Oracle® Communications Billing and Revenue Management Business Operations Center Installation Guide





Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management Business Operations Center Installation Guide, Release 15.0

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Preface

This guide provides instructions for installing Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management Business Operations Center.

This guide has been updated to include changes and new feature content added for release 15.0.1.

Audience

This guide is intended for system administrators, database administrators, and developers who install and configure Business Operations Center. Business Operations Center requires Oracle Database, Oracle WebLogic Server, and Oracle Identity Management Suite products in production environments. Additionally, Business Operations Center requires Billing and Revenue Management Revenue Assurance Manager, an optional component, to be installed in your Billing and Revenue Management environment.

See the documentation for those products for additional installation and configuration instructions.

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1

Business Operations Center Installation Overview

Learn about the Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center installation process.

Topics in this document:

- About Installing Business Operations Center
- Overview of the Business Operations Center Installation Steps
- Ensuring a Successful Business Operations Center Installation

About Installing Business Operations Center

Business Operations Center installation should be performed only by experienced system administrators. You must be familiar with the following before you begin the installation:

- Linux operating system
- Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM)
 - BRM Revenue Assurance Manager
- Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle Enterprise Database
- (Optional) Oracle Identity Management (IDM) components, including:
 - Oracle Access Management (OAM)
 - Oracle Identity Governance
 - Oracle Unified Directory

Additionally, you should have experience installing Java-related packages.

The Business Operations Center installer creates the required schema in the BRM database and deploys Business Operations Center to a WebLogic server domain.

Overview of the Business Operations Center Installation Steps

The high-level tasks for installing Business Operations Center include:

- 1. Planing your installation, which involves:
 - Determining the scale of your implementation (for example, whether you are installing a small test system or a large production system).

Note:

You can install a test or development installation of Business Operations Center without IDM. Do not use these installations in production environments. See "About Test Installations and Production Installations".

- Assessing how many physical computers you need and which software components to install on which computers.
- Planning the system topology (for example, determining whether you want a standalone deployment or a clustered deployment).
- 2. Reviewing system requirements, which includes:
 - Hardware requirements, such as disk space and physical RAM
 - Software requirements, such as operating system (OS) versions and OS patch requirements, OS kernel tuning requirements, and the following required Oracle software:
 - Enterprise Database
 - WebLogic Server
 - (Optional) IDM components, such as:

Oracle Access Management (OAM)

Oracle Identity Governance

Oracle Unified Directory

Java Development Kit (JDK)

See "Business Operations Center Software Compatibility" in *BRM Compatibility Matrix* for required versions.

- Information requirements, such as IP addresses, host names, and port numbers
- BRM Server including installation of Revenue Assurance Manager
 See "Installing Revenue Assurance Manager" in BRM Collecting Revenue Assurance
- Preparing your foundation by completing the preinstallation tasks.

See "Business Operations Center Preinstallation Tasks".

4. Installing Business Operations Center using the Oracle Universal Installer (OUI).

See "Installing Business Operations Center".

Performing the required postinstallation configuration tasks.

See "Business Operations Center Postinstallation Tasks".

Verifying the installation.

Data.

See "Verifying the Business Operations Center Installation".

Ensuring a Successful Business Operations Center Installation

Business Operations Center uses additional Oracle software products, such as Enterprise Database, WebLogic Server, and IDM (optional). Familiarize yourself with these products and their installation procedures before installing Business Operations Center.



Note:

IDM has important preinstallation requirements including kernel tuning, operating system configuration files editing (for example, editing **limits.conf**), and tuning database parameters. If you are using IDM components, ensure that these requirements have been met when completing the preinstallation tasks before running the Business Operations Center installer so that your installation is successful.

See Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity and Access Management for detailed information.

Consult additional product documentation on Oracle Help Center for required information at: https://docs.oracle.com.

To ensure that the Business Operations Center installation is successful, follow these guidelines:

- As you install each component (for example, the Enterprise Database and WebLogic Server), verify that the component is installed successfully before continuing the installation process.
- Pay close attention to the system requirements. Before you begin installing the application, ensure that your system has the required base software and meets the minimum technical requirements. In addition, ensure that you know all the required configuration values, such as host names and port numbers.
- Make a note of any new configuration values as you create them. You will be required to enter configuration values later in the procedure.



Planning Your Business Operations Center Installation

Learn how to plan your Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center installation.

Topics in this document:

- About Planning Your Business Operations Center Installation
- About Test Installations and Production Installations
- Database Planning
- Authentication and Authorization Planning
- About Installing a Secure System

About Planning Your Business Operations Center Installation

When planning a Business Operations Center installation, consider how many physical servers are required to support the Oracle WebLogic Server domains and Oracle Identity Management (IDM) components needed in your environment. High-availability requirements may increase the number of hosts.

Consider the security and networking requirements necessary for securing Business Operations Center communications with your BRM system in addition to software and hardware requirements.

See "Business Operations Center Requirements" for information about required hardware and software. See "Business Operations Center Security" in *BRM Security Guide* for information about securing Business Operations Center.

About Test Installations and Production Installations

Install Business Operations Center either as a test or production installation depending on your required environment. Both test and production Business Operations Center installations must connect to a BRM system with Revenue Assurance Manager installed. See *BRM Collecting Revenue Assurance Data* for more information.

About Test Installations

Use test installations when setting up internal development or testing Business Operations Center instances. Test installations allow users to use Business Operations Center without IDM security. The deployed Business Operations Center application in your test WebLogic server domain connects directly to your BRM system using native WebLogic server user management.

Test installations include the following components:

WebLogic Server

- WebLogic Server domain to host Business Operations Center with Business Operations Center security disabled
- Deployed Business Operations Center application WAR
- Creation of Business Operations Center schema in the BRM database

This guide includes information on installing test installations. You do not need to perform the IDM preinstallation steps for test installations. See "Installing Business Operations Center for Testing" for more information on test installations.

About Production Installations

Use production installations when setting up secure Business Operations Center instances using IDM security. Production installations require user authentication and authorization for securing access to Business Operations Center. This guide provides general guidelines in installing and configuring IDM components. It does not contain detailed information on configuring IDM components. Consult the respective product documentation using the links provided in this guide for more information on configuring IDM components.

Production installations include the following components:

- Enterprise Database
- Database creation with Oracle Repository Creation Utility (RCU)
- WebLogic Server
- OPSS JRF-enabled WebLogic domain
- Deployed Business Operations Center application WAR on each Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) domain
- Creation of the Business Operations Center schema in the BRM database
- (Optional) Oracle Identity Management (IDM) components, including:
 - Oracle Access Management (OAM) for single sign-on (SSO) configuration
 - Oracle Unified Directory for user directory management
 - Oracle Identity Governance for connecting to Oracle Unified Directory and managing users

Database Planning

Business Operations Center production installations require an Enterprise Database. This database is in addition to your BRM server database used for the Business Operations Center schema and OPSS schema. Database sizing requirements depend on the number of Business Operations Center users in your environment.

See "Installing and Configuring Oracle Enterprise Database" for information on setting up the required database for Business Operations Center.

Authentication and Authorization Planning

When planning a Business Operations Center installation, consider the requirements carefully. Each OPSS domain hosts a deployed instance of Business Operations Center and connects to OPSS for authorization. Determine how many OPSS domains are needed to support the Business Operations Center deployments required by your transaction volume.



You can use the IDM components and Oracle HTTP Server Webgate for user authentication, SSO, and user directory management. See *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management* for more information on sizing and installation.

See Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity and Access Management for more information about sizing your IDM host requirements.

About Installing a Secure System

In production environments, you must ensure that communication between components and that access to the system servers are secure. The Business Operations Center installer prompts you to select security options. After you install Business Operations Center, enable SSL communication between Business Operations Center and BRM. For information about securing Business Operations Center, see "Business Operations Center Security" in *BRM Security Guide*.



Business Operations Center Requirements

Learn about the software and hardware requirements for the Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center software.

