

# Oracle® Banking Digital Experience

## Anomaly Model Detection Configuration

### Guide



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# Preface

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## Purpose

This guide is designed to help acquaint you with the Oracle Banking Digital Experience application. This guide provides answers to specific features and procedures that the user need to be aware of the module to function successfully.

## Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- Customers
- Partners

## Documentation Accessibility

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**Bulletins.** All critical patches should be applied in a timely manner to ensure effective security, as strongly recommended by [Oracle Software Security Assurance](#).

## Diversity and Inclusion

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## Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
<code>monospace</code>	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

## Related Resources

For more information on any related features, refer to the following documents:

- [Oracle Banking Digital Experience Installation Manuals](#)
- [Oracle Banking Digital Experience Licensing Manuals](#)

## Screenshot Disclaimer

Personal information used in the interface or documents is dummy and does not exist in the real world. It is only for reference purposes; actual screens that appear in the application may vary based on selected browser, theme, and mobile devices.

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this guide are as follows:

**Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Description
OBDX	Oracle Banking Digital Experience

# 1

## Introduction

- [Purpose of the Document](#)
- [Key Features of the System](#)

### 1.1 Purpose of the Document

This user manual provides step-by-step instructions for managing and configuring anomaly detection models for the following use cases:

- **Login Data**
- **Payment Data**

The system is designed to detect anomalies in login activities and payment transactions, ensuring security and fraud prevention. By leveraging machine learning techniques, it helps identify unusual patterns that may indicate unauthorized access attempts or fraudulent transactions.

### 1.2 Key Features of the System

- **Automated Anomaly Detection:** The system automatically flags suspicious login attempts and payment activities.
- **Customizable Model Settings:** Users can define and adjust various model parameters, including sensitivity, error metrics, and data sources.
- **Real-time Monitoring:** The system enables continuous tracking and drift detection to ensure model effectiveness over time.
- **Debugging and Logging:** Provides detailed logs for troubleshooting.
- **User-Friendly Interface:** Simplifies model setup, evaluation, and maintenance through intuitive screens and action buttons.



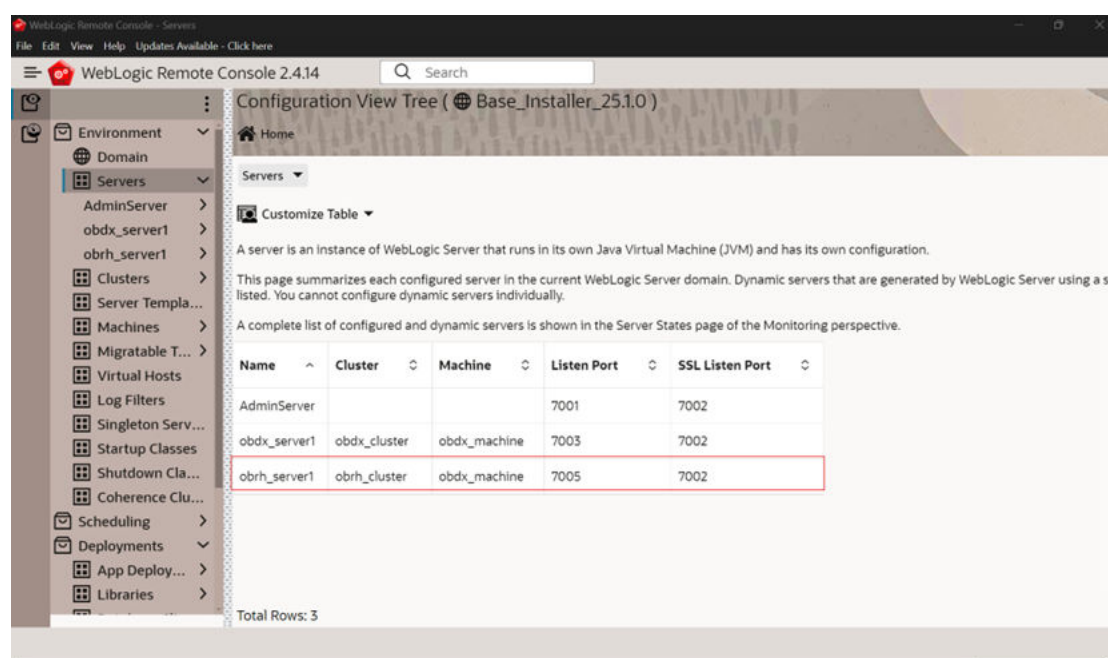
# 2

## Prerequisites

- [Configure Bus Service](#)
- [OBAPI Configuration Guide](#)

