Oracle® Communications EAGLE Application Processor

Upgrade/Installation Guide

Release 17.1

G35527-01

June 2025

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Acronyms

This section provides an alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document.

Table 1. Acronyms

AS	Application Server
E5-APP-B	E5 Based Application Card
OCEPAP	Oracle Communication EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor
GA	General Availability
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture
LA	Limited Availability
MPS	Multi-Purpose Server
MOS	My Oracle Support
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
SM	Service Module
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution

What's New in this Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 17.1 in Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide.

Release 17.1 – G35527-01, June 2025

- Added Appendix A.53 to list the steps to exchange keys between OL8 based PDBonly and OL6 based Non-Prov.
- Added step 40 in Procedure 11 to add reference to the procedure to exchange keys between OL8 based PDBonly and OL6 based Non-Prov.
- Added steps 1 and 5 in Procedure A.32, Post upgrade EuiDB database restore to add the commands to verify verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY.
- Added the phase "Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme on Non-Prov site" in sections 3.1.6 and 3.1.7.
- Added the notes in Procedure A.51, MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure to mention this procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.y (where 0<= x <=5 and y >= 6) or from 17.0.0.x (where 0<= x <=5) to 17.1.y via migration and The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.
- Updated step 5 in Procedure 15, Preupgrade Backups to provide information about upgrading via migration from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.y.

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1 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This document describes methods utilized and procedures executed to perform the following tasks:

a. An initial installation of the EPAP 17.1 application software if it is not currently installed on an in-service E5-APP-B system running a release of TPD 8.X
b. A full upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 16.3.x/16.4.x
c. A dual image upgrade upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP release 17.0.x

The audience for this document consists of Oracle customers and the following groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and NPI. This document provides step-by-step instructions to execute any MPS upgrade or installation using an ISO image.

This document does not address requirements relating to the interaction, if any, between EAGLE and MPS upgrade. This document does not address feature activation.

Note:

- **service <service name> start/stop should not be used on EPAP 17.1 onwards. Instead, systemctl start/stop <service name> should be used.**
- **EPAP 16.4 introduced a new parameter LSBLSET in the DN table. EPAP releases prior to 16.4 do not have LSBSSET in their DN table. Customers who use LSBLSET in their provisioning and upgrading their EPAP network from EPAP 16.3 to a higher release (16.4/17.1) need to make sure they provision LSBLSET ONLY after they have upgraded the whole network with EPAP 17.1. When customers have DUAL PDBA (DUAL Mixed-EPAP or DUAL PDBonly), after upgrading one site from 16.3 to EPAP 17.1, that upgraded site should not be made Active if the customer uses LSBLSET in their provisioning. If EPAP 17.1 Active PDB site upgrades a DN with LSBLSET parameter, the EPAP 16.3 EPAPs will reject that update as they do not have LSBLSET parameter in their DB. Further provisioning at the Standby PDBA and Non-PROVS will be barred once one upgrade fails to replicate to Standby PDBA or Non-PROVs.**

References

1.1.1 External

[1] *EAGLE Application Processor (EPAP) Administration Guide,* E54368-01, latest revision, Oracle

[2] *EPAP 16.4 Administration Manual, Oracle*

1.1.2 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle's personnel.

[1] *TEKELEC Acronym Guide*, MS005077, revision 2.35, September 2005.

[2] *Software Upgrade Procedure Template*, TM005074, Current Version

[3] *Integrating MPS into the Customer Network,* TR005014, version 3.1, October 2009

[4] *TPD Initial Product Manufacture – TPD 8.6,* Latest revision

[5] *PFS EPAP 17.1*, Latest revision

[6] *EPAP Administration Manual for EPAP 17.1,* Latest version

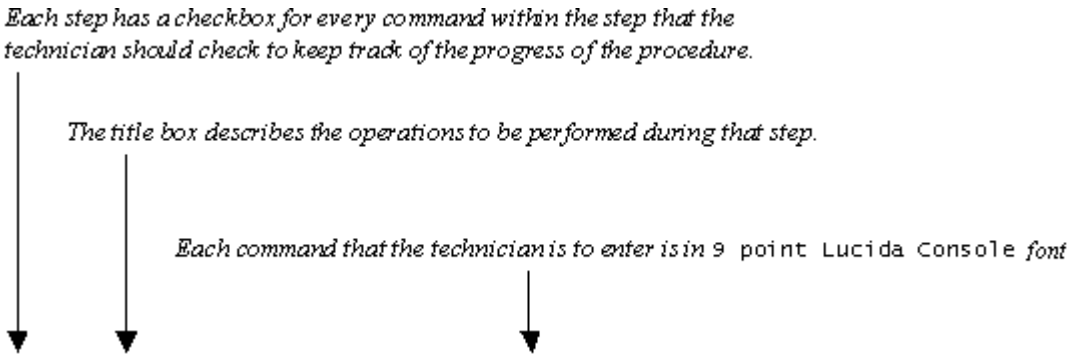
[7] EPAP Linkset Based Blocklisting, CGBU_042015

Software Release Numbering

Refer to Engineering Release Notes or other appropriate document with the most recent build numbers in order to identify the proper components (software loads, GPLs, etc.) that comprise the product's software release.

Terminology

Multiple servers may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. For example:



1 ☐	MPS A: Verify all materials required are present	Materials are listed in Material List (Section 0)

Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed

Other terminology follows.

Table 2. Terminology

Backout (abort)	The process to take a system back to a Source Release prior to completion of upgrade to Target release. Includes preservation of databases and system configuration.
Mixed EPAP	An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside.
Non-provisionable (Non-prov) EPAP	An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning interfaces to external provisioning applications. Non-Prov servers are connected to a pair of Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) from where they get their updates.
Provisionable EPAP	An EPAP server hosting PDB with provisioning interfaces to AS. Both Mixed EPAP and Standalone PDB are Provisionable EPAP.
Source release	Software release to upgrade from.
Split Mirror	Systems that use software RAID instead of hardware RAID can use the software RAID mirrors as a backout mechanism. Conceptually in a software RAID1 with two disks there are two sides to the mirror; let them be side A and side B. For a system with multiple software RAID devices, each device will have an A side and a B side. For an upgrade with a BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR the upgrade will break the mirrors at the beginning of the upgrade and perform the upgrade on the ***Asides*** of the mirrors. The other sides of the mirrors (***B sides***) are left intact in their pre-upgrade state throughout the duration of the upgrade. When a backout is performed the system is rebooted into the same 'backout environment'. Inside this 'backout environment' the RAID mirrors are rebuilt from the ***B sides*** of the arrays, thus restoring the system to the pre-upgrade state
Standalone PDB	Also known as 'PDB Only', this type of EPAP shall have PDB database only. No RTDB database shall exist on the standalone PDB site.
Target release	Software release to upgrade to.
Upgrade media	USB media or ISO image for E5-APP-B.
Dual Image Upgrade (DIU)	This process upgrades both the Application as well as the TPD version on the system together. This provides a faster method to upgrade the setup.

Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. **When planning to run upgrade on the server, contact My Oracle Support at least 48 hours before the upgrade process has been planned to be initiated.** In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure, halt the activity and contact My Oracle Support for assistance.

Read the following notes on procedures:

1. **While performing the upgrade, do not open the `epapconfig` menu if it is not mentioned in the procedure. Do not run anything in the setup that is not documented in the install/upgrade manual.**
2. Any procedure completion times are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.
3. The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.
4. Output displayed in the procedures' response steps is presented. Actual output varies depending on system. Output is presented for reference only.
5. Where possible, command response outputs are shown as accurately as possible. However, exceptions may include the following:
   - Information such as ***time*** and ***date***.
   - ANY information marked with "***XXXX***." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "***XXXX***."
6. After completing each step and **at each point where data is recorded from the screen, *the technician performing the procedure must check each step*.** A checkbox has been provided beneath each step number for this purpose.
7. Captured data is required for future support reference if My Oracle Support is not present during the execution of procedures.
8. In procedures that require a command to be executed on a specific MPS, the command is prefaced with MPS A: or MPS B:
9. User Interface menu items displayed in this document were correct at the time the document was published but may appear differently at time that this procedure is executed.
10. During DIU (Dual Image Upgrade), do not open the GUI or start the software explicitly.
11. Do not provision data during the DIU process as it might lead to data loss.
12. Copy the commands in a text editor to verify their format before running them in the CLI rather than pasting them directly from the document to the CLI.

Requirements

- Screen logging is required throughout the procedure. These logs should be made available to My Oracle Support in the event their assistance is needed.
- Target-release USB media or ISO image

2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the step-by-step actions performed to execute a software upgrade of an in-service MPS running the EPAP application from the source release to the target release on **E5-APP-B-01/02**.

For the EPAP application, some steps in this procedure refer to the PDB application feature on the MPS A of the
MPS pair. The EPAP application makes it optional for a newly installed MPS A node to be configured as a Provisioning (PDB) node (upgrades of MPS A nodes already configured as a provisioning node does not change this configuration).

Note: Refer to Media and Documentation section of Release Notes 17.1 for correct TPD and EPAP Release

Note: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

The EPAP upgrade paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software incremental upgrade, from pre-upgrade backups to a final system health check, is also included below.

Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path

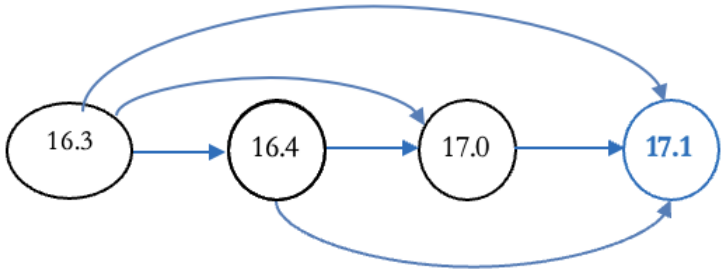


Figure 3: Upgrade Paths – EPAP 17.1.0.0.0-b.b.b

Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Current deployments of the EPAP support two geographically separated EPAP systems that are "mated", meaning they communicate and replicate PDB information between the two sites. An EPAP system is a pair of MPS servers (an **A** and a **B** node). Hence, a mated pair of EPAP systems consists of four MPS servers, an **A** and a **B** node for each EPAP system (see Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs). EPAP allows more than two EPAP systems in a related configuration (up to 22 Non-Provision able MPS servers).

This document describes upgrade (and, if necessary, backout) of the EPAP software on one system, that system consisting of two MPS servers (A and B).

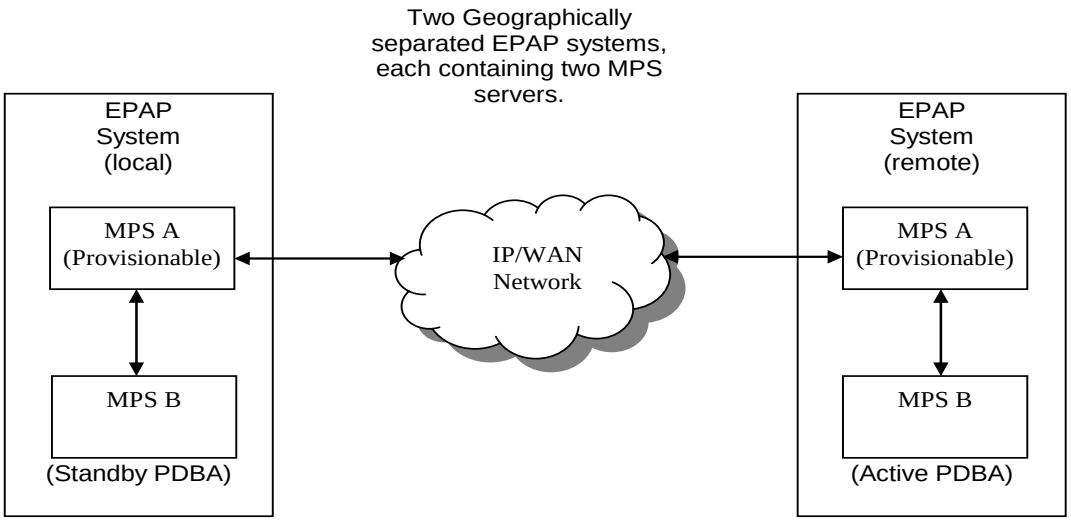


Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs

Upgrade of provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) mated pairs must be carried out in the following order:

1. Ensure PDB databases are at the same level. Make ensure that all PDB databases are in sync before proceeding.
2. Local MPS-B
3. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
4. Remote MPS-B
5. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)

NOTE: Since the PDBA software is not running immediately after an upgrade, the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA is not running on the local and remote EPAP A-servers.

Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Backout of Provisionable EPAP (mixed-EPAP) Mated Pairs should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

1. Identify a PDB backup that was made prior to upgrade, on the EPAP release that backout will target. Note that backout always carries the risk of losing data, should a restore from database backup become necessary.
2. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)
3. Remote MPS-B
4. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
5. Local MPS-B

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration

EPAP provides the ability to expand the concept of a mated pair of EPAP systems to have up to 24 EPAP systems (48 MPS servers total) configured such that two of the MPS-A servers will run the PDBA software and RTDB software both and handle provisioning (Provisionable nodes) and the other 22 MPS-B and 22 MPS-A servers will only run the RTDB software, taking their updates from the two Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS-A servers.

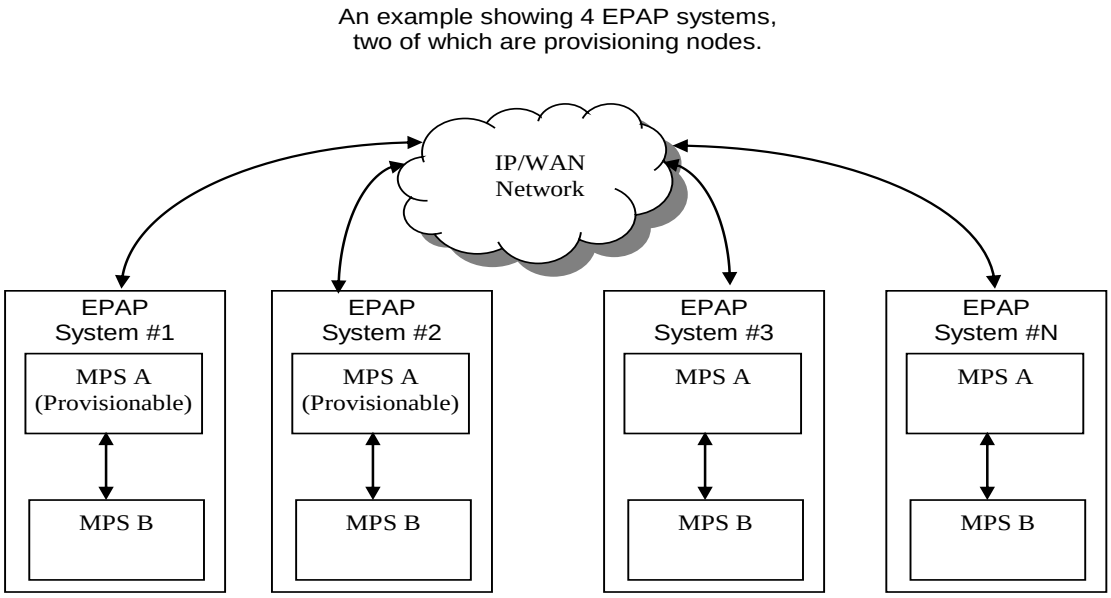


Figure 5: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers

In such a configuration, it is required that the EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers are upgraded first, before any EPAP system containing the non-provisionable MPS servers are upgraded. Upgrade of such configuration must be carried out in the following order:

Mixed EPAP **(with standby PDBA)**

1. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
2. Mixed EPAP (MPS A

Mixed EPAP **(with active PDBA)**

3. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
4. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

Non-provisionable EPAPs **(All Non-Provs)**

5. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
6. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)

2.1.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

EPAP provides the ability to separate the RTDB from PDB to create two architectures: Standalone PDB running PDB process only and Non-Provisionable running RTDB only. Up to 22 Non-Provisional EPAP

mated pairs are connected to 2 Standalone PDB that are configured as Active/Standby. In such a configuration, it is required that the Prov servers must be upgraded first followed by the Non-Provs and should be carried out in the following order:

1. Standby PDBonly
2. Active PDBonly
3. Non-Prov (MPS B)
4. Non-Prov (MPS A)

Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.3 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

Backout of Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in Standalone configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed. Please follow the below mentioned steps for backout:

1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
3. Standby PDBonly
4. Active PDBonly

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

2.1.4 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration

Backout of EPAP Non-provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

Non-provisionable EPAP

1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP **(with Standby PDBA)**

3. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
4. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP **(with Active PDBA)**

5. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
6. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

3 UPGRADE OVERVIEW

Upgrade Provisioning Rules

Provisionable Dual Mixed EPAP and dual PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or Off,please refer section 3.1.6 and section 3.1.8.

Provisionable Single Mixed and Single PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with live provisioning OFF only, please refer section 3.1.3 and section 3.1.7.

Non-Provisionable EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or OFF, please refere section 3.1.5.

The PDBA software remains stopped on the server which is being upgraded even after upgrade is done until asked to start the software as mentioned in the upgrade procedures.

Note: It is very important that any Legacy UpdateAny legacy update must be accepted before proceeding for Dual Image Upgrade.

The following table describes the typical time required to upgrade to EPAP release 17.1. The data represents what was observed in the lab test. The timing required in actual upgrade might vary. The data is provided to gauge the approximate time required for the upgrade and prepare for proper maintenance window.

Note:
All Non-PROVs can be upgraded within normal maintenance window of 6-8 hours. PROV EPAPS (Mixed-EPPA/No-PROVS) might need extended time based on the amount of data. Customers who have DUAL PROV sites (Mixed-EPAP/PDB only EPAP) can upgrade with Live provisioning ON.

Table 3: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.1 PROV EPAP - Mixed EPAP (Compact DB)/ PDBonly(eXtreme DB)

DB Architecture	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore Time	Overall upgrade time (Backup Time + Full Upgrade Time + Restore Time)
Compact	40M	0	0	3 minutes	30 minutes	4 hours
Compact	80M	0	0	6 minutes	1 hour	5 hours
Compact	120M	0	0	12 minutes	2 hour 45 minutes	7 hours

Compact	160M	0	0	15 minutes	4 hours and 30 minutes	8 hours
Compact	200M	0	0	25 minutes	6 hours 20 minutes	10 hours
Compact	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
Compact	240M	240M	48M	27 minutes	7 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	300M	0	0	35 minutes	11 hours	15 hours
eXtreme	360M	0	0	40 minutes	11 hours 50 minutes	17 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	7 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	26 minutes	6.5 Hrs	11 hours
eXtreme	420M	300M	180M	45 minutes	13.5 Hr	17 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	55 Minutes	13 Hours	17 hours

Table 4: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.1 Non-PROV EPAP

DB Architecture	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore Time	Overall upgrade time
Compact	240M DN	240M	48M	30 Minutes	42 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	1 hour 18 minutes	2 hours	8 hours

Required Materials

- For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP: Two (2) target-release USB media (Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file. For Standalone PDB: One (1) target-release USB media(Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file
- A terminal and null modem cable to establish a serial connection.
- Write down the system configuration information.

Description	Information
PROVISIONABLE (Yes/No)	
PDBA state (Active/Standby)	
Provisioning IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning Mask (IPv4)	

Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning IP (IPv6)	
Provisioning Netmask (IPv6)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv6)	
NTP1 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP2 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP3 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Local VIP	
Remote VIP	
Local PDBA IP (IPv4)	
Local PDBA IP (IPv6)	
Remote PDBA IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Remote PDBA B IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
RTDB Homing	
Time Zone	
PDBA Proxy Feature	
Others	

Table 5: System Configuration Information

- Passwords for users on the local system:

EPAP USERS		
login	**MPS A password**	**MPS B password**
epapconfig		
epapdev (needed for backout only)		
root		
epapall (needed for GUI access)		
admusr		

Table 6: User Password Table

Installation Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 7 and Table 8 are to be performed in the order they are listed.

3.1.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	50	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	80	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30*	110*	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	140	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Post-upgrade health check	5	145	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Auto Backup **Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.	5	150	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	**Procedure A.25**
Check EPAP-EAGLE connectivity speed	20	170	Configure and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex	**0**

Table 7: Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP

Note:

- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translogs pruning.

3.1.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Note: In the procedures below, skip the steps which need to be performed on MPS B, since MPS B is not present in the Standalone PDB configuration".

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	**Procedure 1**
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	**Procedure 2**
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	**Procedure 3**
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	**Procedure 5**
Install Server	30	75	Install software on sides 1A	**Procedure 7**
Post-install application processing	30	105	Perform first time configuration. Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration.	**Procedure 11**
Post-upgrade health check	5	110	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Configure Auto Backup. **Note: Perform this step once Non-Provisionable EPAPs are attached to this Standalone PDB	5	115	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	**Procedure A.25**

Table 8: Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

***NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

****NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.**

Full Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the full upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined below are to be performed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the Full Upgrade process, refer to Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs and Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers **to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.**

3.1.3 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.1 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 RTDB and EuiDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.7 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	Procedure A.31
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 additional configurations	20	105	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	170	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	200	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	230	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Post upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
RTDB Conveter	40	305	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to-Extreme **Note**: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.1	Procedure 20
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	310	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	340	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.** **Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.1 release. However, continue to note down the Query srver details for future reference.**	45	385	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	**Procedure A.41**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.1 servers	10	395	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete.	**Procedure A.39**
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	405	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.1 before migration	**Procedure A.42**
Start the PDB software	10	415	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case).	**Procedure 27**
Clear the Replication logs.	20	435	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs **NOTE:Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.**	**Procedure A.28**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites. **NOTE: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.**	**Procedure A.35**
***Configure Auto Backup	5	470	Configure Auto Backup from EPAP GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	**Procedure A.25**
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	**Procedure 21**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period. NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure 22**

Table 9: Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data. The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 release	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.1	Procedure 3.1.3
Upgrading when one server is on EPAP 17.1 and other is on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1	Switchover PDBA sites to make server on EPAP 17.1 as Active PDBA site and server on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to standby site	If EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 is Active PDBA site from EPAP GUI, do a switchover PDBA to make it standby site before upgrade.
Upgrade EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 site	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.1	Procedure 3.1.3

3.1.4 Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Note: This procedure can be used in with or without live provisioning scenario.

Table 10: Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	**Procedure 1**
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	**Procedure 2**
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	**Procedure 3**
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	**Procedure 14**
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 RTDB and EuiDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	**Procedure A.7** **Procedure A.8**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	**Procedure A.39**
Change MySql engine schema	15	80	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	**Procedure A.31**
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information. Note: PDB Backup is not required so steps mentioned in the procedure to take PDB backup can be skipped	**Procedure 15**
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 additional configurations	20	100	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	**Procedure A.40**
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	105	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	150	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	155	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	190	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	210	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	240	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	245	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme on Non-Prov site Read note carefully. Note 1: Applicable in case of full upgrade from 16.3.1/16.4.1 in Extreme mode to 17.1 Extreme Note 2: This step not needed in Compact (16.3/16.4) -> compact (17.1), compact- (16.3/16.4) >eXtreme (17.1)	45	290	Change DB architecture from compact to Extreme	Procedure 13

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
RTDB Converter	*See notes below	*See notes below	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extremet-to-Extreme on non-prov node depending upon the DB acrchitecture before Full upgrade Note: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.1.	Procedure 20
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	295	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	325	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.** **Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.1 release but continue to note down the Query srver details for future reference.**	45	370	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.1 servers	10	380	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete.	Procedure A.39

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	390	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration	**Procedure A.42**
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.**	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure 22**

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1.4 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note: Refer to Appendix E for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning**.**

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.1 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	**Procedure 1**
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	**Procedure 2**
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	**Procedure 3**
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	**Procedure 14**
EPAP 16.3/16.4/ 17.1 RTDB, EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	**Procedure A.6** **Procedure A.7** **Procedure A.8**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	**Procedure A.39**

Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAP's	**Procedure A.28**
Reset RTDB homing policy	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy	**Procedure A.30**
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site **Note**: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer Appendix E.	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	**Procedure A.29**
Change MySql engine schema	15	130	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	**Procedure A.31**
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	150	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	**Procedure A.40**
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to Procedure A.6. Note: If the network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**

Refer to Procedure A.27.				
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	155	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	200	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server **Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B**	**Procedure A.13**
Configure Server 1A	5	205	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	**Procedure 5**
Configure Server 1B	5	210	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	**Procedure 6**
Install Servers	30	240	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	**Procedure 7** **Procedure 8**
Configure Switches	30	270	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	300	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. **Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB.**	**Procedure 11**
Full upgrade health check	5	305	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
RTDB Converter	40	345	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to-Extreme **Note**: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.1.	**Procedure 20**
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	350	Restore EuiDB database	**Procedure A.32**
Note: Make sure that before restoring the Standby PDBA, if the extreme DB is present on the setup then the PDB capacity should be set as per the DB capacity via epapconfig menu	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	**Procedure A.33**

Restore PDB Backup. **Note**: If Second PDBA site is getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer Procedure A.43 and Procedure A.6 for PDB Backup. Note: If the network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to restore PDBA via MySQL dump process. Refer to Procedure A.33.				
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	**Procedure A.36**
Reload RTDB from mate	30	380	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B	**Procedure A.11**
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	**Procedure A.35**
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes **Note:** 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non-Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	**Procedure A.30**

Non-Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade) 2. Skip this step during the second PDBA site migration				
Reset RTDB homing policy on Prov PDBA	15	425	In case of Mixed EPAP node being migrated then RTDB homing must point to its own PDBA (Self)	Procedure A.44
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.** **Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.1. release but continue to note down the Query srver details for future reference.**	45	470	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations. Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	**Procedure A.41**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	480	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	490	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42

Start the PDB software	10	500	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case). **Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP).**	**Procedure 27**
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	505	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	**Procedure A.25**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.**	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure 22**

Table 11: Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note:

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
  a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site (currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.1) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  c. Then follow the Table 11 Full Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1.6 Full Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.1 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14

EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	**Procedure A.6** **Procedure A.8**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	**Procedure A.39**
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB **Note**: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	**Procedure A.31**
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 additional configurations	20	105	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	**Procedure A.40**
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information. **Note: Copy database files (PDB and EuiDB) to backup server.**	**Procedure 15**
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	**Procedure A.13**
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function, and time.	**Procedure 5**
Install Server	30	190	Install software on sides 1A	**Procedure 7**
Post-install application processing	30	220	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. **Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB.**	**Procedure 11**
Full upgrade health check	5	225	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme on Non-Prov site Read the note carefully.	45	270	Change DB architecture from compact to Extreme	**Procedure 13**

Note 1: Applicable in case of full upgrade from 16.3.1/16.4.1 in Extreme mode to 17.1 Extreme Note 2: This step not needed in Compact (16.3/16.4) -> compact (17.1), compact- (16.3/16.4) >eXtreme (17.1).				
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	275	Restore EuiDB database taken before fresh installation	**Procedure A.32**
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	**Procedure A.33**
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.** **Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.1 release, but continue to note down the Query srver details for future reference.**	45	320	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations. Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI.	**Procedure A.41**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	330	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete.	**Procedure A.39**
	10	340	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP	**Procedure A.42**

Compare uiEdit parameters			17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration.	
Start the PDB software.	10	350	Re-activate the PDB on the upgraded PDB server	**Procedure 27**
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	355	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP.	**Procedure A.25**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days. (Depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure 22**

Table 12: Full Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.4. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1.7 Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning

Note: Refer Appendix E for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning
Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.1 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure A.28
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29

Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	**Procedure A.30**
Change MySql engine schema	15	125	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB **Note**: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	**Procedure A.31**
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.1 additional configurations	20	145	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	**Procedure A.40**
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network Refer to Procedure 6.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	150	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	195	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	**Procedure A.13**
Configure Server 1A	5	200	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	**Procedure 5**
Install Server	30	230	Install software on sides 1A	**Procedure 7**
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. **Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB.**	**Procedure 11**
Full upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme Read the note carefully.	45	310	Change DB architecture from compact to Extreme	**Procedure 13**

Note 1: Applicable in case of full upgrade from 16.3.1/16.4.1 in Extreme mode to 17.1 Extreme. Note 2: This step not needed in Compact (16.3/16.4) -> compact (17.1), compact- (16.3/16.4) >eXtreme (17.1).				
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	315	Restore EuiDB database	**Procedure A.32**
Note: Make sure that before restoring the Standby PDBA, if the extreme DB is present on the setup then the PDB capacity should be set as per the DB capacity via epapconfig menu. Restore PDB Backup. **Note**: If Second PDBA site is getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer to Procedure A.43 for PDB Restore and Procedure A.6 for PDB Backup.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation.	**Procedure A.33**
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	345	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	**Procedure A.35**

Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.** **Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.1 release but note down the Query srver details for future reference.**	45	390	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations. **Note**: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI.	**Procedure A.41**
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on EPAP 17.1 servers.	10	400	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete.	**Procedure A.39**
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	410	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.1 with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 before migration.	**Procedure A.42**
Start the PDB software.	10	420	Reactivate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case). **Note:** Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	**Procedure 27**
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	425	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP.	**Procedure A.25**
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	**Procedure 21**

Accept the upgrade after successful soak period. NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. **NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.**	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

Table 13: Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDBonly

Note:

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
  a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site(Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.1) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  c. Then follow the Table 13 Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDBonly above to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

Dual Upgrade Upgrade Phases

Note: **DIU upgrade is not yet supported in EPAP.**

The following table illustrates the progression of the various Dual Image Upgrade (DIU) process by procedure with phases, their estimated duration, and the procedure to be performed in every phase. The estimated duration of each upgrade phase may vary due to the differences in the typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in the following tables are to be run in the same order.

Note: Before proceeding with the Dual Image Upgrade procedure, refer to section Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs and Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.1.8 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	**Procedure 1**
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	**Procedure 2**
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	**Procedure 3**
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	**Procedure 14**
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	**Procedure A.47**
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	**Procedure A.47**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Clear the Replication logs.	20	430	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs. **Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.**	**Procedure A.28**
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites. **Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.**	**Procedure A.35**
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	130	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	**Procedure A.48**
Configure Switches	30**	160**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. **Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.**	**Procedure 9**
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period. NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure A.50**

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

Note:

- The time needed back up PDB data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1. 9 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP are on the 17.0.0.2 and above release.	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 17.0.0.2 and above release to the latest EPAP release. After this switchover, upgrade the setup PDBA to Active and then upgrade the Standby PDBA site.	Refer to Procedure 3.1.9

3.1.10 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. **Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.**	Procedure 9
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period. **NOTE**: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to verify that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure A.50**

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Note:

- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a mandatory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1.11 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	**Procedure 1**
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	**Procedure 2**
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	**Procedure 3**
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	**Procedure 14**
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to Procedure A.6. **Note**: If the network speed between two PDBA's is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process. Refer to Procedure A.27.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**
Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAPs.	**Procedure A.28**
Reset RTDB homing policy	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy.	**Procedure A.30**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer Appendix E.	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu.	**Procedure A.29**
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	**Procedure 16**
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	**Procedure A.47**
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	**Procedure A.47**
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	**Procedure 4**
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	**Procedure A.35**
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes **Note:** 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the Non-Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade) 2. Skip this step during the second PDBA site migration.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non-Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	**Procedure A.30**
Reset RTDB homing policy on Prov PDBA.	15	425	If Mixed EPAP node is migrated, then RTDB homing must point to its own PDBA (Self).	**Procedure A.44**

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. **Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.**	**Procedure 9**
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	**Procedure 15**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period **NOTE**: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure A.50**

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note:

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
  a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.y) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.1) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the amount of data in the PDB database.
- The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.1.12 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	100	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	Procedure A.48
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period. **NOTE**: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

Table 10:5: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

***NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

3.1.13 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure A.28
Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	Procedure A.30
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Execute the Upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	300	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	Procedure A.35
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period **NOTE**: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

NOTE:

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.x) will be upgraded, do the following:
  a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.xy) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.y.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.1. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

Backout Phases

Note: Before proceeding with the backout process, refer to section 2.1, section 2.2, section 2.3 and section 2.4 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and the backout order.

3.1.14 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.			
Determine state of system	15-30	15-30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.
Backout MPS A and B	900	915-930	Backout MPS A and B.		**Procedure A.45**
Configure Switches	30*	945-960 *	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to previous speed. **Note: Skip this step if speed before upgrade was 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.**	Verify that speed of switch is negotiated to previous speed.	**Procedure 9**

Table 11: Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

***NOTE:** If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

3.1.15 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.			
Determine state of system	15-30	15-30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.
Backout PDBonly site.	600	615-630	Backout MPS A.		**Procedure A.46**
Start the PDBA software	5	620-635	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable(PDBonly) MPS A servers.		**Procedure 27**

Table 127: Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Log Files

All commands executed during an upgrade or installation, are logged in the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log" file. This log file is automatically initiated when upgrade software is invoked. This log file is rolled every time an upgrade is initiated. A total of up to five upgrade log files are stored on the server.

The upgrade wrapper script, ugwrap, logs its actions also to the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log" file. This log file is rolled every time ugwrap is initiated. A total of up to five ugwrap log files are stored on the server.

4 DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

A new parameter LSBLSET would be added to DN and DN Block tables. This parameter will be used along with CGPNBLSET parameter on EAGLE that would be configured in the linkset table on EAGLE. If the value of LSBLSET parameter for a DN/DN Block on EPAP is found to match with the CGPNBLSET parameter of linkset table on EAGLE, it will be considered as blocklisted DN/DN Block. IAM message will be released (i.e. send back to originator) from EAGLE for the corresponding DN/DN Block. In all other cases, the existing functionality will continue to hold true.

The existing DN/ DN Block table parameters that are configured in the GUI are stored in multiple SQL tables, the DN table for example has only two parameters dnID and PT(port type) parameters in it.

There are other tables (example dn_bl, dn_asd etc.) which help in storing the other parameters entered in GUI forms for DN and DNBlock.

While entering values write operation, is performed with the help of multiple joins with these supporting tables.

Finally, while displaying these values during retrieve operation the join of all the supporting tables is taken and the values fetched are displayed together.

The new parameter LSBLSET is part of dn_bl table and dnB_bl SQL tables for DN and DN Block respectively. This new parameter will be compatible only with eagle 46.9 release.

From EPAP 16.3 onwards different DB architectures are supported i.e., “Compact” and “Extreme”. This was done to support enhanced DB capacity.

EPAP 16.4 also supports both compact and extreme architecture. Post upgrade user will remain on existing architecture and will have to change the architecture from compact to extreme as an optional step if required. In changing the DB Architecture from “Compact” to “eXtreme”, the EPAP software shall restart to support the capacity expansion. Before the change in DB Architecture on EPAP, the connecting EAGLE must upgrade to the new release with SLIC cards. Also, the user has-to enable the EPAPX feature on eagle card to support the eXtreme feature. Refer to section 0 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

NOTE: Section 4.2 and 4.3 are only required if customer setup is on compact architecture and wants to change architecture to extreme. Others i.e. those who are already on extreme architecture or doesn’t want to change to extreme architecture can skip these sections.

Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.1 followed by DB Architecture conversion to support new LSBLSET parameter must be carried out as per the below table after upgrade is completed in same MTC window. Based on the existing DB Architecture either compact to compact converter script will be executed or extreme to extreme converter script will be executed. Follow procedure to identify DB architecture and run conversion script.

Table 18: DB Conversion

Base Release	Target Release	Data Base Architecture	Target Architecture	Converter Required
16.3.1	17.1	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate lsblset parameter
16.3.1	17.1	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate lsblset parameter
16.4.1	17.1	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate lsblset parameter
16.4.1	17.1	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate lsblset parameter

***Note: Allow soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade. After getting convinced that system is working fine, accept the upgrade.**

Overview of DB architecture change from Compact to Extreme

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.1 followed by DB Architecture conversion from Compact to Extreme must be carried out in following order with different MTC window:

Note: This step is required only when EPAP 17.1 and Eagle are to run in eXtreme mode. If EPAP and Eagle are to run in COMPACT mode, skip this section.

Phase-1 (Upgrade the EPAPs to EPAP 17.1 release in COMPACT mode):

NOTE: If the network consists of Non-PROVs and Mixed-EPAP, move to Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site) otherwise continue with the following steps if the setup consists of StandAlonePDB + Non-PROVS.

1. First the Standalone PDBs will be upgraded to EPAP 16.4 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 3.4 for the upgrade process.
2. All non-PROVs should be upgraded to EPAP 17.1 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 3.4 for the upgrade process.

After this phase all EPAPs in the customer network are in EPAP 17.1 and are working in COMPACT mode.

Phase 2: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site:

Execute the procedure in the following sequence.

1. Choose one EPAP-Eagle site from the customer network, which will be converted to eXtreme mode.
2. On the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON.
3. On the connecting Non-Prov, change the mode from COMPACT to eXtreme. Refer to section 4.3 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme. The StandalonePDB should remain in COMPACT mode at this stage.
4. Restore RTDB on Non-Prov EPAP-A (refer to Procedure A.10) and after successfully restored RTDB on EPAP-A(refer to Procedure A.11), perform reload from mate on Non-Prov EPAP-B. Reload the Eagle from EPAP. Check that the DB downloads and EPAP-Eagle network work normally. Live provisioning flows all the way to Eagle. Let the node soak for some *time-period.

Phase 3: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for whole network:

At this stage, we have seen that EPAP and Eagle are working fine in eXtreme mode. All the remaining Non-PROVs and StandAlone PDBs will be converted to eXtreme mode now. All the remaining Non-PROVs will be converted to eXtreme mode first. After all Non-PROVs are converted to eXtreme, the StandalonePDBs will be converted to eXtreme. For every site, before converting the EPAPs, connected eagles will have EPAPx feature ON.

1. First on the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON. Upgrade/Installation Guide 33 of 292 February 2023
2. On the connected Non-Prov, change the mode from Compact to eXtreme. Refer to section 4.3 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme.
3. Reload the RTDB from already converted eXtreme mode RTDB in phase 1. Refer to Procedure A.11.
4. Reload the Eagle SM cards from the EPAP.
5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for all remaining Non-PROVs in the Customers network
6. Convert the StandalonePDBs to eXtreme mode.

Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (eXtreme feature)

The following table illustrates the progression of the movement of DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below Table 18 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Before proceeding with the change DB Architecture process, refer to section 4 and section 5 to get the overview of the DB Architecture and upgrade order.

Notes: 1. Skip this section for mixed EPAP as eXtreme feature not supported on mixed EPAP.
2. DB Architecture cannot be reverted to COMPACT once moved to eXtreme architecture.

4.1.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	40	40	Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	40	80	**Note: Skip this procedure on Mixed EPAP.** Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Note: If parsing gets failed at this stage then user needs to run it manually. Check 0 to execute it manually.	Procedure 13
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 13: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

4.1.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	*see notes below	*see notes below	**NOTE:Perform this step on attached PDBonly EPAP if not already exececuted.** Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	**See notes below	**See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. **Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.**	**0**
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme **Note:** EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov.	240	245	Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov MPS A.	**0**
Reload RTDB from mate	10	255	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	**0**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 20: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)

***NOTE:** The time for checking database will be added for attached PDBonly EPAP (Added in section 4.2.1).

****NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

4.1.3 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	*See notes below	*See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. **Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.**	**0**
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme **Note:** EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	**Procedure 13**
Reload RTDB from remote	10	15	Reload the RTDB from remote(already in eXtreme mode) **Note: Remote Non-Prov EPAP must be in eXtreme mode.** (Which may be the first Non-Prov site converted in table 19 or any other remote EPAP which is already in eXtreme mode)	**0**
Reload RTDB from mate	10	25	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	**0**
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	**Procedure 21**

Table 21: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

***NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

5 UPGRADE PREPARATION

Setting up the upgrade environment

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

S T E P #	This procedure sets up the upgrade environment. Windows are opened for both MPS servers. **NOTE: Call My Oracle Support for assistance if modem access is the method use for upgrade.** Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1.	Upgrade can be done in two ways: A. Remotely B. Locally	Refer to Step 2 to 6 for executing remotely. Refer to Step 7 to 19 for executing locally.
2. ☐	**Ensure MPS X:** All the console/PuTTY Sessions.	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following. **1.** Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose “change setting”. **2.** Click on “Logging”. **3.** Select “Printable output”. **4.** Click on “Browse” and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be `<server name>_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy`. **5.** Click on “Save”. **6.** Type a text “Putty Logging starts” in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file. Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

3.	Access to the MPS servers is available through an IP network. Step 3 and 4 provide console access to MPS-B from a remote location. **MPS A**: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password>

4.	**MPS A**: Start screen session
	
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.
		Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		
		$ screen -L
		
		Run the following command on E5-APP-B:
		$ sudo minicom mate
		
		Note: Now user is connected to the console of MPS-B from a remote location.

5.	Step 5 and 6 provide console access to MPS-A from a remote location. **MPS B**: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password>

6.	**MPS B**: Start screen session
	
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.
	
	Note down the timestamp in log.
		Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.
		
		$ screen -L
		
		Run the following command on E5-APP-B:
		$ sudo minicom mate
		Run the following command:
		
		$ date
		
		Note: Now user is connected to the console of MPS-A from a remote location.

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

		Note: If upgrade is to be performed from a remote location skip rest of the procedure. If upgrade is to be performed locally then follow step 7 to 19.
7.	**Ensure MPS X:** All the console/PuTTY Sessions.	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following. **1.** Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting". **2.** Click on "Logging". **3.** Select "Printable output". **4.** Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be **<server name>_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy**. **5.** Click on "Save". **6.** Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file. Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.
8.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, Connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
9. ☐	Create a terminal window for MPS A. **Note**: Steps 9 to 12 make the serial connection to MPS-A	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of **"MPS A"**
10. ☐	**MPS A**: Enable capture file and verify the correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
11. ☐	Log in to MPS A.	**<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>**

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

12. ☐	**MPS A**: Start screen Session.	Run the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS A. `$ screen -L` If for Standalone PDB, the procedure is complete. Otherwise, continue with the next step.
13. ☐	Establish a connection to MPS B. **Note**: Steps 13 to 17 make the serial connection to MPS-B	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
14. ☐	Create a terminal window for MPS B.	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of **"MPS B"**
15. ☐	**MPS B**: Enable capture file and verify a correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
16. ☐	Log in to MPS B.	`<hostname> console login:  admusr` `password:  <password>`
17. ☐	**MPS B**: Start screen Session.	Run the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS B. `$ screen -L`
18. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
19. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Determine if upgrade or installation is required

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

S T E P #	This procedure executes the steps required to determine if an upgrade of the system is required or an initial application installation is required. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1.	**MPS A**: Log in to MPS A.	If not already logged in, login at MPS A as 'admusr'.

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

☐		**<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>** .
2. ☐	**MPS B**: Log in to MPS B.	If not already logged in, login at MPS B as 'admusr'. **<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>**
3. ☐	**MPS B:** Determine if the application is currently installed on the servers. (MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Execute an rpm query command and examine the output: **$ rpm –qi TKLCepap** Name : TKLCepap Relocations: (not relocatable) Version : 170.0.8 Vendor: Tekelec Release : 0.68940 Build Date: Thu 29 Dec 2022 04:10:07 AM EST Install Date: Mon 02 Jan 2023 02:11:44 AM EST Build Host: localhost Group : Development/Build Source RPM: TKLCepap-170.0.8-0.68940.src.rpm Size : 119091549 License: © TEKELEC 2005-2018 Signature : (none) Packager : <@tekelec.com> URL : http://www.tekelec.com/ Summary : Oracle Communications EPAP Package Description : This is the Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor(EPAP) Package. The Package installs EPAP software. EPAP provides Provisioning Database Application (PDBA on A side) and Real Time Database (RTDB).
4. ☐	**MPS B:** Observe the output from the rpm query.	The following is an example of what the output may look like: **$ appRev** Install Time: Tue Jul 3 03:52:57 2018 Product Name: EPAP Product Release: 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0 Base Distro Product: TPD Base Distro Release: 7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0 Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0-OracleLinux6.9-x86_64.iso ISO name: EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

		OS: OracleLinux 6.9 If the output similar-to the above example is displayed, then skip to step 6. Otherwise, proceed to the next step.

5. ☐	**MPS B:** Installation is required if the application is not present on the server, else upgrade is required.	If the application is not currently installed, output similar-to the example below will be returned from the **rpm -qi** command in step-3. If this is the case, then an application **installation** is required. Refer to section 3.1.1to perform EPAP installation.
		
		`$ rpm –qi TKLCepap`
		`package TKLCepap is not installed`
		
		Skip to step 10.

6. ☐	**MPS B:** Determine which version of the application is present.	Write Down the Release Number: Release Number: _____ If the release number on the MPS is less than the release number on the upgrade media, then an upgrade is required.
7. ☐	Determine if Full Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 16.3.1/16.4.1and target release is 17.1, it is a **FULL UPGRADE.**
8. ☐	Determine if an incremental Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 17.0.x.x and target release is 17.1 (x.x is less than the number y.y on the upgrade media), it is a **Dual Image** Upgrade.

9. ☐	**MPS A:** Determine if it is Provisionable (either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable EPAP setup.	Run the following command to determine if the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable.
		
		`$ uiEdit | grep "PROVISIONABLE"`
		`"PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES"`
		
		If the above output contains “YES”, then the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Otherwise, the EPAP is Non-Provisionable. Write down this information.
		
		EPAP setup type: _____

10. ☐	**MPS B:** Determine if the current DB Architecture is	Run the following command to determine if the EPAP DB Architecture is Extreme or Compact.

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

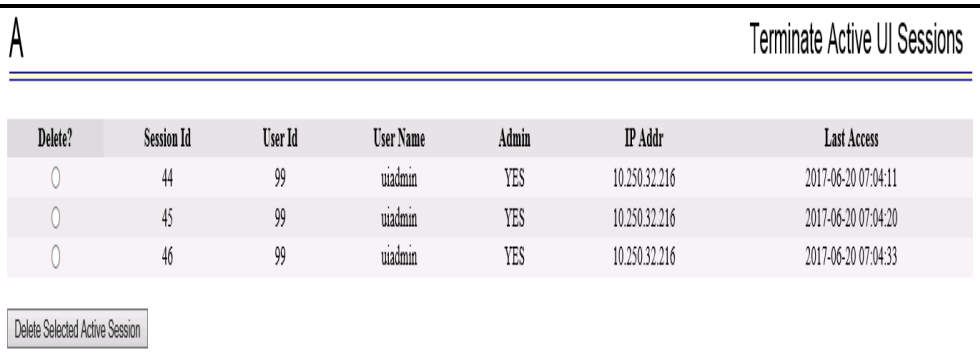
	compact or extreme.
	
	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).
		`$ uiEdit | grep "DB_ARCHITECTURE"`
		`"DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT"`
		
		If the above output contains "COMPACT" or no output is displayed, then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact.
		
		If the above output contains "EXTREME", then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. Write down this information.
		
		EPAP DB Architecture type: _____
		
		Based on this information DB converter will be run.

11. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
12. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **`$ date`**

Pre-upgrade requirements

Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data

S T E P #	This procedure verifies that all pre-upgrade requirements have been met. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	Verify all required materials are present.	Verify that the materials listed in Upgrade Material List (Section 0) are present.
2. ☐	Verify the availability of passwords for MPS systems.	Refer to Table 6**Error! Reference source not found.** for the list of users.
3. ☐	Review provisioning rules.	Please review the Provisioning information as defined in Section **Error! Reference source not found.**. If you do not understand the information provided in this section, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section
4. ☐	Verify and close active GUI Sessions. On the menu, click User Administration->HTTP(s) Support->Terminate UI Sessions	**Skip this step for fresh install.** Log in to EPAP GUI as uiadmin user. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from EPAP GUI.

		 Select all sessions and click on "Delete Selected Active Session" to delete all active sessions.
5. ☐	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
6. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **`$ date`**

System Health check

Procedure 4: System Health Check

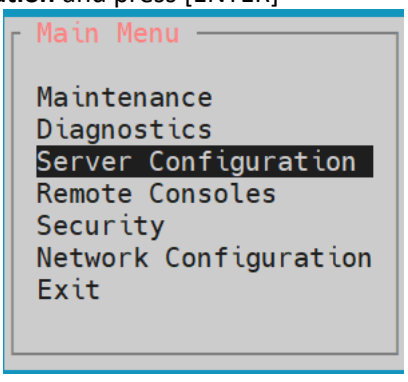
S T E P #	This procedure determines the health of the MPS System before beginning an upgrade. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify health of MPS A.	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
2. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify health of MPS B.	Execute 0 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
3. ☐	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
4. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **`$ date`**

6. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

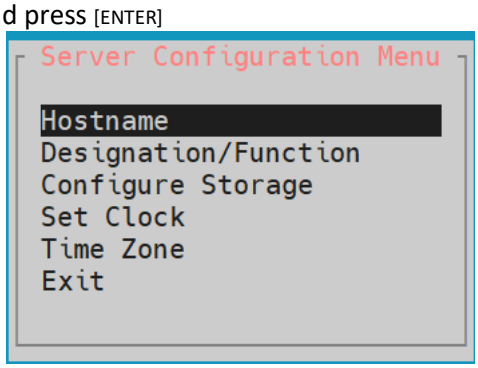
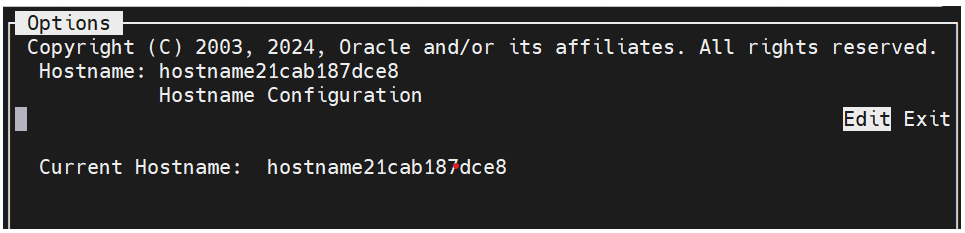
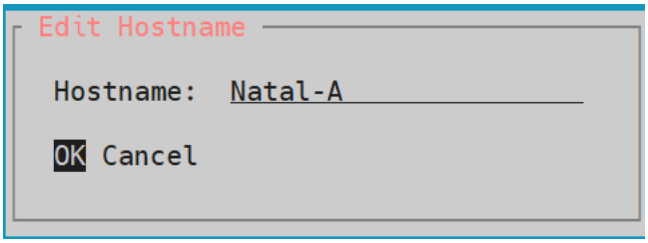
Pre install configuration and initial installation of EPAP can be done on any of the server in the mated pair in any order. These operations can be done simultaneously on both the servers.

