Oracle® Banking Microservices Architecture Routing Hub Configuration User Guide





Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Routing Hub Configuration User Guide, Release 14.8.0.0.0

G29394-03

Copyright © 2018, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software, software documentation, data (as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software," "commercial computer software documentation," or "limited rights data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle®, Java, MySQL, and NetSuite are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

Purpose	
Audience	
Documentation Accessibility	
Critical Patches	
Diversity and Inclusion	
Related Resources	
Conventions	
Screenshot Disclaimer	
Acronyms and Abbreviations	
Basic Actions	
Symbols and Icons Introduction	
Symbols and Icons Introduction Service Consumers	
Symbols and Icons Introduction	
Introduction Service Consumers	
Symbols and Icons Introduction	
Introduction Service Consumers	
Introduction Service Consumers Environment Variables	
Introduction Service Consumers Environment Variables	
Introduction Service Consumers Environment Variables Service Providers	



Chaining	
Tomplato Extensibility	
Template Extensibility	
10.1 XML merging attributes	
10.1.1 Identity Matcher	
10.1.2 Skip Matcher	
10.1.3 Override Action10.1.4 Complete Action	
10.1.4 Complete Action10.1.5 Replace Action	
10.1.6 Preserve Action	
10.1.7 Delete Action	
Audit Purging / Archiving	
•	
12.1 Available Interfaces	
Hookpoints 12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request URL Encoded Request	
12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request	
12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request	
12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request URL Encoded Request	
12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request URL Encoded Request	
12.1 Available Interfaces Multipart Request URL Encoded Request Configuration	

18	Transformation Type
19	Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM Arguments
Α	Functional Activity Codes
	Indox
	Index

Preface

- Purpose
- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Critical Patches
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Related Resources
- Conventions
- Screenshot Disclaimer
- Acronyms and Abbreviations
- Basic Actions
- · Symbols and Icons

Purpose

This guide enables the user to integrate Oracle Products with External Product Processor through Oracle Banking Routing Hub Platform.

Audience

This guide is intended for the customers and partners.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Critical Patches

Oracle advises customers to get all their security vulnerability information from the Oracle Critical Patch Update Advisory, which is available at Critical Patches, Security Alerts and Bulletins. All critical patches should be applied in a timely manner to make sure effective security, as strongly recommended by Oracle Software Security Assurance.



Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

Related Resources

For more information on any related features, refer to the following documents

- Oracle Banking Common Core User Guide
- Oracle Banking Getting Started User Guide

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

Screenshot Disclaimer

Personal information used in the interface or documents is dummy and does not exist in the real world. It is only for reference purposes.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this guide are as follows:

Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
JSON	Java Script Object Notation
XML	Extensible Markup Language
WSDL	Web Services Description Language

Basic Actions

Table 2 Basic Actions

Action	Description
Submit	Click to complete the transaction after you specify all the input parameters for a particular transaction.
Cancel	Click to cancel the transaction input midway without saving any data.
Clear	Click to clear the transaction input data. The system displays a pop-up screen with confirmation to clear data. You can click \mathbf{OK} to confirm or click \mathbf{x} icon to retain the data.
Query	On completion of input of necessary parameters, click this button to fetch and display the details.
ок	Click to confirm the details in the pop-up screen.
Save	Click to save the details specified in the screen.
Exit	Click to close the screen and go to Home screen.

Symbols and Icons

This guide has the following list of symbols and icons.

Table 3 Symbols and Icons - Common

Symbol/Icon	Function
J L	Minimize
7 6	
F 7	Maximize
L J	
×	Close
Q	Perform Search
0 0 0	Open a list
<u></u>	Add a new record
K	Navigate to the first record
> I	Navigate to the last record
•	Navigate to the previous record

Table 3 (Cont.) Symbols and Icons - Common

Symbol/Icon	Function
)	Navigate to the next record
Q	Refresh
	Click this icon to delete a row, which is already added.
i	Calendar
Û	Alerts
<u></u>	Import a file
Co	Edit a file



1

Introduction

FSGBU Banking Products integrate seamlessly and standardized with Oracle Banking Routing Hub through the use of configurations. The product infrastructure solution includes this component. With Oracle Banking Routing Hub, banking products can be integrated loosely.

Consumer Application The product that requires integration with another product for retrieving information or posting transactions does not need to know the following details while coding.

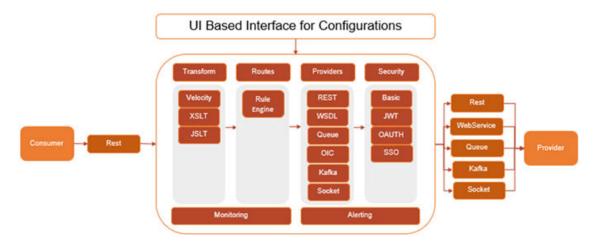
- Servicing Providers or Product Processors: The consumer application requests data from the products when required, or a consumer application initiates a transaction for the products to post.
- Name of the Service: Logical name of the service example: The service provider's
 product allows us to fetch details or initiate a transaction for Logical names like Funds
 Transfer and Letter of Credit.
- Messaging structure of Service: Structure of the message example: JSON, XML, multipart request.
- Communication Protocol: Web services, Rest API, Queue, OIC, Kafka, and Socket.

Through the 'Oracle Banking Routing Hub', consumers can achieve and modify integration, and they can integrate with different versions of a single product processor if necessary.

This guide shows the maintenance of two product as given below.

- Oracle Service Consumer as Service Consumer
- External Product Processor as Service Provider

Figure 1-1 UI Based Interface for Configurations



Service Consumers

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the service consumers.

Service Consumer is an Oracle banking solution that utilizes the Oracle Banking Routing Hub API for integration purposes. Analyze the Oracle Banking Routing Hub and assess the destination product processor. Convert the data into the necessary format for the destination product processor to handle a specific request type.

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

- On Home screen, click Core Maintenance. Under Core Maintenance, click Routing Hub.
- 2. Under Routing Hub, click Service Consumers.

The **Service Consumers** screen displays.

Figure 2-1 Service Consumers



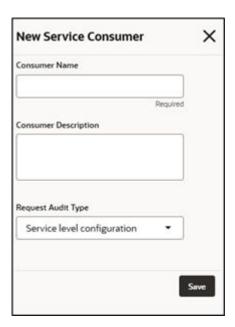
New Service Consumer

The users can create **Service Consumers** manually.

3. Click New.

The **New Service Consumer** screen displays.

Figure 2-2 New Service Consumer



4. On **New Service Consumer** screen, specify the fields.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 2-1 New Service Consumer - Field Description

Field	Description
Consumer Name	Specify a unique service consumer name.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Consumer Description	Specify the description of the consumer name.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 100 characters. No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.
	•



Table 2-1 (Cont.) New Service Consumer - Field Description

Field	Description
Request Audit Type	 Select the Audit type from the drop-down list. The available options are: All Requests - All requests are logged in the OBRH and can be viewed later for debugging. Service level configuration - Option has been provided at consumer services for enabling audit of requests for specific Consumer Services. Audit type should be configured as "Service level configuration" and audit option at "Consumer Services" should be selected for Consumer Services which need to be audited. Monitoring dashboard does not provide the data for requests which are not being audited. None - Disables the audit completely. Audit logs cannot be reviewed later and monitoring dashboard does not provide the data

5. Click **Save** to save the details.

Import Service Consumer

The user can create a service consumer by importing the JSON file and manually selecting the service providers or select all providers that needs to be imported. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together.

6. Click Import.

The Import Service Consumer screen displays.

Figure 2-3 Import Service Consumer - Basic Details



7. Specify the fields on **Import Service Consumer - Basic Details** screen.

Note:

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

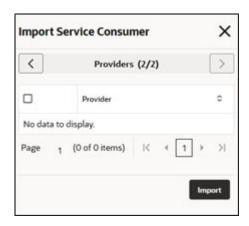
Table 2-2 Import Service Consumer - Basic Details - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Click Select to select the file.
	Note: Only one file can be selected, and it must be in JSON or ZIP format.
Name	Specify the name of the service consumer.
	 Note: Name cannot be blank and required only for JSON file. Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Overwrite extended templates	Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates. The available options are: • Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates. • No - This option retains the existing extended templates.
Overwrite environment variables	Select the respective radio button to indicate whether environment variables (JSON file) should overwrite existing environment variables or not. The available options are: Yes - This option overwrites the environment variables. No - This option retains the existing environment variables.
Providers	Displays the list of service providers names that are present in JSON file only.

8. Click **Next** on the **Basic Details** screen.

The Import Service Consumer - Providers screen displays.

Figure 2-4 Import Service Consumer - Providers



9. Specify the fields on Import Service Consumer - Providers screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 2-3 Import Service Consumer - Providers - Field Description

Field	Description
Providers	Displays the list of service providers names that are present in JSON file only.

10. Click **Import** to import the selected service consumer file.

View / Edit Service Consumer

The user can view or modify consumer details.

11. On the Service Consumer tile, click View More button and then click Edit Service Provider.

The **Edit Service Consumer** screen displays.

Figure 2-5 Edit Service Consumer



12. Click Save to save the modified consumer details.

Delete Service Consumer

The user can delete the Service Consumer.

13. On the Service Consumer tile, click Delete icon.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

Figure 2-6 Confirmation - Delete



14. Click **Confirm** to delete the service consumer.

Export Service Consumer

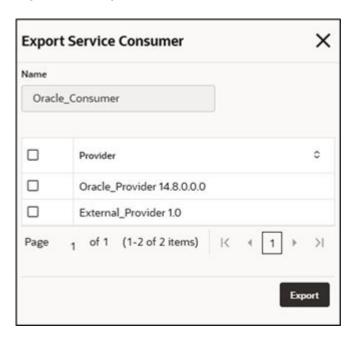
User can export the consumer configuration as JSON file. The option for Export is provided to move the configurations from one environment to another.

15. On Service Consumer tile, click Operation Menu (3 dot icon) and then click Export.

The Export Service Consumer screen displays.



Figure 2-7 Export Service Consumer

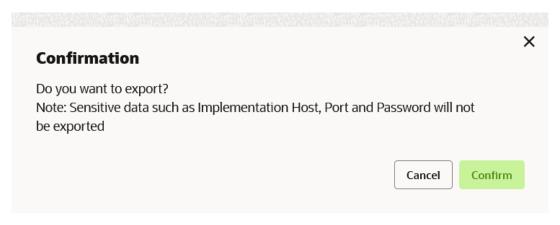


Note:

- The user has an option to select the service providers from the list which needs to be exported or can click on select all for all service providers.
- The JSON Export feature exports below data:
 - Selected service consumer
 - All consumer services
 - Selected service providers with services
 - All implementations of selected service providers with services (without Host, Port and Authentication Password)
 - All transformations
 - All routes
- **16.** Select the required service providers and click **Export**.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

Figure 2-8 Confirmation - Export



17. Click **Confirm** to export the service consumer in JSON file.

Configuration Export

18. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and click **Configuration**. The **Configuration** screen is displayed.



Refer to **Configuration** topic for the screen and field description.

Request Audit

19. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and click **Request Audit**. The **Request Audit** screen is displayed.



Refer to Request Audit topic for the screen and field description.



Environment Variables

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the environment variables consumers.

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

The user needs to define a set of variables that will be accessible across the particular configuration of the consumer. The syntax for accessing environment variables is below: \$env.Environment_Group_Name.Environment_Variable_Name

For example, \$env.COMMON.BRANCH_CODE

1. On **Service Consumers** screen, click the required service consumer.

The **Environment Variables** screen is displayed.

Figure 3-1 Environment Variables



New Group

Users can create multiple groups and variables.

2. Click New Group.

The **New Group** screen is displayed.

Figure 3-2 New Group



3. On **New Group** screen, specify the fields.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 3-1 New Group - Field Description

Field	Description
Group Name	Specify the name of the environment group.
	Note:
	 Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.
	 No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Variable Name	Specify the name of the environment variable.
	Note:
	Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.
	No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.
Variable Value	Specify the value of the environment variable.
variable value	The value can either be hardcoded or Velocity mapping.



Table 3-1 (Cont.) New Group - Field Description

Field	Description
Sensitive	With this flag, user can mark the variables which are sensitive in nature. So, The values will not be shown as plain text in routing hub configuration.

4. Click **Save** to save the details.

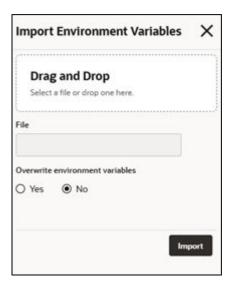
Import Group

The user can import environment variables.

5. Click Import Environment Variables.

The Import Environment Variables screen displays.

Figure 3-3 Import Environment Variables



6. Specify the fields on **Import Environment Variables** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 3-2 Import Environment Variables - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Select the file using Select .
	Note: Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.
Overwrite environment variables	Select the respective radio button to specify if the environment variables (from the JSON file) should replace the current environment variables. The options available are: • Yes - This option overwrites the environment variables. • No - This option retains the existing environment variables.

7. Click **Import** to import the selected environment variable file.

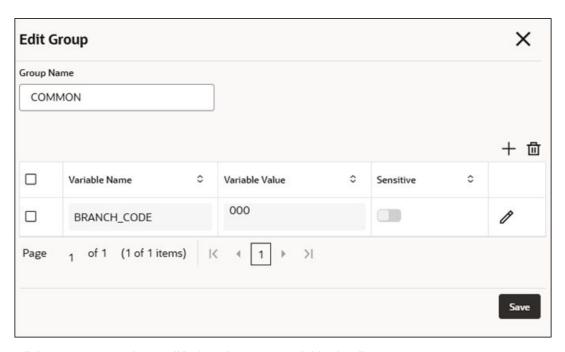
View / Edit Group

The user can view or modify environment variables.

On the Group tile, click Edit Group.

The **Edit Group** screen is displayed.

Figure 3-4 Edit Group



9. Click **Save** to save the modified environment variable details.

Delete Group

The user can delete the environment group..

10. On the Group tile, click Delete icon.

Export Group

User can export the environment variable configuration as JSON file. The option for Export is provided to move the configurations from one environment to another.