Topics in this document:

- Software Requirements
- Hardware Requirements
- About IPv4 and IPv6 Support for Fusion Middleware Products

Software Requirements

Business Operations Center is deployed on the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) JRF-enabled WebLogic Server domain.

The following software is required for installing Business Operations Center:

OPSS JRF-enabled WebLogic Server domain for deploying Business Operations Center.



You configure OPSS when you create the JRF-enabled WebLogic domain. No additional steps are required for configuring OPSS.

 Oracle WebLogic Server installed using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure installer.

Optionally, you can install Oracle Identity Management (IDM) components for authentication and authorization based on your requirements:

- Oracle Access Management (OAM) for single sign-on (SSO) configuration.
- Oracle Unified Directory for user directory management.
- Oracle Identity Governance for connecting to Oracle Unified Directory and managing users.

Business Operations Center is supported only on the software and hardware listed in these sections. You must install and connect all required software components for a secure installation.

For information about supported operating systems, additional software requirements, and compatible software versions, see "Business Operations Center Software Compatibility" in *BRM Compatibility Matrix*.

Hardware Requirements

The number and configuration of the hosts used for your Business Operations Center installation depend on your requirements. For example, large transaction volumes, multiple geographical locations, or fail-over requirements affect the amount of required hardware.

Table 3-1 lists the recommended hardware requirement for a single server production Business Operations Center installation containing all components. See *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity and Access Management* for more information about IDM component hardware and sizing.

Table 3-1 Business Operations Center Single Server Minimum Hardware Requirements

Component	Requirement
Hard disk	A minimum of 200 GB of free disk space.
	Note: A minimum of 1.5 GB should be free in the domain home.
Processor	Oracle recommends using 6 or more cores, each running at 1.5 GHz or greater.
Memory	A minimum of 35 GB physical memory and 16 GB swap.
	If you plan to install the required database on the same server, see "Server Hardware Checklist for Oracle Database Installation" in Oracle Database Installation Guide for more information about required memory.
	For more information about calculating the required memory in your environment, see Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications.

About IPv4 and IPv6 Support for Fusion Middleware Products

For information on network considerations, including support for IPv6 addresses, see Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications.



4

Business Operations Center Preinstallation Tasks

Learn about the tasks that you must perform before running the Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center installer.

In production installations, the Business Operations Center installer deploys Business Operations Center on a running Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) JRF-enabled domain. The installer assumes that the following required software preinstallation tasks, including applying patches and workarounds, have already been completed successfully.



A test installation without OPSS security can be performed on a basic WebLogic domain. Do not use a test installation in production.

Preinstallation tasks for Business Operations Center consist of the following steps:

- Connecting to Oracle BRM
- 2. Installing and Configuring Oracle Enterprise Database
- 3. Downloading the ojdbc8.jar File
- (Optional) Creating the Business Operations Center User
- 5. Installing and Configuring Oracle WebLogic Server
- 6. Configuring the OPSS JRF-Enabled Business Operations Center Application Domain
- 7. (Optional) Installing and Configuring Oracle Unified Directory
- 8. (Optional) Installing and Configuring Oracle Access Management
- 9. (Optional) Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Governance

Connecting to Oracle BRM

Business Operations Center connects to BRM when retrieving operational data and submitting job requests. The connected BRM instance must have Revenue Assurance Manager installed. The Business Operations Center installer connects to the BRM database and creates the required schema.

See BRM Installation Guide for information on installing BRM.

See "Installing Revenue Assurance Manager" in *BRM Collecting Revenue Assurance Data* for more information.

Installing and Configuring Oracle Enterprise Database

Oracle recommends that an experienced database administrator install and configure your database. To install and configure Oracle Database, see the Oracle Database installation documentation at: https://docs.oracle.com/en/database.

Configuring SSL for the Oracle Enterprise Database

You can configure secure sockets layer (SSL) for the Oracle Enterprise Database by creating the necessary wallets for storing certificates and then modifying the following configuration files to point to the appropriate wallet:

- sqlnet.ora
- tnsnames.ora
- listener.ora

You can use the **Orapki** utility to create the wallets.

Downloading the ojdbc8.jar File

Download the **ojdbc8.jar** file and save it in a directory on the machine on which you want to install BRM. Note the path to this directory; you are required to specify this path in the Specify Prerequisite Libraries Location window during the BRM installation.

You can download ojdbc8.jar from the following location:

https://www.oracle.com/database/technologies/appdev/jdbc-downloads.html

Creating the Business Operations Center User

The Business Operations Center installer provides the option to automatically create the Business Operations Center user for you. If you want the installer to create the user, you can skip this step.

If you want to create the user manually before you install Business Operations Center, do the following:

1. Log in to your database as user sysdba:

```
sqlplus system/@databaseAlias as sysdba
Enter password: password
```

where:

- databaseAlias is the Oracle system database alias.
- password is the Oracle system database user password.
- Create the default tablespaces for Business Operation Center:

```
SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE BOCtablespace DATAFILE 'BOCtablespaceDataFile' size 1000 M REUSE autoextend on next 50M extent management local;
SQL> CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE BOCtempTablespace TEMPFILE
```



```
'BOCtempDataFile' size 1000 M REUSE autoextend on next 50M extent management local;
```

where:

- BOCtablespace is the name of the data tablespace.
- BOCtablespaceDataFile is the name and location of the data file for the data tablespace.
- BOCtempTablespace is the name of the temporary tablespace.
- BOCtempDataFile is the name and location of the data file for the temporary tablespace.
- Create your Business Operations Center user:

```
SQL> CREATE BOCuser IDENTIFIED BY BOCpassword DEFAULT tablespace
BOCtablespace TEMPORARY tablespace BOCtempTablespace;
SQL> ALTER USER BOCuser quota unlimited ON BOCtablespace;
```

where *BOCuser* is the name of your Business Operations Center user, and *BOCpassword* is the password for the Business Operations Center user.

4. Grant permissions to your Business Operations Center user:

```
SQL> GRANT CONNECT, RESOURCE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE SEQUENCE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE VIEW TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE TYPE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE TRIGGER TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE ANY PROCEDURE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE ANY TABLE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE ANY CONTEXT TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT EXECUTE ANY TYPE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE ANY JOB TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT MANAGE SCHEDULER TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT EXECUTE ON DBMS SCHEDULER TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON DBA USERS TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON DBA SEGMENTS TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT CREATE TABLE TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT EXECUTE ON SYS.DBMS LOCK TO BOCuser;
SQL> GRANT EXECUTE ON dbms crypto TO BOCuser;
```

Installing and Configuring Oracle WebLogic Server

Business Operations Center requires a preexisting Oracle WebLogic Server middleware home directory. You must download and install Oracle WebLogic Server using the Fusion Middleware Infrastructure installer.

If you are using Oracle Identity Management (IDM) for user authentication and authorization, download and install WebLogic Server before installing IDM.

See *Installing and Configuring Oracle WebLogic Server and Coherence* for information about installing WebLogic Server.

In a production environment, Oracle recommends using the SSL protocol for sending and receiving messages

For more information about configuring SSL in WebLogic Server, see "Configuring SSL" in *Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server*.

Business Operations Center supports TLS versions 1.2 (all 15.0 releases) and 1.3 (Release 15.0.1 or later). For information about setting the protocol version, see "Specifying the SSL/TLS Protocol Version" in *Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server*.

Configuring the OPSS JRF-Enabled Business Operations Center Application Domain

You deploy Business Operations Center on a JRF-enabled Oracle WebLogic Server domain configured as an Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) client domain. Create a JRF-enabled domain in Oracle WebLogic Server and configure an application domain policy that controls access to the Business Operations Center application.

For information about creating the domain and configuring the domain policy, see "Configuring the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Domain" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing and Configuring the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure.

Installing and Configuring Oracle Unified Directory

Download and install the Oracle Unified Directory software. For more information, see "Installing the Oracle Unified Directory Software" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing Oracle Unified Directory*.