Pre-Install configuration on server A

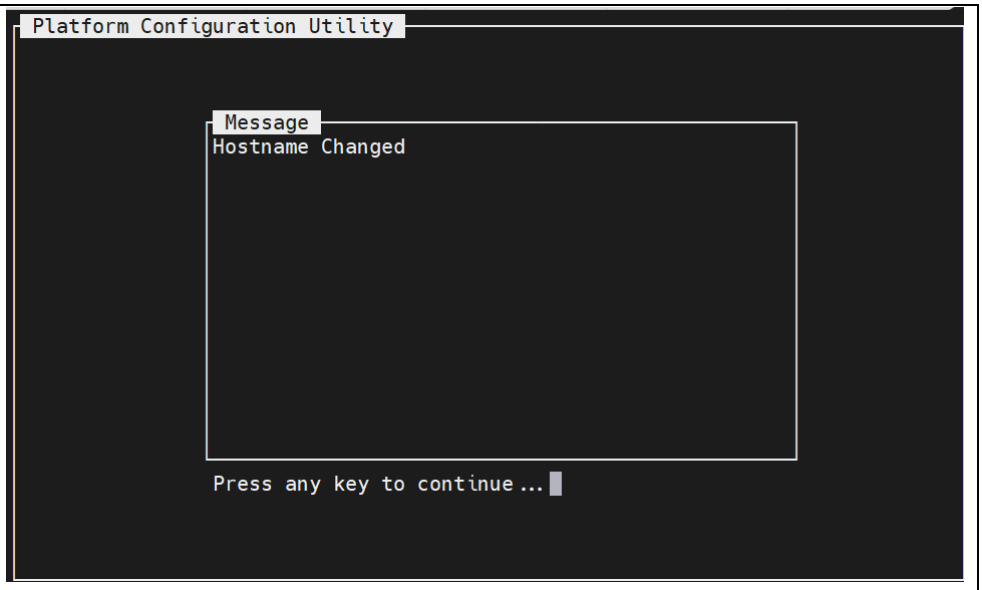
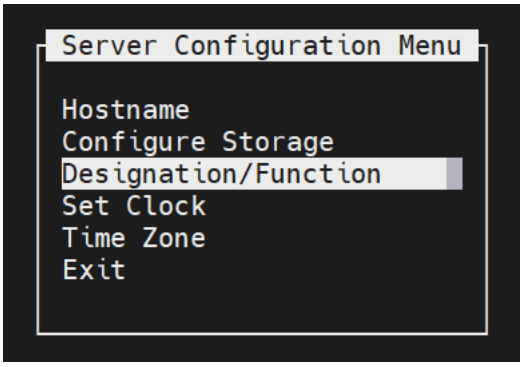
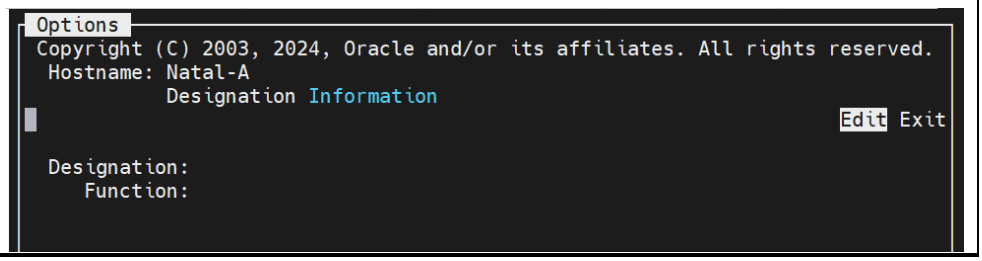
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform pre-configuration for an initial install of the application. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
IMPORTANT: Installation of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed before starting installation procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation guide.		
1. ☐	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
2. ☐	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then log in as "admusr": **[hostname] consolelogin: admusr** **password:** ***password***
3. ☐	Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
4. ☐	Navigate to the **Server Configuration** screen.	Select **Server Configuration** and press [ENTER] 

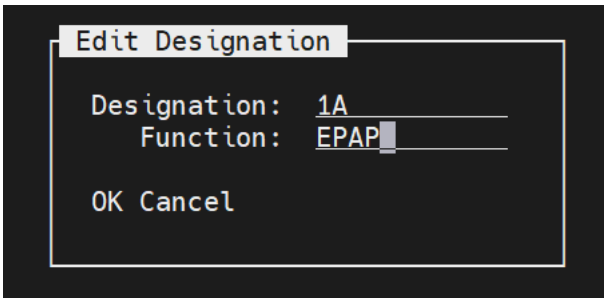
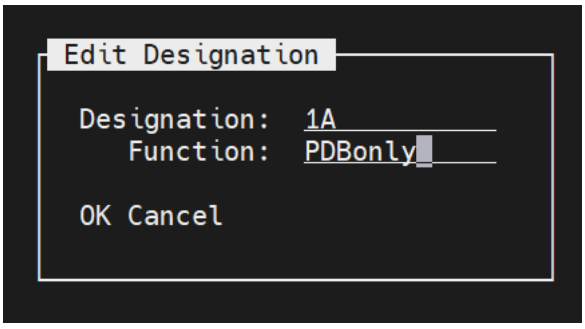
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

5. ☐	Navigate to the **Hostname** screen.	Select **Hostname** and press [ENTER] 
6. ☐	Select **Edit** to edit the hostname.	Select **Edit** and press [ENTER]. 
7. ☐	Enter the hostname and press ok.	Delete the default entry and enter the Hostname as mps-xxxx-a where xxxx is the last 4 digits of server serial number. Press OK when done.  While connected to the serial console, some console output might come when the user is using the serial console to configure the EPAP. Those serial output are harmless and can be ignored.
8. ☐	Exit Back to the Server Configuration Menu.	Press any key to exit back to the Server Configuration Menu. Verify that the hostname has been properly set.

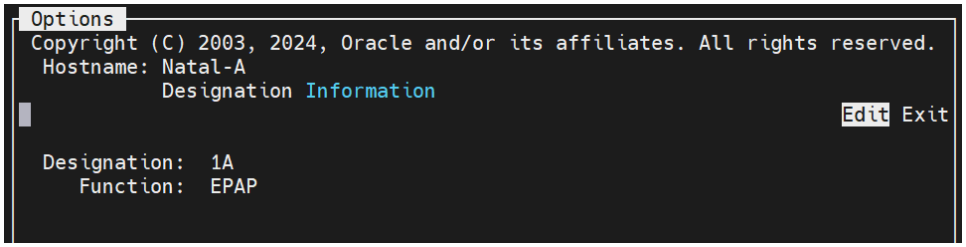
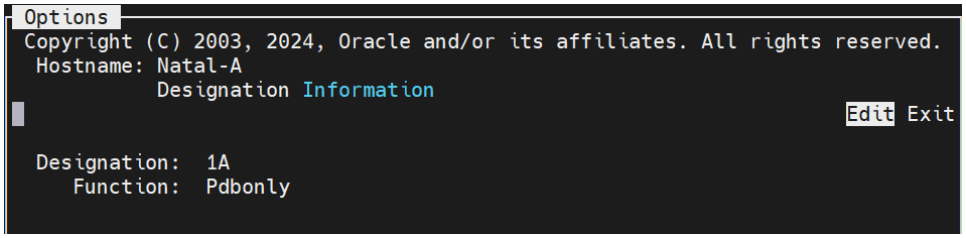
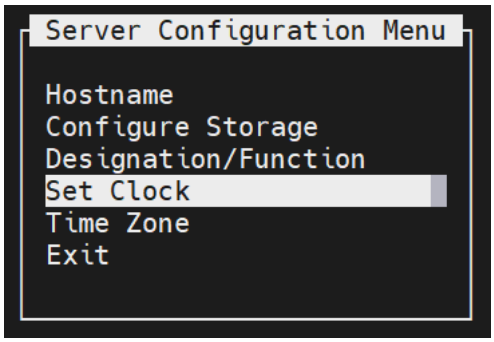
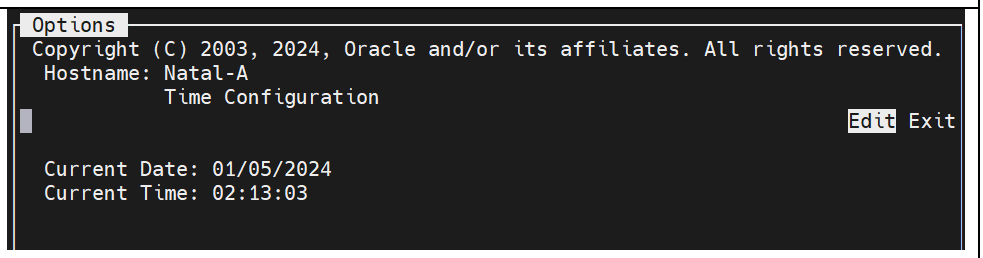
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

		
9. ☐	Navigate to the **Designation/Function** menu option.	Select **Designation/Function** and press [ENTER] 
10. ☐	View the current designation and function.	The screen will show the current designation and function setting. On initial install, these fields are blank. 

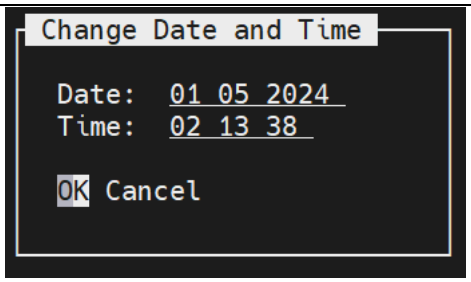
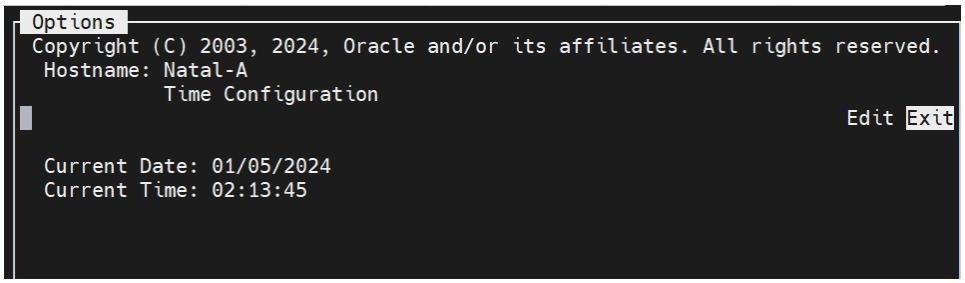
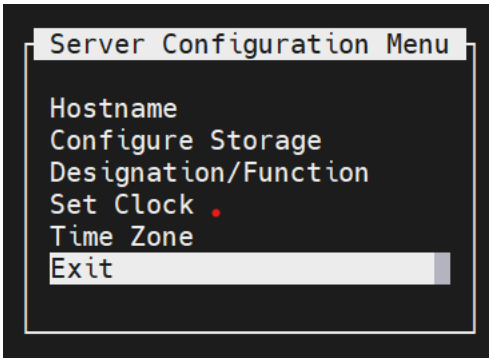
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

		If not blank, the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: 1. The Designation is "1A" for the A server 2. The Function field should be set to EPAP. If not blank, the values should be as follows for Standalone PDB. 1. The Designation is "1A" for the A server 2. The Function field should be set to PDBonly. If both the fields are blank or either value is not correct, then select **Edit** and press [ENTER]. If both values are correct, select **Exit**, press [ENTER] and skip the next step.
11. ☐	View the current designation and function.	Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: the designation must be capitalized). Select OK and press [ENTER]. For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example:  For Standalone PDB, the following is a correct example: 

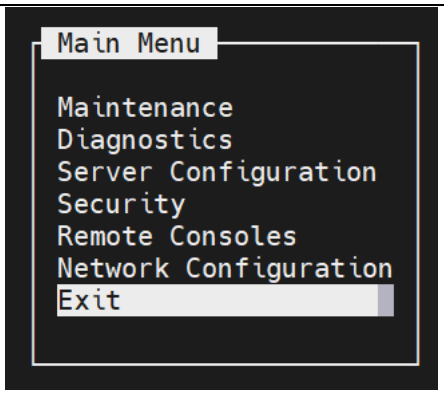
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

12. ☐	Verify that the Designation and Function information is correct then select and press “Exit”.	For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example:  For Standalone PDB, the following is a correct example: 
13. ☐	Select “Set Clock” Menu.	
14. ☐	1) Select “Edit” from the options dialogue box. 2) Using an NTP source, set the Date/Time to be correct for the	

Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

	Eastern Time zone (GMT -5) and press “OK”. NOTE: All systems default to Eastern time post IPM. It is important to set the time for the Eastern Time zone at this time.	
15. ☐	Verify that the Date and Time is correct then select and press “Exit”.	
16. ☐	Exit from platcfg menu.	Select **EXIT** until the platcfg menu is closed and the command line is displayed. 

Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

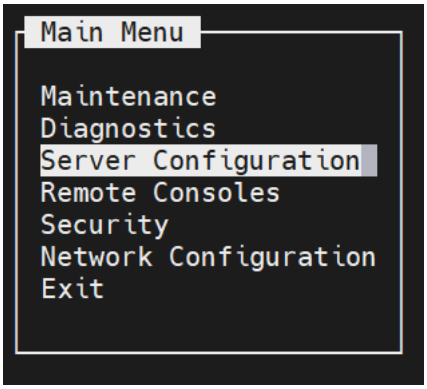
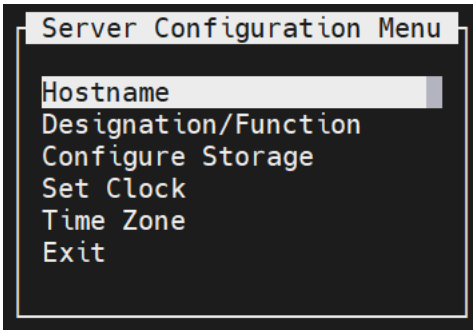
		
17. ☐	Reboot the Server.	`$ sudo reboot`
18. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
19. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Pre-Install configuration on server B

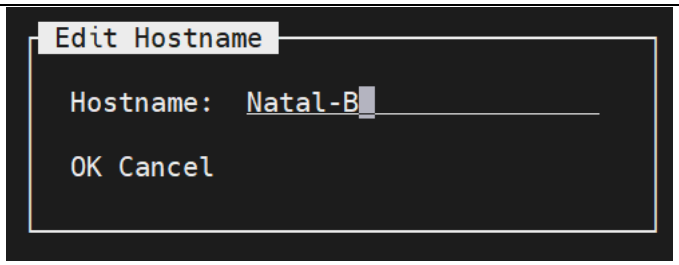
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform pre configuration for an initial install of the application. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
IMPORTANT: Installation of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed before starting installation procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation.		
1. ☐	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards' adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
2. ☐	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then log in as 'admusr':

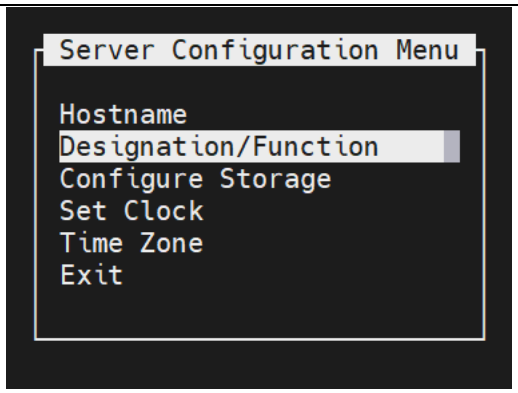
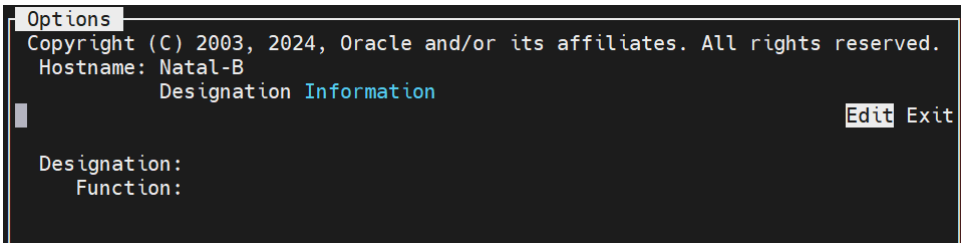
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

		`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: *password*`
3. ☐	Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
4. ☐	Navigate to the **Server Configuration** screen.	Select **Server Configuration** and press [ENTER] 
5. ☐	Navigate to the **Hostname** screen.	Select **Hostname** and press [ENTER] 
6. ☐	Select **Edit** to edit the hostname.	Select **Edit** and press [ENTER]
7. ☐	Enter the hostname and press ok.	Delete the default entry and enter the Hostname as mps-xxxx-b where xxxx is the last 4 digits of server serial number. Press OK when done.

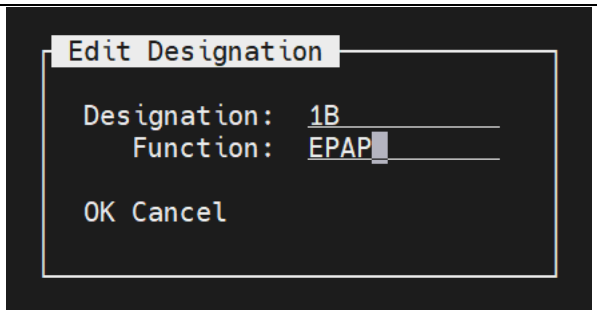
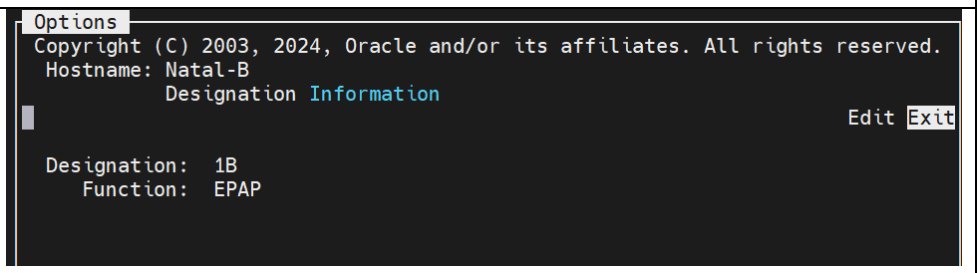
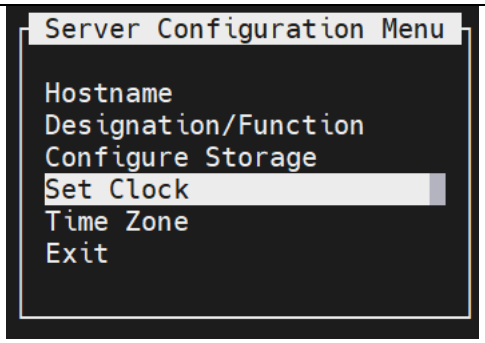
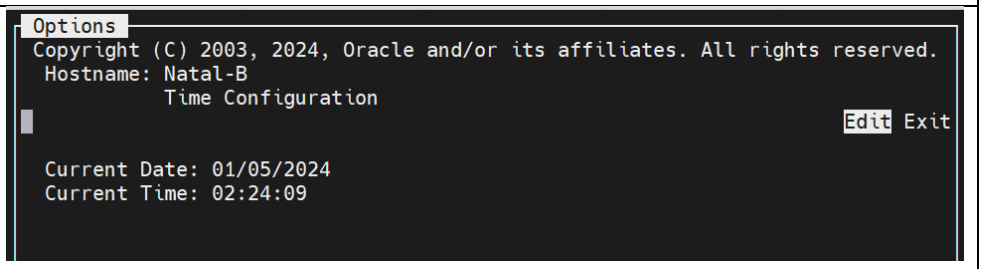
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

		 While connected to the serial console, some console output might come when the user is using the serial console to configure the EPAP. Those serial output are harmless and can be ignored.
8. ☐	Exit Back to the Server Configuration Menu.	Press any key to exit back to the Server Configuration Menu. Verify that the hostname has been properly set.
9. ☐	Navigate to the **Designation/Function** menu option.	Select **Designation/Function** and press [ENTER]

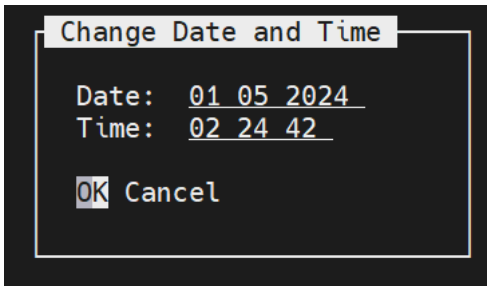
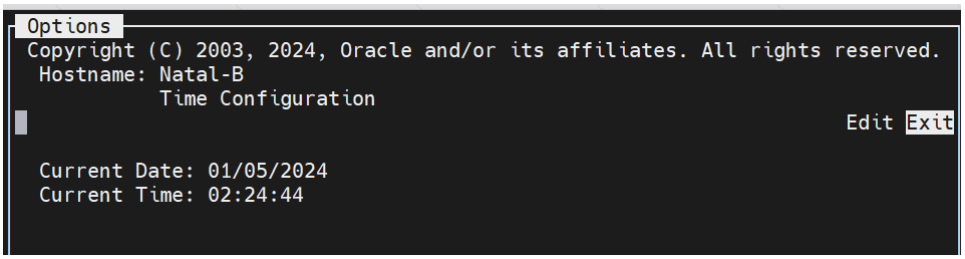
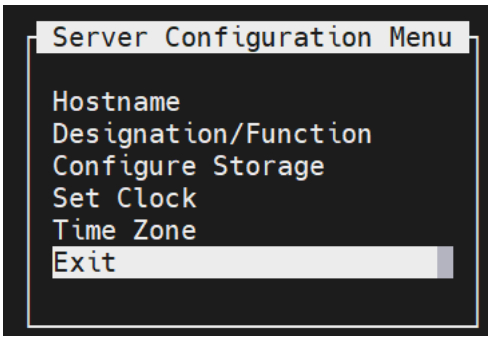
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

		
10. ☐	View the current designation and function.	The screen will show the current designation and function setting. On initial install, these fields are blank.  If not blank the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: 1. The Designation is "1B" for the B server 2. The Function field should be set to EPAP. If either value is not correct, then select **Edit** and press [ENTER]. If both values are correct, select **Exit**, press [ENTER] and skip the next step.
11. ☐	View the current designation and function.	Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: The designation must be capitalized). Select **OK** and press [ENTER].

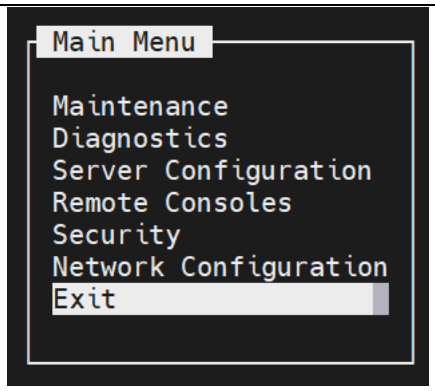
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

		
12. ☐	Verify that the Designation and Function information is correct then select and press “Exit”.	
13. ☐	Select “Set Clock” Menu.	
14. ☐	1) Select “Edit” from the options dialogue box. 2) Using an NTP source, set the Date/Time to be correct for the Eastern Time zone (GMT -5) and press “OK”.	

Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

	NOTE: All systems default to Eastern time post IPM. It is important to set the time for the Eastern Time zone at this time.	
15. ☐	Verify that the Date and Time is correct then select and press “Exit”.	
16. ☐	Exit from platcfg menu.	Select **EXIT** until the platcfg menu is closed and the command line is displayed. 

Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

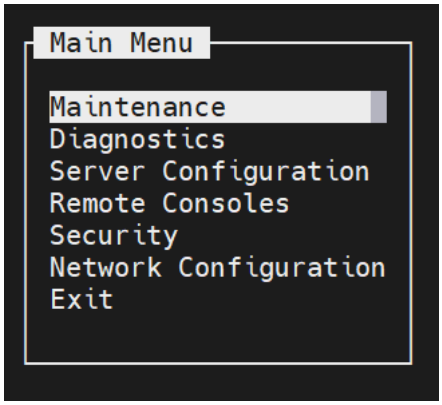
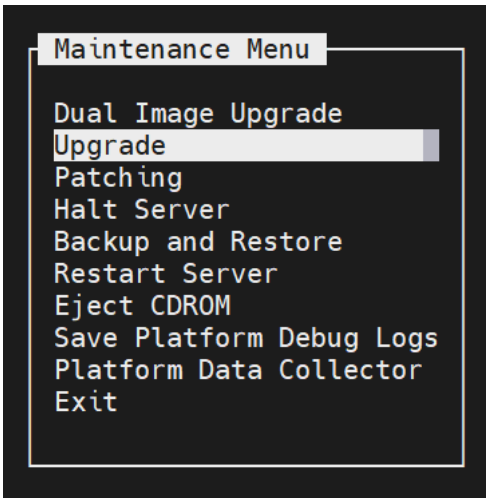
		
17. ☐	Reboot the Server.	`$ sudo reboot`
18. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
19. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Install Application on server B

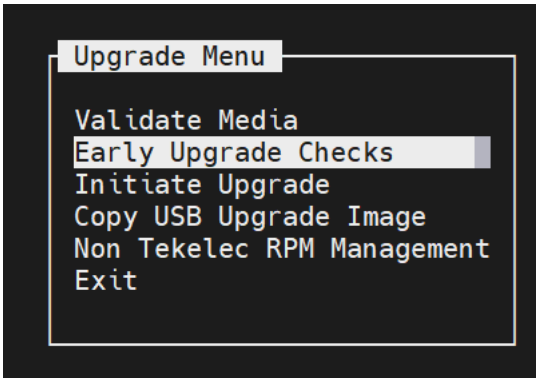
Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

S T E P #	This procedure installs the application on the server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**MPS B:** Install 1B.	Perform Procedure in 0 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
2. ☐	Create a terminal window Log in to MPS B.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
3. ☐	**MPS B**: Login prompt is displayed.	`<hostname> console login:` Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.

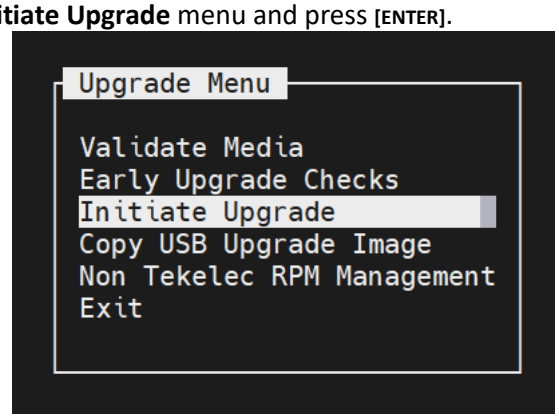
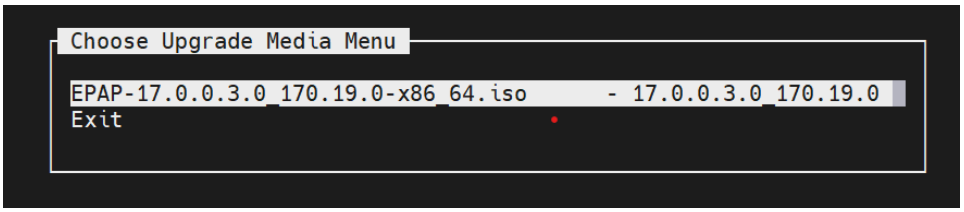
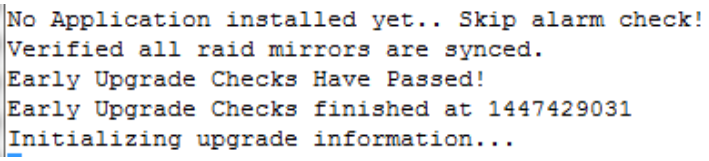
Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

4. ☐	**MPS B:** log in as "admusr" user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
5. ☐	**MPS B:** Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
6. ☐	**MPS B:** Navigate to the Upgrade menu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**.  Select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
7. ☐	**MPS X:** Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using **0**.

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

8. ☐	**MPS A**: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.
		 
		
		If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the ongoing syncing of raid mirrors, then wait until the resync is completed and run the "Early Upgrade Checks" again.
		`Early Checks failed for the next upgrade`
		`Look at earlyChecks.log for more info`
		`tarting Early Upgrade Checks at 1011413059`
		`Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy...`
		`Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade`
		`ERROR: Raid mirrors are syncing!`
		`ERROR: md2 is syncing!`
		`ERROR: earlyUpgradeChecks() code failed for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks`
		`ERROR: Failed running earlyUpgradeChecks() code`
		`Hardware architectures match`
		`Install products match.`
		`No Application installed yet.. Skip alarm check!`
		`ERROR: Early Upgrade Checks Failed!`
		`User has requested just to run early checks.`
		`No upgrade will be performed...`
		`Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1011413059`
		`[admusr@epappri ~]$ cat /proc/mdstat`
		`Personalities : [raid1]`
		`md1 : active raid1 sdb2[1] sda2[0]`
		`262080 blocks super 1.0 [2/2] [UU]`
		`md2 : active raid1 sda1[0] sdb1[1]`
		`468447232 blocks super 1.1 [2/2] [UU]`
		`[=====>.....] resync = 29.7% (139377920/468447232) finish=73.0min speed=75060K/sec`
		`bitmap: 4/4 pages [16KB], 65536KB chunk`
		`unused devices: <none>`
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

9. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Initiate Upgrade menu	Select the **Initiate Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
10. ☐	**MPS B:** Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press **[ENTER]**. 
11. ☐	**MPS B:** Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first validating the media, and then proceeding with the upgrade. 
12. ☐	**MPS B:** Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13. ☐	**MPS B:** Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK]

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

		Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running... AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting... ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting... Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running... AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in as "epapdev" user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev` `password: password`

15. ☐	**MPS B:** Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		
		`$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error except the following:
		
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service!
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
		1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		
		`$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option. 1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm files...reparsing xml... 1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1673985571::TKLCepap-HA ####################################warning: group root} does not exist - using root [root@Salta-B core]#
16. ☐	**MPS B:** Check that the upgrade	`$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

	completed successfully.	
17. ☐	**MPS B:** Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section. `1399367207::  Upgrade returned success!`
18.	Log in to MPS A via epapdev user and go to directory /usr/TKLC/epap/bin and Run the following command: ./mysql_setup.pl	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# **./mysql_setup.pl**

19. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in to MPS A via root user and update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
		1. $ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		`If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5.`
		2. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		3. $ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		5. $ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		`If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps`
		6. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		7. $ sudo sed -i '$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. $ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		9. `$ sudo systemctl restart sshd`

20. ☐	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

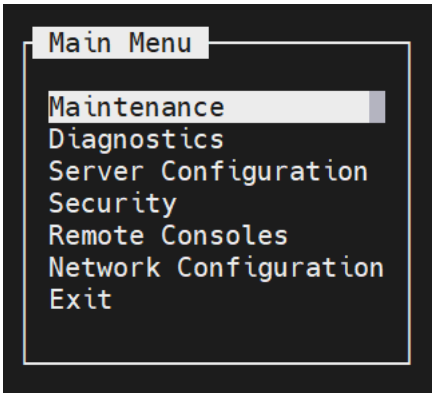
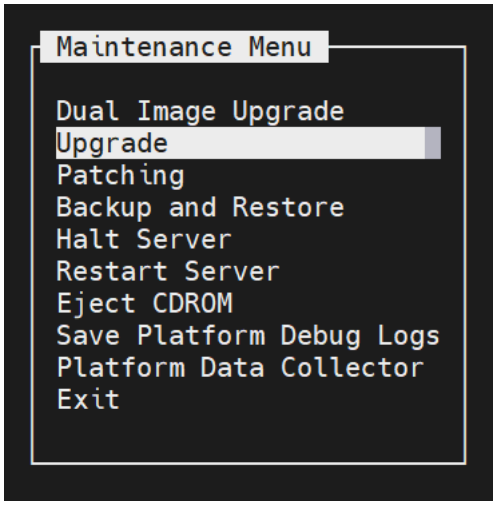
	control no-store policy.	1. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below. 2. $ sudo sed –i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf 3. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
21. ☐	**MPS B:** Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
22. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: $ date

Procedure 8 Install Application on server A

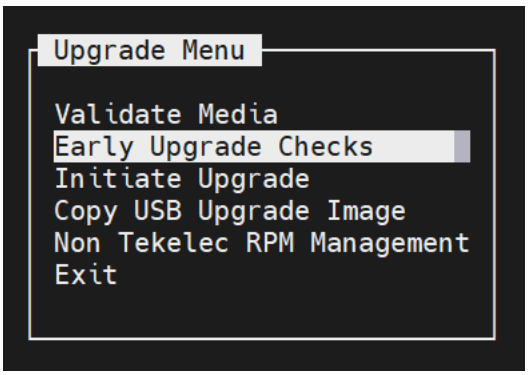
Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

S T E P #	This procedure installs the application on the server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Install EPAP on 1A.	Perform Procedure in 0 or copy EPAP 16.4 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
2. ☐	Create a terminal window and Log in to MPS A.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial Port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
3. ☐	**MPS A**: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

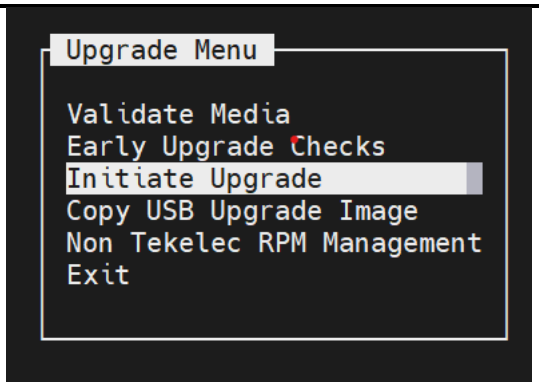
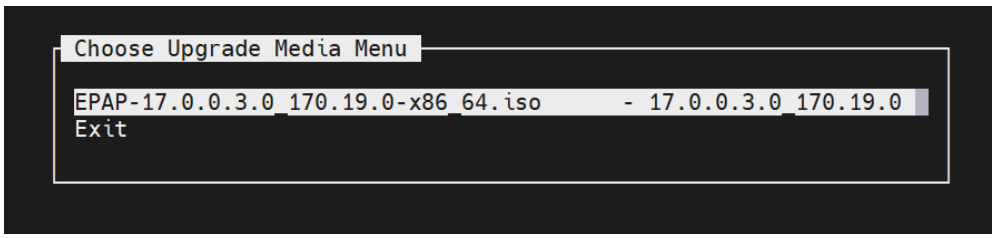
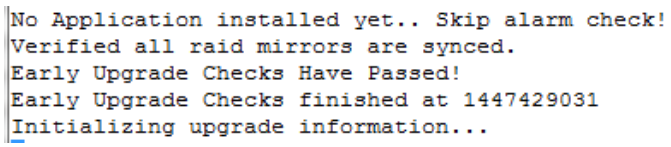
4. ☐	**MPS A:** log in as "admusr" user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
5. ☐	**MPS A:** Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Upgrade menu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**.  Select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
7. ☐	**MPS X:** Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using **0**.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

8. ☐	**MPS A**: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.
		 
		If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the ongoing syncing of raid mirrors, then wait until the resync is completed and run the "Early Upgrade Checks" again.
		`Early Checks failed for the next upgrade`
		`Look at earlyChecks.log for more info`
		`tarting Early Upgrade Checks at 1011413059`
		`Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy...`
		`Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade`
		`ERROR: Raid mirrors are syncing!`
		`ERROR: md2 is syncing!`
		`ERROR: earlyUpgradeChecks() code failed for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks`
		`ERROR: Failed running earlyUpgradeChecks() code`
		`Hardware architectures match`
		`Install products match.`
		`No Application installed yet.. Skip alarm check!`
		`ERROR: Early Upgrade Checks Failed!`
		`User has requested just to run early checks.`
		`No upgrade will be performed...`
		`Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1011413059`
		`[admusr@epappri ~]$ cat /proc/mdstat`
		`Personalities : [raid1]`
		`md1 : active raid1 sdb2[1] sda2[0]`
		`262080 blocks super 1.0 [2/2] [UU]`
		`md2 : active raid1 sda1[0] sdb1[1]`
		`468447232 blocks super 1.1 [2/2] [UU]`
		`[=====>.....] resync = 29.7% (139377920/468447232) finish=73.0min speed=75060K/sec`
		`bitmap: 4/4 pages [16KB], 65536KB chunk`
		`unused devices: <none>`
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason

9. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Initiate Upgrade menu	Select the **Initiate Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		
10. ☐	**MPS A:** Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press **[ENTER]**. 
11. ☐	**MPS A:** Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the output like following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. 
12. ☐	**MPS A:** Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13. ☐	**MPS A:** Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running...

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting... ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting... Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running... AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as "epapdev" user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev` `password: password`

15. ☐	**MPS A:** Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		
		`$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any errors beside the following:
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service!
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
		1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		
		`$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". "/var/TKLC/epap/rt". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option. 1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm files...reparsing xml... 1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1673985571::TKLCepap-HA ####################################warning: group root} does not exist - using root [root@Salta-B core]# Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
16. ☐	**MPS A:** Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	`$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

17. ☐	**MPS A:** Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section. `1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!`
18. ☐	Log in to MPS B via epapdev user and go to directory /usr/TKLC/epap/bin and Run the following command: **./mysql_setup.pl**	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# **./mysql_setup.pl**
19.	MPS B: : Log in to MPS A via root user and update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: **1. $ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config** If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5. **2. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **3. $ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **4.$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **5. $ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config** If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps **6. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **7. $ sudo sed -i '$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **8. $ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **9.** $ sudo systemctl restart sshd
20. ☐	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: **1. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf**

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

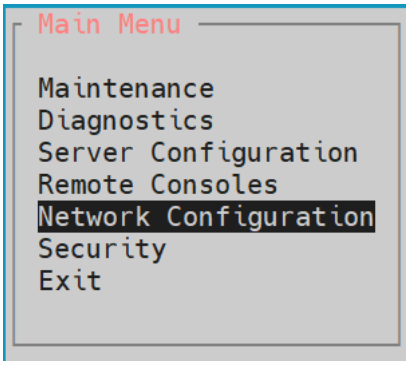
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below. 2. **sudo sed –i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set CacheControl no-store' / etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** 3. **$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
21. ☐	**MPS A:** Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
22. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 9 Switch Configuration

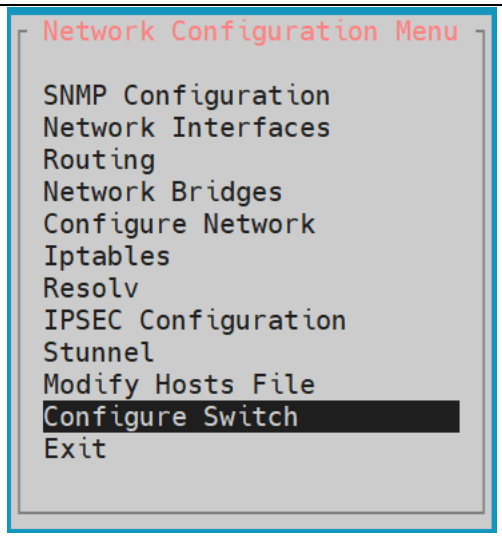
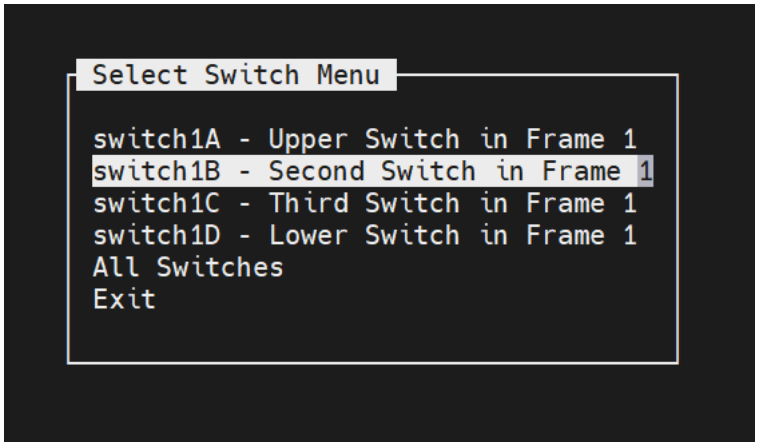
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

S T E P #	This procedure Configures the Switches of a new Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Make the cross-over cable connections.	**NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT** CONNECT the cross-over cable from **Port 1** of **Switch1A** to **Port 1** of **Switch1B**. DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from **Port** 2 of **Switch1A** to **Port 2** of **Switch1B.** Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all. All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration. There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.

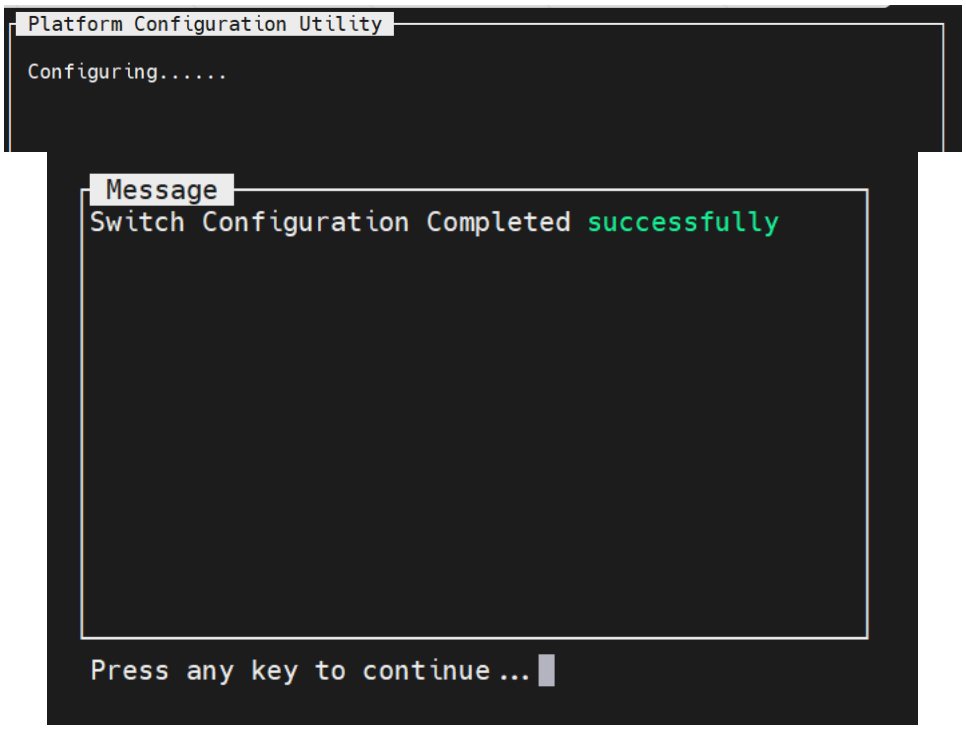
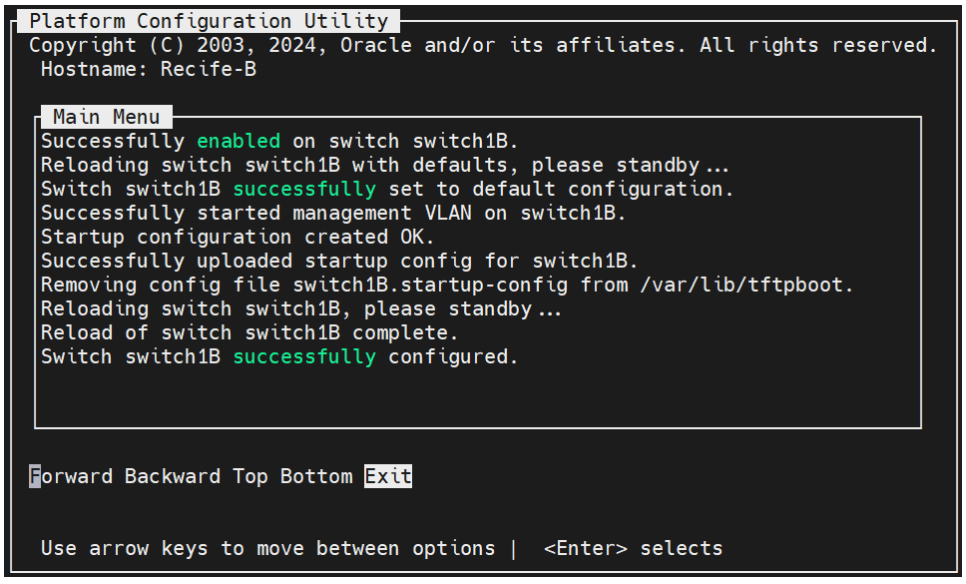
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		Make sure to enable and start tftp service by using following commands if not started earlier :- sudo systemctl start tftp sudo systemctl enable tftp
2. ☐	**MPS B:** log in as "admusr" user.	**[hostname] consolelogin: admusr** **password: *password***
3. ☐	**MPS B:** Set Telco Switch with non-default speed.	**Note**: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'.
4. ☐	**MPS B:** Start platcfg utility.	**$ sudo su - platcfg**
5. ☐	**MPS B:** Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg **Main Menu**, select **Network Configuration** and press [ENTER]. 
6. ☐	**MPS B:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select **Configure Switch** and press [ENTER].

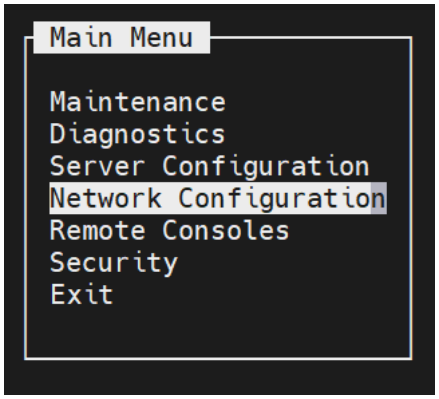
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		
7. ☐	**MPS B:** Select Switch1B.	On the Select Switch Menu, select **Switch1B – Second Switch in Frame 1** and press [ENTER]. 
8. ☐	**MPS B:** Confirm Switch 1B Configuration.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to configure Switch 1B.

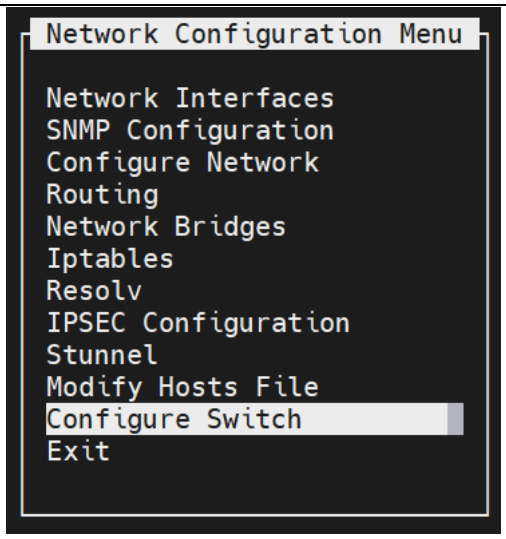
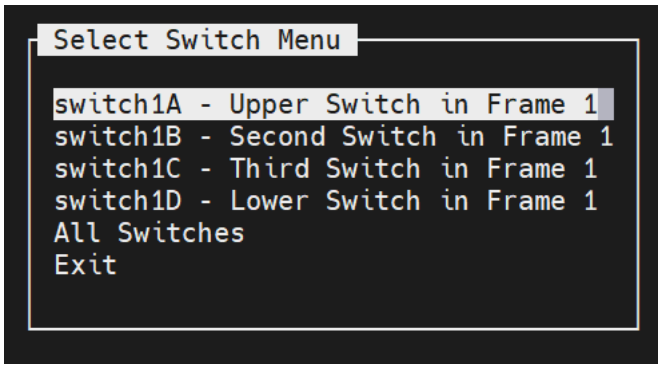
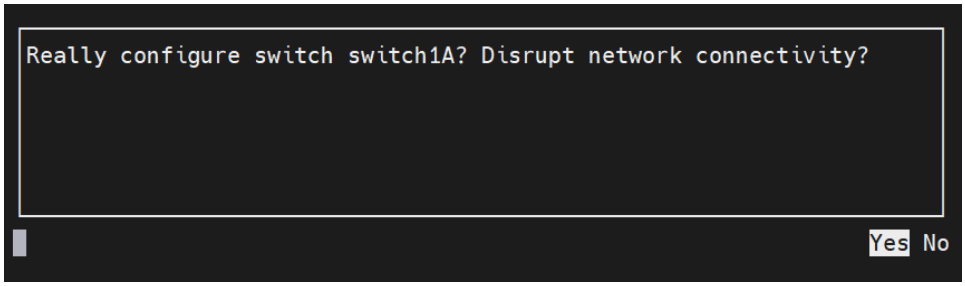
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

9. ☐	**MPS B:** Switch Configuration Screen.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press **any key** to continue and then click Exit.  
10. ☐	**MPS B:** Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu.

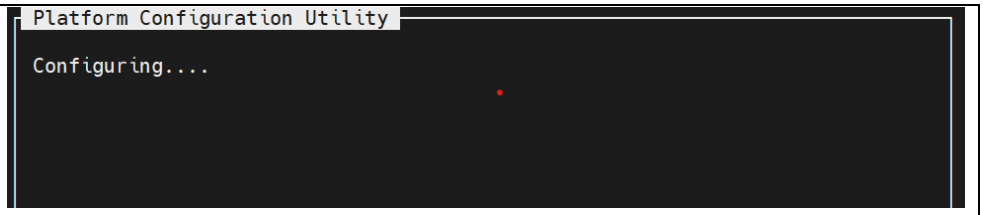
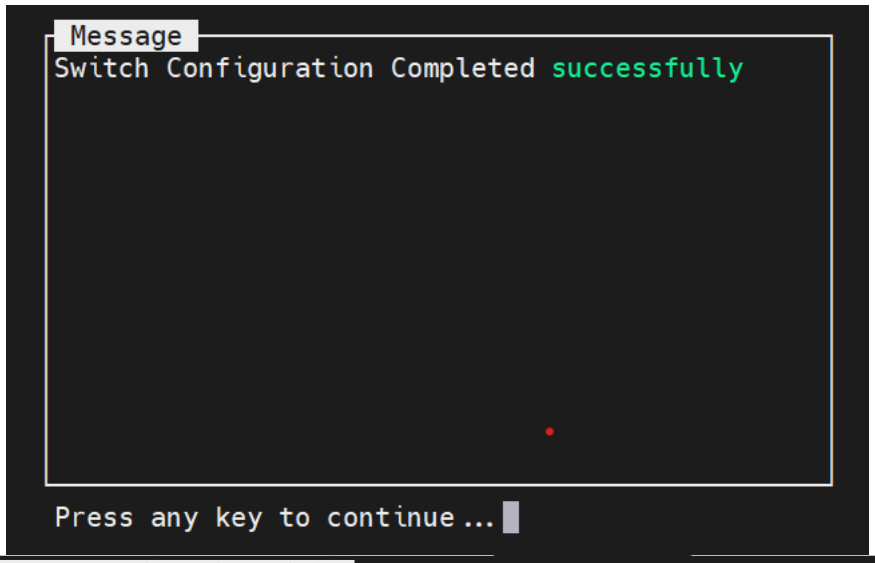
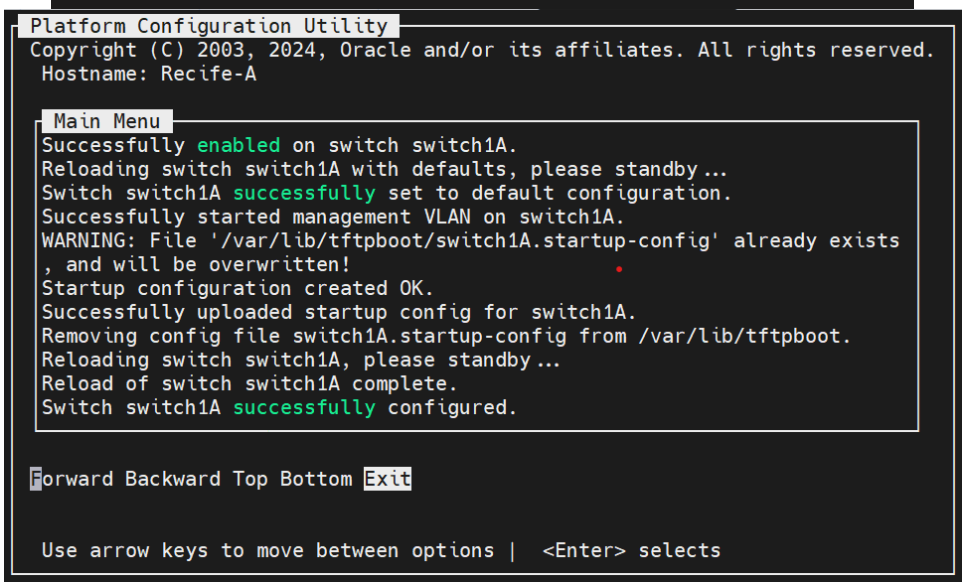
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
11. ☐	**MPS A:** Connect to Server 1A.	Now that Switch 1B is configured, we need to configure switch 1A. Connect to server 1A to configure switch 1A **[hostname] consolelogin: admusr** **password: *password***
12. ☐	**MPS A:** Set Telco Switch with non-default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'. Otherwise proceed to step 13.
13. ☐	**MPS A:** Start platcfg. utility	**$ sudo su - platcfg**
14. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg **Main Menu**, select **Network Configuration** and press [ENTER]. 
15. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select **Configure Switch** and press [ENTER].

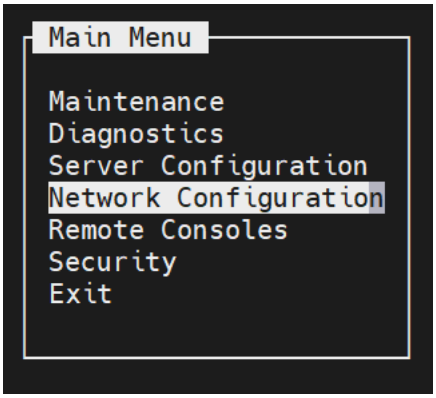
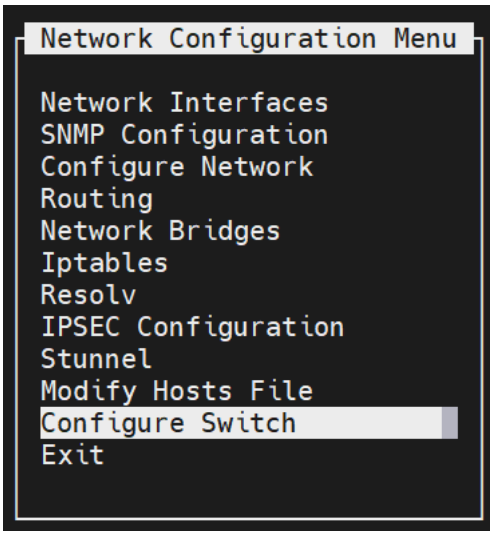
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		
16. ☐	**MPS A:** Select Switch1A.	On the Select Switch Menu, select **Switch1A – Upper Switch in Frame 1** and press [**ENTER**]. 
17. ☐	**MPS A:** Confirm Switch 1A Configuration.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to configure Switch 1A. 
18. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press **any key** to continue and then click Exit.

