`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe.
<code>appRoleName</code>	Specifies a role name.

**2.1.1.22.3 Example** The following invocation returns all members in the role with application stripe `myApp` and role name `myRole`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAppRoleMembers(appStripe="myApp",
appRoleName="myRole")
```

### 2.1.1.23 listAppStripes

Online or offline command that lists the application stripes in the policy store.

**2.1.1.23.1 Description** This script can be run in offline or online mode. When run in offline mode, a configuration file must be passed, and it lists the application stripes in the policy store referred to by the configuration in the default context of the passed configuration file; the default configuration *must not* have a service instance reference to an identity store. When run in online mode, a configuration file must not be passed, and it lists stripes in the policy store of the domain to which you connect. In any mode, if a regular expression is passed, it lists the application stripes with names that match the regular expression; otherwise, it lists all application stripes.

**2.1.1.23.2 Syntax** `listAppStripes([configFile="configFileName"] [, regularExpression="aRegExp"])`

Argument	Definition
<code>configFile</code>	Specifies the path to the OPSS configuration file. Optional. If specified, the script runs offline; the default context in the specified configuration file <i>must not</i> have a service instance reference to an identity store. If unspecified, the script runs online and it lists application stripes in the policy store.
<code>regularExpression</code>	Specifies the regular expression that returned stripe names should match. Optional. If unspecified, it matches all names. To match substrings, use the character *.

**2.1.1.23.3 Examples** The following (online) invocation returns the list of application stripes in the policy store:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAppStripes
```

The following (offline) invocation returns the list of application stripes in the policy store referenced in the default context of the specified configuration file:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAppStripes(configFile=
/home/myFile/jps-config.xml")
```

The following (online) invocation returns the list of application stripes that contain the prefix App:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAppStripes(regularExpression="App*")
```

### 2.1.1.24 listCodeSourcePermissions

Online command that lists permissions assigned to a source code in global policies.

**2.1.1.24.1 Description** This command allows listing codebase permissions in global policies.

**2.1.1.24.2 Syntax** `listCodeSourcePermissions([codeBase="codeUrl"])`

Argument	Definition
<code>codeBaseURL</code>	Specifies the name of the grantee codebase URL.

**2.1.1.24.3 Examples** The following invocation returns the list permissions assigned to a code source in all global policies:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listCodeSourcePermissions(codeBaseURL="file:/tmp/lib/myJars.jar")
```

### 2.1.1.25 listEntitlement

Online command that lists an entitlement in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.25.1 Description** If a principal name and a class are specified, it lists the entitlements that match the specified principal; otherwise, it lists all the entitlements.

**2.1.1.25.2 Syntax** `listEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName" [, principalName="principalName", principalClass="principalClass"])`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is deleted.
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the name of the principal to match. Optional.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the class of the principal to match. Optional.

**2.1.1.25.3 Example** The following invocation lists all entitlements in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication")
```

### 2.1.1.26 listEntitlements

Online command that lists the entitlements in an application stripe.

**2.1.1.26.1 Description** Lists all the entitlements in an application stripe. If a resource name and a resource type are specified, it lists the entitlements that have a resource of the specified type matching the specified resource name; otherwise, it lists all the entitlements in the application stripe.

**2.1.1.26.2 Syntax** `listEntitlements(appStripe="appStripeName" [,resourceTypeName="resTypeName", resourceName="resName"])`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe from where to list entitlements.
<code>resourceTypeName</code>	Specifies the name of the type of the resources to list. Optional.
<code>resourceName</code>	Specifies the name of resource to match. Optional.

**2.1.1.26.3 Examples** The following invocation lists all the entitlements in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listEntitlements(appStripe="myApplication")
```

The following invocation lists all the entitlements in the stripe myApplication that contain a resource type myResType and a resource whose name match the resource name myResName:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listEntitlements(appStripe="myApplication",
resourceTypeName="myResType", resourceName="myResName")
```

### 2.1.1.27 listPermissions

Online command that lists all permissions granted to a given principal.

**2.1.1.27.1 Description** Lists all permissions granted to a given principal. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.27.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in between square brackets.

```
listPermissions([appStripe,] principalClass, principalName)
```

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies an application stripe. If not specified, the command works on system policies.
<i>principalClass</i>	Specifies the fully qualified name of a class (grantee).
<i>principalName</i>	Specifies the name of the grantee principal.

**2.1.1.27.3 Examples** The following invocation lists all permissions granted to a principal by the policies of application myApp:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listPermissions(appStripe="myApp",
principalClass="my.custom.Principal",principalName="manager")
```

The following invocation lists all permissions granted to a principal by system policies:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listPermissions(principalClass="my.custom.Principal",
principalName="manager")
```

### 2.1.1.28 listResourceActions

Online command that lists the resources and actions in an entitlement.

**2.1.1.28.1 Description** Lists the resources and actions in an entitlement within an application stripe.

**2.1.1.28.2 Syntax** `listResourceActions(appStripe="appStripeName", permSetName="entitlementName")`

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement resides.
<i>permSetName</i>	Specifies the name of the entitlement whose resources and actions to list.

**2.1.1.28.3 Example** The following invocation lists the resources and actions of the entitlement myEntitlement in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listResourceActions(appStripe="myApplication",
permSetName="myEntitlement")
```

### 2.1.1.29 listResources

Online command that lists resources in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.29.1 Description** If a resource type is specified, it lists all the resources of the specified resource type; otherwise, it lists all the resources of all types.

**2.1.1.29.2 Syntax** `listResources(appStripe="appStripeName" [, type="resTypeName"] )`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the resources are listed.
<code>type</code>	Specifies the type of resource listed. The passed resource type <i>must</i> be present in the application stripe at the time this script is invoked.

**2.1.1.29.3 Example** The following invocation lists all resources of type myResType in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listResources(appStripe="myApplication",
type="myResType")
```

### 2.1.1.30 listResourceTypes

Online command that lists resource types.

**2.1.1.30.1 Description** Lists all the resource types in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.30.2 Syntax** `listResourceTypes(appStripe="appStripeName")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the resource types are located.

**2.1.1.30.3 Example** The following invocation lists all resource types in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listResourceTypes(appStripe="myApplication")
```

### 2.1.1.31 listSecurityStoreInfo

Offline command that lists the type, the location, and the administrative user of the domain security store.

**2.1.1.31.1 Description** The script runs in offline mode and outputs the type of the OPSS security store (file, OID, or DB), its location, and the user allowed to access it (typically a security administrator).

**2.1.1.31.2 Syntax** `listSecurityStoreInfo(domainConfig="configFilePath")`

Argument	Definition
<i>domainConfig</i>	Specifies the full absolute path to the OPSS configuration file jps-config.xml; the file jps-config-jse.xml is also expected to be in the passed directory.

**2.1.1.31.3 Example** The following invocation returns the type, location, and administrative user of the OPSS policy store:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
listSecurityStoreInfo(domainConfig="/home/myConfigPathDirectory/config/fmwconfig")
```

### 2.1.1.32 migrateSecurityStore

Offline command that migrates identities, application-specific, system policies, a specific credential folder, or all credentials.

**2.1.1.32.1 Description** Migrates security artifacts from a source repository to a target repository. For full details, see "Migrating with the Script `migrateSecurityStore`" section in *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

### 2.1.1.33 modifyBootStrapCredential

Offline command that updates a bootstrap credential store.

**2.1.1.33.1 Description** Updates a bootstrap credential store with given user name and password. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

Typically used in the following scenario: suppose that the domain policy and credential stores are LDAP-based, and the credentials to access the LDAP store (stored in the LDAP server) are changed. Then this command can be used to seed those changes into the bootstrap credential store.

**2.1.1.33.2 Syntax** `modifyBootStrapCredential(jpsConfigFile, username, password)`

Argument	Definition
<i>jpsConfigFile</i>	Specifies the location of the file jps-config.xml relative to the location where the command is run.
<i>username</i>	Specifies the distinguished name of the user in the LDAP store.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the password of the user.

**2.1.1.33.3 Example** Suppose that in the LDAP store, the password of the user with distinguished name `cn=orcladmin` has been changed to `welcome1`, and that the configuration file `jps-config.xml` is located in the current directory.

Then the following invocation changes the password in the bootstrap credential store to `welcome1`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
modifyBootStrapCredential(jpsConfigFile='./jps-config.xml',
username='cn=orcladmin', password='welcome1')
```

Any output regarding the audit service can be disregarded.

### 2.1.1.34 reassociateSecurityStore

Online command that migrates policies, credentials, audit metadata, and keys from an existing OPSS security store to a target OPSS security store.

**2.1.1.34.1 Description** The script `reassociateSecurityStore` migrates the OPSS security store from a source to a target LDAP- or DB-based store, and it resets services in the files `jps-config.xml` and `jps-config-jse.xml` to the target repository. It also allows specifying that the OPSS security store be shared with that in a different domain (see optional argument `join` below). The OPSS binaries and the target policy store must have compatible versions.

For complete details and samples see *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

### 2.1.1.35 restoreEncryptionKey

Offline command to restore the domain credential encryption key.

**2.1.1.35.1 Description** Restores the state of the domain bootstrap keys as it was before running `importEncryptionKey`.

**2.1.1.35.2 Syntax** `restoreEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile)`

Argument	Definition
<code>jpsConfigFile</code>	Specifies the location of the file <code>jps-config.xml</code> relative to the location where the command is run.

**2.1.1.35.3 Example** `restoreEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="pathName")`

### 2.1.1.36 revokeAppRole

Online command that removes a principal from a role.

**2.1.1.36.1 Description** Removes a principal (class or name) from a role with a given application stripe and name. In the event of an error, the command returns a `WLSTException`.

**2.1.1.36.2 Syntax** `revokeAppRole(appStripe, appRoleName, principalClass, principalName)`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe.
<code>appRoleName</code>	Specifies a role name.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the fully qualified name of a class.
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the principal name.

**2.1.1.36.3 Example** The following invocation removes a principal to the role with application stripe `myApp` and role name `myRole`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> revokeAppRole(appStripe="myApp",
appRoleName="myRole",principalClass="com.example.xyzPrincipal",
principalName="myPrincipal")
```

### 2.1.1.37 revokeEntitlement

Online command that deletes an entitlement.