### 2.1 Configure Bus Service

Before defining models, configure the Bus Service by inserting the required App ID and Bus Service URL:



WebLogic Remote Console - Servers

File Edit View Help Updates Available - Click here

WebLogic Remote Console 2.4.14

Configuration View Tree (Base\_Installer\_25.1.0)

Home

Servers

Customize Table

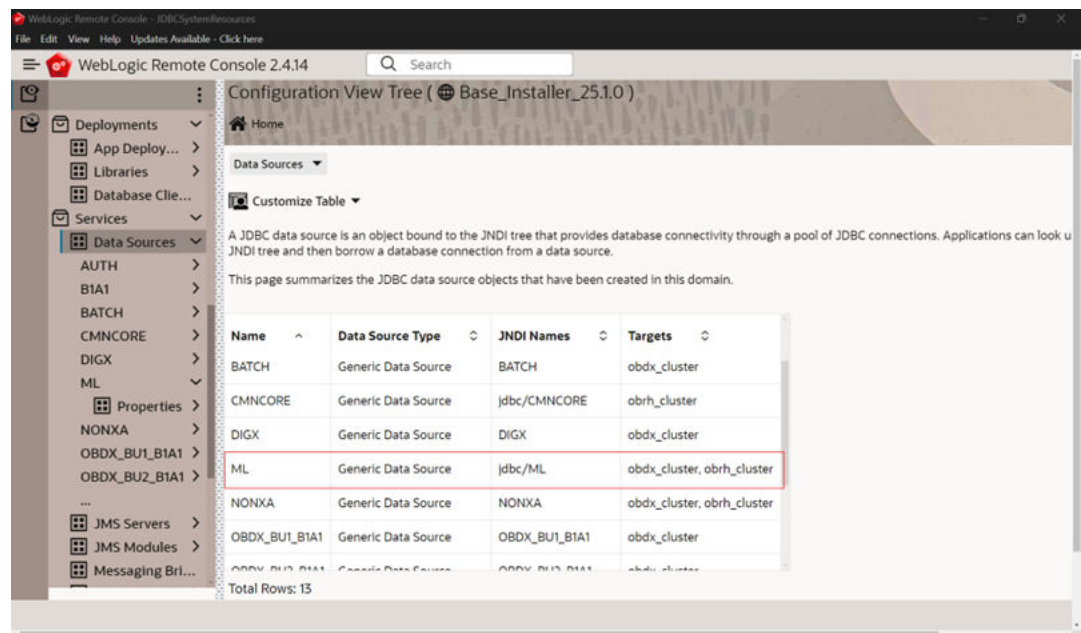
A server is an instance of WebLogic Server that runs in its own Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and has its own configuration.

This page summarizes each configured server in the current WebLogic Server domain. Dynamic servers that are generated by WebLogic Server using a script are listed. You cannot configure dynamic servers individually.

A complete list of configured and dynamic servers is shown in the Server States page of the Monitoring perspective.

Name	Cluster	Machine	Listen Port	SSL Listen Port
AdminServer			7001	7002
obdx_server1	obdx_cluster	obdx_machine	7003	7002
obrh_server1	obrh_cluster	obdx_machine	7005	7002