11. On Environment Variables screen, click Export Group.

The **Confirmation - Export** screen is displayed.

Figure 3-5 Confirmation - Export



12. Click **Confirm** to export the environment variables in JSON file.



Service Providers

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the service providers.

Service Providers are systems designed to handle requests sent by the Oracle Banking Routing Hub for service consumers. They include information about destination integration.

1. On **Service Consumers** screen, click the required service consumer.

The Service Providers screen is displayed.

Figure 4-1 Service Providers



New Service Provider

The user can create Service Provider manually.

Click New.

The New Service Provider screen is displayed.

Figure 4-2 New Service Provider - Service Provider Details



3. Specify the fields on **New Service Provider** screen.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-1 New Service Provider - Service Provider Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Provider Name	Specify the name of the service provider.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Provider Version	Specify the provider version.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. Only numeric or decimal values are allowed.
Provider Type	Select the type of service provider from drop-down list. The available options are: INTERNAL: Used for Oracle products. EXTERNAL: Used for non-Oracle products.
Active	Predefined values are Active / Inactive . If provider is marked as inactive, then all related routes will be stopped.
Validation Provider	Predefined values are Yes / No . This property is used to mark the service provider to also act as a validator for validating the requests before sending it for further processing.

Headers

A product processor might require some standard headers to be passed along with the request. The user can specify the headers which are required by service endpoints for its all implementations but not present in swagger file.

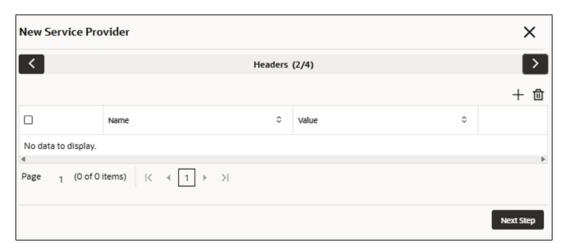
Note:

Content-type header will be removed from Provider request if header value is NONE.

Click Next Step.

The New Service Provider - Headers

Figure 4-3 New Service Provider - Headers



5. Specify the fields on **New Service Provider - Headers** screen.

Note:
The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-2 New Service Provider - Headers - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the header.
Value	Specify the value of the header. Value can be hardcoded or velocity template.

Services

WSDL:

The Web Services Description Language (WSDL) is an XML-based interface description language that is used for describing the functionality offered by a web service.

Both SSL and non-SSL WSDL URL are supported.

Context path can be modified for existing WSDL operations.



If there is a change in wsdl file, then same wsdl file need to be imported again to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

SWAGGER:

Swagger is an Interface Description Language for describing RESTful APIs expressed using JSON.

Currently, Swagger 2.0 & OpenAPI 3.0 both are supported.

Existing REST endpoints can also be modified or deleted.



If there is a change in swagger file, then same swagger file need to be imported again in order to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

Others:

Others option is selected for adding REST API details manually when provider does not have swagger file.

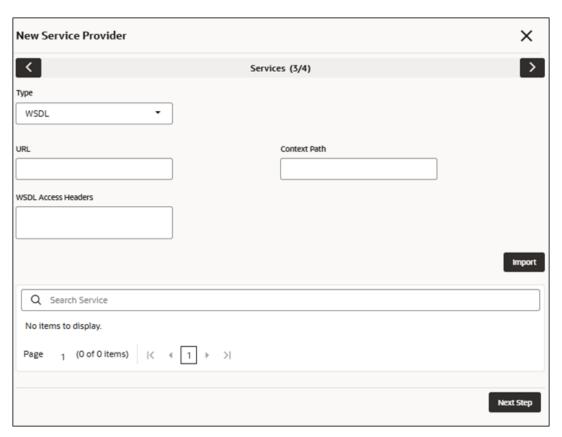


If there is a change in existing endpoint, then the same endpoint details can be modified using edit option.

6. Click Next Step.

The New Service Provider - Services

Figure 4-4 New Service Provider - Services



7. On New Service Provider - Services screen, specify the fields.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-3 New Service Provider - Services - Field Description

Field	Description
Туре	Select the service type from drop-down list. The available options are: WSDL SWAGGER OTHERS
URL	Specify the service URL of the file location.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as WSDL and SWAGGER.
Context Path	Context path of below formatted URL
	http://host:port/context-path/endpoint
WSDL Access Headers	Specify the headers required for accessing / reading WSDLs.
Import	Click Import to extract the service information from URL. Note:
	This field appears only if the Type is selected as WSDL and SWAGGER .

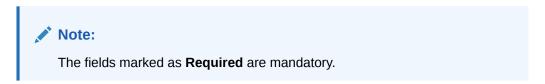
a. On **New Service Provider** screen, for adding REST endpoint details manually, select the **Type** as **Others** to define the endpoint details.

The **Endpoint Details** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-5 Endpoint Details



b. Specify the fields on **Endpoint Details** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-4 Endpoint Details - Field Description

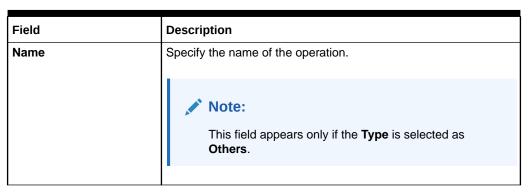


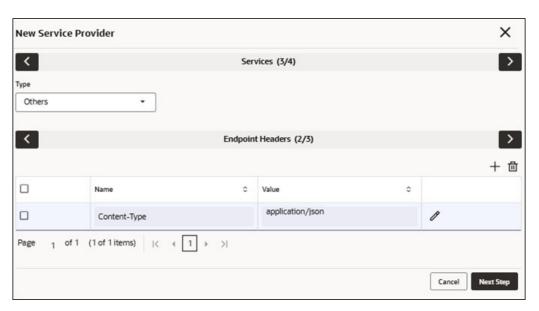
Table 4-4 (Cont.) Endpoint Details - Field Description

et the HTTP method from the drop-down list. evailable options are: BET POST PUT PATCH DELETE
Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .
ify the endpoint URL for the operation.
Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .
ext path of below formatted URL /host:port/context-path/endpoint

c. Click Next Step.

The **Endpoint Headers** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-6 Endpoint Headers

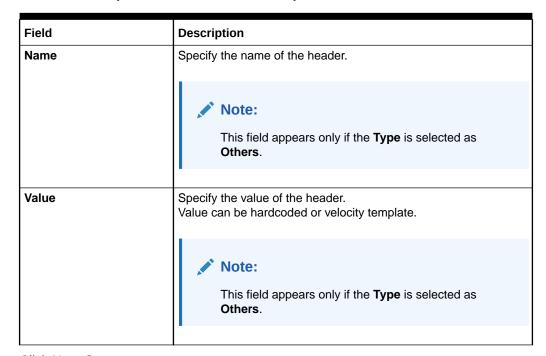


d. Specify the fields on **Endpoint Headers** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

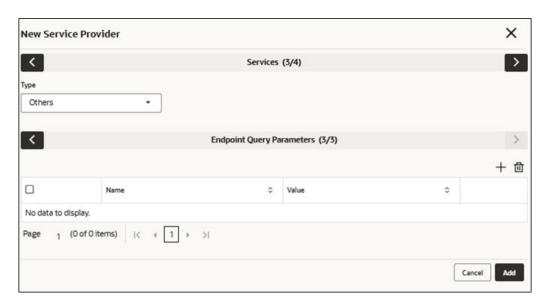
Table 4-5 Endpoint Headers - Field Description



e. Click Next Step.

The **Endpoint Query Parameters** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-7 Endpoint Query Parameters



Specify the fields on **Endpoint Query Parameters** screen.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-6 Endpoint Query Parameters - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the header.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others.
Value	Specify the value of the header. Value can be hardcoded or velocity template.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others.

g. Click Add for adding it in service list.

Parameter Group

Parameter mapping is used to establish the relationship between parameters of 2 different systems i.e., consumer and provider.

So, you can use consumer's parameter to find the corresponding parameter of provider and vice versa.

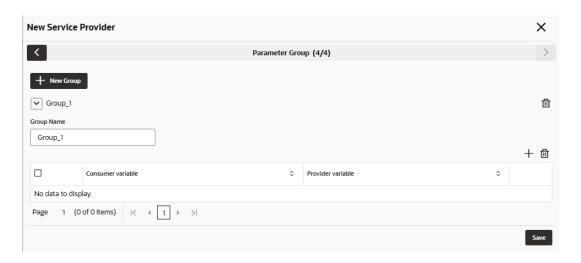
8. Click Next.

The New Service Provider - Parameter Group screen is displayed.

Figure 4-8 New Service Provider - Parameter Group

.





For fetching provider parameter using consumer parameter,

Syntax: \$custom.getParameterValueByConsumerKey (groupName, consumerParameter)

For fetching consumer parameter using provider parameter,

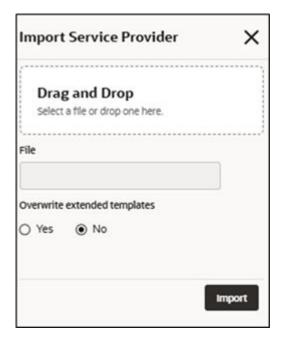
Syntax: \$custom.getParameterValueByProviderKey (groupName, providerParameter)

Import Service Provider

9. Click Import.

The Import Service Provider screen is displayed.

Figure 4-9 Import Service Provider



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table below.

Table 4-7 Import Service Provider - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Select the file using Select button. Note: Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.
Overwrite extended templates	Select the respective radio button to overwrite extended templates. The options are: • Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates in configuration. • No - This option retains the existing extended templates in configuration. Note: This field appears only if the ZIP File is selected.

10. Click **Import** to import the selected file.



The following data needs to be changed after importing provider configuration file:

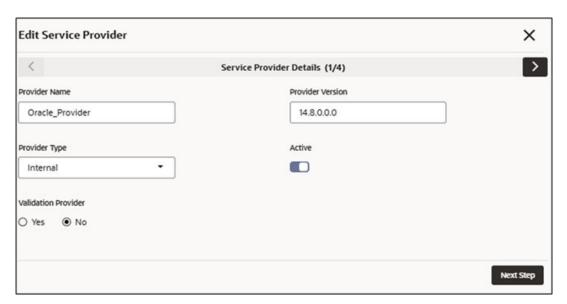
- Implementation Host and Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

View / Edit Service Provider

11. On Service Provider tile, click View More, and click Edit Service Provider.

The **Edit Service Provider - Service Provider Details** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-10 Edit Service Provider - Service Provider Details



12. Click Next Step.

The Edit Service Provider - Headers screen is displayed.

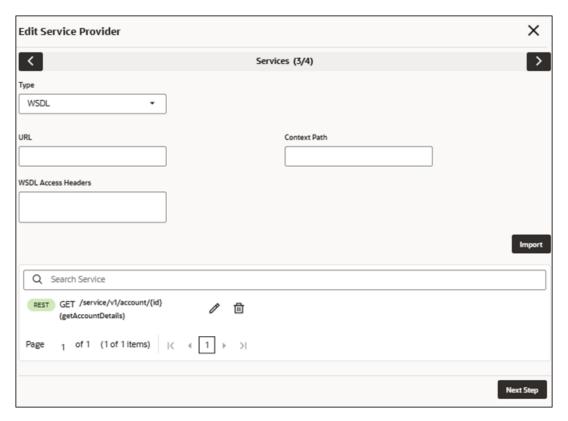
Figure 4-11 Edit Service Provider - Headers



13. Click Next Step.

The **Edit Service Provider - Services** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-12 Edit Service Provider - Services



14. Click Next Step.

The Edit Service Provider - Parameter Group screen is displayed.

Figure 4-13 Edit Service Provider - Parameter Group



15. Click **Save** to save the modified provider details.

Delete Service Provider

The user can delete the provider.

16. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Delete** icon.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-14 Confirmation - Delete



17. Click Confirm to delete the selected Service Provider.

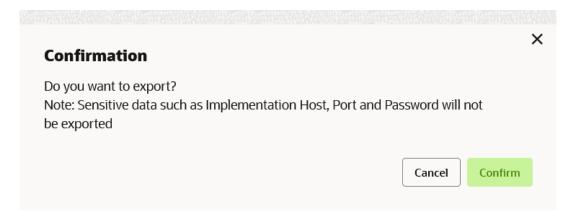
Export Service Provider

The user can export the provider configuration as JSON file.

18. On Service Provider tile, click Operation menu (3 dots button), and click Export.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-15 Confirmation - Export





The below data cannot be exported:

- Implementation Host
- Implementation Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

The above data needs to be configured manually after importing the configuration file. Same has been mentioned in Import section.

19. Click **Confirm** to export the selected Service Provider.

Configuration

End-user can configure the properties for failing the routing hub requests.

20. On Service Provider tile, click Operation menu (3 dots button), and click Configuration.

The **Configuration** screen is displayed.

Figure 4-16 Configuration



Table 4-8 Configuration Service Provider - Field Description

Field	Description
Provider level timeout	This property is used to override the global timeout values.
	Note: Default value is false.
Connection Timeout	This property is used to set the timeout in making the initial connection i.e. connection handshake.
	Note: Value should be in milliseconds.
Connection Timeout	connection i.e. connection handshake. Note:

Table 4-8 (Cont.) Configuration Service Provider - Field Description

Field	Description
Read Timeout	This property is used to set the timeout on waiting to read data.
	Note: Value should be in milliseconds.
Handle exception	This property is used to fail the routing hub request for failed provider requests.
	Note: Default value is false.
Status Codes	This property is used to fail routing hub request for specific status codes of failed provider requests. If not specified, then routing hub request will fail for all 4xx and 5xx status codes of failed provider requests.
Inactivity Period	This property is used to specify connection inactivity time for revalidating connections in connection pool. Value should be in milliseconds.
Keep-Alive duration	This property is used to keep connection alive for that specific time in connection pool before closing it. Value should be in milliseconds.

Request Audit

21. On Service Provider tile, click Operation menu (3 dots button), and click Request Audit.
The Request Audit screen is displayed.



Refer to Request Audit topic for the screen and field description.