**2.1.1.37.1 Description** Deletes an entitlement and revokes the entitlement from the principal in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.37.2 Syntax** `revokeEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName", principalClass="principalClass", principalName="principalName", -permSetName="entName")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is deleted.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the class associated with the principal.
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the name of the principal to which the entitlement is revoked.
<code>permSetName</code>	Specifies the name of the entitlement deleted.

**2.1.1.37.3 Example** The following invocation deleted the entitlement myEntitlement in the stripe myApplication:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> revokeEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication",
principalClass="oracle.security.jps.service.policystore.ApplicationRole",
principalName="myPrincipalName", permSetName="myEntitlement")
```

### 2.1.1.38 revokePermission

Online command that removes a permission.

**2.1.1.38.1 Description** Removes a permission for a given code base or URL. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.38.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in between square brackets.

```
revokePermission([appStripe,] [codeBaseURL,] [principalClass,] [principalName,]
permClass, [permTarget,] [permActions])
```

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies an application stripe. If not specified, the command works on system policies.
<code>codeBaseURL</code>	Specifies the URL of the code granted the permission.
<code>principalClass</code>	Specifies the fully qualified name of a class (grantee).
<code>principalName</code>	Specifies the name of the grantee principal.
<code>permClass</code>	Specifies the fully qualified name of the permission class.
<code>permTarget</code>	Specifies, when available, the name of the permission target. Some permissions may not include this attribute.
<code>permActions</code>	Specifies a comma-separated list of actions granted. Some permissions may not include this attribute and the actions available depend on the permission class.

**2.1.1.38.3 Examples** The following invocation removes the application permission (for the application with application stripe myApp) with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> revokePermission(appStripe="myApp",
```

```
principalClass="my.custom.Principal", principalName="manager",
permClass="java.security.AllPermission")
```

The following invocation removes the system permission with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> revokePermission(principalClass="my.custom.Principal",
principalName="manager",
permClass="java.io.FilePermission", permTarget="/tmp/fileName.ext",
permActions="read,write")
```

### 2.1.1.39 revokeResourceFromEntitlement

Online command that removes a resource from an entitlement.

**2.1.1.39.1 Description** Removes a resource from an entitlement in a specified application stripe.

**2.1.1.39.2 Syntax** `revokeResourceFromEntitlement(appStripe="appStripeName",
name="entName", resourceName="resName", resourceType="resTypeName",
actions="actionList")`

Argument	Definition
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the application stripe where the entitlement is located.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the entitlement to modify.
<code>resourceName</code>	Specifies the name of the resource to remove.
<code>resourceType</code>	Specifies the type of the resource to remove.
<code>actions</code>	Specifies the comma-separated list of actions to remove.

**2.1.1.39.3 Example** The following invocation removes the resource `myResource` from the entitlement `myEntitlement` in the stripe `myApplication`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
revokeResourceFromEntitlement(appStripe="myApplication", name="myEntitlement",
resourceName="myResource", resourceType="myResType", actions="view,edit")
```

### 2.1.1.40 rollOverEncryptionKey

Offline command that changes the domain encryption key.

**2.1.1.40.1 Description** This offline script replaces the current domain OPSS encryption key with a new one; the current key is not deleted but archived, since it is used to decrypt data that was encrypted using that key.

Note the following important points:

- This command should be executed from the administration server in the domain.
- If the domain is the only domain accessing the security store, nothing else is required.
- However, if two or more domains share the security store, the newly generated key should be exported from the domain where the script was run and imported into each of the other domains sharing the security store, using the scripts `exportEncryptionKey` and `importEncryptionKey`.

**2.1.1.40.2 Syntax** `rollOverEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="pathName")`

---

Argument	Definition
jpsConfigFile	Specifies the location of the file jps-config.xml; either relative to the location where the script is run, or the full path.

---

**2.1.1.40.3 Example** The following invocation rolls over the encryption key:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> rollOverEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="myConfig")
```

**2.1.1.41 updateCred**

Online command that updates password credentials only.

**2.1.1.41.1 Description** Updates password credentials only, that is, only the data encapsulated in credentials of type password. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException. This command runs in interactive mode only.

**2.1.1.41.2 Syntax** Optional arguments are enclosed in square brackets.

```
updateCred(map, key, user, password, [desc])
```

---

Argument	Definition
map	Specifies a map name (folder).
key	Specifies a key name.
user	Specifies the credential user name.
password	Specifies the credential password.
desc	Specifies a string describing the credential.

---

**2.1.1.41.3 Example** The following invocation updates a password credential with the specified data:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> updateCred(map="myMap", key="myKey", user="myUsr",
password="myPassw", desc="updated passw cred to connect to app xyz")
```

**2.1.1.42 updateTrustServiceConfig**

Online command that updates the configuration of the domain trust service service with the values passed in a property file.

**2.1.1.42.1 Description** Updates the trust service domain configuration. In the event of an error, the command returns a WLSTException.

**2.1.1.42.2 Syntax** updateTrustServiceConfig([providerName=<the provider name>, ] propsFile=<path of properties file>)

---

Argument	Definition
providerName	Specifies the name of the trust service provider; optional; if unspecified, it defaults to trust.provider.embedded.
propsFile	Specifies the path to the file where the property values are set.

---

Here is a sample property file:

```
trust.keystoreType=KSS
```

```
trust.keyStoreName=kss://<stripeName>/<keystoreName>
trust.trustStoreName=kss://<stripeName>/<truststoreName>
trust.aliasName=<aliasName>
trust.issuerName=<aliasName>
```

Note that the list of specified properties differs according to the value of the property `trust.keystoreType`. The type can be KSS or JKS; if a property is set to the empty string, then that property is removed from the trust service configuration. For the list of available properties, see "Trust Service Properties" section in *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

**2.1.1.42.3 Example** The following invocation updates the trust store service with the specifications in the file `myProps`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> updateTrustServiceConfig(providerName="myProvider",
propsFile="myProps")
```

## 2.1.2 Audit Configuration Commands

Use the WLST commands listed in [Table 2–3](#) to view and manage audit policies and the audit repository configuration.

**Table 2–3 WLST Audit Commands**

Use this command...	To...	Use with WLST...
<code>getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName</code>	Display the mBean name for a non-Java EE component.	Online
<code>getAuditPolicy</code>	Display audit policy settings.	Online
<code>setAuditPolicy</code>	Update audit policy settings.	Online
<code>getAuditRepository</code>	Display audit repository settings.	Online
<code>setAuditRepository</code>	Update audit repository settings.	Online
<code>listAuditEvents</code>	List audit events for one or all components.	Online
<code>exportAuditConfig</code>	Export a component's audit configuration.	Online
<code>importAuditConfig</code>	Import a component's audit configuration.	Online
<code>createAuditDBView</code>	Create an audit definitions view in the database.	Online
<code>listAuditComponents</code>	List components that can be audited.	Online
<code>registerAudit</code>	Registers audit definitions for a specified component in the audit store.	Online
<code>deregisterAudit</code>	Removes audit definitions of a specified component from the audit store.	Online

For more information, see the *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

### 2.1.2.1 `getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName`

Online command that displays the mbean name for non-Java EE components.

**2.1.2.1.1 Description** This command displays the mbean name for non-Java EE components given the instance name, component name, component type, and the name of the Oracle WebLogic Server on which the component's audit mbean is

running. The mbean name is a required parameter to other audit WLST commands when managing a non-Java EE component.

#### 2.1.2.1.2 Syntax `getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName(instName, compName, compType, svrName)`

Argument	Definition
<i>instName</i>	Specifies the name of the application server instance.
<i>compName</i>	Specifies the name of the component instance.
<i>compType</i>	Specifies the type of component. Valid values are ohs, oid, ovd, and WebCache.
<i>svrName</i>	Specifies the name of the Oracle WebLogic Server.

**2.1.2.1.3 Example** The following interactive command displays the mBean name for an Oracle Internet Directory:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName(instName='inst1',
compName='oid1', compType='oid', svrName='AdminServer')
```

#### 2.1.2.2 getAuditPolicy

Online command that displays the audit policy settings.

**2.1.2.2.1 Description** This command displays audit policy settings including the filter preset, special users, custom events, and maximum log file size. The component mbean name is required for non-Java EE components like Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory.

---

**Note:** You can obtain a non-Java EE component's MBean name using the [getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName](#) command.

---

#### 2.1.2.2.2 Syntax `getAuditPolicy([mbeanName, componentType])`

Argument	Definition
<i>mbeanName</i>	Specifies the name of the component audit MBean for non-Java EE components.
<i>componentType</i>	Requests the audit policy for a specific component registered in the audit store. If not specified, the audit policy in <code>jps-config.xml</code> is returned.

**2.1.2.2.3 Examples** The following command displays the audit settings for a Java EE component:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> getAuditPolicy()
Location changed to domainRuntime tree. This is a read-only tree with DomainMBean as the root.
For more help, use help(domainRuntime)
```

```
FilterPreset:All
Max Log File Size:104857600
```

The following command displays the audit settings for MBean `CSAuditProxyMBean`:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
getAuditPolicy(on='oracle.security.audit.test:type=CSAuditMBean,
```

```
name=CSAuditProxyMBean')
```

### 2.1.2.3 setAuditPolicy

Online command that updates an audit policy.

**2.1.2.3.1 Description** Online command that configures the audit policy settings. You can set the filter preset, add or remove users, and add or remove custom events. The component mbean name is required for non-Java EE components like Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory.

---

**Note:** You can obtain a non-Java EE component's MBean name using the [getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName](#) command.

---

**2.1.2.3.2 Syntax** `setAuditPolicy([mbeanName], [filterPreset], [addSpecialUsers], [removeSpecialUsers], [addCustomEvents], [removeCustomEvents], [componentType], [maxDirSize], [maxFileSize], [andCriteria], [orCriteria], [componentEventsFile])`

Argument	Definition
<code>mbeanName</code>	Specifies the name of the component audit MBean for non-Java EE components.
<code>filterPreset</code>	Specifies the filter preset to be changed.
<code>addSpecialUsers</code>	Specifies the special users to be added.
<code>removeSpecialUsers</code>	Specifies the special users to be removed.
<code>addCustomEvents</code>	Specifies the custom events to be added.
<code>removeCustomEvents</code>	Specifies the custom events to be removed.
<code>componentType</code>	Specifies the component definition type to be updated. If not specified, the audit configuration defined in <code>jps-config.xml</code> is modified.
<code>maxDirSize</code>	This argument is not used.
<code>maxFileSize</code>	Specifies the maximum size of the log file.
<code>andCriteria</code>	Specifies the and criteria in a custom filter preset definition.
<code>orCriteria</code>	Specifies the or criteria in a custom filter preset definition.
<code>componentEventsFile</code>	Specifies a component definition file under the 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.6) metadata model. This parameter is required if you wish to create/update an audit policy in the audit store for an 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.6) metadata model component, and the filter preset level is set to "Custom".