After installing Oracle Unified Directory, configure the OPSS Administration Server to use Oracle Unified Directory as the authentication provider. For information about:

- Setting up Oracle Unified Directory as your authentication provider, see "Configuring Authentication Providers" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server.
- Setting up Oracle Unified Directory, including how to synchronize Oracle Unified Directory
 with existing directories that you may already have, see "Introduction to Oracle Unified
 Directory" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Unified Directory.

Installing and Configuring Oracle Access Management

Download and install the Oracle Access Management (OAM) software. For more information, see the information about installing and configuring Oracle Access Management at:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/middleware/idm/suite/12.2.1.4/index.html

Configuring the Oracle Access Manager Business Operations Center Application Domain

Create a Business Operations Center application domain in OAM and configure an application domain policy that controls access to the Business Operations Center application.

To create your Business Operations Center application domain in OAM, complete the following steps:



- 1. Creating the Business Operations Center Application Domain
- 2. Configuring and Restarting the Oracle HTTP Server

For more information about application domains and policies, see *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management*.

Creating the Business Operations Center Application Domain

Create the Business Operations Center application domain by following the instructions in "Creating a New Application Domain" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management*.

As you create the application domain, ensure that you do the following:

- 1. Define the following resources for your Business Operations Center application domain:
 - The lopsdashboard**, lopsdashboard*, and l** resources:
 - Type: HTTP
 - Host Identifier: IdMSuiteAgent
 - Protection Level: Protected
 - Authentication Policy: Protected Policy
 - Resource URL (String): lopsdashboard**, lopsdashboard*, or l**
 - The Ifav.ico resource:
 - Type: HTTP
 - Host Identifier: IdMSuiteAgent
 - Protection Level: Excluded
 - Resource URL (String): Ifavicon.ico

For more information, see "Adding and Managing Policy Resource Definitions" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management*.

Create an LDAP authentication module for authenticating Business Operations Center users. Set its user identity store to **OIMIDStore**.

For more information, see "Managing Native Authentication Modules" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management*.

- 3. Add the LDAP authentication module to an authentication scheme in your Business Operations Center application domain. The authentication scheme should include these values:
 - Authentication Level: 2
 - Challenge Method: Form
 - Challenge Redirect URL: loam/server
 - Challenge URL: /pages/login.jsp
 - Context Type: default
 - Context Value: loam

For more information, see "Creating an Authentication Scheme" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management.

 Create an authentication policy and then add the resources you created in step 1 and the authentication scheme you created in step 3 to it. For more information, see "Defining Authentication Policies for Specific Resources" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management.

5. Create an authorization policy and then add the resources you created in step 1 to it.
For more information, see "Creating an Authorization Policy and Specific Resources" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Access Management.

Configuring and Restarting the Oracle HTTP Server

After configuring the required Business Operations Center OAM components, edit the Oracle HTTP Server (OHS) **idm.conf** file in your OAM instance to specify the handler, host, and port for the **lopsdashboard** resource. Restart your OHS instance after editing this file.

To configure the **lopsdashboard** resource in the OHS **idm.conf** file:

- Open a secure shell or terminal window to your OAM host as a user with administrative permissions.
- Go to the Middleware_homelconfig/OHS/OHS_InstanceImoduleconf directory, where Middleware_home is the middleware home directory of the OAM WebLogic Server instance and OHS_Instance is the OHS instance where OAM is hosted.
- 3. In the idm.conf file, append the following entry before the </VirtualHost> closing tag:

```
<Location /opsdashboard>
    SetHandler weblogic-handler
    WebLogicHost host name or IP address of your OPSS Administration Server
    WeblogicPort port number the WebLogic host is listening on
</Location>
```

- 4. Save the file.
- Go to the OHS_home/bin directory, where OHS_home is the Oracle home directory of your OHS installation.
- **6.** Restart OHS with the following commands:

```
./opmnctl status
./opmnctl stopall
./opmnctl startall
```

For more information about the OHS **idm.conf** file, see "Using the idm.conf File" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite*.

Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Governance

Download and install the Oracle Identity Governance software. For more information, see the information about installing and configuring Oracle Identity Governance at:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/middleware/idm/suite/12.2.1.4/index.html



Installing Business Operations Center

Learn how to install Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center using a GUI installer or a silent, command-line installer.

Topics in this document:

- Downloading the Business Operations Center Installer
- Installing Business Operations Center for Testing
- Installing Business Operations Center for Production
- About Installation Logs

Downloading the Business Operations Center Installer

You can download the Business Operations Center software from one of the following locations:

- For Business Operations Center 15.0.0 or any 15.0.x maintenance release: From the Oracle software delivery website (https://edelivery.oracle.com)
- For any 15.0.x.y patch set release: From the Oracle support website (https://support.oracle.com)

Search for and download the **Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management 15.0**.*x*.*y*.**0** software, where *x* refers to the maintenance release and *y* refers to the patch set release of Business Operations Center that you are installing.

The Zip archive includes the installer: **BusinessOperationsCenter generic.jar**.

Installing Business Operations Center for Testing

Business Operations Center test installations do not use Oracle Identity Management (IDM) security. The installer deploys the application to a basic Oracle WebLogic domain with Business Operations Center authorization disabled. Use test installations for internal development and testing only.

To install a Business Operations Center test installation in a basic domain:

- Verify that your Java Development Kit is installed correctly, including setting your JAVA_HOME environment variable and confirming that the Java_homelbin directory is in your path.
- Start the Oracle WebLogic Server basic domain administration server, managed server, or cluster on which you want to deploy Business Operations Center.
- 3. Run the following command, which launches the Business Operations Center installer:

java -jar BusinessOperationsCenter_generic.jar

Note:

- Specify the -invPtrLoc flag and an Oracle Inventory path location in the Java command for launching the Business Operations Center installer if you are using an existing or custom Oracle inventory location for maintaining your installed Oracle products and installation logs.
- Business Operations Center requires postinstallation configuration of an Oracle WebLogic Server data source. By default, the installer uses the value bocdb for this data source's name. To use a custom data source name, specify the name by passing the following flag when launching the installer:

```
DS NAME="new value"
```

For example:

```
java -jar BusinessOperationsCenter generic.jar DS NAME=''name''
```

where *name* is the name of the WebLogic Server data source.

See "Creating the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server Data Source" for more information on configuring the WebLogic data source after installation completes.

- 4. In the Welcome window, click Next.
- In the Installation Inventory window, select an Inventory Directory and Operating System Group and then click Next.
- 6. In the Installation Location window, enter or browse to your Oracle Home directory and then click **Next**.
- 7. In the Feature Sets Selection window, select **Business Operation Center Components** and then click **Next**.
- 8. In the Prerequisite Libraries Location window, enter the full path or browse to the directory in which the **ojdbc8.jar** file is stored, and then click **Next**.
- In the WebLogic Server Details window, enter the details listed in Table 5-1 for the WebLogic Server domain in which you want to deploy Business Operations Center, and then click Next.

Table 5-1 WebLogic Server Details

Field	Description
Host Name	IP address or the host name of the computer on which the WebLogic Server domain is configured.
Port Number	Port number assigned to the WebLogic Server domain administration server.
User Name	WebLogic Server domain administrator user name.
Password	Password for the WebLogic Server domain administrator user.
WebLogic Home	Path of the directory in which the WebLogic Server software is installed.
Use SSL?	Whether to use SSL. Deselect the checkbox for test installations.



Table 5-1 (Cont.) WebLogic Server Details

Field	Description
KeyStore Type	The type of KeyStore file used in the WebLogic domain for SSL: JKS or PKCS12 .
KeyStore Location	The path to your KeyStore file, which is used for authentication through SSL.
KeyStore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.

Note:

The Business Operations Center installer will not proceed until it verifies that the information you entered is valid. The domain must be in a **RUNNING** state.

 In the Target Server window, select the server on which to deploy Business Operations Center and then click Next.

The target server list includes the administration server, any managed servers, and any clusters. For example, the target list might include:

- admin-server:RUNNING
- managed-server1:RUNNING
- managed-server2:RUNNING
- managed-server3:SHUTDOWN
- cluster-1:RUNNING

In this example, cluster-1 is formed by managed-server1, managed-server2, and managed-server3.