Clear Cache

The user can clear the SOAP client cache for the service providers.

22. On Service Provider tile, click Operation menu (3 dots button), and click Clear Cache.

Implementation

This topic provides the systematic instructions to configure the implementation.

The implementation includes an instance of the Eureka client, along with the host, port, authentication, and specific service details. The Oracle Banking Routing Hub is compatible with web services and REST APIs.



Default implementation is created whenever a new service provider is added.

On Service Provider screen, click on the required service provider tile.

The **Implementation** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-1 Implementation



Implementation Details

The user can create the implementation manually.

Click New.

The New Implementation - Implementation Details screen is displayed.

New Implementation Implementation Details (1/4) Implementation Name Implementation Description Implementation Type Default Default Eureka Instance Single Tenant Scheme Service Name Required Required Host Port Use WSDL details (scheme, host and port) for SOAP service invocation **Next Step**

Figure 5-2 New Implementation - Implementation Details

3. On New Implementation - Implementation Details screen, specify the fields.

Note:
The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

Table 5-1 New Implementation - Implementation Details - Field Description

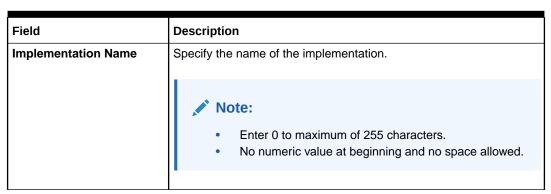




Table 5-1 (Cont.) New Implementation - Implementation Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Implementation Description	Specify the description of the implementation.
	 Note: Enter 0 to 1000 characters. No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.
Implementation Type	Select the type of implementation from drop-down list. The available options are:
	Note: The type as OIC is only applicable for cloud services.
Default	Toggle the button if user wants to default. Each type can have one default implementation.
Single Tenant	Select the toggle to append tenant details with eureka VIP for services which are registered on eureka as single tenant services.
	Note: This field is available only for internal providers and applicable only for Cloud.



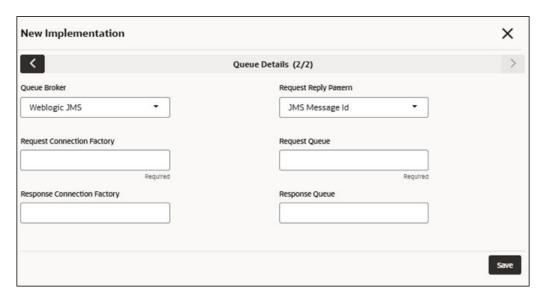
Table 5-1 (Cont.) New Implementation - Implementation Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Eureka Instance	Eureka Instance is available only for internal providers and default type. By default, Eureka Instance will be toggled ON for internal providers and OFF for external providers.
	Note: If the Eureka Instance is toggled ON, the Api-gateway will be removed (if present) from the request URL sent to the provider. If the Eureka Instance is toggled OFF and the authentication type is selected as JWT Token or OAUTH Token, the provider request URL will include apigateway if it's missing.
	If the Eureka Instance is activated, it propagates the userId, branchCode, piienabled, languageCode, and locale headers from the routing hub request to the service provider request.
Scheme	Select the scheme from drop-down list The available options are:
Service Name	If Eureka Instance is toggled ON and type is default, then only service name is required.
Host	Specify the host. Note: Host cannot be blank. Enter 0 to 255 characters. Space is not allowed.
	If Eureka Instance is toggled OFF and type is default, then only host and port is required.
Port	Specify the port number.
	 Note: Enter 0 to 6 characters. Enter only numeric value.
	If Eureka Instance is toggled OFF and type is default, then only host and port is required.
Use WSDL details (scheme, host and port) for SOAP service	This property is for using WSDL's scheme, host and port details for SOAP service invocation. Instead of using SOAP address's scheme, host and port details appearing in WSDL.

a. On **New Implementation** screen, for adding queue details manually, select the **Implementation Type** as **Queue** to define the queue details.

The Queue Details screen is displayed.

Figure 5-3 Queue Details



b. Specify the fields on **Queue Details** screen.

Note:
The fields marked as Required are mandatory.

Table 5-2 Queue Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Queue Broker	Select the queue broker from drop-down list. The available options are:WEBLOGIC_JMS
Request Reply Pattern	Select the queue broker from drop-down list. The available options are: • JMS_MESSAGEID • JMS_CORRELATIONID JMS_MESSAGEIDis default request-reply pattern.
Request Connection Factory	Specify the connection factory. Connection Factory is JNDI based connection factory name which is used to create connection for JMS client.
Request Queue	Specify the queue. Queue Name is JNDI based destination name.
Response Connection Factory	Specify the connection factory. Response Connection Factory is needed when destination is going to respond back after processing the request.



Table 5-2 (Cont.) Queue Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Response Queue	Specify the queue. Response Queue Name is needed when destination is going to respond back after processing the request.

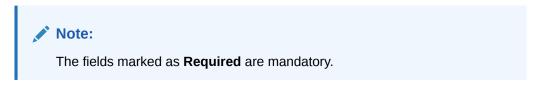
c. On **New Implementation** screen, for adding queue details manually, select the **Implementation Type** as **Kafka** to define the queue details.

The Kafka Details screen is displayed.

Figure 5-4 Kafka Details



d. Specify the fields on **Kafka Details** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

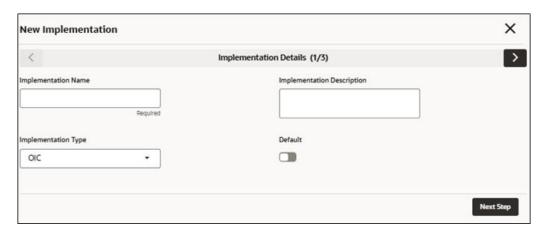
Table 5-3 Kafka Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Topic Name	Specify the topic name for publishing the message.

e. On **New Implementation** screen, for adding queue details manually, select the **Implementation Type** as **OIC** to define the queue details.

The **OIC** screen is displayed.

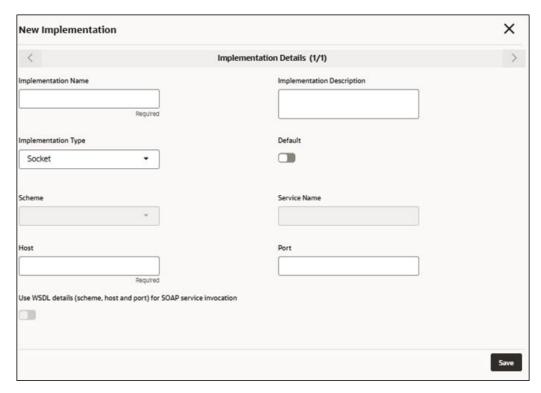
Figure 5-5 OIC



f. On New Implementation screen, for adding queue details manually, select the Implementation Type as Socket to define the queue details.

The **Socket** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-6 Socket



Authentication Details

If external product processor require authentication to connect to it, Oracle Banking Routing Hub provides standard authentication mechanism schemes like Basic, JWT Token, OAuth Token, SSO, Custom.





If there is no authentication, set the Authentication Type to NONE. For identity propagation, set the Authentication Type to SSO. The token is cached for JWT Token, OAUTH_Token authentication type, and OIC Implementation Type.

4. Click Next Step.

The **New Implementation - Authentication Details** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-7 New Implementation - Authentication Details



5. On New Implementation - Authentication Details screen, specify the fields.



Table 5-4 New Implementation - Implementation Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Туре	Select the type of authentication from drop-down list. The available options are: Basic JWT Token OAUTH Token SSO Custom



Table 5-4 (Cont.) New Implementation - Implementation Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Encryption	Select the toggle to encrypt user credentials.
	Note: This field is applicable only for JWT Token and OAUTH Token types.
	Note: This field depends on the value of api-gateway's property "EncryptionFlag" at provider end. For more information on property value, please refer to the Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Deployments section in Oracle Banking Microservices Platform Foundation Installation Guide.
Username	Specify the name of the user.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Password	Specify the password.
Consumer Service	Select the service which will be treated as custom authentication service. Note: Custom Authentication flag enabled consumer services are displayed

Headers

A provider implementation might require some standard headers to be passed along with the request. The user can specify the headers which are required by service endpoints but not present in swagger file.

Header step appears only if the Implementation Type is selected as Default or OIC.



Content-type header will be removed from Provider request if header value is NONE.

6. Click Next Step.

The New Implementation - Headers screen is displayed.

Figure 5-8 New Implementation - Headers



7. Specify the fields on the **New Implementation - Headers** screen.

Note:
The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 5-5 New Implementation - Headers - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the header.
Value	Specify the value of the header. Value can be hardcoded or velocity template.

Services

WSDL

The Web Services Description Language (WSDL) is an XML-based interface description language that is used for describing the functionality offered by a web service.

Both SSL and non-SSL WSDL URL are supported.

Context path can be modified for existing WSDL operations.



If there is a change in wsdl file, then same wsdl file need to be imported again to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

SWAGGER:

Swagger is an Interface Description Language for describing RESTful APIs expressed using JSON.

Currently, Swagger 2.0 and OpenAPI 3.0 both are supported.

Existing REST endpoints can also be modified or deleted.



If there is a change in swagger file, then same swagger file need to be imported again in order to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

OTHERS:

OTHERS option is selected for adding REST API details manually when provider does not have swagger file.

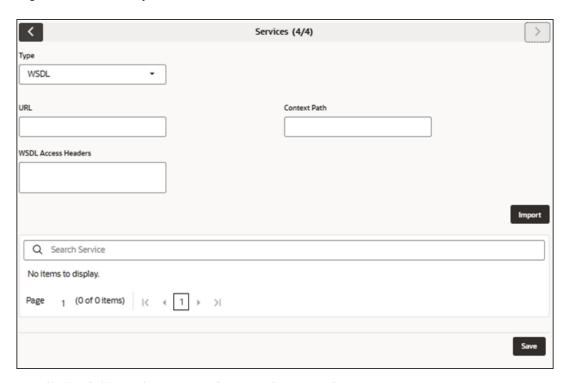


If there is a change in existing endpoint, then the same endpoint details can be modified using edit option.

8. Click Next Step.

The **New Implementation - Services** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-9 New Implementation - Services



Specify the fields on the New Implementation - Services screen.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.



Table 5-6 New Implementation - Services - Field Description

Field	Description
Service	The below fields appear only if the Implementation Type is selected as Default or OIC .
Туре	Select the type of service from drop-down list. The available options are: WSDL SWAGGER OTHERS
URL	Specify the service URL of the file location.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as WSDL and SWAGGER .
Content path Prefix	Context path of below formatted URL. http://host:port/context-path/endpointGateway
WSDL Access Headers	Specify the headers required for accessing / reading WSDL's.
Import	Click Import to extract the service information from URL and displays it in the Service list. Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as WSDL and SWAGGER.

a. On **New Implementation** screen, for adding REST endpoint details manually, select the **Type** as **Others** to define the endpoint details.

The **Endpoint Details** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-10 Endpoint Details



b. Specify the fields on **Endpoint Details** screen.

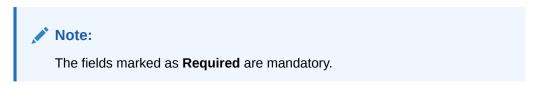


Table 5-7 Endpoint Details - Field Description

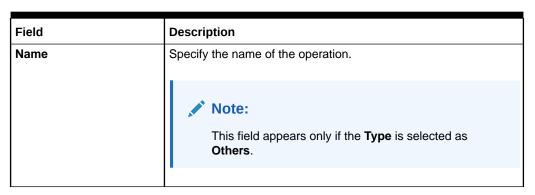


Table 5-7 (Cont.) Endpoint Details - Field Description

Field	Description
HTTP Method	Select the HTTP method from the drop-down list. The available options are: GET POST PUT PATCH DELETE
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .
Endpoint URL	Specify the endpoint URL for the operation.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .
Content Path	Context path of below formatted URL http://host:port/context-path/endpoint

c. Click Next Step.

The **Endpoint Headers** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-11 Endpoint Headers

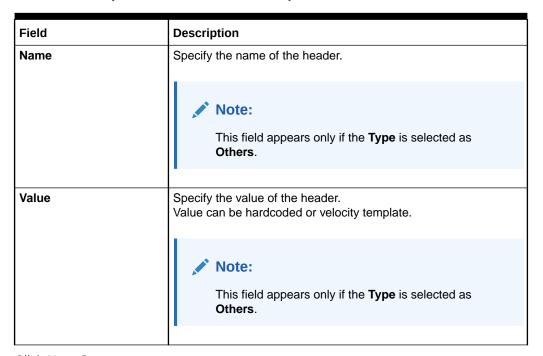


d. Specify the fields on **Endpoint Headers** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

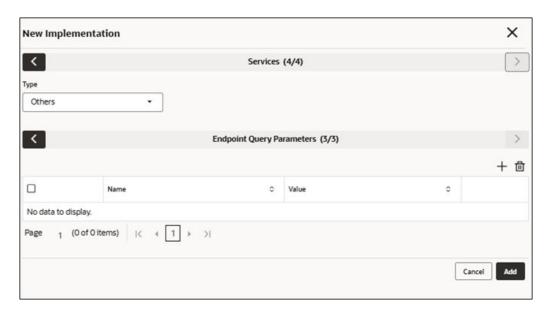
Table 5-8 Endpoint Headers - Field Description



e. Click Next Step.

The **Endpoint Query Parameters** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-12 Endpoint Query Parameters



5. Specify the fields on **Endpoint Query Parameters** screen.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 5-9 Endpoint Query Parameters - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the header.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .
Value	Specify the value of the header. Value can be hardcoded or velocity template.
	Note: This field appears only if the Type is selected as Others .

g. Click Add for adding it in service list.

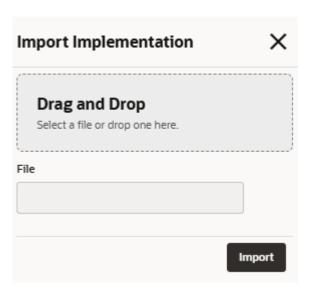
Import Implementation

The user can create an implementation by importing the JSON file. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).

