

# Oracle® Banking Microservices Architecture

## Routing Hub Configuration User Guide



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The Oracle logo, consisting of a solid red square with the word "ORACLE" in white, uppercase, sans-serif font centered within it.

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# Preface

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## Purpose

This guide enables the user to integrate Oracle Products with External Product Processor through Oracle Banking Routing Hub Platform.

## Audience

This guide is intended for the customers and partners.

## Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

### **Access to Oracle Support**

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## Critical Patches

Oracle advises customers to get all their security vulnerability information from the Oracle Critical Patch Update Advisory, which is available at [Critical Patches](#), [Security Alerts and Bulletins](#). All critical patches should be applied in a timely manner to make sure effective security, as strongly recommended by [Oracle Software Security Assurance](#).

## Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

## Related Resources

For more information on any related features, refer to the following documents

- *Oracle Banking Common Core User Guide*
- *Oracle Banking Getting Started User Guide*

## Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

## Screenshot Disclaimer

Personal information used in the interface or documents is dummy and does not exist in the real world. It is only for reference purposes.

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this guide are as follows:

**Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
JSON	Java Script Object Notation
XML	Extensible Markup Language
WSDL	Web Services Description Language

## Basic Actions

**Table 2 Basic Actions**

Action	Description
<b>Submit</b>	Click to complete the transaction after you specify all the input parameters for a particular transaction.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click to cancel the transaction input midway without saving any data.
<b>Clear</b>	Click to clear the transaction input data. The system displays a pop-up screen with confirmation to clear data. You can click <b>OK</b> to confirm or click <b>x</b> icon to retain the data.
<b>Query</b>	On completion of input of necessary parameters, click this button to fetch and display the details.
<b>OK</b>	Click to confirm the details in the pop-up screen.
<b>Save</b>	Click to save the details specified in the screen.
<b>Exit</b>	Click to close the screen and go to Home screen.

## Symbols and Icons

This guide has the following list of symbols and icons.

**Table 3 Symbols and Icons - Common**

















Symbol/Icon	Function
	Minimize
	Maximize
	Close
	Perform Search
	Open a list
	Add a new record
	Navigate to the first record
	Navigate to the last record
	Navigate to the previous record



Table 3 (Cont.) Symbols and Icons - Common

Symbol/Icon	Function
	Navigate to the next record
	Refresh
	Click this icon to delete a row, which is already added.
	Calendar
	Alerts
	Import a file
	Edit a file

# 1

## Introduction

FSGBU Banking Products integrate seamlessly and standardized with Oracle Banking Routing Hub through the use of configurations. The product infrastructure solution includes this component. With Oracle Banking Routing Hub, banking products can be integrated loosely.

**Consumer Application** The product that requires integration with another product for retrieving information or posting transactions does not need to know the following details while coding.

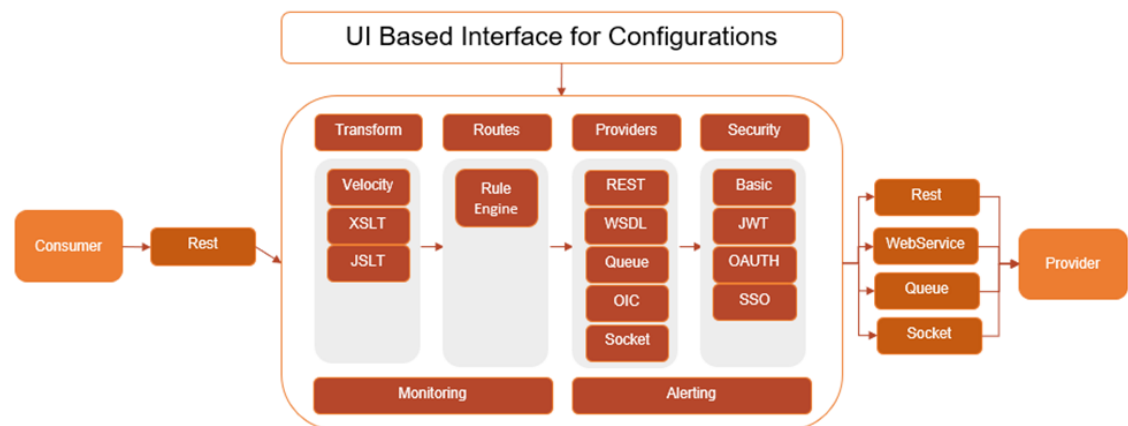
- **Servicing Providers or Product Processors:** The consumer application requests data from the products when required, or a consumer application initiates a transaction for the products to post.
- **Name of the Service:** Logical name of the service example: The service provider's product allows us to fetch details or initiate a transaction for Logical names like Funds Transfer and Letter of Credit.
- **Messaging structure of Service:** Structure of the message example: JSON, XML, multipart request.
- **Communication Protocol:** Web services, Rest API, Queue, OIC, and SOCKET.

Through the 'Oracle Banking Routing Hub', consumers can achieve and modify integration, and they can integrate with different versions of a single product processor if necessary.

This guide shows the maintenance of two product as given below.

- Oracle Service Consumer as Service Consumer
- External Product Processor as Service Provider

**Figure 1-1 UI Based Interface for Configurations**



# 2

## Service Consumers

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the service consumers.

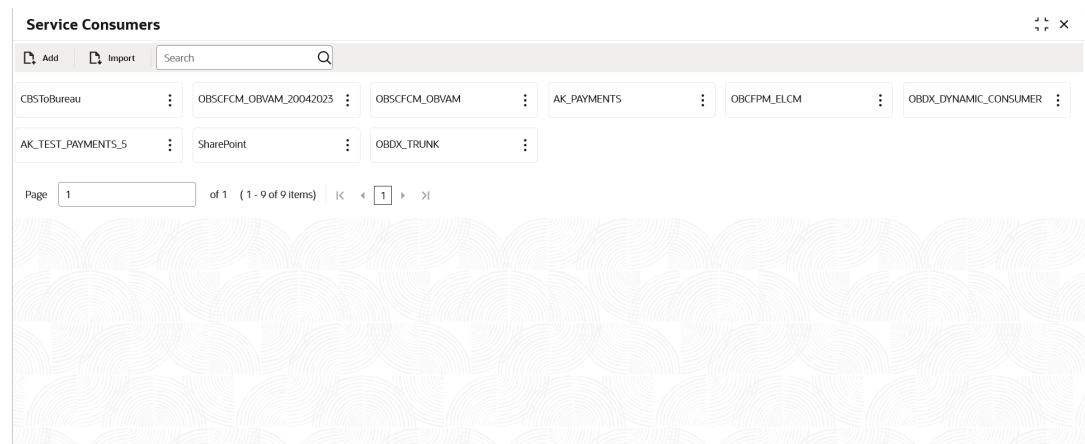
Service Consumer is an Oracle banking product which invokes Oracle Banking Routing Hub API for integration. Oracle Banking Routing Hub analysis, evaluate destination product processor and transform data into format as required by the destination product processor for service a request type

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

1. On **Home** screen, click **Core Maintenance**. Under **Core Maintenance**, click **Routing Hub**.
2. Under **Routing Hub**, click **Service Consumers**.

The **Service Consumers** screen displays.

**Figure 2-1 Service Consumers**



### Add Service Consumer

In addition to importing Service Consumers, users can create Service Consumers manually using Add option..

3. Click **Add**.

The **Add Service Consumer** screen displays.

Figure 2-2 Add Service Consumer

- Specify the fields on **Add Service Consumer** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 2-1 Add Service Consumer - Field Description


Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the unique service consumer name. <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; background-color: #e6f2ff; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul> </div>

Table 2-1 (Cont.) Add Service Consumer - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Audit Type</b>	Select the Audit type from the dropdownlist. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>All Requests</b> - All requests are logged in the OBRH and can be viewed later for debugging.</li> <li>• <b>Service level configuration</b> - Option has been provided at consumer services for enabling audit of requests for specific Consumer Services. Audit type should be configured as “Service level configuration” and audit option at “Consumer Services” should be selected for Consumer Services which need to be audited. Monitoring dashboard does not provide the data for requests which are not being audited.</li> <li>• <b>None</b> - Disables the audit completely. Audit logs cannot be reviewed later and monitoring dashboard does not provide the data</li> </ul>
<b>Add</b>	To add, refer to step 5. Select the group from the drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Group</b></li> <li>• <b>Variable</b></li> </ul>
<b>Group</b>	Select the group from the drop-down list.
<b>Action</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Name</b>	Displays the name of the header.
<b>Value</b>	Displays the value of the header.

### Environment Variables

The user must define the group of variables which can be accessed throughout the specific consumer’s configuration. The syntax for accessing environment variables is below: \$env.Environment\_Group\_Name.Environment\_Variable\_Name

**For example**, \$env.COMMON.BRANCH\_CODE

5. To add **Environment Variables**, follow the below steps.
  - a. Click **Add** on the **Add Service Consumers** screen, and select **Group** from drop-down list to add the group.

The **Add Environment Group** screen displays.

Figure 2-3 Add Environment Group


- b. Specify the fields on **Add Environment Group** screen and click **OK**.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

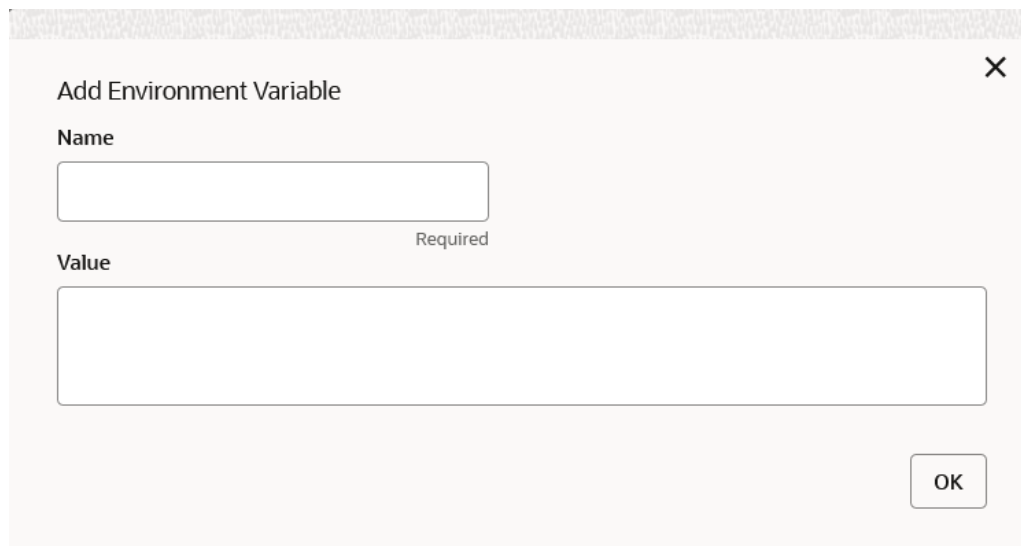
**Table 2-2 Add Environment Group - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the environment group.   <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>• No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>

- c. Click **Add** on **Add Service Consumer** screen and select **Variable** from drop-down list to add the variable.

The **Add Environment Variable** screen displays.

**Figure 2-4 Add Environment Variable**



Add Environment Variable ✕

Name

Required

Value


- d. Specify the fields on **Add Environment Variable** screen and click **OK**.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

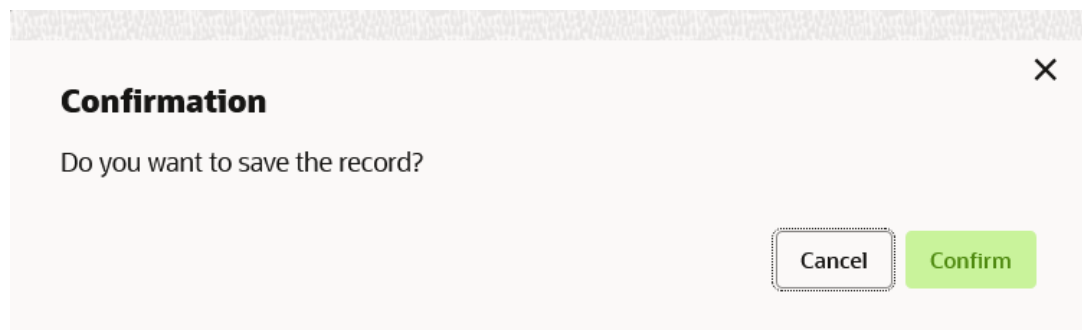
For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 2-3 Add Environment Variable - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the environment variable.  <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>• No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Value</b>	Specify the value of the environment variable. The value can either be hardcoded or Velocity mapping.

- Click **Save** to save the details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 2-5 Confirmation - Add Service Consumers**



- Click **Confirm** to save the record.

#### **Import Service Consumer**

The user can create a service consumer by importing the JSON file and manually selecting the service providers or select all providers that needs to be imported. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together.

- Click **Import**.  
The **Import Service Consumer** screen displays.

Figure 2-6 Import Service Consumer

9. Specify the fields on **Import Service Consumer** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 2-4 Import Service Consumer - Field Description



Field	Description
File	<p>Select the file using <b>Select</b>.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.</p>



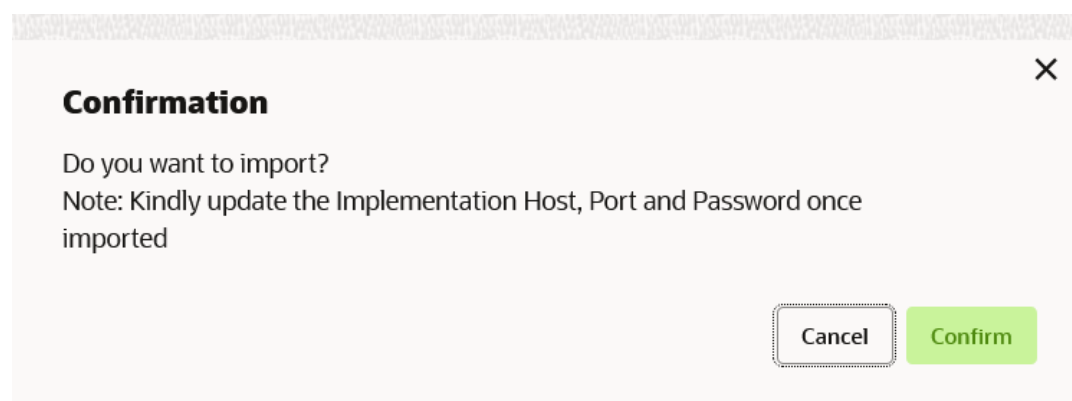
Table 2-4 (Cont.) Import Service Consumer - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Extract</b>	Extracts the consumer name and service provider list from JSON file only and displays it in the respective elements.
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the service provider.  <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Name cannot be blank and required only for JSON file.</li> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Overwrite extended templates</b>	Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Yes</b> - This option overwrites the extended templates.</li> <li><b>No</b> - This option retains the existing extended templates.</li> </ul>
<b>Overwrite environment variables</b>	Select the respective radio button to indicate whether environment variables (JSON file) should overwrite existing environment variables or not The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Yes</b> - This option overwrites the environment variables.</li> <li><b>No</b> - This option retains the existing environment variables.</li> </ul>
<b>Service Providers</b>	Displays the service provider details.
<b>Name</b>	Displays the list of service providers names that are present in JSON file only.

10. Click **Import** to import the selected service consumer file.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

Figure 2-7 Confirmation - Import Service Consumer



11. Click **Confirm** to import the file.

**Note:**


Below data needs to be changed after importing provider configuration file:

- Implementation Host and Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

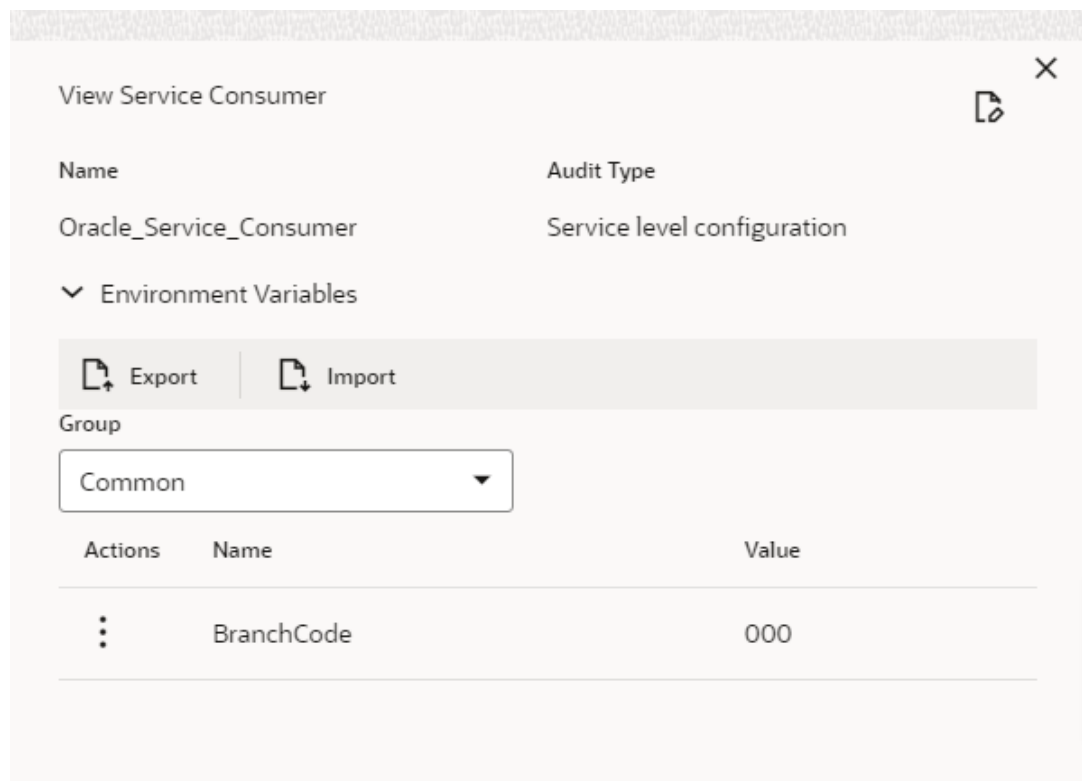
**View Service Consumer**

The user can view consumer details and can also switch to edit form by clicking on edit icon.

The user can also export and import only for the environment variables.

- On the **Service Consumer** tile, click  , and select **View** from the dropdown list.  
The **View Service Consumer** screen displays.

**Figure 2-8 View Service Consumer**



- Click **Edit** icon to edit the Service Consumer.

**Edit Service Consumer**

The user can modify the consumer details.

- On the **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and select **Edit** from the dropdown list.  
The **Edit Service Consumer** screen displays.

**Figure 2-9 Edit Service Consumer**

Edit Service Consumer

Name: CBSToBureau

Audit Type: Service level configurator

Environment Variables

Group: EXPERIAN

Actions	Name	Value
⋮	REPORT_TYPE	\$headers["reportType"][0]

Save

- Click **Save** to save the modified consumer details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 2-10 Confirmation - Edit Service Consumer**

**Confirmation**

Do you want to save the record?

Cancel Confirm

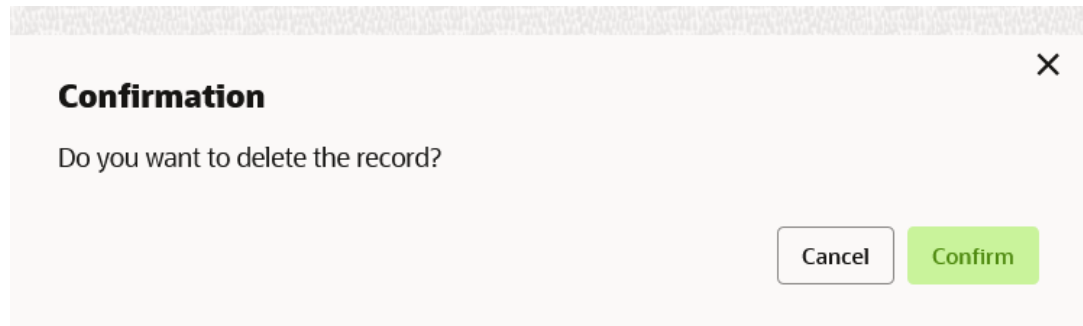
- Click **Confirm**.

**Delete Service Consumer**

The user can delete the Service Consumer.