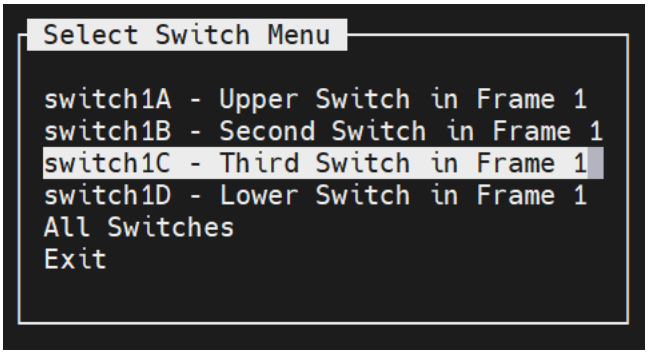
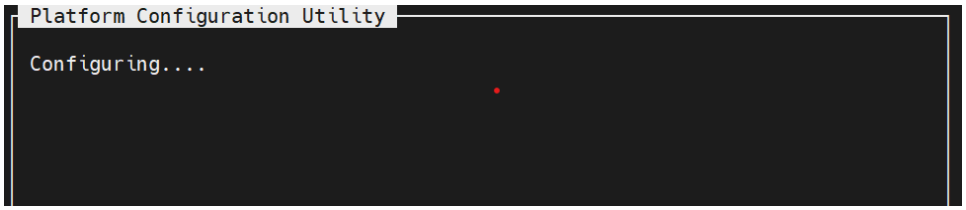
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		  
19. ☐	**MPS A:** Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.

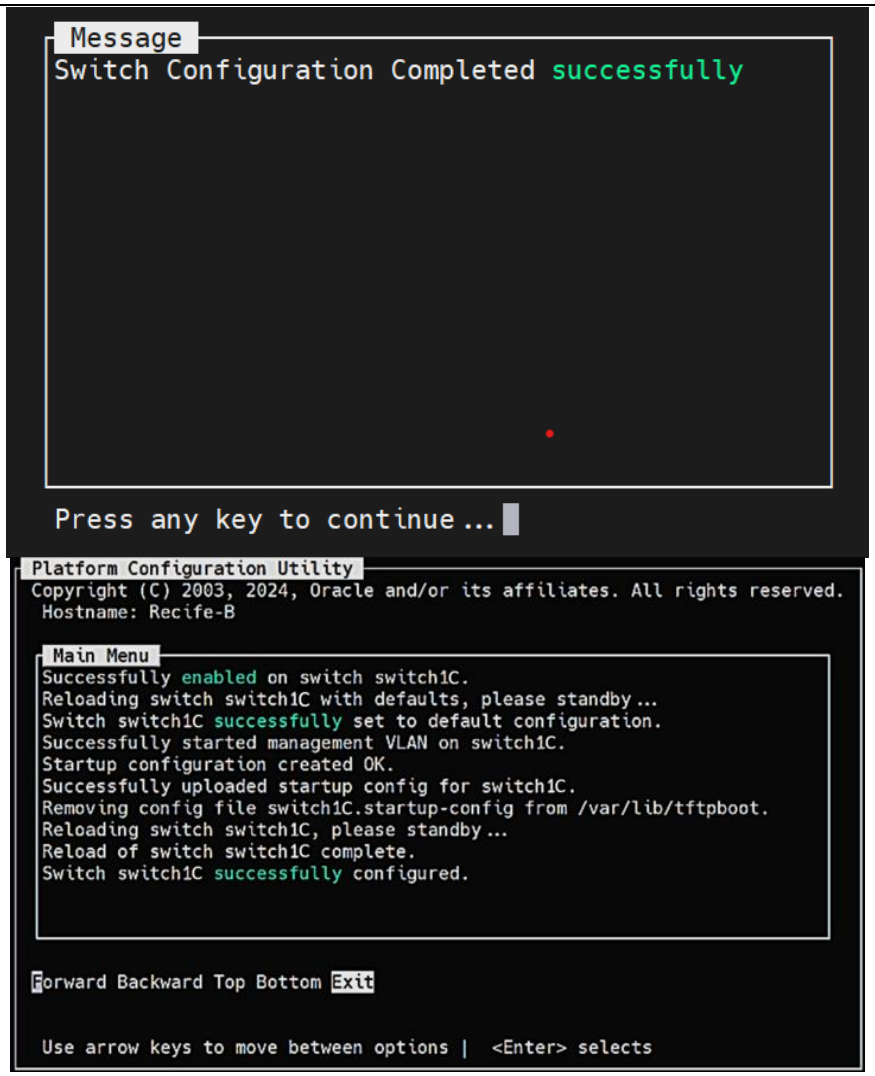
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

20. ☐	**MPS A:** Optional Configuration of Switch 1C.	If the system is installed with 4 switches, proceed with the next step, otherwise skip to step 37.
21. ☐	Move Serial Cables.	On the front of switches 1A and 1B, unplug the serial cables connected to Console port and plug them in switches 1C and 1D Console port respectively.
22. ☐	**MPS A:** Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
23. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg **Main Menu**, select **Network Configuration** and press [ENTER]. 
24. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select **Configure Switch** and press [ENTER]. 

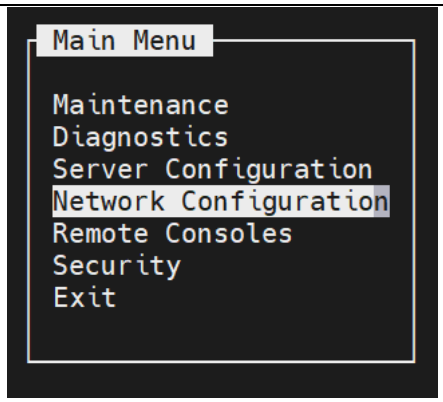
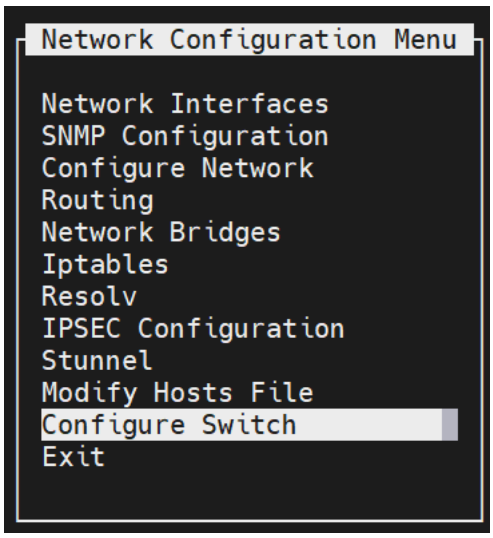
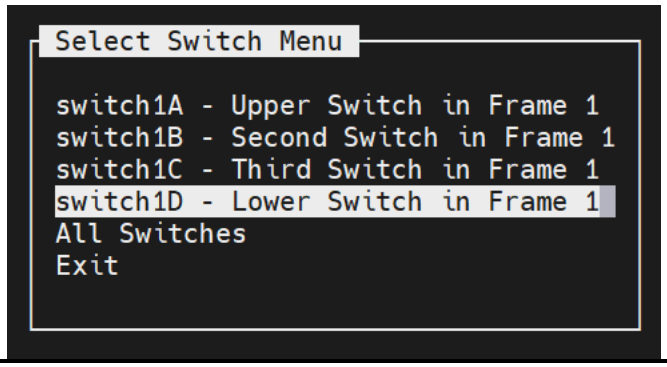
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

25. ☐	**MPS A:** Select Switch1C.	On the Select Switch Menu, select **Switch1C – Third Switch in Frame 1** and press [**ENTER**]. 
26. ☐	**MPS A:** Confirm Switch 1C Configuration.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to configure Switch 1C
27. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press **any key** to continue and then click Exit. 

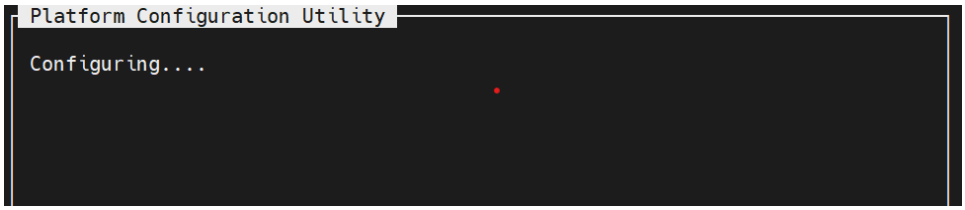
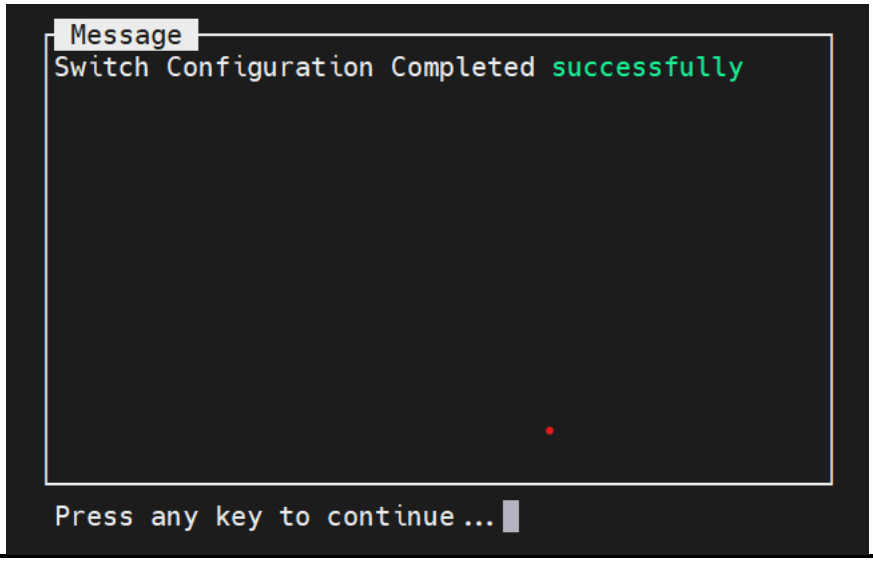
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		
28. ☐	**MPS A:** Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
29. ☐	**MPS B:** Connect to Server 1B.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
30. ☐	**MPS B:** Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
31. ☐	**MPS B:** Navigate to the Network	On the platcfg **Main Menu**, select **Network Configuration** and press [ENTER].

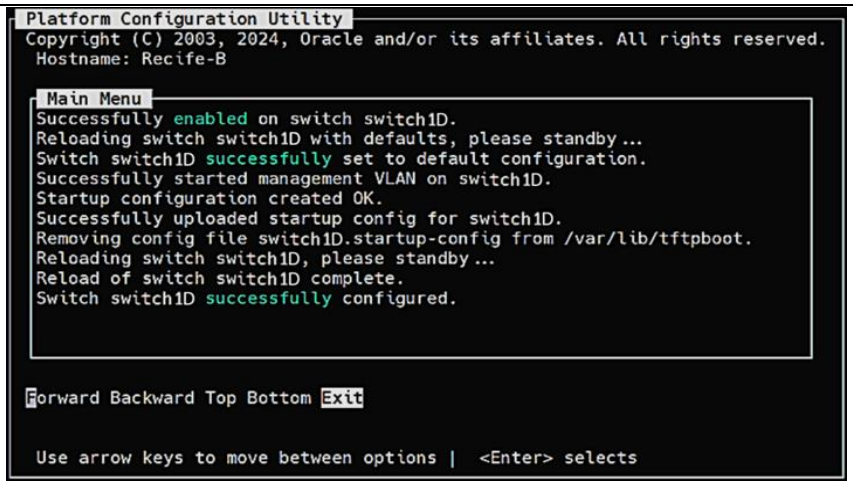
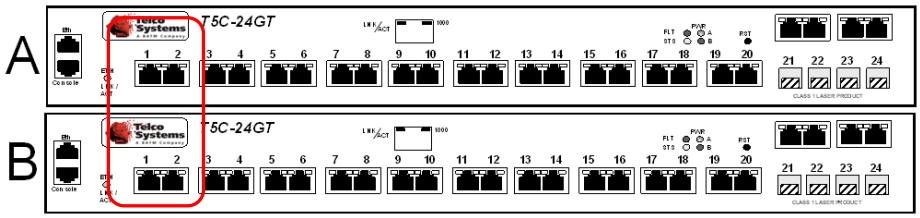
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

	Configuration Menu.	
32. ☐	**MPS B:** Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select **Configure Switch** and press [ENTER]. 
33. ☐	**MPS B:** Select Switch1D.	On the Select Switch Menu, select **Switch1D – Lower Switch in Frame 1** and press [ENTER]. 

Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

34. ☐	**MPS B:** Confirm Switch 1D Configuration.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to configure Switch 1D.
35. ☐	**MPS B:** Switch Configuration Screen.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press **any key** to continue and then click Exit.  

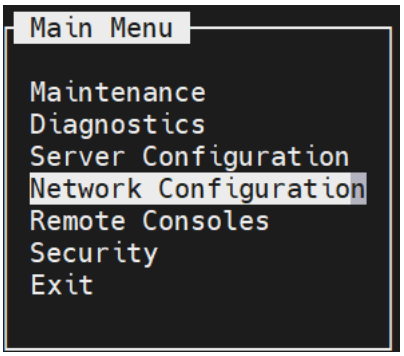
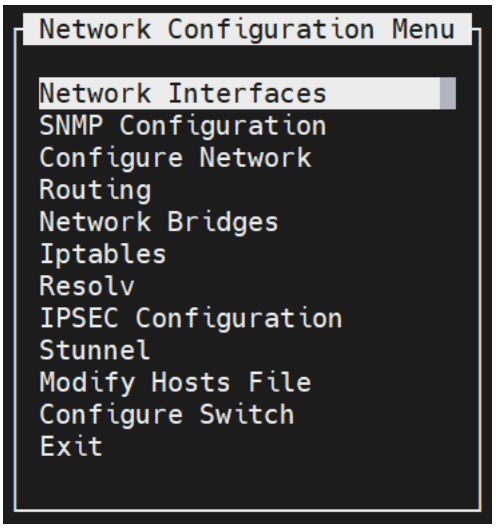
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

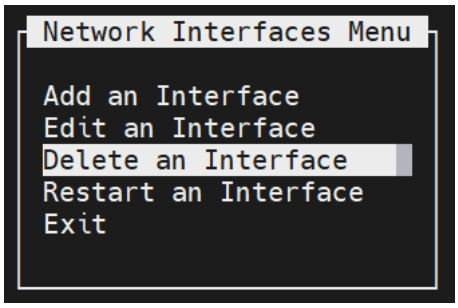
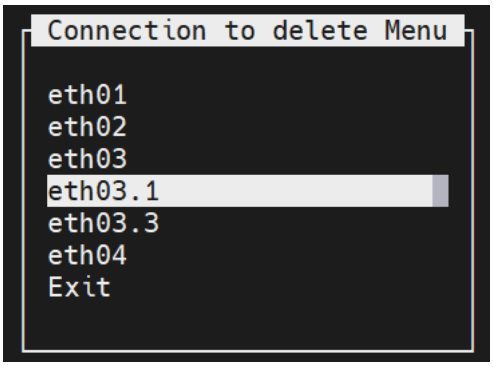
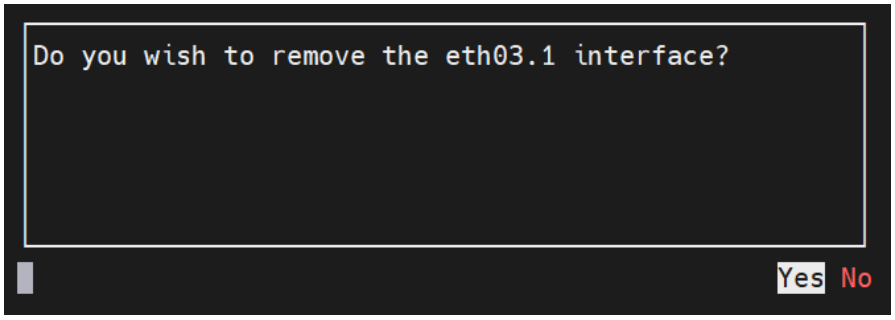
		
36. ☐	**MPS B:** Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
37. ☐	Connect the cross-over cable from **Port 2** of **Switch1A** to **Port 2** of **Switch1B**.	
38. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
39. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

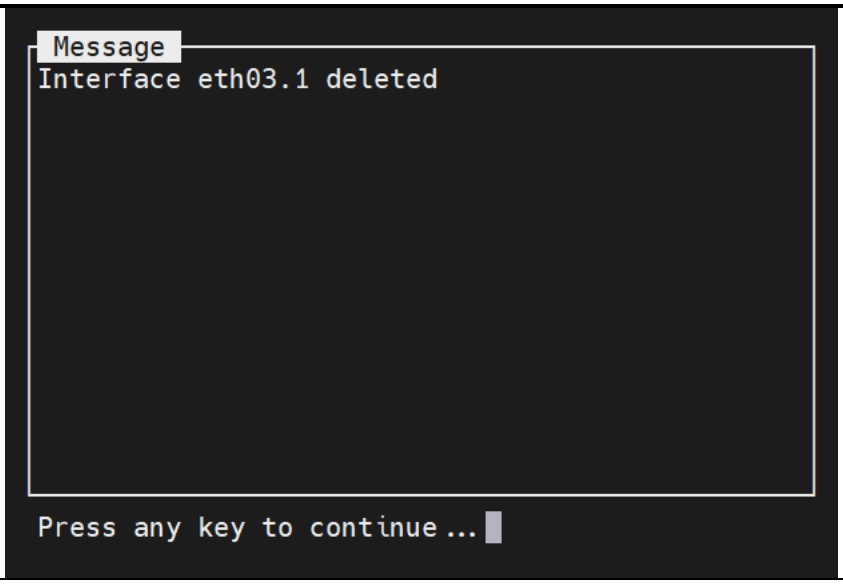
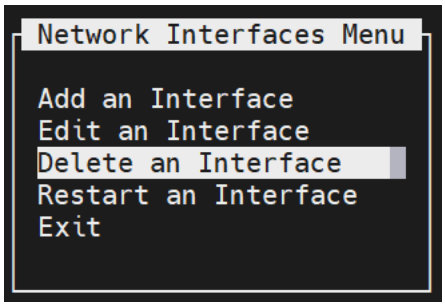
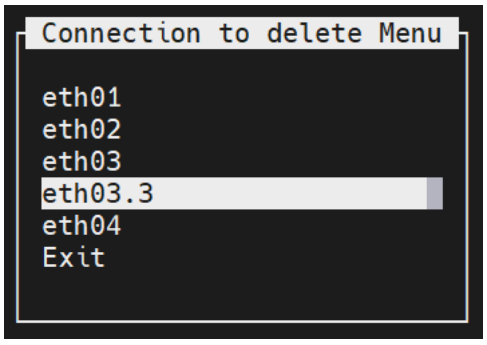
Procedure 10 Configure Sync Network Redundancy

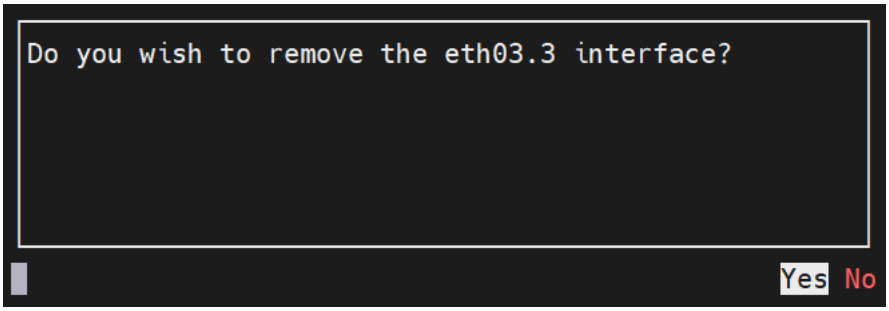
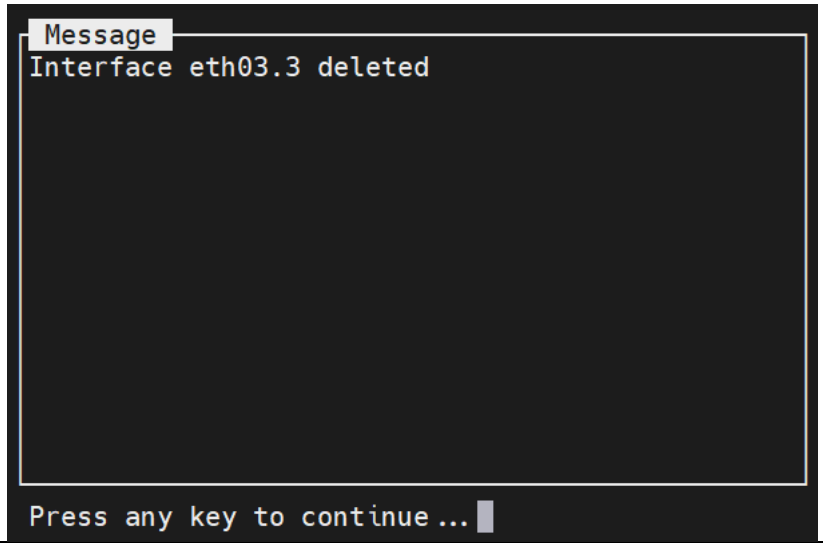
Note: This procedure will configure the E5-APP-B EPAP cards with the Sync Network Redundancy feature. This will use the Backup Provisioning Network ports, therefor the Backup Provisioning Network feature cannot be used.

Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy

S T E P #	This procedure will sync network redundancy in place of backup provisioning network. Note: Estimated time of completion is 90 minutes.	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as "admusr" user to the serial console of E5-APP-B card.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
2. ☐	**MPS A:** Start platcfg utility.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
3. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg **Main Menu**, select **Network Configuration** and press [**ENTER**]. 
4. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Network Interfaces Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select **Network Interfaces** and press [**ENTER**]. 

5. ☐	**MPS A:** Navigate to the Delete an Interface Menu.	On the Network Interfaces Menu, select **Delete an Interface** and press [**ENTER**]. 
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Select to delete eth03.1 and press Enter.	On the Connection to delete Menu, select **eth03.1** and press [**ENTER**]. 
7. ☐	**MPS A:** Confirm eth03.1 interface deletion.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to delete the eth03.1 interface. 

		
8. ☐	**MPS A:** Press any key to continue. Navigate to the Delete an Interface Menu.	On the Network Interfaces Menu, select **Delete an Interface** and press [**ENTER**]. 
9. ☐	**MPS A:** Select to delete eth03.3 and press Enter.	On the Connection to delete Menu, select **eth03.3** and press [**ENTER**]. 

10. ☐	**MPS A:** Confirm eth03.3 interface deletion.	Select **Yes** and press **[ENTER]** to delete the eth03.3 interface.  
11. ☐	**MPS A:** Press any key to continue and exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [**ENTER**] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [**ENTER**] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [**ENTER**] to exit out of platcfg.
12. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that eth03.1 and eth03.3 are deleted.	**$ sudo netAdm show** eth01 eth02 eth03 eth04 The interfaces eth03.1 and eth03.3 should not be listed.

13. ☐	**MPS A:** Take the backup of original net.conf.	`$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf_orig`
14. ☐	**MPS A:** Replace the network configuration file for sync network redundancy.	`$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.sync.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf` cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf'? y
15. ☐	**MPS A A:** Take the backup of original vlan.conf.	`$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf_orig`
16. ☐	**MPS A:** Replace the vlan configuration file for sync network redundancy.	E5-APP-B Card: Single Pair of Switch(18 SM Cards): **vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.e5appb.conf** (Ports 7 to 24 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 24 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity) Two Pair of switches (40 SM Cards): **vlan.sync.e5appb.conf** (Ports 7 to 22 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 22 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity, no change for switch 1C and 1D) For e.g., on T1200 server for Single pair of switches: `$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.t1200.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf` cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf'? y
17. ☐	**MPS A:** Reconfigure the network interfaces.	`$ sudo netAdm init` Interface bond0 added Interface eth01 added Interface eth02 added Interface bond0.3 added Interface eth03 added Interface eth04 added Interface bond0.1 added Successfully configured network
18. ☐	**MPS A:** Restart network service.	`$ sudo systemctl restart network`
19. ☐	**MPS B**	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B.

20. ☐	**Network Connectivity**	Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A.
21. ☐	Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using 0.	Perform **0** – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A.
22. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and running ping mate.	`$ ping -c 4 mate` PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms --- mate ping statistics --- 4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3001ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.143/0.171/0.189/0.022 ms
23. ☐	**MPS A:** Reconfigure EPAP using epapconfig menu if the configuration was done before configuring sync network redundancy.	`$ su - epapconfig` Please follow the instructions written in 0.
24. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
25. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure 11 Configuring the application

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

S T E P #	This procedure configures the application on the server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

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NOTE: This procedure configures the application in the IPv4 configuration. To configure the application in the IPv6 configuration, refer to [6].		
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log on Server A.	**[hostname] consolelogin: admusr** **password: *password***
2. ☐	**MPS A:** Switch user to epapconfig.	**$ sudo su - epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
3. ☐	**MPS A:** A note of caution appears. Evaluate the conditions listed. When all the conditions are satisfied, press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Please review the following checklist before continuing. Failure to enter complete and accurate information at this time will have unpredictable results. 1. The mate MPS servers (MPS A and MPS B) must be powered on. 2. "Initial Platform Manufacture" for the mate MPS servers must be complete. 3. The sync network between the mate MPS servers must be operational. 4. You must have the correct password for the epapdev user on the mate MPS server. 5. You must be prepared to designate this MPS as provisionable or non-provisionable. Press return to continue…
4. ☐	**MPS A:** Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y

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5. ☐	**MPS A:** **For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisionable EPAP:** You are prompted for the **epapdev, root and admusr** user password on the mate MPS server in order to confirm the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged. The example shows the output generated when the correct password is entered, the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged, and the UI database is set up on **MPS A and MPS B** at this site. Type **Y if this site is Provisionable**(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly), **otherwise Type N.** **For Standalone PDB:** You are prompted for the **System Number** and **Network Configuration Type.**	Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Password of root: ssh is working correctly. Password of admusr: ssh is working correctly. Password of root: ssh is working correctly. Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave Stopping remote slave EuiDB already exists. FIPS integrity verification test failed. Starting local slave Starting remote slave The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software allows for exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional sites that are to receive the data provisioned to the provisionable sites should answer 'N' here. If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to answer `Y' here. Is this site provisionable? [Y]: Y Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Press return to continue... Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: ES12345678 Enter the Network Configuration Type [1 for Single, 2 for Segmented]: 2
6. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	**EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:**

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration             |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys        |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                   |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure Query Server            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 15 | DB Architecture Menu              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\----------------------------------------/


EPAP Configuration Menu for NON-Prov EPAP:
```

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		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: **2**
7. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	**Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:** /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /--\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Sync Network | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Configure DSM Network | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|----------------------------------|

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		`| e | Exit |`
		`\-----------------------------------------/`
		
		`Enter Choice: 1`
		
		Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
		
		`/-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\`
		`/-----------------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | Configure Provisioning Network |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| 2 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| 3 | Configure Static NAT Addresses |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| e | Exit |`
		`\-----------------------------------------/`
		
		`Enter Choice: 1`

8. ☐	**MPS A:** The submenu for configuring communications networks and other information is displayed.
	
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.
		`/-----Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\`
		`/-----------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | IPv4 Configuration |`
		`|----|-----------------------------|`
		`| 2 | IPv6 Configuration |`
		`|----|-----------------------------|`
		`| e | Exit |`
		`\-----------------------------------/`
		
		`Enter Choice:`
		
		Example output for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP in IPv4 configuration:
		
		`Enter Choice: 1`
		
		`Verifying connectivity with mate...`
		`EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.47`
		`EPAP B provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.48`
		`EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.128`
		`EPAP provisioning network default router: 10.75.141.1`
		
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		
		`EPAP A provisioning network IP Address:10.75.141.47`
		`EPAP provisioning network netmask:255.255.255.128`
		`EPAP provisioning network default router:10.75.141.1`

9. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure Network Interfaces menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		
		`/-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\`
		`/-----------------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | Configure Provisioning Network |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| 2 | Configure Sync Network |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| 3 | Configure DSM Network |`
		`|----|-----------------------------------|`
		`| 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network |`

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		|----|-------------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-------------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|-------------------------------------| | e | Exit | \\---/ Enter Choice: **e** Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB: /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /---\\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|-------------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|-------------------------------------| | 3 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-------------------------------------| | e | Exit | \\---/ Enter Choice: **e**
10. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Set Time Zone.	**EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:**

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 3
11. ☐	**MPS A:** An important Caution statement is displayed. After noting the caution, press Return to continue.	Caution: This action requires a reboot of the affected MPS servers to activate the change. Operation of the EPAP software before the MPS servers are rebooted may have unpredictable consequences. Press return to continue...<return> Are you sure you wish to change the timezone for MPS A and B? [N]: Y

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	You are prompted for confirmation on setting the time zone for the MPS A and MPS B at this site for Mixed EPAP or Non-provisionable EPAP. For Standalone PDB, time zone for MPS A is prompted only. Enter y to confirm the change. (Pressing Return accepts the default of 'N' (no), cancels the action and you are returned to the EPAP Configuration Menu). Type **Y** to set the time zone.	
12. ☐	**MPS A:** The following prompt is displayed. If the time zone is known, it can be entered at the prompt. If the exact time zone value is not known, press Return, and a list of the valid names is displayed.	`Enter a time zone:`

13. ☐	If an incorrect time zone is entered or if only the Return key is pressed, a list of all available time zone values is displayed.
	
	Note: The time zone change does not take effect until the next time the MPS is rebooted.
		`Valid time zone files are:`
		`Australia/Broken_Hill Australia/LHI Australia/NSW`
		`Australia/North Australia/Queensland Australia/South`
		`Australia/Tasmania Australia/Victoria Australia/West`
		`Australia/Yancowinna Australia/ACT Brazil/Acre`
		`Brazil/DeNoronha Brazil/East Brazil/West`
		`Canada/Atlantic Canada/Central Canada/East-Saskatchewan`
		`Canada/Eastern Canada/Mountain Canada/Newfoundland`
		`Canada/Pacific Canada/Yukon Chile/Continental`
		`Chile/EasterIsland Etc/GMT Etc/GMT+1`
		`--------Sample Output continues---------`
		`---------------End of output below-----------------`
		`MST MST7MDT NZ`
		`NZ-CHAT PRC PST8PDT`
		`Poland Portugal ROC`
		`ROK Singapore Turkey`
		`W-SU WET africa`
		`asia australasia backward`
		`etcetera europe factory`
		`northamerica pacificnew solar87`
		`solar88 solar89 southamerica`
		`GB-Eire GMT GMT+0`

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		GMT+1 GMT+10 GMT+11 GMT+12 GMT+13 GMT+2 GMT+3 GMT+4 GMT+5 GMT+6 GMT+7 GMT+8 GMT+9 GMT-0 GMT-1 GMT-10 GMT-11 GMT-12 GMT-2 GMT-3 GMT-4 GMT-5 GMT-6 GMT-7 GMT-8 GMT-9 Greenwich Jamaica Navajo UCT UTC Universal Zulu Enter a time zone file (relative to /usr/share/lib/zoneinfo): **US/Eastern**
14. ☐	**SERVER A: Enter choice 7, Configure NTP Server Menu.** **NOTE: If an NTP server does not need to be added at this time, you can skip all steps related to option 7 Configure NTP Server Menu, and proceed to the PDB Configuration Menu at step 20.**	**EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:** /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 7

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15. ☐	**MPS A**: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server. Note: Enter choice "1" to configure IPv4 NTP server. Otherwise, enter choice "2" to configure IPv6 NTP server.	/-----EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display External NTP Server | |----|---------------------------------| | 2 | Add External NTP Server | |----|---------------------------------| | 3 | Remove External NTP Server | |----|---------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: **2** /-----Add External NTP Server Menu-\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice:
16. ☐	**MPS A:** You are prompted to confirm the action of adding a new NTP Server. (Pressing Return would accept the default of '**N**' or 'no', and would cancel the action to add an external NTP server.) Type **Y** and press return. **NOTE:** All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y Enter the EPAP NTP Server IP Address: <NTP_server_IP_Addr> External NTP Server [<NTP_server_IP_Addr>] has been added. Press return to continue...<return>
17. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed.	/-----EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display External NTP Server | |----|---------------------------------| | 2 | Add External NTP Server | |----|---------------------------------| | 3 | Remove External NTP Server |

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server.	|----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \\----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1
18. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify the External NTP Server IP address is correct and press Return. **NOTE:** All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	ntpserver1 <Ipaddress> Press return to continue...**<return>**
19. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/-----EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /----------------------------------\ | 1 | Display External NTP Server | |----|--------------------------------| | 2 | Add External NTP Server | |----|--------------------------------| | 3 | Remove External NTP Server | |----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \\----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: **e**
20. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configuration Menu. **Note: Execute the step to do PDB Configuration Menu (except step 27) even if the EPAP is to be configured as Non-Provisionable.**	**PDB Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:**

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration              |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu  |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                      |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys         |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                    |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                      |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server               |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu             |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                           |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                 |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed               |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community     |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery             |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 14 | DB Architecture Menu               |
|----|------------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                               |
\----------------------------------------/

Enter choice: 8
```

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21. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1. **Note: Configure the PDB network in the same format as that of the provisioning network format.**	**PDB Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:** /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-------------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|-------------------------------| | 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State | |----|-------------------------------| | 4 | Create PDB | |----|-------------------------------| | 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-------------------------------| | 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |----|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ **PDB Configuration menu for Non-Provisionable EPAP:** /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-------------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|-------------------------------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 **PDB Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB (for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):** /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-------------------------------| | 2 | Create PDB | |----|-------------------------------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

22. ☐	**MPS A:** The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	**PDB Network Configuration menu:** /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|--------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1
23. ☐	**Note: Do not provide the remote PDBA IP address in case user is performing migration.** **MPS A:** Provide the IP address of the MPS A on EAGLE A and the IP address for the MPS A on EAGLE B where the remote PDBA database is to reside. Enter the password for MPS A on EAGLE B. If configuration of the PDB network is successful, the output confirms the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged, as shown in the output for Provisionable(mixed-EPAP and PDBonly) MPSs Note: If the default values shown are correct press return to accept them. Otherwise, enter the values and press Return.	Following is the output on Mixed EPAP. Verifying connectivity with mate... This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to <IP>. The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not configured. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <IP>. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <A IP Address> EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <B IP Address> The server does not know of <A IP Address> Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: <epapdev password> Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP. Verifying connectivity with mate... This MPS is configured to be non-provisionable. You will be prompted for both of the remote PDBA addresses. Order does not matter. Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <IP Address> Enter the other of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <IP Address> Following is the output on Standalone PDB. This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to <IP> The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <IP>.

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	In case of Non-Provisionable EPAP,provide the IP address of Active and Standby PDBA.	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
24. ☐	**MPS A:** Press Return to return to the Configure PDB Menu. Enter choice 2, RTDB Homing Menu.	Skip this step if EPAP configured as Standalone PDB. /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|--------------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|--------------------------------| | 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State | |----|--------------------------------| | 4 | Create PDB | |----|--------------------------------| | 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|--------------------------------| | 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: **2**
25. ☐	**MPS A:** The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter choice 3, Configure Standby RTDB Homing.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. **For Non-Prov Nodes:** /-----RTDB Homing Menu--------------\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure Specific RTDB Homing | |----|--------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Active RTDB Homing | |----|--------------------------------| | 3 | Configure Standby RTDB Homing | |----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 2 In the event that the Active PDB is unavailable, should updates be allowed to the RTDBs from the Standby PDBA? [Y]: N Caution: If this option is selected, the Standby PDB will not provision the RTDBs at this site in the event that the Active PDB is not available. Are you sure you want to disallow updates to the RTDBs from the Standby PDB? [N]: Y The RTDBs will home to the Active and will not allow updates from the Standby PDB. Press return to continue...^[

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		For Mixed EPAP : MPS Side A: hostname: Floater05 hostid: 4b0a6e8d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.6.0.0.0_110.6.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.12-17.0.0.0.0_170.12.0 Wed Mar 29 05:59:19 EDT 2023 /-----RTDB Homing Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure Specific RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | 2 | Configure Active RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | 3 | Configure Standby RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 1 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y Since this is an unpaired EPAP, specific homing will be directed to the local PDB. The RTDB Homing policy is set to 'specific' and will prefer updates from 10.75.141.110 Press return to continue...
26. ☐	**MPS A:** The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter **e** to exit.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. /-------RTDB Homing Menu------------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure Specific RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | 2 | Configure Active RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | 3 | Configure Standby RTDB Homing | |---|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: **e**

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27. ☐	**MPS A:** Enter choice 3. Create PDB. **Note:** Stop the EPAP software by answering 'Y', If you get the message to stop it. **Note:** While creating PDB database using the Create PDB option of the EPAP Configuration Menu, ensure that the value for remote PBD IP is set to 0.0.0.0.	**Note: Perform this step only for the Provisionable EPAP (Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB). Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.** The Menu for Mixed EPAP. /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-------------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|-------------------------------| | 3 | Create PDB | |----|-------------------------------| | 4 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-------------------------------| | 5 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |----|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: Enter Choice: 3 **The Menu for Standalone PDB(for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):** /-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-------------------------------| | 2 | Create PDB | |----|-------------------------------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 2 localIp = 10.75.141.47 localName=Natal-47A remoteIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote PDB remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB mysqld is alive Local PDB database does not exist. Creating the local database ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA process is already stopped. Removing local pdba status file. Creating the remote database

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28. ☐	NOTE:
	The example output to the right has been truncated for brevity.
		TRUNCATED OUTPUT
		
		`MyISAM file: /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/stats/pdbaStats.MYI is already checked`
		`Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done`
		`Removing local pdba status file.`
		`Removing remote pdba status file.`

29. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice **e**, Exit. The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice **e**, Exit.	The Configure PDB Menu for Mixed EPAP:
		
		`/-----Configure PDB Menu-----------\`
		`/-----------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | Configure PDB Network |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 2 | RTDB Homing Menu |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 4 | Create PDB |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| e | Exit |`
		`\-----------------------------------/`
		
		`Enter Choice: e`
		
		The Configure PDB Menu for Standalone PDB:
		
		`/-----Configure PDB Menu-----------\`
		`/-----------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | Configure PDB Network |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 2 | Create PDB |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State |`
		`|---|---------------------------|`
		`| e | Exit |`
		`\-----------------------------------/`
		
		`Enter Choice: e`

30. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice **1**, Display Configuration.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 1
31. ☐	**MPS A:** The configuration information is displayed. Verify that the configuration data displayed is correct.	**For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP configured in IPv4 configuration, the configuration data shall look like:** EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 10.75.141.55 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 10.75.141.56 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address v6 = Not configured Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.128 Provisioning Network Prefix = Not configured Provisioning Network Default Router = 10.75.141.1 Provisioning Network Default Router v6 = Not configured EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

```
Backup Prov Network Prefix v6              = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router         = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router v6      = Not configured
EPAP A Sync Network Address                = 192.168.2.100
EPAP B Sync Network Address                = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address            = 192.168.120.100
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address            = 192.168.120.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address          = 192.168.121.100
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address          = 192.168.121.200
EPAP IP Version                            = IPv4
EPAP A HTTP Port                           = 80
EPAP B HTTP Port                           = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port                    = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port                    = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port              = 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port              = 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address                  = Not configured
EPAP B Static NAT Address                  = Not configured
PDBI Port                                  = 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address            = Not configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port                     = 80
Local Provisioning VIP                     = Not configured
Remote Provisioning VIP                    = Not configured
Local PDBA Address                         = 10.75.141.55
Local PDBA Address v6                      =
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
Remote PDBA Address                        = 0.0.0.0
Remote PDBA B Address                      = 0.0.0.0
Time Zone                                  = America/New_York
PDB Database                               = Exists
Preferred PDB                              = 10.75.141.55
Allow updates from alternate PDB           = Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled                   = No
PDBA Proxy Enabled                         = No

Press return to continue...<return>
```

For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall look like:

```
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address     = 10.250.51.130
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address     = Not configured
Provisioning Network Netmask               = 255.255.255.128
Provisioning Network Prefix                = Not configured
Provisioning Network Default Router        = 10.250.51.1
Provisioning Network Default Router v6     = Not configured
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address      = Not configured
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6   = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Netmask                = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Prefix v6              = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router         = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router v6      = Not configured
Network Configuration Type                 = SINGLE
EPAP IP Version                            = IPv4
EPAP A HTTP Port                           = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port                    = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port              = 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address                  = Not configured
PDBI Port                                  = 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address            = Not configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port                     = Not configured
Local PDBA Address                       = 10.250.51.130
Local PDBA Address v6                    = Not configured
Remote PDBA Address                      = 0.0.0.0
Time Zone                                = US/Eastern
PDB Database                             = Exists
Auto DB Recovery Enabled                 = No
```

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Press return to continue... **<return>**
32. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice **e**, Exit.	**EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisional EPAP:** /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: **e** For Non-Provisionable EPAP, the following is displayed. INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait... INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services... Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services... Done.

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
33.	**Run the following commands on Non-Prov Nodes only:** sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 5000000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 1, 5000000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/lib/syscheck_config_non_prov sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 5000000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 1, 5000000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/syscheck/procrun.d/syscheck_config_prov	[root@Manaus-a ~]# sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 5000000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 1, 5000000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/lib/syscheck_config_non_prov [root@Manaus-a ~]# sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 5000000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 5000000000000002, -, -, -, -, 1, 5000000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/syscheck/procrun.d/syscheck_config_prov
34.	**Move the pdba binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server**	[epapdev@Quito-a~]# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin [epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Note: This step is valid only when the user is performing migration.	
35. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice **6**, Platform Menu.	**EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:** /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: **6**
36. ☐	**MPS A:** The Platform Menu is displayed. Enter Choice 2, Reboot MPS.	Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP: /-----EPAP Platform Menu-\ /----------\ | 1 | Initiate Upgrade | |----|----------| | 2 | Reboot MPS | |----|----------| | 3 | MySQL Backup | |----|----------|

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		| 4 | RTDB Backup | |----|----------| | 5 | PDB Backup | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \\-------------------------/ Enter Choice: **2** CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. Are you sure you want to reboot the MPS? [N]: Menu for Standalone PDB: /-----EPAP Platform Menu-\ /-------------------------\ | 1 | Initiate Upgrade | |----|----------| | 2 | Reboot MPS | |----|----------| | 3 | MySQL Backup | |----|----------| | 4 | PDB Backup | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \\-------------------------/ Enter Choice: **2** CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up.
37. ☐	**MPS A:** For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP you are prompted whether MPS A, MPS B or BOTH sides are to be rebooted. Select the default value of **BOTH** by pressing Return. **Note: In case of the Standalone PDB, no prompt is given and the server goes down for a reboot.**	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP, a prompt is displayed: Reboot MPS A, MPS B or [BOTH]: **<return>** For Standalone PDB, the following is displayed. Reboot local MPS... Broadcast message from root (pts/1) (Thu May 29 16:13:51 2014): The system is going down for reboot NOW!
38.	**Move the pdba_stopped binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server** **Note: This step is valid only when user is performing migration**	[epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

39. ☐	**MPS A:** The console logon appears at the system prompt signifying the EPAP initial configuration is completed.	`<hostname> login: admusr`
		`Password:`
		
		Note: The console logon will be preceded by many lines of reboot output.

40.	Perform the procedure to exchange keys between OL 8 based PDBonly and OL6 based Non-Prov.	Perform the steps to exchange keys between OL 8 based PDBonly and OL6 based Non-Prov listed in Appendix A.53.

41.	Verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY	Run the below commands to verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY:
		
		`uiEdit | grep PDB_SUB_CAPACITY`
		`uiEdit |grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE`
		`uiEdit | grep DB_ARCHITECTURE`
		
		In case of Extreme DB, EPAP 17.1 supports 510M DNs. Hence, make sure to change the PDB_SUB_CAPACITY by performing the steps mentioned in Section 6.6 in EPAP Administration Guide.

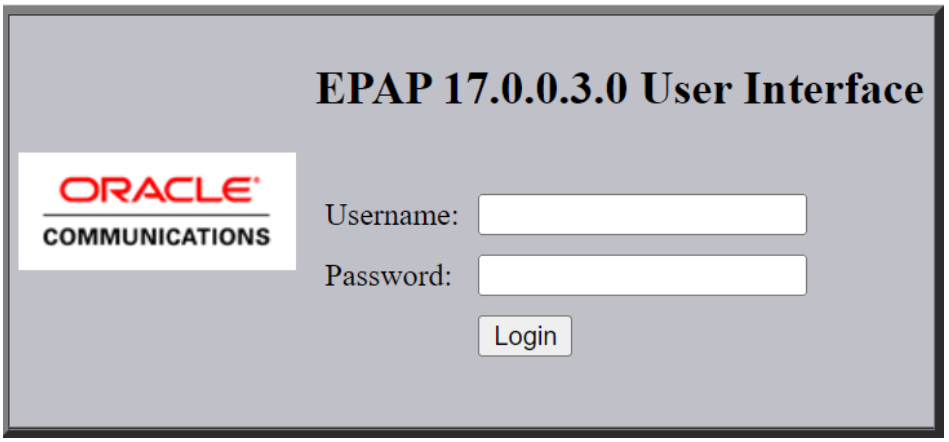
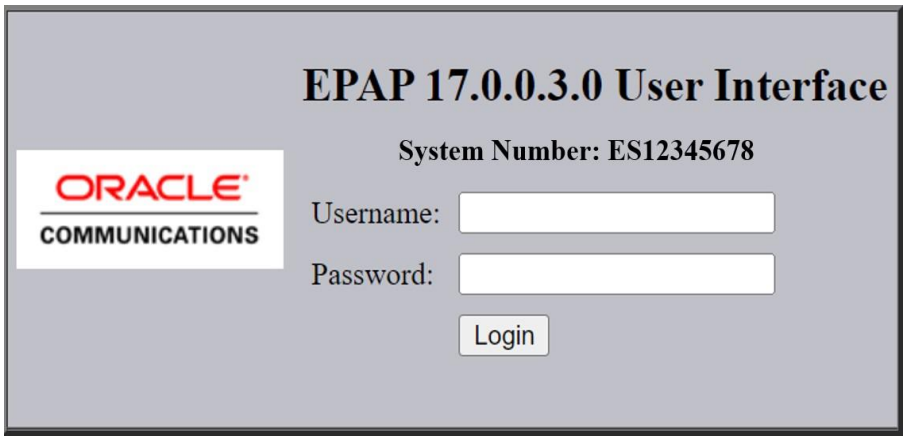
42. ☐	**Connected PDBonly:** Configure DSM Min Mem Size	Perform 0 only if the Non-Prov EPAP is installed and is connected to Standalone PDB server. Otherwise, skip this step if – a. This is Mixed EPAP b. This is non-prov EPAP and connected to mixed EPAP.
43. ☐	Reconnect console cables.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
44. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
45. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI

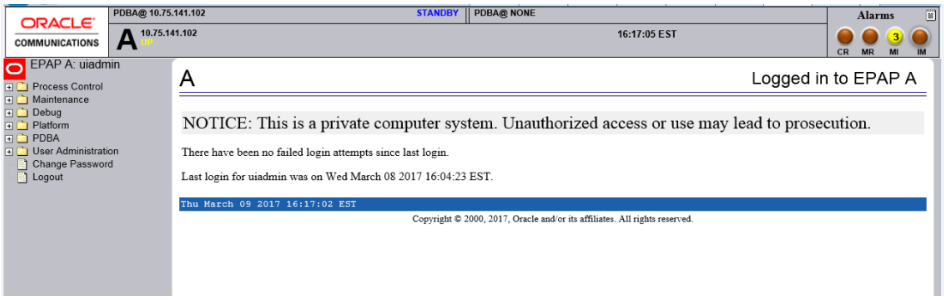
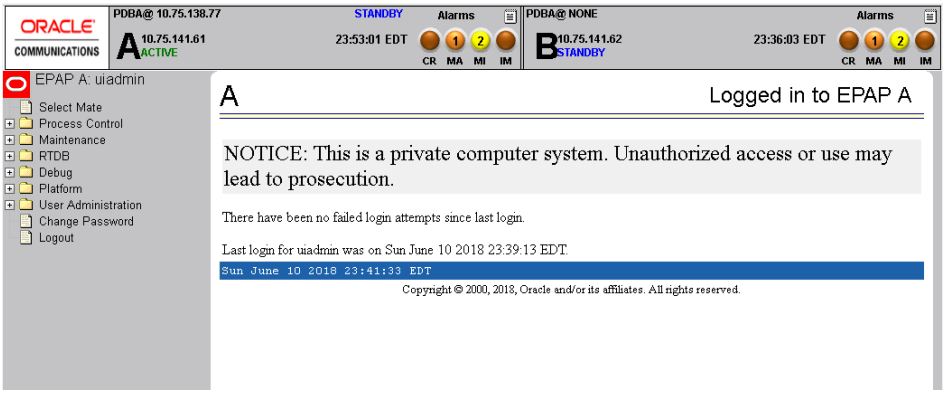
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

S T E	This procedure provision 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

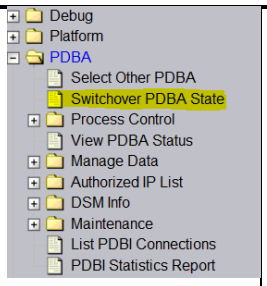
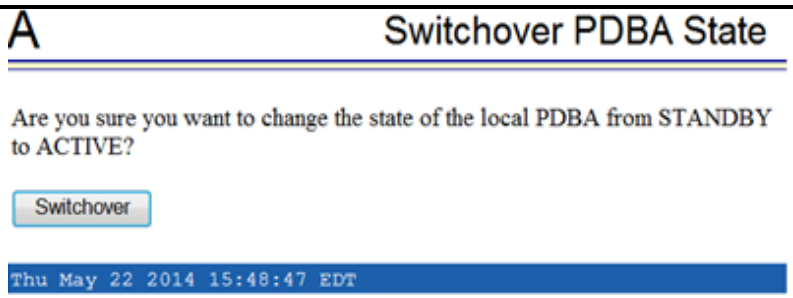
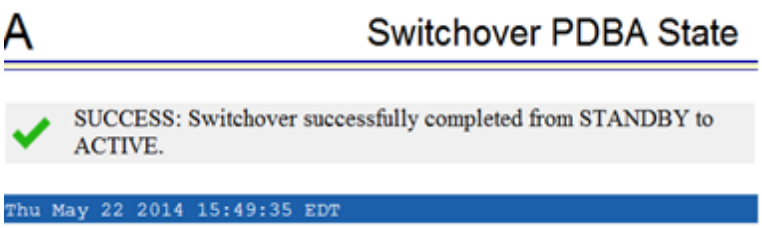
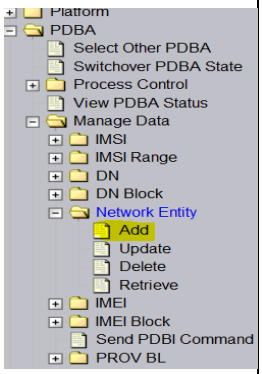
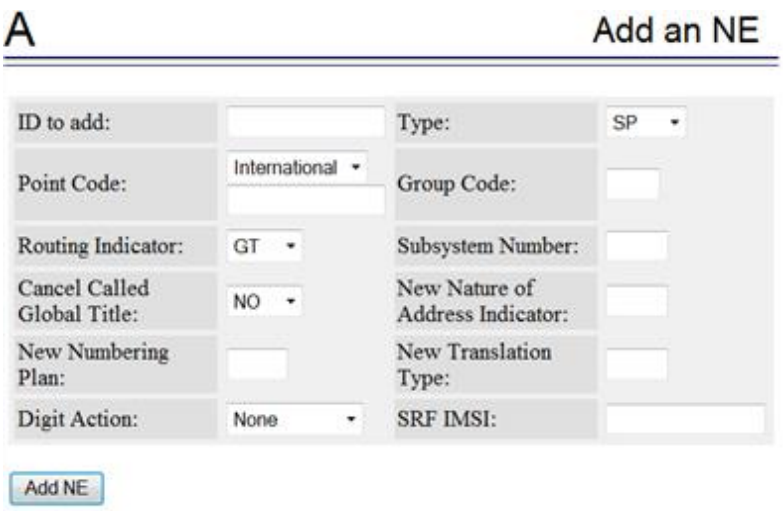
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appear.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like:  The GUI screen on Standalone PDB should look like: 

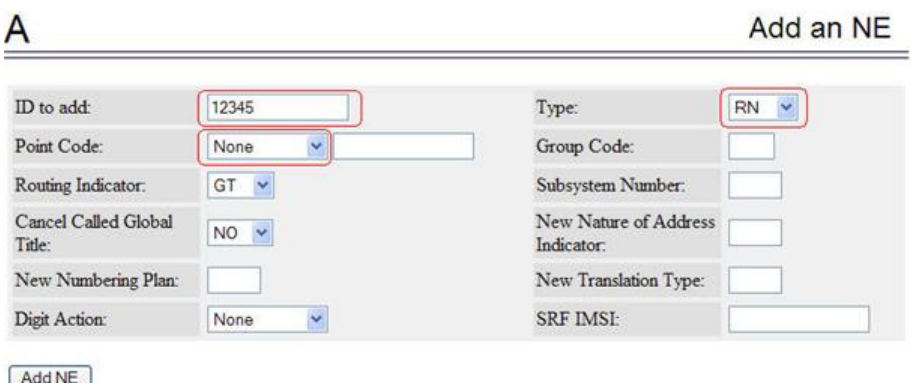
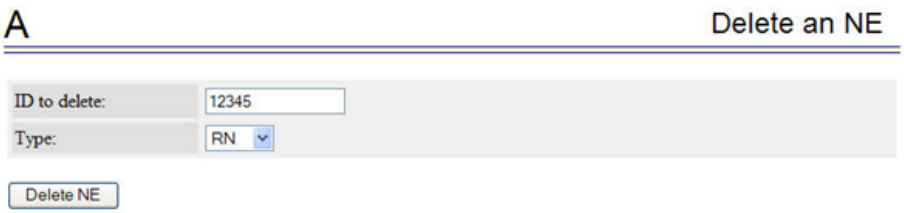
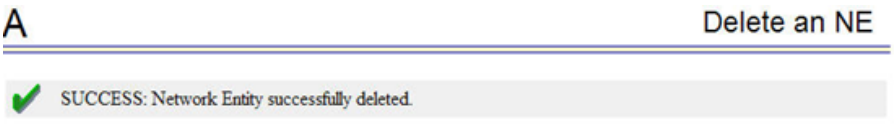
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

2. ☐	Log in as uiadmin.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like: The GUI screen on Standalone PDB should look like:  The GUI screen on Non-Prov EPAP should look like: 
3. ☐	On the Site designated by the customer Active PDB GUI select “Switchover PDBA State” to make the PDBA Active.	The screen should look like:

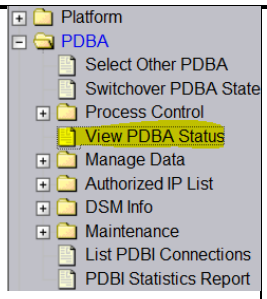
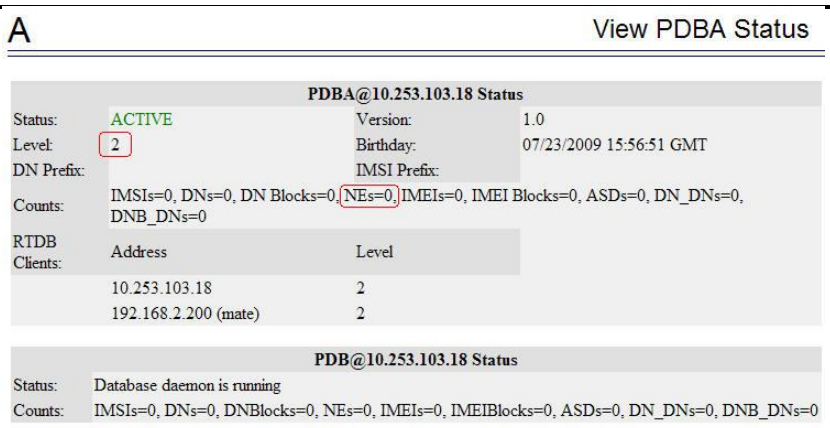
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

		
4. ☐	Click on the "Switchover" button.	The screen should look like: 
5. ☐	PDBA should become ACTIVE.	The screen should look like:
6. ☐	On the ACTIVE PDBA site, select PDBA→Manage Data→Network Entity→Add 	The screen should look like: 

Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

7. ☐	Enter ID as "12345", select Type "RN" and select Point Code as "None".	The screen should look like: 
8. ☐	Click on the "Add NE" button. Network Entity should be successfully added.	The screen should look like:
9. ☐	Select PDBA→Manage Data→Network Entity→Delete	The screen should look like:
10. ☐	Enter ID as "12345" and select Type "RN".	The screen should look like: 
11. ☐	Click on the "Delete NE" button. Network Entity should be successfully deleted.	The screen should look like: 
12. ☐	View PDBA Status	The screen should look like:

Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

		
13. ☐	Procedure complete	Procedure is complete.
14. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture

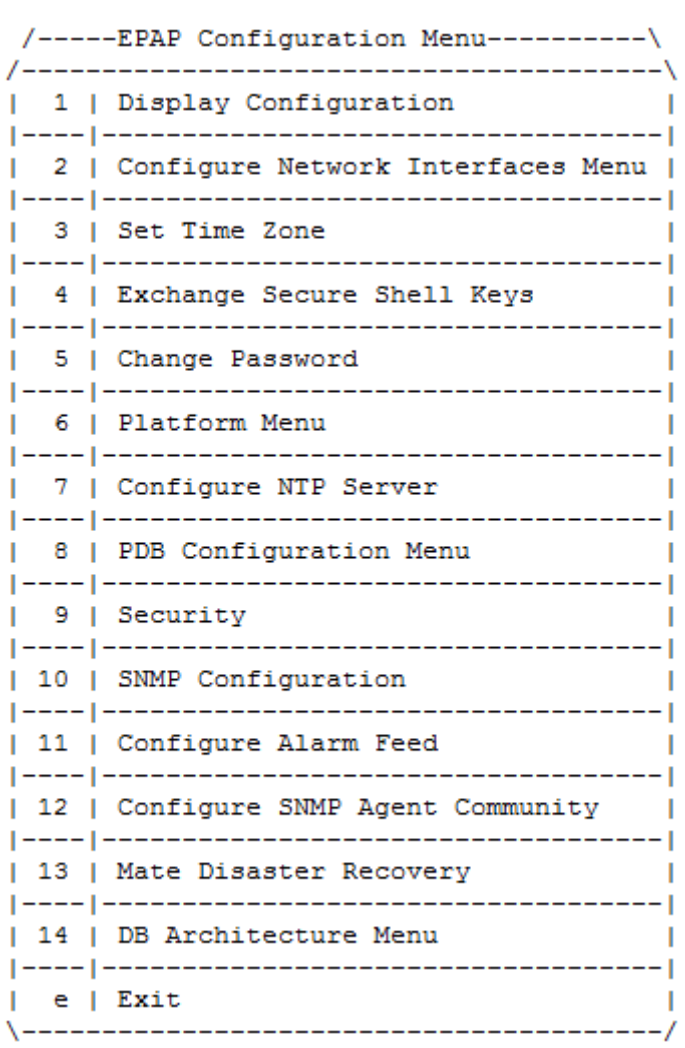
Procedure 13: Change the DB Architecture

NOTE: Skip this procedure in following three cases:
1. EPAP 17.1 is a Mixed EPAP.
2. Extreme architecture is not required.