10. On Implementation screen, click Import.

The Import Implementation screen is displayed.

Figure 5-13 Import Implementation



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 5-10 Import Implementation - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Click Select to select the file.
	Note: Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.

11. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

The below data needs to be changed after importing implementation configuration file:

- Implementation Host and Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

View / Edit Implementation

The user can view or modify implementation details.

12. On Implementation screen, click Edit icon .

The **Edit Implementation** screen is displayed.

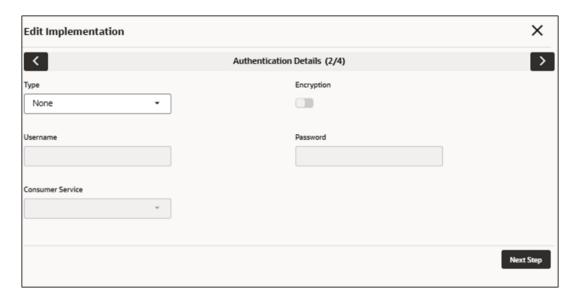
Edit Implementation X Implementation Details (1/4) Implementation Name Implementation Description Oracle_Provider_Default Default Implementation Implementation Type Default Default Eureka Instance Single Tenant Scheme Service Name http XXXX Host Port Use WSDL details (scheme, host and port) for SOAP service invocation Next Step

Figure 5-14 Edit Implementation - Implementation Details

13. Click Next Step.

The **Edit Implementation - Authentication Details** screen is displayed.

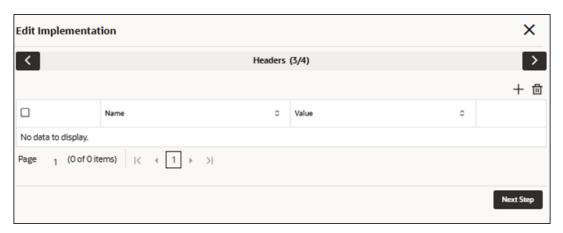
Figure 5-15 Edit Implementation - Authentication Details



14. Click Next Step.

The **Edit Implementation - Headers** screen is displayed.

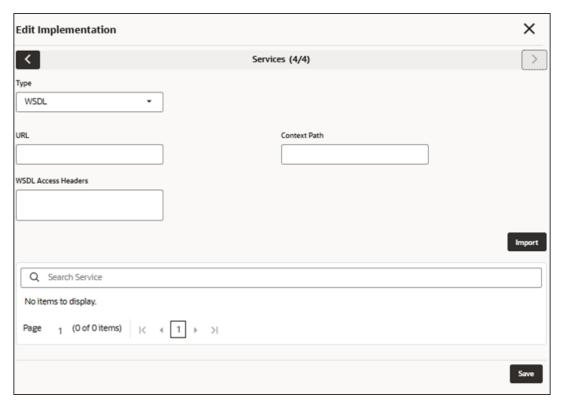
Figure 5-16 Edit Implementation - Headers



15. Click Next Step.

The **Edit Implementation - Services** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-17 Edit Implementation - Services



16. 7. Click **Save** to save the modified implementation details.

Delete Implementation

The user can delete the implementation details.

17. On Implementation screen, click Delete.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-18 Confirmation - Delete

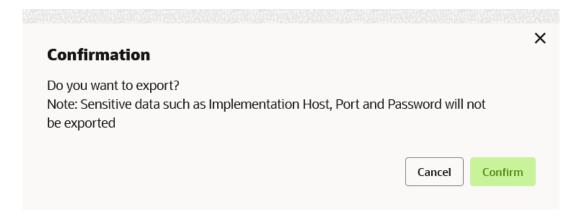


Export Implementation

The user can export the implementation configuration as JSON file.

18. On Implementation screen, click Operation menu (3 dots button) and click Export. The Confirmation screen is displayed.

Figure 5-19 Confirmation - Export Implementation



Below data cannot be exported:

- Implementation Host
- Implementation Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

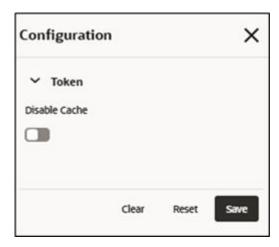
The above data needs to be configured manually after importing the configuration file. Same has been mentioned in Import section.

Configuration

End-user can configure the properties for failing the routing hub requests.

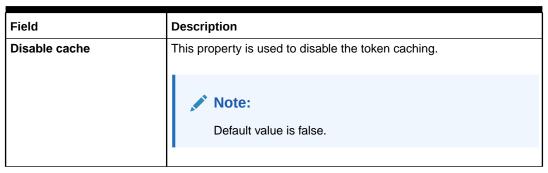
19. On **Implementation** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**. The **Configuration** screen is displayed.

Figure 5-20 Configuration



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

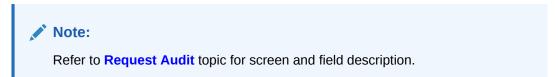
Table 5-11 Configuration - Field Description



Request Audit

20. On Implementation screen, click Operation menu (3 dots button) and click Request Audit.

The **Request Audit** screen is displayed.



Clear Cache

The user can clear the SOAP client cache.

21. On Implementation screen, click Operation menu (3 dots button) and click Clear Cache.

Consumer Services

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the consumer services.

Consumer Services specifies the service ID that is transmitted by the service consumer. It also handles transitions and route definitions, including the details for source integration.

1. On Service Consumers screen, click Consumer Services.

The Consumer Services screen is displayed.

Figure 6-1 Consumer Services



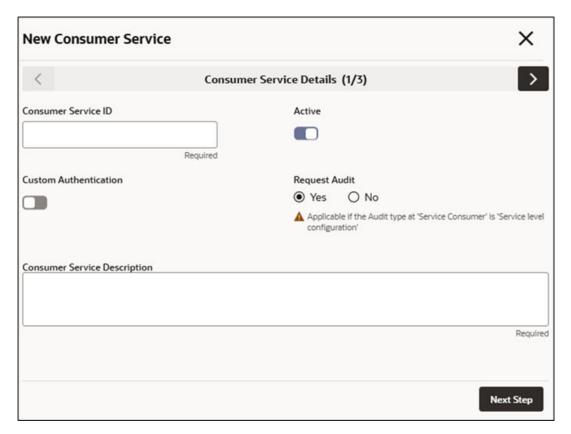
New Consumer Service

The user can create Consumer Service manually.

2. On Consumer Services screen, click New.

The New Consumer Service - Consumer Service Details screen is displayed.

Figure 6-2 New Consumer Service - Consumer Service Details



3. On New Consumer Service - Consumer Service Details screen, specify the fields.



Table 6-1 New Consumer Service - Consumer Service Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Consumer Service ID	Specify the ID of the consumer service.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Active	ON / OFF If this flag is toggled OFF, then all related routes will be stopped.
Custom Authentication	This flag is to mark the consumer service which can be used as custom authentication service in implementation.



Table 6-1 (Cont.) New Consumer Service - Consumer Service Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Request Audit Properties	Select the Audit option for the consumer service. The available options are: Yes-This option is for enabling the audit for consumer service. No-This option is for disabling the audit for consumer service.
	Note: This option is only applicable if Audit type at Service Consumer is Service level configuration
Consumer Service Description	Specify the description of the consumer service.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 1000 characters. No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.

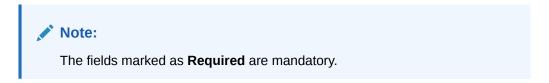
- 4. To add **Attributes**, follow the below steps.
 - a. Click Add icon.

The Attributes screen is displayed.

Figure 6-3 Attributes



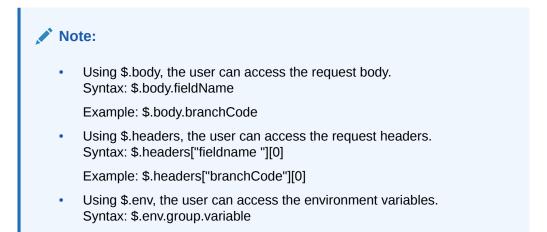
b. Specify the fields on **Add Attribute** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 6-2 Add Header - Field Description

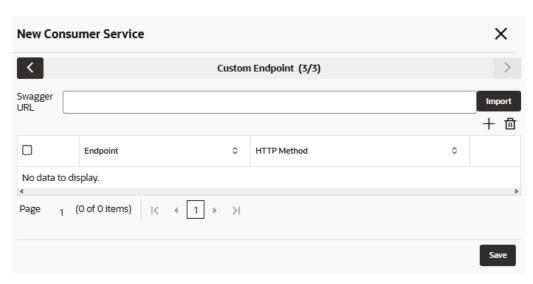
Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the attribute.
Value	Specify the value.



c. Click Next Step.

The **Custom Endpoint** screen is displayed.

Figure 6-4 Custom Endpoint



5. Click Save to save the details.

Import Consumer Service

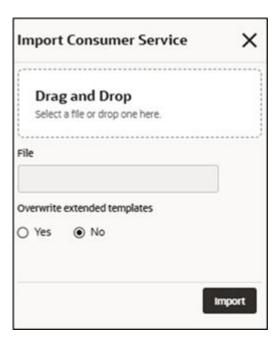
The user can create a consumer service by importing the JSON file.

The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).

On Consumer Services screen, click Import.

The **Import Service** screen is displayed.

Figure 6-5 Import Service



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 6-3 Import Service - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Select the file using Select button.
	Note: Allows only to select one file and accepts only JSON file.
Overwrite extended templates	Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates. The available options are: Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates. No - This option retains the existing extended templates.

7. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

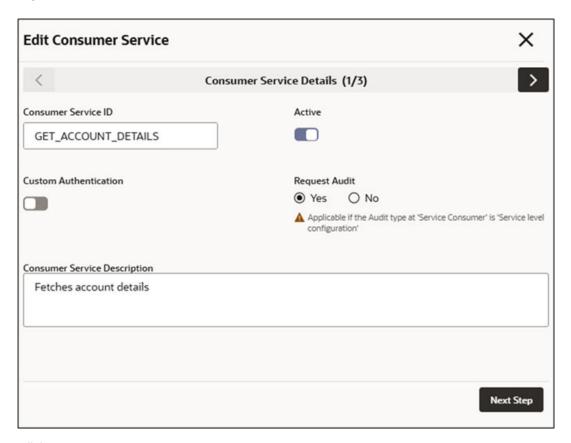
View / Edit Consumer Service

The user can view or modify consumer service details.

8. On Consumer Service tile, click View More, and click Edit Consumer Service.

The **Edit Consumer Service** screen is displayed.

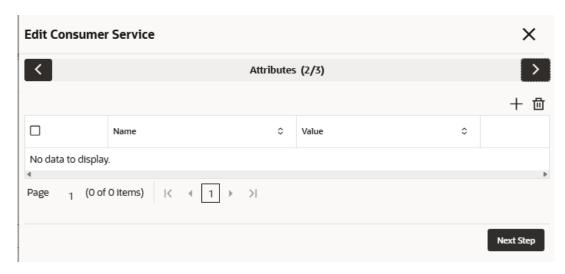
Figure 6-6 Edit Consumer Service



Click Next Step

The **Edit Consumer Service - Attributes** screen is displayed.

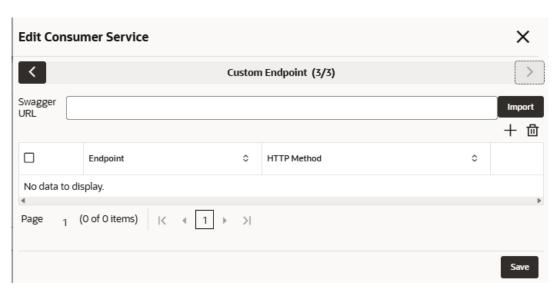
Figure 6-7 Edit Consumer Service - Attributes



10. Click Next Step

The Edit Consumer Service - Custom Endpoint screen is displayed.

Figure 6-8 Edit Consumer Service - Custom Endpoint



11. Click **Save** save the modified consumer service details.

Delete Consumer Service

The user can delete the consumer service.

12. On Consumer Service tile, click Delete.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 6-9 Confirmation



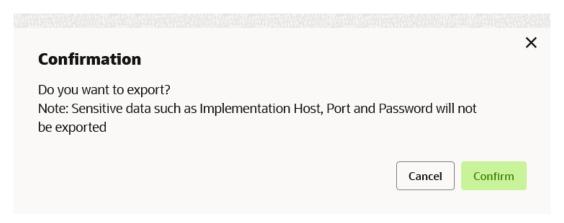
Export Consumer Service

The user can export the consumer service configuration as JSON file.

13. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Export**.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 6-10 Confirmation - Export



Consumer Service - Configuration

14. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**.

The **Configuration** screen is displayed.

Figure 6-11 Consumer Service - Configuration



15. Specify the fields on **Consumer Service - Configuration** screen.



Table 6-4 Consumer Service - Configuration - Field Description

Field	Description
Service level timeout	This property is used to override the global and provider timeout values.
	Note: Default value is false.
Connection Timeout	This property is used to set the timeout in making the initial connection i.e. connection handshake.
	Note: Value should be in milliseconds.
Read Timeout	This property is used to set the timeout on waiting to read data.
	Note: Value should be in milliseconds.



Refer to Configuration topic for the screen and field description of Route Shutdown properties.

Consumer Service - Request Audit

16. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request** Audit.

The **Request Audit** screen is displayed.



Refer to Request Audit topic for the screen and field description.

Transformation

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the transformation.

Transformation involves gathering and changing data from one source to another and back again. This process occurs within consumer services. It changes the data from the service consumer into a format suitable for the service provider.

1. On Consumer Services screen, click the required consumer service tile.

The **Transformation** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-1 Transformation



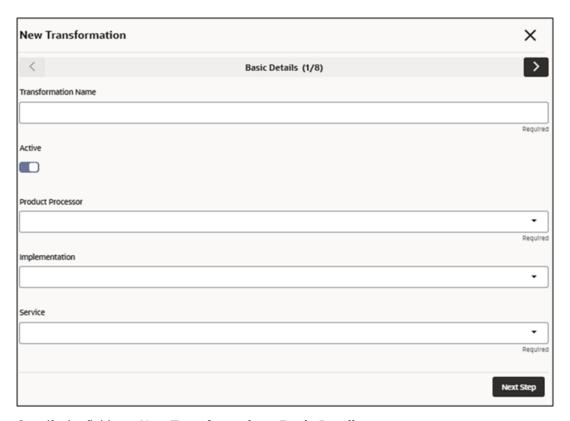
New Transformation

The user can create transformation manually.