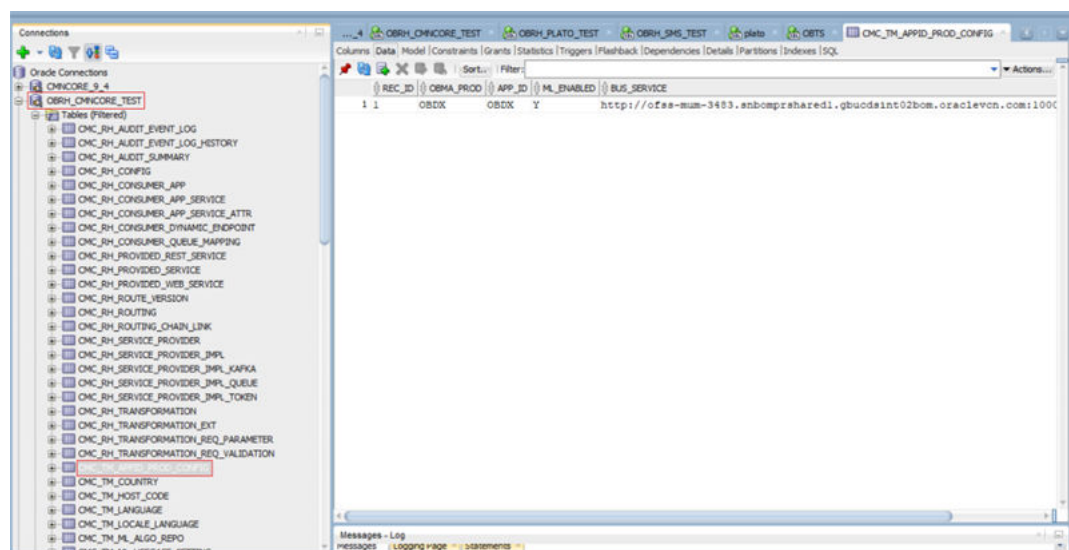
Total Rows: 3



### Steps:

1. Make sure **ML** Data source exists with the respective targets displayed above.
2. If ML doesn't exist, create ML schema in database and execute the following SQL queries.  

```
OBDX_Installer/installables/OBDX/BASE/25.1.0.0.0/obdx_obrh/db/ml/
grants.sql
```
3. Insert your OBMA\_PROD, APP\_ID & BUS\_SERVICE (Add respective to your WebLogic)



### Steps:

1. Connect to your database.
2. Navigate to Commoncore (CMNCORE) Schema.

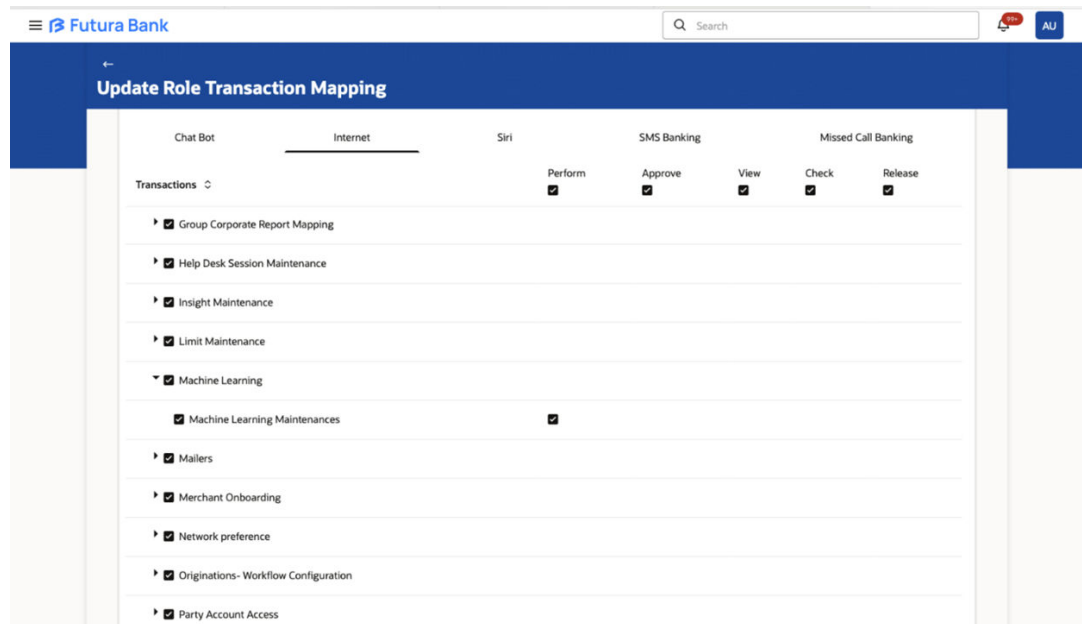
3. Insert your OBMA\_PROD, APP\_ID & BUS\_SERVICE (Add respective to your WebLogic)Example:

```
INSERT INTO CMC_TM_APPID_PROD_CONFIG (REC_ID, OBMA_PROD, APP_ID,
ML_ENABLED, BUS_SERVICE)
VALUES ('1', 'OBDX', 'OBDX', 'Y',
'http://ofss-mum-3483.snbomprshared1.gbucdsint02bom.oraclevcn.com:10002/
digx-ml-indb');
```

## 2.2 OBAPI Configuration Guide

### Steps for Role Maintenance and Machine Learning Selection

1. Navigate to Role Maintenance.
2. Select the User Type as admin.
3. Go to Administrator Maintenance.
4. Select Machine Learning.