**2.1.2.3.3 Examples** The following interactive command sets audit policy to None level, and adds users user2 and user3 while removing user1 from the policy:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> setAuditPolicy (filterPreset='None',addSpecialUsers='user2,user3',removeSpecialUsers='user1')

wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> getAuditPolicy();
Already in Domain Runtime Tree

FilterPreset:None
Special Users:user2,user3
Max Log File Size:104857600
```

```
Max Log Dir Size:0
```

The following interactive command adds login events while removing logout events from the policy:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> setAuditPolicy(filterPreset='Custom', addCustomEvents='UserLogin', removeCustomEvents='UserLogout')
```

The following interactive command sets audit policy to a Low level:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> setAuditPolicy(filterPreset='Low');  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree  
Audit Policy Information updated successfully
```

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> getAuditPolicy();  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree  
FilterPreset:Low  
Max Log File Size:104857600  
Max Log Dir Size:0
```

The following command sets a custom filter to audit the CheckAuthorization event:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> setAuditPolicy(filterPreset='Custom', addCustomEvents='JPS:CheckAuthorization');  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree  
  
Audit Policy Information updated successfully  
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> getAuditPolicy();  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree  
  
FilterPreset:Custom  
Special Users:user1  
Max Log File Size:104857600  
Max Log Dir Size:0  
Custom Events:JPS:CheckAuthorization
```

#### 2.1.2.4 getAuditRepository

Online command that displays audit repository settings.

**2.1.2.4.1 Description** This command displays audit repository settings for Java EE components and applications (for other components like Oracle Internet Directory, the repository configuration resides in opmn.xml). Also displays database configuration if the repository is a database type.

##### 2.1.2.4.2 Syntax `getAuditRepository`

**2.1.2.4.3 Example** The following command displays audit repository configuration:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> getAuditRepository()  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree  
  
Repository Type:File
```

#### 2.1.2.5 setAuditRepository

Online command that updates audit repository settings.

**2.1.2.5.1 Description** This command sets the audit repository settings for Java EE components and applications (for other components like Oracle Internet Directory, the repository is configured by editing opmn.xml).

**2.1.2.5.2 Syntax** `setAuditRepository([switchToDB],[dataSourceName],[interval],[timezone])`

Argument	Definition
<code>switchToDB</code>	If true, switches the repository from file to database.
<code>dataSourceName</code>	Specifies the name of the data source.
<code>interval</code>	Specifies intervals at which the audit loader kicks off.
<code>timezone</code>	Specifies the timezone the audit loader uses to record the timestamps of the audit events. The valid values are "utc" and "local".

**2.1.2.5.3 Examples** The following command switches from a file repository to a database repository:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> setAuditRepository(switchToDB='true',  
dataSourceName='jdbc/AuditAppendDataSource');  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree
```

```
Audit Repository Information updated
```

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> getAuditRepository();  
Already in Domain Runtime Tree
```

```
JNDI Name:jdbc/AuditDB  
Interval:15  
Repository Type:DB
```

The following command changes audit repository to a specific database and sets the audit loader interval to 14 seconds:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>  
setAuditRepository(switchToDB='true',dataSourceName='jdbc/AuditAppendDataSource',  
interval='14', timezone="utc")
```

The following command sets the timezone format for audit records to utc:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>  
setAuditRepository(switchToDB="true",dataSourceName="jdbc/AuditAppendDataSource",  
interval="14", timezone="utc")
```

### 2.1.2.6 listAuditEvents

Online command that displays a component's audit events.

**2.1.2.6.1 Description** This command displays a component's audit events and attributes. For non-Java EE components, pass the component mbean name as a parameter. Java EE applications and services like Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) do not need the mbean parameter. Without a component type, all generic attributes applicable to all components are displayed.

---

**Note:** You can obtain a non-Java EE component's MBean name using the [getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName](#) command.

---

#### 2.1.2.6.2 Syntax `listAuditEvents([mbeanName], [componentType])`

Argument	Definition
<code>mbeanName</code>	Specifies the name of the component MBean.
<code>componentType</code>	Specifies the component type to limit the list to all events of the component type.

#### 2.1.2.6.3 Examples

The following command displays audit events for the Oracle Platform Security Services component:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> listAuditEvents(componentType='JPS');
Already in Domain Runtime Tree

Common Attributes
ComponentType
Type of the component. For MAS integrated SystemComponents this is the
componentType
InstanceId
Name of the MAS Instance, that this component belongs to
HostId
DNS hostname of originating host
HostNwaddr
IP or other network address of originating host
ModuleId
ID of the module that originated the message. Interpretation is unique within
Component ID.
ProcessId
ID of the process that originated the message
```

The following command displays audit events for Oracle HTTP Server:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> listAuditEvents(componentType='ohs')
```

The following command displays all audit events:

```
wls:/IDMDomain/domainRuntime> listAuditEvents();
Already in Domain Runtime Tree
```

```
Components:
DIP
JPS
OIF
OWSM-AGENT
OWSM-PM-EJB
ReportsServer
WS-PolicyAttachment
WebCache
WebServices
Attributes applicable to all components:
ComponentType
InstanceId
HostId
HostNwaddr
ModuleId
```

---

```

ProcessId
OracleHome
HomeInstance
ECID
RID
...

```

### 2.1.2.7 exportAuditConfig

Online command that exports a component's audit configuration.

**2.1.2.7.1 Description** This command exports the audit configuration to a file. For non-Java EE components, pass the component mbean name as a parameter. Java EE applications and services like Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) do not need the mbean parameter.

---

**Note:** You can obtain a non-Java EE component's MBean name using the [getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName](#) command.

---

**2.1.2.7.2 Syntax** `exportAuditConfig([mbeanName],fileName,[componentType])`

Argument	Definition
<i>mbeanName</i>	Specifies the name of the non-Java EE component MBean.
<i>fileName</i>	Specifies the path and file name to which the audit configuration should be exported.
<i>componentType</i>	Specifies that only events of the given component be exported to the file. If not specified, the audit configuration in <code>jps-config.xml</code> is exported.

**2.1.2.7.3 Examples** The following interactive command exports the audit configuration for a component:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>
exportAuditConfig(on='oracle.security.audit.test:type=CSAuditMBean,
name=CSAuditProxyMBean',fileName='/tmp/auditconfig')
```

The following interactive command exports the audit configuration for a Java EE component; no mBean is specified:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> exportAuditConfig(fileName='/tmp/auditconfig')
```

### 2.1.2.8 importAuditConfig

Online command that imports a component's audit configuration.

**2.1.2.8.1 Description** This command imports the audit configuration from an external file. For non-Java EE components, pass the component mbean name as a parameter. Java EE applications and services like Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) do not need the mbean parameter.

---

**Note:** You can obtain a non-Java EE component's MBean name using the [getNonJavaEEAuditMBeanName](#) command.

---

**2.1.2.8.2 Syntax** `importAuditConfig([mbeanName],fileName,[componentType])`

Argument	Definition
<i>mbeanName</i>	Specifies the name of the non-Java EE component MBean.
<i>fileName</i>	Specifies the path and file name from which the audit configuration should be imported.
<i>componentType</i>	Specifies that only events of the given component be imported from the file. If not specified, the audit configuration in <code>jps-config.xml</code> is imported.

**2.1.2.8.3 Examples** The following interactive command imports the audit configuration for a component:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> importAuditConfig(on='oracle.security.audit.test:type=CSAuditMBean,
name='CSAuditProxyMBean',fileName='/tmp/auditconfig')
```

The following interactive command imports the audit configuration from a file; no mBean is specified:

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> importAuditConfig(fileName='/tmp/auditconfig')
```

### 2.1.2.9 createAuditDBView

This command generates a SQL script that you can use to create a database view to query audit records from the database for a specific component.

**2.1.2.9.1 Description** This command generates a SQL script that you can use to query the database for audit records. The script is written to the specified file and also printed out to the console. Executing the script creates a database view that you can use to run audit queries and reports.

Upon execution, the result of the SQL script depends on the audit model at your site:

- If using the 11.1.6.0 model, and the component is registered in the audit store, the script creates a view using the system component tables (IAU\_COMMON, IAU\_USERSESSION, IAU\_AUDITSERVICE and IAU\_CUSTOM) for the specified component.
- If using the pre-11.1.6.0 model, the component is not registered in the audit store but its event definitions reside in the `component_events.xml` file (in the `oracle_common/modules/oracle.iau_11.1/components/componentType` dir), and the view is created using the IAU\_BASE and component tables.

### 2.1.2.9.2 Syntax `createAuditDBView(fileName, componentType)`

Argument	Definition
<i>fileName</i>	Specifies the path and file name to which the SQL script is written.
<i>componentType</i>	The component whose definitions are the basis of the view.

**2.1.2.9.3 Example** `wls:/mydomain/serverConfig> createAuditDBView(fileName="/tmp/JPSAuditView.sql", componentType="JPS")`

### 2.1.2.10 listAuditComponents

Lists components that can be audited.

**2.1.2.10.1 Description** This command creates a list of the components that can be audited. It lists components registered in the audit store using both the 11.1.1.6.0 model and the pre-11.1.1.6.0 model.

**2.1.2.10.2 Syntax** `listAuditComponents(fileName)`

Argument	Definition
<i>fileName</i>	Specifies the path and file name to which the output is written.

**2.1.2.10.3 Example** `listAuditComponents(fileName = "/tmp/complist.txt")`

### 2.1.2.11 registerAudit

Registers the specified component in the audit store.

**2.1.2.11.1 Description** Adds the event definition and translation content for a specified component to the audit store. If you try to register using the pre-11.1.1.6.0 audit XML schema definition, it is upgraded to the 11.1.1.6.0 XML schema definition and then registered with the audit store.