Note:

- You can deploy Business Operations Center on managed servers that are in an offline state.
- When a cluster is selected as the target, all managed servers in the cluster are targets.
- Oracle recommends that you deploy Business Operations Center on a WebLogic Server managed server or cluster. If you select a WebLogic Server managed server, ensure that the WebLogic Server managed server and the node manager are running.
- If you deploy Business Operations Center on a WebLogic Cluster, you must enable sticky sessions in your load balancer.

A warning appears confirming that the domain is not configured as an Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) Oracle Java Required Files (JRF)-enabled Domain.

11. In the Authentication and Asserter window, select Skip Authenticator and Asserter. A warning appears confirming that the Authenticator and Asserter will not be configured. Click OK and then click Next.

12. In the Database User Details window, enter the details in Table 5-2 and then click Next.

Table 5-2 Database User Details

Field	Description
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the BRM database is installed.
Port Number	The port number assigned to the BRM database. For example: 1521 .
Service Name	The database service name. For example: orcl.
User Name	The name of the Business Operations Center database user. For example: boc .
Password	The Business Operations Center user's password.
Confirm Password	Enter the Business Operations Center user's password again.
SSL Enabled	The type of connection required to connect to the database:
	 Yes-One Way: One-way SSL authentication is required. Yes-Two Way: Two-way SSL authentication is required. No: SSL authentication is not required.
Store Type	The type of TrustStore and KeyStore file that is used for the SSL connection: SSO or PKCS12 .
Truststore Location	The directory in which your TrustStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Truststore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the TrustStore.
Keystore Location	The directory in which your KeyStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Keystore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.

The installer checks whether the Business Operations Center database user and Business Operations schema already exist, and then does one of the following:

- If the user already exists but the schema does not: The installer will create the Business Operations Center schema. Proceed to step 14.
- If both the user and schema already exist: The installer displays a warning. Click
 OK to have Business Operations Center reuse the existing schema. Proceed to step
 14.
- If the user does not exist: The installer displays a warning. Click **OK** to have the installer create the user and schema for you. You will need to provide the database administrator credentials in the next window. Proceed to the next step.
- **13.** In the Database Administrator Details window, enter the database administrator and tablespace details listed in Table 5-3.

Table 5-3 Database Administrator Details

Field	Description
User Name	The database administrator user name.
Password	The password for the database administrator user.
Role	The role of the database administrator user, such as sysdba .



Table 5-3 (Cont.) Database Administrator Details

Field	Description
Default Tablespace	The default tablespace for the Business Operations Center schema.
Temp Tablespace	The temporary tablespace for the Business Operations Center schema.

The installer checks whether the default and temp tablespaces already exist, and then does one of the following:

- If they do not exist, the installer displays a warning. Click **OK** to have the installer create the tablespaces for you.
- If they already exist, the installer uses the existing tablespaces.
- **14.** In the User Interface Details window, enter the user details listed in Table 5-4 and then click **Next**.

Table 5-4 Business Operations Center User Interface Details

Field	Description
Billing Care URL	The URL of the Billing Care instance configured for use with your BRM Server if installed. Leave blank if Billing Care is not installed in your environment.
Logout URL	The redirect URL where Business Operations Center sends a user after logout and session termination.
Help URL	The URL location of the Business Operations Center Online Help Guide located on the Oracle Help Center.
Timeout Warning Duration	The number of session idle seconds before Business Operations Center displays a timeout warning to a user (default value is 90 seconds).

 In the BRM Connection Details window, enter the details listed in Table 5-5 and then click Next.

Table 5-5 BRM Connection Details

Field	Description
User Name	The user name for connecting to BRM.
Password	The BRM user's password.
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the primary BRM Connection Manager (CM) or CM Master Process (CMMP) are running.
Port Number	The TCP port number of the CM or CMMP on the host computer. The default value is 11960 .
Service Type	The BRM service type. The default value is /service/admin_client.
Service POID Id	The POID of the BRM service. The default value is 1.
Use SSL?	Whether to use SSL:
	 If you have not enabled SSL for BRM, deselect the Use SSL? check box. If you have enabled SSL for BRM, leave the Use SSL? check box selected.



Table 5-5 (Cont.) BRM Connection Details

Field	Description
Wallet Password	The password for the Business Operations Center wallet.
Confirm Wallet Password	Enter the password for the Business Operations Center wallet again.

 In the Web Services Details window, enter the details listed in Table 5-6 and then click Next.

Table 5-6 Business Operations Center Web Services Details

Field	Description
BRM Server Timezone	Time Zone (TZ) value of the server operating system on which the BRM is running.

- 17. In the Auto Updates window, select an auto update option and then click Next.
- **18.** In the Installation Summary window, confirm your installation selections and then click **Install**.

The installation proceeds and runs postinstallation scripts to complete the Business Operations Center installation.

Installing Business Operations Center for Production

For production installations, run the Business Operations Center installer from the computer hosting the OPSS JRF-enabled domain on which you deploy Business Operations Center. The installation must be performed by a user who has permissions to write to the **oralnventory** directory and the *Middleware_homeluser_projects/domains* directory, where *Middleware_home* is the directory in which you installed the Oracle Middleware components.

To install Business Operations Center on your OPSS JRF-enabled domain:

- Verify that your Java Development Kit is installed correctly, including setting your JAVA_HOME environment variable and confirming that the Java_homelbin directory is in your path.
- Start the Oracle WebLogic Server basic domain administration server, managed server, or cluster on which you want to deploy Business Operations Center.
- 3. Run the following command, which launches the Business Operations Center installer:

java -jar BusinessOperationsCenter generic.jar



Specify the **-invPtrLoc** flag and an Oracle Inventory path location in the Java command for launching the Business Operations Center installer if you are using an existing or custom Oracle inventory location for maintaining your installed Oracle products and installation logs.

In the Welcome window, click Next.

- In the Installation Inventory window, select an Inventory Directory and Operating System Group, and then click Next.
- In the Installation Location window, enter or browse to your Oracle Home directory path and then click Next.
- 7. In the Features Sets Selection window, select **Business Operation Center Components** and then click **Next**.
- 8. In the Prerequisite Libraries Location window, enter the full path or browse to the directory in which the **ojdbc8.jar** files are stored and then click **Next**.
- In the WebLogic Server Details window, enter the details listed in Table 5-7 for the WebLogic Server domain in which you want to deploy Business Operations Center. Click Next.

Table 5-7 WebLogic Server Details

Field	Description
Host Name	IP address or the host name of the computer on which the WebLogic Server domain is configured.
Port Number	Port number assigned to the WebLogic Server domain administration server.
User Name	WebLogic Server domain administrator user name.
Password	Password for the WebLogic Server domain administrator user.
WebLogic Home	Path of the directory in which the WebLogic Server software is installed.
Use SSL?	Whether to use SSL. Select the check box for production installations.
KeyStore Type	The type of KeyStore file that is used for the SSL connection: JKS or PKCS12 .
Keystore Location	The directory in which your KeyStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Keystore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.



The Business Operations Center installer will not proceed until it verifies that the information you entered is valid. The domain must be in a **RUNNING** state.

10. Enter the required SSL information and then click Next.

Business Operations Center requires JSSE-based SSL enabled in your OPSS JRF-enabled domain. For more information, see "Using the JSSE-Based SSL Implementation" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server.

If you have configured SSL in your OPSS JRF-enabled domain, leave the **Use SSL?** check box selected, and, in the **KeyStore Location** field, enter the path of the client-side KeyStore file generated from the exported public certificate using the **keytool** utility.

For information about using the Java **keytool** to generate a key pair and root certificate for your encrypted password and to store the certificate, see:

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/tools/unix/keytool.html



See "Configuring SSL" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server for more information about using SSL in your domain.

 In the Target Server window, select the server on which to deploy Business Operations Center and then click Next.

The target server list includes the administration server, any managed servers, and any clusters. For example, the target list might include:

- admin-server:RUNNING
- managed-server1:RUNNING
- managed-server2:RUNNING
- managed-server3:SHUTDOWN
- cluster-1:RUNNING

In this example, cluster-1 is formed by managed-server1, managed-server2, and managed-server3.