### Steps for Security Authentication in Admin

1. Access the Admin Panel.
2. Navigate to Security Authentication.
3. Select the Enterprise Role.
4. Set up Two-Factor Authentication (2FA) as OTP for the desired transaction:
  - Login
  - Internal Transfer

### Steps to Make a Database Entry into DIGX\_FW\_CONFIG\_ALL\_B table for the Desired Transaction

1. Identify the Task ID for the transaction.

2. Map the Task ID to the prop\_id column based on the transaction type:
  - PC\_CM\_ME → Login
  - PC\_F\_CRNSFTV2 → Own Account Transfer
3. Insert the entry into the database with the corresponding task\_id and prop\_id.
4. You can add other task codes for desired transactions.

Example query:

```
Insert into DIGX_FW_CONFIG_ALL_B

(PROP_ID,CATEGORY_ID,PROP_VALUE,FACTORY_SHIPPED_FLAG,PROP_COMMENTS,SUMMARY_
TEXT,CREATED_BY,
CREATION_DATE,LAST_UPDATED_BY,LAST_UPDATED_DATE,OBJECT_STATUS,OBJECT_VERSIO
N_NUMBER,
EDITABLE,CATEGORY_DESCRIPTION)
values
('PC_F_CRNSFTV2','TwoFactorAuthenticationRuleEvaluator','ANOMALY_RULE','N',
null,
'External transactions repository adapter
class','ofssuser',sysdate,'ofssuser',sysdate,'Y',1,'N',null);
```

### Steps to Update OBRH Configuration

1. Navigate to the Service Consumers Section.
2. Select OBDX\_TRUNK.
3. Go to the Service Providers Section.
4. Select OBDX\_ML\_PROJECTION.
5. Edit the Host and Port to match your required host and port settings.
6. Save the changes and ensure proper connectivity.

The screenshot displays the Oracle OBAPI Configuration interface. On the left, the 'Service Consumers' section is visible, showing a list of implementations for 'OBDX\_ML\_PROJECTION'. The 'Default Implementation' is selected, with details: Name: OBDX\_ML\_PROJECTION..., Description: Default Implementation, Service Name: xxxxx, Host: 100.76.154.191. The 'Implementations' table shows 1 result.

The 'Edit Implementation' dialog is open on the right, showing the 'Implementation Details (1/4)' tab. The fields are as follows:

- Implementation Name: OBDX\_ML\_PROJECTION\_Default
- Implementation Description: Default Implementation
- Implementation Type: Default
- Default: ☒
- Eureka Instance: ☐
- Single Tenant: ☐
- Scheme: http
- Service Name: xxxxx
- Host: 100.76.154.191
- Port: 1777
- Use WSDL details (scheme, host and port) for SOAP service invocation: ☐

A 'Next Step' button is located at the bottom right of the dialog.