**2.1.2.11.2 Syntax** `registerAudit(xmlFile, [xlfFile], componentType, [mode=OVERWRITE|UPGRADE])`

Argument	Definition
<i>xmlFile</i>	Specifies the Component Event definition file.
<i>xlfFile</i>	Specifies the component xlf jar file. Optional.
<i>componentType</i>	Specifies the component to be registered.
<i>mode</i>	OVERWRITE or UPGRADE. Default is UPGRADE.

**2.1.2.11.3 Example**

```
wls:/mydomain/serverConfig>registerAudit(xmlFile="/tmp/comp.xml",
xmlFile="/tmp/comp_xlf.jar", componentType="AuditApp", mode="UPGRADE")
```

### 2.1.2.12 deregisterAudit

Removes the event definition and translation content for the specified component from the audit store.

**2.1.2.12.1 Description** Removes an existing event definition and translation content for a specified component or application from the audit store.

**2.1.2.12.2 Syntax** `deregisterAudit(componentType)`

Argument	Definition
<i>componentType</i>	Specifies the component whose definitions are to be removed.

**2.1.2.12.3 Example** `deregisterAudit(componentType="AuditApp")`

## 2.1.3 OPSS Keystore Service Commands

This section contains commands used with the OPSS keystore service.

---

**Note:** You need to acquire an OPSS handle to use keystore service commands; this handle is denoted by 'svc' in the discussion that follows. For details, see "Managing Keys and Certificates with the Keystore Service" section in *Securing Applications with Oracle Platform Security Services*.

---

Table 2–4 lists the WLST commands used to manage the keystore service.

**Table 2–4 OPSS Keystore Service Commands**

Use this Command...	to...
<code>changeKeyPassword</code>	Change the password for a key.
<code>changeKeyStorePassword</code>	Change the password on a keystore.
<code>createKeyStore</code>	Create a keystore.
<code>deleteKeyStore</code>	Delete a keystore.
<code>deleteKeyStoreEntry</code>	Delete an entry in a keystore.
<code>exportKeyStore</code>	Export a keystore to file.
<code>exportKeyStoreCertificate</code>	Export a certificate to a file.
<code>exportKeyStoreCertificateRequest</code>	Export a certificate request to a file.
<code>generateKeyPair</code>	Generate a keypair.
<code>generateSecretKey</code>	Generate a secret key.
<code>getKeyStoreCertificates</code>	Get information about a certificate or trusted certificate.
<code>getKeyStoreSecretKeyProperties</code>	Get the secret key properties.
<code>importKeyStore</code>	Import a keystore from file.
<code>importKeyStoreCertificate</code>	Import a certificate or other object.
<code>listExpiringCertificates</code>	List certificates expiring in a specified period.
<code>listKeyStoreAliases</code>	List aliases in a keystore.
<code>listKeyStores</code>	List all the keystores in a stripe.
<code>syncKeyStores</code>	Synchronizes the keystores in the administration server with keystores in the security store.

### 2.1.3.1 `changeKeyPassword`

Changes a key password.

**2.1.3.1.1 Description** Changes the password for a key.

**2.1.3.1.2 Syntax** `changeKeyPassword(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore', password='password', alias='alias', currentkeypassword='currentkeypassword', newkeypassword='newkeypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe containing the keystore.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the key entry whose password is changed.
<i>currentkeypassword</i>	Specifies the current key password.
<i>newkeypassword</i>	Specifies the new key password.

**2.1.3.1.3 Example** This example changes the password on the key entry `orakey`:

```
changeKeyPassword(appStripe='system', name='keystore', password='password',
alias='orakey', currentkeypassword='currentkeypassword',
newkeypassword='newkeypassword')
```

### 2.1.3.2 changeKeyStorePassword

Changes the password of a keystore.

**2.1.3.2.1 Description** Changes the password of the specified keystore.

**2.1.3.2.2 Syntax** `changeKeyStorePassword(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
currentpassword='currentpassword', newpassword='newpassword')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe containing the keystore.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>currentpassword</i>	Specifies the current keystore password.
<i>newpassword</i>	Specifies the new keystore password.

**2.1.3.2.3 Example** This example changes the password for `keystore2`.

```
changeKeyStorePassword(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
currentpassword='currentpassword', newpassword='newpassword')
```

### 2.1.3.3 createKeyStore

This keystore service command creates a new keystore.

**2.1.3.3.1 Description** Creates a new keystore on the given application stripe.

**2.1.3.3.2 Syntax** `createKeyStore(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password', permission=true|false)`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore is created.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the new keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>permission</i>	This parameter is true if the keystore is protected by permission only, false if protected by both permission and password.

#### 2.1.3.3 Example

This example creates a keystore named `keystore1`.

```
createKeyStore(appStripe='system', name='keystore1', password='password',
               permission=true)
```

#### 2.1.3.4 deleteKeyStore

Deletes the named keystore.

##### 2.1.3.4.1 Description

This keystore service command deletes a specified keystore.

**2.1.3.4.2 Syntax** `deleteKeyStore(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
 password='password')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore to be deleted.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.

#### 2.1.3.4.3 Example

This example deletes the keystore named `keystore1`.

```
deleteKeyStore(appStripe='system', name='keystore1', password='password')
```

#### 2.1.3.5 deleteKeyStoreEntry

Deletes a keystore entry.

##### 2.1.3.5.1 Description

This command deletes the specified entry in a keystore.

**2.1.3.5.2 Syntax** `deleteKeyStoreEntry(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
 password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.

Argument	Definition
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the entry to be deleted.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the key password of the entry to be deleted.

#### 2.1.3.5.3 Example

This example deletes a keystore entry denoted by alias orakey.

```
deleteKeyStoreEntry(appStripe='system', name='keystore2', password='password',
alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword')
```

#### 2.1.3.6 exportKeyStore

Exports a keystore to a file.

##### 2.1.3.6.1 Description

Exports a keystore to the specified file.

##### 2.1.3.6.2 Syntax

```
exportKeyStore(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password',
```

```
aliases='comma-separated-aliases', keypasswords='comma-separated-keypasswords',
type='keystore-type', filepath='absolute_file_path')
```

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>aliases</i>	Comma separated list of aliases to be exported.
<i>keypasswords</i>	Comma separated list of the key passwords corresponding to aliases.
<i>type</i>	Exported keystore type. Valid values are 'JKS' or 'JCEKS'.
<i>filepath</i>	Absolute path of the file where keystore is exported.

#### 2.1.3.6.3 Example

This example exports two aliases from the specified keystore.

```
exportKeyStore(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', aliases='orakey,seckey',
keypasswords='keypassword1,keypassword2',
type='JKS',filepath='/tmp/file.jks')
```

#### 2.1.3.7 exportKeyStoreCertificate

Exports a certificate.

##### 2.1.3.7.1 Description

Exports a certificate, trusted certificate or certificate chain.

##### 2.1.3.7.2 Syntax

```
exportKeyStoreCertificate(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword',
type='entrytype',filepath='absolute_file_path')
```

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().

Argument	Definition
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the entry to be exported.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the key password.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of keystore entry to be exported. Valid values are 'Certificate', 'TrustedCertificate' or 'CertificateChain'.
<i>filepath</i>	Specifies the absolute path of the file where certificate, trusted certificate or certificate chain is exported.

**2.1.3.7.3 Example** This example exports a certificate corresponding to the orakey alias:

```
exportKeyStoreCertificate(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword',
type='Certificate', filepath='/tmp/cert.txt')
```

### 2.1.3.8 exportKeyStoreCertificateRequest

Exports a certificate request.

**2.1.3.8.1 Description** Generates and exports a certificate request from a keystore.

**2.1.3.8.2 Syntax** `exportKeyStoreCertificateRequest(appStripe='stripe',
name='keystore',
password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword',
filepath='absolute_file_path')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the entry's alias name.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the key password.
<i>filepath</i>	Specifies the absolute path of the file where certificate request is exported.

**2.1.3.8.3 Example** This example exports a certificate request corresponding to the orakey alias.

```
exportKeyStoreCertificateRequest(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword',
filepath='/tmp/certreq.txt')
```

### 2.1.3.9 generateKeyPair

Generates a key pair in a keystore.

**2.1.3.9.1 Description** Generates a key pair in a keystore and wraps it in a demo CA-signed certificate.

**2.1.3.9.2 Syntax** `generateKeyPair(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore', password='password', dn='distinguishedname', keyszie='keyszie', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<code>svc</code>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the keystore password.
<code>dn</code>	Specifies the distinguished name of the certificate wrapping the key pair.
<code>keyszie</code>	Specifies the key size.
<code>alias</code>	Specifies the alias of the key pair entry.
<code>keypassword</code>	Specifies the key password.

**2.1.3.9.3 Example** This example generates a keypair in `keystore2`.

```
generateKeyPair(appStripe='system', name='keystore2', password='password',
dn='cn=www.oracle.com', keyszie='1024', alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword')
```

### 2.1.3.10 generateSecretKey

Generates a secret key.

**2.1.3.10.1 Description** Generates a symmetric key in a keystore.

**2.1.3.10.2 Syntax** `generateSecretKey(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore', password='password', algorithm='algorithm', keyszie='keyszie', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<code>svc</code>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<code>name</code>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<code>password</code>	Specifies the keystore password.
<code>algorithm</code>	Specifies the symmetric key algorithm.
<code>keyszie</code>	Specifies the key size.
<code>alias</code>	Specifies the alias of the key entry.
<code>keypassword</code>	Specifies the key password.

**2.1.3.10.3 Example** This example generates a keypair with keyszie 128 in `keystore2`.

```
generateSecretKey(appStripe='system', name='keystore2', password='password',
```

---

```
algorithm='AES', keysize='128', alias='seckey', keypassword='keypassword')
```

### 2.1.3.11 getKeyStoreCertificates

Gets a certificate from the keystore.

**2.1.3.11.1 Description** Retrieves information about a certificate or trusted certificate.

**2.1.3.11.2 Syntax** `getKeyStoreCertificates(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore', password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the certificate, trusted certificate or certificate chain to be displayed.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the key password.

**2.1.3.11.3 Example** This example gets certificates associated with `keystore3`.

```
getKeyStoreCertificates(appStripe='system', name='keystore3', password='password', alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword')
```

### 2.1.3.12 getKeyStoreSecretKeyProperties

Retrieves secret key properties.