- On the **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and select **Delete** from the dropdown list.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 2-11 Confirmation - Delete**

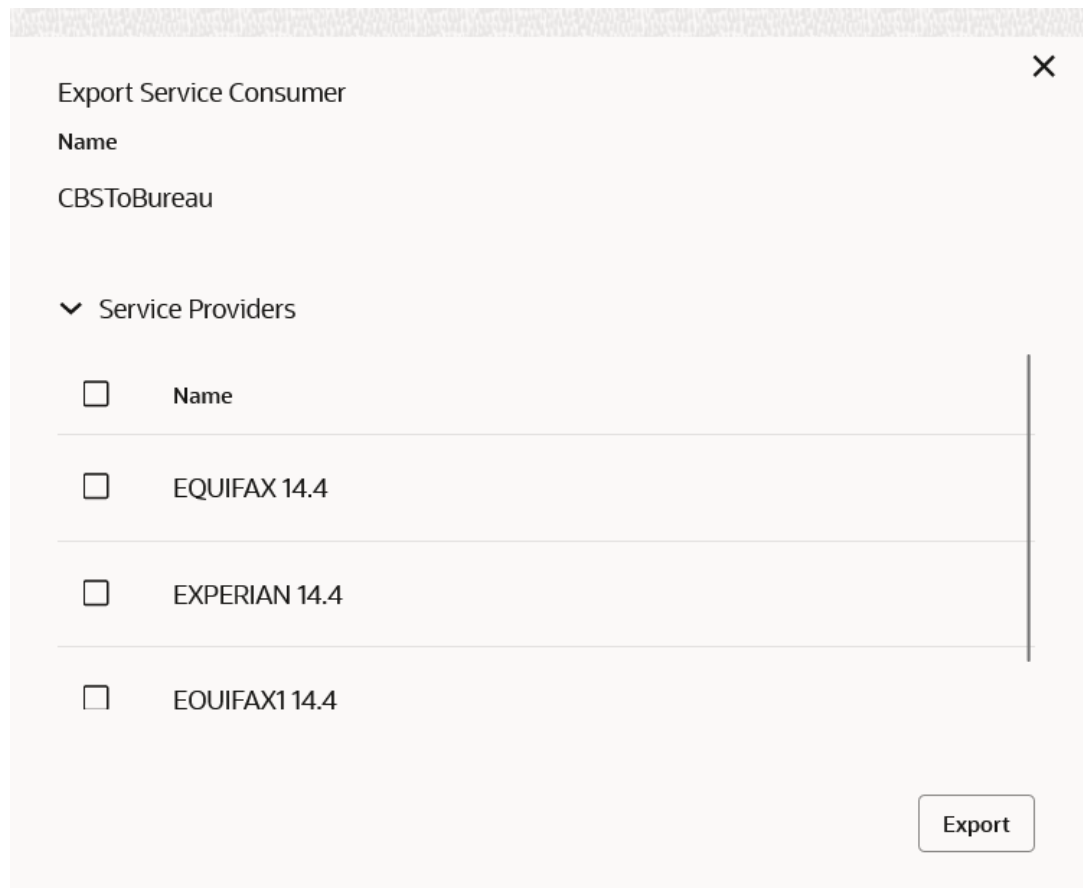
18. Click **Confirm** to delete the service consumer.

### JSON Export

User can export the consumer configuration as JSON file. The option for Export is provided to move the configurations from one environment to another.

19. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon).
20. On **Export** option, select **JSON** from the list.

The **Export Service Consumer** screen displays.

**Figure 2-12 Export Service Consumer**

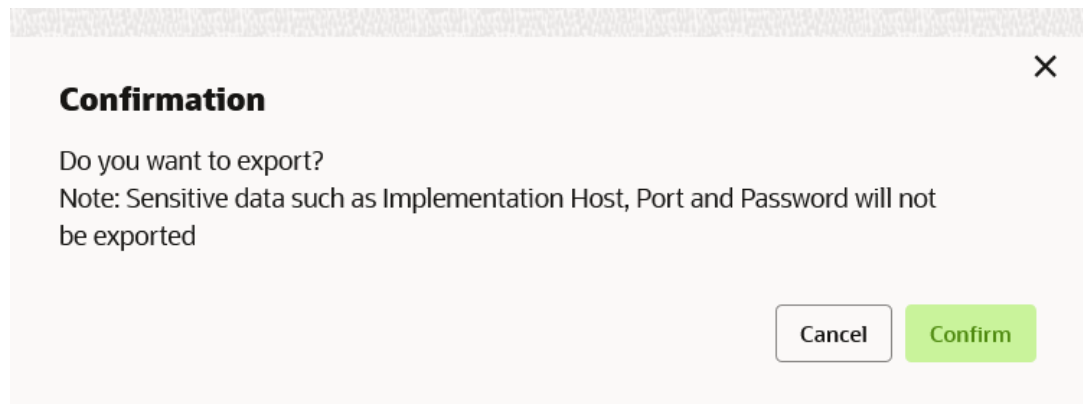
 **Note:**

- The user has an option to select the service providers from the list which needs to be exported or can click on select all for all service providers.
- The JSON Export feature exports below data:
  - Selected service consumer
  - All consumer services
  - Selected service providers with services
  - All implementations of selected service providers with services (without Host, Port and Authentication Password)
  - All transformations
  - All routes

21. Select the required service providers and click **Export**.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 2-13 Confirmation - JSON Export**



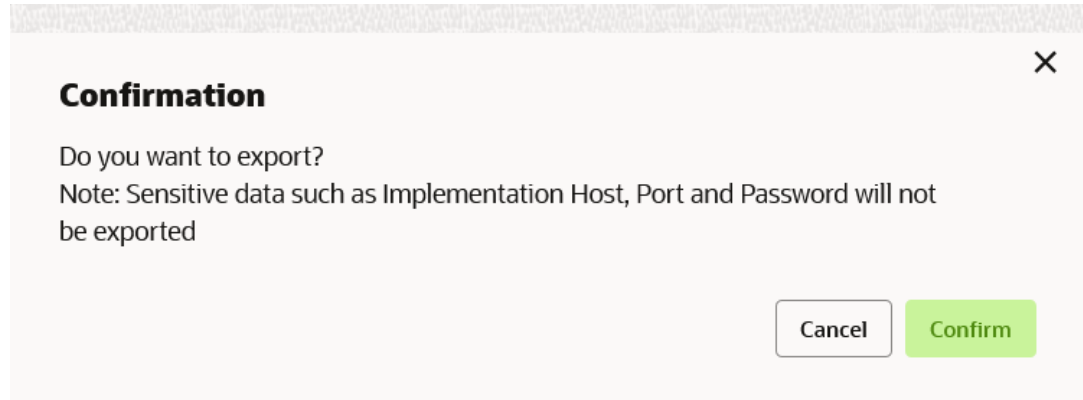
22. Click **Confirm** to export the service consumer in JSON file.

### SQL Export

The user can export the consumer configuration as SQL file.

23. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon).
24. On **Export** option, select **SQL** from the list.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 2-14 Confirmation****Note:**

The SQL Export feature exports entire configuration without Host, Port, and Authentication Password details.

25. Click **Confirm** to export the consumer configuration as SQL file.

**Configuration**

26. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and click **Configuration**. The **Configuration** screen displays.

**Note:**

Refer to [Configuration](#) topic for the screen and field description.

**Request Audit**

27. On **Service Consumer** tile, click **Operation Menu** (3 dot icon), and click **Request Audit**. The **Request Audit** screen displays.

**Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for the screen and field description.

# 3

## Service Providers

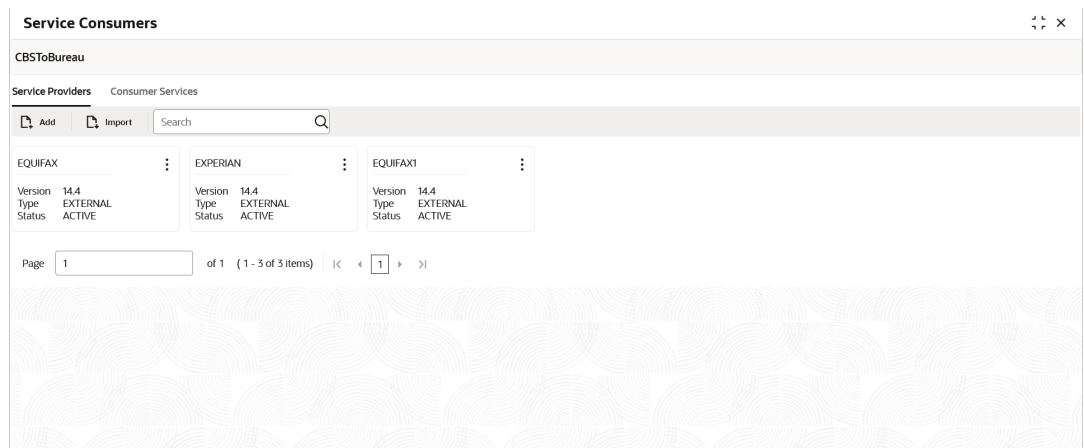
This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the service providers.

The **Service Providers** are the product processors configure to process request send by Oracle Banking Routing Hub on behalf of service consumers. It comprises destination integration details.

1. On **Service Consumers** screen, click the required service consumer.

The **Service Providers** screen displays.

**Figure 3-1 Service Providers**



### Add Service Provider

The user can create Service Provider manually.

2. Click **Add**.

The **Add Service Provider** screen displays.

**Figure 3-2 Add Service Provider**

The screenshot shows a web form titled "Add Service Provider" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The form contains the following elements:

- Product Name:** A text input field with "Required" written below it.
- Version:** A text input field with "Required" written below it.
- Type:** A dropdown menu with "Select" and a downward arrow, with "Required" written below it.
- Active:** A toggle switch currently in the "off" position.
- Validation Provider:** Radio buttons for "Yes" and "No", with "No" selected.
- Expandable sections:** "Headers" (expanded) and "Service" (collapsed).
- Service Section:** A dropdown menu with "WSDL" selected, a text input field for "URL" (with "Required" below it), and an "Import" button.
- Table:** A table with columns "Service" and "Operation". The table is empty and contains the text "No data to display."
- Save Button:** A button labeled "Save" in the bottom right corner.

- Specify the fields on **Add Service Provider** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 3-1 Add Service Provider - Field Description**


Field	Description
<b>Product Name</b>	Specify the product name of the service provider.   <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>



Table 3-1 (Cont.) Add Service Provider - Field Description



Field	Description
<b>Type</b>	Select the type of service provider from drop-down list The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>INTERNAL</b>: Used for Oracle products</li> <li>• <b>EXTERNAL</b>: Used for non-Oracle products</li> </ul>
<b>Version</b>	Specify the provider version. <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>• Only numeric or decimal values are allowed.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Active</b>	Predefined values are Active / Inactive If provider is marked as inactive, then all related routes will be stopped.
<b>Validation Provider</b>	Predefined values are Yes / No This property can be enabled to use a separate provider service for validating the requests before sending it for processing.
<b>Add</b>	To add, refer to the below steps.
<b>Actions</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Name</b>	Displays the name of the header.
<b>Value</b>	Displays the value of the header.
<b>Type</b>	Select the type of service from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>WSDL</b></li> <li>• <b>SWAGGER</b></li> <li>• <b>OTHERS</b></li> </ul>
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the operation. <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p> </div>

Table 3-1 (Cont.) Add Service Provider - Field Description







Field	Description
<b>Http Method</b>	<p>Select the HTTP method. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>GET</b></li> <li>• <b>POST</b></li> <li>• <b>PUT</b></li> <li>• <b>PATCH</b></li> <li>• <b>DELETE</b></li> </ul> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
<b>Endpoint</b>	<p>Specify the endpoint URL for the operation.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
<b>URL</b>	<p>Specify the service URL of the file location.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>WSDL</b> and <b>SWAGGER</b>.</p>
<b>Import</b>	<p>Click <b>Import</b> to extract the service information from URL.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>WSDL</b> and <b>SWAGGER</b>.</p>
<b>Context Path</b>	<p>Context path of below formatted URL http://host:port/context-path/endpoint</p>

Table 3-1 (Cont.) Add Service Provider - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Service Headers</b>	<p>Specify the Endpoint specific headers. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.</p> <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; border-right: 2px solid #0070C0; border-bottom: 2px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; background-color: #E6F2FF;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p> </div>
<b>Service Query Params</b>	<p>Specify the Endpoint specific query parameters. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.</p> <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; border-right: 2px solid #0070C0; border-bottom: 2px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; background-color: #E6F2FF;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p> </div>
<b>Service</b>	Displays the extracted service from the selected URL.
<b>Operation</b>	Displays the extracted operation from the selected URL.

### Headers

A product processor might require some standard headers to be passed along with the request. The user can specify the headers which are required by service endpoints for its all implementations but not present in swagger file.



#### Note:

Content-type header will be removed from Provider request if header value is NONE.

4. To add **Headers**, follow the below steps.
  - a. Under **Headers** section, click **Add**.  
The **Add Header** screen displays.

**Figure 3-3 Add Header**

- b. Specify the fields on **Add Header** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 3-2 Add Header - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the header.
<b>Value</b>	Specify the value of the header.

5. Click **OK** to save the details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.
6. Click **Confirm**.

**Service**

- **WSDL:**  
The Web Services Description Language (WSDL) is an XML-based interface description language that is used for describing the functionality offered by a web service.  
Both SSL and non-SSL WSDL URL are supported.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in wsdl file, then same wsdl file need to be imported again to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

- **SWAGGER:**  
Swagger is an Interface Description Language for describing RESTful APIs expressed using JSON.

Currently, Swagger 2.0 & OpenAPI 3.0 both are supported.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in swagger file, then same swagger file need to be imported again in order to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

- **OTHERS:**  
OTHERS option is selected for adding REST API details manually when provider does not have swagger file.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in existing endpoint, then the same endpoint details need to be entered again with the new changes in order to update the existing provided service information in Routing Hub.

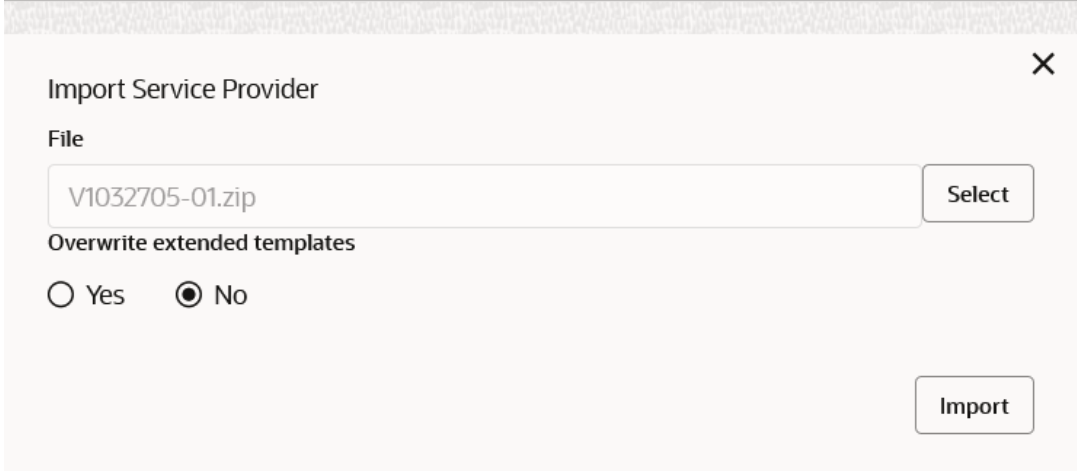
### Import Service Provider

The user can create a service provider by importing the JSON file and also can import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).

7. Click **Import**.



The **Import Service Provider** screen displays.

**Figure 3-4 Import Service Provider**



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table below.

**Table 3-3 Import Service Provider - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>File</b>	<p>Select the file using <b>Select</b> button.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.</p>
<b>Overwrite extended templates</b>	<p>Select the respective radio button to overwrite extended templates. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Yes</b> - This option overwrites the extended templates in configuration.</li> <li>• <b>No</b> - This option retains the existing extended templates in configuration.</li> </ul> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the ZIP File is selected.</p>

8. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

 **Note:**

The following data needs to be changed after importing provider configuration file:

- Implementation Host and Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

### View Service Provider

9. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **View**.

The **View Service Provider** screen displays.

**Figure 3-5 View Service Provider**

View Service Provider

Product Name: EQUIFAX      Type: EXTERNAL

Version: 14.4      Active: On

▼ Headers

Actions	Name	Value
⋮	Authorization	

▼ Service

Service	Operation
/reports/credit-report	requestConsumerCreditReport
/v2/oauth/token	equifaxAuth
/reports/credit-report/{pdf-request-id}	

10. Click **Edit** button to edit the Service Provider.

#### **Edit Service Provider**

The user can modify the provider details.

11. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Edit**.

The **Edit Service Provider** screen displays.

Figure 3-6 Edit Service Provider

Edit Service Provider

Product Name: EQUIFAX

Version: 14.4

Type: EXTERNAL

Active:

Headers

Add

Actions	Name	Value
⋮	Authorization	

Service

Type: WSDL

URL:  Required

Service	Operation
/reports/credit-report	requestConsumerCreditReport
/v2/oauth/token	equifaxAuth
/reports/credit-report/{pdf-request-id}	

- Click **Save** once the edit is done.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

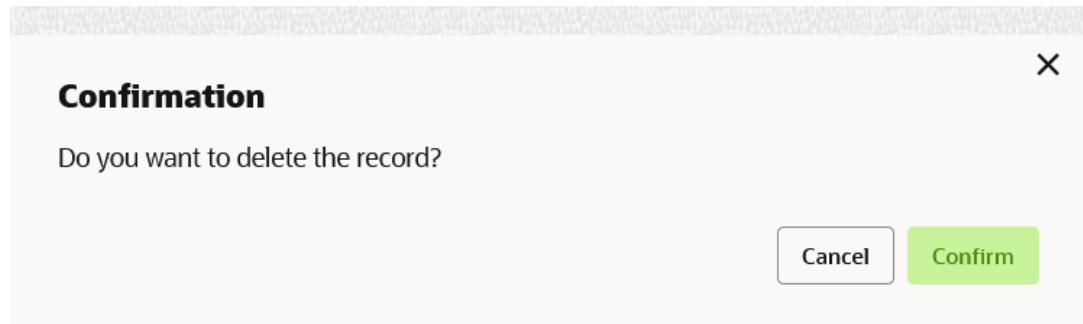
#### Delete Service Provider

The user can delete the provider.

- On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Delete**.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.



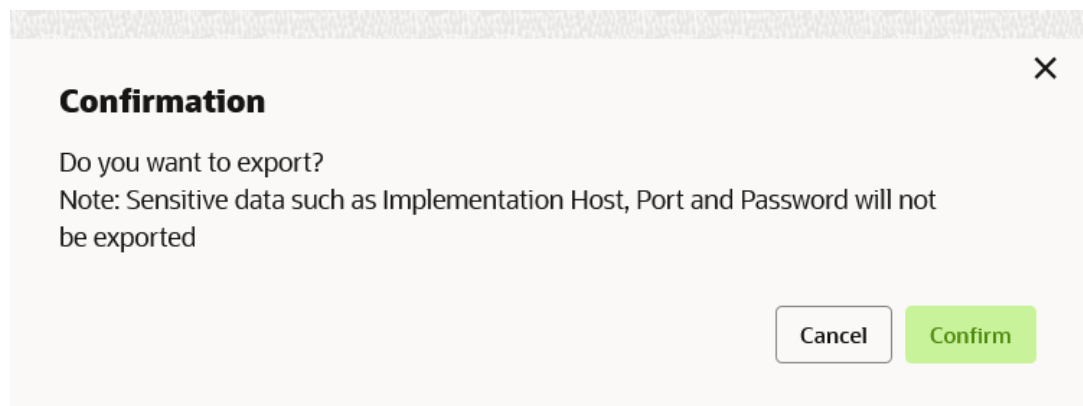
**Figure 3-7 Confirmation - Delete**

14. Click **Confirm** to delete the selected Service Provider.

#### **Export Service Provider**

The user can export the provider configuration as JSON file.

15. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Export**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 3-8 Confirmation - Export**

#### **Note:**

The below data cannot be exported:

- Implementation Host
- Implementation Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

The above data needs to be configured manually after importing the configuration file. Same has been mentioned in Import section.

16. Click **Confirm** to export the selected Service Provider.

#### **Configuration**




End-user can configure the properties for failing the routing hub requests.

17. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**.  
The **Configuration** screen displays.


**Figure 3-9 Configuration**

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table below

**Table 3-4 Configuration Service Provider - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Provider level timeout</b>	<p>This property is used to override the global timeout values.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> Default value is false.</p>
<b>Connection Timeout</b>	<p>This property is used to set the timeout in making the initial connection i.e. connection handshake.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> Value should be in milliseconds.</p>
<b>Read Timeout</b>	<p>This property is used to set the timeout on waiting to read data.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> Value should be in milliseconds.</p>

**Table 3-4 (Cont.) Configuration Service Provider - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Handle exception</b>	<p>This property is used to fail the routing hub request for failed provider requests.</p> <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; padding-left: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b> Default value is false.</p> </div>
<b>Status Codes</b>	This property is used to fail routing hub request for specific status codes of failed provider requests. If not specified, then routing hub request will fail for all 4xx and 5xx status codes of failed provider requests.
<b>Inactivity Period</b>	This property is used to specify connection inactivity time for re-validating connections in connection pool.