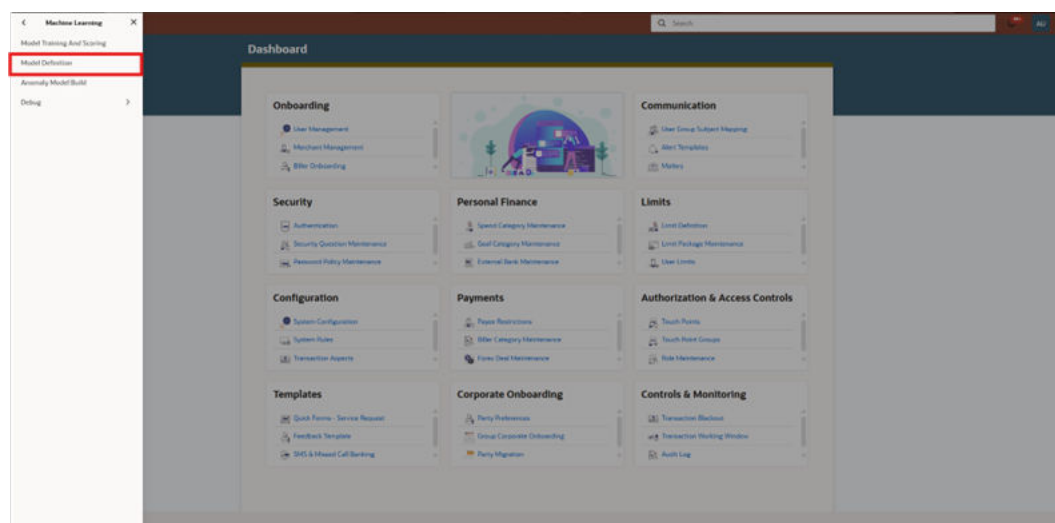
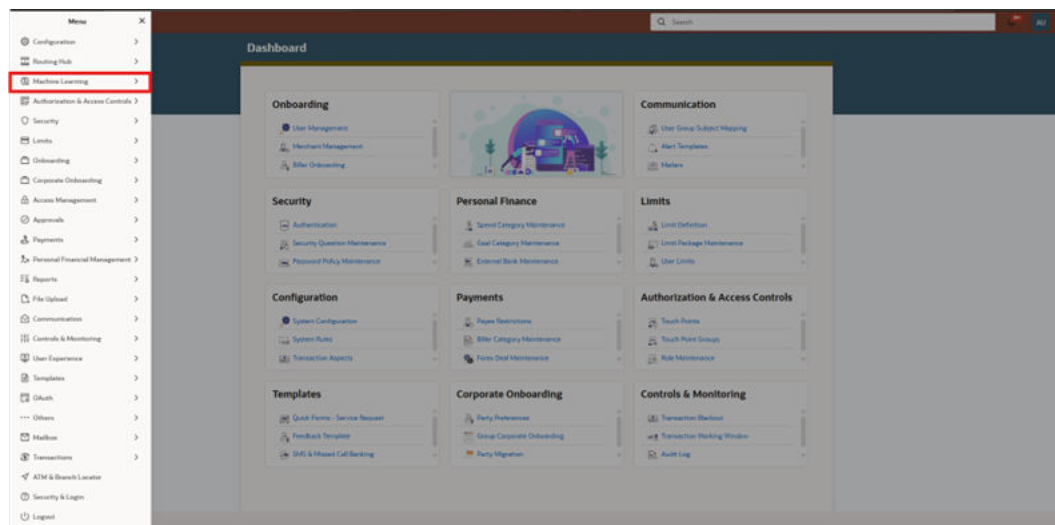
# 3

## Model Definition Overview

- [Key Features](#)

### 3.1 Key Features

The Model Definition screen displays a list of configured anomaly detection models.



#### 1. Use Case Cards

- Each card represents an anomaly detection model.
- Displays:

- Use Case Name (e.g., OBDX\_ANOMALY\_PAYMENT, OBDX\_ANOMALY\_LOGIN)
- Model Number (Versioning)
- Correlation Status (Y/N)
- Authorized / Unauthorized Status

## 2. Navigation Controls

- Scroll through models using pagination.

## 3. Action Buttons

- **Add New Model:** Create a new model.
- **Refresh:** Update the model list.
- **Settings/Options:** Manage, edit, or delete models.

# 4

## Use Case Setup

- Fields

### 4.1 Fields

This section allows users to define basic model details.

The screenshot shows the 'Model Definition' form with the following sections:

- Use Case Setup:** Includes 'Use Case Name' (Required), 'Description' (Required), and 'Use Case Type' (Dropdown menu, Required).
- Training and Scoring:** Includes 'Product Processor' (Dropdown menu, Required), 'Training Data Source' (Dropdown menu, Required), 'Unique Case Identifier' (Dropdown menu, Required), 'Target Columns' (Dropdown menu, Required), 'Positive Target Value' (Text input, Required), and 'Reference Data Source' (Text input, Required).
- Model Partitioning:** Includes 'Model Partitioning' (Dropdown menu, Required), 'Selected Algorithm' (Text input), and 'Model Error Statistics' (Dropdown menu, Required).

At the bottom right, there are buttons for 'Cancel' and 'Save'.