**2.1.3.12.1 Description** Retrieves secret key properties like the algorithm.

**2.1.3.12.2 Syntax** `getKeyStoreSecretKeyProperties(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore', password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword')`

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the secret key whose properties are displayed.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the secret key password.

**2.1.3.12.3 Example** This example gets properties for secret key `seckey`:

```
getKeyStoreSecretKeyProperties(appStripe='system', name='keystore3', password='password', alias='seckey', keypassword='keypassword')
```

### 2.1.3.13 importKeyStore

Imports a keystore from file.

#### 2.1.3.13.1 Description

Imports a keystore from a system file.

```
2.1.3.13.2 Syntax importKeyStore(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password',
aliases='comma-separated-aliases', keypasswords='comma-separated-keypasswords',
type='keystore-type', permission=true|false, filepath=absolute_file_path)
```

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>aliases</i>	Specifies the comma-separated aliases of the entries to be imported from file.
<i>keypasswords</i>	Specifies the comma-separated passwords of the keys in file.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the imported keystore type. Valid values are 'JKS' or 'JCEKS'.
<i>filepath</i>	Specifies the absolute path of the keystore file to be imported.
<i>permission</i>	Specifies true if keystore is protected by permission only, false if protected by both permission and password.

#### 2.1.3.13.3 Example

This example imports a file to keystore2:

```
importKeyStore(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', aliases='orakey,seckey', keypasswords='keypassword1,
keypassword2', type='JKS', permission=true, filepath='/tmp/file.jks')
```

### 2.1.3.14 importKeyStoreCertificate

Imports a certificate or other specified object.

#### 2.1.3.14.1 Description

Imports a certificate, trusted certificate or certificate chain.

```
2.1.3.14.2 Syntax importKeyStoreCertificate(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password', alias='alias', keypassword='keypassword',
type='entrytype',filepath='absolute_file_path')
```

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>alias</i>	Specifies the alias of the entry to be imported.
<i>keypassword</i>	Specifies the key password of the newly imported entry.

Argument	Definition
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of keystore entry to be imported. Valid values are 'Certificate', 'TrustedCertificate' or 'CertificateChain'.
<i>filepath</i>	Specifies the absolute path of the file from where certificate, trusted certificate or certificate chain is imported.

#### 2.1.3.14.3 Example

This example imports a certificate into keystore2.

```
importKeyStoreCertificate(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', alias='orakey', keypassword='keypassword',
type='Certificate', filepath='/tmp/cert.txt')
```

#### 2.1.3.15 listExpiringCertificates

Lists expiring certificates.

##### 2.1.3.15.1 Description

Lists expiring certificates and optionally renews them.

##### 2.1.3.15.2 Syntax

listExpiringCertificates(days='days', autorenew=true|false)

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().
<i>days</i>	Specifies that the list should only include certificates within this many days from expiration.
<i>autorenew</i>	Specifies true for automatically renewing expiring certificates, false for only listing them.

#### 2.1.3.15.3 Example

This example lists certificates expiring within one year, and requests that they be renewed:

```
listExpiringCertificates(days='365', autorenew=true)
```

#### 2.1.3.16 listKeyStoreAliases

Lists the aliases in a keystore.

##### 2.1.3.16.1 Description

Lists the aliases in a keystore for a given type of entry.

##### 2.1.3.16.2 Syntax

The syntax is as follows:

```
listKeyStoreAliases(appStripe='stripe', name='keystore',
password='password', type='entrytype')
```

Argument	Definition
<i>svc</i>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to getOpssService().
<i>appStripe</i>	Specifies the name of the stripe where the keystore resides.
<i>name</i>	Specifies the name of the keystore.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the keystore password.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of entry for which aliases are listed. Valid values are 'Certificate', 'TrustedCertificate', 'SecretKey' or '*'.

#### 2.1.3.16.3 Example

This example lists secret keys in keystore2:

```
listKeyStoreAliases(appStripe='system', name='keystore2',
password='password', type='SecretKey')
```

#### 2.1.3.17 listKeyStores

Lists all the keystores in a stripe.

##### 2.1.3.17.1 Description

Lists all the keystores in the specified stripe.

##### 2.1.3.17.2 Syntax

`listKeyStores(appStripe='stripe')`

Argument	Definition
<code>svc</code>	Specifies the service command object obtained through a call to <code>getOpssService()</code> .
<code>appStripe</code>	Specifies the name of the stripe whose keystores are listed.

#### 2.1.3.17.3 Example

This example lists all keystores on all stripes.

```
listKeyStores(appStripe='*')
```

#### 2.1.3.18 syncKeyStores

Synchronizes Oracle WebLogic Server and system keystores from the central repository to the domain config directory on the administration server.

##### 2.1.3.18.1 Description

Synchronizes keystores in the central security store with those present in the domain directory.

##### 2.1.3.18.2 Syntax

`syncKeyStores()`

---

**Note:** The `svc` argument does not apply to this command.

---

#### 2.1.3.18.3 Example

The following command looks up the central repository for the "system" stripe and downloads its contents into the `keystores.xml` file under the `DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig` directory. It also downloads the contents of the domain trust store into the same file:

```
syncKeyStores()
```

### 2.1.4 Identity Directory Service Commands

Use the WLST commands listed in [Table 2–5](#) to manage Identity Directory Service Entity Attributes, Entity Definitions, Relationships and default Operational configurations.

**Table 2–5 WLST Identity Directory Service Commands**

Use this command...	To...	Use with WLST...
<a href="#">activateIDSCConfigChanges</a>	Reload the Identity Directory Service configuration.	Online
<a href="#">addAttributeInEntityConfig</a>	Add a new attribute to the entity configuration.	Online

**Table 2–5 (Cont.) WLST Identity Directory Service Commands**

<b>Use this command...</b>	<b>To...</b>	<b>Use with WLST...</b>
<code>addAttributeRefForEntity</code>	Add a new attribute to the specified entity.	Online
<code>addEntity</code>	Add a new entity to the entity configuration.	Online
<code>addEntityRelation</code>	Add a new entity relation to the entity configuration.	Online
<code>addIdentityDirectoryService</code>	Add a new Identity Directory Service to the configuration.	Online
<code>addOperationConfig</code>	Add a new operation configuration to the entity configuration.	Online
<code>addPropertyForOperationConfig</code>	Add a new property to a specified operation configuration.	Online
<code>deleteAttributeInEntityConfig</code>	Delete an attribute from an entity configuration.	Online
<code>deleteEntity</code>	Delete an entity from an entity configuration.	Online
<code>deleteEntityRelation</code>	Delete the specified entity relation.	Online
<code>deleteIdentityDirectoryService</code>	Delete the specified Identity Directory Service in the configuration.	Online
<code>deleteOperationConfig</code>	Delete operation configuration in an entity configuration.	Online
<code>listAllAttributeInEntityConfig</code>	List all attributes in the entity configuration.	Online
<code>listAllEntityInEntityConfig</code>	List all entities defined in the specified entity configuration.	Online
<code>listAllIdentityDirectoryService</code>	List all Identity Directory Services in the configuration.	Online
<code>removeAttributeRefForEntity</code>	Remove an attribute from the specified entity.	Online
<code>removePropertyForOperationConfig</code>	Remove a property for the specified operation configuration.	Online

### 2.1.4.1 activateIDSConfigChanges

`activateIDSConfigChanges`

**2.1.4.1.1 Description** Reloads the Identity Directory Service configuration.

**2.1.4.1.2 Syntax** `activateIDSConfigChanges()`

This command has no arguments.

**2.1.4.1.3 Example** `activateIDSConfigChanges()`

### 2.1.4.2 addAttributeInEntityConfig

`addAttributeInEntityConfig`

**2.1.4.2.1 Description** Adds a new attribute to the entity configuration.

---

**2.1.4.2.2 Syntax** addAttributeInEntityConfig(*name*, *datatype*,  
*description*, *readOnly*, *pwdAttr*, *appName*)

**Table 2–6 addAttributeInEntityConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the attribute to be added.
<i>datatype</i>	The attribute's type is defined as one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ binary</li> <li>▪ boolean</li> <li>▪ datetime</li> <li>▪ double</li> <li>▪ integer</li> <li>▪ rfc822name</li> <li>▪ string</li> <li>▪ x500name</li> </ul>
<i>description</i>	Description of the attribute to be added.
<i>readOnly</i>	Flag to specify whether the attribute is read only or can be modified.
<i>pwdAttr</i>	Flag to specify whether the attribute defines a password or not.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

#### 2.1.4.2.3 Example

```
addAttributeInEntityConfig('commonname', 'string', 'common  
name', false, false, 'userrole')
```

#### 2.1.4.3 addAttributeRefForEntity

addAttributeRefForEntity

**2.1.4.3.1 Description** Adds a new attribute to the specified entity.

**2.1.4.3.2 Syntax** addAttributeRefForEntity(*name*, *attrRefName*,  
*attrRefFilter*, *attrRefDefaultFetch*, *appName*)

**Table 2–7 addAttributeRefForEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the entity to which the attribute will be added.
<i>attrRefName</i>	Name of the attribute to be added to the entity.

**Table 2–7 (Cont.) addAttributeRefForEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>attrRefFilter</i>	The type of filter to be used with the attribute is defined as one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ beginswith</li> <li>▪ contains</li> <li>▪ doesnotcontain</li> <li>▪ dynamic</li> <li>▪ endswith</li> <li>▪ equals</li> <li>▪ greaterequal</li> <li>▪ greaterthan</li> <li>▪ lessequal</li> <li>▪ lessthan</li> <li>▪ none</li> <li>▪ notequals</li> </ul>
<i>attrRefDefaultFetches</i>	Flag to specify whether the attribute is fetched by default.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.3.3 Example**

```
addAttributeRefForEntity('User', 'givenname', 'none', 'true', 'userrole')
```

**2.1.4.4 addEntity**

```
addEntity
```

**2.1.4.4.1 Description** Adds a new entity to the entity configuration.

**2.1.4.4.2 Syntax** `addEntity(name, type, idAttr, create, modify, delete, search, attrRefNames, attrRefFilters, attrRefDefaultFetches, appName)`

**Table 2–8 addEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the entity to which the attribute will be added.
<i>type</i>	Name of the attribute to be added to the entity.
<i>idAttr</i>	Identity attribute of the entity to be added.
<i>create</i>	Flag to specify the create is allowed.
<i>modify</i>	Flag to specify the modify is allowed.
<i>delete</i>	Flag to specify the delete is allowed.
<i>search</i>	Flag to specify the search is allowed.
<i>attrRefNames</i>	Array of attribute names.