2. On Transformation screen, click New.

The **New Transformation - Basic Details** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-2 New Transformation - Basic Details



3. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Basic Details** screen.



Table 7-1 New Transformation - Basic Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Transformation Name	Specify the name for the transformation.
	 Note: Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters. No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.
Active	ON / OFF If transformation is turned OFF, the user will be unable to choose transformation in routing.
Product Processor	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
Implementation	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.

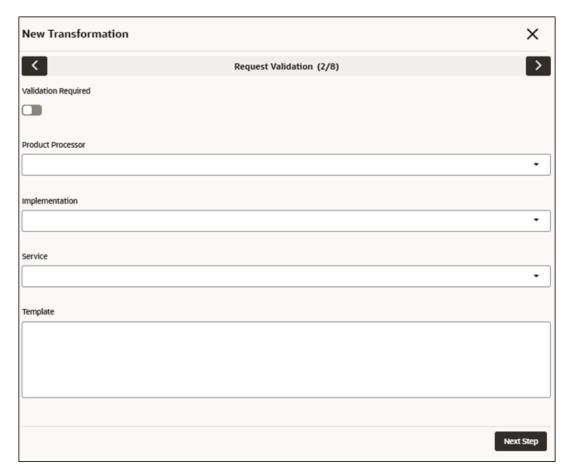


Table 7-1 (Cont.) New Transformation - Basic Details - Field Description

Field	Description
Service	Select the service from the drop-down list.
Service	Displays the service details of the selected service.
Operation	Displays the operation details of the selected service.

4. Click Next Step.

Figure 7-3 New Transformation - Request Validation



5. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Request Validation** screen.



Table 7-2 New Transformation - Request Validation - Field Description

Field	Description
Validation Required?	Select the toggle to enable the validation required for request.
	Note: Validation Model of Oracle Banking Pricing & Decision Service is only supported.
Product Processor	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
Implementation	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.
Service	Select the service from the drop-down list.
Template	Specify the template in which validation provider accepts.

The New Transformation - Request Headers screen is displayed.

Figure 7-4 New Transformation - Request Headers



7. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Request Headers** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 7-3 New Transformation - Request Headers - Field Description

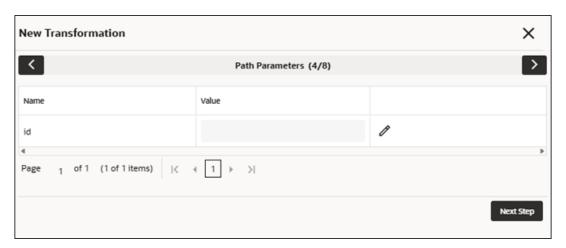
Field	Description
Name	A list of headers related to the chosen provider, implementation, and service is displayed. The user can only modify the header value.

Table 7-3 (Cont.) New Transformation - Request Headers - Field Description

Field	Description
Value	Displays the value of the headers. Value can be hardcoded value or velocity mapping.

The New Transformation - Path Parameters screen is displayed.

Figure 7-5 New Transformation - Path Parameters



9. Specify the fields on New Transformation - Path Parameters screen.

Note:
The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

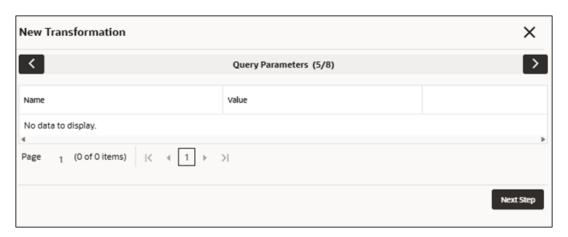
Table 7-4 New Transformation - Path Parameters - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	A list of path parameters related to the chosen service is displayed. User can only change the path parameter value.
Value	Displays the value of the headers. Value can be hardcoded value or velocity mapping.

10. Click Next Step.

The New Transformation - Query Parameters screen is displayed.

Figure 7-6 New Transformation - Query Parameters



11. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Query Parameters** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

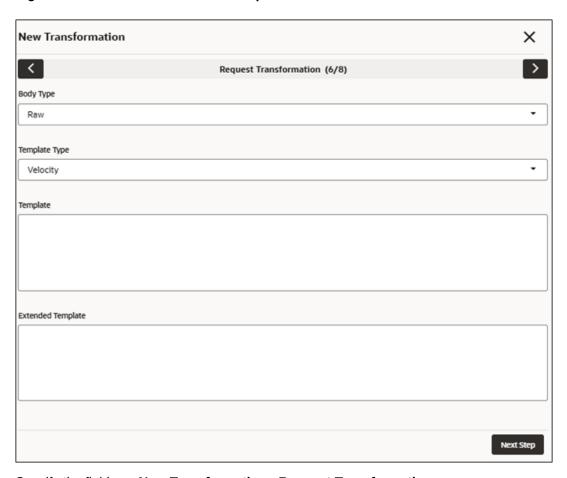
Table 7-5 New Transformation - Query Parameters - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	Query parameter list relevant to the selected service is displayed. User can only change the query parameter value.
Value	Displays the value of the headers. Value can be hardcoded value or velocity mapping.

12. Click Next Step.

The New Transformation - Request Transformation screen is displayed.

Figure 7-7 New Transformation - Request Transformation



13. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Request Transformation** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 7-6 New Transformation - Request Transformation - Field Description

Field	Description
Body Type	Select the body type for the Request Transformation from the drop-down list. The available options are: RAW FORM DATA BINARY
	Note: This field appears only if the selected service is REST service and RAW option is used for URL-encoded content type.
Template Type	Select the template type for the Request Transformation from the drop-down list. The available options are: VELOCITY JSLT XSLT
Template	Specify the template for the Request Transformation in which provider accepts. Refer to Transformation Type for syntax.
Extended Template	Specify the custom template in order to extend the kernel template. Refer to Extensibility and Transformation Type for syntax. Note: This field appears only if the Body Type is selected as RAW.

The New Transformation - Response Headers screen is displayed.

Figure 7-8 New Transformation - Response Headers



15. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Response Headers** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

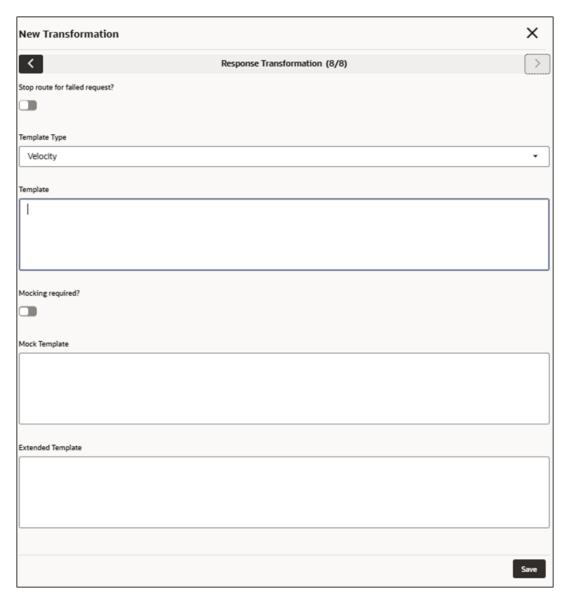
Table 7-7 New Transformation - Response Headers - Field Description

Field	Description
Name	User can specify the additional headers that are required to be part of Routing Hub response headers.
Value	Displays the value of the headers. Value can be hardcoded value or velocity mapping.

16. Click Next Step.

The New Transformation - Response Transformation screen is displayed.

Figure 7-9 New Transformation - Response Transformation



17. Specify the fields on **New Transformation - Response Transformation** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 7-8 New Transformation - Response Transformation - Field Description

Field	Description
Stop route for failed request	This property is used to handle response for failed request. Note: Only applicable for API chaining scenario.
Template Type	Select the template type for the Response Transformation from drop-down list. The available options are:
Template	Specify the kernel template in which consumer accepts. Refer to Transformation Type for syntax.
Mocking required?	Select the toggle if the mocking is required for the Response Transformation or not. If the toggle is ON , the Routing Hub will return the mocked template output (with extended template output if mentioned) to consumer without invoking provider API.
Mock Template	Specify the kernel template for the Response Transformation in which the consumer accepts. Refer Transformation Type for syntax.
Extended Template	Specify the custom template in order to extend the kernel template. Refer to Extensibility and Transformation Type for syntax.

18. Click **Save** to save the details.

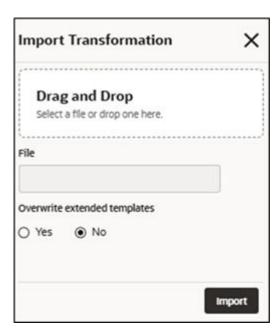
Import Transformation

The user can create a transformation by importing the JSON file. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).

19. On Transformation screen, click Import.

The **Import Transformation** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-10 Import Transformation



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 7-9 Import Transformation - Field Description

Field	Description
File	Select the file using Select button.
	Note: Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.
Overwrite extended templates	Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates. The available options are: Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates. No - This option retains the existing extended templates.

20. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

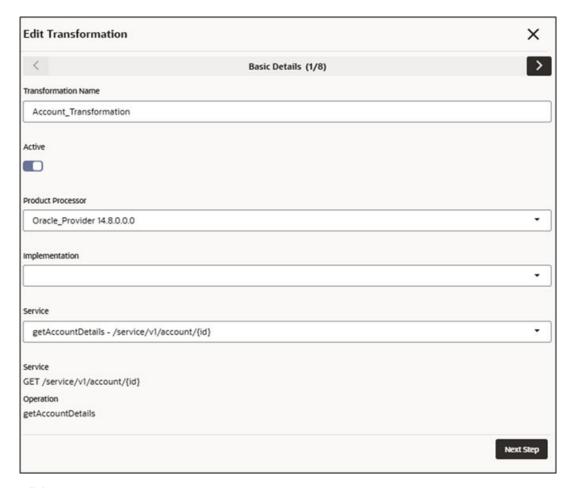
View / Edit Transformation

The user can view or more transformation details.

21. On Transformation list, click Edit.

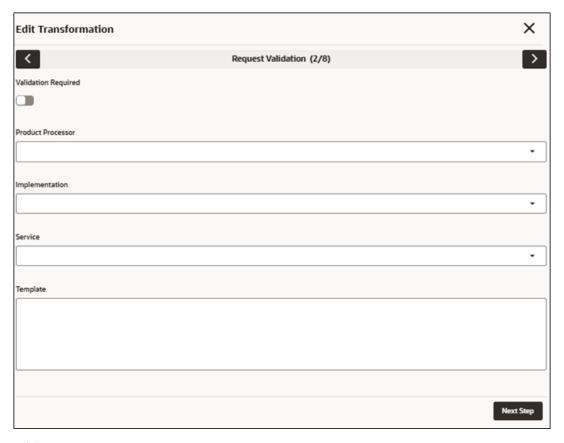
The Edit Transformation - Basic Details screen is displayed.

Figure 7-11 Edit Transformation - Basic Details



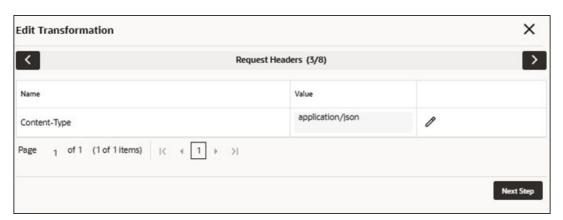
The **Edit Transformation - Request Validation** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-12 Edit Transformation - Request Validation



The **Edit Transformation - Request Headers** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-13 Edit Transformation - Request Headers



24. Click Next Step.

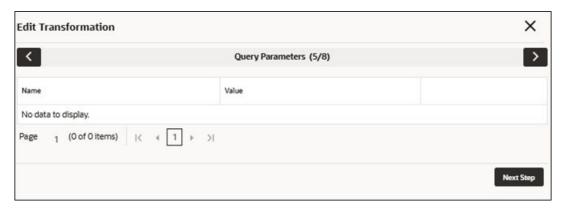
The **Edit Transformation - Path Parameters** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-14 Edit Transformation - Path Parameters



The Edit Transformation - Query Parameters screen is displayed.

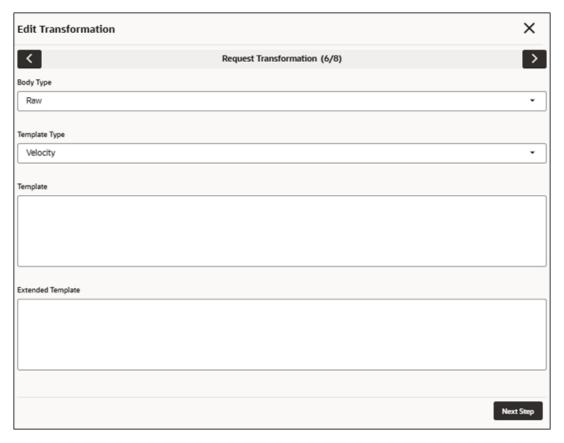
Figure 7-15 Edit Transformation - Query Parameters



26. Click Next Step.

The **Edit Transformation - Request Transformation** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-16 Edit Transformation - Request Transformation



The Edit Transformation - Response Headers screen is displayed.

Figure 7-17 Edit Transformation - Response Headers



28. Click Next Step.

The Edit Transformation - Response Transformation screen is displayed.

× **Edit Transformation** > < Response Transformation (8/8) Stop route for failed request? Template Type Velocity • Mocking required? Mock Template Extended Template

Figure 7-18 Edit Transformation - Response Transformation

29. Click Save to save the modified transformation details.

Delete Transformation

The user can delete the transformation.