**Request Audit**

18. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**.  
The **Request Audit** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for the screen and field description.

**Clear Cache**

The user can clear the SOAP client cache for the service providers.

19. On **Service Provider** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Clear Cache**.

# 4

## Implementation

This topic provides the systematic instructions to configure the implementation.

The implementation comprises of Eureka client instance, Host, Port, authentication, and implementation specific service details. Oracle Banking Routing Hub supports web services and Rest API.



### Note:

Default implementation is created whenever a new service provider is added.

1. On **Service Provider** screen, click on the required service provider tile.  
The **Implementation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-1 Implementation**

Actions	Name	Description	Service Name	Host	Port	Queue
⋮	EQUIFAX_Default	Default Implementation		api.sandboxequifax.com	0	

Page: 1 of 1 (1 - 1 of 1 items) |< < 1 > >|

### Add Implementation

The user can create the implementation manually.

2. Click **Add**.  
The **Add Implementation** screen displays.

Figure 4-2 Add Implementation

- Specify the fields on **Add Implementation** screen.

**Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 4-1 Add Implementation - Field Description


Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the implementation. <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul> </div>

Table 4-1 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Field Description




Field	Description
<b>Description</b>	<p>Specify the description of the implementation.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; background-color: #E6F2FF;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to 1000 characters.</li> <li>No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Type</b>	<p>Select the type of implementation from drop-down list. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DEFAULT</b></li> <li><b>QUEUE</b></li> <li><b>OIC</b></li> <li><b>SOCKET</b></li> </ul> <p><b>DEFAULT</b> type is for REST and SOAP API calls.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; background-color: #E6F2FF;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>The type as <b>OIC</b> is only applicable for cloud services.</p> </div>
<b>Default</b>	<p>Toggle the button if user wants to default. Each type can have one default implementation.</p>
<b>Single Tenant</b>	<p>Select the toggle to append tenant details with eureka VIP for services which are registered on eureka as single tenant services.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; background-color: #E6F2FF;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field is available only for internal providers and applicable only for Cloud.</p> </div>

Table 4-1 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Field Description




Field	Description
<b>Eureka Instance</b>	<p><b>Eureka Instance</b> is available only for internal providers and default type.</p> <p>By default, <b>Eureka Instance</b> will be toggled ON for internal providers and OFF for external providers.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>If the Eureka Instance is toggled ON, the Api-gateway will be removed (if present) from the request URL sent to the provider. If the Eureka Instance is toggled OFF and the authentication type is selected as JWT_TOKEN or OAuth_TOKEN, the provider request URL will include apigateway if it's missing.</p> </div> <p>If the Eureka Instance is activated, it propagates the userId, branchCode, piienabled, languageCode, and locale headers from the routing hub request to the service provider request.</p>
<b>Scheme</b>	<p>Select the scheme from drop-down list</p> <p>The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>http</b></li> <li>• <b>https</b></li> </ul> <p><b>Scheme</b> option is available only for default type.</p>
<b>Service Name</b>	<p>If <b>Eureka Instance</b> is toggled ON and type is default, then only service name is required.</p>
<b>Host</b>	<p>Specify the host.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Host cannot be blank.</li> <li>• Enter 0 to 255 characters.</li> <li>• Space is not allowed.</li> </ul> </div> <p>If <b>Eureka Instance</b> is toggled OFF and type is default, then only host and port is required.</p>
<b>Port</b>	<p>Specify the port number.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to 6 characters.</li> <li>• Enter only numeric value.</li> </ul> </div> <p>If <b>Eureka Instance</b> is toggled OFF and type is default, then only host and port is required.</p>
<b>Authentication</b>	<p>The below fields appear only if <b>Eureka Instance</b> is toggled <b>OFF</b> and Implementation <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>Default</b>.</p>

Table 4-1 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Field Description




Field	Description
<b>Type</b>	Select the type of authentication from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BASIC</b></li> <li>• <b>JWT_TOKEN</b></li> <li>• <b>OAUTH_TOKEN</b></li> <li>• <b>SSO</b></li> </ul>
<b>Encryption</b>	Select the toggle to encrypt user credentials.   <b>Note:</b> This field is applicable only for <b>JWT_TOKEN</b> and <b>OAUTH_TOKEN</b> types.   <b>Note:</b> This field depends on the value of api-gateway's property "EncryptionFlag" at provider end. For more information on property value, please refer to the <b>Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Deployments</b> section in <b>Oracle Banking Microservices Platform Foundation Installation Guide</b> .
<b>Username</b>	Specify the name of the user.   <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>• No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>
<b>Password</b>	Specify the password.
<b>Headers</b>	The below fields appear only if the Implementation <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>Default</b> or <b>OIC</b> .
<b>Add</b>	Click this button to add header.
<b>Actions</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Name</b>	Displays the name of the header.
<b>Value</b>	Displays the value of the header.
<b>Service</b>	The below fields appear only if the Implementation <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>Default</b> or <b>OIC</b> .
<b>Type</b>	Select the type of service from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>WSDL</b></li> <li>• <b>SWAGGER</b></li> <li>• <b>OTHERS</b></li> </ul>



Table 4-1 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Field Description








Field	Description
URL	<p>Specify the service URL of the file location.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>WSDL</b> and <b>SWAGGER</b>.</p>
Name	<p>Specify the name of the operation.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
Http Method	<p>Select the HTTP method. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GET</li> <li>• POST</li> <li>• PUT</li> <li>• PATCH</li> <li>• DELETE</li> </ul> <p> <b>Note:</b> This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
Endpoint	<p>Specify the endpoint URL for the operation.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b> This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
Content path Prefix	<p>Context path of below formatted URL. http://host:port/context-path/endpointGateway</p>

Table 4-1 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Import</b>	<p>Click <b>Import</b> to extract the service information from URL and displays it in the Service list.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>WSDL</b> and <b>SWAGGER</b>.</p>
<b>Service Headers</b>	<p>Specify the Endpoint specific headers. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
<b>Service Query Params</b>	<p>Specify the Endpoint specific query parameters. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.</p> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Type</b> is selected as <b>OTHERS</b>.</p>
<b>Add</b>	Click this button to add the endpoint details in the Service list.
<b>Service</b>	Displays the extracted service from the selected URL.
<b>Operation</b>	Displays the extracted operation from the selected URL.

**Authentication:**

If External Product processor require authentication to connect to it, Oracle Banking Routing Hub provides standard authentication mechanism schemes like BASIC, JWT, OAUTH\_TOKEN, SSO.

 **Note:**

In case of no authentication, NONE needs to be set as Authentication Type.  
In case of identity propagation, SSO needs to be set as Authentication Type.  
Token is cached for JWT, OAUTH\_TOKEN authentication type and OIC implementation type

**Services**

- **WSDL:**

The Web Services Description Language (WSDL) is an XML-based interface description language that is used for describing the functionality offered by a web service.

Both SSL and non-SSL WSDL URL are supported.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in wsdl file, then same wsdl file need to be imported again to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

- **SWAGGER:**  
Swagger is an Interface Description Language for describing RESTful APIs expressed using JSON.

Currently, Swagger 2.0 & OpenAPI 3.0 both are supported.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in swagger file, then same swagger file need to be imported again in order to update the provided service information in Routing Hub.

- **OTHERS:**  
OTHERS option is selected for adding REST API details manually when provider does not have swagger file.

 **Note:**

If there is a change in existing endpoint, then the same endpoint details need to be entered again with the new changes in order to update the existing provided service information in Routing Hub.

### Queue

If the Implementation **Type** is selected as **Queue**,

Figure 4-3 Add Implementation - Queue

Add Implementation X

Name  Required

Description  Required

Type  Default

Queue Broker  Request Reply Pattern

Request Queue

Connection Factory  Required Queue  Required

Response Queue

Connection Factory  Queue

Save

For **QUEUE** type, refer to the field description table below.

Table 4-2 Add Implementation - Queue - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Type</b>	Select the type of implementation from drop-down list The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DEFAULT</b></li> <li><b>QUEUE</b></li> </ul> <b>DEFAULT</b> type is for REST and SOAP API calls.
<b>Default</b>	Select the toggle if the user wants to default.
<b>Queue Broker</b>	Select the queue broker from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>WEBLOGIC_JMS</b></li> </ul>
<b>Request Reply Platform</b>	Select the queue broker from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>JMS_MESSAGEID</b></li> <li><b>JMS_CORRELATIONID</b></li> </ul> <b>JMS_MESSAGEID</b> is default request-reply pattern.
<b>Connection Factory</b>	Specify the connection factory. Connection Factory is JNDI based connection factory name which is used to create connection for JMS client.
<b>Queue</b>	Specify the queue. Queue Name is JNDI based destination name.

**Table 4-2 (Cont.) Add Implementation - Queue - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Connection Factory</b>	Specify the connection factory. Response Connection Factory is needed when destination is going to respond back after processing the request.
<b>Queue</b>	Specify the queue. Response Queue Name is needed when destination is going to respond back after processing the request.

**Headers:**

External product processor might require some standard headers to be passed along with the request. User can specify the headers which are required by service endpoints for its all implementations but not present in swagger file.

**Note:**

Content-type header will be removed from Provider request if header value is NONE.

4. Follow the below steps to add **Headers**.
  - a. Click **Add** under **Header** section.  
The **Add Header** screen displays.

**Figure 4-4 Add Header**

- b. Specify the fields on **Add Header** screen and click **OK**.

**Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 4-3 Add Header - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name for the header.
<b>Value</b>	Specify the value for the header.

- Click **OK** to save the details.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

### Import Implementation

The user can create an implementation by importing the JSON file. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).


- On **Implementation** screen, click **Import**.

The **Import Implementation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-5 Import Implementation**

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 4-4 Import Implementation - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>File</b>	<p>Click <b>Select</b> to select the file.</p> <div style="background-color: #e6f2ff; padding: 10px; border: 1px solid #0070c0;"> <p> <b>Note:</b> Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.</p> </div>

- Click **Import** to import the selected file.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

The below data needs to be changed after importing provider configuration file:

- Implementation Host and Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

### View Implementation

The user can view implementation details and can also switch to edit form by clicking on edit icon.

8. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **View**.

The **View Implementation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-6 View Implementation**

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "View Implementation" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main content area displays the following information:

- Name:** EQUIFAX\_Default
- Description:** Default Implementation
- Type:** DEFAULT
- Default:** On
- Scheme:** https
- Host:** api.sandbox.equifax.com
- Port:** 0
- Authentication:** Type: NONE
- Headers:** No data to display.
- Service:** No data to display.

There are also two empty tables with headers:

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

Service	Operation
No data to display.	

### Edit Implementation

The user can modify the implementation details.

9. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **Edit**.

The **Edit Implementation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-7 Edit Implementation**

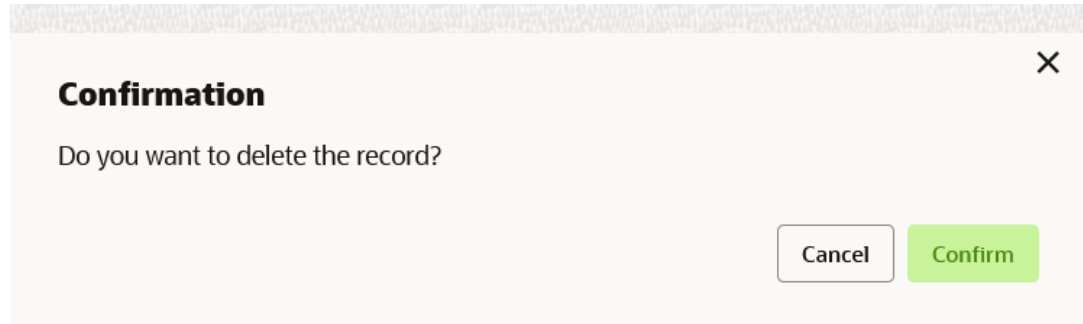
10. Click **Save** once the edit is done.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-8 Confirmation**
**Delete Implementation**

The user can delete the implementation details.

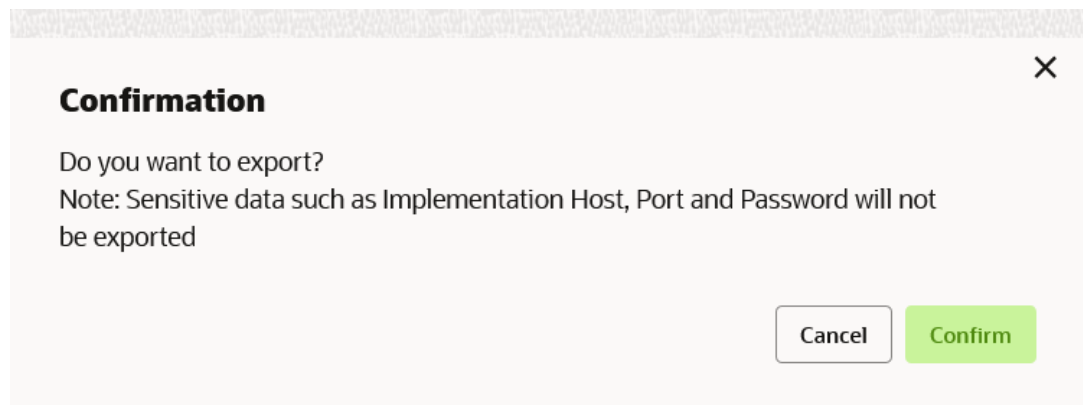
11. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **Delete**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.



**Figure 4-9 Confirmation - Delete****Export Implementation**

The user can export the implementation configuration as JSON file.

12. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **Export**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 4-10 Confirmation - Export Implementation**

Below data cannot be exported:

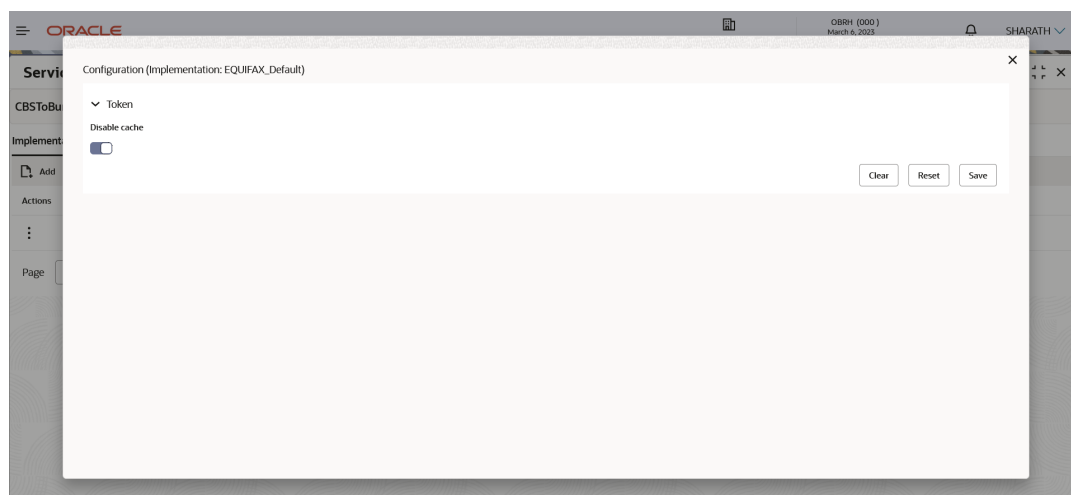
- Implementation Host
- Implementation Port
- Implementation Authentication Password

The above data needs to be configured manually after importing the configuration file. Same has been mentioned in Import section.

**Configuration**


End-user can configure the properties for failing the routing hub requests.

13. On **Implementation** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**.  
The **Configuration** screen displays.

**Figure 4-11 Configuration**

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 4-5 Configuration - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Disable cache</b>	This property is used to disable the token caching.   <b>Note:</b> Default value is false.

### Request Audit

14. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **Request Audit**.

The **Request Audit** screen displays.

#### **Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for screen and field description.

### Clear Cache

The user can clear the SOAP client cache.

15. On **Implementation** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button) and click **Clear Cache**.

# 5

## Consumer Services

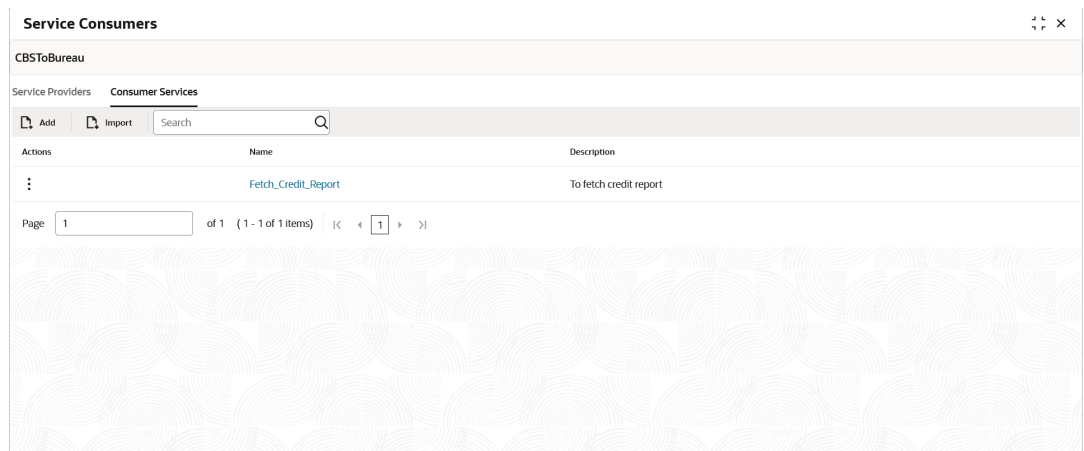
This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the consumer services.

The **Consumer Services** defines the service ID, which sends from the service consumer. It also caters the transition and route definition. It comprises of source integration details.

1. On **Service Consumers** screen, click **Consumer Services**.

The **Consumer Services** screen displays.

**Figure 5-1 Consumer Services**



Actions	Name	Description
<a href="#">Add</a> <a href="#">Import</a> <input type="text" value="Search"/>	Fetch_Credit_Report	To fetch credit report

Page:  of 1 (1 - 1 of 1 items) |< < 1 > >|

### Add Consumer Service

The user can create Consumer Service manually.

2. On **Consumer Services** screen, click **Add**.

The **Add Service** screen displays.

Figure 5-2 Add Service

Add Service ✕

ID  Status   
Required

Audit  
 Yes  No  
⚠ Applicable if the Audit type at 'Service Consumer' is 'Service level configuration'

Description   
Required

Add

Actions	Attribute Name	json path
No data to display.		

- Specify the fields on **Add Service** screen.

**Note:**



The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 5-1 Add Service - Field Description

Field	Description
ID	Specify the ID of the consumer service.  <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>

Table 5-1 (Cont.) Add Service - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Status</b>	Active / Inactive If consumer service is marked as inactive, then all related routes will be stopped.
<b>Audit</b>	Select the Audit option for the consumer service. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Yes</b> - This option is for enabling the audit for consumer service.</li> <li>• <b>No</b> - This option is for disabling the audit for consumer service.</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This option is only applicable if audit type at 'Service Consumer' is 'Service level configuration'</p> </div>
<b>Description</b>	Specify the description of the consumer service. <div style="border: 1px solid #0070C0; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to 1000 characters.</li> <li>• No space allowed at beginning or ending of the characters.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Add</b>	To add, refer to the below step.
<b>Actions</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Attribute Name</b>	Displays the name of the attribute.
<b>json path</b>	Displays the JSON path.

4. To add **Attributes**, follow the below steps.
  - a. Click **Add**.  
The **Add Attribute** screen displays.

**Figure 5-3 Add Attribute**

- b. Specify the fields on **Add Attribute** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 5-2 Add Header - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name of the attribute.
<b>json path</b>	Specify the json path.