**Table 2–8 (Cont.) addEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>attrRefFilters</i>	An array of filter type values is defined as one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ beginswith</li> <li>▪ contains</li> <li>▪ doesnotcontain</li> <li>▪ dynamic</li> <li>▪ endswith</li> <li>▪ equals</li> <li>▪ greaterequal</li> <li>▪ greaterthan</li> <li>▪ lessequal</li> <li>▪ lessthan</li> <li>▪ none</li> <li>▪ notequals</li> </ul>
<i>attrRefDefaultF tches</i>	Array of boolean strings (true, false).
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.4.3 Example**

```
addEntity('Group', 'group', 'commonname', true, true, true, true, 'name  
|commonname', 'none|none', 'true|false', 'userrole')
```

**2.1.4.5 addEntityRelation**

`addEntityRelation`

**2.1.4.5.1 Description** Add a new entity relation to the entity configuration.

**2.1.4.5.2 Syntax** `addEntityRelation(name, type, fromEntity, fromAttr,  
toEntity, toAttr, recursive, appName)`

**Table 2–9 addEntityRelation Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the relation between the entities for the given attributes.
<i>type</i>	Type of the entity relation ("ManyToMany", "ManyToOne", "OneToMany", "OneToOne").
<i>fromEntity</i>	Name of the from entity.
<i>fromAttr</i>	Name of the from attribute.
<i>toEntity</i>	Name of the to entity.
<i>toAttr</i>	Name of the to attribute.
<i>recursive</i>	Flag to set the entity relationship as recursive.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.5.3 Example** `addEntityRelation('manager', 'ManyToOne', 'User',  
'manager', 'User', 'principal', false, 'userrole')`

### 2.1.4.6 addIdentityDirectoryService

`addIdentityDirectoryService`

**2.1.4.6.1 Description** Add a new IdentityStoreService to the Identity Directory Service configuration.

**2.1.4.6.2 Syntax** `addIdentityDirectoryService(name, description, propNames, propValues)`

**Table 2–10 addIdentityDirectoryService Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>name</code>	Name of the IdentityStoreService to be added.
<code>description</code>	Description of the IdentityStoreService.
<code>propNames</code>	An array of property names to be added to the IdentityStoreService configuration.
<code>propValues</code>	An array of values to be defined for the property names added to the IdentityStoreService configuration.

**2.1.4.6.3 Example** `addIdentityDirectoryService('userrole', 'user role', 'ovd.context|entity.config', 'default|userrole')`

### 2.1.4.7 addOperationConfig

`addOperationConfig`

**2.1.4.7.1 Description** Add a new operation configuration to the entity configuration.

**2.1.4.7.2 Syntax** `addOperationConfig(entityName, propNames, propValues, appName)`

**Table 2–11 addOperationConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>entityName</code>	Name of the entity to which the operation configuration will be added.
<code>propNames</code>	An array of property names to be added to the operation configuration.
<code>propValues</code>	An array of property values for the properties added to the operation configuration.
<code>appName</code>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.7.3 Example** `addOperationConfig('User', 'entity.searchbase', 'cn=users,dc=oracle,dc=com', 'userrole')`

### 2.1.4.8 addPropertyForOperationConfig

`addPropertyForOperationConfig`

**2.1.4.8.1 Description** Add a new property to a specified operation configuration.

**2.1.4.8.2 Syntax** `addPropertyForOperationConfig(entityName, propName, propValue, appName)`

**Table 2–12 addPropertyForOperationConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>entityName</i>	Name of the entity to which the operation configuration will be added.
<i>propName</i>	A property name to be added to the operation configuration.
<i>propValue</i>	A value for the property added to the operation configuration.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.8.3 Example**

```
addPropertyForOperationConfig('User', 'entity.searchbase',
  'cn=users,dc=oracle,dc=com', 'userrole')
```

**2.1.4.9 deleteAttributeInEntityConfig**

```
deleteAttributeInEntityConfig
```

**2.1.4.9.1 Description** Delete an attribute from an entity configuration.

**2.1.4.9.2 Syntax** `deleteAttributeInEntityConfig(name, appName)`

**Table 2–13 addPropertyForOperationConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the attribute to be deleted.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.9.3 Example** `deleteAttributeInEntityConfig('commonname',
 'userrole')`

**2.1.4.10 deleteEntity**

```
deleteEntity
```

**2.1.4.10.1 Description** Delete an entity from an entity configuration.

**2.1.4.10.2 Syntax** `deleteEntity(name, appName)`

**Table 2–14 deleteEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the entity to be deleted.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.10.3 Example** `deleteEntity('User', 'userrole')`

**2.1.4.11 deleteEntityRelation**

```
deleteEntityRelation
```

**2.1.4.11.1 Description** Delete the specified entity relation.

**2.1.4.11.2 Syntax** `deleteEntityRelation(name, appName)`

**Table 2–15 deleteEntityRelation Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the relation between the entities for the given attributes.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.11.3 Example** `deleteEntityRelation('manager', 'userrole')`

#### **2.1.4.12 deleteIdentityDirectoryService**

`deleteIdentityDirectoryService'`

**2.1.4.12.1 Description** Delete the specified IdentityStoreService in the Identity Directory Service configuration.

**2.1.4.12.2 Syntax** `deleteIdentityDirectoryService(name)`

where *name* is the name of the IdentityStoreService configuration to be deleted.

**2.1.4.12.3 Example** `deleteIdentityDirectoryService('ids1')`

#### **2.1.4.13 deleteOperationConfig**

`deleteOperationConfig`

**2.1.4.13.1 Description** Delete operation configuration in an entity configuration.

**2.1.4.13.2 Syntax** `deleteOperationConfig(entityName, appName)`

**Table 2–16 deleteOperationConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>entityName</i>	Name of the entity from which the operation configuration will be removed.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.13.3 Example** `deleteOperationConfig('User', 'userrole')`

#### **2.1.4.14 listAllAttributeInEntityConfig**

`listAllAttributeInEntityConfig`

**2.1.4.14.1 Description** List all attributes in the entity configuration.

**2.1.4.14.2 Syntax** `listAllAttributeInEntityConfig(appName)`

where *appName* is the name of the Identity Directory Service that contains the entity configuration from which the list of attributes is retrieved.

**2.1.4.14.3 Example** `listAllAttributeInEntityConfig('userrole')`

#### **2.1.4.15 listAllEntityInEntityConfig**

`listAllEntityInEntityConfig`

**2.1.4.15.1 Description** List all entities defined in the specified entity configuration.

**2.1.4.15.2 Syntax** `listAllEntityInEntityConfig(appName)`

where *appName* is the name of the Identity Directory Service that contains the entity configuration from which the list of entities is retrieved.

**2.1.4.15.3 Example** `listAllEntityInEntityConfig('userrole')`**2.1.4.16 listAllIdentityDirectoryService**`listAllIdentityDirectoryService`

**2.1.4.16.1 Description** List all IdentityStoreService in Identity Directory Service configuration.

**2.1.4.16.2 Syntax** `listAllIdentityDirectoryService()`

This command has no arguments.

**2.1.4.16.3 Example** `listAllIdentityDirectoryService()`**2.1.4.17 removeAttributeRefForEntity**`removeAttributeRefForEntity`

**2.1.4.17.1 Description** Remove an attribute from the specified entity.

**2.1.4.17.2 Syntax** `removeAttributeRefForEntity(name, attrRefName, appName)`

**Table 2–17 removeAttributeRefForEntity Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>name</i>	Name of the entity from which the attribute will be removed.
<i>attrRefName</i>	The name of the attribute to be removed.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

**2.1.4.17.3 Example**`removeAttributeRefForEntity('User', 'givenname', 'userrole')`**2.1.4.18 removePropertyForOperationConfig**`removePropertyForOperationConfig`

**2.1.4.18.1 Description** Remove a property for the specified operation configuration.

**2.1.4.18.2 Syntax** `removePropertyForOperationConfig(entityName, propName, appName)`

**Table 2–18 removePropertyForOperationConfig Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>entityName</i>	Name of the entity to which the operation configuration will be added.
<i>propName</i>	A property name to be added to the operation configuration.
<i>appName</i>	Name of the Identity Directory Service.

#### 2.1.4.18.3 Example

```
removePropertyForOperationConfig('User','entity.searchbase','use
rrole')
```

### 2.1.5 Library Oracle Virtual Directory (LibOVD) Commands

Use the WLST commands listed in [Table 2–19](#) to manage Library Oracle Virtual Directory (LibOVD) LDAP and Join Adapters configuration. These commands act on the OVD configuration associated with a particular OPSS Context passed in as a parameter.