30. On Transformation list, click Delete.

The **Confirmation - Delete** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-19 Confirmation - Delete

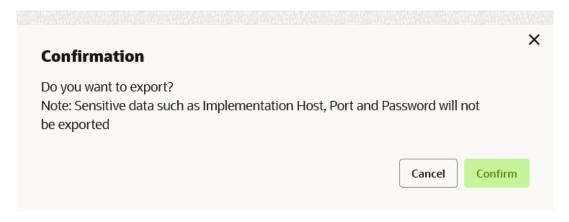


Export Transformation

The user can export the transformation configuration as JSON file.

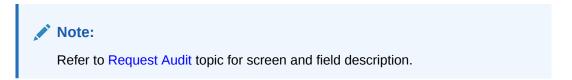
31. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Export**. The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 7-20 Confirmation - Export



Request Audit

32. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**. The **Request Audit** screen is displayed.



Routing

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the routing.

Routing does not establish any specific rules or configurations based on rules. Instead, it determines which service provider receives the actual request by considering maintenance and assessment factors.

1. On Consumer Services screen, click Routing.

The **Routing** screen is displayed.

Figure 8-1 Routing



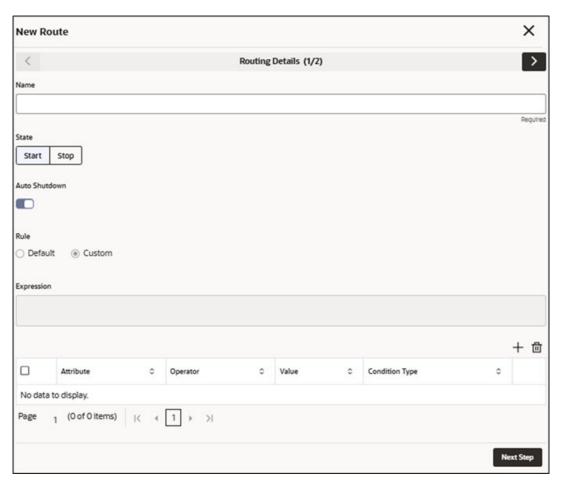
New Route

The user can create routing manually.

On Routing screen, click New.

The New Route - Routing Details screen is displayed.

Figure 8-2 New Route - Routing Details



3. On New Route - Routing Details screen, specify the fields.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 8-1 New Route - Routing Details - Field Description

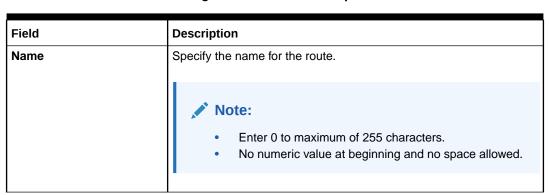




Table 8-1 (Cont.) New Route - Routing Details - Field Description

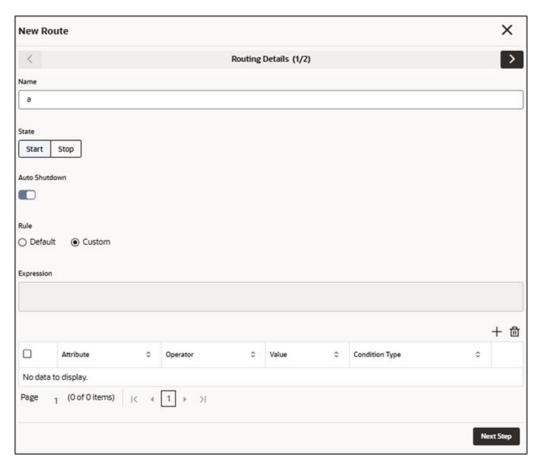
Field	Description
State	Start / Stop If routing is marked as STOP, then consumer request fails at routing hub level only.
Auto Shutdown	ON / OFF If the AutoShutdown flag is activated, the route state will switch to STOP if the route failure exceeds the allowed threshold limit set by the monitoring and alert configuration.
Rule Type	Select the rule type. The available options are: Default Rule Custom Rule
Expression Editor	Displays the expression that is formed through expression editor.

Add Custom Rule using Expression Attributes

- 4. To add rule, follow the below steps.
 - a. On New Route screen, click Custom button.

The **Expression Editor** screen is displayed.

Figure 8-3 Expression Editor



b. Specify the fields on **Expression Editor** screen.



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 8-2 Expression Editor - Field Description

Field	Description
Attribute	Select consumer service attribute from drop-down list.
Operator	Select the logical operators to form an expression from drop-down list.
Value	Specify the value. Note: Enter 0 to 255 characters.
Condition Type	Select the condition type from drop-down list.



String values must be enclosed in single quotes ('). For example: 'abc'. List values should be separated by commas and also enclosed in single quotes ('). For example: 'abc,xyz,1.23,true'. Environment variables can also be accessed using \$env.

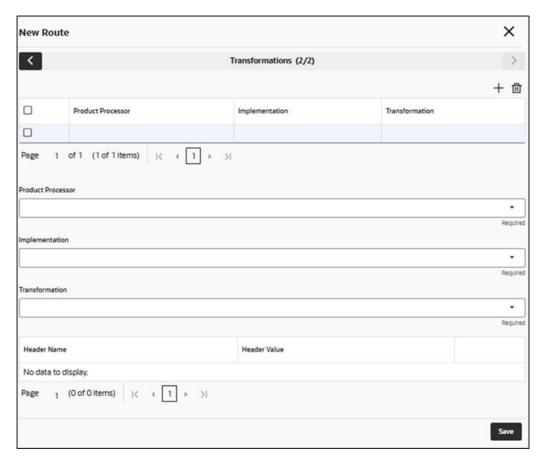
Transformations

Users can set a series of transformations for each routing to determine how a request is handled. The order of transformations in the list can be modified using a drag-and-drop feature.

- **5.** To add **Transformations**, follow the below steps.
 - a. On New Route screen, click Add icon.

The **Transformations** screen is displayed.

Figure 8-4 Transformations



b. Specify the fields on **Transformations** screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 8-3 Transformations - Field Description

Field	Description
Product Processor	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
Implementation	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.
Transformation	Select the transformation from the drop-down list.

- c. Specify the header values if required.
- 6. Click Save to save the details.

Edit Route

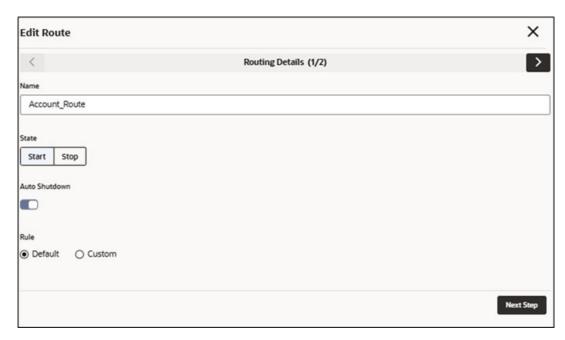
The user can modify the routing details.

7. On Routing screen, click Edit icon.

The **Edit Route** screen is displayed.



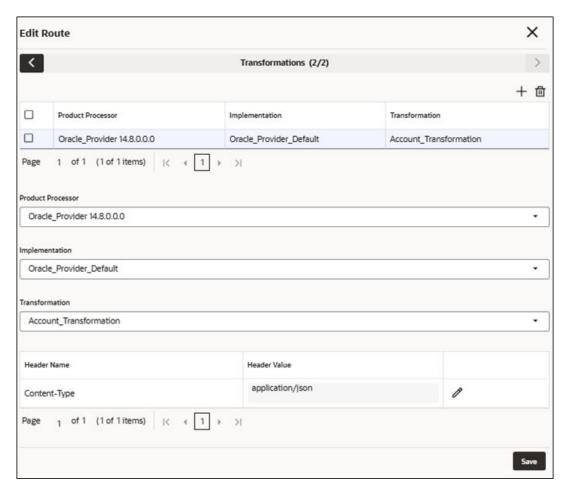
Figure 8-5 Edit Route



The **Edit Route - Transformations** screen is displayed.



Figure 8-6 Edit Route - Transformations



9. Click **Save** to save the modified transformation details.

Delete Route

The user can delete the routing details.

10. On Routing screen, click Delete.

The **Confirmation** screen is displayed.

Figure 8-7 Confirmation - Delete



11. Click **Confirm** to delete the selected routing.

Configuration



12. On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**. The **Configuration** screen is displayed.



Refer to Configuration topic for screen and field description.

Routing - Request Audit

13. On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**. The **Request Audit** screen is displayed.



Refer to Request Audit topic for screen and field description.



9

Chaining

This topic provides the information about chaining of the transformation.

The end-user can define the sequence of transformations for each routing in which the request needs to be processed.

Chaining can be achieved by using the snapshot list. The snapshot list stores the response body and response headers whenever the transformation is processed. Therefore, the enduser can access the response body or headers of all processed transformations at any stage.

Syntax: \$snapshot.get(index).body or \$snapshot.get(index).headers



\$body and \$headers refers to the response body and headers of previous step.

Figure 9-1 Chaining

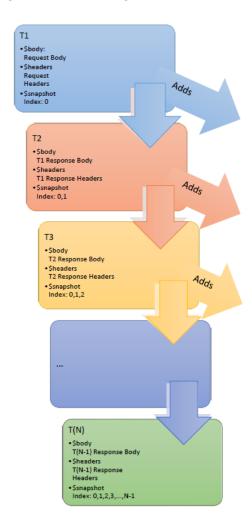


Table 9-1 Snapshot List

Index	Body	Headers
0	Request Body	Request Headers
1	T1 Response Body	T1 Response Headers
2	T2 Response Body	T2 Response Headers
3	T3 Response Body	T3 Response Headers
N-1	T(N-1) Response Body	T(N-1) Response Headers



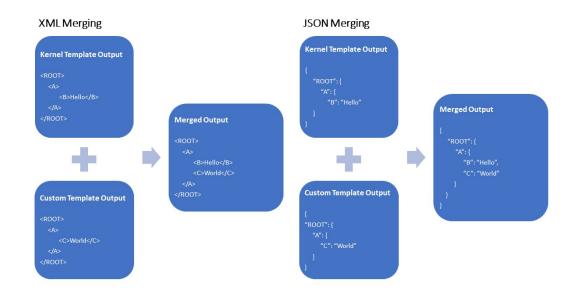
Template Extensibility

Template Extensibility in Routing Hub refers to template extensibility and is achieved by specifying the extended templates for request and response kernel transformation templates. And as part of extensibility, Routing Hub merges the output of kernel template and custom template in terms of JSON / XML merging.

In case of request, Routing Hub will send the merged output as request payload to provider.

In case of response, Routing Hub will return the merged output as response back to consumer

Figure 10-1 Extensibility - Example



Note:

Order of existing elements in custom template should be same as kernel template.

XML merging attributes

10.1 XML merging attributes

This topic contains the following subtopics:

- Identity Matcher
- Skip Matcher

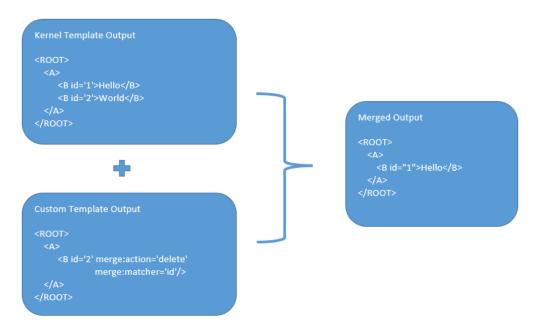
- Override Action
- Complete Action
- Replace Action
- Preserve Action
- Delete Action

10.1.1 Identity Matcher

Matcher attribute must be used when merge action has to be performed for specific element.

Syntax: merge:matcher='<ATTRIBUTE_NAME>'

Figure 10-2 Identity Matcher

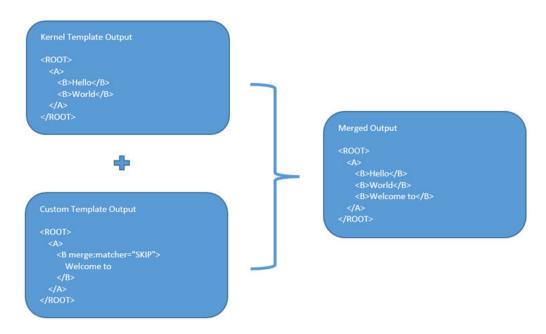


10.1.2 Skip Matcher

Skip matcher strategy is used to insert the elements forcefully without matching the original element and patch element.

Syntax: merge:action='SKIP'

Figure 10-3 Skip Matcher

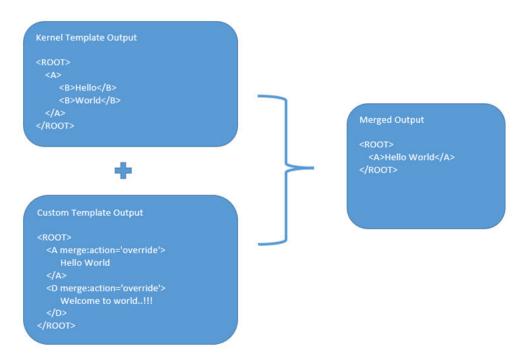


10.1.3 Override Action

Replaces the original element with the patch element only if it exists in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: merge:action='override'

Figure 10-4 Override Action

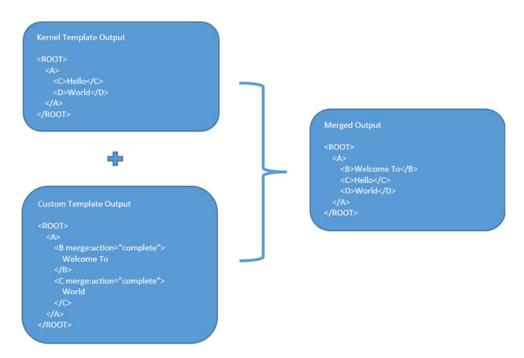


10.1.4 Complete Action

Copies the patch element only if it does not exist in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: merge:action='complete'

Figure 10-5 Complete Action

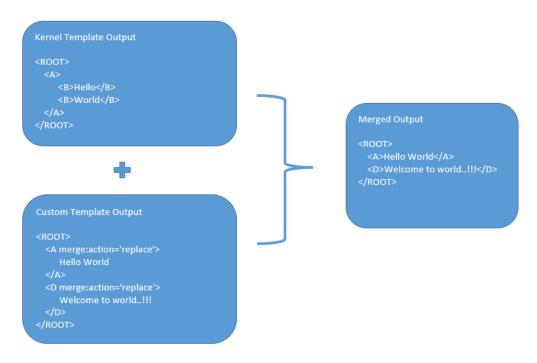


10.1.5 Replace Action

Replaces the original element with the patch element or creates the element if it does not exist in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: merge:action='replace'

Figure 10-6 Replace Action

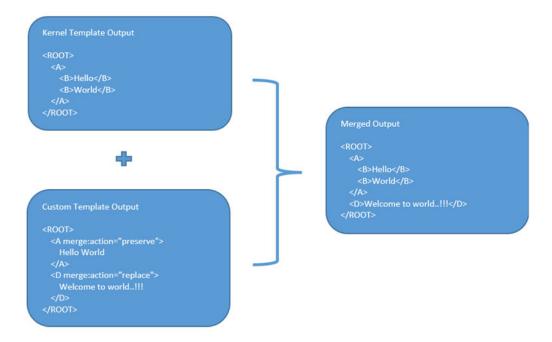


10.1.6 Preserve Action

No replace action is performed on the original element.