S T E P #	This procedure change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	**MPS A:** Log in as epapdev user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev` `password: password`

2.	**MPS A:** Log in to epapconfig.	`$ sudo su - epapconfig`
		
		`Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.`

3.	**MPS A:** The EPAP	`Note: Start Pdba software before executing this operation.` **EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisionable:**

	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 14 or 15, DB Architecture Menu **Note: Select choice 14 on Non-provisionable EPAP and 15 on PDBonly.**	 **EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:**

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter choice: 15
4.	**MPS A:** The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Display current DB Architecture Note: Default DB Architecture is displayed.	/-----DB Architecture Menu-------------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Current DB Architecture | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Change DB Architecture to eXtreme | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 1

		DB Architecture: COMPACT
5.	**MPS A:** The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Change DB Architecture to eXtreme **NOTE:** It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is running. Stop it by answering 'Y'.	Skip this step if DB Architecture already set to eXtreme. /-----DB Architecture Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Current DB Architecture | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Change DB Architecture to eXtreme | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 2 **Example output Non-Provisionable EPAP:** Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. WARNING: In order to complete this change in DB Architecture, you must perform RTDB conversion. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: y INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. **Example output Standalone PDB:**

		Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. Please verify that all connected Non-Provisional Sites are running on eXtreme Architecture. It will take 30 minutes or more to populate the PDB 9Dig tables. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: Y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y INFO: Populating the DN 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMSI 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMEI 9 Digit tables... INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. Press return to continue...
6.	**MPS A:** The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	/-----DB Architecture Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Current DB Architecture | |----|----------| | 2 | Change DB Architecture to eXtreme | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: e
7.	**MPS A:** EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: e
8.	**MPS A:** Start Epap and Pdba software. **Note: Move to step 11 if it is configured as PDBonly. Otherwise continue to next step.**	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: **$ systemctl start Pdba** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful. **$ systemctl start Pdba** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
9.	**MPS B:** Log on Server B.	**[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev** **password:** ***password***

10.	**MPS B:** Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: **$ systemctl start Epap** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
11.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

7 SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES

Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

S T E P #	This procedure executes the steps required to assess the readiness of a system to be upgraded. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS B**: Log in as the user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then log in. **<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>**
2. ☐	**MPS B:** Display the /etc/hosts configuration for the pdb entities.	If upgrading the first MPS B of a Provisionable mated pair, Run the following command to display the configuration of pdb entries: **$ grep pdb /etc/hosts** Otherwise, skip to step 4.
3. ☐	**MPS B:** Verify the correct configuration for pdb entities in the /etc/hosts file.	Below is an example of the output of the grep command: 192.168.55.176 host1-a pdba 192.168.61.76 host2-a prova-ip pdbb If the command output contains 2 entries (pdba and pdbb are both configured), continue to the next step **.** If the command output does not contain unique entries for pdba and pdbb, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.
4. ☐	**MPS B:** Display the contents of the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	Run the following command to display the presence of EPAP software ISO images: **$ ls –la /var/TKLC/upgrade** **Note:** The file permissions and ownership may vary due to the different methods used to transfer the file. Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.2: [root@Natal-A upgrade]# ls -la total 1785996 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:19 . dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00 .. -r--r----- 1 root root 904644608 Jun 23 01:19 EPAP-16.2.0.0.1_162.26.0-x86_64.iso

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

5. ☐	**MPS B:** Delete old ISO images.	Remove any ISO images that are not the target software ISO image using the following command: **# sudo rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/<filename>** Refer to step 6 to display the content of /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Removed ISO should not be displayed.
6. ☐	**MPS B:** Determine when last reboot occurred. For any server up longer than 180 days would be a candidate for reboot during a maintenance window.	**$ uptime** 15:19:34 up 23 days, 3:05, 2 users, load average: 0.10, 0.13, 0.09
7. ☐	**MPS B:** Disk Integrity step: Executing self-test on the disk.	Run the following command: **$ sudo smartctl -t short /dev/sda** The output on E5-APP-B card would be like: smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C)2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net === START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION === Sending command: "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode". Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode" successful. Testing has begun. Please wait 1 minutes for test to complete. Test will complete after Sat Feb 25 22:08:20 2017 Use smartctl -X to abort test. **Note: Please wait for 5 minutes for the test to complete.**
8. ☐	**MPS B:** Disk Integrity step. Contact My Oracle Support if the output shows any error/failure.	Run the following command: **$ sudo smartctl -l selftest /dev/sda** The output on E5-APP-B card would be like: smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net === START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION === SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

		`# 1  Short offline  Completed without error  00%  12435`

9. ☐	**MPS B:** Disk Integrity step
	
	Contact My Oracle Support if any output shows **"Completed: read failure"** or **"Error: UNC xxx sectors".**
		Run the following command:
		$ sudo smartctl -a /dev/sda | grep -i LBA
		
		The output would be like:
		
		`241 Total_LBAs_Written  0x0032  100  100  000  Old_age  Always  -  340851`
		`242 Total_LBAs_Read  0x0032  100  100  000  Old_age  Always  -  1689714`
		`Num  Test_Description  Status  Remaining LifeTime(hours)  LBA_of_first_error`
		`SPAN  MIN_LBA  MAX_LBA  CURRENT_TEST_STATUS`

10. ☐	**MPS B:** Disk Integrity Test.	Repeat steps 9 to 11 for the /dev/sdb disk drive on E5-APP-B card:
11. ☐	**MPS B:** Logout from "admusr".	Logout from the "admusr" user by executing the following command: **$ exit**
12. ☐	**MPS A:** Repeat checks on Server A.	Repeat steps-1 to 13 on MPS A.
13. ☐	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
14. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 15 Preupgrade Backups

Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

S T E P #	This procedure performs the pre and post upgrade backups. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Backup system configuration on MPS A.	Execute 0 to backup the system configuration on MPS A.
2. ☐	**MPS B:** Backup system configuration on MPS B.	Execute 0 to backup the system configuration on MPS B.

Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

3. ☐	**MPS B: Backup RTDB database.** **Note:** If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	Perform Procedure A.7 to backup the RTDB database on MPS B. Note: Perform this step only while upgrading Mixed and Non-Prov Nodes.
4. ☐	**MPS A:** Backup EuiDB database. **Note:** If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	Perform Procedure A.8 to backup the EuiDB database on MPS A.
5. ☐	**MPS A: Backup PDB database.** **Note: If one of the provisioning sites is already upgraded to EPAP 17.0.0.x, follow Appendix A.6 to take PDB backup from upgraded Provisioning site**	In case of upgrading via migration from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.y (where 0<= x <=5 and y >= 6) or from 17.0.0.x (where 0<= x <=5) to 17.1.y, perform Procedure A.51 to back up the PDB database. In other cases, perform Procedure A.27 PDB Backup before upgrade to back up the PDB database. **Note**: Only perform this step if the MPS-A is configured as a Provisionable node. Check the output of Procedure 2, step 9 to verify if MPS A is provisionable or not.
6. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`
7.	Transfer the backup to remote server	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the backups to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter “yes” when prompted if you want to continue to connect.

Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

		$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		
		$ sftp <IP address of remote computer>
		Connecting to <IP address of remote computer>...
		The authenticity of host '<IP address of remote computer>' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? **yes**
		Warning: Permanently added <IP address of remote computer>' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.
		root@**<IP address of remote computer>**'s
		password: sftp> cd <target directory>
		sftp> put backup_file
		Note: put backups one by one
		Uploading backup_file
		sftp> bye
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command:
		
		$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/epap/free/<Backup file>
		$ su – epapdev
		$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<backup file> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/

8.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure 16 Preupgrade system time check

Procedure 16: Pre-upgrade System Time Check

S T E P #	This procedure performs the pre-upgrade system time check. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**
	The MPS servers make use of NTP to keep time synchronized between servers. Under some circumstances, either at initial installation in the customer's network or due to power interruption and battery failure, it is possible for an MPS server to have a system date/time value too large for NTP to correct. If the system time is 20 minutes or more off from the real time, NTP cannot correct it. **Check the date/time on *both* MPS-A and MPS-B servers, and correct the system time on any server off by more than 15 minutes from the real time.**
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in, then login at MPS A: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**

2. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. **$ date** Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
3. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in, then login at MPS B: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
4. ☐	**MPS B:** Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. **$ date** Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
5. ☐	Compare result to the real time.	Compare the result from the "date" command in the previous step to the real time. If the difference is 15 minutes or less, then this procedure is complete, otherwise if the difference exceeds 15 minutes, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section
6. ☐	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Procedure 17: Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Note: This step is only required before converting DB architecture from Compact to Extreme

S T E P #	This procedurechecks the 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
Verify the PDB data are within 9dig limitation Maximum 9dig limit for DN: 65K Maximum 9dig limit for IMSI: 65K Maximum 9dig limit for IMEI: 250K		
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as the user "epapdev" on standalone PDB.	If not already logged in, then login at MPS A: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
2. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute the "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB.	Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result. **Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.** $ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c Get reference from the following snapshot: [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries. ********** Utility Start Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 Parsing DN digits into 9digits... INFO: DN 9dig count 2. Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits... INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9. Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits... INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1. Utility End Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]$ **If any of the data type from DN/IMSI and IMEI exeeds the 9Dig limit, then DB Architecture cannot be changed to eXtreme.**

3. ☐	**MPS A:** Start Pdba software.	**Run the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 servers:** **$ service Pdba start** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful. **Run the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 17.1 servers:** **$ systemctl start Pdba**
4. ☐	**MPS A:** Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
5. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: $ date

Procedure 18 Upgrade Server B

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

S T E P #	This procedure upgrades MPS B server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE**.	
1. ☐	Notify the potential users not to start the PDBA software during the duration of the upgrade. The Prov servers (Mixed EPAP or PDBonly) upgrade must complete before the Non-Provisionable EPAP. For more details, see Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers.	
2. ☐	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx** Skip to step 7, if connected through serial console.
3. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

	connection by logging into MPS A. Log in to MPS A.	**# ssh admusr@<MPS A>** **Password: <password>**
4. ☐	**MPS A**: Start screen session. **MPS A**: Connect to the console of MPS B.	Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B. **$ screen -L** Run the following command on E5-APP-B: **$ sudo minicom mate** If above command fails, then refer to Procedure A.24.
5. ☐	**MPS B**: Login prompt is displayed.	**<hostname> console login:** Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
6. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
7. ☐	**MPS B**: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform 0 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
8. ☐	**MPS B:** Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or a Major upgrade	Check 0, Step 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a split mirror upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 11
9. ☐	**MPS B**: Disable syscheck fs module.	Run the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. **$ su – root** **Password:** **# syscheckAdm --disable disk fs**
10. ☐	**MPS B:** Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps: 1. # vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: **BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR** NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		Run the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully: **# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf** The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~]# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR **# su – admusr**
11. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server as the user "admusr".	Log in to MPS A: **<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>**
12. ☐	**MPS A**: Check if eagle_alarm_feed variable is present in EuiDB.	Run the following command to check if uiEdit variable is present or not. $ uiEdit | grep "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON" **Note**: If no output is displayed after above command is run, then run next step else skip next step.
13. ☐	**MPS A:** Insert EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable in EuiDB	NOTE: Skipping this step if EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable is not present in EuiDB will cause upgrade to fail Run the following command to insert the missing variable in EuiDB. $ /usr/bin/mysql -uroot –p<password> -B EuiDB -e "insert into econfig values ('EAGLE_ALARM_FEED','ON')" Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below: $ echo $? 0 Repeat Step 12 to check if value is inserted successfully in DB. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section if this step fails.
14. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	# sudo su – epapconfig Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200

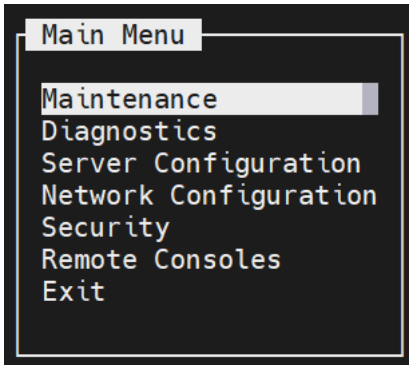
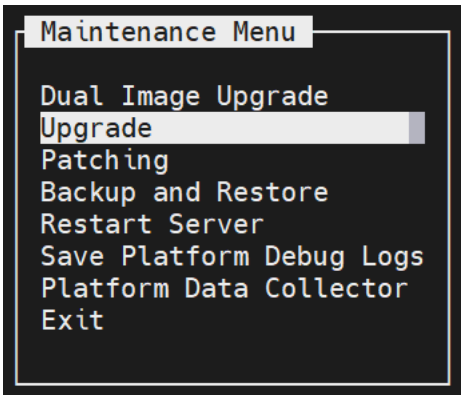
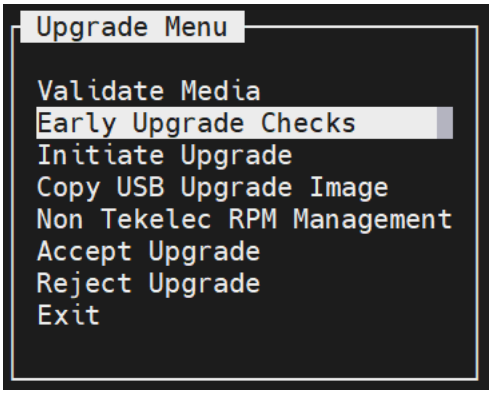
Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152 Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172 Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116 Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = **Yes** If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then **Execute 0 on both PDBA Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy features.** Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
15. ☐	**MPS A**: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.26 to clear replication logs Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
16. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose “e” to exit.	MPS Side A:

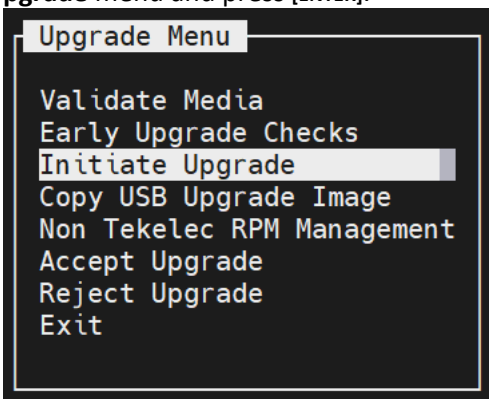
Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: e
17. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in to the server as the user "admusr".	Log in to MPS B if not already logged in: **<hostname> console login: admusr** **password: <password>**
18. ☐	**MPS B:** Execute the platcfg menu.	**$ sudo su - platcfg**

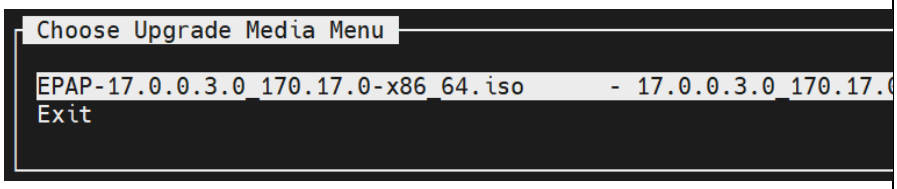
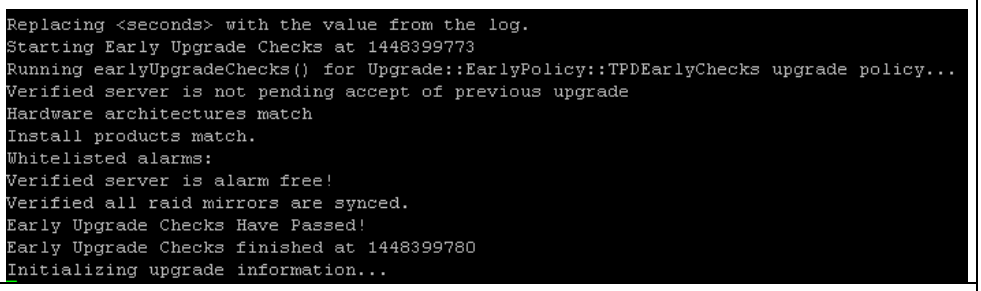
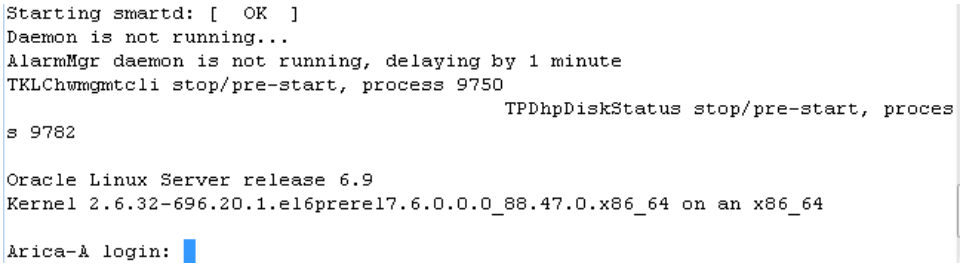
Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

19. ☐	**MPS B**: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. 
20. ☐	**MPS B**: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
21. ☐	**MPS B**: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.  If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then execute step 22. Otherwise, skip to step 23.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.
22. ☐	**MPS B:** Allow List NTP Alarms	1) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: a. Exit the platcfg menu b. Change to root user using the "su –" command. c. vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf d. Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2 For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10 Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10 2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14
23. ☐	**MPS B**: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the **Initiate Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
24. ☐	**MPS B**: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section 
25. ☐	**MPS B**: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. 
26. ☐	**MPS B**: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.
27. ☐	**MPS B**: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. 
28. ☐	**MPS B**: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	**After upgrade, exit from the console and open new console using EPAP IP and login by epapdev user.** **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
29. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade. If it is major upgrade, then consider following error and warning. **$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v . . . 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' . . . 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' . . . 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. . . 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2. . 1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist **Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:** 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory [NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7] Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored. **$ grep –i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: 1488951825::warning: CAPABILITY: service_hp-asrd_disabled 1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...reparsing xml... 1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1488951903::kexec-tools #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as /etc/kdump.conf.rpmnew 1488952115::ca-certificates ################warning: /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew 1488952136::samhain warning: /etc/samhainrc created as /etc/samhainrc.rpmnew 1488952138::php-common #warning: /etc/php.ini created as /etc/php.ini.rpmnew 1488952209::initscripts ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as /etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew 1488952260::mysql-commercial-server warning: /etc/my.cnf created as /etc/my.cnf.rpmnew 1488952291::ntp warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as /etc/ntp.conf.rpmnew 1488952302::TKLCplat ################warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew 1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf.rpmnew 1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave 1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew 1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities. 1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities . 1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1488952602::sudo warning: /etc/sudoers created as /etc/sudoers.rpmnew 1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updated.. .reparsing xml... 1488952718::TKLCepap-HA ##################################warning: group root} does not exist - using root 1488952942::warning: erase unlink of /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed: No such file or directory 1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config 1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		If it is an incremental upgrade, then consider following error and warning **$ grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v . . . 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' . . . 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'.. . . . 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. . . 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2 1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2. . .1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

```
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

```
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
file or directory
```

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18
to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

```
$  grep –i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
```

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...rep
arsing xml...
1489042124::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated..
.reparsing xml...
```

Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.

30. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Upgrade.	`$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.
		
		`1400786220::  Upgrade returned success!`

31. ☐	**MPS B:** Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 33.

32. ☐	**MPS B**: Enable syscheck fs module.	`Run the following command to enable the syscheck fs module.`
		
		`$ sudo syscheckAdm --enable disk fs`

33. ☐	**MPS B**: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS B	Execute 0 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000002 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring. Also, the syscheck utility will report the "5000000000000002 - Server Application Process Error" alarm as the Epap processes are not running after the upgrade. Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted. Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted. If it is major upgrade Proceed with 0 to upgrade SSL certificate.
34. ☐	**MPS B:** Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command: **$ alarmMgr --alarmStatus | grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept** Following output shall be observed:

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33|tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept|1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33|32532 |Processing Error|Configuration Error Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
35. ☐	**MPS B:** Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform the following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: **1. $ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config** If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. **2. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **3. $ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **4.$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **4. $ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config** If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps **5. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **6. $ sudo sed -i '$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **7. $ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config** **8. $ sudo systemctl restart sshd**
36. ☐	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: **1. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below. **2. $ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** **3. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf**

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented. **4. $ sudo systemctl restart httpd**
37. ☐	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
38. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
39. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 19 Upgrade server A

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

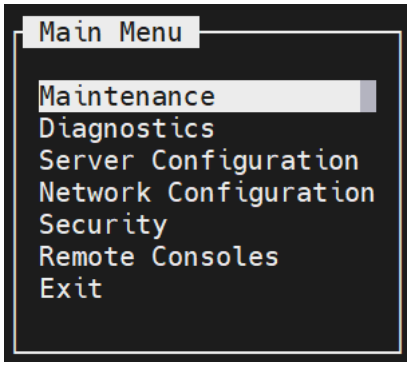
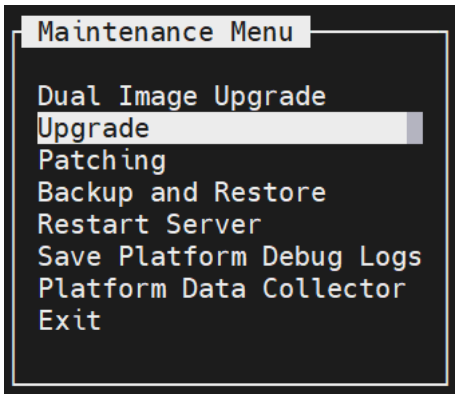
S T E P #	This procedure upgrades the MPS-A server in the EPAP System. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**MPS A**: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform 0 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
2. ☐	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx** Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.
3. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log in to MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. **# ssh epapdev@<MPS B>** **Password: <password>**
4. ☐	**MPS B**: Start screen session.	Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

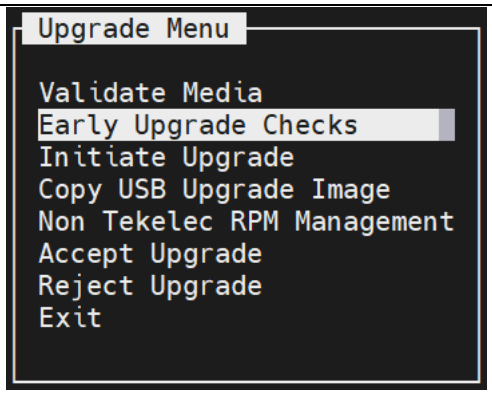
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	**#su - root** **Password**: **$ screen -L** Run the following command on E5-APP-B: **$ sudo minicom mate** If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.
5. ☐	**MPS A**: Login prompt is displayed.	**<hostname> console login:** Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
7. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or a Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 10.
8. ☐	**MPS A**: Disable syscheck fs module.	**$ su – root** **Password:** Run the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. **# syscheckAdm --disable disk fs**
9. ☐	**MPS A:** Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors if this is a Major upgrade.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps: 1. # vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: **BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR** NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

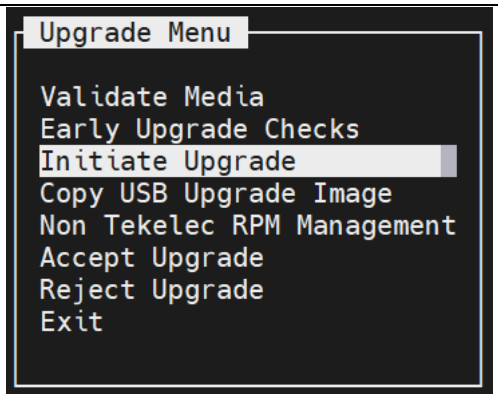
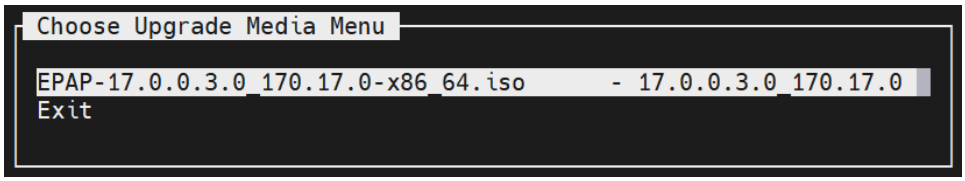
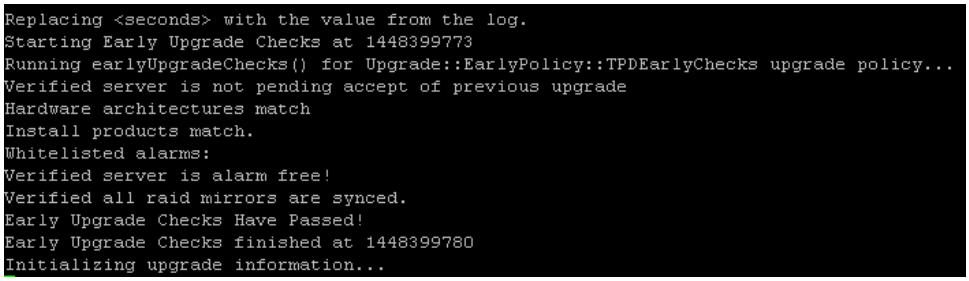
		Run the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		`# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf`
		The output should be:
		`[root@MPS-B ~]# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf`
		`BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR`

10. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute the platcfg menu.	**`$ su - platcfg`**
11. ☐	**MPS A**: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. 
12. ☐	**MPS A**: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
13. ☐	**MPS A**: Select the Early Upgrade Checks submenu.	Select the “Early Upgrade Checks” menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		 If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then execute step 15. Otherwise, skip to step 16. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the early upgrade checks fail, due to any other reason.
14. ☐	**MPS A:** Allow List NTP Alarms	1) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: e. Exit the platcfg menu f. Change to root user using the "su –" command. g. vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf h. Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2 For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10 Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10 2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14
15. ☐	**MPS A**: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the **Initiate Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		
16. ☐	**MPS A**: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below. Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section. 
17. ☐	**MPS A**: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. 
18. ☐	**MPS A**: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

19. ☐	**MPS A**: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter , the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running... AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
20. ☐	**MPS A**: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>** Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
21. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade. If it is major upgrade then consider following **$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** **Following errors shall be observed:** 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v . . 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' . . 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

```
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'

1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'

1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'

.

.

1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown
epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown
epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.

.

.

530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
2

1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
2.

.

.
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error    : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
```

Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was converted from Prov to Non Prov:

```
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory [NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7] Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored. **$ grep –i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: 1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...reparsing xml... 1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1530856895::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. 1530857005::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. 1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1488951903::kexec-tools #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as /etc/kdump.conf.rpmnew 1488952115::ca-certificates ################warning: /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew 1488952136::samhain warning: /etc/samhainrc created as /etc/samhainrc.rpmnew 1488952138::php-common #warning: /etc/php.ini created as /etc/php.ini.rpmnew

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		1488952209::initscripts ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as / etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew 1488952260::mysql-commercial-server warning: /etc/my.cnf created as /etc/my. cnf.rpmnew 1488952291::ntp warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as /etc/n tp.conf.rpmnew 1488952302::TKLCplat ################warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/ etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew 1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/ etc/service_conf.rpmnew 1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave 1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/ alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew 1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities. 1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities . 1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1488952602::sudo warning: /etc/sudoers created as /etc/su doers.rpmnew 1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updated.. .reparsing xml... 1488952718::TKLCepap-HA ##################################warnin g: group root} does not exist - using root 1488952942::warning: erase unlink of /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed No such file or directory 1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf ig 1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf ig If it is an incremental upgrade then consider following **$ grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v . . 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::--------- 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' . . 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' . . 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. . . 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2 1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2. . . 1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist **Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was** **converted from Prov to Non Prov:** 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.asd 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.bucketContent 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.bucketMap 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.commands 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

```
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error    : Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
1529314607::status   : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

```
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
file or directory
```

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18
to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above-mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

```
$  grep –i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
```

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...rep
arsing xml...
1489042124::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated..
.reparsing xml...
```

Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.

22. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify the Upgrade.	`$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.
		
		`1400793814::  Upgrade returned success!`

23. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 26.

24. ☐	**MPS A:** Enable syscheck fs module.	`$ su - root`
		`Password:`
		
		Run the following command to enable the syscheck fs module.
		`# syscheckAdm --enable disk fs`

25. ☐	**MPS A**: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS A	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. On a Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS, expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "5000000000000002 – Server Application Process Error" alarm. If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000002 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring. Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted. If it is major upgrade, Proceed with 0 to upgrade SSL certificate.
26. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command: **$ alarmMgr --alarmStatus | grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept** Following output shall be observed: `SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33|tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept|1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33|32532 |Processing Error|Configuration Error`

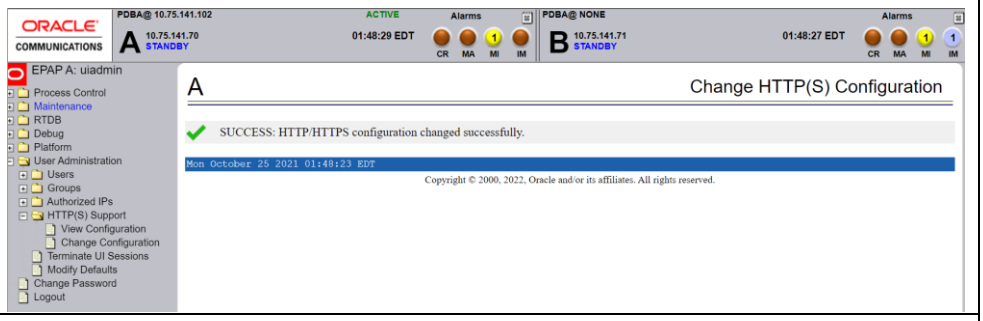
Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
27. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in as epapdev user.	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
28. ☐	**MPS B:** Reboot MPS B server.	Reboot MPS-B to disable the root login. Switch to root user. **$ su – root** **Password:** Reboot the server: **$ reboot** Wait til the reboot gets completed.
29. ☐	**MPS A:** Enable PDBA proxy and VIP features.	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes, in the step 14 of 0, then execute 0 to enable Epap PDBA Proxy and VIP Features. Otherwise, skip this step.
30. ☐	**MPS A:** Check services for query server.	**$ epapdb -c queryservers** If query server is not configured i.e. INFO: No Query Server Configured, then skip this step otherwise Execute 6 to restart MYSQL service for PDB on query server.
31. ☐	**MPS A:** Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: **1. $ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config** If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. **2. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **3. $ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **4.$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config** **4. $ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config** If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps **5. $ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config**

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		6. $ sudo sed -i '$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. $ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. $ sudo systemctl restart sshd
32.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: **1. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below. **2. $ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** **3. $ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf** The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented. **4. $ sudo systemctl restart httpd**
33. ☐	**MPS A:** If HTTP was enabled for EPAP GUI before upgrade, follow this step otherwise skip it.	If HTTP was enabled before upgrade, follow below mentioned steps. • Open EPAP GUI in HTTPS mode. • Navigate to User Administration tab on GUI -> HTTP(S) support -> Change Configuration. • Disable HTTP mode, if it shows HTTP mode as enabled. • Enable the HTTP mode again as shown in image below. The HTTP mode should get enabled successfully. Now you can open the EPAP GUI in HTTP mode.

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

		  
34. ☐	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
35. ☐	Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete. **Note: If upgrading an EPAP Provisionable mated pair and you have just completed this procedure for the Local MPS A and MPS B. Repeat the same procedures to upgrade the Remote Pair. See Section 0 for more information.**
36. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure 20 Run RTDB Converter

Procedure 20: Run RTDB Converter

S T E P #	This procedure runs RTDB converter to update rtdb database as per new schema. This procedure should not be run on PDBonly setup. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.** **Note: This step can be run simultaneously on MPS A and MPS B	
1. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	`<hostname> console login: epapdev` `password: <password>`
2.	**MPS A and B: Switch to root user.**	`[epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]$ su -` `Password: <password>`

3. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Start EPAP Services	`$ systemctl start Epap`
		`~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~`
		
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.

4. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Run RTDB converter script **Note:** RTDB softwares need to be running on MPS A & B in order to run the converter.	`$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin` If system is in compact architecture as noted in step 10 of 0 run below command: **$ ./ rtdbEpap164CompactToCompactConvertTool** If system is in extreme as noted in step 10 of 0 architecture run below command: **$ ./ rtdbEpap164ExtremeToExtremeConvertTool** **Many informational Messages will be displayed on screen. If this script fails contact My Oracle Support.**
5. ☐	Reboot Eagle cards.	Perform the steps in **Procedure 21** on the Eagle STP connected to the EPAP servers to reload SM cards.
6. ☐	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure 21 Reboot EAGLE Cards

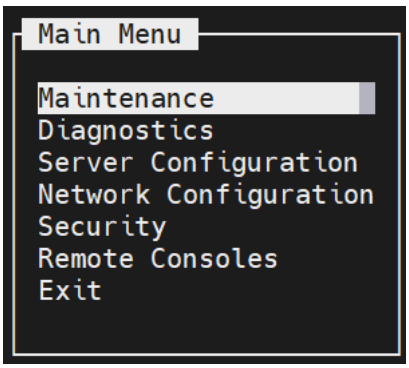
Procedure 21: Reboot EAGLE Cards

S T E P #	This procedure reboots EAGLE cards to reload new RTDB. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**EAGLE**: reboot all SM cards to reload new RTDB.	Note: Before rebooting EAGLE cards, check whether the EPAP softwar running or not. If EPAP software is not running then start it manually commands. Execute the below steps on EPAP: $ **systemctl status Epap** Start the EPAP software, if the above command shows that software i running. If service EPAP shows that software is running, there is no ne next command. $ **systemctl start Epap** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Login onto the connected EAGLE. Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS state. Then boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 cards at a single time).
2. ☐	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
3. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 22 Accept Upgrade

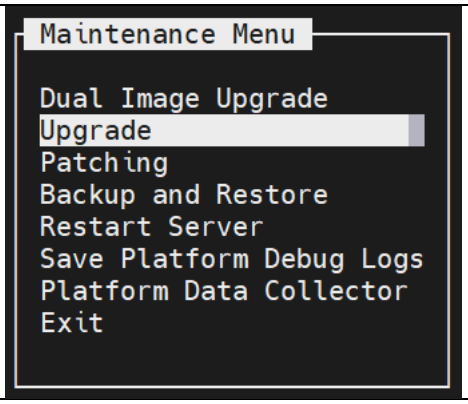
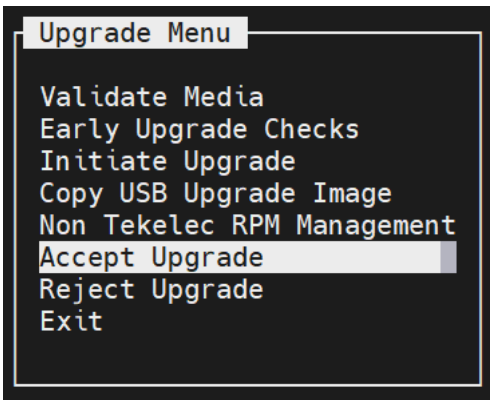
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

S T E P #	This procedure accept the upgrade to perform the upgrade process. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
11. ☐	**MPS:** Log in as admusr.	Log in as admusr if not already loged in. **<hostname> login: admusr** **Password:** Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.
22. ☐	**MPS:** Verify if alarmMgr process running.	**$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr** If the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.
33. ☐	**MPS:** Execute the platcfg menu.	**$ sudo su – platcfg**
44. ☐	**MPS:** Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. 
55. ☐	**MPS**: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.

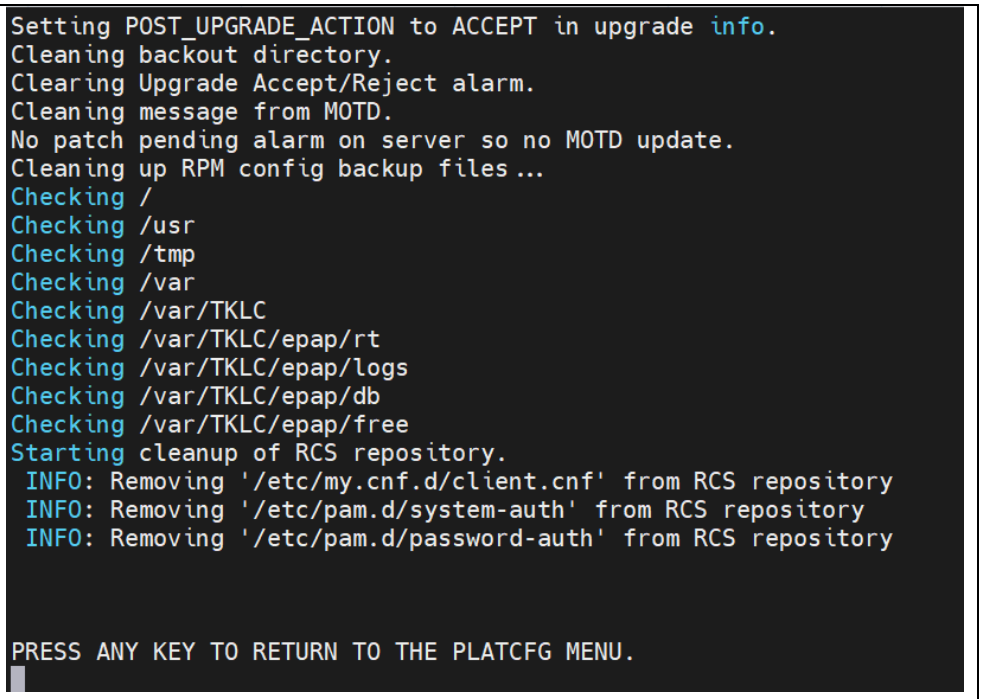
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

			
.6. ☐	**MPS**: Select the Upgrade submenu.	If you have not already accepted the upgrade, do so now, otherwise skip this step. 	

Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

		 **Note**: If you still observe the accept upgrade message even after the disks get mirrored properly after accepting the upgrade for the first time, follow the steps mentioned in APPENDIX A.30 to remove the false accept upgrade alarm from the system.
77. ☐	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
88. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 23 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB

Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

S T E P #	This procedure Exchange the keys between active and remote PDB. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1.	**MPS A:** Log in to Active PDB EPAP as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in, then log in at MPS A of active PDB EPAP: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
2. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify that PDB entry are present in known_hosts file.	Execute following command to verify that pdb entry present in known_hosts file: **$ cat .ssh/known_hosts** If entry is present, skip next step.
3. ☐	**MPS A:** Exchange the keys from **Active PDB**	Run the following command on Active PDB: **$ ssh epapdev@<remote PDB IP>** **Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)**? <yes> **Password:** Snapshot for reference: [epapdev@Recife-A ~]$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.104 FIPS integrity verification test failed. The authenticity of host '10.75.141.104 (10.75.141.104)' can't be established. RSA key fingerprint is d4:d5:94:c6:57:1a:30:25:bc:b0:67:f9:f7:07:c6:68. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.104' (RSA) to the list of known hosts. epapdev@10.75.141.104's password:
4.	**MPS A:** Log in to Standby PDB EPAP as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in, then log in at MPS A of standby PDB EPAP: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**
5. ☐	**MPS:** Exchange the keys from **Standby PDB**	Repeat the step 2 and step3 to exchange the keys from standby PDB as well.
6. ☐	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.

Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

8 SOFTWARE RECOVERY PROCEDURES

Refer to this section only if there is a problem and it is desired to revert back to the pre-upgrade version of the software.

8.1 Backout Setup

The reason to perform a backout has a direct impact on any backout preparation that must be done. Since the reason cannot be known ahead of time, no definitive procedure can be written.

My Oracle Support personnel will have to have login access to the affected MPS server, probe the server for the root cause of the problem, and execute whatever setup or cleanup is necessary in order to prepare the MPS server for backout.

8.2 Perform Backout

No matter the initial cause of the upgrade problem, once all necessary corrective steps have been taken to prepare for the backout, then the following procedure can be executed to perform a backout. Refer to section 2.2 and section 2.4 for the Backout process overview.

Procedure 24 Server B Backout

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on MPS B server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. **Note:Perform this procedure if only MPS B has been upgraded successfully and MPS A is still at the pre-upgrade release.** **Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be executed.**	
1. ☐	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx** Skip to step 5, if connected through serial console.

2. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.
	
	Log in to MPS A.
		In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.
		
		`# ssh admusr@<MPS A>`
		`Password: <password>`

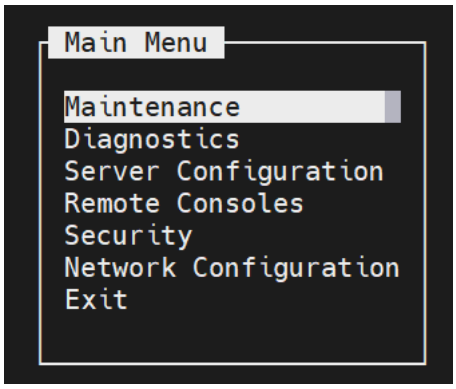
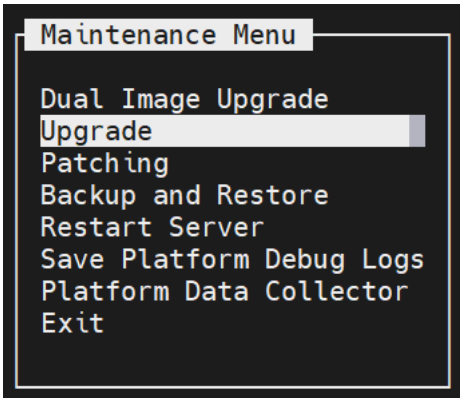
3. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.
	
	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.
		`# sudo su - epapconfig`
		
		`Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.`

```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration             |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys        |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                   |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure Query Server            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\----------------------------------------/

Enter Choice: 1
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask           = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router    = 192.168.61.1
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address  = Not configured
EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address  = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Netmask            = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router     = Not configured
EPAP A Sync Network Address            = 192.168.2.100
EPAP B Sync Network Address            = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address        = 192.168.120.100
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address        = 192.168.120.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address      = 192.168.121.100
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address      = 192.168.121.200
EPAP A HTTP Port                       = 80
EPAP B HTTP Port                       = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port                = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port                = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port          = 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port          = 8473
```

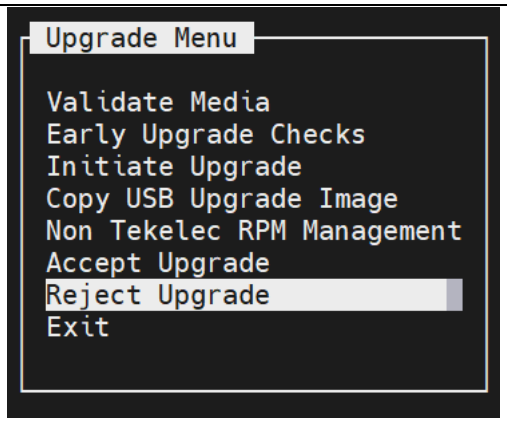
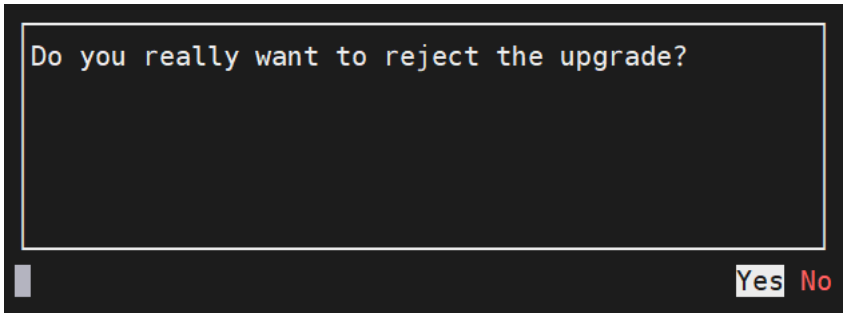
Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152 Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172 Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116 Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = **Yes** If `PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes` then **Execute 0 on both PDBA Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy features.** Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then proceed with the next step.
4. ☐	**MPS A**: Clear PDB replication logs	If `PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes` then Execute Procedure A.26 to clear replication logs Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
5. ☐	**MPS A**: Start screen session **MPS A**: Connect to the console of MPS B.	Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B. **`$ screen -L`** Run the following command on E5-APP-B: **`$ sudo minicom mate`** If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24
6. ☐	**MPS B**: Login prompt is displayed.	`<hostname> console login:` Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
7. ☐	**MPS B**: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then log in. **`<hostname> console login: admusr`** **`Password: <password>`**

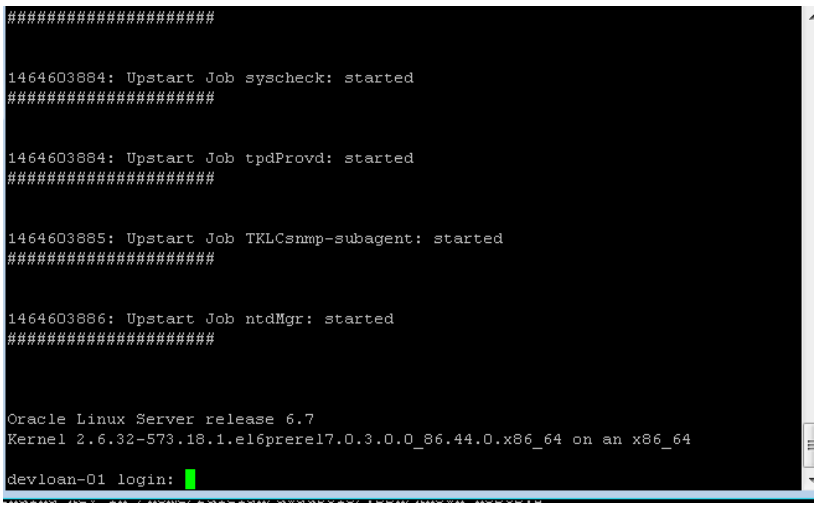
Procedure 24: Server B Backout

8. ☐	**MPS B:** Execute the platcfg menu	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
9. ☐	**MPS B:** Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. Then select **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.  
10. ☐	**MPS B:** Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		  **Note:** USB should be removed before initiating the backout on the server otherwise the system will not recover properly and will indicate a drive failure during backout.
11. ☐	**MPS B**: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds. Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required. The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
12. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory `/var/TKLC/log/upgrade` and verify that no errors were reported. `# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log` Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported. Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

13. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was ***not*** successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section for further instructions. If the backout ***was*** successful, then continue with the following step.
14. ☐	**MPS B**: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: `# sudo init 6`
15. ☐	**MPS B**: Reboot completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. 
16. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify Health of MPS B.	Execute 0 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.

17. ☐	**MPS B:** Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different.
		
		Log in to MPS A:
		`<hostname> console login: epapdev`
		`Password: <password>`
		
		Check date and time on MPS A using following command:
		$ date
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018
		
		Log in to MPS B:
		`<hostname> console login: epapdev`
		`Password: <password>`
		
		Check date and time on MPS B using following command:

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 If both are not the same, then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: **$ su – root** **Password:** Run the command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time of MPS A> [root@Natal-B ~]# date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~]# Done.
18. ☐	**MPS B**: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Run the following command to check for MySQL replication error: **$ manageBannerInfo –l** Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as: MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart. Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed. Run the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error. **Note**: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user. **$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication** Resetting MySql Replication This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql replication pointers. Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server.

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting local slave Resetting mate slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, run the following commands: **$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost"** **$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate"** Run the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. **# manageBannerInfo –l**
19. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute 0 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If backout of major upgrade was performed, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000002 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring. May also report the following: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
20. ☐	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
21.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

☐		
22. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 25 Backout both Server A and B

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on both MPS A and MPS B servers. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. **Note:Perform this procedure only if both MPS A and MPS B have been upgraded or partially upgraded and you wish to backout both servers to the previous version.** **Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be performed.** **Note: Database changes post upgrade and before backout might be lost after performing backout procedure**	
1. ☐	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx** Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.

2. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B.
	
	Log in to MPS B.
		In a newly created terminal window labeled "**MPS A – from MPS B**", connect directly into MPS B.
		
		`# ssh admusr@<MPS B>`
		`Password: <password>`

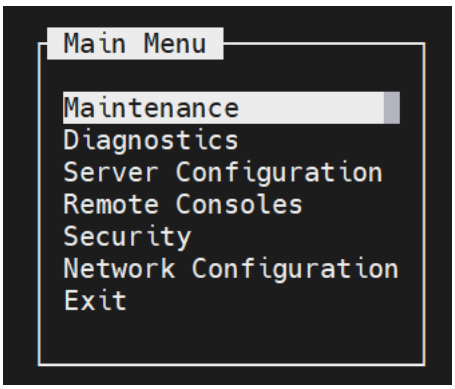
3. ☐	**MPS B**: Start screen session.	Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A. `$ screen -L`

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

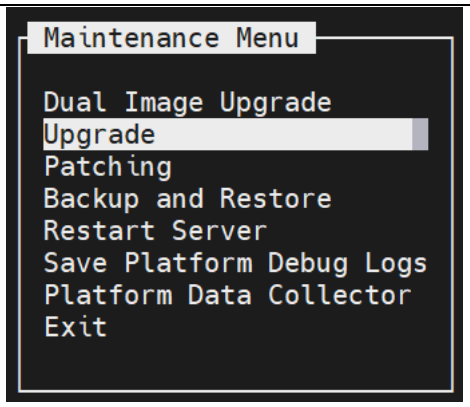
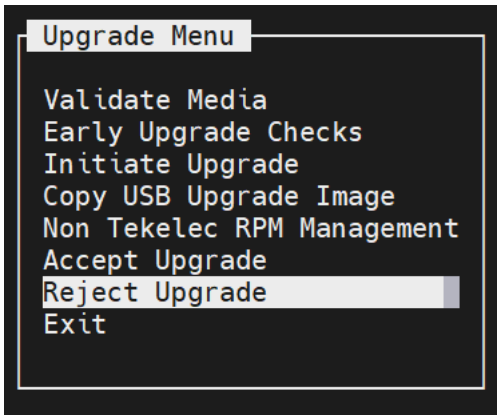
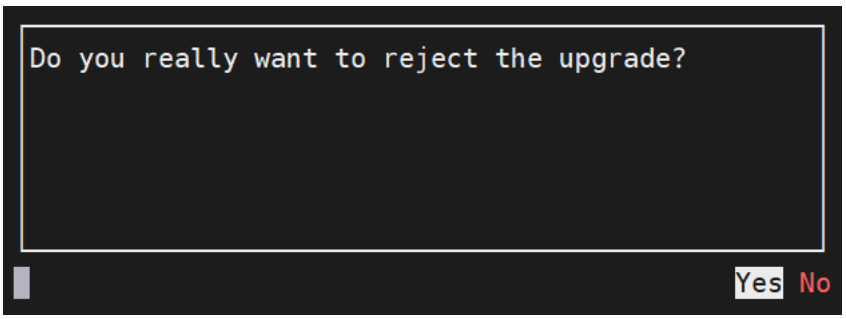
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	Run the following command on E5-APP-B: **$ sudo minicom mate** If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.
4. ☐	**MPS A**: Log in prompt is displayed.	**<hostname> console login:** **Note**: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
5. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server as user "admusr".	Log in as 'admusr'. **<hostname> console login: admusr** **Password: <password>**
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No. **Note:** Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	**# sudo su – epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration             |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys        |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                   |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure Query Server            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\----------------------------------------/

Enter Choice: 1
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask           = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router    = 192.168.61.1
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address  = Not configured
EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address  = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Netmask            = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router     = Not configured
EPAP A Sync Network Address            = 192.168.2.100
EPAP B Sync Network Address            = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address        = 192.168.120.100
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address        = 192.168.120.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address      = 192.168.121.100
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address      = 192.168.121.200
EPAP A HTTP Port                       = 80
EPAP B HTTP Port                       = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port                = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port                = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port          = 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port          = 8473
```

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152 Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172 Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116 Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = **Yes** If `PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes` then **Execute 0 on both PDBA Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy features.** Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then proceed with the next step.
7. ☐	**MPS A**: Clear PDB replication logs	If `PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes`, then Execute Procedure A.26 to clear replication the logs. Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
8. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute the platcfg menu.	**`$ sudo su - platcfg`**
9. ☐	**MPS A:** Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. Then select **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		
10. ☐	**MPS A:** Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].   **Note:** USB should be removed before initiating the backout on the server otherwise the system will not recover properly and will indicate a drive failure during backout.
11. ☐	**MPS A**: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.