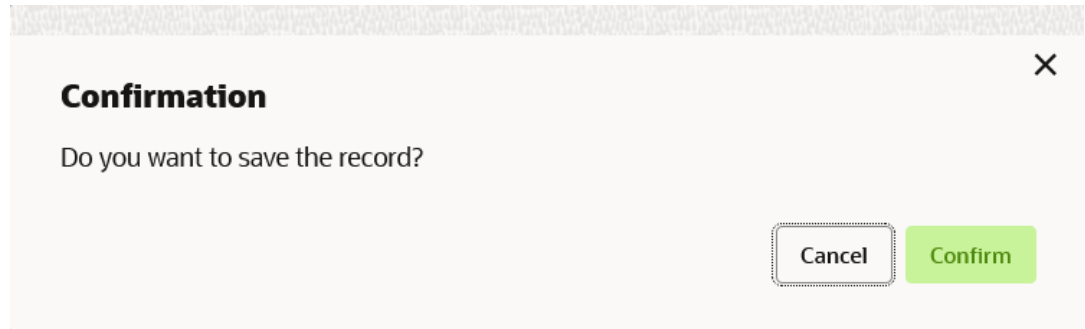
 **Note:**

- Using \$.body, the user can access the request body.  
Syntax: \$.body.fieldName  
Example: \$.body.branchCode
- Using \$.headers, the user can access the request headers.  
Syntax: \$.headers["fieldname"][0]  
Example: \$.headers["branchCode"][0]
- Using \$.env, the user can access the environment variables.  
Syntax: \$.env.group.variable

- c. Click **OK** to save the attributes.

5. Click **Save** to save the details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 5-4 Confirmation**



6. On **Confirmation** screen, click **Confirm** to add the service.

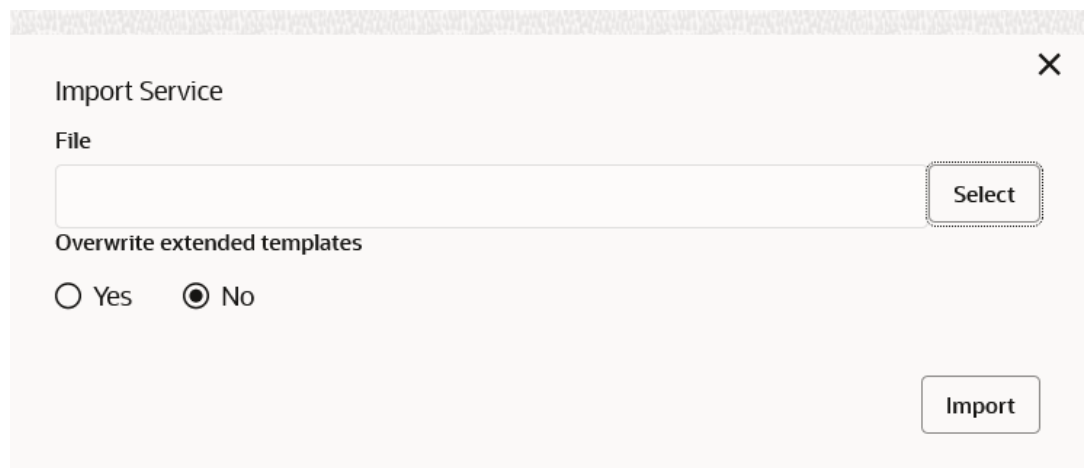
#### **Import Consumer Service**

The user can create a consumer service by importing the JSON file.

The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).


7. On **Consumer Services** screen, click **Import**.  
The **Import Service** screen displays.

**Figure 5-5 Import Service**



For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 5-3 Import Service - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>File</b>	<p>Select the file using <b>Select</b> button.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; background-color: #e1eef6; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b> Allows only to select one file and accepts only JSON file.</p> </div>
<b>Overwrite extended templates</b>	<p>Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates.</li> <li>• No - This option retains the existing extended templates.</li> </ul>

8. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

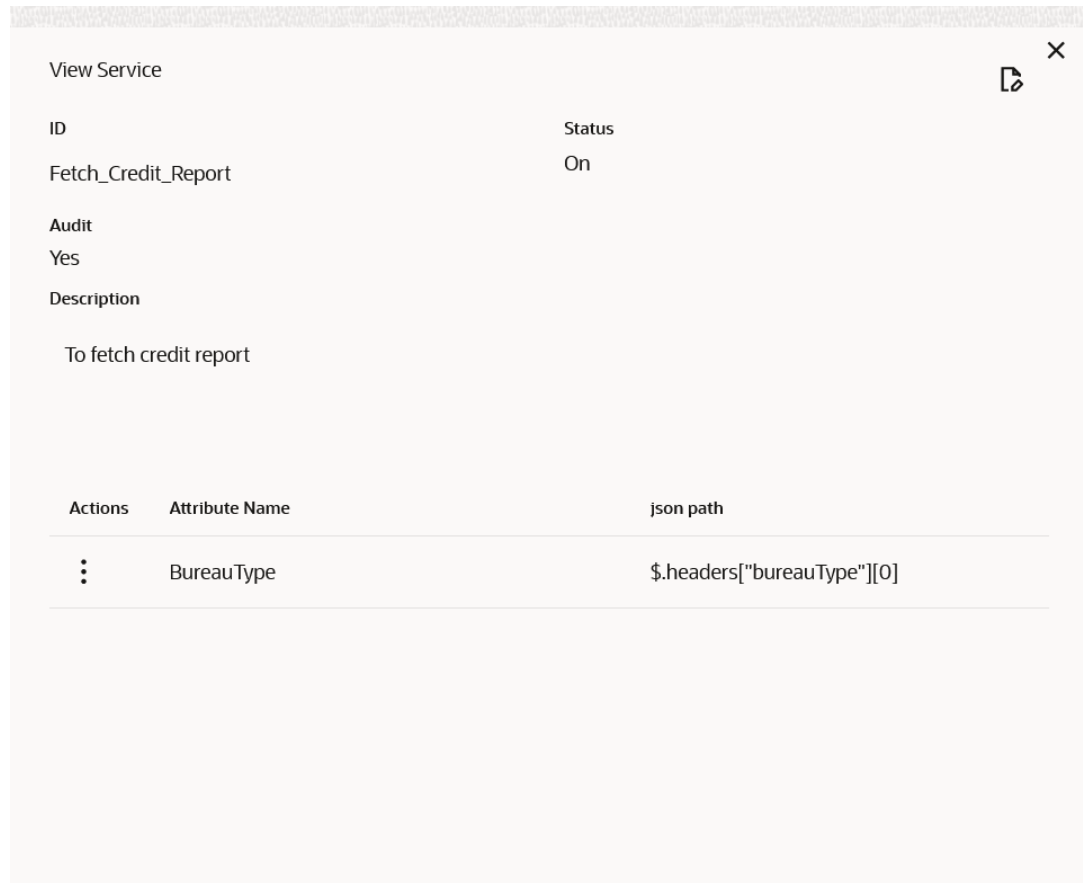
#### **View Consumer Service**

The user can view consumer service details and can also switch to edit form by clicking on edit icon.

9. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **View**.

The **View Service** screen displays.



**Figure 5-6 View Service****Edit Consumer Service**

The user can modify the consumer service details.

10. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Edit**.

The **Edit Service** screen displays.

**Figure 5-7 Edit Service**

Edit Service X

ID Status

Fetch\_Credit\_Report

Audit

Yes  No

Description

To fetch credit report

+ Add

Actions	Attribute Name	json path
⋮	BureauType	\$.headers["bureauType"][0]

Save

11. Click **Save** once the edit is done.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 5-8 Confirmation - Edit**

X

**Confirmation**

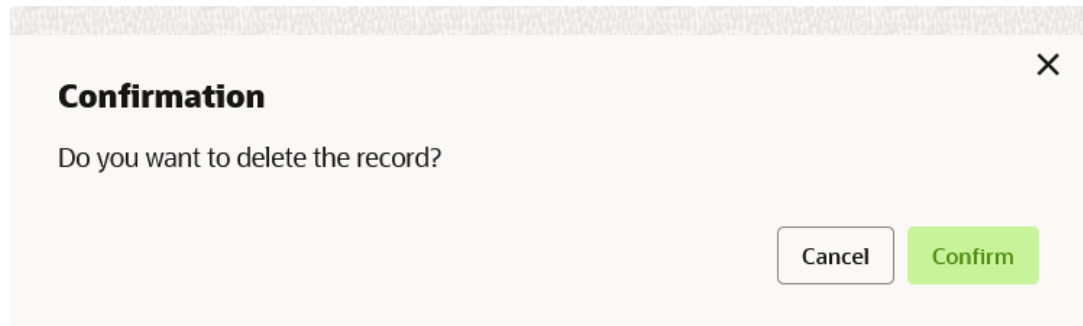
Do you want to save the record?

Cancel Confirm

**Delete Consumer Service**

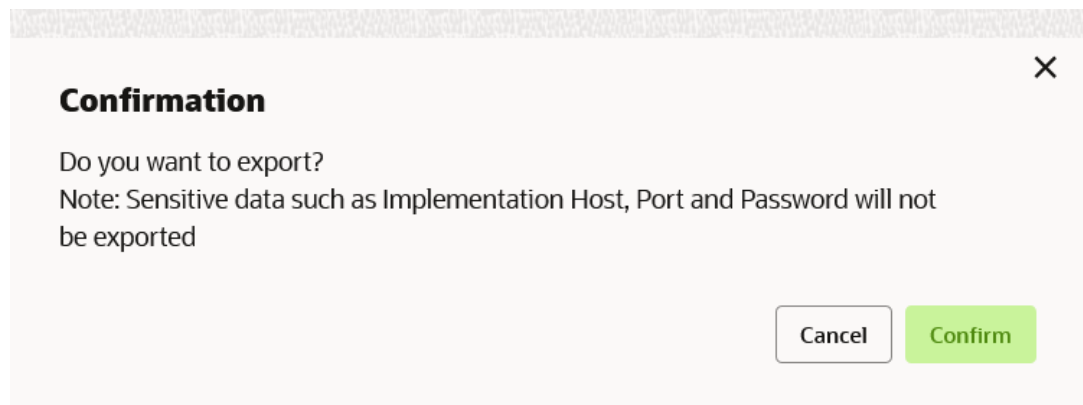
The user can delete the consumer service.

12. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Delete**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 5-9 Confirmation****Export Consumer Service**

The user can export the consumer service configuration as JSON file.

13. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Export**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 5-10 Confirmation - Export****Consumer Service - Configuration**

14. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**.  
The **Configuration** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Configuration](#) topic for the screen and field description.

**Consumer Service - Request Audit**

15. On **Consumer Service** tile, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**.  
The **Request Audit** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for the screen and field description.

# 6

## Transformation

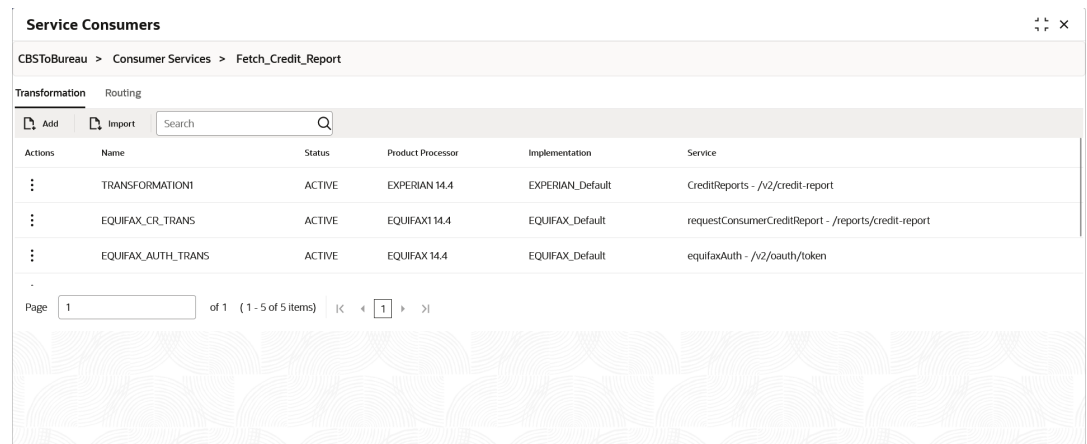
This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the transformation.

The **Transformation** acts as assembling and transforming data from source to destination and vice-versa. This takes place under consumer service. This converts the data of service consumer into service provider.

1. On **Consumer Services** screen, click the required consumer service tile.

The **Transformation** screen displays.

**Figure 6-1 Transformation**



Actions	Name	Status	Product Processor	Implementation	Service
⋮	TRANSFORMATION1	ACTIVE	EXPERIAN 14.4	EXPERIAN_Default	CreditReports - /v2/credit-report
⋮	EQUIFAX_CR_TRANS	ACTIVE	EQUIFAX1 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	requestConsumerCreditReport - /reports/credit-report
⋮	EQUIFAX_AUTH_TRANS	ACTIVE	EQUIFAX 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	equifaxAuth - /v2/oauth/token

### Add Transformation

The user can create transformation manually.

2. On **Transformation** screen, click **Add**.

The **Add Transformation** screen displays.

Figure 6-2 Add Transformation

Add Transformation
✕

Name Active

Required

Product Processor

Required

Required

Required

Service

Operation

Request Validation

Validation Required?

Required

Required

Required

Template

Headers

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

Request Transformation

Template Type

Template

Extended Template

Response Headers

+ Add

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

Response Transformation

Stop route for failed request?

Template Type

Template

ORACLE

6-2

3. Specify the fields on **Add Transformation** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 6-1 Add Transformation - Field Description**






Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name for the transformation.   <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>• No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>
<b>Active</b>	Active / Inactive If transformation is marked as inactive, then the user will not be able to select transformation in routing.
<b>Product Processor</b>	Displays the Product Processor details.
<b>Product Processor</b>	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
<b>Implementation</b>	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.
<b>Service</b>	Select the service from the drop-down list.
<b>Service</b>	Displays the service details of the selected service.
<b>Operation</b>	Displays the operation details of the selected service.
<b>Request Validation</b>	Displays the Request Validation details.
<b>Validation Required?</b>	Select the toggle to enable the validation required for request.   <b>Note:</b> Validation Model of Oracle Banking Pricing & Decision Service is only supported.
<b>Product Processor</b>	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
<b>Implementation</b>	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.
<b>Service</b>	Select the service from the drop-down list.
<b>Template</b>	Specify the template in which validation provider accepts.
<b>Headers</b>	Displays the header list relevant to the selected provider, implementation and service. User can change the header values. The value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.
<b>Path Params</b>	Displays the path param list relevant to the selected service. User can change the param values. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.

Table 6-1 (Cont.) Add Transformation - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Query Params</b>	Displays the query param list relevant to the selected service. User can change the param values. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.
<b>Request Transformation</b>	Displays the Request Transformation details.
<b>Body Type</b>	<p>Select the body type for the Request Transformation from the drop-down list.</p> <p>The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RAW</b></li> <li>• <b>FORM DATA</b></li> <li>• <b>BINARY</b></li> </ul> <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; border-right: 2px solid #0070C0; border-bottom: 2px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the selected service is REST service and <b>RAW</b> option is used for URL-encoded content type.</p> </div>
<b>Template Type</b>	<p>Select the template type for the Request Transformation from the drop-down list.</p> <p>The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>VELOCITY</b></li> <li>• <b>JSLT</b></li> <li>• <b>XSLT</b></li> </ul>
<b>Template</b>	Specify the template for the Request Transformation in which provider accepts. Refer to <a href="#">Transformation Type</a> for syntax.
<b>Extended Template</b>	Specify the custom template in order to extend the kernel template. Refer to Extensibility and Transformation Type for syntax. <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; border-right: 2px solid #0070C0; border-bottom: 2px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>This field appears only if the <b>Body Type</b> is selected as <b>RAW</b>.</p> </div>
<b>Response Header</b>	Specify the additional headers required to be part of Routing Hub response headers. Value can either be hardcoded or can be Velocity mapping.
<b>Response Transformation</b>	Displays the response transformaton details.
<b>Stop route for failed request</b>	<p>This property is used to handle response for failed request.</p> <div style="border-left: 2px solid #0070C0; border-right: 2px solid #0070C0; border-bottom: 2px solid #0070C0; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>Only applicable for API chaining scenario.</p> </div>



**Table 6-1 (Cont.) Add Transformation - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Template Type</b>	Select the template type for the Response Transformation from drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>VELOCITY</b></li> <li>• <b>JSLT</b></li> <li>• <b>XSLT</b></li> </ul>
<b>Template</b>	Specify the kernel template in which consumer accepts. Refer to <a href="#">Transformation Type</a> for syntax.
<b>Mocking required?</b>	Select the toggle if the mocking is required for the Response Transformation or not. If the toggle is <b>ON</b> , the Routing Hub will return the mocked template output (with extended template output if mentioned) to consumer without invoking provider API.
<b>Mock Template</b>	Specify the kernel template for the Response Transformation in which the consumer accepts. Refer <a href="#">Transformation Type</a> for syntax.

- Click **Save** to save the details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.
- Click **Confirm** to add the transformation.

**Import Transformation**


The user can create a transformation by importing the JSON file. The user can also import zip file in order to import all the configuration JSON files together (except parent level configuration JSON files).

- On **Transformation** screen, click **Import**.  
The **Import Transformation** screen displays.

**Figure 6-3 Import Transformation**

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 6-2 Import Transformation - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>File</b>	<p>Select the file using <b>Select</b> button.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; background-color: #e6f2ff; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>Note:</b></p> <p>Allows only to select one file and accepts JSON and ZIP file.</p> </div>
<b>Overwrite extended templates</b>	<p>Select the respective radio button to overwrite the extended templates.</p> <p>The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Yes - This option overwrites the extended templates.</li> <li>• No - This option retains the existing extended templates.</li> </ul>

7. Click **Import** to import the selected file.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

#### **View Transformation**

The user can view transformation details and can also switch to edit form by clicking on edit icon.

8. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **View**.

The **View Transformation** screen displays.

Figure 6-4 View Transformation

View Transformation
✕

<b>Name</b>	<b>Active</b>
TRANSFORMATION1	On

▼ Product Processor

<b>Product Processor</b>	<b>Implementation</b>
EXPERIAN 14.4	EXPERIAN_Default

Service

CreditReports - /v2/credit-report

▼ Service

<b>Service</b>	<b>Operation</b>
POST /consumerservices/credit-profile/v2/credit-report	CreditReports

▼ Headers

	Name	Value
⋮	Accept	application/json
⋮	Authorization	Bearer \$body.access_token
⋮	clientReferenceId	SBMYSQL

▼ Path Parameters

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

▼ Query Parameters

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

▼ Request Transformation

<b>Body Type</b>	<b>Template Type</b>
RAW	VELOCITY

Template

```

{
  #set($body = $snapshot.get(0).body)
  "consumerPii": {
    "primaryApplicant": {
      "name": {

```

Click **Edit** icon to edit the **Transformation**.

### **Edit Transformation**

The user can modify the transformation details.

9. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Edit**.

The **Edit Transformation** screen displays.

Figure 6-5 Edit Transformation

Edit Transformation
✕

Name Active

BRANCH\_TRANSFORMATION

Product Processor

Product Processor: External\_Provider 1.0.0    Implementation: Select    Service: Get\_Details - /cmc-obrh-servi

Service

Service: GET /cmc-obrh-services/serviceconsumer    Operation: Get\_Details

Request Validation

Validation Required?

Product Processor: Select    Implementation: Select    Service: Select

Template

Headers

Actions	Name	Value
⋮	Content-Type	application/json
⋮	appld	CMNCORE
⋮	branchCode	000
⋮	entityId	DEFAULTENTITY

Path Parameters

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

Query Parameters

Actions	Name	Value
⋮	offset	0
⋮	limit	10
⋮	filterBy	name
⋮	filterValue	Oracle_Service_Consumer

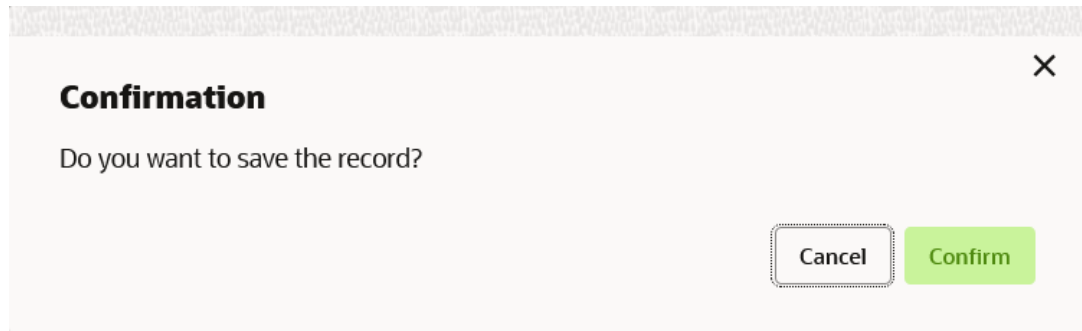
Request Transformation

Body Type: RAW    Template Type: VELOCITY

Template

10. Click **Save** once the edit is done.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 6-6 Confirmation**

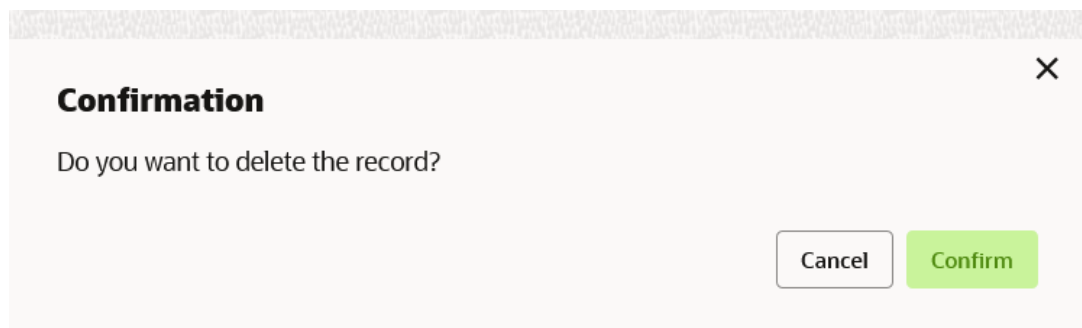


#### Delete Transformation

The user can delete the transformation.

11. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Delete**.  
The **Confirmation - Delete** screen displays.

**Figure 6-7 Confirmation - Delete**

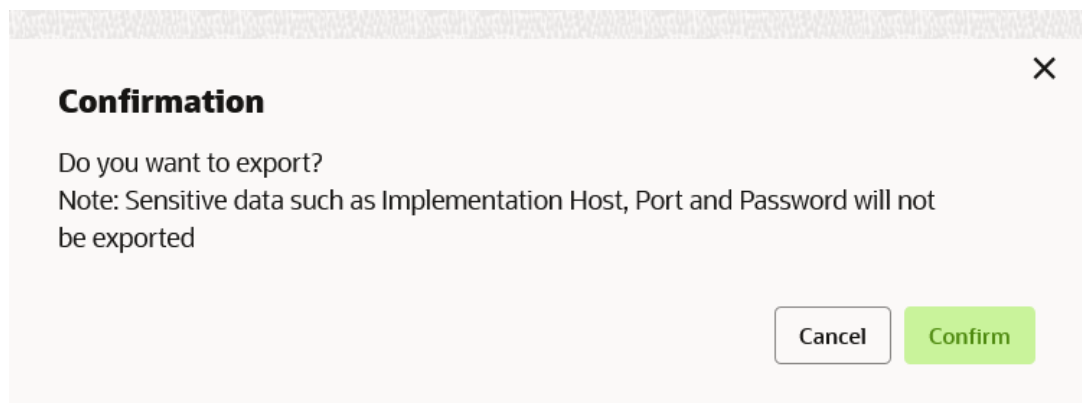


#### Export Transformation

The user can export the transformation configuration as JSON file.

12. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Export**.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 6-8 Confirmation - Export**



## Request Audit

13. On **Transformation** list, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**.  
The **Request Audit** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for screen and field description.

# 7

## Routing

This topic describes the systematic instructions to configure the routing.

Routing defines no rule or rule-based route configuration. Route decide the actual request to be send to which service provider based on maintenance and evaluation.

1. On **Consumer Services** screen, click **Routing**.

The **Routing** screen displays.

**Figure 7-1 Routing**

Actions	Name	Start/Stop	Rule	Product Processor	Implementation	Service
⋮	Route_EQUIFAX	■	(BureauType == "EQUIFAX")	EQUIFAX1 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	requestConsumerCreditReport - /reports/credit-report
⋮	Route_Experian	■	(BureauType == "EXPERIAN")	EXPERIAN 14.4	EXPERIAN_Default	CreditReports - /v2/credit-report

### Add Route

The user can create routing manually.

2. On **Routing** screen, click **Add**.

The **Add Route** screen displays.



Figure 7-2 Add Route

- Specify the fields on **Add Route** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

Table 7-1 Add Route - Field Description


Field	Description
<b>Name</b>	Specify the name for the route.   <b>Note:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter 0 to maximum of 255 characters.</li> <li>No numeric value at beginning and no space allowed.</li> </ul>
<b>START / STOP</b>	START / STOP If routing is marked as STOP, then consumer request fails at routing hub level only.

Table 7-1 (Cont.) Add Route - Field Description

Field	Description
<b>Auto Shutdown</b>	ON / OFF If AutoShutdown flag is ON, then route state will be changed to STOP if route failure goes beyond the threshold failure limit based on the monitoring and alert configuration.
<b>Rule Type</b>	Select the rule type. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Default Rule</b></li> <li>• <b>Custom Rule</b></li> </ul>
<b>Expression Editor</b>	Displays the expression that is formed through expression editor.
<b>Add</b>	To add, refer to the below steps.
<b>Actions</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Product Processor</b>	Displays the product processor.
<b>Implementation</b>	Displays the implementation.
<b>Transformation</b>	Displays the transformation.

### Add Custom Rule using Expression Editor

4. To add **Editor**, follow the below steps.
  - a. On **Add Route** screen, click **Editor** button.  
The **Expression Editor** screen displays.

Figure 7-3 Expression Editor

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Expression Editor" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there are four input fields, each with a "Required" label below it:

- Attribute:** A dropdown menu with "Select" as the current selection.
- Operator:** A dropdown menu with "Select" as the current selection.
- Value:** A text input field.
- Condition Type:** A dropdown menu with "Select" as the current selection.

A "Save" button is located in the bottom right corner of the dialog box.


- b. Specify the fields on **Expression Editor** screen.

#### Note:

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 7-2 Expression Editor - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Attribute</b>	Select attribute relevant to consumer service from drop-down list.
<b>Operator</b>	Select the logical operators to form an expression from drop-down list.
<b>Value</b>	Specify the value.  <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;">  <b>Note:</b> Enter 0 to 255 characters. </div>
<b>Condition Type</b>	Select the condition type from drop-down list.

- c. Click **Save** to save the details.

 **Note:**

String value should be quoted using single quotes ( ' ) Example: 'abc'  
List value should be comma separated values and quoted using single quotes ( ' ) Example: 'abc,xyz,1.23,true'

### Transformations

The user can define the sequence of transformations for each routing in which request should be processed. Sequence of transformations in list can be changed by using drag-n-drop feature.

5. To add **Transformations**, follow the below steps.

- a. On **Add Route** screen, click **Add**.

The **Add Transformation** screen displays.

Figure 7-4 Add Transformation

Add Transformation ✕

Product Processor Implementation Transformation

Select Select Select

Required Required Required

▼ Headers

Actions	Name	Value
No data to display.		

▼ Product Processor

Service

▼ Request Transformation

Template Type	Template
Mocking required?	Mock Template

▼ Response Transformation

Template Type	Template

OK

- b. Specify the fields on **Add Transformation** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 7-3 Add Transformation - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Product Processor</b>	Select the product processor from the drop-down list.
<b>Implementation</b>	Select the implementation from the drop-down list.
<b>Transformation</b>	Select the transformation from the drop-down list.
<b>Action</b>	Displays the action. The user can edit or delete the header.
<b>Name</b>	Displays the name of the header.
<b>Value</b>	Displays the value of the header.
<b>Service</b>	Displays the service of the product processor.
<b>Template Type</b>	Displays the template type for the request transformation.
<b>Template</b>	Displays the template for the request transformation.
<b>Template Type</b>	Displays the template type for the response transformation.
<b>Template</b>	Displays the template for the response transformation.
<b>Mocking required?</b>	Displays whether the mocking required for the response transformation or not.
<b>Mock Template</b>	Displays the mock template for the response transformation.

- c. Click **OK**.
6. Click **Save** to save the details.  
The **Confirmation** screen displays.
7. Click **Confirm** to add the routing details.

#### **View Route**

The user can view the routing details and can also switch to edit form by clicking on edit icon.

8. On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **View**.  
The **View Route** screen displays.

**Figure 7-5 View Route**

View Route ✕

Name: Route\_EQUIFAX      Start/Stop: START STOP      Auto Shutdown: On

Default Rule     Custom Rule

▼ Rule

( BureauType == "EQUIFAX" )

▼ Transformations

Actions	Product Processor	Implementation	Transformation
⋮	EQUIFAX1 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	EQUIFAX_AUTH_TRANS1
⋮	EQUIFAX1 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	EQUIFAX_CR_TRANS

**Edit Route**

The user can modify the routing details.

9. On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Edit**.

The **Edit Route** screen displays.

**Figure 7-6 Edit Route**

Edit Route ×  
 Name:  Start/Stop:   Auto Shutdown:   
 Default Rule  Custom Rule  
 Rule:    
 Transformations:   

Actions	Product Processor	Implementation	Transformation
⋮	EQUIFAX1 14.4	EQUIFAX_Default	EQUIFAX_AUTH_TRANS1

**Delete Route**

The user can delete the routing details.

- On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Delete**.

The **Confirmation** screen displays.

**Figure 7-7 Confirmation - Delete**

Confirmation ×  
 Do you want to delete the record?

- Click **Confirm** to delete the selected routing.

**Routing - Configuration**

- On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Configuration**.

The **Configuration** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Configuration](#) topic for screen and field description.

**Routing - Request Audit**

13. On **Routing** screen, click **Operation menu** (3 dots button), and click **Request Audit**.

The **Request Audit** screen displays.

 **Note:**

Refer to [Request Audit](#) topic for screen and field description.



# 8

## Chaining

This topic provides the information about chaining of the transformation.

The end-user can define the sequence of transformations for each routing in which the request needs to be processed.

Chaining can be achieved by using the snapshot list. The snapshot list stores the response body and response headers whenever the transformation is processed. Therefore, the end-user can access the response body or headers of all processed transformations at any stage.

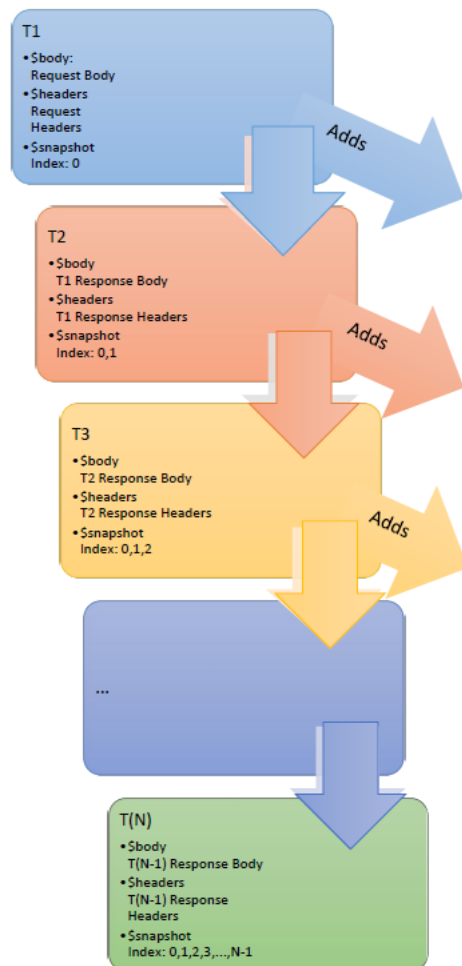
**Syntax:** `$snapshot.get(index).body` or `$snapshot.get(index).headers`



### Note:

`$body` and `$headers` refers to the response body and headers of previous step.

**Figure 8-1 Chaining**



**Table 8-1 Snapshot List**

<b>Index</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Headers</b>
1	Request Body	Request Headers
2	T1 Response Body	T1 Response Headers
3	T2 Response Body	T2 Response Headers
4	T3 Response Body	T3 Response Headers
...	...	...
N	T(N-1) Response Body	T(N-1) Response Headers

# 9

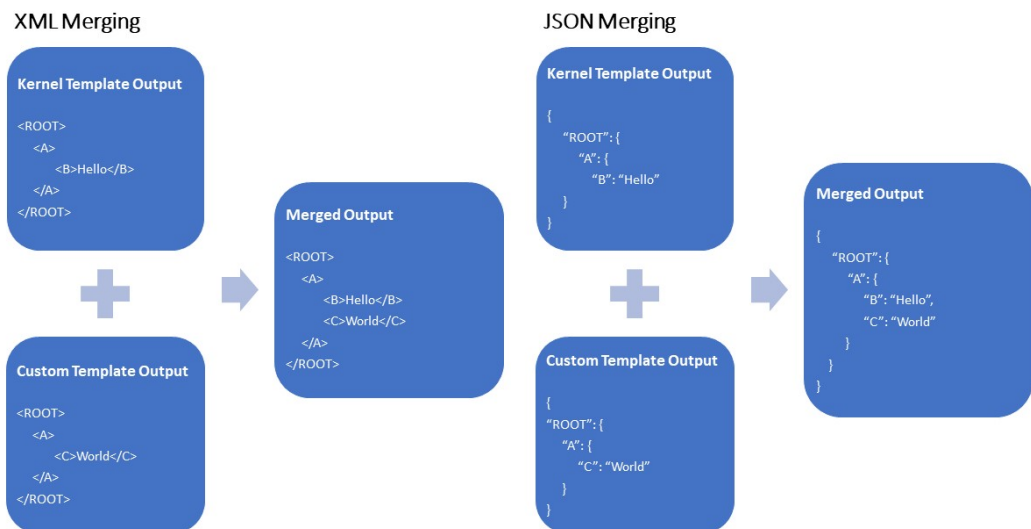
## Template Extensibility

Template Extensibility in Routing Hub refers to template extensibility and is achieved by specifying the extended templates for request and response kernel transformation templates. And as part of extensibility, Routing Hub merges the output of kernel template and custom template in terms of JSON / XML merging.

In case of request, Routing Hub will send the merged output as request payload to provider.

In case of response, Routing Hub will return the merged output as response back to consumer

**Figure 9-1 Extensibility - Example**



### Note:

Order of existing elements in custom template should be same as kernel template.

- [XML merging attributes](#)

## 9.1 XML merging attributes

This topic contains the following subtopics:

- [Identity Matcher](#)
- [Skip Matcher](#)

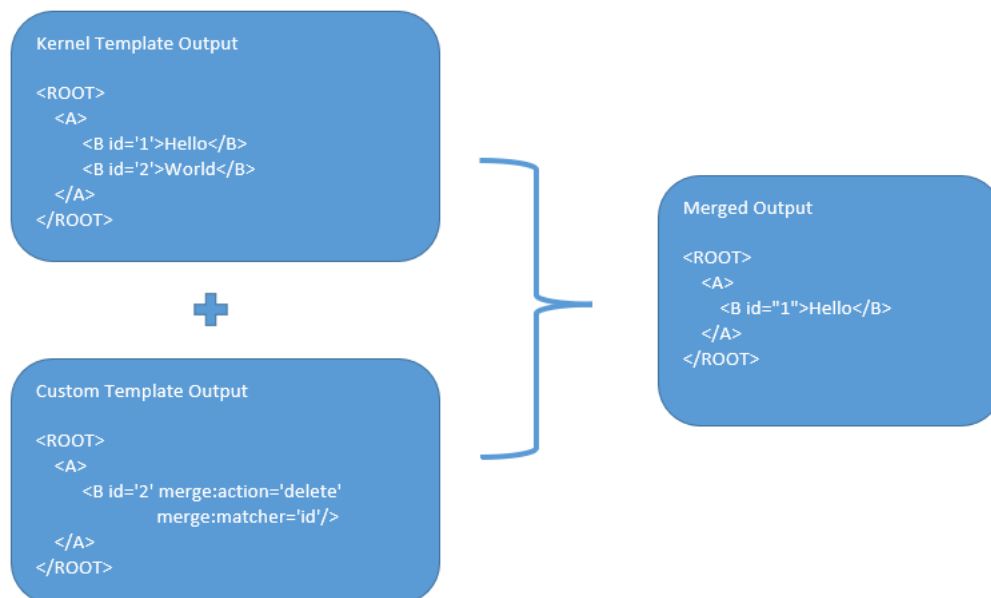
- [Override Action](#)
- [Complete Action](#)
- [Replace Action](#)
- [Preserve Action](#)
- [Delete Action](#)

## 9.1.1 Identity Matcher

Matcher attribute must be used when merge action has to be performed for specific element.

Syntax: `merge:matcher='<ATTRIBUTE_NAME>'`

**Figure 9-2 Identity Matcher**

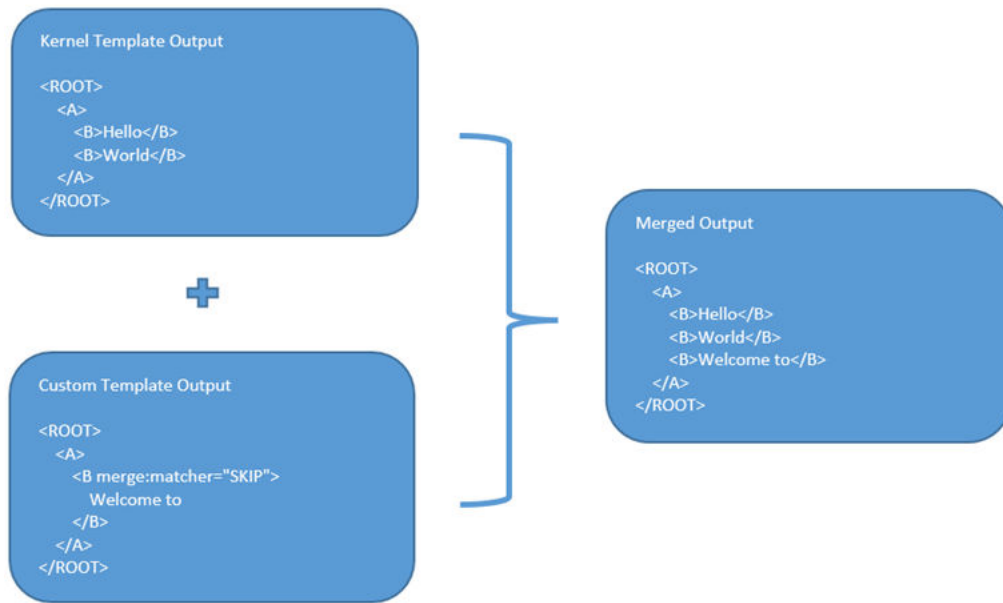


## 9.1.2 Skip Matcher

Skip matcher strategy is used to insert the elements forcefully without matching the original element and patch element.