Syntax: merge:action='preserve'

Figure 10-7 Preserver Action

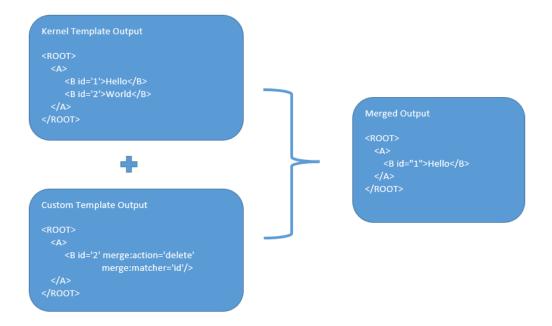


10.1.7 Delete Action

Deletes the original element.

Syntax: merge:action='delete'

Figure 10-8 Delete Action





11

Audit Purging / Archiving

Purging/Archiving of audit data is done on the basis of retention policy.

This process uses plato-batch-server for Job execution.

The following steps are required to schedule purging/archiving job (routingHubAuditRetentionJob) once cmc-obrh-services and plato-batch-server is UP and RUNNING:

- On Home screen, click Task Management. Under Task Management menu, click Configure Tasks.
- 2. Select Schedule option.
- Select Task Name as routingHubAuditRetentionJob and Task Trigger Name will be generated automatically.
- 4. Specify the CRON expression to daily EOD.

In order to resolve table space issue of Audit table (CMC_RH_AUDIT_EVENT_LOG), Database Management Team has to configure database job which should be triggered after routingHubAuditRetentionJob. This database job can be redefining the table (DBMS_REDEFINITION) after purging/archiving is done or other approach. So, the unused LOB segment space can be released. And in order to resolve table space issue of Audit history table (CMC_RH_AUDIT_EVENT_LOG_HISTORY), Database Management Team has to configure database job to truncate table periodically basis.

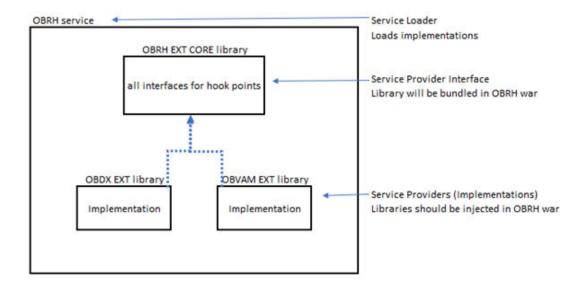


Hookpoints

Service Provider Interface (SPI) mechanism is used to make Routing Hub more extensible. SPI provides an option to extend interfaces without modifying the core application. All we need to do is provide a new implementation of the service that follows certain rules and plug it into the application.

Using the SPI mechanism, the application will load the new implementation and work with it.

Figure 12-1 Hookpoints



Below steps to follow for specifying implementation:

- Extract the "cmc-obrh-ext-core-x.y.z.jar" (Extension Core) library from "cmc-obrh-service-x.y.z.war" artifact.
- Create library by consuming extension core library of Routing Hub.
- Specify the required implementations.
- In order to get it discovered, provider configuration file has to be created under "META-INF" as below:

Figure 12-2 META-INF



Here, file name will be "PackageName.InterfaceName".

Specify the implementation in above file as below:

Figure 12-3 Implementation



Here, file name will be "PackageName.InterfaceName".

- Inject the implementation library in "cmc-obrh-service-x.y.z.war" artifact.
- Available Interfaces

12.1 Available Interfaces

VelocityMethodExtension

This interface is for using existing client-specific logic in velocity templates.

In order to use it in velocity templates, processInput method needs to be called.

Syntax: \$custom.processInput(String implementationName, Object... args)

Here, implementationName is mandatory if multiple implementations are present.

SoapOutInterceptorExtension

This interface is for processing the unmarshalled message data.



During PRE_LOGICAL and PRE_LOGICAL ENDING phases, the interceptions will be made automatically if the implementation is present.

SocketMessageHandlerExtension

This interface is for manipulating inbound and outbound socket messages.

Currently, supported socket implementations are Netty and JAVA socket and supported message types are string and hexstring.



Multipart Request

This topic provides the sample template for the multipart request

Example 13-1 Multipart Request

```
{
    "key": "file",
    "type": "FILE",
    "value": "$body.files.get(0).file"
},
    {
    "key": "name",
    "type": "TEXT",
    "value": "$body.name.get(0).content"
}
```

URL Encoded Request

This topic provides the sample template for url encoded request.

Example 14-1 URL Encoded Request

```
"client_id": "am9obg",
    "client_secret": "am9obmRvZQ"
}
```



Body type should be RAW.



Configuration

This topic describes the systematic instructions to perform the configuration.

End-user can configure the properties w.r.t. monitoring, alert and export.

End-user can configure the same at System level and granular levels such as Consumer, Consumer Service and Routing.

The **Configuration** screen contains the following sections.

- Monitoring It has the features required by the breaker to store and aggregate the result
 of calls.
- Alert It has the features required for transitioning circuit breaker.
- **Email Alert** It has the feature required for mail notification.
- **Export** It has the properties that are required for exporting the configuration JSON and will be visible at system level only.

Specify User ID and Password, and login to Home screen.

- On Home screen, click Core Maintenance. Under Core Maintenance, click Routing Hub.
- 2. Under Routing Hub, click Configuration.

The Configuration screen displays.

Figure 15-1 Configuration



3. On **Configuration** screen, specify the fields.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 15-1 Configuration - Field Description

Field	Description	
Window Type	Select the type of the window. The available options are: Count: The count-based sliding window aggregates the outcome of the last N calls (Window Size). Time: The time-based sliding window aggregates the outcome of the calls of the last N seconds (Window Size).	
Window Size	Specify the window size to record the outcome of the calls when the circuit breaker is closed. • For Count window type, The window size is N calls. • For Time window type, The window size has N seconds.	
Minimum number of calls	Specify the minimum number of calls. For example, if the minimum required number of calls is 10, you need to record at least 10 calls before you can determine the failure rate. If only nine calls are logged, the circuit breaker will not switch to open, even if all nine calls are unsuccessful.	
Failure rate threshold	Specify the failure rate threshold in percentage. If the failure rate meets or exceeds the threshold, the breaker opens and begins to short-circuit calls.	
Email Addresses	Specify the E-mail address. The user can use semi-colon to add more email addresses. Once the failure rate crosses the Failure rate threshold , a mail is sent to the end-user about the event.	
Mark data as factory shipped	Select the toggle to mark the exported configuration JSON as factory shipped JSON. The end-user will not be able to modify or delete the certain data once imported. By default, the toggle is OFF.	
Allow data masking	Turn on the toggle to hide sensitive information in request audit messages.	
Regex patterns	Specify the regex patterns for identification of sensitive fields. Note: You can group values by using a sub-pattern that is placed inside parentheses ().	

Example:

Table 15-2 Configuration - Field Entry Values

Field	Entry Values
Window Type	Count
Window Size	20
Minimum number of calls	10
Failure rate Threshold	50%

Configured properties will result as below:

After 10 (minimum number of calls) calls, routing would get shutdown if 50% (failure rate) of almost last 20 (window size) calls have failed. If the email address property is configured, then the end-user is notified as well.

- 4. Click Clear to clear all the specified details.
- Click Reset to reset the details.
- 6. Click **Save** to save all the details.



Request Audit - Log

This topic describes the systematic instructions to check the audit log in Oracle Banking Routing Hub.

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

- 1. On Home screen, click Core Maintenance. Under Core Maintenance, click Routing Hub.
- 2. Under Routing Hub, click Request Audit.

The Request Audit - Log screen displays.

Figure 16-1 Request Audit - log



3. Specify the fields on Request Audit - log screen.



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 16-1 Request Audit - log - Field Description

Field	Description	
Request ID	Specify the request ID.	
Consumer	Specify the consumer.	
Consumer Service	Specify the consumer service.	
Provider	Specify the provider.	
Provider Implementation	Specify the provider implementation.	
Provider Service	Specify the provider service.	
Transformation	Specify the transformation name.	
Route	Specify the route.	
User ID	Specify the user ID.	

Table 16-1 (Cont.) Request Audit - log - Field Description

Field	Description	
Reference Number	Specify the reference number to track the requests audit.	
	Note: To track by reference number, one has to pass rhreference-no header in routing hub request	
Status	Status field indicates the outcome of the routing hub request with values indicating SUCCESS, FAILURE, or PENDING.	
	 Note: SUCCESS signifies that the request was completed successfully. FAILURE signifies that the request was unsuccessful. PENDING signifies that the request is being processed. 	

- 4. Click the **Search** button to fetch the request audit details.
- Click on the Request ID to view the step-by-step execution of request audit details.The Request Audit Details screen displays.

Figure 16-2 Request Audit Details



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 16-2 Request Audit Details - Field Description

Field	Description	
Request ID	Displays the selected request ID.	
OBRH Request	Displays the status of Routing Hub request.	
Provider Request	Displays the status of provider request.	
Provider Response	Displays the status of provider response.	
OBRH Response	Displays the status of Routing Hub response.	
Timestamp	Displays the date and time.	
Message	Displays the message.	



Monitoring Dashboard

Monitoring dashboard has been provided to System integrators and IT administrators to review the health of the integrations. It displays data using different type of widgets to help users to assess the performance of integrations and identify the areas that requires attention.

This dashboard requires 'routingHubAuditSummaryJob' job to be executed periodically using plato-batch-server.

TBelow are steps to schedule the job once cmc-obrh-services and plato-batch-server is UP and RUNNING:

- On Home screen, click Task Management. Under Task Management menu, click Configure Tasks.
- 2. Select Schedule option.
- Select Task Name as routingHubAuditRetentionJob and Task Trigger Name will be generated automatically.
- Specify the CRON expression to daily EOD.

To resolve table space issue of Audit summary table, (CMC_RH_AUDIT_SUMMARY), Database Management Team has to configure database job to truncate table periodically basis.



Monitoring Dashboard will not be available if audit logs are turned off.

 On Home screen, click Core Maintenance. Under Core Maintenance menu, click Routinh Hub. Under Routing Hub, click Monitoring Dashboard

Figure 17-1 Monitoring Dashboard



- Number of Consumers: This widget displays total number of consumers configured in the Oracle Banking Routing Hub.
- **Consumer Service Calls:** This widget displays total number of consumer services requested during chosen period.
- Average Time (End to End): This widget displays the average time (in seconds) taken to process successful requests, during chosen period.
- Success Rate: This widget provides an indicator of how many successful requests were made during chosen period.
- Consumers by Calls (Top 10): This widget provides a graphical display of the top 10 consumers based on requests they have made during chosen period. A link on the bar graph is provided to view further details of the Consumer.
- Service Providers with Maximum Time (Bottom 10): This widget provides a graphical display of bottom 10 providers based on the time taken to process requests, during s chosen period.
- Service Providers with Maximum Failures (Bottom 10): This widget provides a graphical display of bottom 10 providers based on failed requests, during s chosen period.

Consumer Page

The End-user can navigate to this page by either using the filter option provided on the landing page or by clicking on specific consumer service in "Consumer Service by Calls (Top 10)" chart.



Figure 17-2 Consumer Page

This page displays following information:

- Number of Providers: This widget displays the total number of service providers configured in Oracle Banking Routing Hub for the selected consumer.
- **Consumer Service Calls:** This widget displays total number of consumer services requested by the selected consumer during chosen period.

- Average Time (End to End): This widget displays the average time (in seconds) taken to
 process successful requests made by the selected consumer, during chosen period.
- Success Rate: This widget provides an indicator of how many successful requests were made by the selected consumer during chosen period.
- Consumer Services by Calls (Top 10): This widget provides a graphical display of the top 10 consumers Services during chosen period. A link on the bar graph is provided to view further details of the Consumer Service.
- Service Providers by Calls (Top 10): Shows top 10 service providers based on the maximum requests which are requested chosen period.
- Service Providers with Maximum Time (Bottom 10): Shows bottom 10 providers based on the maximum time taken to process successful requests which are requested during chosen period.
- Service Providers with Maximum Failures (Bottom 10): Shows bottom 10 providers based on the maximum number of failed requests which are requested during chosen period.

Consumer Service Page

The End-user can navigate to this page by either using the filter option provided on the landing page or by clicking on specific consumer service in "Consumer Service by Calls (Top 10)" chart.