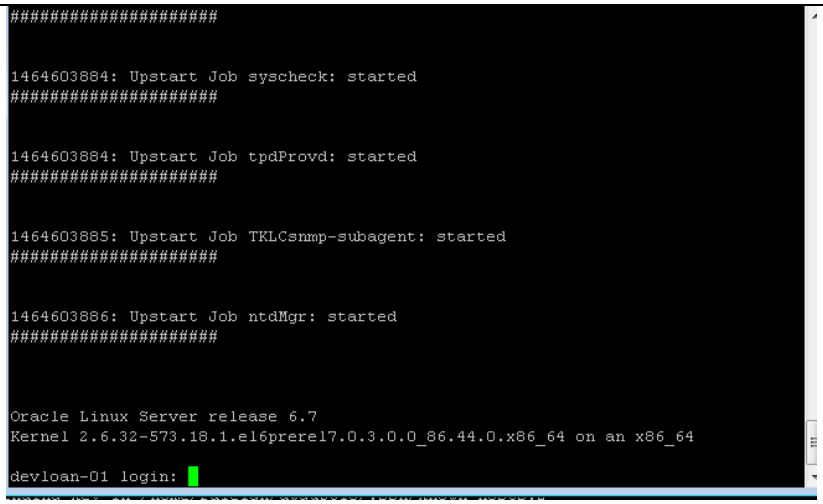
Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required. The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.

12. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory `/var/TKLC/log/upgrade` and verify that no errors were reported.
		
		`# grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		`# grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log`
		
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

13. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was ***not*** successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section for further instructions. If the backout ***was*** successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
14. ☐	**MPS A**: Reboot the MPS.	**Perform this step only on a backout of an incremental upgrade.** Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: `# init 6`
15. ☐	**MPS A**: Backout completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

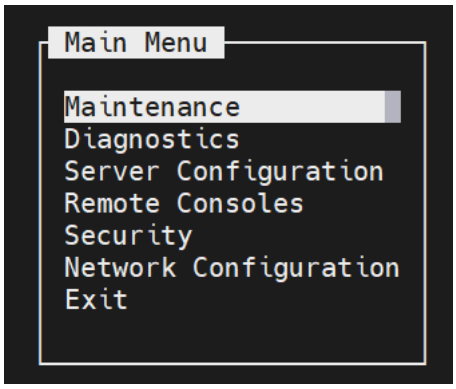
		
16. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A The syscheck utility may report the "5000000000000002 - Server Application Process Error" for PDBA, if the pdba software is not running. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
17. ☐	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access. Skip to step 21, if connected through serial console.

18. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging in to MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "**MPS B – from MPS A**", connect directly into MPS A.
		
		`# ssh epapdev@<MPS A>`
		`Password: <password>`

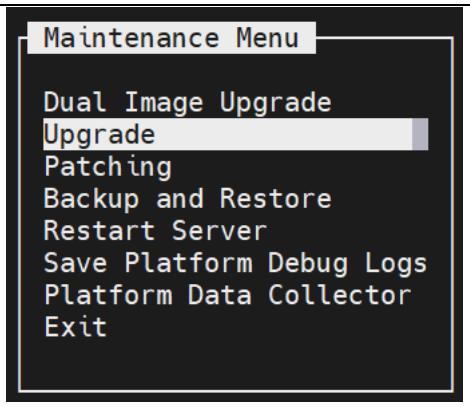
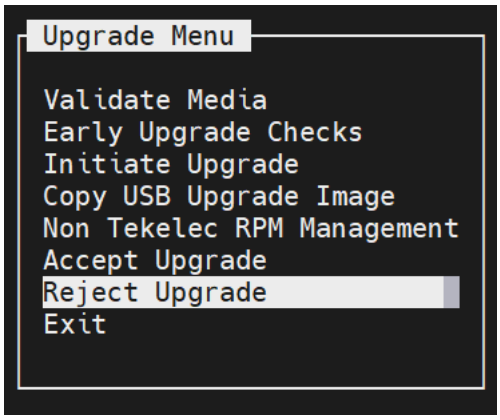
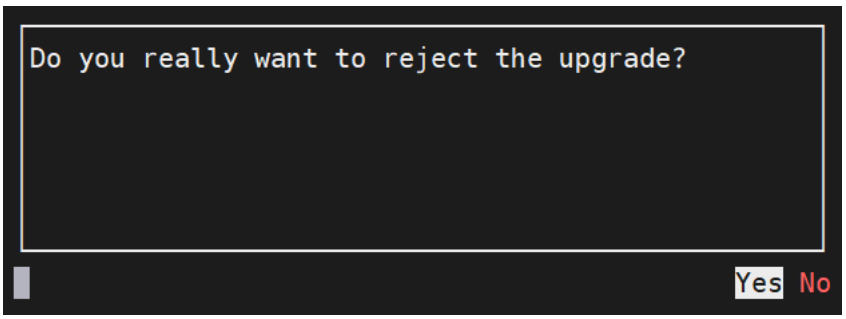
Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

	Log in to MPS A.	

19. ☐	**MPS A**: Start screen session.
	
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.
		Run the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		
		`$ screen -L`
		
		Run the following command on E5-APP-B:
		
		`$ sudo minicom mate`
		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.

20. ☐	**MPS B**: Login prompt is displayed.	`<hostname> console login:` Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
21. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	`<hostname> console login: admusr` `Password: <password>`
22. ☐	**MPS B:** Execute the platcfg menu	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
23. ☐	**MPS B:** Select the Maintenance/Upgrade submenu	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. Then select **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 

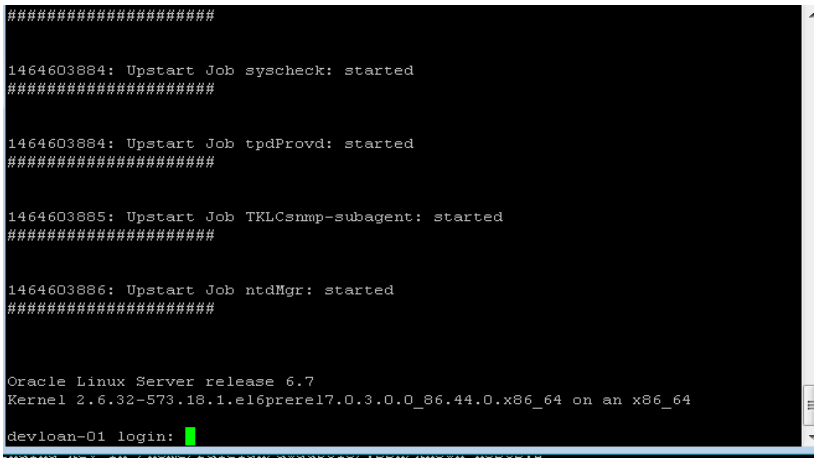
Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		
24. ☐	**MPS B:** Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].   **Note:** USB should be removed before initiating the backout on the server otherwise the system will not recover properly and will indicate a drive failure during backout.
25. ☐	**MPS B**: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required. The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.

26. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory `/var/TKLC/log/upgrade` and verify that no errors were reported.
		
		`# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log`
		`# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log`
		
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

27. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was ***not*** successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section for further instructions. If the backout ***was*** successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
28. ☐	**MPS B**: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: `$ init 6`
29. ☐	**MPS B**: Log in to MPS B.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. 

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

30. ☐	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A. Log in to MPS A	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. **# ssh epapdev@<MPS A>** **Password: <password>**
31. ☐	**MPS A**: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B	Run the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session: **$ screen -dr**
32. ☐	**MPS B:** Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different. Log in to MPS A: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>** Check date time on MPS A using following command: $ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Log in to MPS B: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>** Check date time on MPS B using following command: $ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: **$ su – root** **Password:** Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time of MPS A> [root@Natal-B ~]# date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~]#

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Done.
33. ☐	**MPS B:** Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>**
34. ☐	**MPS B**: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Run the following command to check for MySQL replication error: **$ manageBannerInfo –l** Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as: MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed Run the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error. Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user **$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication** Resetting MySql Replication This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql replication pointers. Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server. Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting local slave Resetting mate slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: **$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'"** **$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password>'"** Run the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time.

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		$ manageBannerInfo -l
35. ☐	**MPS B**: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute 0 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
36. ☐	**MPS A:** Check if RTDB and PDBA databases are synchronized. - update this **Note: Skip this step for PDBonly setup.**	Run the following command to check the RTDB and PDB database levels: **$ sudo dbstattool** The outlook may look like: DBSTATTOOL Platform=EPAP ------------------------ pdb_birthdate = 1399621904 (Fri May 9 03:51:44 2014) pdb_level = 1 rtdb_pdb_birthdate = 1399621904 (Fri May 9 03:51:44 2014) rtdb_begin_dsm_level = 1 rtdb_end_dsm_level = 1 rtdb_dsm_birthdate = 1400784912 (Thu May 22 14:55:12 2014) rtdb_dsm_status = 1 rtdb_load_state = 0 EAGLE_fmt_pdb_birthdate = 2152386348 (EAGLE format - be careful!) EAGLE_fmt_rtdb_pdb_birthdate = 1981720860 (EAGLE format - be careful!) EAGLE_fmt_rtdb_dsm_birthdate = 4003650604 (EAGLE format - be careful!) pdba_last_upd_ipaddr = 0 pdba_last_upd_timestamp = 0 (Wed Dec 31 19:00:00 1969) dbstattool_pad1 = 0 dbstattool_pad2 = 0 dbstattool_pad3 = 0 dbstattool_pad4 = 0 dbstattool_timestamp = 0 (Wed Dec 31 19:00:00 1969) rtdb_version = 4 Note down the RTDB and PDBA database levels. If they are not the same prior to backout, an RTDB reload from PDBA must be performed after backout!
37. ☐	Reboot EAGLE Cards.	If the DB levels on EPAP and EAGLE matches and there is no alarm on EAGLE related to “RTDB reload is required”, go to step 37. Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state. If this is a Non-Provisionable EPAP, boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time). If this is a Provisionable(mixed EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP, and the second MPS A on which backout has been executed, reboot the rest of the cards on both local and remote sides over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
38. ☐	Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
39. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 26 Stop the Pdba software

Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

S T E P #	This procedure stop the PDBA software before major upgrade. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
If backout has been performed, thenPerform this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the entire set of EPAP systems. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.		
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	`<hostname> console login: epapdev` `Password: <password>`
2. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
3. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that Pdba software running or not.	Run the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: `$ ps –aef | grep pdba | grep –v "grep"` If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then move to the next step. [epapdev@MPS A ~]$ ps -eaf | grep "pdba" | grep -v "grep"

Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

		epapdev 14165 11068 0 02:59 ? 00:00:07 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, skip the next step as Pdba software already stopped.
4. ☐	**MPS A**: Turn off the **PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED** flag to stop provisioning during upgrade. **Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software needs to be restarted, for this change to take effect.**	Run the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. **[epapdev@Natal-A ~]$ uiEdit | grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED** Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF". Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag by running below command if output of previous command is blank or not set to “OFF” **[epapdev@Natal-A ~]$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED OFF** "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF"
5. ☐	**MPS A**: Stop the Pdba software.	Run the following command: **[epapdev@Natal-A ~]$ service Pdba stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Verify that Pdba software running or not	Repeat step 3.
7. ☐	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
8. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Procedure 27 Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade)

When upgrade is initiated on the first MPS-B, the PDBA software process is stopped on the MPS-A servers configured as **Provisionable**(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). The PDBA software is intentionally left stopped, and so the operator performing the upgrade must restart the PDBA software after all MPS servers in a set of EPAP systems have been upgraded.

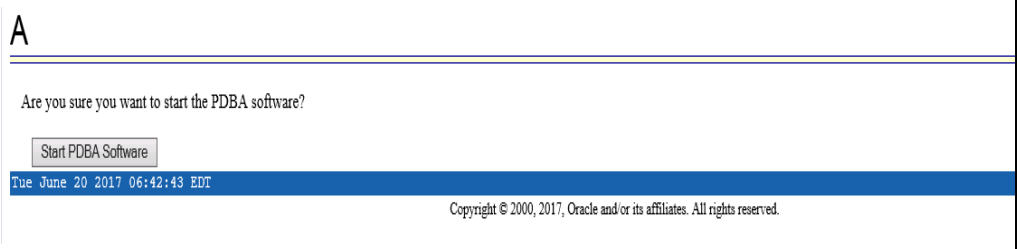
WARNING: If a backout of the MPS A and B units is conducted sometime after an upgrade has successfully completed and after Provisioning has been re-enabled, then the only

method of PDB restoration is from backup file. In this case, any new data provisioned since the successful completion of the upgrade will be lost and will need to be re-provisioned.

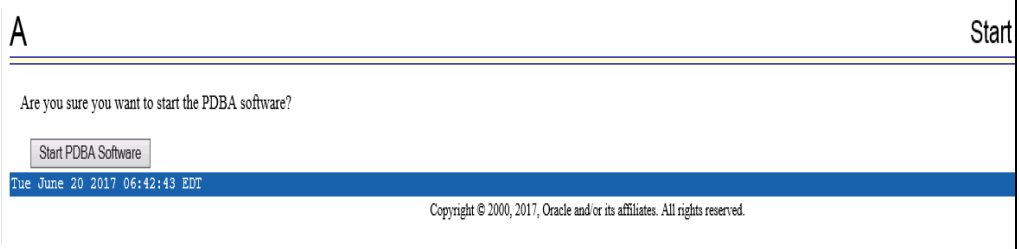
Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

S T E P #	This procedure restarts the PDBA software after upgrade of all associated MPS systems has been completed. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
If backout has been performed, thenPerform this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the entire set of EPAP systems. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.		
1. ☐	**Local MPS A:** Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>**
2. ☐	**Local MPS A**: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
3. ☐	**MPS A**: Turn on the **PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED** flag to enable PDB to accept updates from remote PDBI. **Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software**	Run the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. **[epapdev@Natal-A ~]$ uiEdit | grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED** Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" or no output is displayed **[epapdev@Natal-A ~]$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED ON** "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON"

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

	needs to be restarted, for this change to take effect.	
4.	**Move back the pdba binary from pdba_stopped to pdba**	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [root@Quito-a bin]#
5. ☐	**Local MPS A:** Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	Run the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: **$ ps –aef | grep pdba | grep –v "grep"** If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step. [epapdev@MPS A ~]$ ps -aef | grep pdba |grep -v "grep" epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, Log in to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software. 
6. ☐	**Local MPS A**: Verify PDBA is running.	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A Verify that syscheck does ***not*** show that the PDBA is ***not*** running. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.
7. ☐	**Remote MPS A:** Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	**<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>**
8. ☐	**Remote MPS A**: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "5000000000000002 -- Server Application

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

		Process Error" alarm. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
9. ☐	**Remote MPS A:** Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	Run the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: **$ ps –aef | grep pdba | grep –v "grep"** If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step. epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, Log in to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software. 
10. ☐	**Remote MPS A**: Verify PDBA is running.	Execute 0 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Verify that syscheck does *not* show that the PDBA is *not* running. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
11. ☐	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
12. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

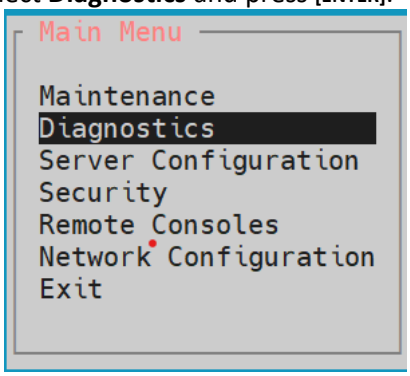
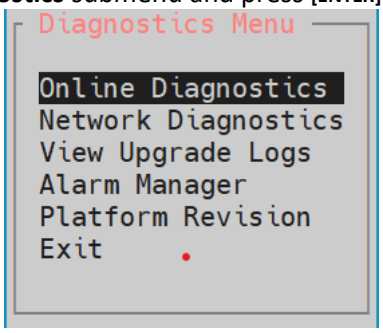
		`$ date`

THIS COMPLETES THE BACKOUT

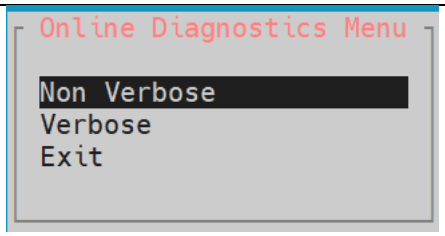
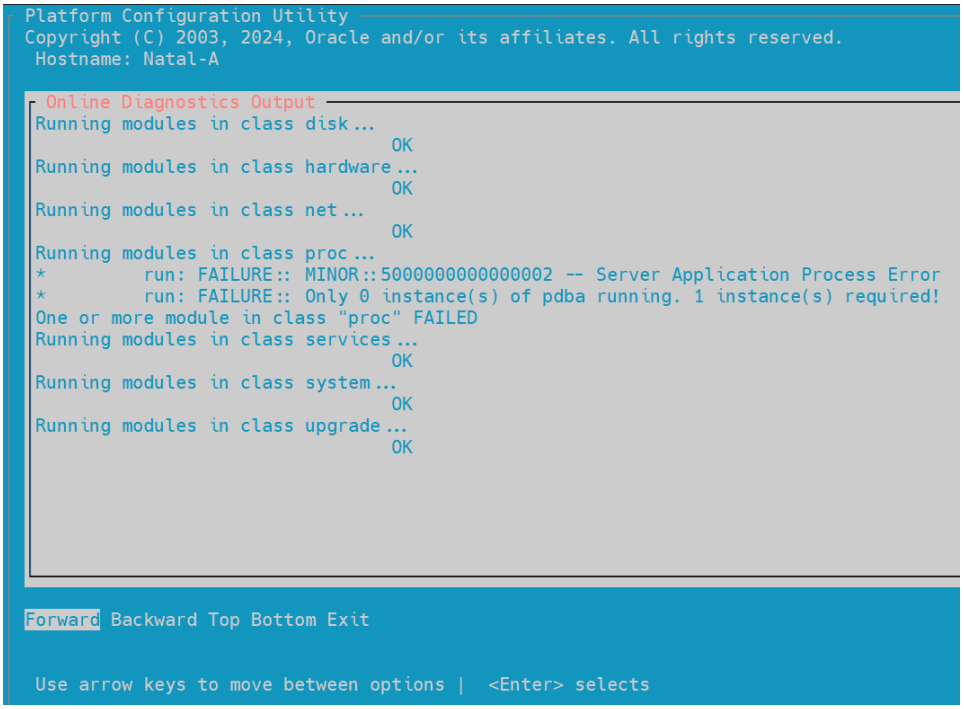
APPENDIX A GENERIC PROCEDURES

Perform System Health Check

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

STEP #		
	This procedure performs a system health check on any MPS server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE**.	
1. ☐	Log in as the admusr user.	`<hostname> console login: admusr` `Password: <password>`
2. ☐	Execute the platcfg menu.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
3. ☐	Select the Diagnostics submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Diagnostics** and press **[ENTER]**. 
4. ☐	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu.	Select the **Online Diagnostics** submenu and press **[ENTER]**. 
5. ☐	Select the Non-Verbose option.	Select the **Non-Verbose** option and press **[ENTER]**.

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

		
6. ☐	Examine the output of the Online Diagnostics.	Example output shown below. Examine the actual output of the Online Diagnostics. 
7. ☐	System Check Successful. System Check Failure.	Exit from the above menu. If the System Check was successful, return to the procedure that you came here from. If the “Server Disk Space Shortage Error” was there in the output, proceed to step 8 to clean up the ‘/’ directory. **syscheck may report following error which can be ignored:** * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged If any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section **.**

8. ☐	Server clean-up to create space.	Run the following command:
		$ df -h /var/TKLC
		
		The output may look like:
		`[root@Quito-a core]# df -h /var/TKLC`
		`Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on`
		`/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 7.8G 2.3G 5.1G 31% /var/TKLC`
		
		Verify that there is at least 600M in the Avail column. If not, clean up files until there is space available.
		
		CAUTION: Make sure you know what files you can remove safely before cleaning up. It is recommended that you only clean up files in the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory as this is a platform owned directory that should only contain ISO images. This directory should not be expected to contain images for any length of time as they can get purged.
		
		Also, Run the following command to check space in '/lib/module' directory.
		$ df -h /lib/modules
		
		`[root@Quito-a core]# df -h /lib/modules`
		`Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on`
		`/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 7.8G 4.7G 2.8G 64% /usr`
		`[root@Quito-a core]#`
		
		Verify that the Use% column does not exceed the value 80%.

9. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Validate Upgrade Media

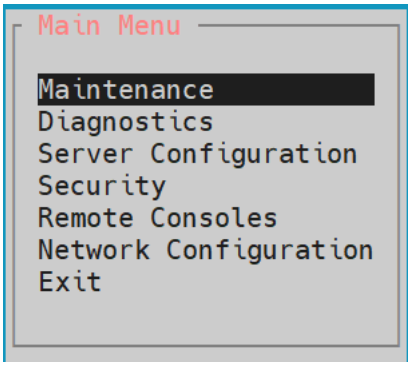
This procedure is used to execute a validation of the Upgrade Media (typically an ISO image) separately from executing an upgrade. The upgrade process automatically validates the upgrade media. However, sometime the user may wish to perform just a validation before proceeding with upgrade, thus the reason for this separate process.

Validation could be performed on MPS A or B, however, this procedure specifies MPS X for simplicity.

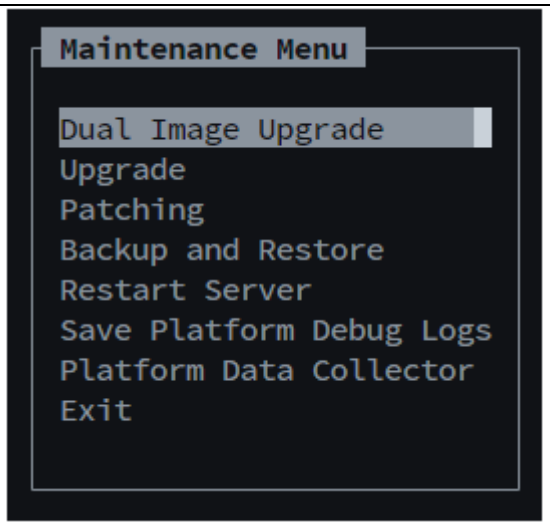
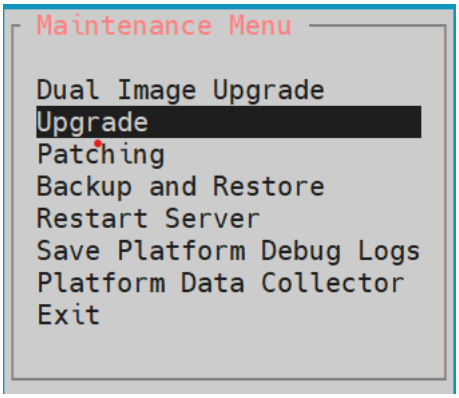
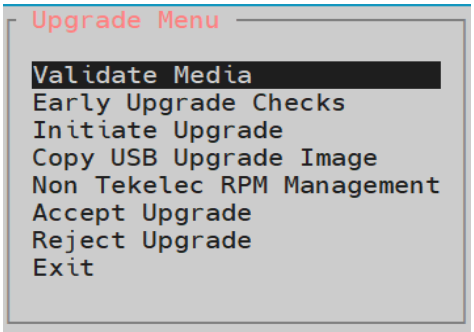
Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform a validation of the upgrade media on the MPS X server. This procedure assumes that the E5-APP-B card IPM procedure has been executed and the user has an EPAP Upgrade ISO image available. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	

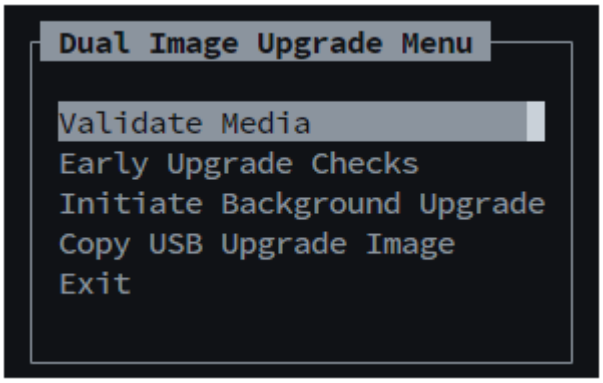
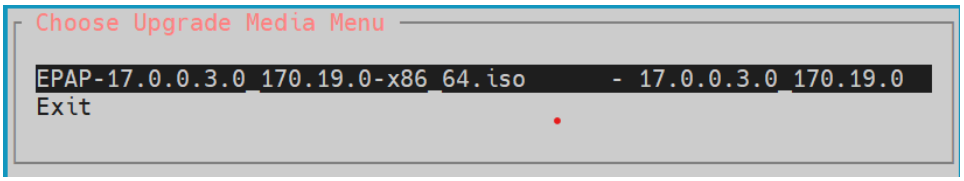
1. ☐	**MPS X:** If necessary, log in to the server as the user "admusr".	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then log in as user "admusr".
		
		`<hostname> console login: admusr`
		`password: <password>`

2. ☐	**MPS X:** Execute the platcfg menu.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
3. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press [ENTER].  In case of Dual Image Upgrade, Select the Dual Image upgrade menu and press [ENTER]

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

		
4. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Upgrade/Dual Image Upgrade submenu based on the type of Installation.	In case of fresh install, select the **Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
5. ☐	**MPS X:** Select the Validate Media selection.	Select the **Validate Media** menu and press **[ENTER]**. In case of Fresh install, you will see the below menu:  In case of Dual Image Upgrade you will see the below menu:

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

		
6. ☐	**MPS X**: Output from the Validate Media selection.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below. If the upgrade media is not found, follow **0** to copy the upgrade ISO. Select the upgrade media or ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section.  In case of Dual Image Upgrade, you will get the following menu:

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

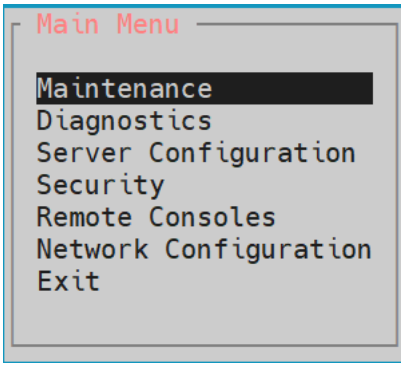
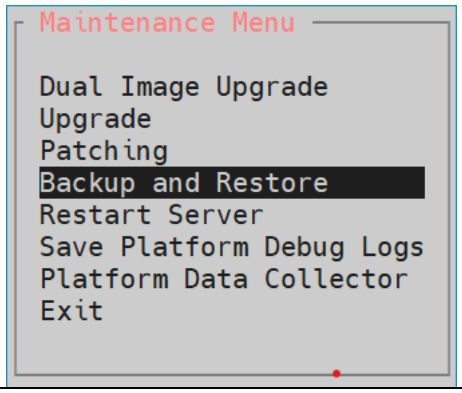
7. ☐	**MPS X**: View the Validation results.	The results of the validation will be displayed, similar to the example below. Press the "enter" key to continue. Validating cdrom... ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ########################## UMVT Validate Utility v2.3.4, (c)Tekelec, May 2020 Validating /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0-x86_64.iso Date&Time: 2020-04-13 05:33:26 Volume ID: 16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0 Part Number: N/A Version: 16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0 Disc Label: EPAP Disc description: EPAP The media validation is complete, the result is: PASS CDROM is Valid PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCFG MENU.
8. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Exit option.	Select the **Exit** option, and keep selecting the Exit option, until you reach the command line prompt or you return to another menu that you wish to use. Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 Exit
9. ☐	**MPS X**: Procedure complete.	Media Validation is complete. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

System Configuration Backup

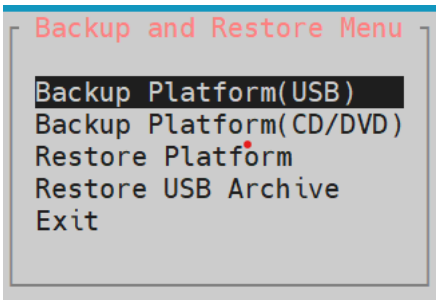
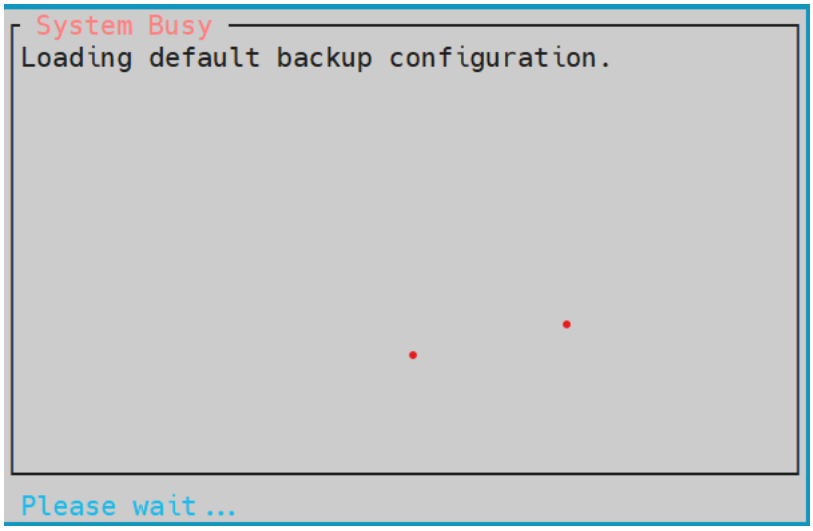
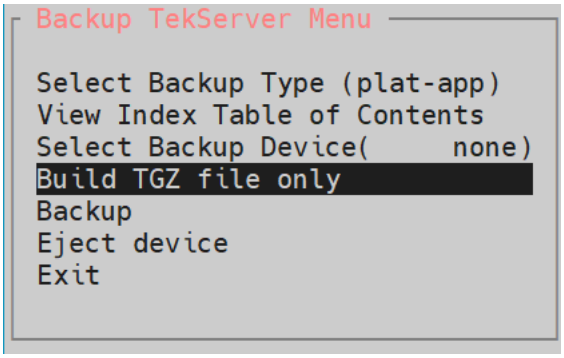
Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

STEP #		
	This procedure performs configuration backup on an MPS Server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE**.	

1. ☐	**MPS X:** If necessary, log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then log in as user "admusr".
		`<hostname> console login: admusr`
		`password: <password>`

2. ☐	**MPS X:** Execute the platcfg menu.	`$ sudo su - platcfg`
3. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**. 
4. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Backup Platform submenu.	Select the **Backup and Restore** menu and press **[ENTER]**. . 

Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

5. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Backup Platform submenu.	Select the **Backup Platform (USB)** submenu and press [ENTER]. 
6. ☐	**MPS X**: Backup continues.	The backup continues. The following busy screen may appear. 
7. ☐	**MPS X**: Select the Build TGZ file only selection.	Select the **Build TGZ file only** selection and press [ENTER]. 
8. ☐	**MPS X**: Backup complete – select exit.	Once the TGZ has been created, the "**Backup TekServer Menu**" will be displayed again.

Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

		Select the Exit option, and keep selecting the Exit option, until you reach the command line prompt.

9. ☐	**MPS X**: Transfer the backup file.	The backup file is in the `/var/TKLC/bkp` directory and will have a name like `<hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz`
		
		Run the following command to view the backup file:
		$ ls -l /var/TKLC/bkp
		`[admusr@Recife-a bkp]$ ls -l /var/TKLC/bkp/`
		`total 5836`
		`-rw-rw---- 1 root sys 5972128 Sep 11 09:04 Recife-a-plat-app-201809110904.tgz`

10. ☐	**MPS X:** Transfer file to remote machine.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the ISO to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		
		$ cd /var/TKLC/bkp
		
		$ sftp <IP address of remote computer>
		`Connecting to <IP address of remote computer>...`
		`The authenticity of host '<IP address of remote computer>' can't be established.`
		`DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.`
		`Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes`
		`Warning: Permanently added <IP address of remote computer>' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.`
		`root@<IP address of remote computer>'s password:`
		`sftp> cd <target directory>`
		`sftp> put <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz`
		`Uploading <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz`
		`sftp> bye`
		
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command:
		
		$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/bkp/<TGZ file>
		$ su - epapdev
		$ scp /var/TKLC/bkp/<TGZ file> epapdev@remoteIP:<Remote IP Path>

11. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
12. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Execute parse9Dig script

Appendix A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

S	This procedure performs the Execution of parse9Dig script.

T E P #	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as the user "epapdev" on standalone PDB.	If not already logged in, then login at MPS A: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **password: <password>**

2.	**MPS A:** Check if "parse9Dig" script is present on setup.	Check whether "parse9Dig" script is present on setup or not.
		
		Execute following command:
		$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		
		`[epapdev@Natal-a-PDBonly ~]$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`-rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Oct 10 16:23 /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		
		If output is same as above then proceed to step 4 otherwise proceed with following step.

3. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute the "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB.	**Note**: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.
		
		Run the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result.
		
		$/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u
		`[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u`
		
		`This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.`
		
		`**************************************************`
		`Utility Start Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31`
		
		`Parsing DN digits into 9digits...`
		
		`INFO: DN 9dig count 2.`
		
		`REPLACE INTO dn9dig VALUES (UNHEX("05000000000"),1),(UNHEX("06000000000"),1);`
		
		`Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits...`
		
		`INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.`
		
		`REPLACE INTO imsi9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0D001234567"),3),(UNHEX("06000000000"),1),(UNHEX("07000000009"),1),(UNHEX("08000000044"),1),(UNHEX("08000000023"),2),(UNHEX("05000000000"),1),(UNHEX("08000000077"),1),(UNHEX("08000000099"),1),(UNHEX("08000000088"),1);`
		
		`Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits...`
		
		`INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.`
		
		`REPLACE INTO imei9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0E012345678"),2);`
		
		`Utility End Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31`

4. ☐	**MPS A:** Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
5. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

STEP #	This procedure increase rtVolume size for Non-prov. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
Note: Skip this procedure for mixed EPAP and standalone EPAP.		
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server.	If not already logged in, then login at MPS A: **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>**

2. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute "rtdir_300gb" script for E5-APP-B cards with 300GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules,perform this step. If instead, EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, skip this step and go to step 3.
		
		Download the rtdir_300gb script zip file from My Oracle Support(MOS) (https://support.oracle.com). The zip file is available on MOS under Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor 16.3.0.0.0.
		
		Place the zip file in the /tmp directory. Unzip the file:
		$ unzip <zip file name from MOS>
		$ cat Readme.txt
		
		Follow the directions in the Readme.txt file.
		
		Execute the following script:
		$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir_300gb
		
		Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible.
		Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes
		
		`INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait...`
		`INFO: db space increased on 'A'.`
		`INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services...`
		`Done.`
		`INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services...`

		Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP. **Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script:** myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' . . FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. . .WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.). Skip step 3 and continue with step 4.
3. ☐	**MPS A:** Execute "rtdir" script for E5-APP-B cards with 480GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, do notperform this step. Instead, execute step 2. If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules,perform this step. Execute the following script: **$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir** Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible. Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait... INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services... Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services... Done.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

		INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP. **Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script:** myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' . . FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. . .WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.).
4. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify rtVolume size using command “df -h”.	[epapdev@Arica-1A ~]$ df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root 976M 288M 637M 32% / tmpfs 3.9G 0 3.9G 0% /dev/shm /dev/md1 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp 976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt [epapdev@Arica-1A ~]$

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

		Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.
5. ☐	MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or “rtdir_300gb” script.	After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.
6. ☐	MPS B: Procedure completed.	This procedure is completed.
7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

PDB Backup

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

S T E P #	This procedure performs a PDB backup on the EPAP server configured as a Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) node. This procedure should only be performed on the active PDBA. **Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored. In case another backup is required, workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pdb backup and then delete it.** Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	

1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server.	If not already logged in, then log in to MPS A:
		`<hostname> console login: epapdev`
		`Password: <password>`

2. ☐	Run syscheck.	Run the following command: `$ syscheck` Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
3. ☐	Verify the System Check executed successfully.	`Running modules in class disk...` OK

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

	In particular, verify that the PDBA process is running by noting that syscheck does not generate an alarm against the PDBA process.	Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class system... OK Running modules in class hardware... OK The log is available at: -->/var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log If the syscheck utility reports the "5000000000000002 – Server Application Process Error" alarm, restart the PDBA and execute syscheck again. The above alarm should be removed. If the above alarm is not removed, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section
4. ☐	System Check Verifies that PDBA is running.	If the syscheck does not report any errors, proceed to the next step. Otherwise, if any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section. Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
5. ☐	Log in to epapconfig.	**$ su - admusr** **$ sudo su - epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
6. ☐	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	Menu for mixed-EPAP: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------|

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		| 9 | Security | | 10 | SNMP Configuration | | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | | 12 | Configure Query Server | | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | | e | Exit | Enter Choice: 6
7. ☐	Platform menu is displayed. Select PDB Backup.	Menu for standard EPAP designation: /-----EPAP Platform Menu-\ | 1 | Initiate Upgrade | | 2 | Reboot MPS | | 3 | MySQL Backup | | 4 | RTDB Backup | | 5 | PDB Backup | | e | Exit | Enter Choice: 5 Menu for PDB-only designation: /-----EPAP Platform Menu-\ | 1 | Initiate Upgrade | | 2 | Reboot MPS | | 3 | MySQL Backup | | 4 | PDB Backup | | e | Exit | Enter Choice: 4
8. ☐	Menu will prompt for a “yes” to continue. Enter a **Y**.	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_DBExpPdbOnly_20180613055813_DBBirthdate_20180613072847GMT_DBLevel_6507_v7.50.bkp.tar.gz? [N]:

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

9. ☐	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen. Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored.	Successfully started backup of PDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner. Press return to continue... **Note: If following error is displayed instead of success, then you need to delete all pdbBackup from free directory in order to schedule new pdbBackup.** E1058: An internal error in the EPAP occurred: pdbBackup already exists in free directory. Press return to continue...
10. ☐	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11. ☐	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
12. ☐	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. **$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free** **$ sftp <IP address of remote computer>** Connecting to <IP address of remote computer>... The authenticity of host '<IP address of remote computer>' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? **yes** Warning: Permanently added <IP address of remote computer>' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@**<IP address of remote computer>**'s password: sftp> cd <target directory> sftp> put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<DBLevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<DBLevel>.bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<DBLevel>.bkp.tar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		$ su - epapdev **$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<pdb backup file> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/**
13. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
14. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

RTDB Backup

Note: Skip this procedure for PDBonly setup.

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

STEP #	This procedure performs an RTDB backup on the EPAP server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS :** Log in to the server.	If not already logged in, then Log in to the MPS server. **<hostname> console login: admusr** **Password: <password>**
2. ☐	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Run the following command: **$ sudo su - epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
3. ☐	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu |

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup


```
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Mate Disaster Recovery            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\-----------------------------------------/

Enter Choice: 6
```

4. ☐	Platform menu is displayed. Select RTDB Backup.	

```
 /-----EPAP Platform Menu-\
/--------------------------\
|  1 | Initiate Upgrade    |
|----|---------------------|
|  2 | Reboot MPS          |
|----|---------------------|
|  3 | MySQL Backup        |
|----|---------------------|
|  4 | RTDB Backup         |
|----|---------------------|
|  5 | PDB Backup          |
|----|---------------------|
|  e | Exit                |
\--------------------------/
Enter Choice: 4
```

5. ☐	The Application software must be stopped.	If the EPAP application software is running, you will be prompted to stop the software for the RTDB backup. Select with a "Y". `EPAP software is running.  Stop it? [N]:` **Y**
6. ☐	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a **Y**.	`Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/ rtdbBackup_Recife-A_20140530151806.tar.gz? [N]:`

7. ☐	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	`Successfully started backup of RTDB.`
		`Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.`
		
		`Press return to continue...`

8. ☐	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt. Continue exiting until you get	`Enter Choice:` **e** `Enter Choice:` **e** Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.

	to the login prompt.	
9. ☐	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step. **Note**: On performing RTDB backup following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb backup is getting completed ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb. Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0, core = 0.
10. ☐	Restart the EPAP Software.	Restart the EPAP application software. **$ sudo /etc/init.d/Epap start**
11. ☐	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the RTDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. **$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free** **$ sftp <IP address of remote computer>** Connecting to <IP address of remote computer>... The authenticity of host '<IP address of remote computer>' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<IP address of remote computer>' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@**<IP address of remote computer>**'s password: sftp> cd <target directory> sftp> put rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz Uploading rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command **$ su – epapdev** **$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<rtdb backup file> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free**

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

12. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
13. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

EuiDB Backup

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

STEP #	This procedure performs a backup of the User database on the MPS server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE**.	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to the server as user "admusr".	`<hostname> console login: admusr` `Password: <password>`

2. ☐	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Run the following command:
		`$ sudo su - epapconfig`
		`Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.`

3. ☐	Master menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	`/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\`
		`/----------------------------------------\`
		`| 1 | Display Configuration |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 3 | Set Time Zone |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 5 | Change Password |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 6 | Platform Menu |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 7 | Configure NTP Server |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 8 | PDB Configuration Menu |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 9 | Security |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 10 | SNMP Configuration |`
		`|----|----------|`
		`| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed |`

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

9. ☐	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the NPDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		
		$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		
		$ sftp <IP address of remote computer>
		`Connecting to <IP address of remote computer>...`
		`The authenticity of host '<IP address of remote computer>' can't be established.`
		`DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.`
		`Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes`
		`Warning: Permanently added '<IP address of remote computer>' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.`
		`root@<IP address of remote computer>'s password:`
		`sftp> cd <target directory>`
		`sftp> put npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz`
		`Uploading npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz to npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz`
		`sftp> bye`
		
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command
		$ su - epapdev
		
		$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<npdb backup file> epapdev @mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free

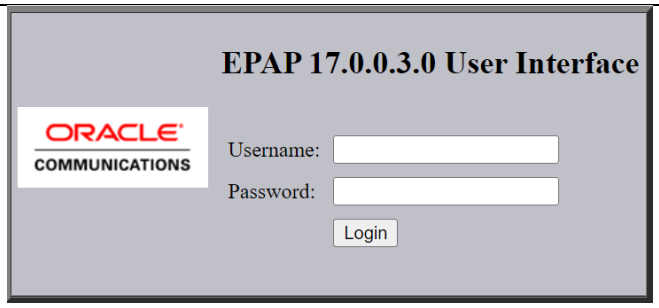
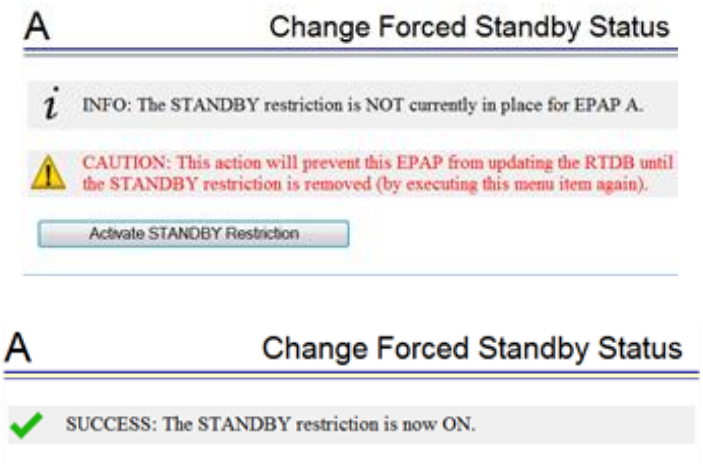
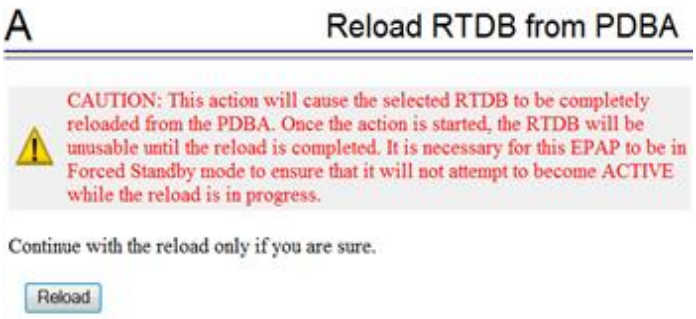
10. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
11. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

RTDB Reload from PDBA

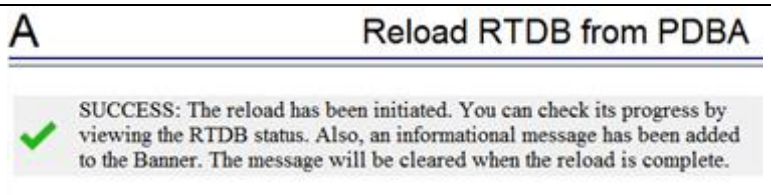
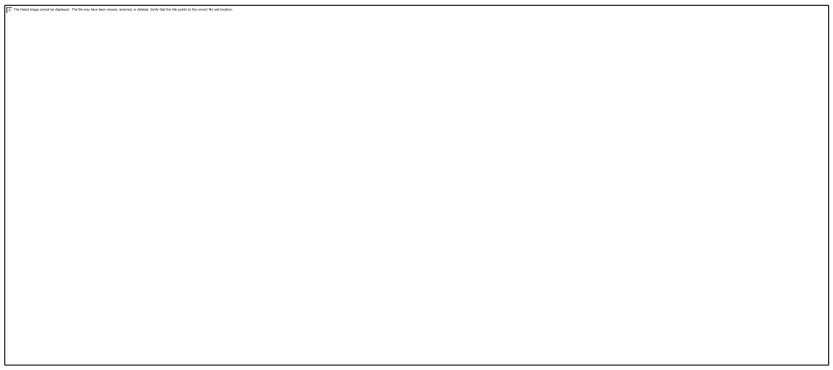
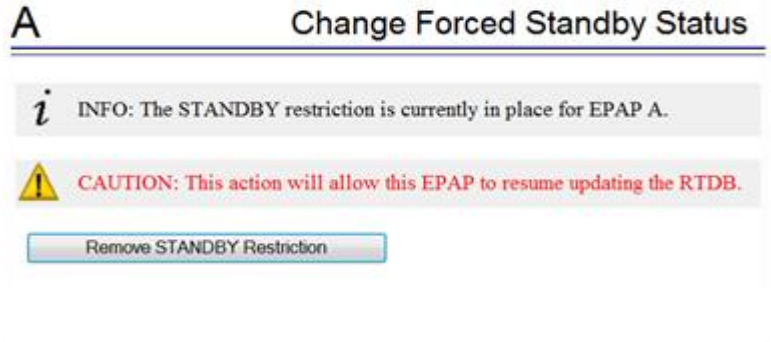
Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to reload RTDB from PDBA. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1. ☐	**EPAP A:** Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".