Syntax: `merge:action='SKIP'`

**Figure 9-3 Skip Matcher**

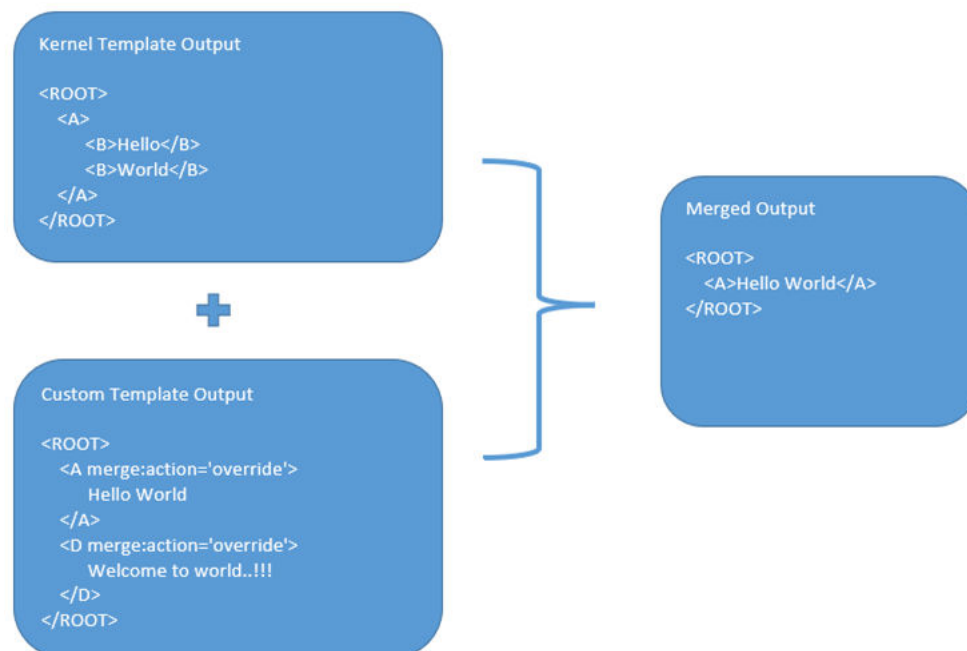


### 9.1.3 Override Action

Replaces the original element with the patch element only if it exists in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: `merge:action='override'`

**Figure 9-4 Override Action**

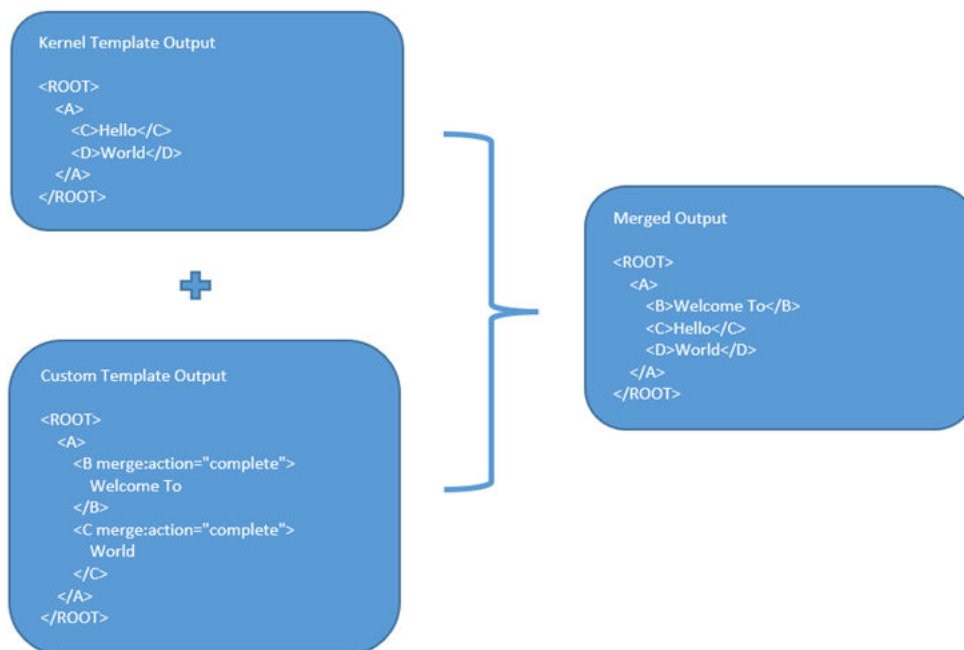


## 9.1.4 Complete Action

Copies the patch element only if it does not exist in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: `merge:action='complete'`

**Figure 9-5 Complete Action**

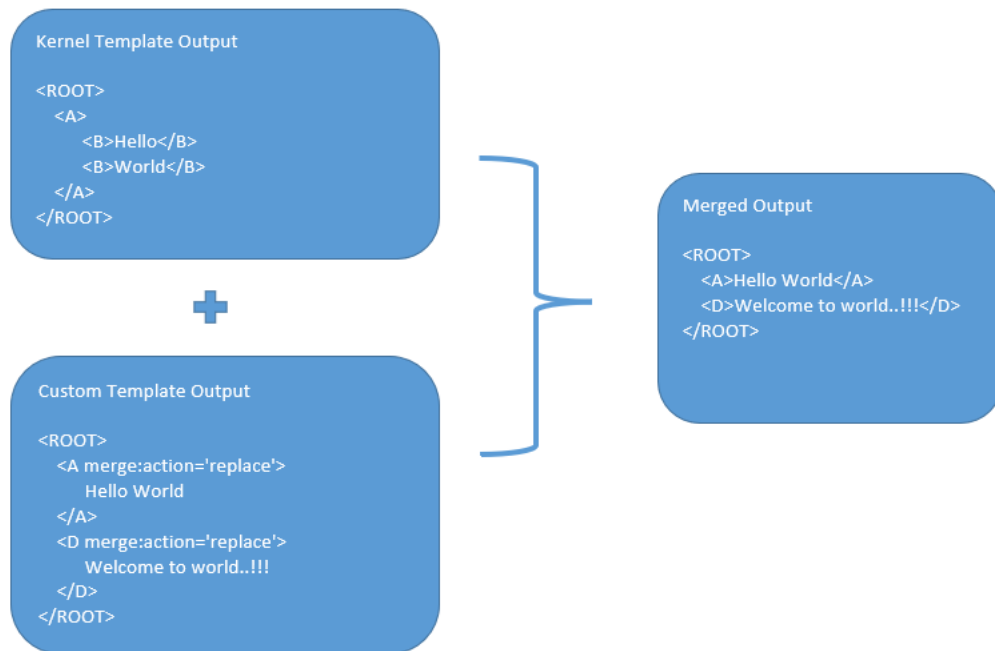


## 9.1.5 Replace Action

Replaces the original element with the patch element or creates the element if it does not exist in kernel/mock template.

Syntax: `merge:action='replace'`

**Figure 9-6 Replace Action**

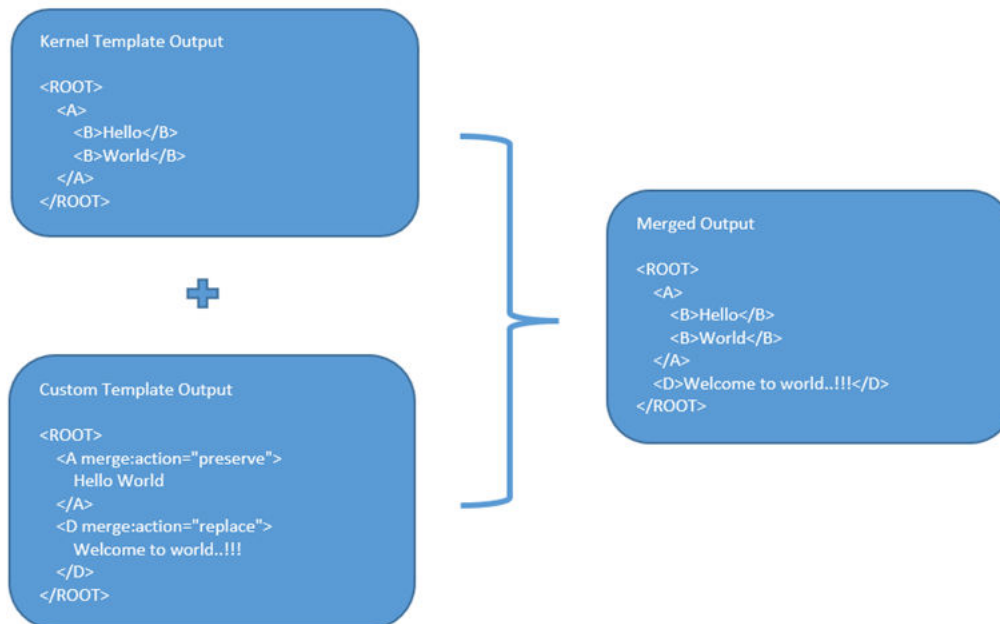


## 9.1.6 Preserve Action

No replace action is performed on the original element.

Syntax: `merge:action='preserve'`

**Figure 9-7 Preserver Action**

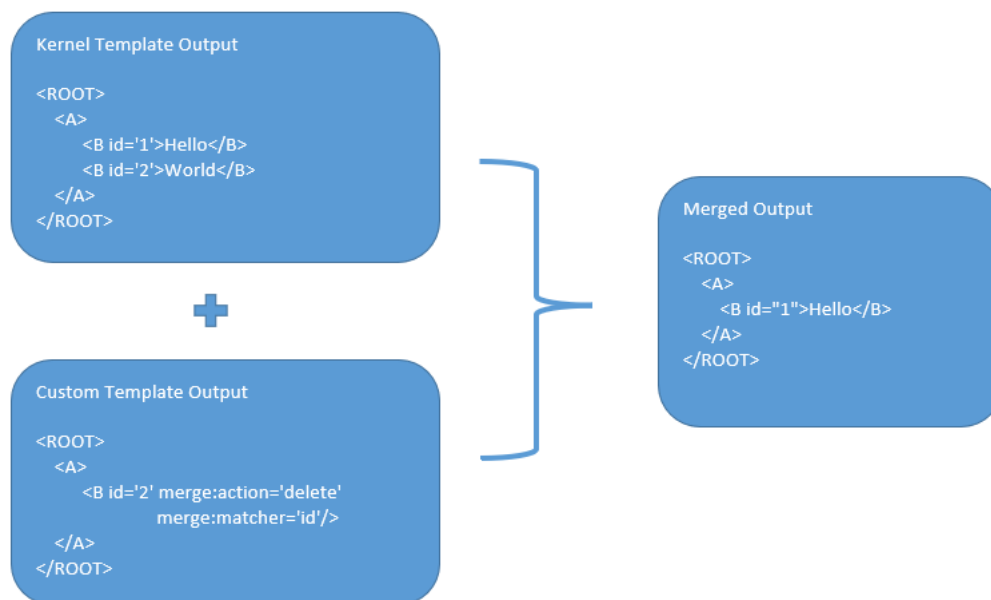


## 9.1.7 Delete Action

Deletes the original element.

Syntax: `merge:action='delete'`

**Figure 9-8 Delete Action**





# 10

## Audit Purging / Archiving

Purging/Archiving of audit data is done on the basis of retention policy.

This process uses plato-batch-server for Job execution.

The following steps are required to schedule purging/archiving job (routingHubAuditRetentionJob) once cmc-obrh-services and plato-batch-server is UP and RUNNING:

1. On **Home** screen, click **Task Management**. Under **Task Management** menu, click **Configure Tasks**.
2. Select **Schedule** option.
3. Select **Task Name** as routingHubAuditRetentionJob and **Task Trigger Name** will be generated automatically.
4. Specify the CRON expression to daily EOD.

In order to resolve table space issue of Audit table (CMC\_RH\_AUDIT\_EVENT\_LOG), Database Management Team has to configure database job which should be triggered after routingHubAuditRetentionJob. This database job can be redefining the table (DBMS\_REDEFINITION) after purging/archiving is done or other approach. So, the unused LOB segment space can be released. And in order to resolve table space issue of Audit history table (CMC\_RH\_AUDIT\_EVENT\_LOG\_HISTORY), Database Management Team has to configure database job to truncate table periodically basis.

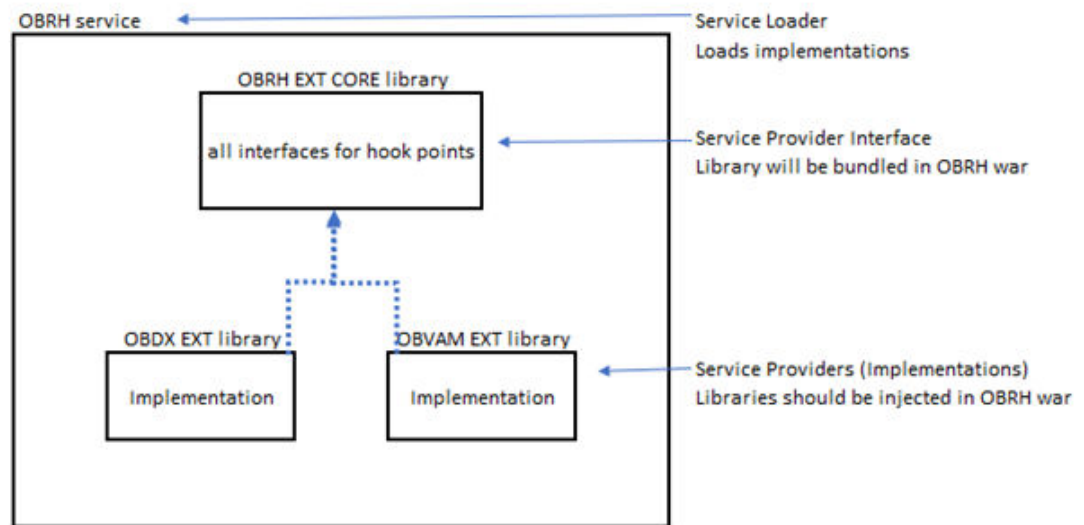
# 11

## Hookpoints

Service Provider Interface (SPI) mechanism is used to make Routing Hub more extensible. SPI provides an option to extend interfaces without modifying the core application. All we need to do is provide a new implementation of the service that follows certain rules and plug it into the application.

Using the SPI mechanism, the application will load the new implementation and work with it.

**Figure 11-1 Hookpoints**



Below steps to follow for specifying implementation:

- Extract the "cmc-obrh-ext-core-x.y.z.jar" (Extension Core) library from "cmc-obrh-service-x.y.z.war" artifact.
- Create library by consuming extension core library of Routing Hub.
- Specify the required implementations.
- In order to get it discovered, provider configuration file has to be created under "META-INF" as below:

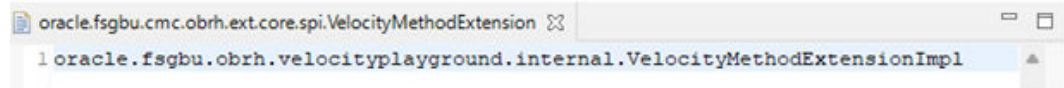
**Figure 11-2 META-INF**



Here, file name will be "PackageName.InterfaceName".

- Specify the implementation in above file as below:

**Figure 11-3 Implementation**



```
oracle.fsgbu.cmc.obrh.ext.core.spi.VelocityMethodExtension
1 oracle.fsgbu.obrh.velocityplayground.internal.VelocityMethodExtensionImpl
```

Here, file name will be "PackageName.InterfaceName".

- Inject the implementation library in "cmc-obrh-service-x.y.z.war" artifact.
- [Available Interfaces](#)

## 11.1 Available Interfaces

### VelocityMethodExtension

In order to use it in velocity templates, processInput method needs to be called.

Syntax: \$custom.processInput(String implementationName, Object... args)

Here, implementationName is mandatory if multiple implementations are present.

### SoapOutInterceptorExtension

This interface is for processing the unmarshalled message data.



#### Note:

During PRE\_LOGICAL and PRE\_LOGICAL ENDING phases, the interceptions will be made automatically if the implementation is present.

# 12

## Multipart Request

This topic provides the sample template for the multipart request

### Example 12-1 Multipart Request

```
[
  {
    "key": "file",
    "type": "FILE",
    "value": "$body.files.get(0).file"
  },
  {
    "key": "name",
    "type": "TEXT",
    "value": "$body.name.get(0).content"
  }
]
```

# 13

## URL Encoded Request

This topic provides the sample template for url encoded request.

### Example 13-1 URL Encoded Request

```
[
{
  "client_id": "am9obg",
  "client_secret": "am9obmRvZQ"
}
]
```



#### Note:

Body type should be RAW.

# 14

## Configuration

This topic describes the systematic instructions to perform the configuration.

End-user can configure the properties w.r.t. monitoring, alert and export.

End-user can configure the same at System level and granular levels such as Consumer, Consumer Service and Routing.

The **Configuration** screen contains the following sections.

- **Monitoring** - It has the features required by the breaker to store and aggregate the result of calls.
- **Alert** - It has the features required for transitioning circuit breaker.
- **Email Alert** - It has the feature required for mail notification.
- **Export** - It has the properties that are required for exporting the configuration JSON and will be visible at system level only.

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

1. On **Home** screen, click **Core Maintenance**. Under **Core Maintenance**, click **Routing Hub**.
2. Under **Routing Hub**, click **Configuration**.

The **Configuration** screen displays.

**Figure 14-1 Configuration**

The screenshot shows the 'Configuration' screen with the following sections and fields:

- Monitoring**:
  - Window Type:  Count  Time
  - Window Size:
- Alert**:
  - Minimum number of calls:
  - Failure rate threshold:
- Email Alert**:
  - Email Addresses:
- Export**:
  - Mark data as factory shipped:
- OIC**:
  - Customer OIC Instance URL:
  - Customer OIC IDCS stripe URL:
  - Client Id:
  - Client Secret:
  - Scope:

Buttons: Clear, Reset, Save

3. Specify the fields on **Configuration** screen.

 **Note:**

The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 14-1 Configuration - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Window Type</b>	Select the type of the window. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Count:</b> The count-based sliding window aggregates the outcome of the last N calls (<b>Window Size</b>).</li> <li><b>Time:</b> The time-based sliding window aggregates the outcome of the calls of the last N seconds (<b>Window Size</b>).</li> </ul>
<b>Window Size</b>	Specify the window size to record the outcome of the calls when the circuit breaker is closed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For <b>Count</b> window type, The window size is N calls.</li> <li>For <b>Time</b> window type, The window size has N seconds.</li> </ul>
<b>Minimum number of calls</b>	Specify the minimum number of calls. For example: If the minimum number of calls are 10, then at least 10 calls must be recorded before calculating the failure rate. If only nine calls are recorded, the circuit breaker is not transitioned to open even if all nine calls are failed.
<b>Failure rate threshold</b>	Specify the failure rate threshold in percentage. When the failure rate is equal or greater than the threshold, the circuit breaker transitions to open and starts short-circuiting calls.
<b>Email Addresses</b>	Specify the E-mail address. The user can use semi-colon to add more email addresses. Once the failure rate crosses the <b>Failure rate threshold</b> , a mail is sent to the end-user about the event.
<b>Mark data as factory shipped</b>	Select the toggle to mark the exported configuration JSON as factory shipped JSON. The end-user will not be able to modify or delete the certain data once imported. By default, the toggle is OFF.
<b>Customer OIC instance URL</b>	Specify the url of OIC instance.
<b>Customer OIC IDCS stripe URL</b>	Specify the striped url of IDCS.
<b>Client Id</b>	Specify the client identifier.
<b>Client Secret</b>	Specify the client secret.
<b>Scope</b>	Specify the intent of access.

**Example:**

**Table 14-2 Configuration - Field Entry Values**

Field	Entry Values
<b>Window Type</b>	Count
<b>Window Size</b>	20

**Table 14-2 (Cont.) Configuration - Field Entry Values**

Field	Entry Values
Minimum number of calls	10
Failure rate Threshold	50%

Configured properties will result as below:

After 10 (minimum number of calls) calls, routing would get shutdown if 50% (failure rate) of almost last 20 (window size) calls have failed. If the email address property is configured, then the end-user is notified as well.

4. Click **Clear** to clear all the specified details.
5. Click **Reset** to reset the details.
6. Click **Save** to save all the details.



# 15

## Request Audit - Log

This topic describes the systematic instructions to check the audit log in Oracle Banking Routing Hub.

Specify **User ID** and **Password**, and login to **Home** screen.

1. On **Home** screen, click **Core Maintenance**. Under **Core Maintenance**, click **Routing Hub**.
2. Under **Routing Hub**, click **Request Audit**.

The **Request Audit - Log** screen displays.

**Figure 15-1 Request Audit - log**

The screenshot shows the 'Request Audit' interface. At the top, there are several input fields: Request ID, Consumer, Consumer Service, Provider, Provider Implementation, Provider Service, Transformation, Route, and User ID. A 'Search' button is positioned to the right of these fields. Below the search area, a table header is visible with columns: Request ID, Consumer, Consumer Service, Provider, Provider Implementation, Provider Service, Transformation, Route, Status, and User ID. The table content area shows 'No data to display.' and a pagination control indicating 'Page 1 of 0 (1 - 0 of 0 items)'.

3. Specify the fields on **Request Audit - log** screen.



### Note:


The fields marked as **Required** are mandatory.

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

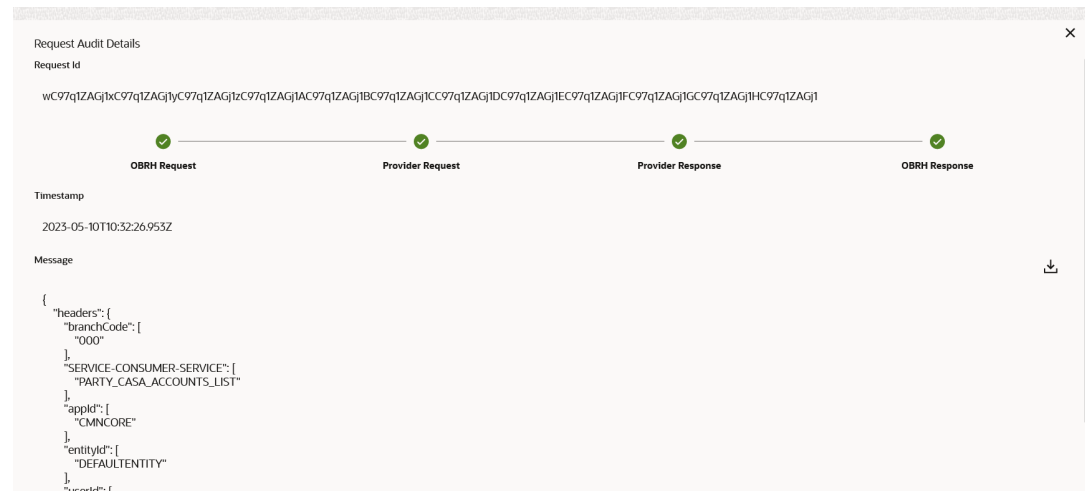
**Table 15-1 Request Audit - log - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Request ID</b>	Specify the request ID.
<b>Consumer</b>	Specify the consumer.
<b>Consumer Service</b>	Specify the consumer service.
<b>Provider</b>	Specify the provider.
<b>Provider Implementation</b>	Specify the provider implementation.
<b>Provider Service</b>	Specify the provider service.
<b>Transformation</b>	Specify the transformation name.
<b>Route</b>	Specify the route.
<b>User ID</b>	Specify the user ID.