Note:

- You can deploy Business Operations Center on managed servers that are in an offline state.
- When a cluster is selected as the target, all managed servers in the cluster are targets.
- Oracle recommends that you deploy Business Operations Center on a WebLogic Server managed server or cluster. If you select a WebLogic Server managed server, ensure that the WebLogic Server managed server and the node manager are running.
- If you deploy Business Operations Center on a WebLogic Cluster, you must enable sticky sessions in your load balancer.

A warning appears confirming that the domain is not configured as an Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) Oracle Java Required Files (JRF)-enabled Domain.

- 12. In the Authenticator and Asserter window, do one of the following and then click Next.
 - If you are not using Oracle Unified Directory, select Skip Authenticator and Asserter.
 A warning appears confirming that the Authenticator and Asserter will not be configured. Click OK.
 - Enter the information listed in Table 5-8 for connecting to the Oracle Unified Directory authenticator.

Table 5-8 Authentication and Asserter Details

Field	Description
Provider Name	Oracle Unified Directory Authentication provider you configured in your OPSS JRF-enabled domain administration server.
Host Name	Host name or IP address of the LDAP server.
Port Number	Port number on which the LDAP server is listening.



Table 5-8 (Cont.) Authentication and Asserter Details

Field	Description
Admin User Name	Distinguished Name (DN) of the LDAP user that WebLogic Server should use to connect to the LDAP server.
Admin Password	Credential (usually a password) used to connect to the LDAP server.
User Base DN	Base distinguished name (DN) of the tree in the LDAP directory that contains users. For example: cn=Users, dc=example, dc=com
Group Base DN	Base distinguished name (DN) of the tree in the LDAP directory that contains groups. For example: cn=Groups, dc=example, dc=com
Asserter Name	Name to use during Business Operations Center deployment. A new asserter is created if a OAMIdentityAsserter type does not exist in your OPSS JRF-enabled domain already.

13. In the Database User Details window, enter the details in Table 5-9 and then click Next.

Table 5-9 Database User Details

Field	Description	
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the BRM database is installed.	
Port Number	The port number assigned to the BRM database. For example: 1521 .	
Service Name	The database service name. For example: orcl.	
User Name	The name of the Business Operations Center database user. For example: boc .	
Password	The Business Operations Center user's password.	
Confirm Password	Enter the Business Operations Center user's password again.	
SSL Enabled	 The type of connection required to connect to the database: Yes-One Way: One-way SSL authentication is required. Yes-Two Way: Two-way SSL authentication is required. No: SSL authentication is not required. 	
Store Type	The type of TrustStore and KeyStore file that is used for the SSL connection: SSO or PKCS12 .	
Truststore Location	The directory in which your TrustStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.	
Truststore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the TrustStore.	
Keystore Location	The directory in which your KeyStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.	
Keystore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.	

The installer checks whether the Business Operations Center database user and Business Operations schema already exist, and then does one of the following:

• If the user already exists but the schema does not: The installer will create the Business Operations Center schema. Proceed to step 15.

- If both the user and schema already exist: The installer displays a warning. Click
 OK to have Business Operations Center reuse the existing schema. Proceed to step
 15.
- If the user does not exist: The installer displays a warning. Click **OK** to have the installer create the user and schema for you. You will need to provide the database administrator credentials in the next window. Proceed to the next step.
- **14.** In the Database Administrator Details window, enter the database administrator and tablespace details listed in Table 5-10.

Table 5-10 Database Administrator Details

Field	Description	
User Name	The database administrator user name.	
Password	The password for the database administrator user.	
Role	The role of the database administrator user, such as sysdba .	
Default Tablespace	The default tablespace for the Business Operations Center schema.	
Temp Tablespace	The temporary tablespace for the Business Operations Center schema.	

The installer checks whether the default and temp tablespaces already exist, and then does one of the following:

- If they do not exist, the installer displays a warning. Click OK to have the installer create the tablespaces for you.
- If they already exist, the installer uses the existing tablespaces.
- **15.** In the User Interface Details window, enter the user details listed in Table 5-11 and then click **Next**.

Table 5-11 User Interface Details

Field	Description
Billing Care URL	URL of the Billing Care instance configured for use with your BRM Server if installed. Leave blank if Billing Care is not installed in your environment.
Logout URL	Redirect URL where Business Operations Center sends a user after logout and session termination.
Help URL	URL location of the Business Operations Center Online Help Guide located on the Oracle Help Center.
Timeout Warning Duration	Number of session idle seconds before Business Operations Center displays a timeout warning to a user (default value is 90 seconds).

 In the BRM Connection Details window, enter the BRM server connection details listed in Table 5-12 and then click Next.

Table 5-12 BRM Connection Details

Field	Description	
User Name	The user name for connecting to BRM.	
Password	The BRM user's password.	



Table 5-12 (Cont.) BRM Connection Details

Field	Description
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the primary BRM Connection Manager (CM) or CM Master Process (CMMP) are running.
Port Number	The TCP port number of the CM or CMMP on the host computer.
Service Type	The BRM service type, such as /service/admin_client.
Service POID ID	The POID of the BRM service. The default value is 1.
Use SSL?	Whether to use SSL. SSL is required for production systems.
Wallet Password	The password for the BOC wallet.
Confirm Wallet Password	Enter the password for the BOC wallet again.

 In the Web Services Details window, enter the details listed in Table 5-13 and then click Next.

Table 5-13 Web Services Details

Field	Description
BRM Server Timezone	Time Zone (TZ) value of the server operating system on which the BRM is running.

18. In the Installation Summary window, confirm your installation selections and then click **Install**.

The installation proceeds and runs post install scripts to complete the Business Operations Center installation.

19. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

See "Business Operations Center Postinstallation Tasks" for required tasks to complete after the Business Operations Center installer exits.

See "Verifying the Business Operations Center Installation" for information on verifying the successful installation of Business Operations Center.

See "About Installation Logs" for information on the Business Operations Center installer logs.

About Installation Logs

The installation logs are used for debugging purposes. You can check the log files in the **oralnventory/logs** directory. The default location of the **oralnventory** directory is in the **/etc/oralnst.loc** file.

You use the following log files to monitor the installation and postinstallation process:

- installActionTimeStamp.log
- oralnstallTimeStamp.err
- oralnstallTimeStamp.out
- launcherTimeStamp.log

where *TimeStamp* is the date and time the log file was created.



6

Business Operations Center Postinstallation Tasks

Learn how to perform postinstallation tasks, such as enabling encryption and logging, after installing the Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center software.

After installing Business Operations Center, do the following on each domain host where Business Operations Center is deployed:

- 1. Enable logging. See "Enabling Logging".
- Adjust your BRM connection pool settings and configure logging for your Business Operations Center environment. See "Configuring Additional Settings in Infranet.properties".
- 3. Create an Oracle WebLogic Server data source for use with Business Operations Center. See "Creating the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server Data Source".
- 4. If you are setting up a test installation, also do the following:
 - **a.** Create the following Business Operations Center groups in Oracle WebLogic Server and add Business Operations Center users to these groups:
 - BOC ADMIN
 - BOC FINANCE

For more information about creating groups and adding the users in Oracle WebLogic Server, see "Manage users and groups" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.

- b. If you want to enable pin_virtual_time in BRM and use virtual time when running Business Operations Center jobs, set the ENABLE_PVT_TEST property to true in the Domain_home/lib/bocws-config.properties file. Then, restart your domain for the configuration change to take effect.
- **5.** If you are setting up a production installation, also do the following:
 - Import the Business Operations Center Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS)
 Administration Server policy configuration. See "Importing the Business Operations Center Security Policies into OPSS".
 - If you are using Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) for single sign-on (SSO), configure SAML. See "Configuring SAML for SSO".

Enabling Logging

Business Operations Center writes log messages using the Log4j library. See *Oracle Fusion Middleware Configuring Log Files and Filtering Log Messages for Oracle WebLogic Server* for more information on enabling Business Operations Center logging.