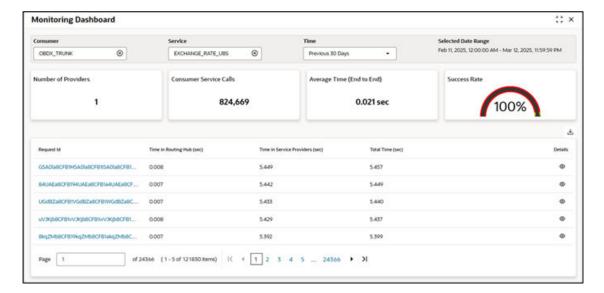


Figure 17-3 Consumer Service Page

- **Number of Providers:** This widget displays total number of service providers to which this request is routed to complete the integration.
- Consumer Service Calls: This widget displays total number of consumer services made during chosen period.
- Average Time (End to End): This widget displays the average time taken to process successful requests made during chosen period.
- Success Rate: Shows the percentage of successful requests which are made during chosen period.

• Request Details: The table displays the list of requests which are requested during chosen period. Following are the details which are provided for each request.

Component Name	Component Type	
Request Id	This is system generated reference number for each request. Click on the Request Id displays audit log information of the request.	
Time in Routing Hub (Sec)	This field displays the time taken by Routing Hub (in seconds) to route the request between Consumer Service and Providers.	
Time in Service Providers (Sec)	This field displays the total time taken by Service provides (in seconds) to process the request.	
Total Time (Sec)	This field displays the total time to process the request	
Provider Service	Text box	
Details	Displays the tabular view of the time taken by individual providers (in case of chaining of the request)	

End-user can view request details by clicking on Request Id.

Figure 17-4 Request Audit Details



Component Name	Comments	
Number of Providers	Shows total number of service providers.	
Consumer Service Calls	Shows total number of consumer services requested during selected time.	
Average Time (End to End)	Shows the average time taken to process successful requests which are requested during selected time.	
Success Rate	Shows the percentage of successful requests which are requested during selected time.	
Request Audit	Shows list of requests which are requested during selected time.	

Transformation Type

This topic provides the information about the transformation types.

Velocity

Velocity is a Java-based template engine. It is used to generate XML files, SQL, PostScript, and most other text-based formats.

Note:

In Routing Hub, velocity is used to generate JSON and XML files.

Using \$body, user can access request/response body.

Syntax: \$body.fieldName

Example: \$body.branchCode

Using \$headers, user can access request/response headers.

Syntax: \$headers["fieldName"][0]

Example: \$headers["branchCode"][0]

Using **\$bodyAsString**, user can access response body as string.

Syntax: \$bodyAsString

- Below are some available extension methods:
 - Date Conversion

Syntax: \$dateUtil.convert(inputDate, fromPattern, toPattern)

Parameters:

- inputDate String
- fromPattern String
- toPattern String

Returns: String

Refer to https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html for different patterns

Default Value

Syntax: \$custom.defaultValue(inputValue, defaultValue)

Parameters:

- inputValue Object
- * defaultValue String

Returns: Object

Null Check

Syntax: \$custom.isNull(inputValue)

Parameters:

inputValue - Object

Returns: Boolean
Random Number

Syntax: \$mathUtil.getRandom()

Returns: Object of Random class (java.util.Random)

Xml Tool

Syntax: \$xml.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/XmlTool.html

Date Tool

Syntax: \$date.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/DateTool.html

Json Tool

Syntax: \$json.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/JsonTool.html

Math Tool

Syntax: \$math.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/MathTool.html

Number Tool

Syntax: \$number.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/NumberTool.html

Escape Tool

Syntax: \$esc.methodName()

Refer to https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/EscapeTool.html

Serialization of object into its equivalent Json representation

Syntax: \$custom.toJson(src)

Parameters:

src - Object

Returns: String

Get additional field's value based on fieldname

Syntax: \$custom.getFieldValueById(jsonString, fieldname)

Parameters:

jsonString – String

fieldname - String

Returns: String

Get list of additional fields based on fieldname prefix

Syntax: \$custom.getAdditionalFieldSetByType(jsonString,prefixval)

Parameters:

* jsonString - String

prefixval - String

Returns: String

 This method is for parsing XML string Syntax: \$custom.parseXml(xmlString)

Parameters:

xmlString - String

Returns: Object

This method is for parsing JSON string
 Syntax: \$custom.parseJson(jsonString)

Parameters:

jsonString - String

Returns: Object

• If issue occurred with hyphen in velocity template of Request or Response Transformation, then use get method.

Example:

XSLT

XSLT is a language for transforming XML documents into other XML documents, or other formats such as HTML for web pages, plain text or XSL formatting objects, which may subsequently be converted to other formats, such as PDF, PostScript and PNG.



In Routing Hub, XSLT is used to transform arbitrary XML to JSON.

JSLT

JSLT is a complete query and transformation language for JSON.

Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM Arguments

This topic provides information about Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM arguments.

Common Core Managed Server

Table 19-1 CMC-OBRH-SERVICE

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-services.server.port	-	<server_port></server_port>
cmc-obrh-services.server.port	-	<server_port></server_port>
obrh.db.jndi	-	<cmncore_jndi></cmncore_jndi>
cmc-obrh-services.oic.secretStore.url	-	<oic_secret_store_url></oic_secret_store_url>
cmc-obrh-services.audit.retention.days	-	<audit_retention_policy_days></audit_retention_policy_days>
cmc-obrh- services.audit.retention.archival	-	Y / N (Y for archiving and N for purging)

Table 19-2 Enable and configure connection pooling for REST calls

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.rest.connectionpool.enabled	false	true / false
obrh.rest.connectionpool.totalConnectionCount	20	<pool_total_conn_count></pool_total_conn_count>
obrh.rest.connectionpool.maxConnectionCountPerRoute	2	<pool_max_conn_per_route></pool_max_conn_per_route>
obrh.rest.connectionpool.timeToLive.ms	-1	<pool_ttl></pool_ttl>

Table 19-3 Receive routing failure mail notification via plato-alerts-managementservice

Parameter	Default	Values
obrh.alerts.enabled	false	true / false

Table 19-4 Change approach for auditing

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.audit.type	KAFKA	DEFAULT / KAFKA / JMS / LOG / OFF
		For KAFKA option, cmc-obrh-kafka-consumer service needs to be deployed.
		For JMS option, cmc-obrh-jms-consumer service needs to be deployed.

Table 19-4 (Cont.) Change approach for auditing

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.audit.type.log.event	NONE	DISPATCH_REQUEST / DISPATCH_RESPONSE / ROUTE_INVOKE_START / ROUTE_INVOKE_FAILURE / TRANSFORMATION_TEMPLATE_EVAL UATION_START / TRANSFORMATION_TEMPLATE_EVAL UATION_END / TRANSFORMATION_EXTENDED_TEM PLATE_EVALUATION_START / TRANSFORMATION_EXTENDED_TEM PLATE_EVALUATION_EXTENDED_TEM PLATE_EVALUATION_EXTENDED_TEM PLATE_EVALUATION_END / PROVIDED_SERVICE_REQUEST / PROVIDED_SERVICE_RESPONSE
		This property is used to specify the events (comma-separated values) for which CLOB data needs to be logged and only considered if obrh.audit.type is LOG

Table 19-5 Overwrite the customization that is not part of configuration json

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.import.overwrite	false	true / false

Table 19-6 Use Custom Keystore and Truststore for HTTPS scheme

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.keystore.password.encoded	-	true / false
		(true, if password is base 64 encoded)
obrh.truststore.path	-	<truststore_path></truststore_path>
obrh.truststore.password	-	<truststore_password></truststore_password>
obrh.usekeystore	-	true / false
		(true, if keystore is required along with truststore)
obrh.keystore.path	-	<keystore_path></keystore_path>
obrh.keystore.password	-	<keystore_password></keystore_password>
obrh.keystore.alias	-	<keystore_alias_list></keystore_alias_list>
obrh.keystore.aliaspassword	-	<keystore_alias_password_lis T></keystore_alias_password_lis
obrh.ssl.protocol	TLS	TLS / TLSv1 / TLSv1.1 / TLSv1.2

Table 19-7 For tomcat deployment

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.server.isJavaEE	true	true / false
		(false for tomcat)

Table 19-7 (Cont.) For tomcat deployment

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.taskexecutor.corepoolsize	50	<core_poolsize></core_poolsize>
obrh.taskexecutor.maxpoolsize	50	<max_poolsize></max_poolsize>
obrh.taskexecutor.queuecapacity	100	<queue_capacity></queue_capacity>

Set Proxy settings for HTTPS: As per the Java Networking documentation, HTTPS protocol handler will use the same as the http handler (i.e. http.nonProxyHosts). But in case of Weblogic, http.nonProxyHosts will not work for some reason. So, use https non proxy host argument (i.e. https.nonProxyHosts).

Table 19-8 Set Proxy settings for HTTPS

Parameters	Default	Values
https.proxyHost	-	<proxy_host_name></proxy_host_name>
https.proxyPort	-	<proxy_port></proxy_port>
https.nonProxyHosts	-	<non_proxy_host_list></non_proxy_host_list>
http.nonProxyHosts	-	<non_proxy_host_list></non_proxy_host_list>

This property will enforce WebLogic Server to use SUN SSL implementation (javax package) rather than the WebLogic one.

Table 19-9 Support SSL based SOAP provider calls in weblogic environment

Parameters	Default	Values
UseSunHttpHandler	-	true

Table 19-10 CMC-OBRH-KAFKA-CONSUMER

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-kafka-consumer.server.port	-	<server_port></server_port>
obrh.audit.id-generator	UUID	UUID / SNOWFLAKE

Table 19-11 CMC-OBRH-JMS-CONSUMER

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-jms-consumer.server.port	-	<server_port></server_port>
cmc-obrh-jms- consumer.connectionFactory	-	<jms_conn_factory_jndi></jms_conn_factory_jndi>
cmc-obrh-jms-consumer.queue	-	<jms_conn_queue_jndi></jms_conn_queue_jndi>

Table 19-12 Change ID generator

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.audit.id-generator	UUID	UUID / SNOWFLAKE

Plato Core Managed Server

Oracle Banking Routing Hub is using Multipart for Import feature. By default, spring supports max 1MB file size and 10MB request size for Multipart.

To import bigger files,

plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-file-size=<MAX_FILE_SIZE> (default is 200MB)
plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-request-size=<MAX_REQUEST_SIZE> (default is 200MB)

Note:

-1 for no size constraint **Example**,

plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-file-size=-1 plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-request-size=-1



A

Functional Activity Codes

Table A-1 List of Functional Activity Codes

Screen	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Name			
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_APPLICATION	VIEW	Service Consumers UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_LOG	CREATE	Log audit information in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_SUMMARY	GET	Audit Summary
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_SUMMARY_DAT A	GET	Audit Summary Data
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CLEAR_SOAP_CLIENT_ CACHE	CLEAR	Clears Soap Client Cache in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG	VIEW	Configuration UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_CREATE	CREATE	Creates configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_GET	GET	Fetches configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_C REATE	CREATE	Saves new Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_D ELETE	DELETE	Deletes specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_G ETALL	GET	Fetches all Consumer Queue Mappings
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_G ETBYID	GET	Fetches specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_M ODIFY	MODIFY	Updates specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DASHBOARD	VIEW	Monitoring Dashboard UI
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DISPATCH_AUDIT_GET ALL	GET	Fetches routing hub requests from audit log
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DISPATCH_AUDIT_LOG	VIEW	Request Audit UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_ROUTE_DISPATCH	INTEGR ATION CALL	Synchronous/Asynchronous integration call
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_ROUTE_DISPATCH_RE SPONSE	GET	Fetches provider response of asynchronous routing hub request

Table A-1 (Cont.) List of Functional Activity Codes

Screen	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Name			
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ CREATE	CREATE	Creates consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ DELETE	DELETE	Deletes consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_E NV_VARIABLE_EXPORT	EXPOR T	Exports environment variables from Routing Hub Maintenance
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_E NV_VARIABLE_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports environment variables
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_E XPORT	EXPOR T	Exports consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ GETALL	GET	Fetches all consumers
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_I MPORT	IMPORT	Imports consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_P ROCESSJSON	GET	Extracts configuration from configuration file
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICEROUTING_CREATE	CREATE	Creates route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICEROUTING_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICEROUTING_GETALL	GET	Fetches all routes
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICEROUTING_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICEROUTING_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_CREATE	CREATE	Creates transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_EXPORT	EXPOR T	Exports transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_GETALL	GET	Fetches all transformations
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_GETBYID	GET	Fetches transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICETRANSFORMATION_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_CREATE	CREATE	Creates service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes service



Table A-1 (Cont.) List of Functional Activity Codes

Screen Name	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_EXPORT	EXPOR T	Exports service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_GETALL	GET	Fetches all services
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_S ERVICE_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_C REATE	CREATE	Creates provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_DE LETE	DELETE	Deletes provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_EX PORT	EXPOR T	Exports provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_G ENERATEREQUEST	GET	Extracts provider service's request definition
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_G ETALL	GET	Fetches all providers
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_G ETBYID	GET	Fetches provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_CREATE	CREATE	Creates implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_EXPORT	EXPOR T	Exports implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_GENERATEREQUEST	GET	Extracts implementation service's request definition
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_GETALL	GET	Fetches all implementations of specific provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific implementation of specific provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IM PL_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_M ODIFY	MODIFY	Updates provider



Index

A	Multipart Request, 13-1
Audit Purging / Archiving, 11-1 Available Interfaces, 12-2	 O
С	Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM Arguments, 19-1 Override, 10-3
Chaining, 9-1 Complete Action, 10-4	 R
Configuration, 15-1 Consumer Services, 6-1	Replace Action, 10-4 Request Audit - Log, 16-1 Routing, 8-1
D	Rodding, 0 1
Delete Action, 10-5, 10-6	S
E	Service Consumers, 2-1 Service Providers, 4-1 Skip Matcher, 10-2
Environment Variables, 3-1	
_	Т
<u> </u>	Template Extensibility, 10-1
Functional Activity Codes, A-1	Transformation, 7-1 Transformation Type, 18-1
H	
Hookpoints, 12-1	U
	URL Encoded Request, 14-1
l	V
Identity Matcher, 10-2	
Implementation, 5-1	Velocity, 18-1
J	X
JSLT, 18-3	XML merging attributes, 10-1 XSLT, 18-3
M	
Monitoring Dashboard, 17-1	