**Table 15-1 (Cont.) Request Audit - log - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Reference Number</b>	Specify the reference number to track the requests audit.  <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; padding: 5px; background-color: #e6f2ff;"> <p> <b>Note:</b> To track by reference number, one has to pass rh-reference-no header in routing hub request</p> </div>

4. Click the **Search** button to fetch the request audit details.
5. Click on the **Request ID** to view the step by step execution of request audit details.  
The **Request Audit Details** screen displays.

**Figure 15-2 Request Audit Details**

For more information on fields, refer to the field description table.

**Table 15-2 Request Audit Details - Field Description**

Field	Description
<b>Request ID</b>	Displays the selected request ID.
<b>OBRH Request</b>	Displays the status of Routing Hub request.
<b>Provider Request</b>	Displays the status of provider request.
<b>Provider Response</b>	Displays the status of provider response.
<b>OBRH Response</b>	Displays the status of Routing Hub response.
<b>Timestamp</b>	Displays the date and time.
<b>Message</b>	Displays the message.

# 16

## Monitoring Dashboard

Monitoring dashboard has been provided to System integrators and IT administrators to review the health of the integrations. It displays data using different type of widgets to help users to assess the performance of integrations and identify the areas that requires attention.

This dashboard requires 'routingHubAuditSummaryJob' job to be executed periodically using plato-batch-server.

Below are steps to schedule the job once cmc-obrh-services and plato-batch-server is UP and RUNNING:

1. On **Home** screen, click **Task Management**. Under **Task Management** menu, click **Configure Tasks**.
2. Select **Schedule** option.
3. Select **Task Name** as routingHubAuditRetentionJob and **Task Trigger Name** will be generated automatically.
4. Specify the CRON expression to daily EOD.

To resolve table space issue of Audit summary table, (CMC\_RH\_AUDIT\_SUMMARY), Database Management Team has to configure database job to truncate table periodically basis.

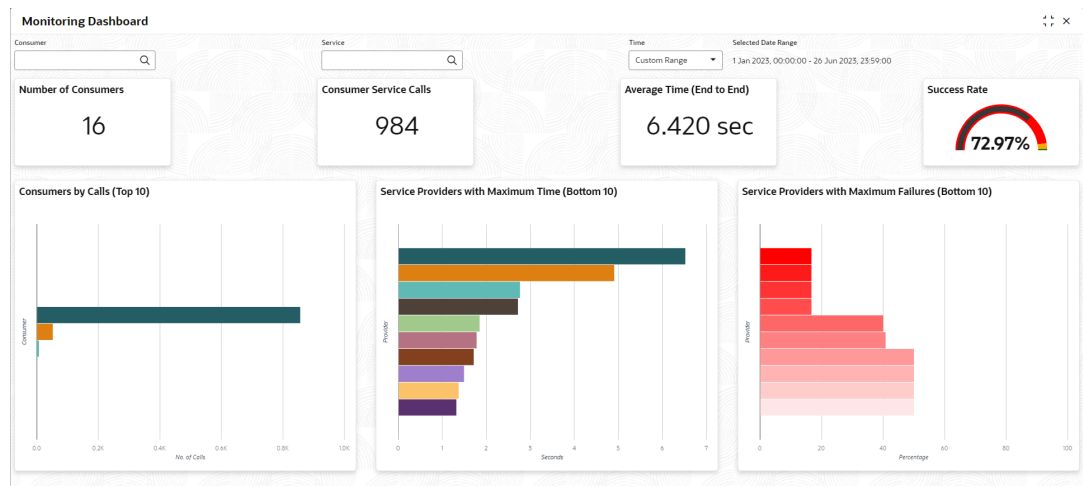


### Note:

**Monitoring Dashboard** will also be not available if Audit logs are turned off.

1. On **Home** screen, click **Core Maintenance**. Under **Core Maintenance** menu, click **Routinh Hub**. Under **Routing Hub**, click **Monitoring Dashboard**

**Figure 16-1 Monitoring Dashboard**

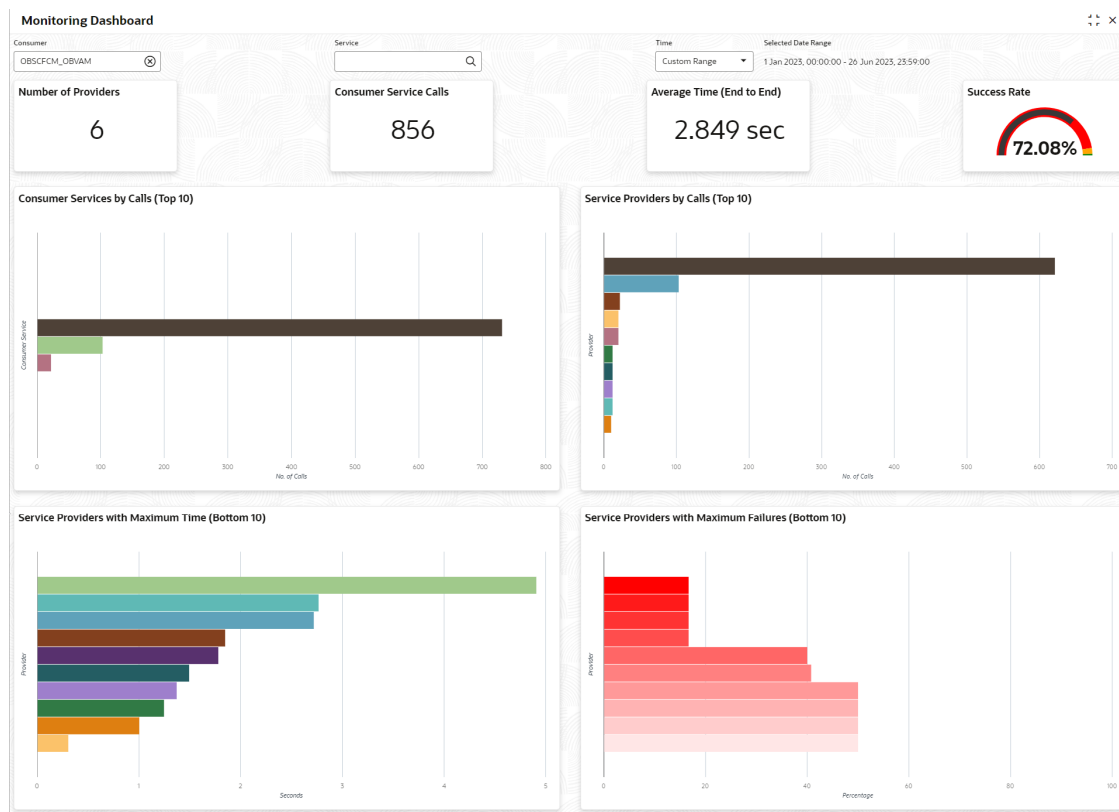


- **Number of Consumers:** This widget displays total number of consumers configured in the Oracle Banking Routing Hub.
- **Consumer Service Calls:** This widget displays total number of consumer services requested during chosen period.
- **Average Time (End to End):** This widget displays the average time (in seconds) taken to process successful requests, during chosen period.
- **Success Rate:** This widget provides an indicator of how many successful requests were made during chosen period.
- **Consumers by Calls (Top 10):** This widget provides a graphical display of the top 10 consumers based on requests they have made during chosen period. A link on the bar graph is provided to view further details of the Consumer.
- **Service Providers with Maximum Time (Bottom 10):** This widget provides a graphical display of bottom 10 providers based on the time taken to process requests, during s chosen period.
- **Service Providers with Maximum Failures (Bottom 10):** This widget provides a graphical display of bottom 10 providers based on failed requests, during s chosen period.

## Consumer Page

The End-user can navigate to this page by either using the filter option provided on the landing page or by clicking on specific consumer service in “**Consumer Service by Calls (Top 10)**” chart.

**Figure 16-2 Consumer Page**





- **Average Time (End to End):** This widget displays the average time taken to process successful requests made during chosen period.
- **Success Rate:** Shows the percentage of successful requests which are made during chosen period.
- **Request Details:** The table displays the list of requests which are requested during chosen period. Following are the details which are provided for each request.

Component Name	Component Type
<b>Request Id</b>	This is system generated reference number for each request. Click on the Request Id displays audit log information of the request.
<b>Time in Routing Hub (Sec)</b>	This field displays the time taken by Routing Hub (in seconds) to route the request between Consumer Service and Providers.
<b>Time in Service Providers (Sec)</b>	This field displays the total time taken by Service provides (in seconds) to process the request.
<b>Total Time (Sec)</b>	This field displays the total time to process the request
<b>Provider Service</b>	Text box
<b>Details</b>	Displays the tabular view of the time taken by individual providers (in case of chaining of the request)

End-user can view request details by clicking on Request Id.

**Figure 16-4 Request Audit Details**

Request Audit Details

Request Id  
 0TAIYCViZH7TAYCViZH18TAIYCViZH19TAIYCViZH1aTAIYCViZH1bTAIYCViZH1cTAIYCViZH1dTAIYCViZH1eTAIYCViZH1fTAIYCViZH1gTAIYCViZH1hTAIYCViZH1i

OBBH Request      Provider Request      Provider Response      OBBH Response

Timestamp  
 2023-03-08T05:59:10.374Z

Message

```
{
  "headers": {
    "connection": [
      "keep-alive"
    ]
  },
  "content-type": [
    "application/json"
  ],
  "appId": [
    "CMNCORE"
  ],
  "userId": [
    "ADMIN"
  ],
  "branchCode": [
    "000"
  ],
  "SERVICE-CONSUMER": [
    "OBSCFCM_OBVAM"
  ]
}
```

Component Name	Comments
<b>Number of Providers</b>	Shows total number of service providers.
<b>Consumer Service Calls</b>	Shows total number of consumer services requested during selected time.
<b>Average Time (End to End)</b>	Shows the average time taken to process successful requests which are requested during selected time.

---

Component Name	Comments
<b>Success Rate</b>	Shows the percentage of successful requests which are requested during selected time.
<b>Request Audit</b>	Shows list of requests which are requested during selected time.

# 17

## Transformation Type

This topic provides the information about the transformation types.

### Velocity

Velocity is a Java-based template engine. It is used to generate XML files, SQL, PostScript, and most other text-based formats.



#### Note:

In Routing Hub, velocity is used to generate JSON and XML files.

- Using **\$body**, user can access request/response body.  
**Syntax:** \$body.fieldName  
**Example:** \$body.branchCode
- Using **\$headers**, user can access request/response headers.  
**Syntax:** \$headers["fieldName"][0]  
**Example:** \$headers["branchCode"][0]
- Using **\$bodyAsString**, user can access response body as string.  
**Syntax:** \$bodyAsString
- Below are some available extension methods:
  - Date Conversion  
**Syntax:** \$dateUtil.convert(inputDate, fromPattern, toPattern)  
**Parameters:**
    - \* inputDate - String
    - \* fromPattern - String
    - \* toPattern - String**Returns:** String  
Refer to <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html> for different patterns
  - Default Value  
**Syntax:** \$custom.defaultvalue(inputValue, defaultValue)  
**Parameters:**
    - \* inputValue - Object
    - \* defaultValue - String**Returns:** Object
  - Null Check  
**Syntax:** \$custom.isNull(inputValue)



**Parameters:**

- \* inputValue - Object

**Returns:** Boolean

- Random Number

**Syntax:** `$mathUtil.getRandom()`**Returns:** Object of Random class (`java.util.Random`)

- Xml Tool

**Syntax:** `$xml.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/XmlTool.html>

- Date Tool

**Syntax:** `$date.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/DateTool.html>

- Json Tool

**Syntax:** `$json.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/JsonTool.html>

- Math Tool

**Syntax:** `$math.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/MathTool.html>

- Number Tool

**Syntax:** `$number.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/NumberTool.html>

- Escape Tool

**Syntax:** `$esc.methodName()`Refer to <https://velocity.apache.org/tools/3.1/apidocs/org/apache/velocity/tools/generic/EscapeTool.html>

- Serialization of object into its equivalent Json representation

**Syntax:** `$custom.toJson(src)`**Parameters:**

- \* src - Object

**Returns:** String

- Get additional field's value based on fieldname

**Syntax:** `$custom.getFieldValueById(jsonString, fieldname)`**Parameters:**

- \* jsonString – String

- \* fieldname - String

**Returns:** String

- Get list of additional fields based on fieldname prefix

**Syntax:** `$custom.getAdditionalFieldSetByType(jsonString,prefixval)`

**Parameters:**

- \* jsonString - String
- \* prefixval - String

**Returns:** String

- This method is for parsing XML string

**Syntax:** \$custom.parseXml(xmlString)

**Parameters:**

- \* xmlString - String

**Returns:** Object

- If issue occurred with hyphen in velocity template of Request or Response Transformation, then use get method.

**Example:**

```
<FCUBS_BODY>
  <Customer-IO>
    <CUSTNO>003942</CUSTNO>
  </Customer-IO>
</FCUBS_BODY>
```

If `$in.FCUBS_BODY.Customer-IO.CUSTNO` does not work ,  
use `$in.FCUBS_BODY.get("Customer-IO").CUSTNO` to get customer number.

**XSLT**

XSLT is a language for transforming XML documents into other XML documents, or other formats such as HTML for web pages, plain text or XSL formatting objects, which may subsequently be converted to other formats, such as PDF, PostScript and PNG.

**Note:**

In Routing Hub, XSLT is used to transform arbitrary XML to JSON.

**JSLT**

JSLT is a complete query and transformation language for JSON.

# 18

## Oracle Banking Routing Hub Integration Specification

This topic provides information about Oracle Banking Routing Hub Integration Specification.

- [Token Generation](#)  
This topic provide information about the Token Generation.
- [Synchronous Dispatch API Specification](#)  
This topic provide information about the Synchronous Dispatch API Specification.
- [Asynchronous Dispatch API Specification](#)  
This topic provide information about the Asynchronous Dispatch API Specification.
- [Asynchronous Dispatch Response API Specification](#)  
This topic provide information about the Asynchronous Dispatch Response API Specification.
- [Template evaluation API Specification](#)  
This topic provide information about the Template evaluation API Specification.

### 18.1 Token Generation

This topic provide information about the Token Generation.

PlatoJWTAuth endpoint signature -

- **Path:** /platojwtauth
- **Headers:**
  - appld : SECSRV001
  - Content-Type : application/json
- **Request Body:**

```
{
  "username": "",
  "password": ""
}
```

  - Username and password is base64 encoding of plaintext.
- **Response Body:**

```
{
  "token": "",
  "userAlreadyLoggedIn": "Y",
  "expires_in": 3180,
  "home_entity_id": "DEFAULTENTITY",
  "multi_entity_admin": "N",
}
```



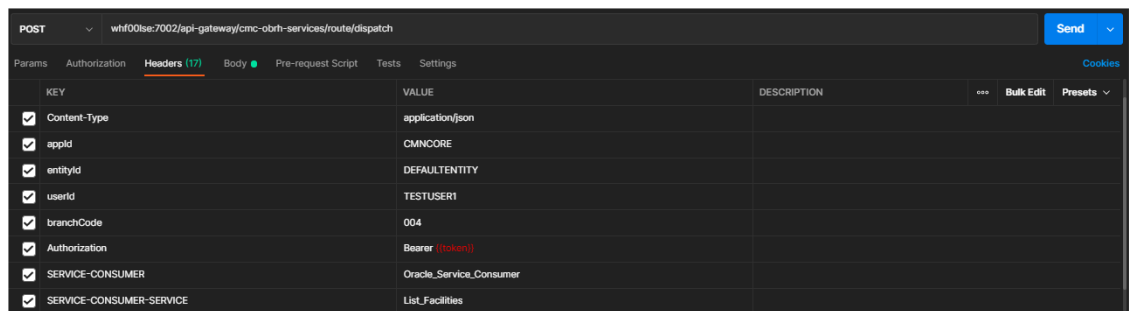
- userId : <user id>
- branchCode : <branch code>
- Authorization : Bearer <Token>
- SERVICE-CONSUMER : <name of service consumer>
- SERVICE-CONSUMER-SERVICE : <name of service consumer service>
- **Request Body:**
  - Any valid JSON/XML payload or multipart request which shall act as input to the transformation template in request transformer.
- **Response Body:**

```
{
  "data": {}
  "messages": {}
}
```

- If the route invocation succeeds, data JSON member would contain the transformed (optional) response of the provided service. If it is a provided web service and no response transformation template is supplied, XML Soap Body of response would be converted into JSON object and sent in data JSON member.
- If the route invocation fails due to misconfigured route or connection time out to ServiceProviderImpl or some other reason, relevant error messages would be sent in messages JSON member. In that case, data JSON member would be null or empty.

**Examples:** Refer the below screenshots of route dispatch for Service-Consumer **Oracle\_Service\_Consumer** and Service-Consumer Service **List\_Facilities**.

**Figure 18-4 Headers**



**Figure 18-5 Request Payload**

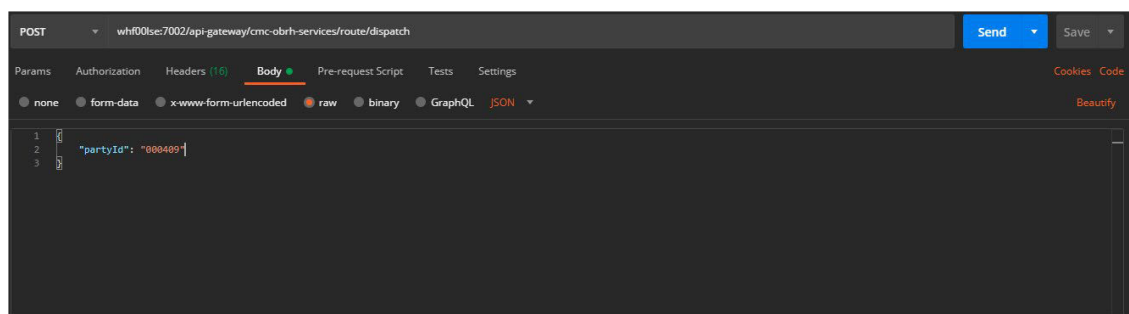


Figure 18-6 Response Payload on Successful Dispatch

```

1  {
2    "data": {
3      "facilitydtos": [ ... ]
4    }
5  }
6  "messages": {
7    "keyId": null,
8    "status": "SUCCESS",
9    "codes": [],
10   "requestId": null,
11   "httpStatusCode": "OK",
12   "overrideAuthLevelsReqd": null
13 }

```

Figure 18-7 Response Payload on Failed Dispatch

```

1  "data": null,
2  "messages": {
3    "keyId": null,
4    "status": "FAILURE",
5    "codes": [
6      {
7        "args": null,
8        "arg": null,
9        "information": false,
10       "override": false,
11       "error": false,
12       "overrideAuthLevelsReqd": null,
13       "desc": "Unknown ServiceConsumerService[List_Facilities ] for ServiceConsumer[Oracle_Service_Consumer]",
14       "language": null,
15       "code": null,
16       "type": null
17     }
18   ],
19   "requestId": null,
20   "httpStatusCode": "BAD_REQUEST",
21   "overrideAuthLevelsReqd": null
22 }

```

## 18.3 Asynchronous Dispatch API Specification

This topic provide information about the Asynchronous Dispatch API Specification.

Dispatch endpoint is the single entry-point for invoking the routes configured in Oracle Banking Routing Hub for services of a Service Consumer.