Configuring Additional Settings in Infranet.properties

Business Operations Center uses the default connection pool settings for your BRM instance. You can customize the connection pool settings or configure logging by adding entries to the application's **Infranet.properties** file.



You can update the connection details in the **Infranet.properties** file or in the Business Operations Center wallet. It is recommended to update sensitive information (such as the BRM user password) only by using the Business Operations Center wallet.

To customize the connection pool and logging settings, do the following:

1. Open the Business Operations Center Infranet.properties file in a text editor.

Note:

- During installation, the Infranet.properties file is copied to the Oracle_homel setup directory, and this path will be added to the INFRANET_PROPERTIES_FILE_LOCATION property in the Domain_homellib/bocws-config.properties file. You can update the Infranet.properties file in this location.
- The **Infranet.properties** file is copied to the *Domain_home* directory, and this path will be added to the **INFRANET_PROPERTIES_FILE_LOCATION** property in the *Domain_home/lib/bocws-config.properties* file.
- 2. Edit the connection pool entries in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1 Configurable Connection Pool Properties

Parameter	Description
infranet.connectionpool.maxsize	The maximum number of connections the connection pool maintains.
infranet.connectionpool.minsize	The minimum number of connections the connection pool maintains.
	Note: When you first start the connection pool, it may have fewer connections than the <i>minsize</i> value. When the <i>minsize</i> number of connections is reached, the number of connections will not fall below this count.
infranet.connectionpool.timeout	The time in milliseconds that a connection request will wait in the pending request queue for a free connection before it times out. If a pending request doesn't receive a connection during this time, an exception is thrown.



Table 6-1 (Cont.) Configurable Connection Pool Properties

Parameter	Description
infranet.connectionpool.maxidletime	The time <i>in milliseconds</i> that an idle (unused) connection remains in the connection pool before it is removed.
	Important: If the value is set too low, connections might be removed and restored too frequently. This can degrade system performance.

3. Configure the logging entries in Table 6-2.

Table 6-2 Optional Entries in Infranet.properties

Entry	Description
Infranet.log.file	The file path. The default is javapcm.log.
Infranet.log.logallebuf	Boolean. If true, forces all EbufException exceptions to be logged automatically.
Infranet.log.level	Specifies how much information the application should log: • 0: No logging • 1: Log ERROR messages • 2: Log ERROR and WARNING messages • 3: Log ERROR, WARNING, and DEBUG messages
Infranet.pcp.debug.enabled	Boolean. If true , enables debug mode.
Infranet.pcp.debug.flags	Specifies what to log: O: Log nothing 1: Log errors only Ox1fff: Log all messages
Infranet.log.opcodes.enabled	Boolean. If true , enables a log that records the input and output flist for every opcode called by all client applications that support this feature.
Infranet.log.opcodes.file	The file path.

4. Save and close the file.

Creating the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server Data Source

Configure a JDBC data source in the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server domain. The deployed Business Operations Center application uses this data source to connect to the database schema created by the installer.

By default, Business Operations Center uses a value of **bocdb** for the WebLogic Server data source. If you did not specify a custom name for your Business Operations Center database when launching the installer, create a data source named **bocdb** using the WebLogic Server Administration Console. See "Configuring WebLogic JDBC Resources" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering JDBC Data Sources for Oracle WebLogic Server* for information on creating the required data source for Business Operations Center.



If you specified a custom name for your Business Operations Center database schema during installation, create the WebLogic Server data source using this name. Additionally, you must edit the **quartz.properties** file with your data source's name.

To edit the **quartz.properties** file data source name:

- Open the Domain_home/lib/quartz.properties file where Domain_home is the WebLogic Server domain home directory of the domain in which Business Operations Center is deployed.
- 2. In the **DS_NAME** parameter, change the value to your custom data source name.
- 3. Save the file.
- Restart the domain.

Configuring the SSL-Enabled Business Operations Center Data Source

You can configure a Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)-enabled JDBC data source in the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server domain for secured communications.

To configure the SSL-enabled Business Operations Center data source in WebLogic Server:

- 1. Create a truststore and then add the root certificate (which you created while configuring SSL for the Oracle database) as a trusted certificate to the truststore.
- 2. Log in to WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- In the Domain Structure panel, click Services and Data Sources.

The available data sources are displayed.

- 4. Select the Business Operations Center WebLogic Server Data Source for which you want to enable SSL. The default data source is **bocdb**.
- 5. In the Configuration tab, select Connection Pool.
- Modify the connection URL:

```
jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCPS) (HOST = hostname)
(PORT = ssl-port))(CONNECT DATA=(SERVICE NAME=SID)))
```

Where:

- hostname is the name of the machine on which the Oracle database is installed.
- ssl-port is the SSL-enabled port used for connecting to the Oracle database.
- SID is the unique name of the Oracle database.
- Add the following properties:

If you require client authentication (two way authentication):

```
javax.net.ssl.keyStore=keystore location
javax.net.ssl.keyStoreType=JKS
javax.net.ssl.keyStorePassword=keystore password
javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType=truststore location
javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType=JKS
javax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=truststore password
```

where:



- keystore location is the path to the client-side KeyStore file generated from the exported public certificate using the keytool utility.
- keystore password is the password of the KeyStore.
- truststore location is the path to the directory in which the truststore created in step 1 is stored.
- *truststore password* is the password of the truststore.

If you do not require client authentication:

```
javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType=truststore location
javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType=JKS
javax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=truststore password
```

Restart the WebLogic Server domain.

Your data source is now configured to use SSL.

9. Test and verify the connection.

See "SSL-Enabling a Data Source" in *Oracle Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware* for detailed information.

Importing the Business Operations Center Security Policies into OPSS

Business Operations Center includes the **system-jazn-data.xml** file, which contains default OPSS policies, resource-types, resource, and actions. You must import this file into your OPSS Administration Server to set up the initial Business Operations Center OPSS configuration. Complete this procedure once for each OPSS Administration Server.

The **system-jazn-data.xml** file is located in the *Domain_homellibloes_config* directory, where *Domain_home* is the WebLogic domain home directory location of the OPSS JRF-enabled domain in which Business Operations Center is deployed.

To import the system-jazn-data.xml file into your OPSS Administration Server:

- Open a secure shell or terminal session on the server where you installed Business Operations Center.
- Change to the Domain_home/lib/oes_config directory.
- Open the jps-config.xml file and modify the following parameters:
 - sourceContext. Specify the location of the system-jazn-data.xml file, which contains
 the policies to be migrated to the database. The system-jazn-data.xml file is in the
 same location as the jps-config.xml file.

• **destinationContext**. Enter the credentials for Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema.



Add the last five **property name** entries (shown in bold) if you enabled one-way or two-way SSL authentication in Business Operations Center.

```
<serviceInstance name="policystore.db.destination"</pre>
provider="policystore.provider">
  <description>DB Based Policy Store Service Instance</description>
  property name="policystore.type" value="DB ORACLE"/>
  property name="jdbc.url"
value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@dbhost:dbport:SID"/>
  property name="jdbc.driver"
value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
  cproperty name="security.principal" value="OPSS Schema
Name (Ex:CC OPSS) "/>
  cproperty name="security.credential" value="OPSS Schema Password"/>
  property name="oracle.security.jps.ldap.root.name"
value="cn=opssroot"/>
  cproperty name="oracle.security.jps.farm.name"
value="cn=opssSecurityStore"/>
  cproperty name="jdk.tls.client.protocols" value="TLSv1.2"/>
  wallet/cwallet.sso"/>
  cproperty name="javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType" value="SSO"/>
  cproperty name="javax.net.ssl.keyStore" value="/scratch/ri-user-1/
wallet/cwallet.sso"/>
  cproperty name="javax.net.ssl.keyStoreType" value="SSO"/>
</serviceInstance>
```

jpsContext. Specify the source context and the destination context.

- 4. Save the file.
- 5. Run the **migrateSecurityStore** utility to import the Business Operations Center policy into your OPSS Administration Server.