**Table 2–19 WLST LibOVD Commands**

Use this command...	To...	Use with WLST...
<a href="#">activateLibOVDConfigChanges</a>	Reload the LibOVD configuration.	Online
<a href="#">addAttributeExclusionRule</a>	Add a attribute exclusion rule.	Online
<a href="#">addAttributeRule</a>	Add a new attribute mapping rule.	Online
<a href="#">addDomainExclusionRule</a>	Add a domain exclusion rule.	Online
<a href="#">addDomainRule</a>	Add a new domain mapping rule.	Online
<a href="#">addJoinRule</a>	Add a join rule to an existing Join adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.	Online
<a href="#">addLDAPHost</a>	Add a new remote host to an existing LDAP adapter.	Online
<a href="#">addMappingContext</a>	Create a new mapping context.	Online
<a href="#">addPlugin</a>	Add a plugin to an existing adapter or at the global level.	Online
<a href="#">addPluginParam</a>	Add new parameter values to the existing adapter level plugin or global plugin.	Online
<a href="#">createJoinAdapter</a>	Create a new Join adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.	Online
<a href="#">createLDAPAdapter</a>	Create a new LDAP adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.	Online
<a href="#">deleteAdapter</a>	Delete an existing adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.	Online
<a href="#">deleteAttributeExclusionRule</a>	Delete a attribute exclusion rule.	Online
<a href="#">deleteAttributeRule</a>	Delete a attribute mapping rule.	Online
<a href="#">deleteDomainExclusionRule</a>	Delete a domain exclusion rule.	Online
<a href="#">deleteDomainRule</a>	Delete a domain mapping rule.	Online
<a href="#">deleteMappingContext</a>	Delete the specified mapping context.	Online
<a href="#">getAdapterDetails</a>	Display the details of an existing adapter that is configured for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.	Online
<a href="#">listAdapters</a>	List the name and type of all adapters that are configured for this OVD associated with the given OPSS Context.	Online

**Table 2–19 (Cont.) WLST LibOVD Commands**

<b>Use this command...</b>	<b>To...</b>	<b>Use with WLST...</b>
<code>listAllMappingContextIds</code>	List all the mapping contexts.	Online
<code>listAttributeRules</code>	List all the attribute rules.	Online
<code>listDomainRules</code>	List all the domain rules.	Online
<code>modifyLDAPAdapter</code>	Modify the existing LDAP adapter configuration.	Online
<code>removeJoinRule</code>	Remove a join rule from a Join adapter configured for this OVD associated with the given OPSS Context.	Online
<code>removeLDAPHost</code>	Remove a remote host from an existing LDAP adapter configuration.	Online
<code>removePlugin</code>	Remove a plugin from an existing adapter or at global level.	Online
<code>removePluginParam</code>	Remove an existing parameter from a configured adapter level plugin or global plugin.	Online

**2.1.5.1 activateLibOVDConfigChanges**`activateLibOVDConfigChanges`**2.1.5.1.1 Description** Reloads the libOVD configuration.**2.1.5.1.2 Syntax** `activateLibOVDConfigChanges(contextName)`

where `contextName` is the name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is *default*.

**2.1.5.1.3 Example** `activateLibOVDConfigChanges('default')`**2.1.5.2 addAttributeExclusionRule**`addAttributeExclusionRule`**2.1.5.2.1 Description** Add an attribute exclusion rule.**2.1.5.2.2 Syntax** `addAttributeExclusionRule(attribute, mappingContextId, contextName)`**Table 2–20 addAttributeExclusionRule Arguments**

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Definition</b>
<code>attribute</code>	Name of the attribute to be added to the exclusion list.
<code>mappingContextId</code>	Name of the mapping context.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.2.3 Example** `addAttributeExclusionRule('orgunit', 'IdsProfile1', 'ids')`

### 2.1.5.3 addAttributeRule

`addAttributeRule`

**2.1.5.3.1 Description** Add a new attribute mapping rule.

**2.1.5.3.2 Syntax** `addAttributeRule(srcAttrs, srcObjectClass, srcAttrType, dstAttr, dstObjectClass, dstAttrType, mappingExpression, direction, mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–21 addAttributeRule Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

### 2.1.5.3.3 Example

```
addAttributeRule('lastname', '', '', 'sn', '', '', '', 'Inbound', 'IdsProfile1', 'default')
```

### 2.1.5.4 addDomainExclusionRule

`addDomainExclusionRule`

**2.1.5.4.1 Description** Add a domain exclusion rule.

**2.1.5.4.2 Syntax** `addDomainExclusionRule(domain, mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–22 addDomainExclusionRule Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>domain</i>	Distinguished name (DN) of the attribute to be added to the exclusion list.
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

### 2.1.5.4.3 Example

```
addDomainExclusionRule('cn=group,dc=oracle,dc=com', 'mappingContextId')
```

### 2.1.5.5 addDomainRule

`addDomainRule`

**2.1.5.5.1 Description** Add a new domain mapping rule.

**2.1.5.5.2 Syntax** `addDomainRule(srcDomain, destDomain, domainConstructRule, mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–23 addDomainRule Arguments**

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Definition</b>
<i>srcDomain</i>	Container DN in the source.
<i>destDomain</i>	Container DN in the destination.
<i>domainConstructRule</i>	Domain mapping rule.
<i>mappingContextId</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.5.3 Example** `addDomainRule('dc=oracle,dc=com', 'dc=oracle,dc=com', '', 'defaultContext', 'default')`

### 2.1.5.6 addJoinRule

`addJoinRule`

**2.1.5.6.1 Description** Adds a join rule to an existing Join adapter for the OVD associated with the specified OPSS context.

**2.1.5.6.2 Syntax** `addJoinRule(adapterName=<adapterName>, secondary=<secondary>, condition=<condition>, joinerType=<joinerType>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–24 addJoinRule Arguments**

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Definition</b>
<i>adapterName</i>	Name of the Join adapter to be modified.
<i>secondary</i>	Name of the adapter to join to.
<i>condition</i>	The attribute(s) to join on.
<i>joinerType</i>	An optional parameter that defines the type of Join. Accepted values include Simple (default), Conditional, OneToMany or Shadow.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.6.3 Example** `addJoinRule('join1', 'secondaryldap', 'cn=cn', 'Simple', 'default')`

`addJoinRule('join1', 'secondaryldap', 'cn=cn', 'Conditional', 'default')`

`addJoinRule(adapterName='join1', secondary='LDAP3', condition='uid=cn', JoinerType='OneToMany')`

`addJoinRule(adapterName='join1', secondary='LDAP2', condition='uid=cn', contextName='myContext')`

### 2.1.5.7 addLDAPHost

`addLDAPHost`

**2.1.5.7.1 Description** Adds a new remote host (host:port pair) to an existing LDAP adapter. By default, the new host is configured in Read-Write mode with percentage set to 100.

**2.1.5.7.2 Syntax** addLDAPHost (adapterName=<adapterName>, host=<host>, port=<port>, contextName=<contextName>)

**Table 2–25 addLDAPHost Arguments**

Argument	Definition
adapterName	Name of the Join adapter to be modified.
host	Remote LDAP host to which the LDAP adapter will communicate.
port	Remote LDAP host's port.
contextName	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.7.3 Example** addLDAPHost (adapterName='ldap1', host='myhost.example.com', port=389)  
addLDAPHost ('ldap1', 'myhost.example.com', '389', 'myContext')

## 2.1.5.8 addMappingContext

addMappingContext

**2.1.5.8.1 Description** Create a new mapping context.

**2.1.5.8.2 Syntax** addMappingContext (mappingContextId, contextName)

**Table 2–26 addMappingContext Arguments**

Argument	Definition
mappingContext Id	Name of the mapping context.
contextName	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.8.3 Example** addMappingContext ('defaultContext', 'context')

## 2.1.5.9 addPlugin

addPlugin

**2.1.5.9.1 Description** Adds a plugin to an existing adapter, or at the global level. The "i"th key corresponds to "i"th value. The plugin is added to default chain.

**2.1.5.9.2 Syntax** addPlugin(pluginName=<pluginName>, pluginClass=<pluginClass>, paramKeys=<paramKeys>, paramValues=<paramValues>, adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)

**Table 2–27 addPlugin Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>pluginName</i>	pluginName - Name of the plugin to be created.
<i>pluginClass</i>	Class of the plugin.
<i>paramKeys</i>	Init Param Keys separated by " ".
<i>paramValues</i>	Init Param Values separated by " ".
<i>adapterName</i>	Name of the adapter to be modified. If not specified, the plugin is added at the global level.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.9.3 Example** `addPlugin(adapterName='ldap1', pluginName='VirtualAttr', pluginClass='oracle.ods.virtualization.engine.chain.plugins.virtualattr.VirtualAttributePlugin', paramKeys='AddAttribute | MatchFilter | ContainerDN', paramValues='cn=%uid% | objectclass=person | dc=oracle,dc=com')`  
`addPlugin(pluginName='VirtualAttr', pluginClass='oracle.ods.virtualization.engine.chain.plugins.virtualattr.VirtualAttributePlugin', paramKeys='AddAttribute | MatchFilter | ContainerDN', paramValues='cn=%uid% | objectclass=person | dc=oracle,dc=com')`

### 2.1.5.10 addPluginParam

`addPluginParam`

**2.1.5.10.1 Description** Add new parameter values to the existing adapter level plugin or global plugin. If the parameter already exists, the new value is added to the existing set of values. The "i"th key corresponds to "i"th value.

**2.1.5.10.2 Syntax** `addPluginParam(pluginName=<pluginName>, paramKeys=<paramKeys>, paramValues=<paramValues>, adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–28 addPluginParam Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>pluginName</i>	pluginName - Name of the plugin to be modified.
<i>paramKeys</i>	Init Param Keys separated by " ".
<i>paramValues</i>	Init Param Values separated by " ".
<i>adapterName</i>	Name of the adapter to be modified. If not specified, the global plugin is modified.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.10.3 Example** `addPluginParam(adapterName='ldap1', pluginName='VirtualAttr', paramKeys='ReplaceAttribute | MatchFilter', paramValues='cn=%uid% | objectclass=person')`

---

```
addPluginParam(pluginName='VirtualAttr',
paramKeys='ReplaceAttribute | MatchFilter', par)
```

### 2.1.5.11 createJoinAdapter

`createJoinAdapter`

**2.1.5.11.1 Description** Creates a new Join adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.

**2.1.5.11.2 Syntax** `createJoinAdapter(contextName=<contextName>, adapterName=<adapterName>, root=<root>, primaryAdapter=<primaryAdapter>, bindAdapter=<bindAdapter>)`

**Table 2–29 createJoinAdapter Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the Join adapter to be created.
<code>mappingContext</code>	Virtual Namespace of the Join adapter.
<code>Id</code>	
<code>primaryAdapter</code>	Specifies the identifier of the primary adapter (the adapter searched first in the join operation).
<code>root</code>	
<code>bindAdapter</code>	Specifies identifier of the bind adapter(s) (the adapter(s) whose proxy account is used to bind in the LDAP operation). By default, the primaryAdapter is set as bindAdapter.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

### 2.1.5.11.3 Example

```
createJoinAdapter('join1','dc=join','primaryldap','myldap',
'myContext')

createJoinAdapter(adapterName='join1', root='dc=join',
primaryAdapter='myldap')
```

### 2.1.5.12 createLDAPAdapter

`createLDAPAdapter`

**2.1.5.12.1 Description** Creates a new LDAP adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.

**2.1.5.12.2 Syntax** `createLDAPAdapter(adapterName=<adapterName>, root=<root>, host=<host>, port=<port>, remoteBase=<remoteBase>, isSecure=<true|false>, bindDN=<bindDN>, bindPasswd=<bindPasswd>, passCred=<passCred>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–30 createLDAPAdapter Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the LDAP adapter to be created.
<code>root</code>	Virtual Namespace of the LDAP adapter.