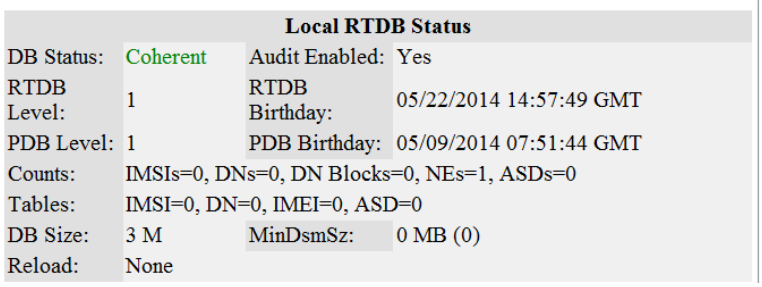
Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

		
2. ☐	**EPAP A:** Put EPAP in Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link. Click on "Activate STANDBY Restriction" Button.	
3. ☐	**EPAP A:** Reload RTDB from PDBA. Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Select the "Reload from PDBA" link. Click on the "Reload" Button.	

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

	Observe the "SUCCESS" Status.	
4. ☐	**EPAP A:** Wait for completion. Observe the GUI informational message and wait for the RTDB Reload completion message before proceeding.	
5. ☐	**EPAP A:** Remove EPAP from Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link. Click on "Remove STANDBY Restriction" Button.	

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

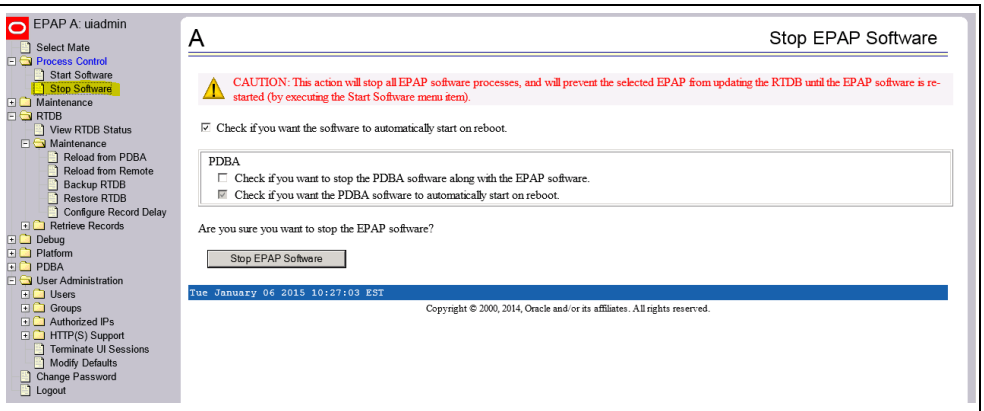
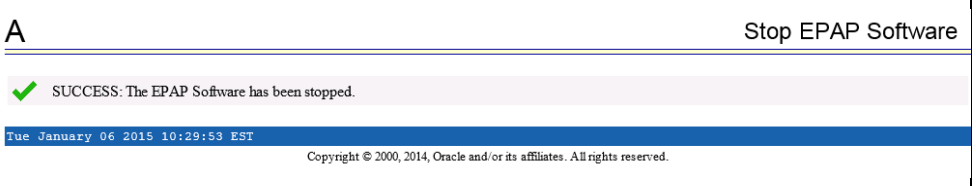
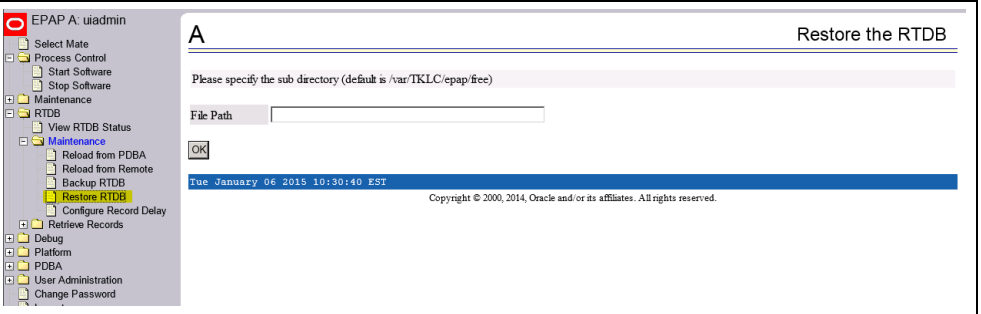
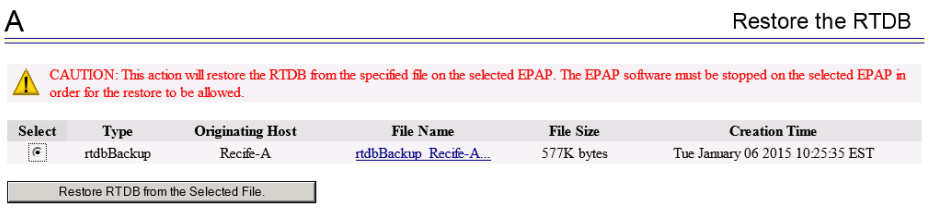
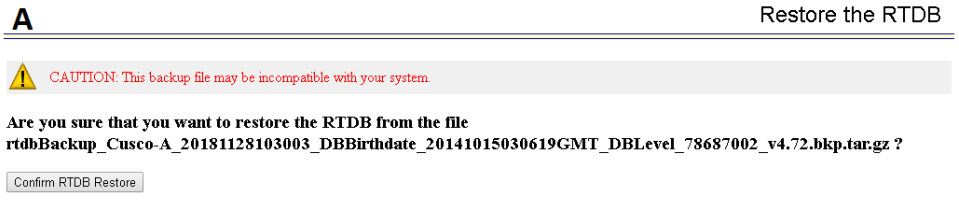
6. ☐	**EPAP A:** Verify RTDB status. Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Select the "View RTDB Status" link.	A View RTDB Status  **Local RTDB Status** DB Status: Coherent — Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 1 — RTDB Birthday: 05/22/2014 14:57:49 GMT PDB Level: 1 — PDB Birthday: 05/09/2014 07:51:44 GMT Counts: IMSIs=0, DNs=0, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0 Tables: IMSI=0, DN=0, IMEI=0, ASD=0 DB Size: 3 M — MinDsmSz: 0 MB (0) Reload: None The RTDB Status must be Coherent. Note: RTDB Reload from PDBA completed banner message will not be observed and same is not pegged in cgi.dbg. Completetion of RTDB Reload from PDBA is completed when PRD-RTDB parameter sync is observed
7. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
8. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

RTDB Restore

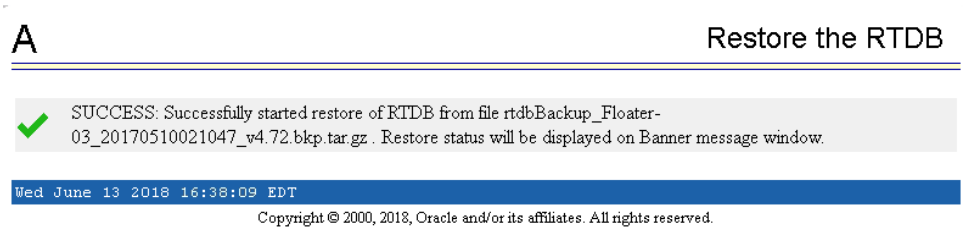
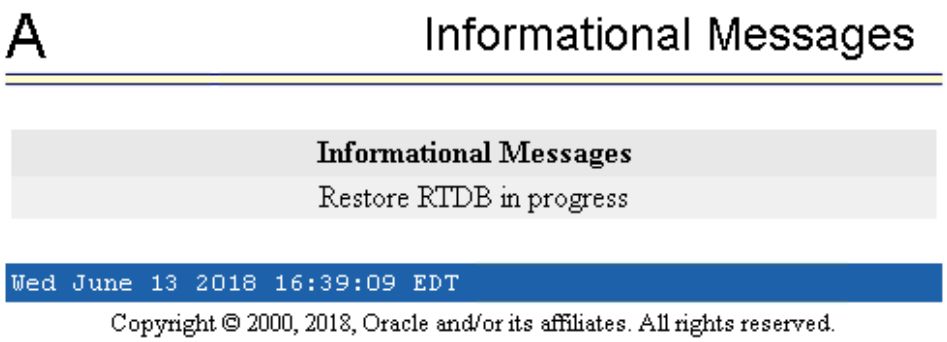
Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

STEP #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**EPAP A:** Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	

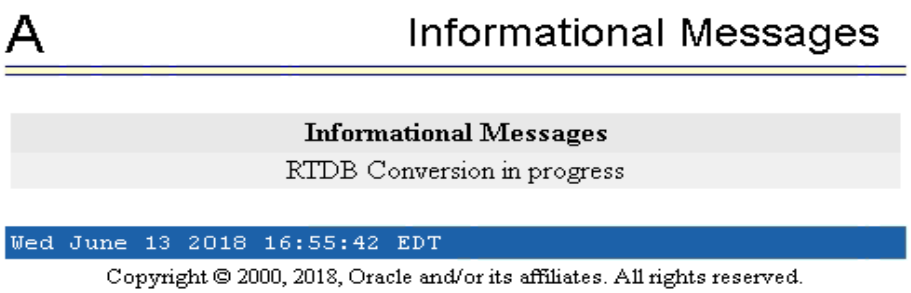
Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

2. ☐	**EPAP A:** Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click “Stop EPAP Software” Button	 
3. ☐	**EPAP A:** Restore RTDB. On the menu, click RTDB->Maintenance->Restore RTDB Select the backup file, then click “Restore RTDB from the Selected File” Button	  

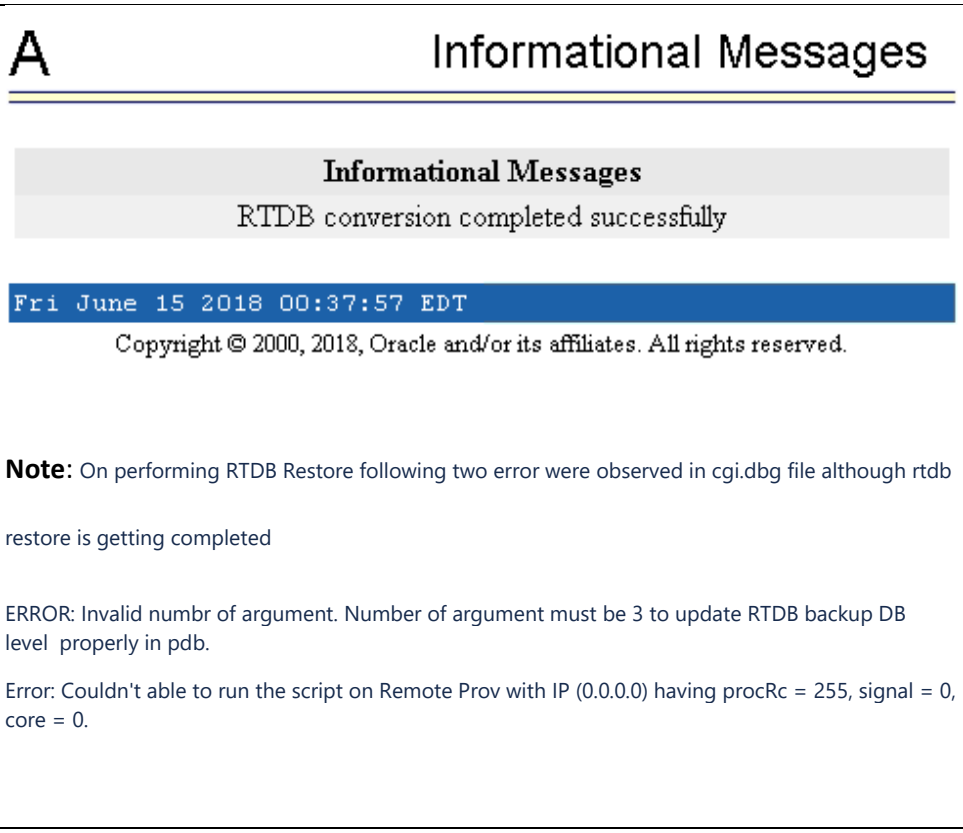
Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

	Click “Confirm RTDB Restore” Button	**NOTE:** Caution message regarding “incompatible file” is displayed in above snapshot as the backup file is taken on RTDB version 4 and is being restored on RTDB version 5. **Restore successfully started:** 
4. ☐	**EPAP A:** Make EPAP down. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB is in progress. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully.	Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress: 

Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

	Click “Confirm RTDB Restore” Button	Conferming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully:
5. ☐	**EPAP A:** RTDB converter is started. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion in progress. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup where DB Architecture is eXtreme): 

Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

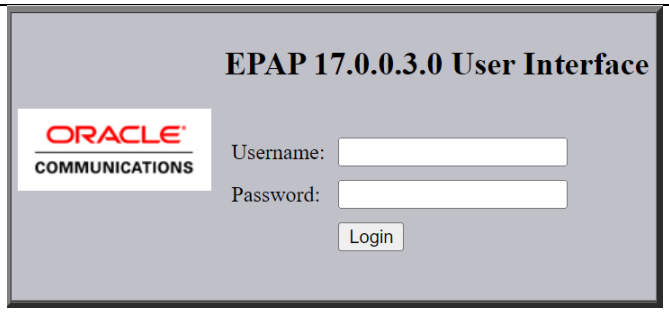
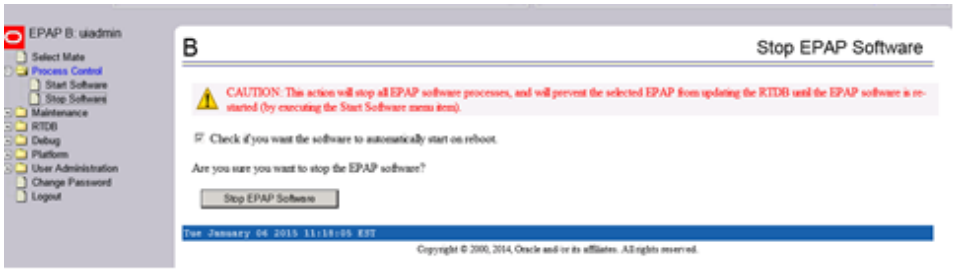
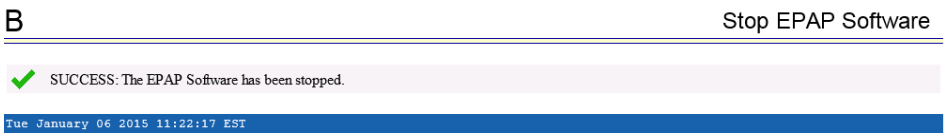
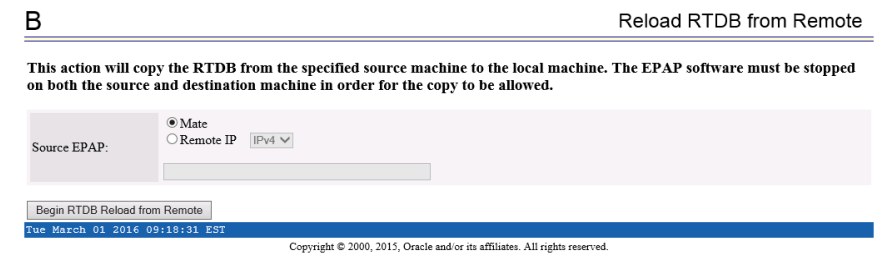
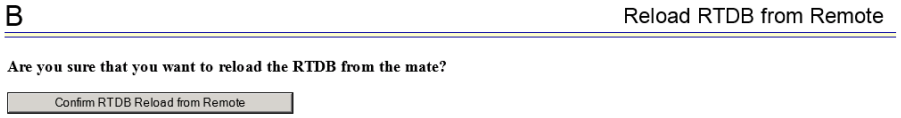
	that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	 **Note**: On performing RTDB Restore following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb restore is getting completed ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb. Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0, core = 0.
6. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

RTDB Reload from Remote

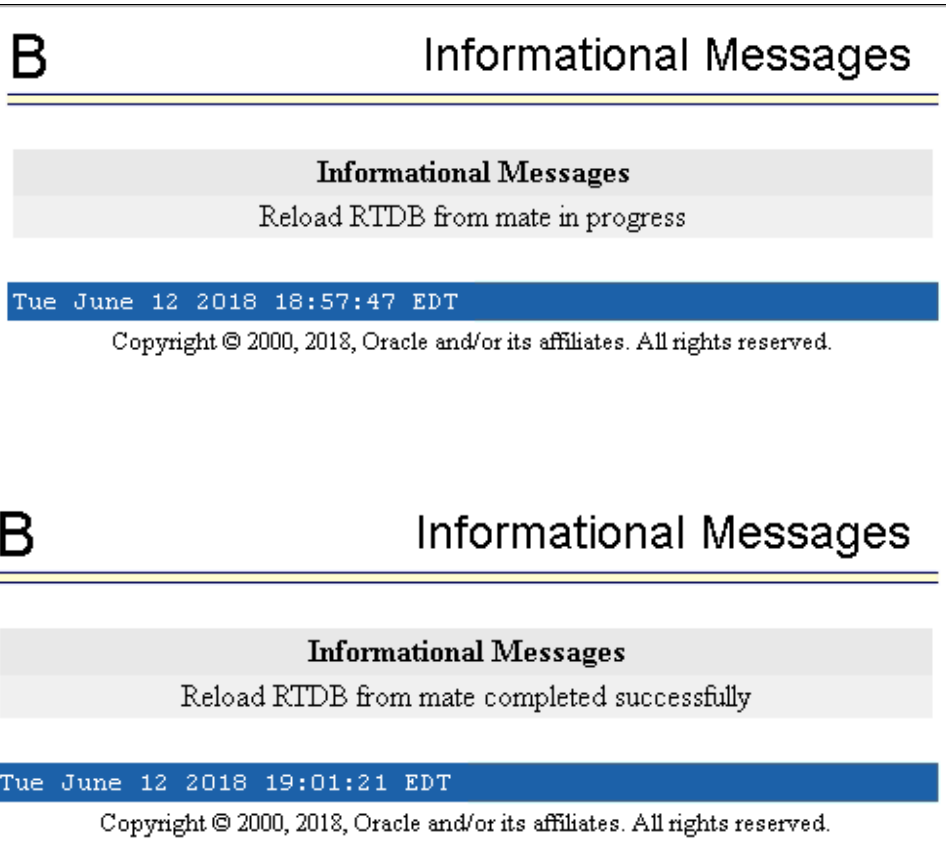
Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

STEP #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**EPAP B:** Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

		
2. ☐	**EPAP B:** Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	 
3. ☐	**EPAP B:** Reload RTDB from Remote. On the menu, click RTDB->Maintenance->Reload from Remote Select Mate. Click "Begin RTDB Reload from Remote" Button Click "Confirm RTDB Reload from Remote" Button	**NOTE: If reload is attempted from a remote Non-Prov site, kindly exchange the keys between this Non-Prov and the Non-Prov from where reload is being attempted. If reload is from mate, no need to do anything.**  
4. ☐	**EPAP B:** Reload RTDB from Mate	

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming the start of the reload process An informational alarm should be displayed with informational message when the reload is complete.	
5. ☐	MPS A and B: Restart the GUI Server process.	**Log in to EPAP cli as root user:** **Login: root** **Password: <root_password>** **Run following commands to restart GUI server process** **$ pkill gs**
6. ☐	**MPS A and B:** Start the Epap software on EPAP A and B.	**Run the following command on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Servers:** $ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]$ **`Service Epap start`** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

		EPAP application started. **$** $ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]$ **ssh mate** **$** $ [epapdev@Manaus-b ~]$ **Service Epap start** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. $ [epapdev@Manaus-b ~]$ exit logout Run the following command on EPAP 17.1 to start EPAP Services: [epapdev@Manaus-a logs]# systemctl start Epap **[epapdev@Manaus-a ~]$ ssh mate** **|==|** **| This system has been upgraded but the upgrade has not yet |** **| been accepted or rejected. Please accept or reject the |** **| upgrade soon. |** **|==|** **Last login: Fri Jan 20 03:50:19 2023** **[epapdev@Manaus-b ~]$** **systemctl start Epap** **[epapdev@Manaus-b ~]$ exit** **logout** **Connection to mate closed.** **==== AUTHENTICATING FOR org.freedesktop.systemd1.manage-units ====** **Authentication is required to start 'Epap.service'.** **Authenticating as: epapdev user (epapdev)** **Password:** **==== AUTHENTICATION COMPLETE ====** **[epapdev@Manaus-a ~]$**
7. ☐	MPS A: Checking the RTDB Status	

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

	Log onto the GUI of the A server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is Coherent.	B View RTDB Status **Local RTDB Status** DB Status: Coherent — Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 — RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:01:20 GMT PDB Level: 8 — PDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:02:16 GMT Counts: IMSIs=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0 Tables: IMSI=0, DN=1, IMEI=0, ASD=0 DB Size: 403 M — MinDsmSz: 14336 MB (1105 on epap240m) Reload: Unknown **Mate RTDB Status** DB Status: Coherent — Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 — RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:01:20 GMT PDB Level: 8 — PDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:02:16 GMT Counts: IMSIs=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0 Tables: IMSI=0, DN=1, IMEI=0, ASD=0 DB Size: 403 M — MinDsmSz: 14336 MB (1105 on epap240m) Reload: Unknown
8. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure Complete.
9. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.12 ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

This procedure defines the step to download the ISO from OSDC and copy to the test server at specific path.

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to download an ISO image from OSDC and copy to the required server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	**MPS X:** Log in to the server as the "admusr" user.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: <admusr_password>`

2.	**MPS X:** Run syscheck to make sure there is no error.	Run the following command:
		`$ sudo syscheck`
		The output should look like:
		`[admusr@hostname ~]$ syscheck`
		`Running modules in class disk...`
		`OK`
		`Running modules in class hardware...`
		`OK`

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

		Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class system... OK Running modules in class upgrade... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
3.	**MPS X:** Verify ISO image doesn't already exist.	Run the following command to perform directory listing: **$ ls –alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade** The output should look like as follows (There is no ISO is present in following example): [admusr@Osorna-B-PDBonly ~]$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade/ total 12 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Feb 19 21:43 . dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Jun 15 2018 .. If an ISO image exists, remove it by executing the following command: **$ rm –f /var/TKLC/upgrade/<ISO image>**
4. ☐	Download the ISO image from OSDC.	Download the ISO image from OSDC(Oracle Software Delivery Cloud).
5. ☐	Copy the ISO from source path to destination path.	**NOTE: Skip this step if same ISO is already present on destination folder.** Copy the ISO image from source path to destination path using scp/ftp command.

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

		Run the following command on destination server: **$ sudo scp <source_username>@<source_server_IP>:/<source_path>/xyz.iso /var/TKLC/upgrade** Password: <enter source userpassword> OR, Run the following command on source server: **$ scp /<source_path>/<xyz.iso> admusr@<destination_server_IP>:/var/TKLC/upgrade** Password: <Enter admusr password>

6. ☐	**MPS X:** Verify ISO image copied on destination path.	Run the following command to perform directory listing:
		$ ls –alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		
		The output should look like:
		`[admusr@hostname ~]$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade`
		`total 1599016`
		`-r--r-----  1 root root  925388800 Aug 23 02:15 EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0-x86_64.iso`
		`dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root  4096 Aug 23 02:31 ..`
		`drwxrwxr-x.  3 root admgrp  4096 Sep 11 04:38 .`
		
		Repeat this procedure from step 1 if EPAP ISO file is not as expected.

7.	**MPS X:** Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using 0.
8.	**Procedure complete.**	This procedure is complete.
9.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

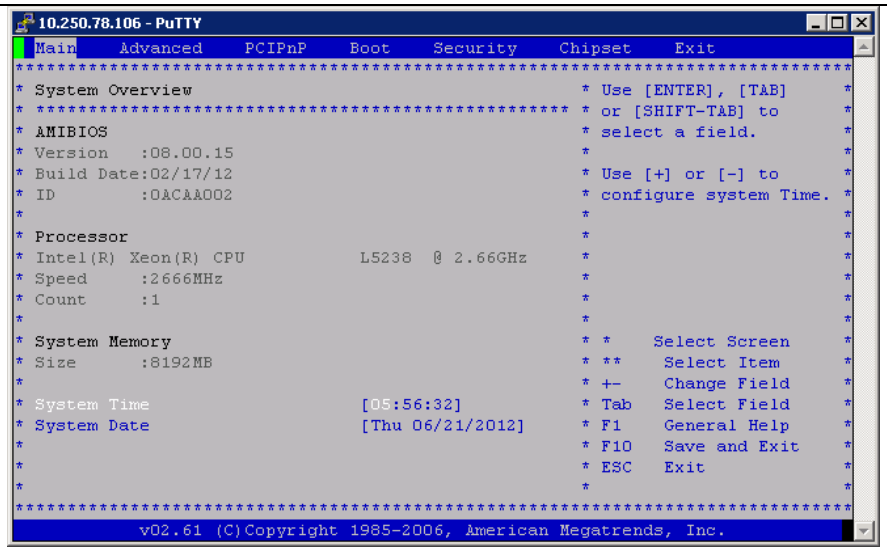
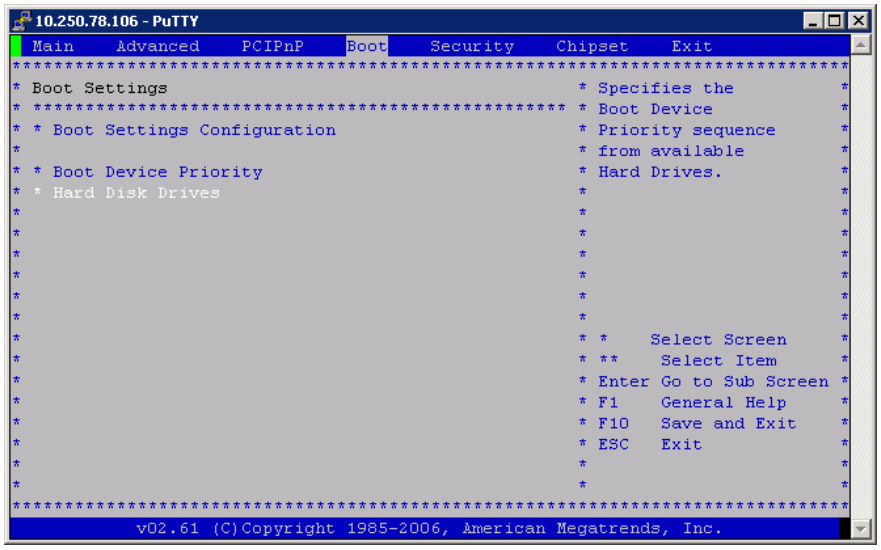
IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0

Note: Both the MPS-A and MPS-B servers can be IPM'ed at the same time.

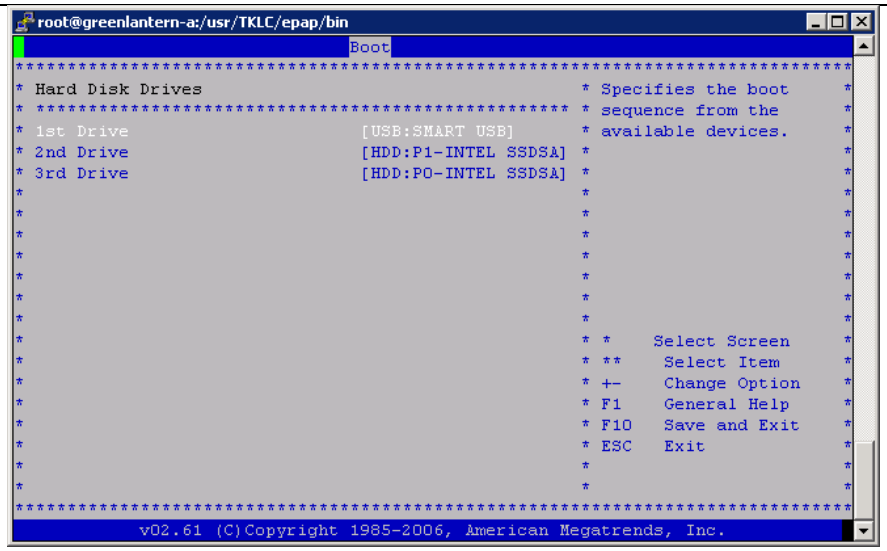
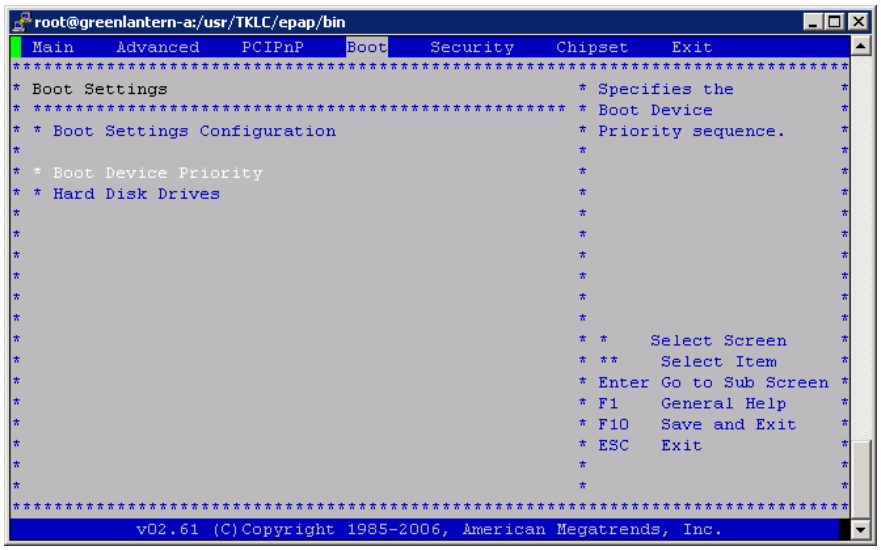
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

S	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server.

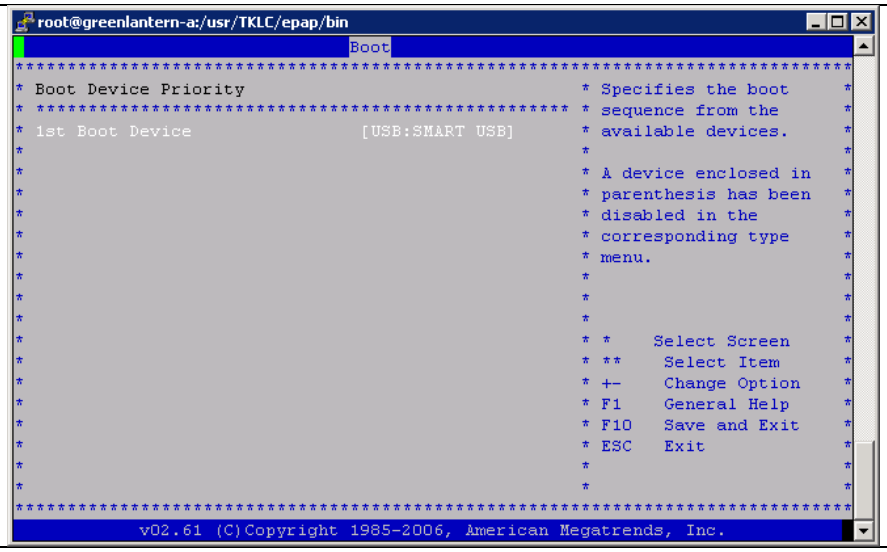
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

TEP #		
	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS X:** Insert TPD 8.6.0 USB media into the USB port (E5-APP-B)	Reboot server `# reboot`
2. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set System Time to GMT time, and System Date.	
3. ☐	**MPS X:** Select *Boot* → *Hard Disk Drives* option	
4. ☐	**MPS X:**	

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

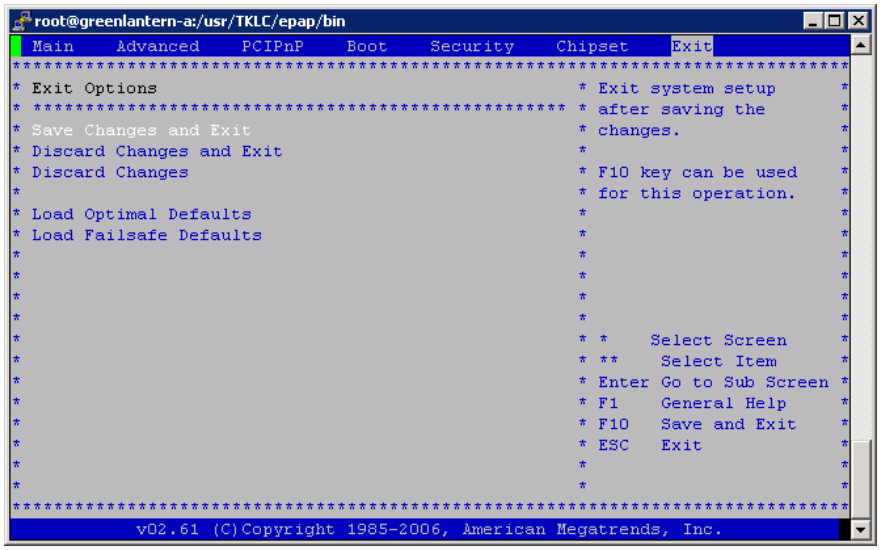
	Press 'Enter' key and select USB as the 1st Drive	
5. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'Esc' key and select Boot Device Priority	
6. ☐	**MPS X:** Verify that the 1st Boot Device is set to USB.	

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



7. ☐ **MPS X:**

Press 'Esc' key and select *Exit → Save Changes and Exit* option

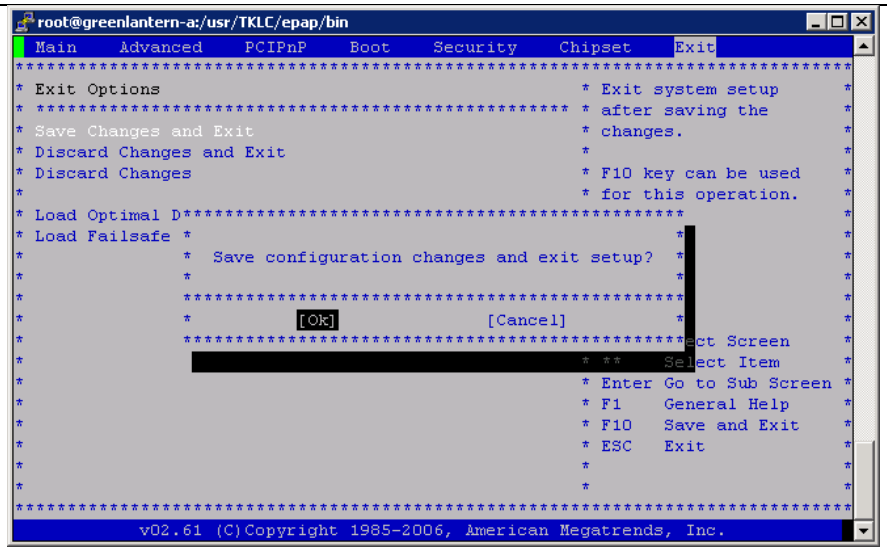
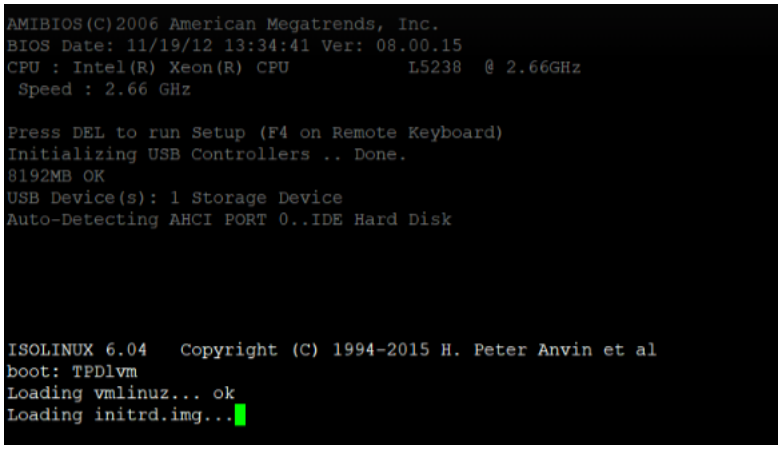


8. ☐ **MPS X:**

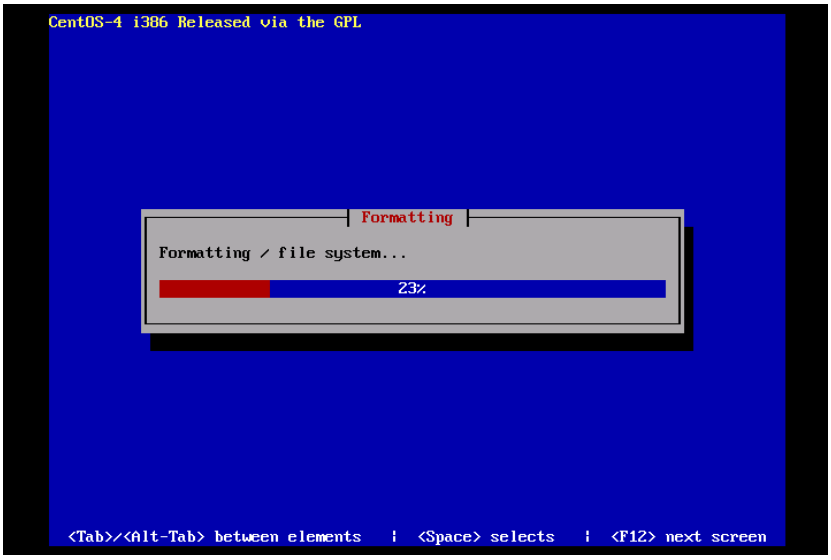
Select [OK] to save the configuration changes.

The server will reboot and TPD boot prompt will appear.

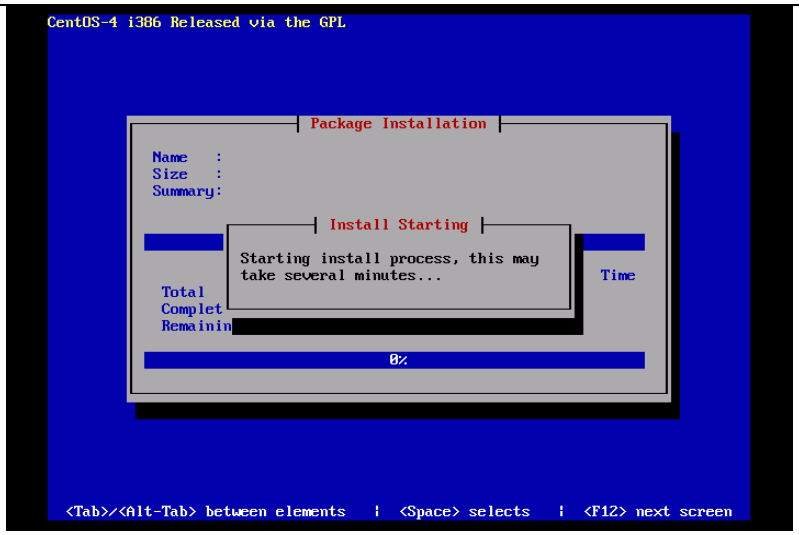
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

		
9. ☐	**MPS X:** Start the IPM process by entering the TPDlvm command at the boot prompt.	Start the IPM process by entering the TPDlvm command at the boot prompt. 

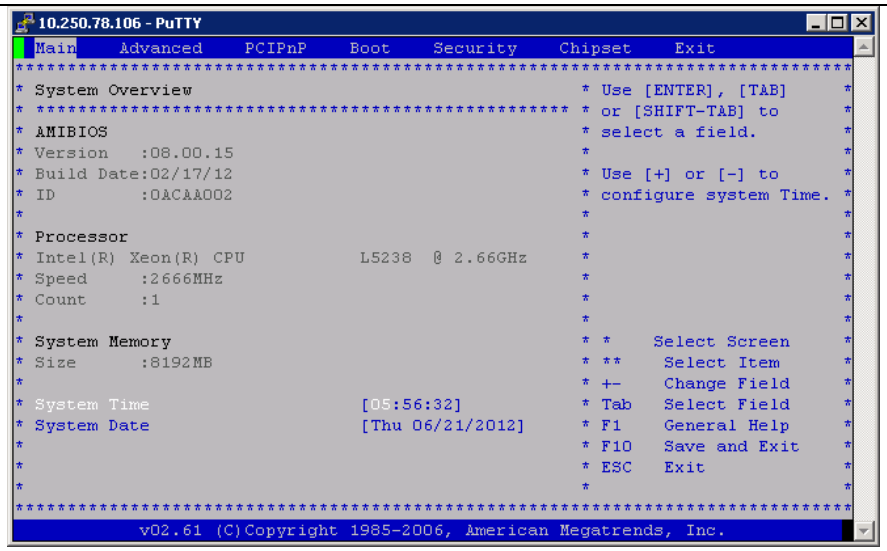
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

		If the following errors are observed while running the "TPDlvm" command, perform the "TPDlvm scrub": There is a problem with your existing storage configuration or your initial settings, for example a kickstart file. You must resolve this before the installation can proceed. There is a shell available for use which you can access by pressing ctrl-alt-f1 and then ctrl-b 2. Once you have resolved the issue, you can retry the storage scan. If you do not fix it, you will have to exit the installer. Duplicate UUID '00015466-01' found for devices: 'sdc1' and 'sda1' This is usually caused by cloning the device image resulting in duplication of the UUID value, which should be unique. In that case you can either disconnect one of the devices or reformat it. Press ENTER to exit: [[[11~^B^B^B^B^B2^H^H^H^H^H^[^[[11~[anaconda root@localhost ~]#
10. ☐	**MPS X:** After a few seconds, additional messages will begin scrolling by on the screen as the Linux kernel boots, and then the drive formatting and file system creation steps will begin.	
11. ☐	**MPS X:**	

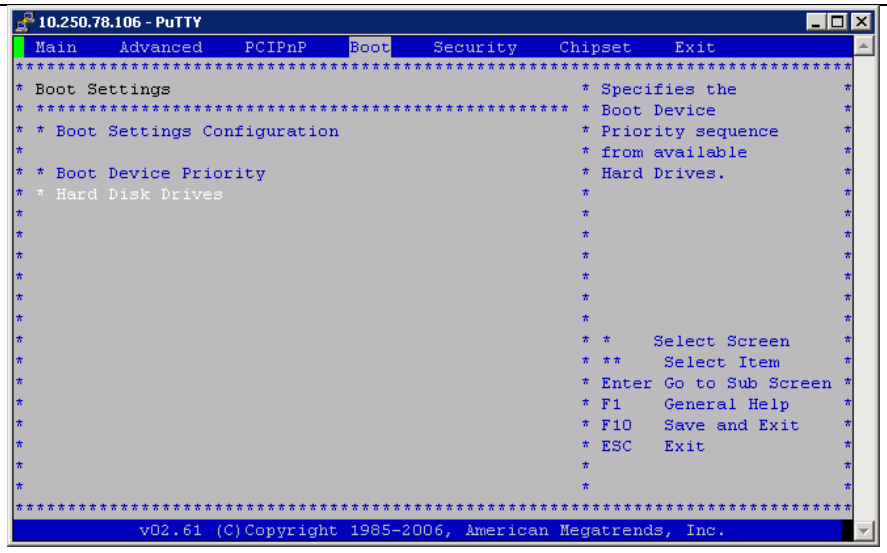
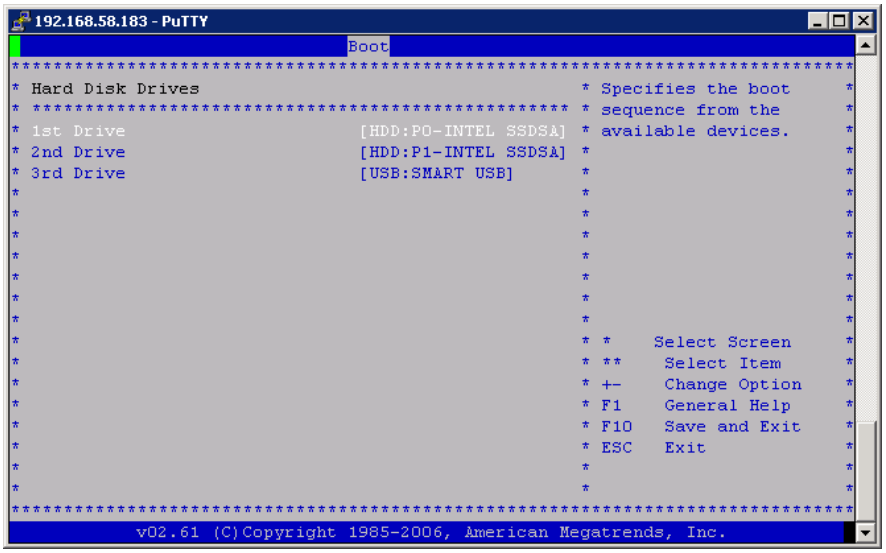
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

	Once the drive formatting and file system creation steps are complete, the screen at right will appear indicating that the package installation step is about to begin.	
12. ☐	**MPS X:** After a few minutes, you will see a screen similar to that at right, showing the status of the package installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number remaining, and current and projected time estimates.	

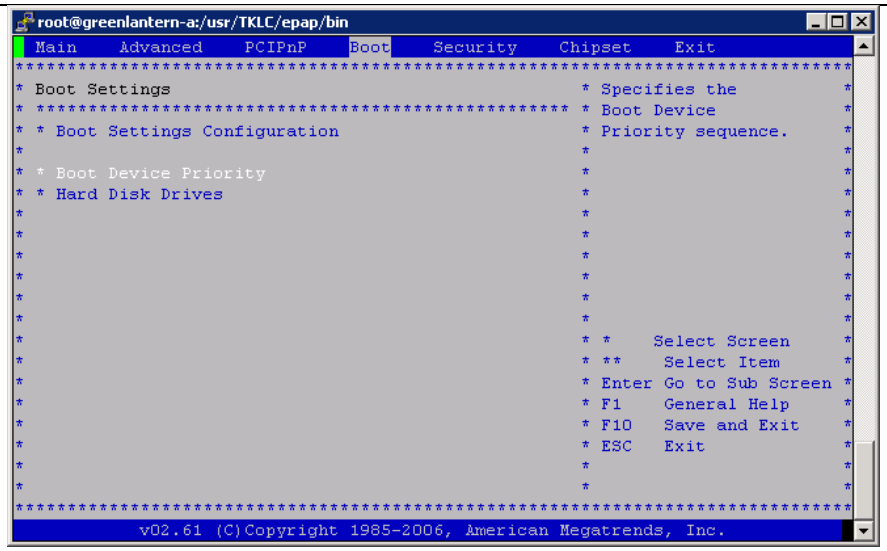
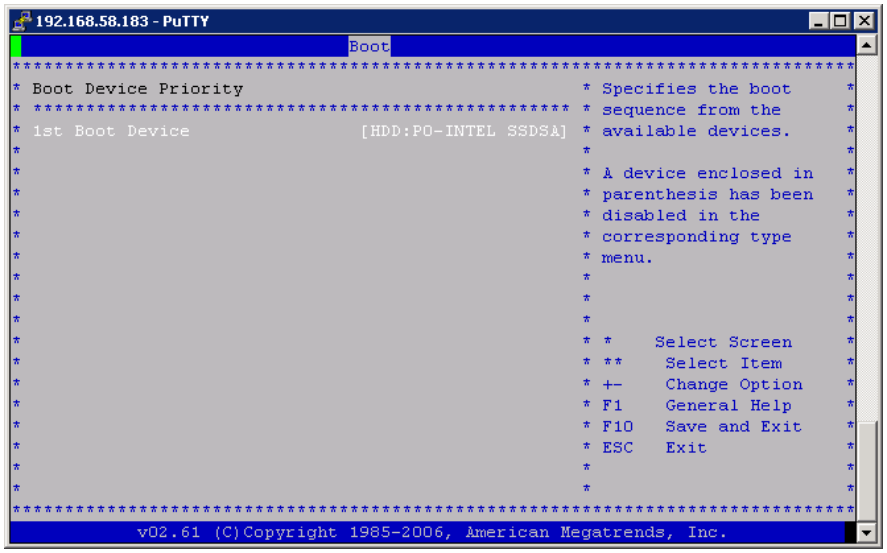
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

13. ☐	**MPS X:** Once all the packages have been successfully installed, the screen at right will appear letting you know the installation process is complete. **On E5-APP-B server remove the installation media (USB) and press <ENTER> to reboot the system and continue with the next step.**	MPOINT: Media already mounted. DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT: Media already mounted. DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT: Media already mounted. DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT: Pulling ISO Metadata file from: /run/install/repo//.isometadata Copying ISO metadata file to system DIR: /mnt/sysimage/var/TKLC/log/ipm Copying ISO metadata file to prodinfo DIR: /mnt/sysimage/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/prodinfo Changing default target to application.target Revoke root ssh access Installation complete Use of this product is subject to the license agreement found at: /usr/share/oraclelinux-release/EULA Installation complete. Press ENTER to quit:
14. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date.	
15. ☐	**MPS X:** Select *Boot → Hard Disk Drives* option	

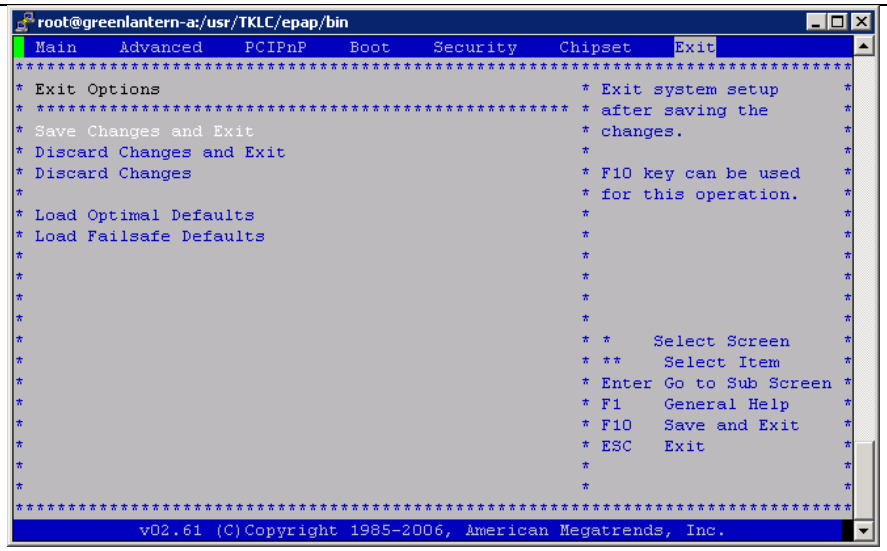
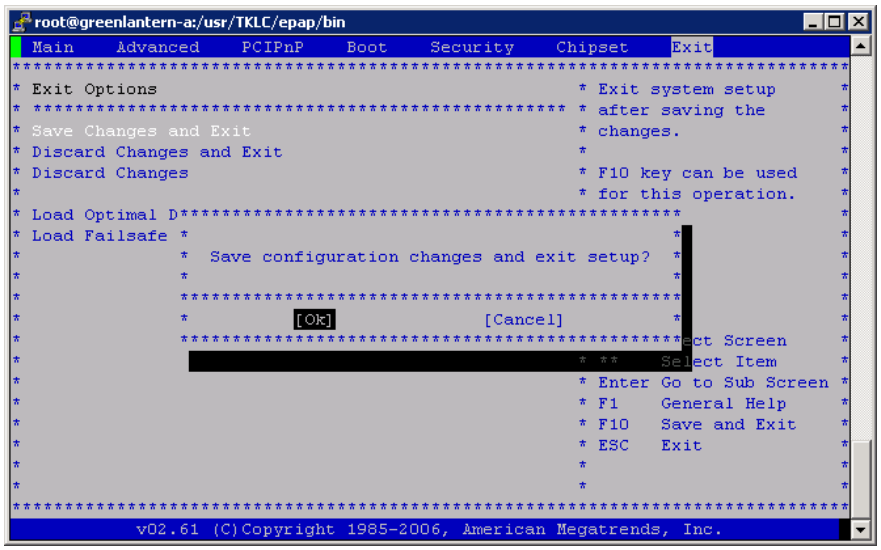
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

		
16. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'Enter' key and select HDD:P0 as the 1st Drive	
17. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'Esc' key and select Boot Device Priority	

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

		
18. ☐	**MPS X:** Verify that the 1st Boot Device is set to HDD:P0.	
19. ☐	**MPS X:** Press 'Esc' key and select *Exit → Save Changes and Exit* option	

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

		
20. ☐	**MPS X:** Select [OK] to save the configuration changes. The server will reboot. Remove USB media from USB drive.	 When the message "Upstart Job ntdMgr: started", is displayed, press the Enter Key to get the Login prompt.
21. ☐	**MPS X:** Log in to the server as the user "admusr"	**console login: admusr** **password: <admusr_password>**

22. ☐	**MPS X:**
	Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used.
		`$ getPlatRev`
		
		`8.6.0.0.0_110.x.0`

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

23. ☐	**MPS X:** Verify the system date.	`$ date -u` Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018 Verify that the output time matches the time set in step 14. If mismatch is found, then Refer to **My Oracle Support** sectionfor instructions on accessing My Oracle Support.
24. ☐	**Procedure complete.**	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
25. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

Note: All the networks (Prov, GUI and OAM) should be in different subnets. The networks can be a mix of IPv4 and IPv6 IPs.