See *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide* for detailed information on how to import files into your OPSS Administration Server.

Configuring SAML for SSO

You can use SAML 2.0 for enabling single sign-on (SSO) in Business Operations Center. SSO allows users to log in to applications using a single user name and password combination.

You can configure SAML authentication in a Business Operations Center domain using an Oracle Access Manager service provider or an Oracle Identity Cloud Service (IDCS) service provider.

To configure SAML for SSO:

- Create a SAML2 assertion provider. See "Creating a SAML2 Assertion Provider".
- Create a SAML2 authenticator. See "Creating a SAML2 Authenticator".
- Configure the SAML2 general information. See "Configuring SAML2 General Information".
- Configure your SAML2 service provider. See "Configuring the SAML2 Service Provider".
- 5. Create a SAML2 application in IDCS or Oracle Access Management.
- **6.** Update your deployment plan to define the cookie name and path. See "Updating the Deployment Plans for Business Operations Center".
- 7. (IDCS only) In your *Domain_homellib/bocws-config.properties* file, set the LOGOUT_URL parameter:

```
LOGOUT URL=https://hostname:port/sso/v1/user/logout
```

where hostname:port is the hostname and port for the IDCS logout URL.

Creating a SAML2 Assertion Provider

To create a SAML2 assertion provider:

- Log in to WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- 2. In the **Domain Structure** section, click the **Security Realms** link.

The Summary of Security Realms page appears.

Click the myrealm link.

The Settings for myrealm page appears.

4. Click the **Providers** tab, the **Authentication** subtab, and then **New**.

The Create a New Authentication Provider page appears.

- 5. In the Name field, enter samlBOCAsserter.
- **6.** From the **Type** list, select **SAML2IdentityAsserter**.
- 7. Click OK.
- Restart WebLogic Server.
- 9. In the **Authentication** subtab, click the **samlBOCAsserter** link.

The Settings for samIBOCAsserter page appears.

- **10.** Click the **Management** tab.
- 11. Click New and then click New Web Single Sign-On Identity Provider Partner.

The Create a SAML 2.0 Web Single Sign-On Identity Provider Partner page appears.

- 12. In the Name field, enter WebSSO-IdP-Partner.
- **13.** In the **Path** field, enter the path to the XML file that contains the identity provider's metadata, such as **metadata.xml**.
- 14. Click OK.
- **15.** In the Settings for samlBOCAsserter page, click the **Management** tab and then click the **WebSSO-IdP-Partner** link.
- In the General tab, select the Enabled, Virtual User, and Process Attributes check boxes.



- 17. In the Redirect URIs field, enter lopsdashboard/*.
- 18. Click Save.

Creating a SAML2 Authenticator

To create a SAML2 authenticator:

- 1. Log in to WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- 2. In the **Domain Structure** section, click the **Security Realms** link.

The Summary of Security Realms page appears.

Click the myrealm link.

The Settings for myrealm page appears.

4. Click the **Providers** tab, the **Authentication** subtab, and then **New**.

The Create a New Authentication Provider page appears.

- 5. In the Name field, enter samIBOCAuthenticator.
- 6. From the **Type** list, select **SAMLAuthenticator**.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. In the Authentication Providers table, click the **samlBOCAuthenticator** link and change the **Control Flag** to **SUFFICIENT**.
- 9. Click Save.
- In the Authentication Providers table, click the DefaultAuthenticator link and change the Control Flag to SUFFICIENT.
- 11. Click Save.
- 12. In the Authentication Providers table, click **Reorder**.

The Reorder Authentication Providers page appears.

- **13.** Reorder the providers in the following order:
 - samIBOCAuthenticator
 - samlBOCAsserter
 - DefaultAuthenticator
 - DefaultIdentityAsserter
- 14. Click OK.

Configuring SAML2 General Information

To configure SAML 2.0 general information:

- 1. Log in to WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- In the Domain Structure section, expand Environment and then click Servers.

The Summary of Servers page appears.

3. In the Servers table, click the **AdminServer** link.

The Settings for AdminServer page appears.



- Select the Configuration tab, the Federation Services subtab, and then the SAML 2.0 General subtab.
- In the Published Site URL field, enter http://BusinessOperationsCenter_hostname:port/sam/2.

where:

- BusinessOperationsCenter_hostname is the Business Operations Center application host.
- port is the port on which Business Operations Center is listening on.
- **6.** In the **Entity ID** field, enter **samIBOCAsserter**.
- 7. Click Save.

Configuring the SAML2 Service Provider

To configure the SAML2 service provider:

- 1. Log in to WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- 2. In the Domain Structure section, expand **Environment** and then click **Servers**.
 - The Summary of Servers page appears.
- 3. In the Servers table, click the **AdminServer** link.
 - The Settings for AdminServer page appears.
- Select the Configuration tab, the Federation Services subtab, and then the SAML 2.0 Service Provider subtab.
- 5. Select the **Enabled** check box.
- 6. From the Preferred Binding list, select POST.
- In the Default URL field, enter http://BusinessOperationsCenter_hostname:portlopsdashboard.

where:

- BusinessOperationsCenter_hostname is the Business Operations Center application host.
- *port* is the port on which Business Operations Center is listening on.
- 8. Restart WebLogic Server.

Updating the Deployment Plans for Business Operations Center

To update the deployment plans for Business Operations Center:

 Merge the following contents with your existing Business Operations Center service deployment plan:



```
<name>cookie-name</name>
         <value>JSESSIONID</value>
      </variable>
   </variable-definition>
   <module-override>
      <module-name>BOCServices.ear</module-name>
      <module-type>ear</module-type>
      <module-descriptor external="true">
         <root-element>weblogic-web-app</root-element>
         <uri>WEB-INF/weblogic.xml</uri>
         <variable-assignment>
            <name>cookie-name</name>
            <xpath>/weblogic-web-app/session-descriptor/cookie-name/xpath>
            <operation>replace</operation>
         </variable-assignment>
      </module-descriptor>
   </module-override>
   <module-override>
      <module-name>boc-service.war</module-name>
      <module-type>ear</module-type>
      <module-descriptor external="true">
         <root-element>weblogic-web-app</root-element>
         <uri>WEB-INF/weblogic.xml</uri>
         <variable-assignment>
            <name>cookie-name</name>
            <xpath>/weblogic-web-app/session-descriptor/cookie-name</xpath>
            <operation>replace</operation>
         </variable-assignment>
      </module-descriptor>
   </module-override>
</deployment-plan>
```