- **Use Case Name:**
  - Enter a unique name for the model.
  - Example: "Login\_Anomaly\_Model" or "Payment\_Fraud\_Detection"
  - **(Required)** – This field must be filled to proceed.
- **Description:**
  - Provide a summary of the model's purpose.
  - Example: "Detects unusual login attempts based on user behaviour patterns."
- **Use Case Type:**
  - Select the type of use case as **Anomaly\_Detection**.
  - Options may **Regression & Classification**, or any other specific use cases.
  - **(Required)**
- **Product Processor:**
  - **Select** the system or processor that will handle training.
  - Example: "OBDX"
  - **(Required)**
- **Training Data Source:**
  - Specify the dataset used to train the anomaly detection model.

- The dataset **must include** the target column (i.e., the column indicating whether an instance is anomalous or normal).
- Example: A CSV file or database table containing past login records.
- **(Required)**
- **Inference Data Source:**
  - Specify the dataset used when making predictions.
  - Unlike the training dataset, this dataset **should not** include the target column.
  - Example: "Live payment transaction records without labels."
  - **(Required)**
- **Unique Case Identifier:**
  - Select the column in the dataset that uniquely identifies each record.
  - Example: "User\_ID" for login data or "Transaction\_ID" for payment data.
  - **(Required)**
- **Target Column:**
  - Select the column that defines whether a transaction/login attempt is an anomaly.
  - Example: A column labelled "Anomaly\_Flag" where 1 indicates an anomaly and 0 indicates normal behaviour.
  - **(Required)**
- **Positive Target Value:**
  - Specify the value that represents an anomaly.
  - Example: If "1" indicates fraud or an unauthorized login, set "1" as the positive target value.
- **Tablespace:**
  - 1. Define the storage location for the model's data within the system.
- **Partition Column Names:**
  - Select the columns used for partitioning the dataset.
  - Example: "Date" to separate records by time period.
- **Selected Algorithm:**
  - Choose the machine learning algorithm to be used.
  - Example: ALGO\_SUPPORT\_VECTOR\_MACHINES, ALGO\_NEURAL\_NETWORK etc.
- **Model Error Statistic:**
  - Select an error metric to evaluate the model's accuracy.
  - Example: F1 Score, Precision-Recall, or AUC-ROC.
- **Correlation Button:**
  - Clicking this button will analyse relationships between features and the target variable.
  - Helps in understanding the significance of different input features.
- **Cost Matrix Button:**



- Allows users to define cost-sensitive learning, useful for reducing false positives or false negatives.
  - **(Optional)**
- **Save Button:**
  - 1. Saves the model configuration.
- **Cancel Button:**
  - Exits without saving any changes.

# 5

## Model Metrics

- [Features](#)

### 5.1 Features

This section provides model evaluation metrics.



- **Model Partitions:**
  - Select different dataset partitions for viewing metrics.
  - **(Not Required)**
- **Metrics Table:**
  - Displays various performance evaluation metrics once the model is trained.
  - Initially, this table is empty until training is complete.
- **Save Button:**
  1. Saves any updates made to the displayed metrics.
- **Cancel Button:**
  - Exits without saving changes.

# 6

## Model Monitoring

- Fields

### 6.1 Fields

Allows users to define model monitoring parameters.

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Model Definition" with a sub-tab "Model Monitoring". The interface includes several configuration fields: "Run Date" (a dropdown menu currently showing "15"), "Run Frequency (Months)" (a dropdown menu currently showing "6"), "Historic Window (Days)" (a text input field currently containing "180"), and "Date Column" (a dropdown menu with the text "Select Date Column"). Below these fields is a table with columns: "Drift reference", "Scheduled Date", "Drift", "Re-Training Required", "Re-Trained", "Running Model", and "Drift Details". The table currently displays "No data to display". At the bottom right of the window are "Cancel" and "Save" buttons.