**Table 2–30 (Cont.) createLDAPAdapter Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>host</i>	Remote LDAP host with which the LDAP adapter will communicate.
<i>port</i>	Remote LDAP host's port number.
<i>remoteBase</i>	Location in the remote DIT to which root corresponds.
<i>isSecure</i>	An optional parameter that enables secure SSL/TLS connections to the remote hosts when defined as true. The default value is "false".
<i>bindDN</i>	Proxy BindDN used to communicate with Remote host. An optional parameter with default value "".
<i>bindPasswd</i>	Proxy BindPasswd used to communicate with Remote host. An optional parameter with default value "".
<i>passCred</i>	This optional parameter controls, what, if any, credentials the OVD will pass to the backend (remote host) LDAP server. Values can be Always (default), None or BindOnly.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

```
2.1.5.12.3 Example createLDAPAdapter("testLDAP",
"dc=us,dc=oracle,dc=com", "myhost.example.com", 3060,
"dc=uk,dc=oid", false, "cn=testuser", "welcome1", "Always",
"myContext")

createLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1', root='dc=com',
host='myhost.example.com', port=5566, remoteBase='dc=oid')
```

### 2.1.5.13 deleteAdapter

deleteAdapter

**2.1.5.13.1 Description** Deletes an existing adapter for the OVD associated with the given OPSS context.

**2.1.5.13.2 Syntax** deleteAdapter(adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)

**Table 2–31 deleteAdapter Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>adapterName</i>	Name of the Join adapter to be deleted.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.13.3 Example** deleteAdapter(adapterName='join1')

deleteAdapter('join1', 'default')

### 2.1.5.14 deleteAttributeExclusionRule

deleteAttributeExclusionRule

**2.1.5.14.1 Description** Delete an attribute exclusion rule.

---

**2.1.5.14.2 Syntax** deleteAttributeExclusionRule(attribute, mappingContextId, contextName)

**Table 2–32 deleteAttributeExclusionRule Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>attribute</i>	Name of the attribute to be removed from the exclusion list.
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.14.3 Example**

```
deleteAttributeExclusionRule('objectsid', 'mappingContextId')
```

**2.1.5.15 deleteAttributeRule**

```
deleteAttributeRule
```

**2.1.5.15.1 Description** Delete an attribute mapping rule.

**2.1.5.15.2 Syntax** deleteAttributeRule(srcAttrs, dstAttr, mappingContextId, contextName)

**Table 2–33 deleteEntityRelation Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>srcAttrs</i>	
<i>dstAttr</i>	
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.15.3 Example**

```
deleteAttributeRule('lastname', 'sn', mappingContextId)
```

**2.1.5.16 deleteDomainExclusionRule**

```
deleteDomainExclusionRule
```

**2.1.5.16.1 Description** Delete a domain exclusion rule.

**2.1.5.16.2 Syntax** deleteDomainExclusionRule(domain, mappingContextId, contextName)

**Table 2–34 deleteEntityRelation Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>domain</i>	Distinguished Name of the container to be removed from the exclusion list.
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.

**Table 2–34 (Cont.) deleteEntityRelation Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.16.3 Example**

```
deleteDomainExclusionRule('cn=group,dc=oracle,dc=com', 'mappingContextId')
```

**2.1.5.17 deleteDomainRule**

```
deleteDomainRule
```

**2.1.5.17.1 Description** Delete a domain mapping rule.

**2.1.5.17.2 Syntax** `deleteDomainRule(srcDomain, destDomain, mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–35 deleteDomainRule Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>srcDomain</i>	Container DN in source.
<i>destDomain</i>	Container DN in destination.
<i>mappingContextId</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.17.3 Example**

```
deleteDomainRule(dc=oracle,dc=com', 'dc=oracle,dc=com', 'UserProfile1', 'default')
```

**2.1.5.18 deleteMappingContext**

```
deleteMappingContext
```

**2.1.5.18.1 Description** Delete the specified mapping context.

**2.1.5.18.2 Syntax** `deleteMappingContext(mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–36 deleteMappingContext Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>mappingContextId</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.18.3 Example** `deleteMappingContext('defaultContext', 'context')`

### 2.1.5.19 getAdapterDetails

`getAdapterDetails`

**2.1.5.19.1 Description** Displays the details of an existing adapter configured for the Oracle Virtual Directory associated with the specified OPSS context.

**2.1.5.19.2 Syntax** `getAdapterDetails(adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–37 getAdapterDetails Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the adapter which contains the details to be displayed.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.19.3 Example** `getAdapterDetails(adapterName='ldap1', contextName='default')`

`getAdapterDetails(adapterName='join1')`

### 2.1.5.20 listAdapters

`listAdapters`

**2.1.5.20.1 Description** Lists the name and type of all adapters that are configured for the Oracle Virtual Directory associated with the specified OPSS Context.

**2.1.5.20.2 Syntax** `listAdapters(contextName='contextName')`

**Table 2–38 listAdapters Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.20.3 Example** `listAdapters()`

`listAdapters(contextName='myContext')`

### 2.1.5.21 listAllMappingContextIds

`listAllMappingContextIds`

**2.1.5.21.1 Description** Lists the mapping contexts associated with the specified OPSS Context.

**2.1.5.21.2 Syntax** `listAllMappingContextIds(contextName)`

**Table 2–39 listAllMappingContextIds Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.21.3 Example** `listAllMappingContextIds('default')`

### 2.1.5.22 listAttributeRules

`listAttributeRules`

**2.1.5.22.1 Description** List all the attribute rules in the format *SOURCE\_ATTRIBUTE:DESTINATION\_ATTRIBUTE:DIRECTION*

**2.1.5.22.2 Syntax** `listAttributeRules(mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–40 listAttributeRules Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.22.3 Example** `listAttributeRules('defaultContext', 'default')`

### 2.1.5.23 listDomainRules

`listDomainRules`

**2.1.5.23.1 Description** List all the domain rules in the format of *SOURCE\_DOMAIN:DESTINATION\_DOMAIN*.

**2.1.5.23.2 Syntax** `listDomainRules(mappingContextId, contextName)`

**Table 2–41 listDomainRules Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>mappingContext Id</i>	Name of the mapping context.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.23.3 Example** `listDomainRules('defaultContext', 'default')`

### 2.1.5.24 modifyLDAPAdapter

`modifyLDAPAdapter`

**2.1.5.24.1 Description** This command is used to modify the following parameters defined in an existing LDAP Adapter:

- Remote Base
- Root
- Secure
- BindDN
- BindPassword

- PassCredentials
- MaxPoolSize

**2.1.5.24.2 Syntax** `modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName=<adapterName>, attribute=<attribute>, value=<value>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–42 modifyLDAPAdapter Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>attribute</code>	Name of the attribute to be modified.
<code>value</code>	New value for the attribute.
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the LDAP adapter to be modified.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

```
2.1.5.24.3 Example modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1',
attribute='Root', value='dc=us, dc=oracle, dc=com',
contextName='mydefault')

modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1', attribute='RemoteBase',
value='dc=org')

modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1',
attribute='PassCredentials', value='BindOnly')

modifyLDAPAdapter('ldap1', 'BindDN', 'cn=proxyuser,dc=com',
'mydefault')

modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1', attribute='BindPassword',
value='testwelcome123')

modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1', attribute='Secure',
value=true)

modifyLDAPAdapter(adapterName='ldap1', attribute='MaxPoolSize',
value=500)
```

### 2.1.5.25 removeJoinRule

`removeJoinRule`

**2.1.5.25.1 Description** Removes a join rule from a Join adapter configured for the Oracle Virtual Directory associated with the specified OPSS Context.

**2.1.5.25.2 Syntax** `removeJoinRule(adapterName=<adapterName>, secondary=<secondary>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–43 removeJoinRule Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the Join adapter to be modified.
<code>secondary</code>	The join rules corresponding to this secondary adapter are removed from the join adapter.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.25.3 Example** `removeJoinRule('join1', 'secondaryldap1', 'default')`  
`removeJoinRule(adapterName='join1', secondary='LDAP3')`

### 2.1.5.26 removeLDAPHost

`removeLDAPHost`

**2.1.5.26.1 Description** Removes a remote host (*host:port*) from an existing LDAP adapter.

**2.1.5.26.2 Syntax** `removeLDAPHost(adapterName=<adapterName>, host=<host>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–44 removeLDAPHost Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the LDAP adapter to be modified.
<code>host</code>	Location of a remote LDAP host with which the LDAP adapter will communicate.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.26.3 Example** `removeLDAPHost(adapterName='ldap1', host='myhost.example.com')`  
`removeLDAPHost('ldap1', 'myhost.example.com', 'myContext')`

### 2.1.5.27 removePlugin

`removePlugin`

**2.1.5.27.1 Description** Removes a plugin from an existing adapter, or at the global level.

**2.1.5.27.2 Syntax** `removePlugin(pluginName=<pluginName>, adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–45 removePlugin Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<code>pluginName</code>	Name of the plugin to be removed.
<code>adapterName</code>	Name of the adapter to be modified. If not specified, the global plugin is removed.
<code>contextName</code>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.27.3 Example** `removePlugin(adapterName='ldap1', pluginName='VirtualAttr')`  
`removePlugin(pluginName='VirtualAttr')`

### 2.1.5.28 removePluginParam

`removePluginParam`

**2.1.5.28.1 Description** Removes an existing parameter from a configured adapter level plugin or global plugin. This removes all values of the particular parameter from the plugin.

**2.1.5.28.2 Syntax** `removePluginParam(pluginName=<pluginName>, paramKey=<paramKey>, adapterName=<adapterName>, contextName=<contextName>)`

**Table 2–46 removePluginParam Arguments**

Argument	Definition
<i>pluginName</i>	Name of the plugin to be modified.
<i>paramKey</i>	Parameter to be removed.
<i>adapterName</i>	Name of the adapter to be modified. If not specified, the global plugin is modified.
<i>contextName</i>	Name of the Oracle Platform Security Services context to which the OVD configuration is associated. This default value of this optional parameter is <i>default</i> .

**2.1.5.28.3 Example** `removePluginParam(adapterName='ldap1', pluginName='VirtualAttr', paramKey='ReplaceAttribute')`  
`removePluginParam(pluginName='VirtualAttr', paramKey='ReplaceAttribute')`