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

S T E P #	This procedure will configure the standalone PDB in segmented configuration. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to Server A.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: *password*`

2. ☐	**MPS A:** Switch user to epapconfig.	`$ sudo su - epapconfig`
		
		`Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.`

3. ☐	**MPS A:** A note of caution appears. Press Return to continue.	`Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.`
		
		`Press return to continue...`

4. ☐	**MPS A:** Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration.	`Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y`

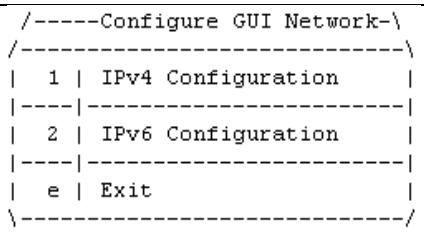
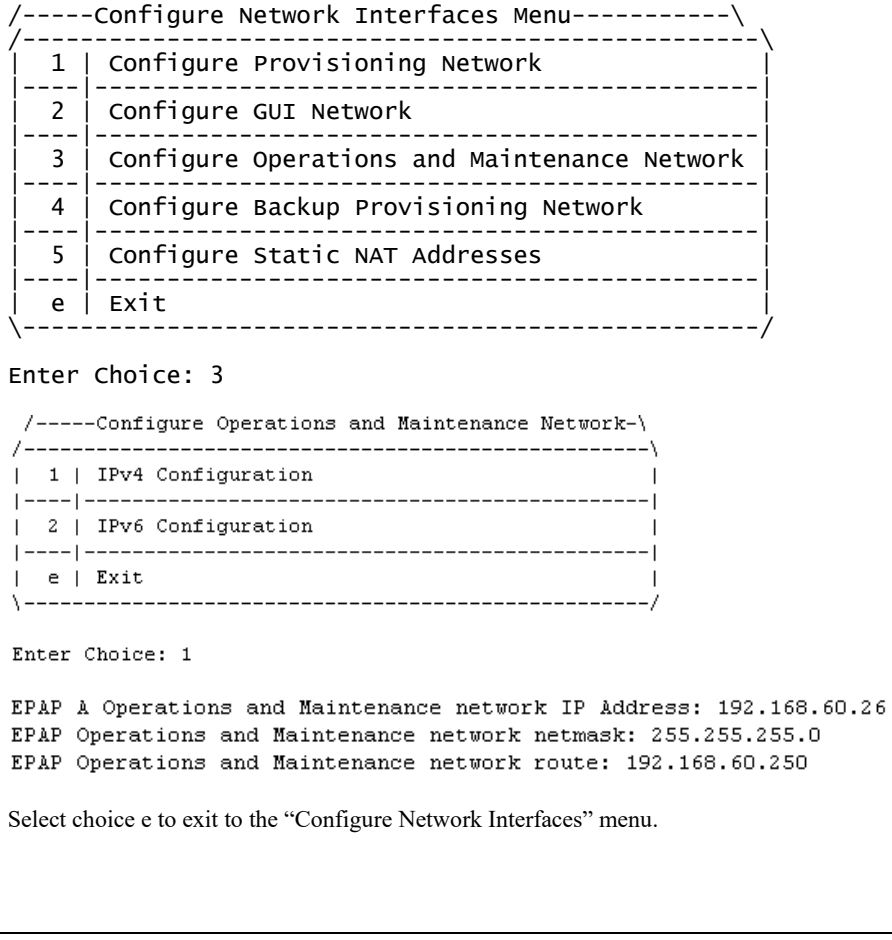
Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

	To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	
5. ☐	**MPS A:** Enter the System Number and Network Configuration Type as "Segmented".	Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: **<Enter the System Number here>** Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): **2**
6. ☐	**MPS A:** The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 2

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

7. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	/-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----------\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 2 | Configure GUI Network | |---|---| | 3 | Configure Operations and Maintenance Network | |---|---| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |---|---| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 1
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	/-----Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\ /---------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|---| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|---| | e | Exit | \---------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration: EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 192.168.61.35 EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP provisioning network default router: 192.168.61.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
8. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure GUI Network.	/-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----------\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 2 | Configure GUI Network | |---|---| | 3 | Configure Operations and Maintenance Network | |---|---| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |---|---| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 2

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	 Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration: EPAP A GUI network IP Address: 192.168.59.27 EPAP GUI network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP GUI network route: 192.168.59.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
9. ☐	**MPS A:** The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Configure Operations and Maintenance Network. **Note**: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	 EPAP A Operations and Maintenance network IP Address: 192.168.60.26 EPAP Operations and Maintenance network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP Operations and Maintenance network route: 192.168.60.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

10. ☐	**MPS A:** Select choice e to exit from the epapconfig menu.	/-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----------\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 2 | Configure GUI Network | |---|---| | 3 | Configure Operations and Maintenance Network | |---|---| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |---|---| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |---|---| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: e /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /---------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |---|---| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |---|---| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |---|---| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |---|---| | 5 | Change Password | |---|---| | 6 | Platform Menu | |---|---| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |---|---| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |---|---| | 9 | Security | |---|---| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |---|---| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |---|---| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |---|---| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |---|---| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |---|---| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |---|---| | e | Exit | \---------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 2

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		`Enter Choice: e` Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11. ☐	**MPS A:** Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete.
12. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

Appendix A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

STEP #	This procedure will change the password for the EPAP System User(s). Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in to Server A with the EPAP System User for which the password is to be changed.	`[hostname]: <EPAP System User>` `password: <epapdev` ***`password`***`>`

2. ☐	**MPS A:** Change Password for an EPAP system user	Run the command to change to password of an existing EPAP user.
		`$ passwd`
		Changing password for user <EPAP System User>.
		Changing password for <EPAP System User>.
		(current) UNIX password: **<Enter the current password here>**
		New password: **<Enter the new password here>**
		Retype new password: **<Retype the new password here>**
		passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
		
		Note: The Linux "passwd" command used to change the password of Linux users, follows the Linux PAM rules. Refer to the Linux manual for the PAM rules.
		`# man pam_cracklib`

3. ☐	**MPS B:** Change Password	Repeat steps 1and 2 on MPS B also. **Note**: The new password on MPS A and B should be same.

Appendix A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

4. ☐	**MPS A: Procedure Complete**	This procedure is complete.
5. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

Appendix A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

STEP #	This procedure will halt the E5-APP-B hardrware. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**E5APPB Card:** Slide the ejector switch.	On the APP-B card, slide the Ejector switch (4) up to the UNLOCKED position. Refer to Figure 6. Caution: If the Ejector switch goes from locked to unlocked and the E5-APP-B card is in service, the card will halt.
2. ☐	**E5APPB Card:** Monitor the Eject Status LED	WAIT for the E5-APP-B Eject Status LED to go from blinking red to a steady red.
3. ☐	**E5APPB Card:** Lever Release	Grasp the upper and lower card Inject/Eject (I/E) lever release (3) just underneath the I/E lever, and press it to meet the I/E lever. This is the mechanical interlock for the card. Refer to Figure 7.
4. ☐	**E5APPB Card:** Pull out the levers	While holding the I/E interlock and lever, pull the levers (2) away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Refer to Figure 7.
5. ☐	**E5APPB Card:** Slide the ejector switch	Remove the E5-APP-B card from the EAGLE shelf.
6. ☐	**MPS A: Procedure Complete**	This procedure is complete.
7. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

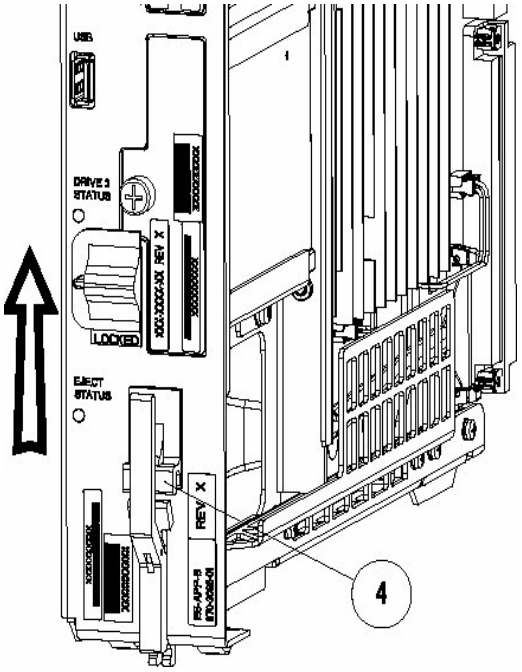


Figure 6: Slide the Ejector Switch

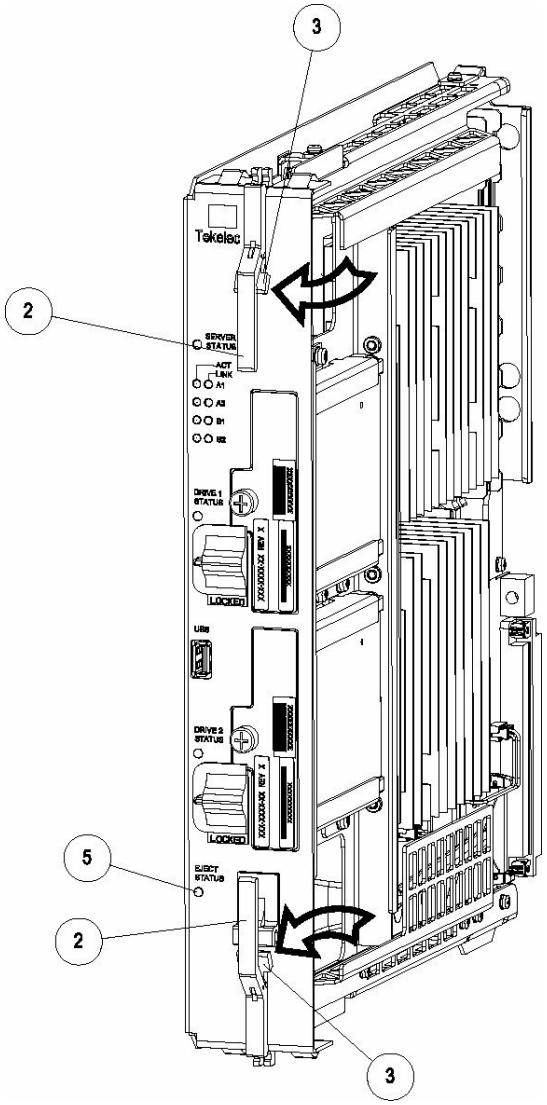


Figure 7: Release Lever

Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

Note: This needs to be done in coordination with the EAGLE team.

Appendix A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

S T E P #	This procedure will configure EPAP Switch ports and Eagle SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-EAGLE download speed. Note: Estimated time of completion is 20 minutes.	
1. ☐	**E5-APP-B A/B:** Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps
2. ☐	**EAGLE:** Configure Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP to Auto-negotiate.	Eagle Command to configure an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: CHG-IP-LNK:LOC=<SM card location>:PORT=<Port>:IPADDR=<IP Address>:SUBMASK=<Subnet Mask>:MCAST=YES:AUTO=YES
3. ☐	**EAGLE:** Verify the auto negotiation status of the Ethernet ports on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC=<SM card location>:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the “Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display” section below. If ports on SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex correctly, then stop here. Otherwise continue with next step.
4. ☐	**E5-APP-B A/B:** Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to auto-negotiate.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to ‘auto’.
5. ☐	**EAGLE:** Verify the auto negotiation status of a Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC=<SM card location>:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the “Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display” section below
6. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display:

SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:

```
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
```

SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:

```
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
```

```
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:43:49 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1307   140-029-000  DSM       SCCPHC     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
      ALARM STATUS        = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP  GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION        = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  34C ( 94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  34C ( 94F)     [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP        = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                       MFC          MFC
          SNM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3    REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG   REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
          B      192.168.121.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          B      OOS-MT          Unavail

    Command Completed.
;

> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"


    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:26 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

SDS Shell Output

```
-> tklc_ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET_UP
     Type: SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK
     inet: 127.0.0.1
     Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
     Metric is 0
     Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
     0 packets received; 1 packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
     Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
     Metric is 0
     Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
     0 octets received
     0 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 non-unicast packets received
     0 non-unicast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
     Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.120.21
     Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
     Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
     Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
     Metric is 0
     Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     250214 octets received
     122200 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     2075 broadcast packets received
     940 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
```

```
          Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
          PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
          Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
          inet: 192.168.121.21
          Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
          Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
          Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
          Metric is 0
          Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
          248920 octets received
          121290 octets sent
          0 unicast packets received
          0 unicast packets sent
          0 multicast packets received
          0 multicast packets sent
          2062 broadcast packets received
          933 broadcast packets sent
          0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
          0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
      value = 26 = 0x1a

;


      eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:36 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

      NETSTAT command complete

;
```

SM8G-B card running SCCP64:

```
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 5) = ExAP Port B


> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307


      eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:01 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
      CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
      1307   140-029-000  DSM       SCCP64     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
        ALARM STATUS        = No Alarms.
        BLDC64  GPL version = 140-029-000
        IMT BUS A           = Conn
        IMT BUS B           = Disc
        CLOCK A             = Fault
        CLOCK B             = Active
        CLOCK I             = Idle
        MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
        MOTHER BOARD ID     = SMXG B
        DBD STATUS          = Valid
        DBD TYPE            = None
        DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 8192M
        HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
        FPGA VERSION        = 9
```

```
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION        = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  34C ( 94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  34C ( 94F)     [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP        = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                      MFC          MFC
          SNM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3    REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG   REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
          B      192.168.121.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          B      OOS-MT          Unavail

    Command Completed.
;



> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:14 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback  Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1  mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1  prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:1
        RX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:85k  TX bytes:85k

    gei4        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:2
        RX packets:791 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:92k  TX bytes:48k

    gei5        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.121.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:3
```

```
        RX packets:783 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:91k  TX bytes:48k

    gei (unit number 4):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1

;

SM8G-B card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:

gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port

> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:06 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1317   140-029-000  DSM       ENUMHC     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
      ALARM STATUS        = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP  GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION        = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  34C ( 94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  34C ( 94F)     [17-05-02 09:31]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.13     UP         IS-NR
          B      10.75.49.21        UP         IS-NR
          C      ---------------    ----       ----
          D      ---------------    ----       ----
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          D      OOS-MA          Ueq
      ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
         CNAME                PROT      STATUS

    Command Completed.
;

> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"

Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET_UP
         Type: SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         0 packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
         0 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 non-unicast packets received
         0 non-unicast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 2):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.120.13
         Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         16128 octets received
         102048 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
```

```
          0 multicast packets sent
          252 broadcast packets received
          786 broadcast packets sent
          0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
          0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
     gei (unit number 3):
          Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
          PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
          Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
          inet: 10.75.49.21
          Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
          Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
          Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
          Metric is 0
          Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
          0 octets received
          128 octets sent
          0 unicast packets received
          0 unicast packets sent
          0 multicast packets received
          0 multicast packets sent
          0 broadcast packets received
          2 broadcast packets sent
          0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
          0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
     value = 26 = 0x1a

;

     eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

;

     eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

     NETSTAT command complete

;
```

SM8G-B card running ENUM64/DEIR64/SIP64:

```
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 5) = Signaling Port


> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317


     eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:31 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
     1317   140-029-000  DSM       ENUM64     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
```

```
      ALARM STATUS        = **  0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLDC64  GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION        = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  34C ( 94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  34C ( 94F)     [17-05-02 09:31]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.13     UP         IS-NR
          B      10.75.49.21        UP         IS-NR
          C      ---------------    ----       ----
          D      ---------------    ----       ----
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          D      OOS-MA          Ueq
      ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
         CNAME                PROT      STATUS

    Command Completed.
;


> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:59 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback  Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1  mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1  prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:1
        RX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:99M  TX bytes:99M

    gei4        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.13  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:2
        RX packets:35807 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
```

```
        TX packets:877952 mcast:12 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:2148k  TX bytes:110M

    gei5        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 10.75.49.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:3
        RX packets:526 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:57k  TX bytes:510

    gei (unit number 4):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
         PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1

;

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

;

    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

    NETSTAT command complete

;
```

SLIC card running SCCPHC:

```
gei (unit number 2) is ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) is ExAP Port B

> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307


    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:21 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1307   140-029-000  SLIC      SCCPHC     IS-ANR         Standby     98%
      ALARM STATUS        = **  0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SLIC
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ACFP00
      PSOC VERSION        = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  40C (104F)
```

```
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  40C (104F)     [17-05-04 15:05]
      SCCP % OCCUP        = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                       MFC          MFC
          SNM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3    REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG   REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
          B      192.168.121.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          B      OOS-MT          Unavail

    Command Completed.
;

> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"


    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:27 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET_UP
         Type: SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         0 packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
         0 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 non-unicast packets received
         0 non-unicast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 2):
```

```
          Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
          PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
          Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
          inet: 192.168.120.21
          Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
          Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
          Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
          Metric is 0
          Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
          0 octets received
          2014 octets sent
          0 unicast packets received
          0 unicast packets sent
          0 multicast packets received
          0 multicast packets sent
          0 broadcast packets received
          16 broadcast packets sent
          0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
          0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
     gei (unit number 0):
          Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
          PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
          Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
          inet: 192.168.121.21
          Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
          Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
          Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
          Metric is 0
          Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
          0 octets received
          1884 octets sent
          0 unicast packets received
          0 unicast packets sent
          0 multicast packets received
          0 multicast packets sent
          0 broadcast packets received
          15 broadcast packets sent
          0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
          0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
     value = 26 = 0x1a

;

     eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:37 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

     NETSTAT command complete

;
```

SLIC card running SCCP64:

```
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port B

> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307

    eagle1 17-05-04 14:55:03 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1307   140-029-000  SLIC      SCCP64     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
      ALARM STATUS        = **  0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SLIC
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ACFP00
      PSOC VERSION        = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  36C ( 97F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  38C (101F)     [17-05-04 14:47]
      SCCP % OCCUP        = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                      MFC          MFC
          SNM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM     REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3    REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG   REQ STATUS =   24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
          B      192.168.121.21     DOWN       OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          B      OOS-MT          Unavail

    Command Completed.
;

> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"

Command Accepted - Processing

    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
    Command entered at terminal #11.
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

```
    SDS Shell Output

    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback  Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1  mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1  prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:1
        RX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:247k  TX bytes:247k

    gei0        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:2
        RX packets:695 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:634 mcast:12 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:74k  TX bytes:79k

    gei2        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.121.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:3
        RX packets:702 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:639 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:75k  TX bytes:80k

    gei (unit number 0):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 2):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1

;
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:13 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

    NETSTAT command complete

;


SLIC card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 1) = ExAP Port B


> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
```

```
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:35 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1317   140-029-000  SLIC      ENUMHC     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
      ALARM STATUS        = No Alarms.
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SLIC
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ACFP00
      PSOC VERSION        = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  43C (110F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  43C (110F)     [17-05-04 17:27]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.13     UP         IS-NR
          B      10.75.49.21        DOWN       OOS-MT
          C      10.75.50.21        UP         IS-NR
          D      192.168.121.13     UP         IS-NR
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST            SST
          A      OOS-MT         Unavail
          D      OOS-MT         Unavail

    Command Completed.
;


> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"

Command Accepted - Processing

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET_UP
         Type: SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
```

```
      0 packets received; 1 packets sent
      0 multicast packets received
      0 multicast packets sent
      0 input errors; 0 output errors
      0 collisions; 0 dropped
      0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
      Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
      Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
      Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
      Metric is 0
      Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
      0 octets received
      0 octets sent
      0 unicast packets received
      0 unicast packets sent
      0 non-unicast packets received
      0 non-unicast packets sent
      0 incoming packets discarded
      0 outgoing packets discarded
      0 incoming errors
      0 outgoing errors
      0 unknown protos
      0 collisions; 0 dropped
      0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
      Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
      PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
      Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
      inet: 192.168.120.13
      Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
      Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
      Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
      Metric is 0
      Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
      13736 octets received
      16118 octets sent
      0 unicast packets received
      0 unicast packets sent
      0 multicast packets received
      0 multicast packets sent
      128 broadcast packets received
      125 broadcast packets sent
      0 incoming packets discarded
      0 outgoing packets discarded
      0 incoming errors
      0 outgoing errors
      0 unknown protos
      0 collisions; 0 dropped
      0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
      Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
      PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
      Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
      inet: 10.75.49.21
      Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
      Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
      Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
      Metric is 0
      Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
      0 octets received
```

```
      0 octets sent
      0 unicast packets received
      0 unicast packets sent
      0 multicast packets received
      0 multicast packets sent
      0 broadcast packets received
      0 broadcast packets sent
      0 incoming packets discarded
      0 outgoing packets discarded
      0 incoming errors
      0 outgoing errors
      0 unknown protos
      0 collisions; 0 dropped
      0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
      Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
      PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
      Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
      inet: 10.75.50.21
      Broadcast address: 10.75.50.255
      Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
      Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3
      Metric is 0
      Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
      25708 octets received
      128 octets sent
      0 unicast packets received
      0 unicast packets sent
      0 multicast packets received
      0 multicast packets sent
      214 broadcast packets received
      2 broadcast packets sent
      0 incoming packets discarded
      0 outgoing packets discarded
      0 incoming errors
      0 outgoing errors
      0 unknown protos
      0 collisions; 0 dropped
      0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 1):
      Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
      PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
      Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
      inet: 192.168.121.13
      Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
      Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
      Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1
      Metric is 0
      Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
      13544 octets received
      16118 octets sent
      0 unicast packets received
      0 unicast packets sent
      0 multicast packets received
      0 multicast packets sent
      125 broadcast packets received
      125 broadcast packets sent
      0 incoming packets discarded
      0 outgoing packets discarded
      0 incoming errors
      0 outgoing errors
```

```
          0 unknown protos
          0 collisions; 0 dropped
          0 output queue drops
      value = 26 = 0x1a

;

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

;

    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

    NETSTAT command complete

;
```

SLIC card running DEIR64/ENUM64/SIP64:

```
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 1) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B


> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317

Command Accepted - Processing

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD   VERSION      TYPE      GPL        PST            SST        AST
    1317   140-029-000  SLIC      ENUM64     IS-ANR         MPS Unavl  -----
      ALARM STATUS        = No Alarms.
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A           = Conn
      IMT BUS B           = Disc
      CLOCK A             = Fault
      CLOCK B             = Active
      CLOCK I             = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS      = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID     = SLIC
      DBD STATUS          = Valid
      DBD TYPE            = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE     = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION        = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION        = 0ACFP00
      PSOC VERSION        = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE =  40C (104F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE:   =  42C (108F)     [17-05-04 15:51]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE   = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK  IPADDR             STATUS     PST
          A      192.168.120.13     UP         IS-NR
          B      10.75.49.21        DOWN       OOS-MT
          C      10.75.50.21        DOWN       OOS-MT
```

```
          D      192.168.121.13     UP         IS-NR
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT   PST             SST
          A      OOS-MT          Unavail
          D      OOS-MT          Unavail

    Command Completed.
;

> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"

Command Accepted - Processing

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output

    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback  Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1  mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1  prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:1
        RX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:165k  TX bytes:165k

    gei0        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.13  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:2
        RX packets:929 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:101k  TX bytes:93k

    gei2        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 10.75.49.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:3
        RX packets:37 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:4596  TX bytes:510

    gei1        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1  Queue:none
```

```
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 10.75.50.21  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 10.75.50.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d1%gei1  prefixlen 64  tentative  automatic
        UP SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:4
        RX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:0  TX bytes:0

    gei3        Link type:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3  Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.121.13  mask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d3%gei3  prefixlen 64  automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500  metric:1  VR:0  ifindex:5
        RX packets:921 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:101k  TX bytes:93k

    gei (unit number 0):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 2):
         PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 1):
         PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
    gei (unit number 3):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1

;

    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:16 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

    NETSTAT command complete

;
```

Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

Appendix A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

STEP #	This procedure upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS :** Log in to the server.	If not already logged in, then login at MPS : **<hostname> console login: epapdev** **Password: <password>** Change to root user. $ su – root
2. ☐	Verify SSL certificate	To verify SSL certificate Run the following command: **# /usr/bin/openssl x509 -in /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt -text -noout | grep "Signature Algorithm"** Signature Algorithm: **sha512**WithRSAEncryption Signature Algorithm: **sha512**WithRSAEncryption If signature algorithm is SHA 512 skip this procedure,otherwise proceed with the following step.
3. ☐	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server.crt	**# openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt** /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt: CN = **10.248.11.14** error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK
4. ☐	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server.crt	**Note**: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 3. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 run the following command: **# /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN=<IP Addr>" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt** Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key .....+++ .....+++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key'
5. ☐	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server_dual.crt	**# openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt** /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt: CN = **10.248.11.14** error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate **OK**

6. ☐	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server_dual.crt	**Note**: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 5. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 Run the following command: **# /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN=<IP Addr>" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt** Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key .....+++ .....+++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key'
7. ☐	Restart httpd service	Restart httpd service to reflect IP correctly. Use following command to restart httpd service: **$ systemctl restart httpd** [root@Natal-A ~]# service httpd restart Stopping httpd: [OK] Starting httpd: [Fri Jul 06 23:26:09 2018] [warn] _default_ VirtualHost overlap on port 8002, the first has precedence [Fri Jul 06 23:26:09 2018] [warn] _default_ VirtualHost overlap on port 443, the first has precedence [OK]
8. ☐	Exit from root user	Exit from root user by running the following command: **$ exit**
9. ☐	Procedure Complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

If PDBA Proxy feature is NOT enabled and VIP is NOT configured, this procedure can be skipped.

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

S T E	This procedure outlines the steps to disable the PDBA proxy feature.

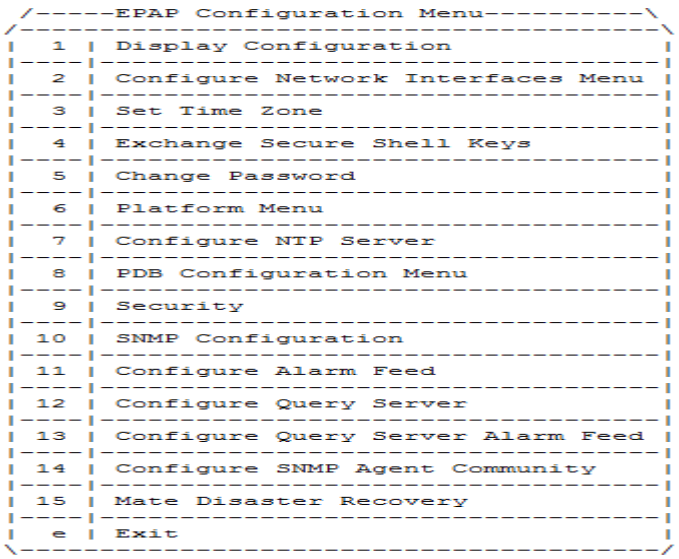
P #	Estimated time: 5 minutes	
1. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “8” to display “PDB Configuration Menu.	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 8
2. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “6” to “Change PDBA Proxy State”.	MPS Side A: /-----Configure PDB Menu------------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|----------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State | |----|----------| | 4 | Create PDB | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|----------| | 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 6
3. ☐	**MPS A**: Enter “Y” to stop PDBA / EPAP software and disable PDBA Proxy.	PDBA PROXY is currently ENABLED. Do you want to DISABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: **Y**

4. ☐	**MPS A**: Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /---\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 1
5. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001

```
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port                 = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port           = 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port           = 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address               = Not
configured
EPAP B Static NAT Address               = Not
configured
PDBI Port                               = 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address         = Not
configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port                  = 80
Local Provisioning VIP                  =
192.168.15.152
Remote Provisioning VIP                 =
192.168.15.172
Local PDBA Address                      =
192.168.15.115
Remote PDBA Address                     =
192.168.16.115
Remote PDBA B Address                   =
192.168.16.116
Time Zone                               =
America/New_York
PDB Database                            = Exists
Preferred PDB                           = Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB        = Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled                = Yes
PDBA Proxy Enabled                      = No

Press return to continue...
```

6. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “2” to enter the “Configure Network Interfaces Menu”.	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 2

7. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “7” to enter the “Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses Menu”.	MPS Side A: /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Sync Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 3 | Configure DSM Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Forwarded Ports | |----|-----------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 7
8. ☐	**MPS A**: Remove the local provisioning VIP and remote provisioning VIP, by entering 0.0.0.0.	Verifying root connectivity with mate... EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.152]: **0.0.0.0** EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.172]: **0.0.0.0**
9. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “e” to exit.	MPS Side A: /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Sync Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 3 | Configure DSM Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Forwarded Ports | |----|-----------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: e

10. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose option “1” to “Display Configuration.	MPS Side A:  Enter Choice: 1
11. ☐	**MPS A**: Verify VIP addresses are set to **0.0.0.0.**	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured

```
EPAP B Static NAT Address                = Not
configured
PDBI Port                                = 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address          = Not
configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port                   = 80
Local Provisioning VIP                   = 0.0.0.0
Remote Provisioning VIP                  = 0.0.0.0
Local PDBA Address                       =
192.168.15.115
Remote PDBA Address                      =
192.168.16.115
Remote PDBA B Address                    =
192.168.16.116
Time Zone                                =
America/New_York
PDB Database                             = Exists
Preferred PDB                            = Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB         = Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled                 = Yes
PDBA Proxy Enabled                       = No

Press return to continue...
```

12. ☐	**MPS A**: Choose “e” to exit.	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: e
13. ☐	Return to the procedure that you came here from.	
14. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Features

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Feature

STEP #	This procedure outlines the steps for provisioning the PDBA proxy VIP. Estimated time: 10 minutes	
1.	**MPS A**: Log in as epapdev to 1A server.	Login: **epapdev** Password: **<epapdev_password>**
2.	**MPS A**: Perform "syscheck" on the 1A server.	**$ syscheck** Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class disk... OK Running modules in class services... OK Running modules in class system... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
3.	**MPS A**: SSH to EPAP 1B.	**$ssh mate**
4.	**MPS B**: Perform "syscheck" on the 1B.	**$ syscheck** Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class disk... OK Running modules in class services... OK Running modules in class system... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored:

		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged #
5.	**MPS B**: Exit back to the 1A server	**$ exit**
6.	**MPS A**: Log in to epapconfig	$**su – epapconfig** **Password:** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
7.	**MPS A**: Choose option "1" to display Configuration.	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 1
8.	**MPS A**:	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0

	Verify that the VIP is not configured.	Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 **Local Provisioning VIP = Not configured** **Remote Provisioning VIP = Not configured** Local PDBA Address = 192.168.61.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.61.181 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.61.182 Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = No Press return to continue...
9.	**MPS A**: Choose option “2” to enter the “Configure Network Interfaces Menu”.	MPS Side A:

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /---\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|-----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|-----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|-----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|-----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|-----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|-----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|-----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|-----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|-----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|-----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|-----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|-----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|-----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|-----------------------------------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|-----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 2
10.	**MPS A**: Choose option "6" to enter the "Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses Menu".	MPS Side A: /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Sync Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 3 | Configure DSM Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: 6
11.	**MPS A**:	Verifying root connectivity with mate... EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: **Y** EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: **Y** EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: **192.168.15.152** EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: **192.168.15.172**

	Enter “Y” to stop PDBA / EPAP software then enter VIP address for the local and remote PDBA sites.	
12.	**MPS A**: Choose option “e” to exit.	MPS Side A: /-----Configure Network Interfaces Menu----\ /---\ | 1 | Configure Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Sync Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 3 | Configure DSM Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 4 | Configure Backup Provisioning Network | |----|-----------------------------------| | 5 | Configure Static NAT Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | 6 | Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses | |----|-----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \---/ Enter Choice: e
13.	**MPS A**: Choose option “1” to “Display Configuration.	MPS Side A:

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 1
14.	**MPS A**: Verify VIP addresses	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 **Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152** **Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172** Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116

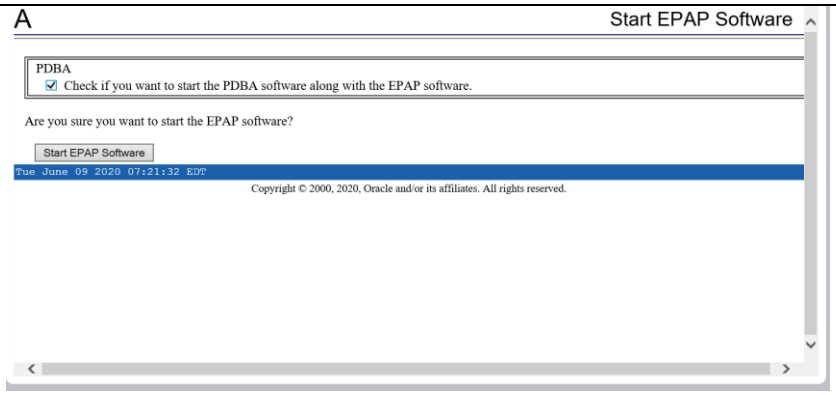
		Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = No Press return to continue...
15.	**MPS A**: Choose “e” to exit	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | | 3 | Set Time Zone | | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | | 5 | Change Password | | 6 | Platform Menu | | 7 | Configure NTP Server | | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | | 9 | Security | | 10 | SNMP Configuration | | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | | 12 | Configure Query Server | | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: e
16.	**MPS A**: Verify that you can ping both VIP addresses.	$ **ping <local VIP>** **$ ping <remote VIP>**
17.	**MPS A**: Log in to epapconfig	$ **su - epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
18.	**MPS A**: Enter “1” to “Display Configuration”	

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 1
19.	**MPS A**: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = Not configured Remote Provisioning VIP = Not configured Local PDBA Address = 192.168.61.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.61.181 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.61.182 Time Zone = America/New_York

		PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = **NO** Press return to continue...
20.	**MPS A**: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 8
21.	**MPS A**: Choose option "6" to "Change PDBA Proxy State".	MPS Side A: /-----Configure PDB Menu-----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|----------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State | |----|----------| | 4 | Create PDB | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|----------| | 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 6

22.	**MPS A**: Enter **"Y"** to stop PDBA / EPAP software and enable PDBA Proxy.	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: **Y** EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: **Y** PDBA PROXY is currently DISABLED. Do you want to ENABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: **Y**
23.	**MPS A**: Enter "e" to exit	MPS Side A: /-----Configure PDB Menu------------\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |---|---------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |---|---------------------------| | 3 | Change MPS Provisionable State | |---|---------------------------| | 4 | Create PDB | |---|---------------------------| | 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |---|---------------------------| | 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State | |---|---------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: e
24.	**MPS A**: Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"	
25.	**MPS A**: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is Yes.	MPS Side A EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152 Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172 Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115

		Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116 Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes **PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes**
26.	**MPS A**: Enter “e” to exit	MPS Side A: /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: e
27.	**MPS A**: **EPAP A:** Log in to the web GUI as user “uiadmin”.	**User name:** ***uiadmin*** **Password:**

28.	**MPS A:** Start EPAP and PDBA Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stap Software. Click “Stap EPAP Software” Button	
29.	**MPS A**: Perform “syscheck” on MPS-A.	**$ syscheck** Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class disk... OK Running modules in class services... OK Running modules in class system... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
30.	**MPS A**: SSH to MPS 1B.	**$ ssh mate**
31.	**MPS B**: Start Epap software on MPS 1B.	**$ systemctl start Epap** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.613" EPAP application start Successful
32.	**MPS B**: Perform “syscheck” on MPS 1B.	**$ syscheck** Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class proc... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class disk... OK

		Running modules in class services... OK Running modules in class system... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 -- Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000002000 -- Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
33.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.	
34.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Configure DSM Min Mem Size

S T E P #	This procedure configures DSM Min Mem Size on standalone PDB server. Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT **Error! Reference source not found.** AND **ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	Standalone PDB : Log in as epapdev to standalone PDB server.	Login: **epapdev** **Password:** <epapdev_password>
2. ☐	Run getDsmMinMemSize.pl	Go to the bin directory to run the getDsmMinMemSize.pl perl script **$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin** Run the getDsmMinMemSize.pl script **$ ./ getDsmMinMemSize.pl**
3. ☐	Restart the pdb Software.	**$ systemctl stop Pdba** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. **$ systemctl start Pdba**

		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. **$ systemctl Pdba status** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba status ~~ PDBA application is running.
4. ☐	Verify that the uiEdit "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" variable is added and updated correctly.	**$ uiEdit | grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE** "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" is set to "12046"
5. ☐	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
6. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

Appendix A.22 Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server

ndix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

S T E P #	This procedure restarts the MySQL service for PDB on Query Server. Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT **Error! Reference source not found.** AND **ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	Log in to EAGLE QS as QS admin.	login: **<admin_user>** Password: **<admin_password>**
2. ☐	Start the mysqlpdb service.	**$ sudo systemctl stop mysqld** . . . Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop
3. ☐	Verify that mysqlpdb service is running.	**$ sudo systemctl start mysqld** Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done
4.	Start the mysqlpdb service.	**$sudo systemctl start mysqld** PID:8841 mysqlpdb is running.

ndix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

☐		
5. ☐	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
6. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

S T E P #	This procedure extract parse9Dig script file from EPAP 16.3 ISO. Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT **Error! Reference source not found.**AND **ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS A:** Log in as admusr.	login: **<admin_user>** Password: **<admin_password>**
2. ☐	**MPS A:** Copy ISO on MPS A.	Perform 0 or copy EPAP 17.1 ISO to `/var/TKLC/upgrade` directory.

3. ☐	**MPS A:** Switch to root user.	Switch to root user.
		`$ su – root`
		`Password:`

4. ☐	**MPS A:** Create directory using mkdir.	Create `/mnt/iso` directory using following command: `# mkdir /mnt/iso`
5. ☐	**MPS A:** Mount ISO on above path	Mount ISO on above created path. # mount -o loop <16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b ISO with full path which is copied in step 2> <full path of directory created in step 4> As follows:

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

		`# mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/`
6. ☐	**MPS A:** Extract TKLCepap rpm from the ISO.	Copy TKLCepap rpm at `/tmp` directory. # cp <directory created in step 4>/Packages/<TKLCepap rpm, the same version which is copied in step 2> /tmp As follows: **# cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/**
7. ☐	**MPS A:** Change directory to /tmp.	Change directory to `/tmp` using following command: `# cd /tmp`

8. ☐	**MPS A:** Extract parse9Dig script file from rpm.	Extract desired file parse9Dig from rpm:
		
		# rpm2cpio <TKLCepap rpm extracted in step 6> | cpio -idmv <parse9Dig>
		
		As follows:
		# rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm | cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]# rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm | cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`318312 blocks`

9. ☐	**MPS A:** Copy extracted parse9Dig at desired path.	Copy extracted parse9Dig file at path: `/usr/TKLC/epap/config` Use following path: `# cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config`

10. ☐	**MPS A:** Change the permission of parse9Dig file as required.	Change mode of file parse9Dig to 755 and ownership to epapdev:epap.
		Use following command:
		
		`# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config`
		`# chmod 755 parse9Dig`
		`# chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig`
		
		List the file and check the permissions. It should be same as follows:
		`# ll parse9Dig`

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

		`[root@Natal-A config]# ll parse9Dig` `-rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig`

11. ☐	**MPS A:** Snapshot of all above executed commands to extract parse9Dig file.	Verify that all steps executed successfully as follows:
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# mkdir /mnt/iso`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# mount -o loop /var/TKLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/`
		`/var/TKLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso: No such file or directory`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# rmdir /mnt/iso`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# mkdir /mnt/iso`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]#`
		`[root@Natal-A ~]# cd /tmp`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]#`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]# rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm | cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`316312 blocks`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]#`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]# cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]#`
		`[root@Natal-A tmp]# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config`
		`[root@Natal-A config]# chmod 755 parse9Dig`
		`[root@Natal-A config]#`
		`[root@Natal-A config]# chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig`
		`[root@Natal-A config]#`
		`[root@Natal-A config]# ll parse9Dig`
		`-rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig`
		`[root@Natal-A config]#`
		`[root@Natal-A config]#`

12.	**MPS A:** Remove all temporary files from /tmp directory.	Remove parse9Dig file and TKLCepap rpm from /tmp directory. Execute following command on CLI:
		`# rm -f /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig`
		`# rm -f /tmp/TKLCepap-163.0.12-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0.x86_64.rpm`

13.	**MPS A:** Umount the mounted ISO.	Umount the ISO which was mounted in step 5. Execute below command: `# umount /mnt/iso/`
14.	**MPS A:** Remove ISO directory.	Remove directory /mnt/iso. Execute below command: `# rmdir /mnt/iso/`
15. ☐	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
16. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

NOTE: This procedure is needed in following cases:

1. If "minicom mate" fails due to data curroption or somebody deleted the file /etc/minirc.mate.
Or,

2. If ttyS1 is not working, then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate to use ttyS3 or ttyS4.

Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

S T E P #	This procedure will add/edit the file /etc/minirc.mate. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND **ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	**MPS:** Log in to the Server.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
2. ☐	**MPS:** Switch user to root.	`$ su - root` `Password:`

3.	**MPS:** Verify that the file present on server.	Verify that the file /etc/minirc.mate is present on server:
		Run the following command:
		`$ ls -l /etc/minirc.mate`
		`[root@Recife-a ~]# ls -l /etc/minirc.mate`
		`-rw-r----- 1 root root 658 Sep 7 03:35 /etc/minirc.mate`
		
		Move to step 5 if output is same as above otherwise continue to next step.

4. ☐	**MPS:** Cretae the file using vi editor.	Create the file /etc/minirc.mate using vi editor as follows:
		$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
		
		Add following lines in file /etc/minirc.mate and save the file:
		
		`#`
		`# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018`
		`pr port /dev/ttyS1`
		`pu baudrate 115200`
		`pu bits 8`
		`pu parity N`
		`pu stopbits 1`
		`pu rtscts No`
		`pu xonxoff No`
		`pu minit`
		`pu mreset`
		`pu mhangup`
		`pu pname1 YUNYY`
		`pu pname2 YUNYY`
		`pu pname3 YUNYN`
		`pu pname4 NDNYY`
		`pu pname5 NDNYY`
		`pu pname6 YDNYN`
		`pu pname7 YUYNN`
		`pu pname8 NDYNN`

Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

<table>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td>

```
pu pname9            YUNYN
pu zauto
pu fselw             No
pu askdndir          No
```

</td></tr>
<tr><td>5. ☐</td><td>MPS: Edit the file /etc/minirc.mate</td><td>

If ttS1 is not working then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate and update ttyS1 to ttyS2 or ttyS1 to ttyS3 and change the serial cable connectivity accordingly.

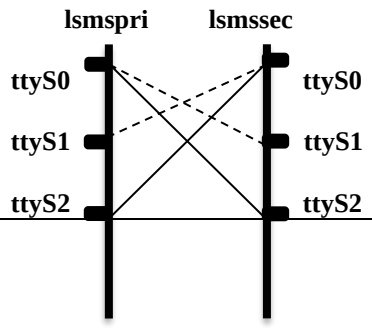
In following example, we have updated the file /etc/minirc.mate and changed the port value from ttyS1 to ttyS2.

$ vi /etc/minirc.mate

```
#
# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018
pr port          /dev/ttyS2
pu baudrate      115200
pu bits          8
pu parity        N
pu stopbits      1
pu rtscts        No
pu xonxoff       No
pu minit
pu mreset
pu mhangup
pu pname1            YUNYY
pu pname2            YUNYY
pu pname3            YUNYN
pu pname4            NDNYY
pu pname5            NDNYY
pu pname6            YDNYN
pu pname7            YUYNN
pu pname8            NDYNN
pu pname9            YUNYN
pu zauto
pu fselw             No
pu askdndir          No
```

NOTE: In order to make this changes working we must need to change the serial cable connectivity with lsmspri and lsmssec.

In following figure we have changed the serial connectivity from
ttyS0(lsmspri) <–> ttyS1(lsmssec) to ttyS0(lsmspri) <–> ttyS2(lsmssec)
and
ttyS0(lsmssec) <–> ttyS1(lsmspri) to ttyS0(lsmssec) <–> ttyS2(lsmspri)



</td></tr>
</table>

Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

		ttyS3 ▬ ▬ **ttyS3** Here, broken line showing the old connectivity and bold line for the new connecrtivity.
6.	**MPS:** Run "minicom mate" on the server.	Run the following command: **$minicom mate** It should be successfully switched to mate server.
7. ☐	**MPS:** Procedure completed	This procedure is complete.
8. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

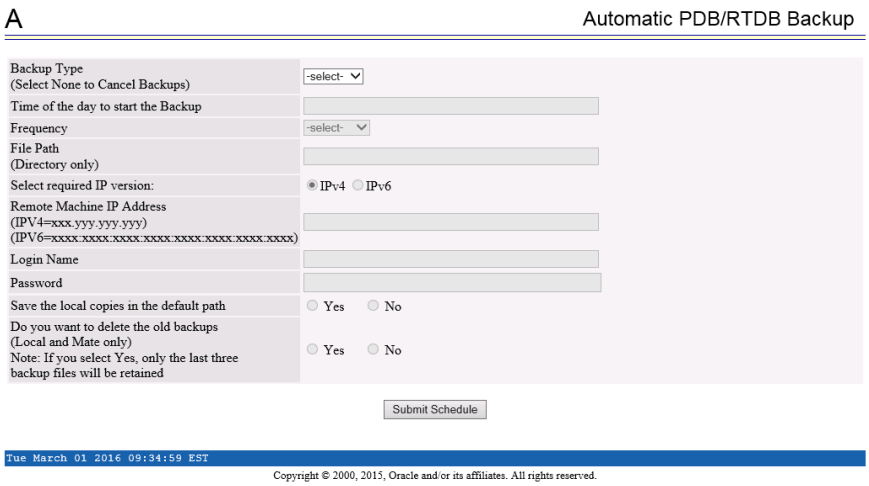
Procedure A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

This procedure configures auto backup for PDB and RTDB on all the Non-PROVs that are homed to the PDBA.

EPAP software on all Non-PROVs homed to the PDBA should be running for successful auto RTDB backup on the Non-PROVs.

Appendix A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

STEP #	**1A**	This procedure enables the auto backup feature for the Provisioning Database. Estimated time: 5 minutes

1.	☐	**MPS 1A:** Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select "Automatic PDB/RTDB Backup". Specify the required fields and press the Submit Schedule button.	 **Note:** Kindly note that the passwords having certain special characters like $, @, # are not allowed while configuring passwords for automatic backup transfer to remote server.
2.	☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**

This procedure is complete!

Procedure A.26 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS

This procedure shall be performed on Active PDBA (2A). If REPL log in not empty, part of the procedure will be performed in Standby PDBA (1A) as well.

Appendix A.26 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

P #		
1. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Stop the Customer provisioning in to the active PDB.	NOTE: Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deactivated.
2. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Log on Server.	`[hostname] consolelogin: admusr` `password: password`
3. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Switch user to root.	`$ su – root Password:`

4. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Stop the PDBA process	**# service Pdba stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
5. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Stop the EPAP process	**# service Epap stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
6. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Clear the REPL logs	**$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < /usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql** Enter password: **<MySQL_root_password>**
7. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Log in to the mysql database and verify that there are no updates to be sent to the standby PDB. If any REPL log exists, follow steps 8 to 12. Otherwise jump to step 13	**$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb** Enter password: **<MySQL_root_password>** On the MySQL prompt, Run the following commands: **mysql> select * from replLog;** Empty set (0.00 sec) **mysql> select * from requests;** Empty set (0.00 sec) **mysql> quit** Bye
8. ☐	**MPS 1A:** Start the PDBA and EPAP at the Standby site (1A)	**# service Pdba start**~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started.
		# service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Note : Skip the following step on Standalone PDB **# ssh mate "service Epap start"** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
9. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Start the PDBA at the Active site (2A)	**# service Pdba start** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. **# service Epap start** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Note : Skip the following step on Standalone PDB **# ssh mate "service Epap start"**

		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
10. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Wait a minute for the updates to sync between Active and Standby PDBA. Check in intervals of 1 minute till all updates are sent from Active PDBA to Standby PDBA. Move to next stepONLY after checking that output of replLog and requests tables shows “Empty set”.	**$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb** **Enter password: <MySQL_root_password>** On the MySQL prompt, Run the following commands: **mysql> select * from replLog;** Empty set (0.00 sec) **mysql> select * from requests;** Empty set (0.00 sec) **mysql> quit** Bye
11. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	**# service Pdba stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. **# service Epap stop**

		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
12. ☐	**MPS 1A:** Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	**# service Pdba stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. **# service Epap stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.

13. ☐	**MPS 2A:** Exit as root user	**$ exit**
14. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.27 PDB Backup before upgrade

S T E P #	This procedure will perform pdb Backup **Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes**. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Standalone PDB, Mixed EPAP**	
1 ☐	**Log in to MPS A via root user**	login: **<root_user>** Password: **<admin_password>**
2 ☐	**Stop PDB software**	**[root@Salta-a logs]# service Pdba stop** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. Change the directory to free, to generate the mysqldump in free directory. **# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free**
3 ☐	**Generate mysqldump of PDB database:** Run the following command to create mysql dump od PDB to restore later after the upgrade. Note: mysqldump_filename can be anything	[root@Manaus-A free]# mysqldump -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock > mysqldump_filename.sql & **Example:** [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock > mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql& [1] 29910 [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.

4 ☐	**MPS X**: Transfer file to remote machine	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter “yes” when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		
		$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		$ sftp admusr@10.75.141.58
		Connecting to 10.75.141.58...
		FIPS integrity verification test failed.
		The authenticity of host '10.75.141.58 (10.75.141.58)' can't be established.
		RSA key fingerprint is 16:cf:0f:bb:cd:c3:45:8c:bf:5f:02:2b:96:4f:d1:61.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
		
		Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.58' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
		admusr@10.75.141.58's password:
		sftp> put mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		Uploading mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql to /var/TKLC/elap/free/epap_spare_card_backup/mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		100% 30GB 76.0MB/s 06:45
		sftp> bye
		
		If there is no customer provided remote computer for backups, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command:
		$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/epap/free/bkp.tar.gz
		
		$ su – epapdev
		
		$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql
		
		epapdev@remoteIP:<Remote server Path>

3 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.28 Clear replication logs

S T E	This procedure will clear the replication logs for the Standalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP
	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

P #	**Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes**. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Dual PDB and Dual Mixed EPAP**	
1 □	**Active PDB :** Switch from root to the epapdev user. **Note:**Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding.	# **su - epapdev**
2 □	**Active PDB:** Log in to the mysql database and determine the size of replLogs. Enter password once requested.	$ **mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb** Enter password: **<password>** Reading table information for completion of table column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 108 Server version: 5.0.37-community-log MySQL Community Edition (GPL) Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer. mysql> **select count(*) from replLog;** +----------+ | count(*) | +----------+ | 100000 | +----------+ 1 row in set (0.11 sec) mysql> **select count(*) from requests;** +----------+ | count(*) | +----------+ | 100000 | +----------+ 1 row in set (0.06 sec) mysql> **quit** Bye **$**

3 ☐	**Active PDB :** Clear the REPL logs**.** Enter password once requested.	**$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < /usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql** Enter password: **<password>**
4 ☐	**Active PDB :** Log in to the mysql database and verify that there are no updates to be sent to the standby PDB. Enter password once requested. If any REPL logs exist, restart the PDBA application and allow them to replicate to the Standby PDB, then repeat this procedure**.**	$ **mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb** Enter password: **<password>** Reading table information for completion of table column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 108 Server version: 5.0.37-community-log MySQL Community Edition (GPL) Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer. mysql> **select count(*) from replLog;** Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> **select count(*) from requests;** Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> **quit** Bye
5 ☐	**Active PDB EPAP A:** Switch from epapdev to root user.	$ **exit**
6 ☐	**Standby PDB**	**Repeat all above steps on standby PDB as well.**
7 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.29 Remove remote PDBA IP

S T E	This procedure will delete the remote PDBA IP Address
	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!