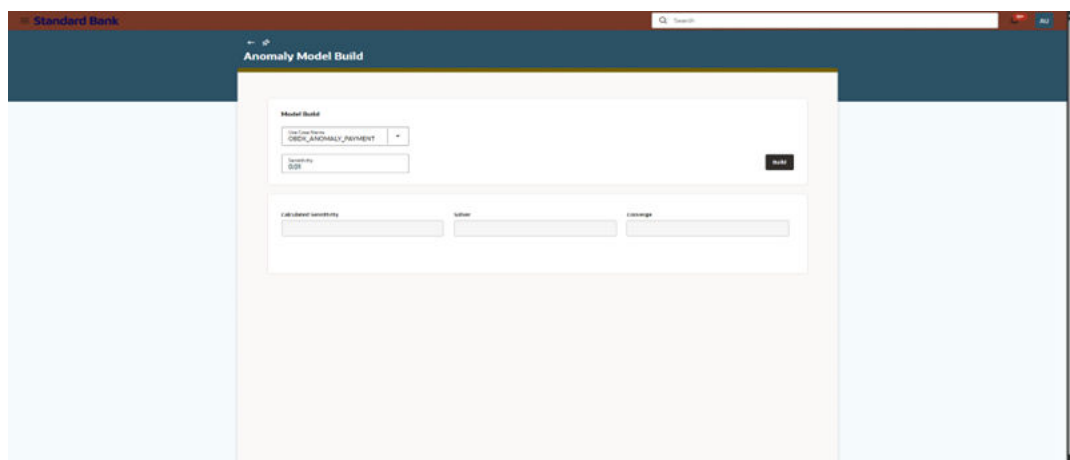
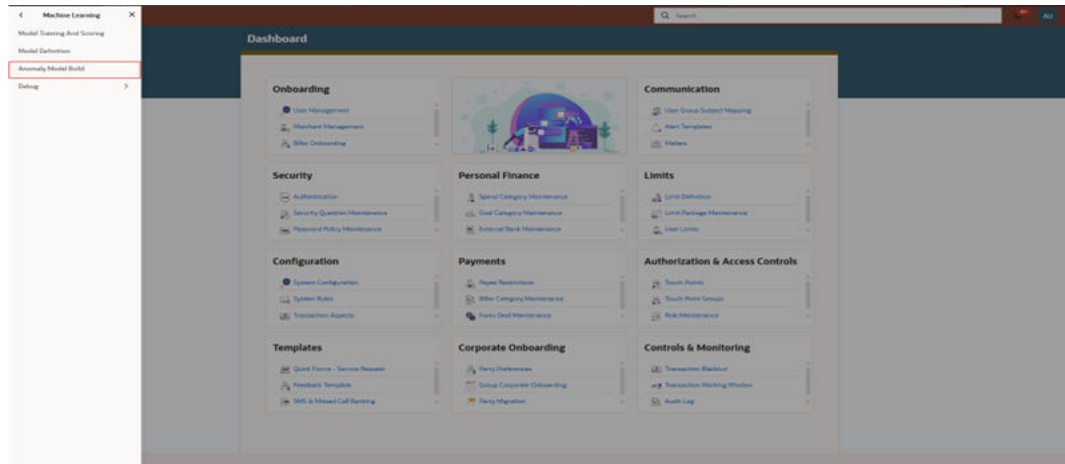
- **Run Date:**
  - A dropdown to select the scheduled monitoring run date.
- **Run Frequency (Months):**
  - Defines how often the model should be monitored.
  - Make sure training data consists data in range of frequency(For an instance if you set 180 days, then the training data should have data ranging in last 180 days)
  - Example: Every **6 months** or **quarterly**.
- **Historic Window (Days):**
  - Specifies how much past data should be considered for anomaly monitoring.
  - Example: "Last 90 days."
- **Date Column:**
  - The column used for time-based tracking of anomalies.
- **Drift Reference:**
  - Displays data drift detection results.
  - **Initially empty** but fills once monitoring is active.
- **Scheduled Date:**
  - Displays the next scheduled model monitoring date.
- **Drift:**
  - Shows whether significant changes in data distribution have been detected.
- **Re-Training Required:**
  - Indicates if the model requires retraining due to data drift or performance decline.
- **Re-Trained:**
  - Displays whether the model has been successfully retrained.

- **Running Model:**
  - Shows the status of the currently active model version.
- **Drift Details:**
  - Provides additional information on detected data drift and its impact on model performance.
- **Save Button:**
  - Saves the monitoring configuration settings.
- **Cancel Button:**
  - Exits without saving any changes.

# 7

## Anomaly Model Build

Defines and builds the anomaly detection model with sensitivity settings.