<variable>

2. Merge the following contents with your existing Business Operations Center deployment plan:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<deployment-plan xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/webloqic/deployment-plan"</pre>
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://xmlns.oracle.com/weblogic/deployment-plan
http://xmlns.oracle.com/weblogic/deployment-plan/1.0/deployment-plan.xsd"
global-variables="false">
   <application-name>BusinessOperationCenter UI</application-name>
   <variable-definition>
      <variable>
         <name>cookie-name</name>
         <value>JSESSIONID</value>
      </variable>
   </variable-definition>
   <module-override>
      <module-name>boc-ui.war</module-name>
      <module-type>war</module-type>
      <module-descriptor external="true">
         <root-element>weblogic-web-app</root-element>
         <uri>WEB-INF/weblogic.xml</uri>
         <variable-assignment>
```

- 3. Log in to the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- 4. In the **Domain Structure** section, click **Deployments**.
- 5. In the **Configuration** tab, select the **BusinessOperationsCenter_Service** check box and then click **Update**.

The Update Application Assistant window appears.

- 6. In Deployment plan path, click **Change Path** and enter the path to your Business Operations Center service deployment file.
- Click Finish.
- 8. In the Deployments table, select the **BusinessOperationsCenter_UI** check box and then click **Update**.

The Update Application Assistant window appears.

- In Deployment plan path, click Change Path and enter the path to your Business Operations Center UI deployment file.
- 10. Click Finish.



7

Verifying the Business Operations Center Installation

Learn how to verify that Oracle Communications Billing and Revenue Management (BRM) Business Operations Center is installed by checking the state of all installed components or by logging in to Business Operations Center.

To check the state of all installed components:

- 1. Log in to the Administration Server managing your Business Operations Center Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) JRF-enabled domain servers.
- 2. In the **Domain Structure** section, click **Deployments**.

The Summary of Deployments window appears.

- 3. Ensure that all of the managed servers are running.
- If Business Operations Center is installed successfully, the Business Operations Center deployment appears in **Active** state.

To log in to Business Operations Center:

- 1. Open a browser window.
- Enter the URL provided by the Business Operations Center installer at the end of the installation.
- 3. Click Go.

The Business Operations Center login window appears.

- 4. Do the following:
 - a. In the **User Name** field, enter the user name of a valid user that exists in your Oracle Unified Directory server.
 - **b.** In the **Password** field, enter the password.

The Business Operations Center home page appears, verifying that Business Operations Center is installed successfully.

Upgrading Business Operations Center

Learn how to upgrade your Oracle Communications Business Operations Center system.

See the following topics for more information about upgrading Business Operations Center:

- About Upgrading Business Operations Center
- Downloading the Business Operations Center Installer
- Upgrading Business Operations Center
- Upgrading Your Business Operations Center Database Schema Manually

About Upgrading Business Operations Center

The Business Operations Center installer allows you to do a full installation of the software or to do an upgrade of the software. The installer determines which one to perform based on the *Oracle_home* directory specified during the installation process. If you specify an empty *Oracle_home* directory, the installer automatically performs a full installation. If you specify an existing *Oracle_home* directory, the installer automatically performs an upgrade.

During the upgrade process, the Business Operations Center installer does the following:

- Replaces the existing Business Operations Center application WAR file that is deployed in your WebLogic application server with the latest version.
- Copies your existing Infranet.properties file and Oracle wallet to the Domain_home directory.
- Adds new entries to your Business Operations Center configuration files, such as bocuiconfig.properties and bocws-config.properties, retaining any custom values that were in the files.
- Updates your Business Operations Center wallet, retaining any custom values that were in it
- Upgrades your Business Operations Center database schema to the latest release.

The Business Operations Center installer can automatically upgrade the database schema for you, or you can choose to upgrade the database schema manually at a later time. See "Upgrading Your Business Operations Center Database Schema Manually".

Upgrading Business Operations Center

Before you upgrade Business Operations Center, ensure that you have upgraded Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Database Server to the latest supported versions. For the list of supported versions, see *BRM Compatibility Matrix*.

To upgrade to the latest Business Operations Center release:

1. Make a backup of your existing Business Operations Center installation. If the upgrade process fails, it does not roll back any changes that it made.

- Verify that your Java Development Kit (JDK) is installed correctly. Also, set your JAVA_HOME environment variable and add the Java_homelbin directory in your path.
- 3. Copy the required third-party libraries to the *Domain_homellib* directory, where *Domain_home* is the WebLogic Server domain home directory of the domain in which Business Operations Center is deployed.
 - See "Additional Billing Care, Business Operations Center, and Pipeline Configuration Center Software Requirement" in *BRM Compatibility Matrix* for information about the required third-party libraries.
- 4. Start the Oracle WebLogic Server basic domain administration server or the managed server on which Business Operations Center is deployed.
- 5. Run the following command, which launches the Business Operations Center installer:

```
Java_home/bin/java -jar -invPtrLoc OracleInventoryPath
BusinessOperationsCenter generic.jar
```

where:

- Java_home is the directory in which you installed the latest compatible Java version. See BRM Compatibility Matrix.
- *OracleInventoryPath* is the path to your existing Oracle Inventory location.
- In the Welcome window, click Next.
- 7. In the Installation Location window, enter or browse to the location of your *existing* Oracle Home directory for Business Operations Center and then click **Next**.



Caution:

If you enter a *new* Oracle Home directory, the installer does a full installation of Business Operations Center.

- 8. In the Features Set Selection window, select **Business Operation Center Components** and then click **Next**.
- 9. In the Prerequisite Libraries Location window, enter the full path or browse to the directory in which the ojdbc8.jar file is stored and then click Next. See "Downloading the ojdbc8.jar File" for information about acquiring this file.
- 10. In the WebLogic Server Details window, enter the details listed in Table 8-1 for the WebLogic Server domain in which Business Operations Center is deployed and then click Next.

Table 8-1 WebLogic Server Details

Field	Description
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the WebLogic Server domain is configured.
Port Number	The port number assigned to the WebLogic Server domain administration server.
User Name	The WebLogic Server domain administrator user name.
Password	The password for the WebLogic Server domain administrator user.



Table 8-1 (Cont.) WebLogic Server Details

Field	Description
WebLogic Home	The path of the directory in which the WebLogic Server software is installed.
Use SSL?	Whether to use SSL (deselect for test installations).
KeyStore Type	The type of TrustStore and KeyStore file that is used for the SSL connection: JKS or PKCS12 .
Keystore Location	The directory in which your KeyStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Keystore Password	The password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.



The Business Operations Center installer will not proceed until it verifies that the information you entered is valid. The domain must be in a **RUNNING** state.

 In the Database User Details window, enter the details listed in Table 8-2 and then click Next.

Table 8-2 Database User Details

Field	Description
Host Name	The IP address or the host name of the machine on which the BRM database is installed.
Port Number	The port number assigned to the BRM database. For example: 1521 .
Service Name	The database service name. For example: orcl .
User Name	The name of the Business Operations Center database user. For example: boc .
Password	The Business Operations Center user's password.
SSL Enabled	Select the type of connection required to connect to the database: Yes-One Way: One-way SSL authentication is required. Yes-Two Way: Two-way SSL authentication is required. No: SSL authentication is not required.
Store Type	Select the type of TrustStore and KeyStore file that is used for the SSL connection: SSO or PKCS12 .
Truststore Location	Enter or browse to the directory in which your TrustStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Truststore Password	Enter the password required to access the certificates from the TrustStore.
Keystore Location	Enter or browse to the directory in which your KeyStore file is located. This file is used for authentication through SSL.
Keystore Password	Enter the password required to access the certificates from the KeyStore.

12. In the BOC Schema Upgrade window, do one of the following and then click **Next**.

- Deselect the Skip Schema Upgrade check box: The Business Operations Center installer upgrades the database schema for you. This is the default.
- Select the Skip Schema Upgrade check box: The Business Operations Center installer copies the database schema upgrade scripts to the Oracle_homelscriptsl upgrade directory so you can upgrade the schema later. See "Upgrading Your Business Operations Center Database Schema Manually".
- **13.** In the Installation Summary window, confirm your installation selections and then click **Install**.
- 14. The Installation Progress window appears. When installation completes, click **Next**.



After the installation begins, if you click **Stop installation**, the installation process stops, but the files that are already copied are not removed.

15. In the Installation Complete window, click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Upgrading Your Business Operations Center Database Schema Manually

If you chose to skip the automatic upgrade of your Business Operations Center database schema, the installer copied the upgrade scripts and a **README.txt** file that explains how to perform the upgrade to your *Oracle_homelscripts/upgrade* directory.

To upgrade your Business Operations Center database schema manually, go to the *Oracle_homelscripts/upgrade* directory and run this command:

Java_home/bin/java -cp .:OJDBC_Path/ojdbc8.jar:Oracle_home/lib/BOCActions.jar com.oracle.installer.boc.BOCActions upgrade DatabaseHost DatabasePort ServiceName BOCSchemaUser BOCSchemaPassword Oracle home

where:

- Java_home is the directory in which you installed the latest compatible Java version. See BRM Compatibility Matrix.
- OJDBC_Path is the directory in which you installed the Oracle JDBC driver.
- DatabaseHost is the IP address or the host name of the machine on which the BRM database is installed.
- DatabasePort is the port number assigned to the BRM database.
- ServiceName is the database service name.
- BOCSchemaUser is the Business Operations Center database schema user name.
- BOCSchemaPassword is the password for the Business Operations Center database schema user.