Dispatch endpoint signature -

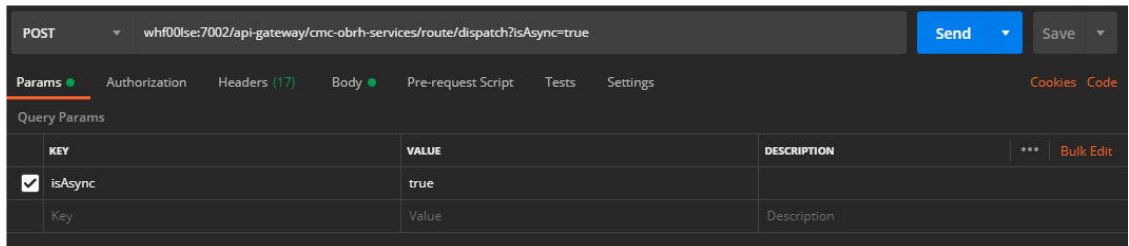
- **Path:** /route/dispatch
- **Query Params:**
  - isAsync : true
- **Headers:**
  - appld : CMNCORE
  - entityId : DEFAULTENTITY
  - userId : <user id>
  - branchCode : <branch code>
  - Authorization : Bearer <Token>
  - SERVICE-CONSUMER : <name of service consumer>
  - SERVICE-CONSUMER-SERVICE : <name of service consumer service>

- **Request Body:**
  - Any valid JSON/XML payload or multipart request which shall act as input to the transformation template in request transformer.
- **Response Body:**

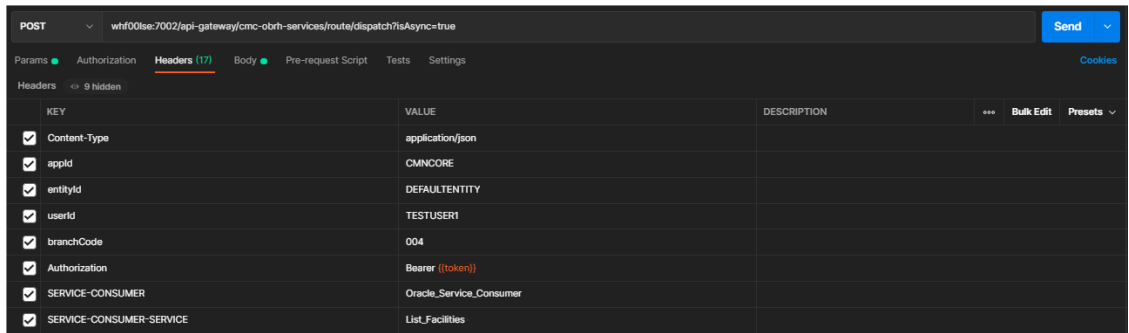
```
{
  "data": { "correlationId" : "" },
  "messages": {}
}
```

**Example:** Refer the below screenshots of route dispatch for Service-Consumer **Oracle\_Service\_Consumer** and Service-Consumer Service **List\_Facilities**.

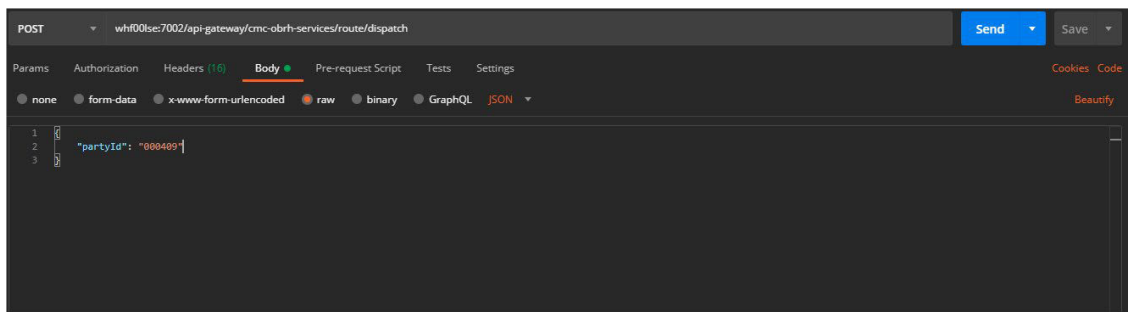
**Figure 18-8 Query Params**



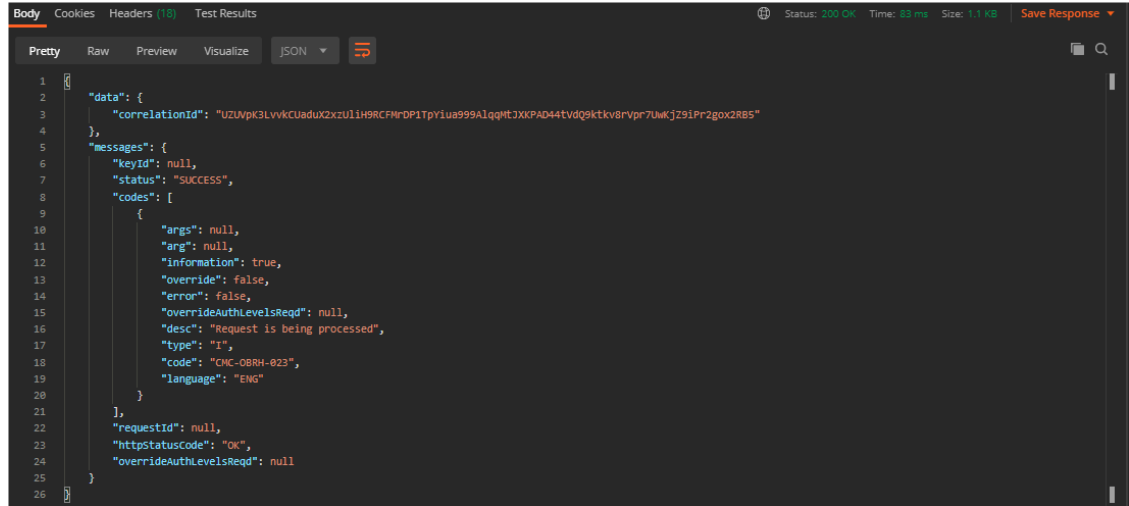
**Figure 18-9 Headers**



**Figure 18-10 Request Payload**



**Figure 18-11 Response Payload**



## 18.4 Asynchronous Dispatch Response API Specification

This topic provide information about the Asynchronous Dispatch Response API Specification.

Response endpoint signature -

- **Path:** /route/dispatchResponse/{Correlation-Id}
  - Correlation-Id will be coming from the response of dispatch endpoint.
- **Headers:**
  - appld : CMNCORE
  - entityId : DEFAULTENTITY
  - userId : <user id>
  - branchCode : <branch code>
  - Authorization : Bearer <Token>
- **Response Body:**

```

{
  "data": {}
  "messages": {}
}

```

- If the route invocation succeeds, data JSON member would contain the transformed (optional) response of the provided service. If it's a provided web service and no response transformation template is supplied, XML Soap Body of response would be converted into JSON object and sent in data JSON member.
- If the route invocation fails due to misconfigured route or connection time out to ServiceProviderImpl or some other reason, relevant error messages would be sent in messages JSON member. In that case, data JSON member would be null or empty.

**Example:** Refer the below screenshots of route dispatch for Service-Consumer **Oracle\_Service\_Consumer** and Service-Consumer Service **List\_Facilities**.



Figure 18-12 Header

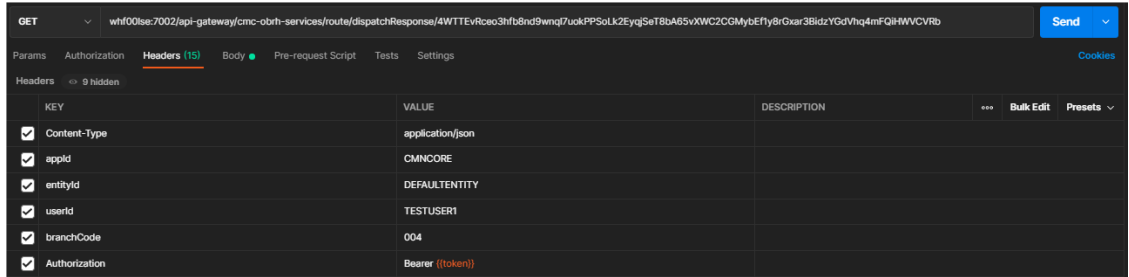


Figure 18-13 Response Payload when request is still processing

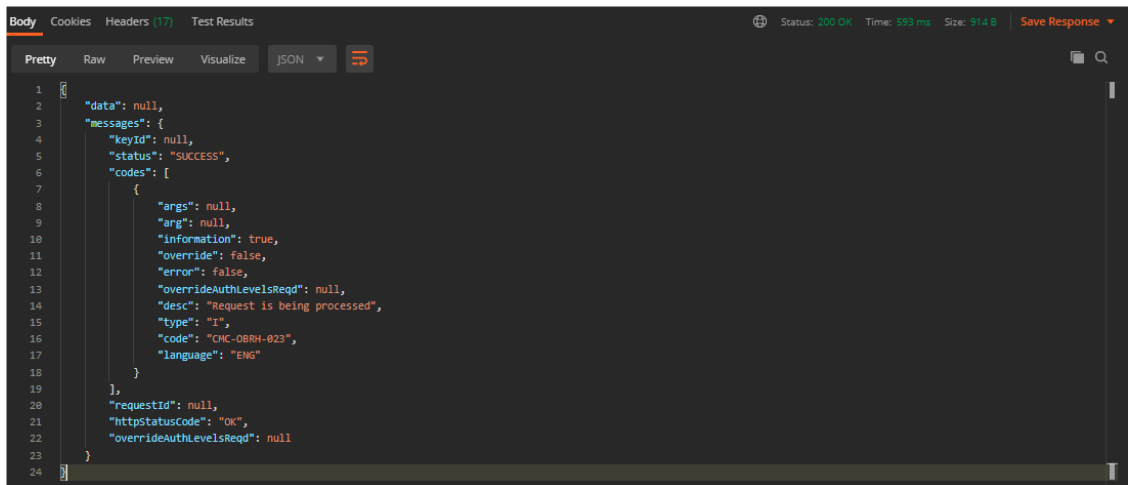


Figure 18-14 Response Payload when request is processed (on Successful Dispatch)

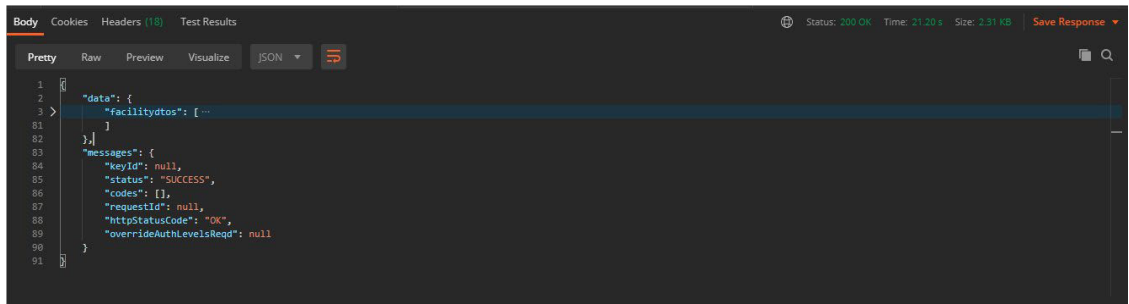


Figure 18-15 Response Payload when request is processed (on Failed Dispatch)

```

1  {
2    "data": null,
3    "messages": {
4      "keyid": null,
5      "status": "FAILURE",
6      "codes": [
7        {
8          "args": null,
9          "arg": null,
10         "information": false,
11         "override": false,
12         "error": false,
13         "overrideAuthLevelReqd": null,
14         "desc": "Unknown ServiceConsumerService[List_Facilities ] for ServiceConsumer[oracle_Service_consumer]",
15         "language": null,
16         "code": null,
17         "type": null
18       }
19     ]
20   },
21   "requestId": null,
22   "httpStatusCode": "BAD_REQUEST",
23   "overrideAuthLevelReqd": null
24 }

```

## 18.5 Template evaluation API Specification

This topic provides information about the Template evaluation API Specification.

Template evaluation endpoint will return the evaluated output of transformation template.

End-user can validate the template based on the returned output.

Template evaluation endpoint signature -

- **Method:** POST
- **Path :** /template/evaluate
- **Headers:**
  - appId : CMNCORE
  - entityId : DEFAULTENTITY
  - userId : <user id>
  - branchCode : <branch code>
  - Authorization : Bearer <Token>
  - SERVICE-CONSUMER : <name of service consumer>
  - SERVICE-CONSUMER-SERVICE : <name of service consumer service>
  - SERVICE-TRANSFORMATION : <name of service transformation>
- **Query Parameters:**
  - transformationType : REQUEST / RESPONSE / MOCK\_RESPONSE

### Note:

Default value is REQUEST if not specified.

- **Request Body:**
  - Any valid JSON / XML payload which shall act as input to the transformation template in request transformer.

- **Response Body:**

```
{  
  "data": {}  
  "messages": {}  
}
```

# 19

## Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM Arguments

This topic provides information about Oracle Banking Routing Hub VM arguments.

### Common Core Managed Server

**Table 19-1 CMC-OBRH-SERVICE**

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-services.server.port	-	<SERVER_PORT>
cmc-obrh-services.server.port	-	<SERVER_PORT>
obrh.db.jndi	-	<CMNCORE_JNDI>
cmc-obrh-services.oic.secretStore.url	-	<OIC_SECRET_STORE_URL>
cmc-obrh-services.audit.retention.days	-	<AUDIT_RETENTION_POLICY_DAYS>
cmc-obrh-services.audit.retention.archival	-	Y / N (Y for archiving and N for purging)
cmc-obrh-services.coherence.enabled	-	true / false This property is used to enable/disable the coherence cache (RBAC coherence).

**Table 19-2 Enable and configure connection pooling for REST calls**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.rest.connectionpool.enabled	false	true / false
obrh.rest.connectionpool.totalConnectionCount	20	<POOL_TOTAL_CONN_COUNT>
obrh.rest.connectionpool.maxConnectionCountPerRoute	2	<POOL_MAX_CONN_PER_ROUTE>
obrh.rest.connectionpool.timeToLive.ms	-1	<POOL_TTL>

**Table 19-3 Receive routing failure mail notification via plato-alerts-management-service**

Parameter	Default	Values
obrh.alerts.enabled	false	true / false

**Table 19-4 Change approach for auditing**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.audit.type	KAFKA	DEFAULT / KAFKA / JMS / LOG / OFF For KAFKA option, cmc-obrh-kafka-consumer service needs to be deployed. For JMS option, cmc-obrh-jms-consumer service needs to be deployed.
obrh.audit.type.log.event	NONE	DISPATCH_REQUEST / DISPATCH_RESPONSE / ROUTE_INVOKE_START / ROUTE_INVOKE_FAILURE / TRANSFORMATION_TEMPLATE_EVALUATION_START / TRANSFORMATION_TEMPLATE_EVALUATION_END / TRANSFORMATION_EXTENDED_TEMPLATE_EVALUATION_START / TRANSFORMATION_EXTENDED_TEMPLATE_EVALUATION_END / PROVIDED_SERVICE_REQUEST / PROVIDED_SERVICE_RESPONSE This property is used to specify the events (comma-separated values) for which CLOB data needs to be logged and only considered if obrh.audit.type is LOG

**Table 19-5 Overwrite the customization that is not part of configuration json**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.import.overwrite	false	true / false

**Table 19-6 Use Custom Keystore and Truststore for HTTPS scheme**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.keystore.password.encoded	-	true / false (true, if password is base 64 encoded)
obrh.truststore.path	-	<TRUSTSTORE_PATH>
obrh.truststore.password	-	<TRUSTSTORE_PASSWORD>
obrh.usekeystore	-	true / false (true, if keystore is required along with truststore)
obrh.keystore.path	-	<KEYSTORE_PATH>
obrh.keystore.password	-	<KEYSTORE_PASSWORD>
obrh.keystore.alias	-	<KEYSTORE_ALIAS_LIST>
obrh.keystore.aliaspassword	-	<KEYSTORE_ALIAS_PASSWORD_LIST>
obrh.ssl.protocol	TLS	TLS / TLSv1 / TLSv1.1 / TLSv1.2

**Table 19-7 For tomcat deployment**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.server.isJavaEE	true	true / false (false for tomcat)
obrh.taskexecutor.corepoolsize	50	<CORE_POOLSIZE>
obrh.taskexecutor.maxpoolsize	50	<MAX_POOLSIZE>
obrh.taskexecutor.queuecapacity	100	<QUEUE_CAPACITY>

**Set Proxy settings for HTTPS:** As per the Java Networking documentation, HTTPS protocol handler will use the same as the http handler (i.e. http.nonProxyHosts). But in case of Weblogic, http.nonProxyHosts will not work for some reason. So, use https non proxy host argument (i.e. https.nonProxyHosts).

**Table 19-8 Set Proxy settings for HTTPS**

Parameters	Default	Values
https.proxyHost	-	<PROXY_HOST_NAME>
https.proxyPort	-	<PROXY_PORT>
https.nonProxyHosts	-	<NON_PROXY_HOST_LIST>
http.nonProxyHosts	-	<NON_PROXY_HOST_LIST>

**Table 19-9 Set logger level**

Parameters	Default	Values
plato.service.logging.level	-	<LOG_LEVEL>

This property will enforce WebLogic Server to use SUN SSL implementation (javax package) rather than the WebLogic one.

**Table 19-10 Support SSL based SOAP provider calls in weblogic environment**

Parameters	Default	Values
UseSunHttpHandler	-	true

**Table 19-11 CMC-OBRH-KAFKA-CONSUMER**

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-kafka-consumer.server.port	-	<SERVER_PORT>
obrh.audit.id-generator	UUID	UUID / SNOWFLAKE

**Table 19-12 CMC-OBRH-JMS-CONSUMER**

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-jms-consumer.server.port	-	<SERVER_PORT>
cmc-obrh-jms-consumer.connectionFactory	-	<JMS_CONN_FACTORY_JNDI>

**Table 19-12 (Cont.) CMC-OBRH-JMS-CONSUMER**

Parameters	Default	Values
cmc-obrh-jms-consumer.queue	-	<JMS_CONN_QUEUE_JNDI>

**Table 19-13 Change ID generator**

Parameters	Default	Values
obrh.audit.id-generator	UUID	UUID / SNOWFLAKE

**Plato Core Managed Server**

Oracle Banking Routing Hub is using Multipart for Import feature. By default, spring supports max 1MB file size and 10MB request size for Multipart.

To import bigger files,

```
plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-file-size=<MAX_FILE_SIZE> (default is 200MB)
plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-request-size=<MAX_REQUEST_SIZE> (default is 200MB)
```

**Note:**

-1 for no size constraint

**Example,**

```
plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-file-size=-1
plato-api-gateway.multipart.max-request-size=-1
```

# A

## Functional Activity Codes

**Table A-1 List of Functional Activity Codes**

Screen Name	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_APPLICATION	VIEW	Service Consumers UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_LOG	CREATE	Log audit information in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_SUMMARY	GET	Audit Summary
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_AUDIT_SUMMARY_DATA	GET	Audit Summary Data
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CLEAR_SOAP_CLIENT_CACHE	CLEAR	Clears Soap Client Cache in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG	VIEW	Configuration UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_CREATE	CREATE	Creates configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_GET	GET	Fetches configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONFIG_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates configuration
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_CREATE	CREATE	Saves new Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_GETALL	GET	Fetches all Consumer Queue Mappings
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_CONSUMER_QUEUE_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates specific Consumer Queue Mapping
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DASHBOARD	VIEW	Monitoring Dashboard UI
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DISPATCH_AUDIT_GETALL	GET	Fetches routing hub requests from audit log
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_DISPATCH_AUDIT_LOG	VIEW	Request Audit UI in Routing Hub
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_ROUTE_DISPATCH	INTEGRATION CALL	Synchronous/Asynchronous integration call
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_ROUTE_DISPATCH_RESPONSE	GET	Fetches provider response of asynchronous routing hub request
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_CREATE	CREATE	Creates consumer



Table A-1 (Cont.) List of Functional Activity Codes

Screen Name	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ENV_VARIABLE_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports environment variables from Routing Hub Maintenance
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_ENV_VARIABLE_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports environment variables
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_GETALL	GET	Fetches all consumers
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates consumer
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_PROCESSJSON	GET	Extracts configuration from configuration file
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICEROUTING_CREATE	CREATE	Creates route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICEROUTING_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICEROUTING_GETALL	GET	Fetches all routes
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICEROUTING_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICEROUTING_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates route
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_CREATE	CREATE	Creates transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_GETALL	GET	Fetches all transformations
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_GETBYID	GET	Fetches transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICETRANSFORMATION_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates transformation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_CREATE	CREATE	Creates service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports service

Table A-1 (Cont.) List of Functional Activity Codes

Screen Name	Functional Activity Codes	Action	Description
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_GETALL	GET	Fetches all services
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICECONSUMER_SERVICE_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates service
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_CREATE	CREATE	Creates provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_GENERATEREQUEST	GET	Extracts provider service's request definition
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_GETALL	GET	Fetches all providers
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_GETBYID	GET	Fetches provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_CREATE	CREATE	Creates implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_DELETE	DELETE	Deletes implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_EXPORT	EXPORT	Exports implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_GENERATEREQUEST	GET	Extracts implementation service's request definition
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_GETALL	GET	Fetches all implementations of specific provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_GETBYID	GET	Fetches specific implementation of specific provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPL_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates implementation
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_IMPORT	IMPORT	Imports provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_SERVICEPROVIDER_MODIFY	MODIFY	Updates provider
Routing Hub	CMC_FA_RH_TEMPLATE_EVALUATION	GET	Evaluates transformation template

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