- [Model Build Section](#)
- [Model Output Section](#)

### 7.1 Model Build Section

- **Use Case Name:** Select predefined use case (OBDX\_ANOMALY\_PAYMENT or OBDX\_ANOMALY\_LOGIN)
- **Sensitivity:** Define anomaly detection sensitivity (default: 0.01)
- **Build Button:** Start model training

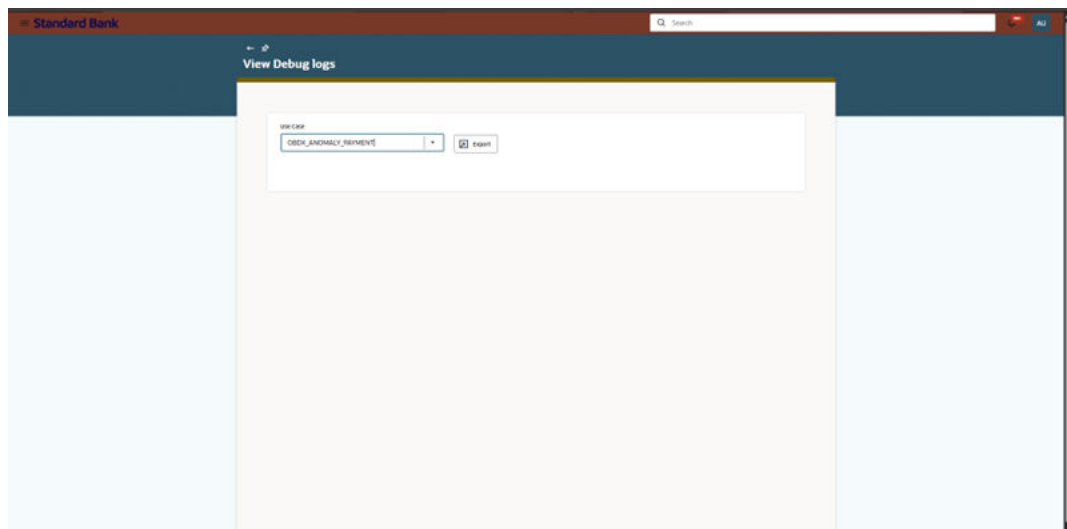
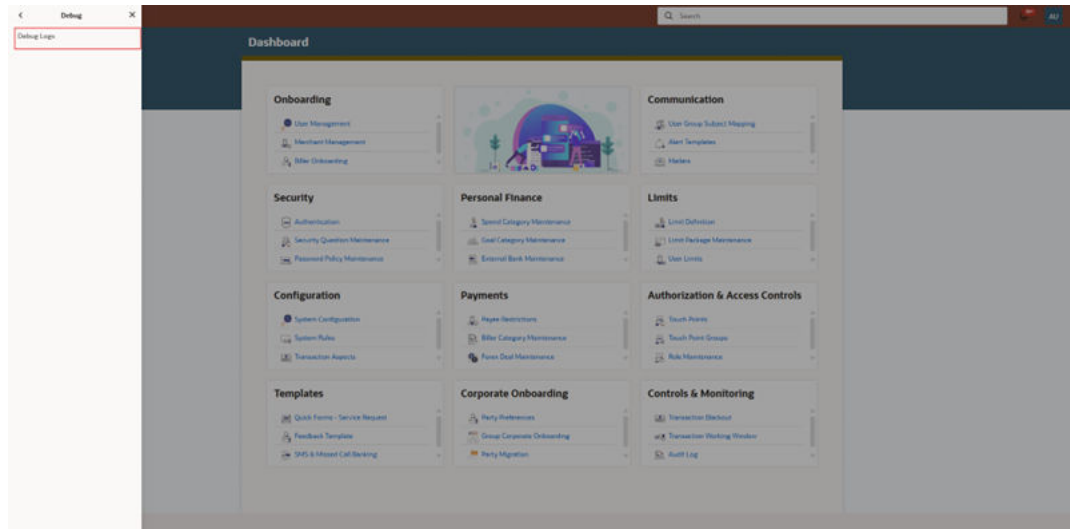
## 7.2 Model Output Section

- **Calculated Sensitivity:** Display computed sensitivity
- **Solver:** Show optimization method used
- **Converge:** Indicate if model reached an optimal solution

# 8

## View Debug Logs

This section allows users to retrieve debug logs for model diagnostics.



- Steps

### 8.1 Steps

- **Select Use Case:** Choose between OBDX\_ANOMALY\_PAYMENT or OBDX\_ANOMALY\_LOGIN.
- **Export Logs:** Click the **Export** button to download logs.

# 9

## Conclusion

This user manual provides a detailed guide on setting up, managing, and monitoring anomaly detection models for login and payment data. Follow the outlined steps to ensure accurate anomaly detection and security monitoring.



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