P #	**Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.** Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Standalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP**	
1 □	**Log in to root user first and then switch to epapconfig and select option 8** **Note: Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding**	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 8
2 □	**Select option 1**	/-----Configure PDB Menu-----------\ /----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure PDB Capacity | |----|----------| | 3 | Create PDB | |----|----------| | 4 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1

3 ☐	**Remove the remote PDBA IP by entering 0.0.0.0.**	/-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currentl The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000: The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.74. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 0.0.0.0
	The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice e, Exit.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: e

4 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.30 Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA

In case of Prov upgrade (Mixed EPAP/PDBonly) with Live provisioning, the homing of all Non-Prov sites needs to be taken care of as below:

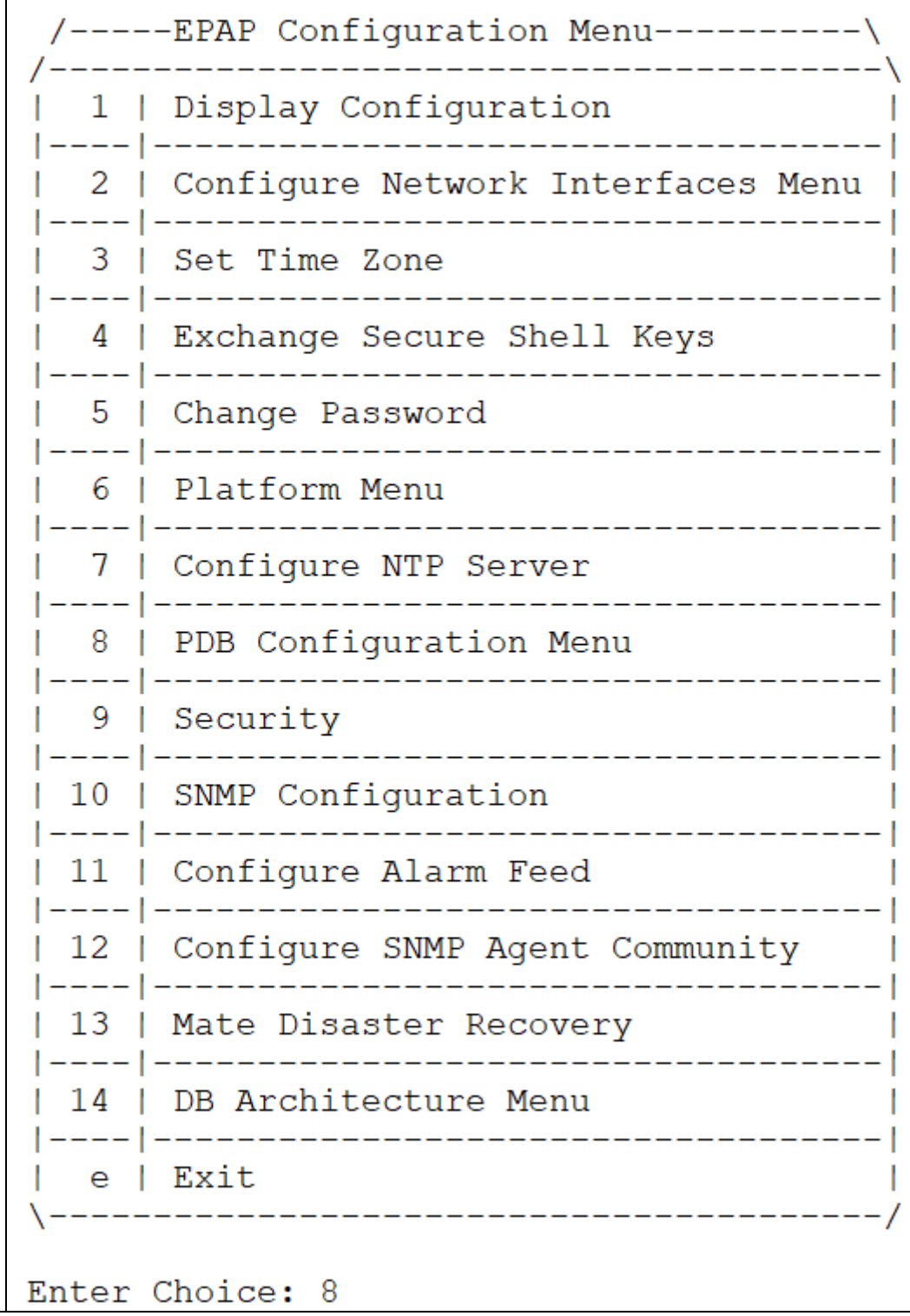
a. Non-Prov sites: Change the RDTB homing to "Configure Active RTDB Homing" and select the active PDBA site, if RTDB homing is anything other than active PDBA. Refer to Procedure A.30.
b. Prov Sites: On Both PDBA sites, RTDB homing policy should be set to its local PDBA. Refer to Procedure A.44.

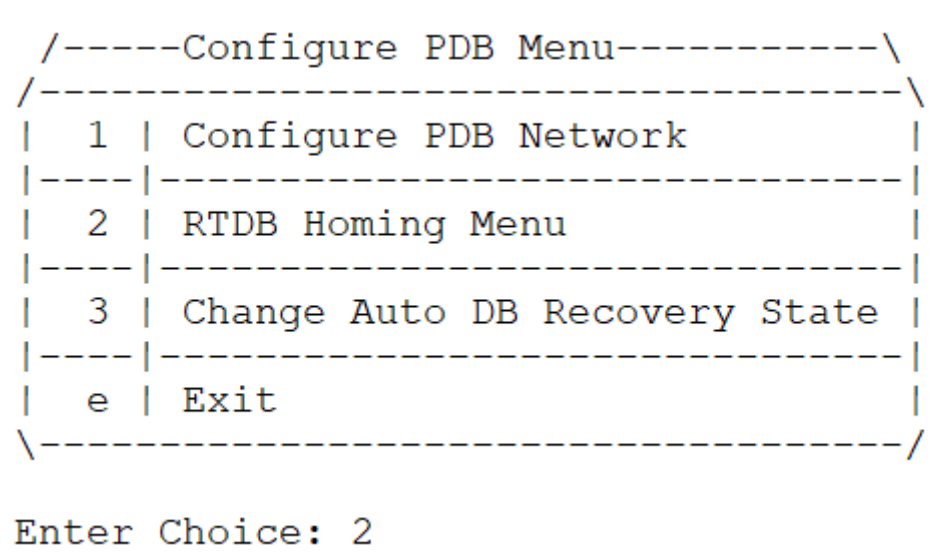
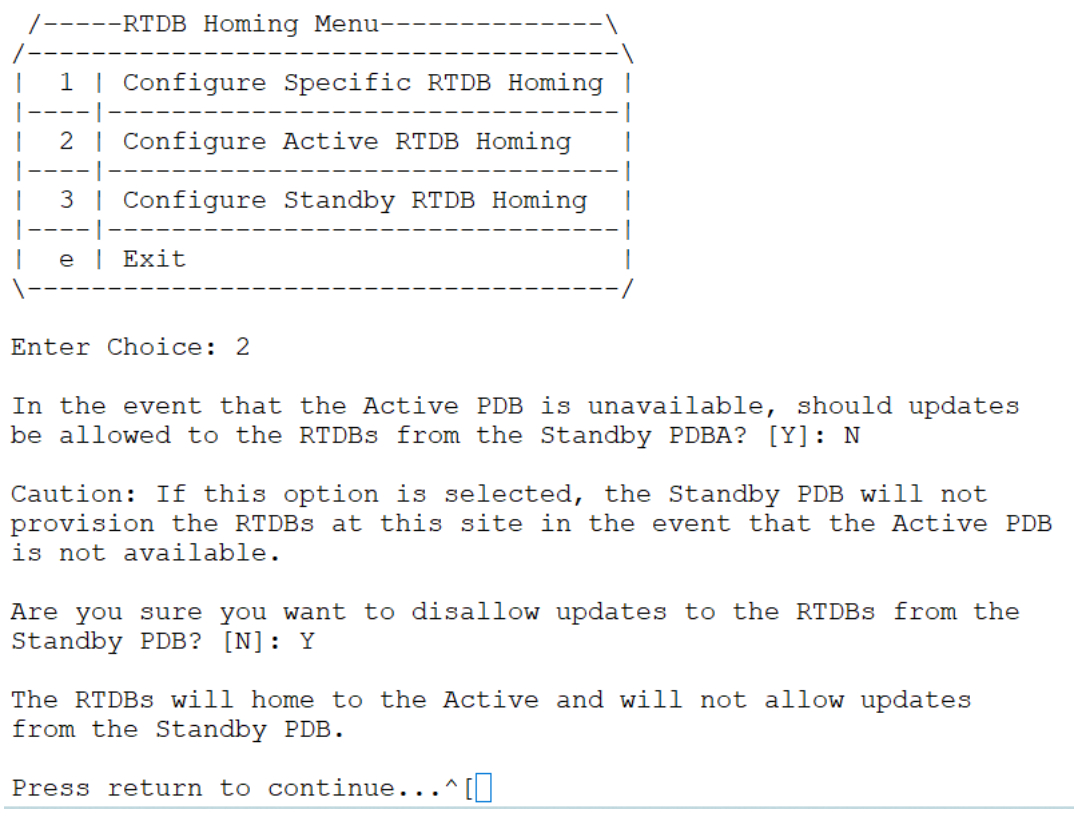
Note: Change the RTDB homing on all Non-Provs. Stop the EPAP Softwares on both EPAP A and B servers.

c. There is no need to stop provisioning.
d. After the RTDB Homing changes, EPAP software will be started and within a few minutes, RTDBs will catch up with the PDBA level.
e. The only side effect of this activity is that Eagle will not get live updates for around 10 minutes. As soon as EPAP software is started after the procedure, the provisioning data will be transmitted to the Eagle immediately.

STEP #	This procedure will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs**	

1 ☐	**MPS A:** Switch to	`# su - epapconfig`
		
		`Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.`

	epapconfig menu	
2 ☐	**Select option 8 from epapconfig menu**	

3 ☐	**Select option 2 to enter RTDB homing menu**	
4 ☐	**Read the Note in the beginning of the section and decide your homing policy.**	For Non-Prov Nodes: 
5 ☐	MPS A and MPS B:	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:

	Start Epap software.	$ service Epap Start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.
		
		$ service Pdba start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
		PDBA application start Successful.
		
		For EPAP 17.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Software:
		
		$ systemctl start Epap
		
		$ systemctl start Pdba

6 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.31 Change MySql engine schema

Note: This procedure is need not to be implemented if migrating from 17.0.0.x.

STEP #		
	This procedure will Change MySql engine schema.	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (☐) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Standalone PDB, Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP**	
1 ☐	**Log in to epap via epapdev user on server being upgraded** **Note:** In case of Mixed or Non-Prov EPAPPerform this procedure needs to be	# su – epapdev

	performed on MPS A & B.	
2 ☐	Navigate to path /var/TKLC/epap/free	[root@Manaus-a /]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free/ [root@Manaus-a free]#
3 ☐	Change the EuiDB engine using alter_Table.pl script **Note**: Download the alter_table.pl script from OSDC to free directory on EPAP and change its permission to 755. Also change its ownership to epapdev:epap.	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]$ chown epapdev:epap alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]$ chmod 755 alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]$ ./alter_Table.pl Success.
4 ☐	Check the update by logging in to EuiDB:	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot mysql> use EuiDB; Reading table information for completion of table and column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A mysql> show table status\G; *************************** 1. row *************************** Name: alarmInfo Engine: **InnoDB** Version: 10
5	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.32 Post upgrade EuiDB database restore

S T E P #	This procedure verifies that EuiDB is restored successfully. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND **ASK FOR Migration ASSISTANCE.**	

1. ☐	Verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY	If upgrading on EPAP 17.1, ensure to verify the following parameters and compare once the restore is complete:
		
		Perform the below commands to verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY:
		
		`uiEdit | grep PDB_SUB_CAPACITY`
		`uiEdit |grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE`
		`uiEdit | grep DB_ARCHITECTURE`

2. ☐	Log in to EPAP server via epapdev user.	`console login: epapdev` `password: <password>`
3. ☐	Change the Euidb backup file permission to 644.	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]$ chmod 644 npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz
4. ☐	Restore EuiDB Database	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]$ /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/restore_npdb.pl /var/TKLC/epap/free/npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz Restoring up the NPDB... NPDB Restored up Successfully. [epapdev@Manaus-A ~]$

5. ☐	Verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY	If upgrading on EPAP 17.1, ensure to verify the following parameters and compare once the restore is complete:
		
		Perform the below commands to verify the MIN_DSM_MEM_SIZE and PDB_SUB_CAPACITY:
		
		`uiEdit | grep PDB_SUB_CAPACITY`
		`uiEdit |grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE`
		`uiEdit | grep DB_ARCHITECTURE`

6. ☐	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.33 Post upgrade PDB database restore

S T E P #	This procedure verifies that PDB is restored successfully Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND **ASK FOR Migration ASSISTANCE.**	
1. ☐	Log in to EPAP server via root user	`console login:root` `password: <password>`
2. ☐	If upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to EPAP 17.1, perform this step. Else, continue from step 3.	Perform Procedure A.52 to restore the PDB database. If Procedure A.52 is performed, this procedure (A.33) ends here.
3. ☐	Change the permission of mysqldump file to 666. Run the command.	`# chmod 666 mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql`

4. ☐	Run the following command to restore myqldump.	To monitor time as well as progress while restoring the db please use the following command only:
		
		`# pv mysqldump_backupfile.sql | mysql –uroot –peLapRoot pdb –S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock && echo "Restore complete"`
		
		In case you don't want to monitor the progress use the following:
		
		`# mysql –uroot –peLapRoot pdb –S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_backupfile.sql &`
		`Example:`
		`[root@Recife-A free]# mysql –uroot –peLapRoot pdb –S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql &`
		`[1] 853397`

5. ☐	Run the following commands to add the lsblset parameter in dn_bl and dnB_bl tables in pdb.	The below commands will add lsblset column in dn_bl and dnB_bl table of PDB database.

	Note: This step is applicable only in case. **user is migrating from 16.3 release regardless of DB architecture**	**# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn_bl ADD lsblset int'** **# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dnB_bl ADD lsblset int'** **Example:** [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn_bl ADD lsblset int' Enter password: [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dnB_bl ADD lsblset int' Enter password: [root@Devloan01 ~]#

Note: If one site is already upgraded to EPAP 17.1, then follow the steps in Appendix A.43 to restore the PDB.

Procedure A.34 Add Remote PDBA IP Address

S T E P #	This procedure will add remote PDBA IP address	
	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Standalone PDB and Mixed EPAP**	
1 □	Log in to epapconfig on PDB server being upgraded and select option 8.	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 8
2 ☐	Select option 1.	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|----------------------------| | 2 | Configure PDB Capacity | |----|----------------------------| | 3 | Create PDB | |----|----------------------------| | 4 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|----------------------------| | e | Exit | \----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1
3 ☐	Add the remote PDBA IP by entering **<Remote PDBA IP>.**	MPS Side A: hostname: Salta-a hostid: 4b0a4a8d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.1-17.0.0.0.0_170.1.0 Fri Jul 22 08:06:26 EDT 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|-------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|-------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/

		Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.74 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.74. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.75
4 ☐	Remote PDB	Repeat all the above steps on the remote PDB.
5 ☐	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.35 Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

S T E P #	This procedure Exchange the keys between active and remote PDB.	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (☐) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Dual Mixed or Dual PDBonly server**	
1 ☐	For key exchange on Standby PDB on 17.1 release and Active PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release	Follow step 3 to step 16.
2 ☐	For key exchange between Active PDB on 17.1 release and Standby also on release 17.1	Follow step 17 to end.

3 ☐	MPS A: Log in to PDB EPAP server on release 17.1 as the user “epapdev”.	If not already logged in, then log in at PDB EPAP: Console.
		
		`login: epapdev`
		`password:`

4 ☐	Perform the following procedure on EPAP 17.1: **Note**: Generating RSA keys first with servers installed on older release 16.3.1/16.4.1. **Also, Generate RSA key with both sides in case of mixed epap.**	In case of PDBonly server, run the below command: Here, remotepdb_IP is EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 machine Ip. **# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_IP "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' "** In case of mixed server, run the following command: Here, remotepdb_EPAPA_IP and remotepdb_EPAPB_IP are EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, A and B machine Ips. **# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPA_IP "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' "** **# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPB_IP "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' "** Example: Recife is EPAP 17 server and 10.75.141.55 and 10.75.141.56 are EPAP A and B machines of the other mixed server which is on EPAP 16.3.1. [epapdev@Recife-A free]$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.55 "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' " epapdev@10.75.141.55's password: Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is: 47:54:4c:74:96:f2:e9:31:1f:b1:a8:5f:81:64:36:f0 epapdev@Devloan01 The key's randomart image is: +--[RSA 2048]----+ | .*= o. | | . +B.. | | . +E+.o| | . o=+ | | S . .. +o| | . . ...| | . . | | . | | | +-----------------+ [epapdev@Recife-A free]$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.56 "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' " epapdev@10.75.141.56's password: Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is: af:08:75:05:38:00:b9:0c:1e:61:e7:9b:6a:d3:82:47 epapdev@Devloan02 The key's randomart image is: +--[RSA 2048]----+ | oo+.. .. | |o.+ o . | |.o.o . . | | .o o . | | Eo . S | |..o . . . |

		|.=... .
..o ...
. .	 +----------+ [epapdev@Recife-A free]$
5 ☐	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configure Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \--/ Enter Choice: 8
6 ☐	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|----------| | 2 | Create PDB | |----|----------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1

7 ☐	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1. Provide remote PDBA IP address.	**PDB Network Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:** MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-**17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0** Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.33 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.33. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.32 The server does not know of 10.75.141.32. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.32. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.32 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.32 **PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:** MPS Side A: hostname: Recife-A hostid: 4b0a3d8d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.9.0.1.0_130.6.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.26-17.0.0.4.0_170.25.0 Sun Jun 24 10:44:43 EDT 2018 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|---------------------------------| | e | Exit | \-------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 Verifying connectivity with mate...

		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.61 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.61. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.55 EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.56 The server does not know of 10.75.141.55. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.55. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61
8 ☐	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: e
9 ☐	MPS A: Log in to PDB EPAP server on release 16.4.1/16.3.1 as the user “epapdev”.	If not already logged in, then log in at PDB EPAP: Console. login: epapdev password:
10 ☐	Run the following command on PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 server to update the epapui.pl: sed -i 's/my $command=$SSH_SCRIPT . "	[epapdev@EPAP ~]$ sed -i 's/my $command=$SSH_SCRIPT . " $remotePdba";/my $command=$SSH_SCRIPT . " --key=id_rsa.pub $remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl

	$remotePdba";/my $command=$SSH_SCRIPT . " --key=id_rsa.pub $remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl	
11 ☐	Run the following command to verify the mentioned in above command: grep "\$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl	# grep "\$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl $command=$SSH_SCRIPT. ' mate'; my $command=$SSH_SCRIPT . " --key=id_rsa.pub $remotePdba";
12 ☐	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8 on the PDB Configure Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |---|---| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |---|---| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |---|---| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |---|---| | 5 | Change Password | |---|---| | 6 | Platform Menu | |---|---| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |---|---| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |---|---| | 9 | Security | |---|---| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |---|---| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |---|---| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |---|---| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |---|---| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |---|---| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |---|---| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 8

13 ☐	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |---|-----------------------------| | 2 | Create PDB | |---|-----------------------------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |---|-----------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1
14 ☐	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	**PDB Network Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:** MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15-**16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0** Mon Nov 14 18:47:04 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|-----------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|-----------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.32 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [10.75.141.33]: Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33 **PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:** MPS Side A: hostname: Devloan01 hostid: 4b0a378d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.6.0.0.0_88.54.0 Software Version: EPAP 163.0.14-16.3.0.0.0_163.14.0 Thu Jul 18 07:37:47 EDT 2024 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-----------------------------------\

		| 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 1 Verifying connectivity with mate... This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.55 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.55. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.61 EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.62 Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55
15 ☐	Exit from epapconfig menu.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15-16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0 Mon Nov 14 18:48:19 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /----------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: e
16	MPS A: Start Epap and Pdba software on Active PDBA Site.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start EPAP: For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Software:

		$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful. **$ service Pdba start** ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful. For EPAP 17.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Software: **$ systemctl start Epap** **$ systemctl start Pdba**
17 ☐	MPS A: Log in to PDB EPAP server which is newly made on release 17.1 as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in, then log in at PDB EPAP: console login: epapdev password:
18 ☐	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB Configure Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |----|----------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------|

		| e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 8
19 ☐	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |---|---------| | 2 | Create PDB | |---|---------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |---|---------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 1
20 ☐	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1. Provide remote PDBA IP address.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /----------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|---------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|---------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.33 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.33. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [10.75.141.32.]: <press enter> The server does not know of 10.75.141.32 Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.32. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.32 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.32

21 ☐	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|-----------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|-----------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: e
22	MPS A: Log in to Active PDB EPAP server which is already on release 17.1 as the user “epapdev”.	If not already logged in, then log in to PDB EPAP: console login: epapdev password:
23	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB Configure Menu.	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |---|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |---|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |---|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |---|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |---|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |---|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |---|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |---|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |---|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |---|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |---|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure Query Server | |---|----------------------------------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | |---|----------------------------------| | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |---|----------------------------------| | 15 | DB Architecture Menu | |---|----------------------------------|

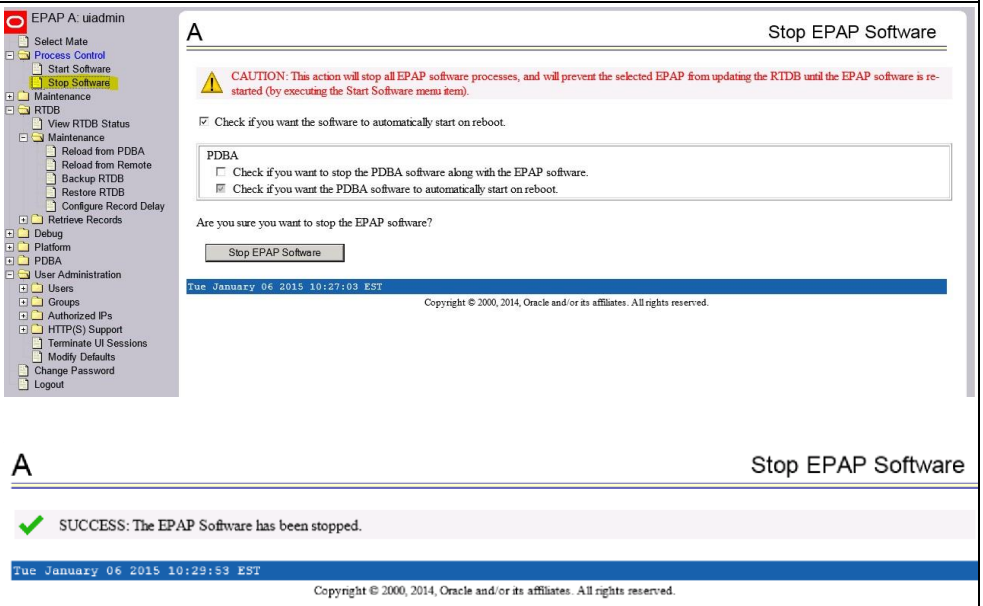
		| e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 8
24	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |---|---------| | 2 | Create PDB | |---|---------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |---|---------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 1
25	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1. Provide remote PDBA IP address.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /----------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |---|---------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |---|---------| | e | Exit | \\----------/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.32 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.33 The server does not know of 10.75.141.33 Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.33. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33

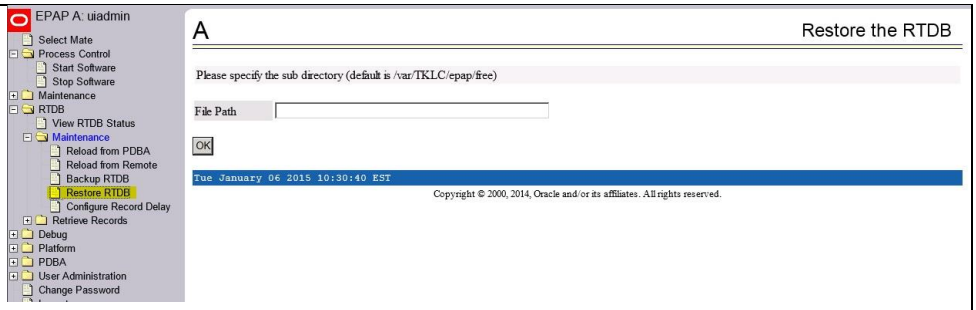
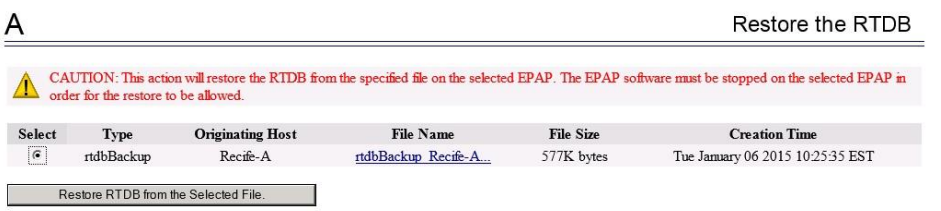
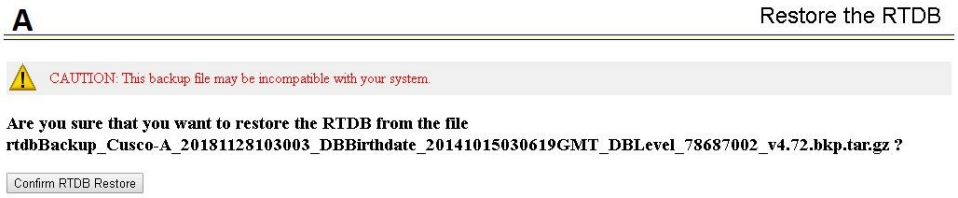
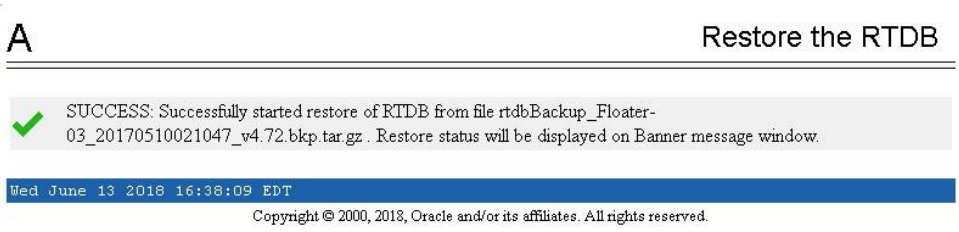
26	Exit the epapconfig menu.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022 /-----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /--------------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|--------------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|--------------------------------| | e | Exit | \\--------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: e

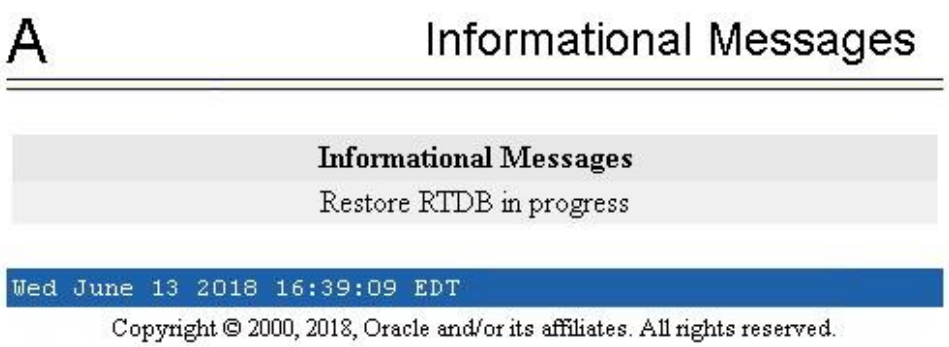
27	MPS A: Start EPAP and PDBA software on Active PDBA Site.	Start EPAP and PDBA software to reflect the changes.
		Use the following command to start Epap:
		
		For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		
		$ service Epap Start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.
		
		$ service Pdba start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
		PDBA application start Successful.
		
		For EPAP 17.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Software:
		
		$ systemctl start Epap
		
		$ systemctl start Pdba

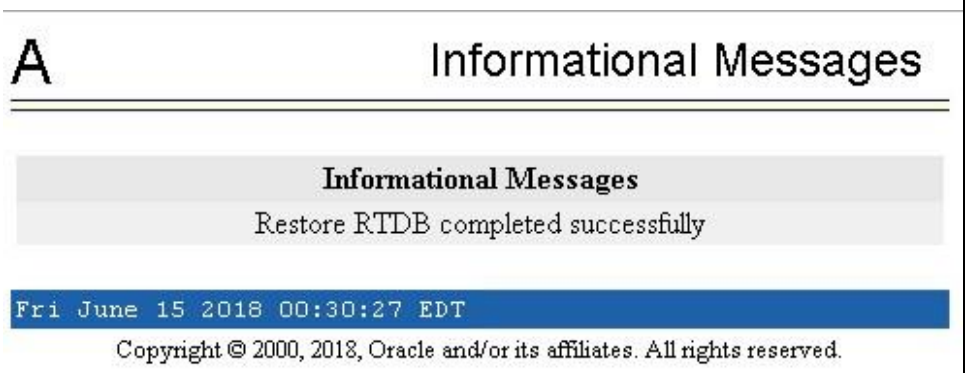
28 ☐	Procedure complete	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.36: RTDB restore after Upgrade

STEP #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**EPAP A:** Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	
2. ☐	**EPAP A:** Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	

3. ☐	**EPAP A:** Restore RTDB. On the menu, click RTDB->Maintenance>Restore RTDB	
	Select the backup file, then click “Restore RTDB from the Selected File” Button	
	Click “Confirm RTDB Restore” Button	 **NOTE:** Caution message regarding “incompatible file” is displayed in above snapshot as the backup file is taken on RTDB version 4 and is being restored on RTDB version 5.
		Restore successfully started: 

4. ☐	**EPAP A:** Make EPAP down. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB is in progress. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully.	Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress: 

	Click “Confirm RTDB Restore” Button	Confirming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully: 
5. ☐	on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup where DB Architecture is eXtreme):

6	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.37: Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation

S T E P #	This procedure is used to resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation from the system. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Blankout the /etc/motd file	> /etc/motd

2. ☐	Add an entry "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" in the upgrade info file.	echo "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" >> /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.info

3. ☐	Clear the false alarm "TKSPLATMI33"	You will see the following alarm in alarmStatus. a. alarmMgr --alarmStatus [One output example below:] SEQ: 7 UPTIME: 356 BIRTH: 1524100682 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33|tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept|1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33|3253 2|Processing Error|Configuration Error b. To clear the alarm, run the following command: alarmMgr --clear TKSPLATMI33

Procedure A.38 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Note: A new card would be needed for this conversion. The conversion can be done through various way where one of them is described below.

Assuming, there is a mixed EPAP on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release.

Execute the below mentioned steps to perform this conversion

On Mixed EPAP:

a. Perform Full Upgrade from existing release EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to target release of EPAP 17.1

Refer to section 3.4.1 and perform procedures 1, 2, 3, 4, 14, A.31, 15, and 16.

b. Convert Prov (mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov EPAP by fresh installing the setup as Non-Prov Node

Note: Option to convert Mixed setup to Non-Prov setup via epapconfig menu is obsoleted.

Refer to section 3.4.1, Execute procedure A.13, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 4, 20, 13, A.32, A.36, A.11, 25, 22.

On PDBonly (fresh installation on new card):

c. Install EPAP 17.1 ISO on new card.

Refer to section 3.3.2 to perform installation.

d. Restore PDB backup

Refer to section 3.4.4, Execute procedures A.33, 27.

Attach this PDBonly with Non-Prov EPAP (converted in step b) and any Non-Prov EPAP connected with Mixed setup

Procedure A.39 Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	**EPAP A:** Log in to the EPAP A server as user “root” and take a snapshot of EuiDB variables.	**[root@Quito-a ~]# uiEdit** **"DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT"** **"LNP_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE"** **"NETWORK_CONFIGURATION_TYPE" is set to "SINGLE"** **"EPAP_A_GS_BANNER_PORT" is set to "8473"** **"PDBA_STATS_ENABLED" is set to "OFF"** **"EPAP_DATA_SPLIT" is set to "OFF"** **"max_passwd_age" is set to "180"** **"new_user_default_groups" is set to "readonly"** **"max_concurrent_user_logins" is set to "1"** **"max_concurrent_logins" is set to "20"** **"PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES"** **"PDBA_LOCAL_NAME_V6" is set to** **"0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000"** **"passwd_expiry_warn_days" is set to "7"** **"HTTP_ENABLED" is set to "No"** **"SNMP_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON"** **"session_idle_timeout" is set to "10"** **"EPAP_A_STANDBY" is set to "FALSE"** **"EPAP_BINLOGS_THRESHOLD" is set to "80"** **"SLOG_CAPACITY_ALARMS_ENABLED" is set to "TRUE"** **"EPAP_A_NAME" is set to "Quito-a"** **"MAX_RECORD_DELAY" is set to "15"**

		"PDBA_IMSI_PREFIX" is set to "" **"EPAP_A_MAINT_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "0"** **"SELF_HEAL_DN_FEATURE" is set to "OFF"** **"logon_msg" is set to "NOTICE: This is a private computer system. Unauthorized access or use may lead to prosecution."** **"EPAP_QS_ALARMS_ENABLED" is set to "ON"** **"PDB_RTDB_SYNC" is set to "NO"** **"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_NETMASK" is set to "255.255.255.0"** **"EPAP_A_SLOG" is set to "YES"** **"PDBA_ERROR_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"** **"EPAP_A_SIMPLEX_MODE" is set to "FALSE"** **"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS" is set to "10.75.141.73"** **"EPAP_IP_VERSION" is set to "IPv4"** **"SYSTEM_NUMBER" is set to "ES06032023"** **"EPAP_STATUS_A" is set to "NONE"** **"euidb_version" is set to "3"** **"PDB_CAP_LIMIT_ENABLED" is set to "OFF"** **"EPAP_A_HTTP_PORT" is set to "80"** **"UI_IP_AUTHORIZATION_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE"** **"PDBA_MAX_COMMAND_RECORDS" is set to "1000000"** **"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTP_PORT" is set to "8001"** **"apache_403_error_message" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is not authorized to access the GUI."** **"min_passwd_len" is set to "8"** **"max_account_inactivity" is set to "0"** **"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "OFF"** **"PDBA_GPORT_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"** **"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.0.0"** **"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"** **"PDBA_DEBUG_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"** **"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTPS_PORT" is set to "8002"** **"EPAP_QS_THRESHOLD" is set to "200"** **"EPAP_A_HSAUDIT" is set to "ON"** **"EPAP_A_HTTPS_PORT" is set to "443"** **"PDBA_DN_PREFIX" is set to ""** **"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS_V6" is set to ""** **"PDBA_GFLEX_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"** **"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_PREFIX_V6" is set to ""** **"passwd_reuse_limit" is set to "5"** **"PDBI_PORT" is set to "5873"** **"apache_403_error_message_default" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is not authorized to access the GUI."** **"PDBA_INP_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"** **"HTTPS_ENABLED" is set to "Yes"** **"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_DEFAULT_ROUTER" is set to "10.75.141.1"** **"RTDB_HOMING_POLICY" is set to "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME"**

		"PDBA_MAX_COMMAND_DELAY" is set to "-1" **"PDBA_LOCAL_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.73"** **"PDBA_COMMAND_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"** **"max_failed_logins" is set to "3"** **"PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"** **[root@Quito-a ~]#**
2. ☐	Copy the uiEdit command output in notepad and save on your machine or backup server for future reference	uiEdit command output is saved for fututr reference.
3. ☐	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

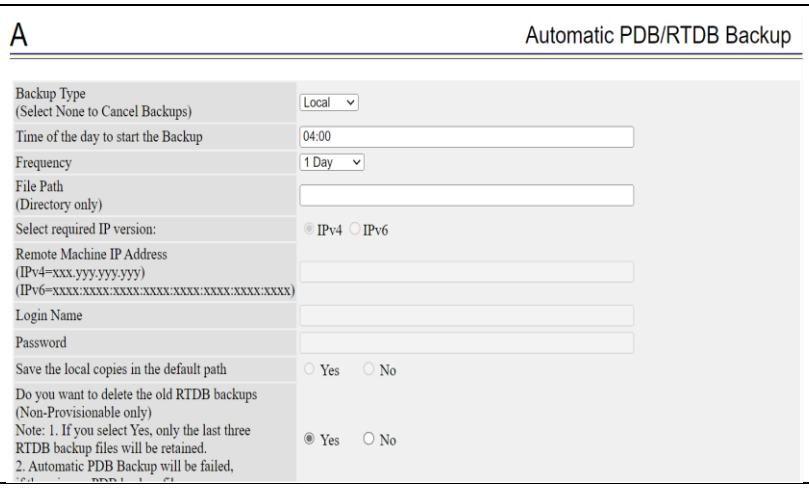
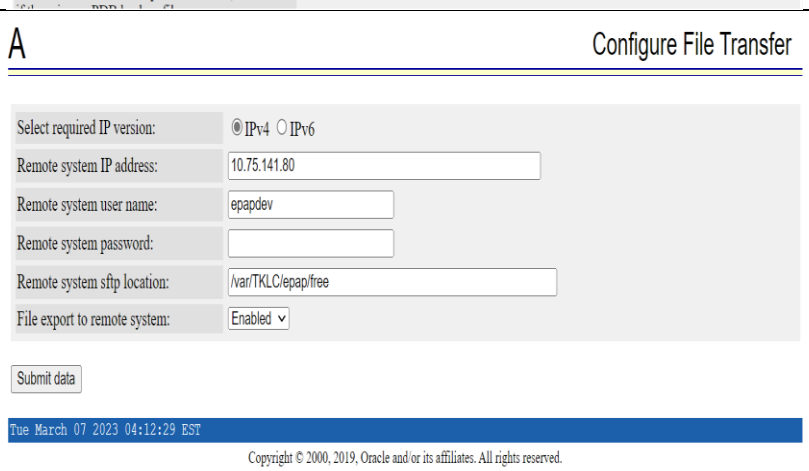
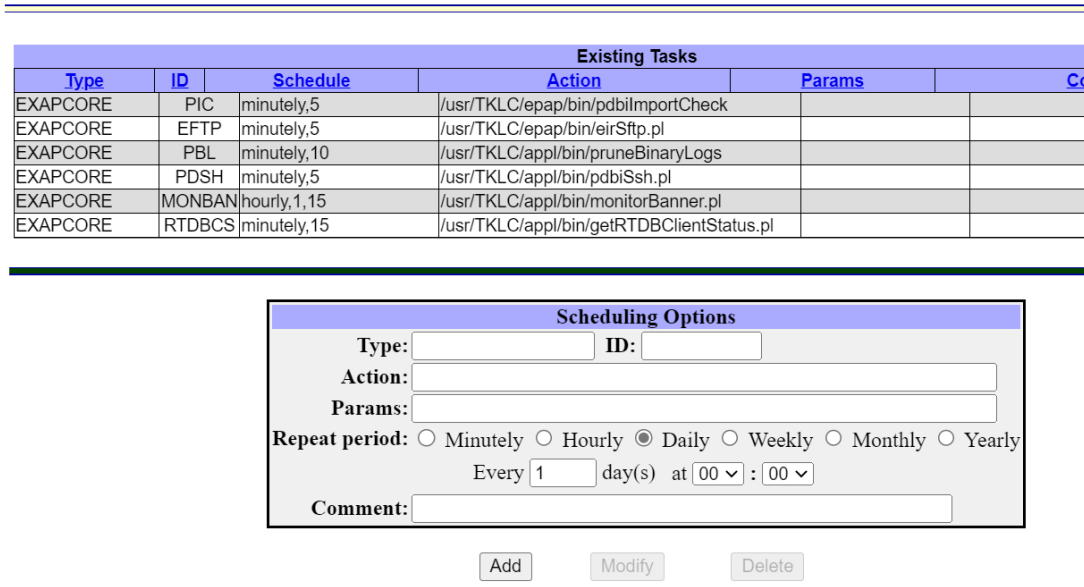
Procedure A.40 Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4 additional configurations

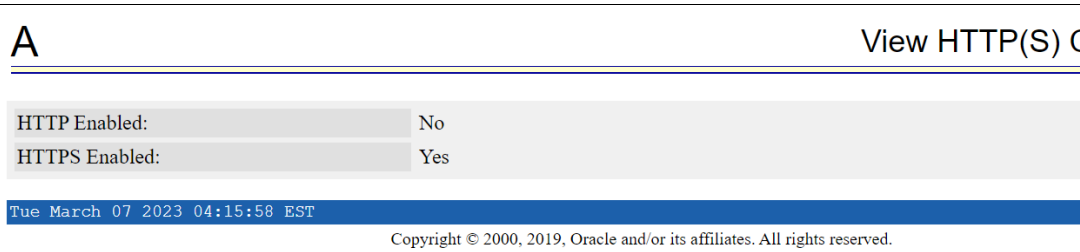
S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Log in to epapconfig menu and Enter choice 7, Configure NTP Server Menu	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:

```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration             |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys        |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                   |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure Query Server            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 15 | DB Architecture Menu              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\----------------------------------------/

Enter Choice:
```

EPAP configuration menu for Mixed EPAP:

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/
2. ☐	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server and save the details for later use.	/-----EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /------------------------------------\ | 1 | Display External NTP Server | |----|----------------------------| | 2 | Add External NTP Server | |----|----------------------------| | 3 | Remove External NTP Server | |----|----------------------------| | e | Exit | \------------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 ntpserver1 10.75.124.247 Press return to continue...

3.	Log in to EPAP GUI via uiadmin user MPS 1A: Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select “Automatic PDB/RTDB Backup” and note down the configuration details.	
4. ☐	Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select “Configure File Transfer” and note down the configuration details.	
5.	Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select “EPAP Schedule task” and note down the configuration details.	

6.	Navigate to the user administration menu and select “HTTP(s) Support”, click view configuration and note down the configuration details.	
7. ☐	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

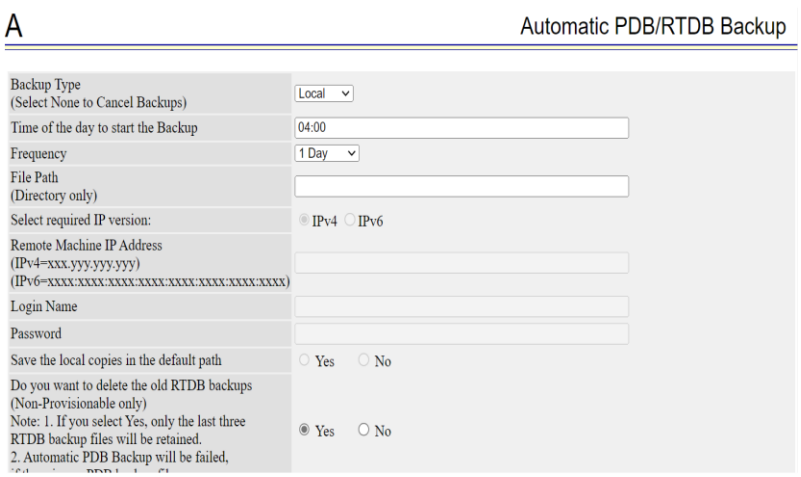
Procedure A.41 Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations

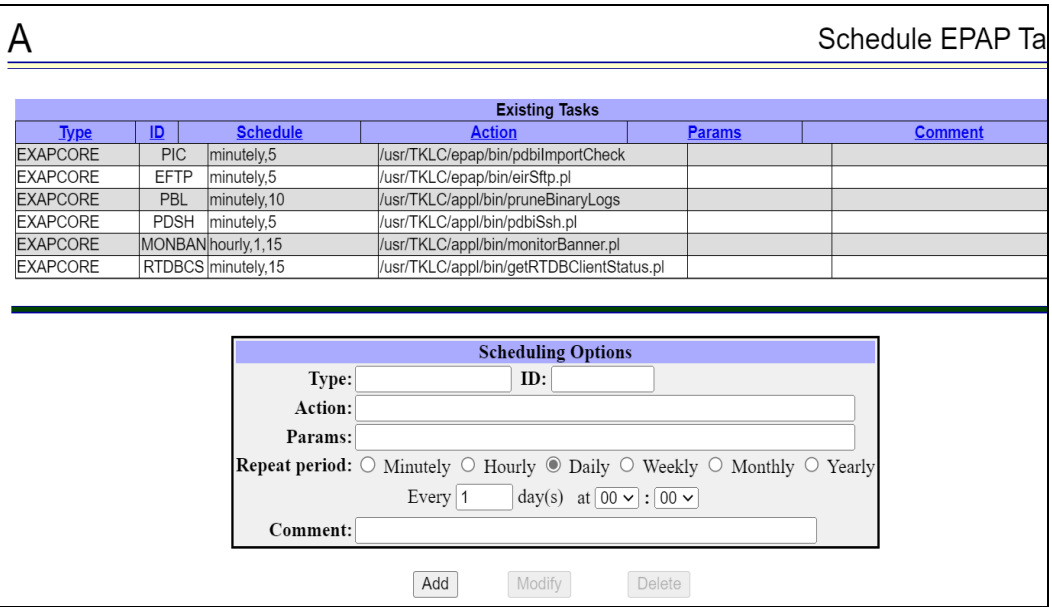
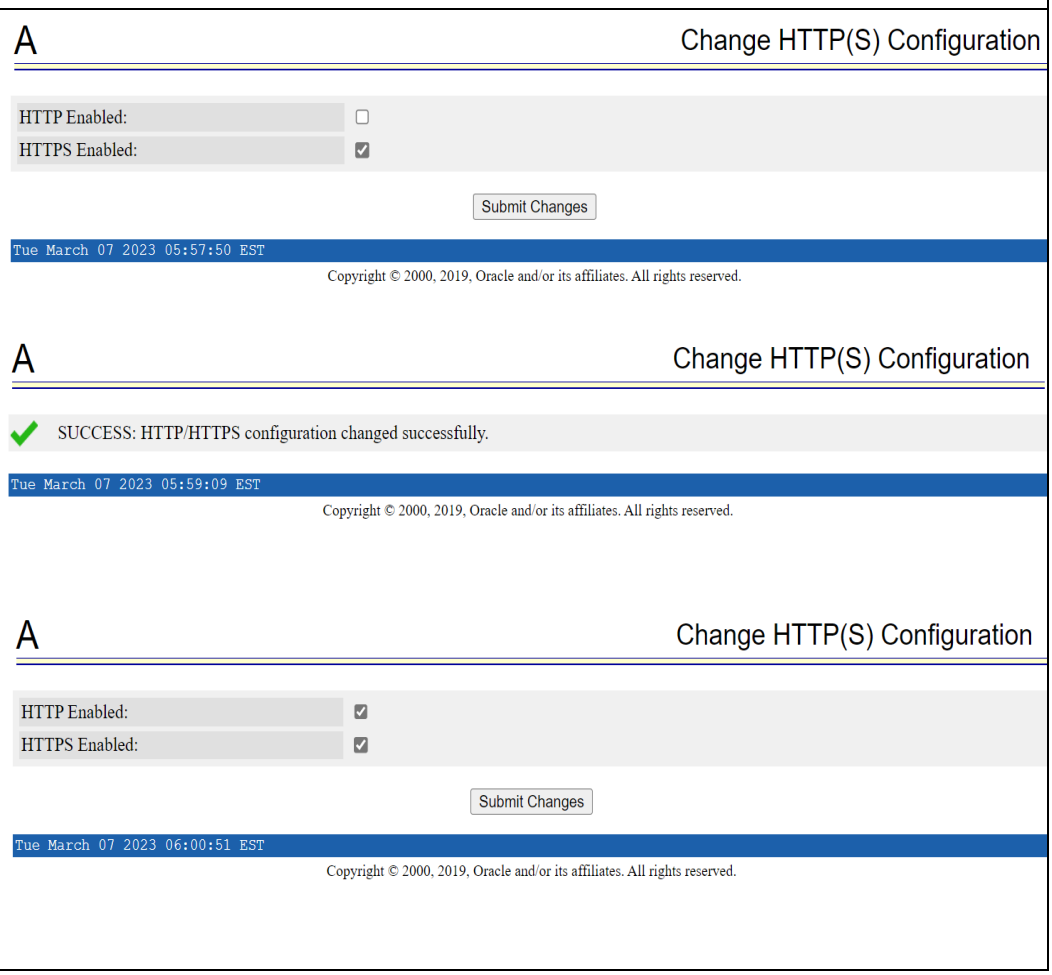
S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Log in to epapconfig menu and Enter choice 7, Configure NTP Server Menu	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:

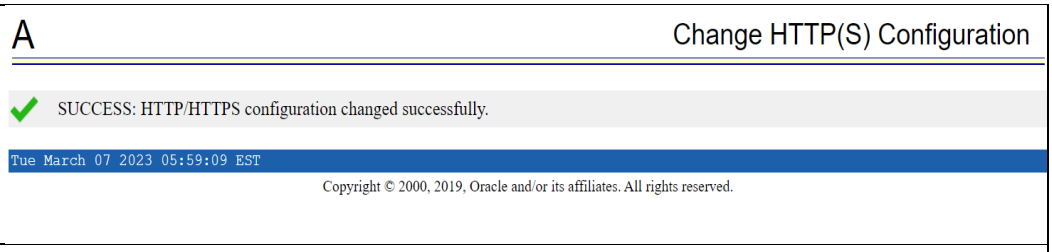
```
 /-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\
/----------------------------------------\
|  1 | Display Configuration             |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  3 | Set Time Zone                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys        |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  5 | Change Password                   |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  6 | Platform Menu                     |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  7 | Configure NTP Server              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  8 | PDB Configuration Menu            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  9 | Security                          |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 10 | SNMP Configuration                |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 12 | Configure Query Server            |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community    |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 15 | DB Architecture Menu              |
|----|-----------------------------------|
|  e | Exit                              |
\----------------------------------------/

Enter Choice:
```

EPAP configuration menu for Mixed EPAP:

		/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /--\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------------------------------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------------------------------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------------------------------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------------------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------------------------------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------------------------------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------------------------------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------------------------------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------------------------------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------------------------------| | e | Exit | \--/
2. ☐	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server. Refer to Procedure A.40 step 2 for NTP configuration before Migration	/-----Add External NTP Server Menu-\ /----------------------------------\ | 1 | IPv4 Configuration | |----|----------------------------| | 2 | IPv6 Configuration | |----|----------------------------| | e | Exit | \----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y NTP Server IP Address: 10.75.124.247

3.	Log in to EPAP GUI via uiadmin user MPS 1A: Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select "Automatic PDB/RTDB Backup" and configure the Automatic PDb-RTDB backup Refer to Procedure A.40 step 3 for backup configuration before Migration	
4. ☐	Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and configure "Configure File Transfer" Refer to Procedure A.40 step 4 for CFT before Migration.	

5.	Navigate to the main Maintenance menu selection and select “EPAP Schedule task” and note down the configuration details. Refer to Procedure A.40 step 5 for Shcedule EPAP task before Migration.	
6	Refer to Procedure A.40 step 6 for HTTP/HTTPS configuration, If http was enabled before the Migration thenPerform this step else skip this step. Navigate to the user administration menu and select “HTTP(s) Support”, click Change configuration, disable, and enable the configuration.	

		
7. ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.42 Compare EuiDB parameters

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Compare the EuiDB parameters before and after Migration	Update the parameters missing after migration using the following command: [root@Quito-a ~]# uiEdit <uiEdit Paramter> <Paramter Value> WHERE, Paramter valus can be as follows or as per the value set before Migration: “ON/OFF” “YES/NO” “True/False” “IP”
2. ☐	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.43 PDB Restore

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

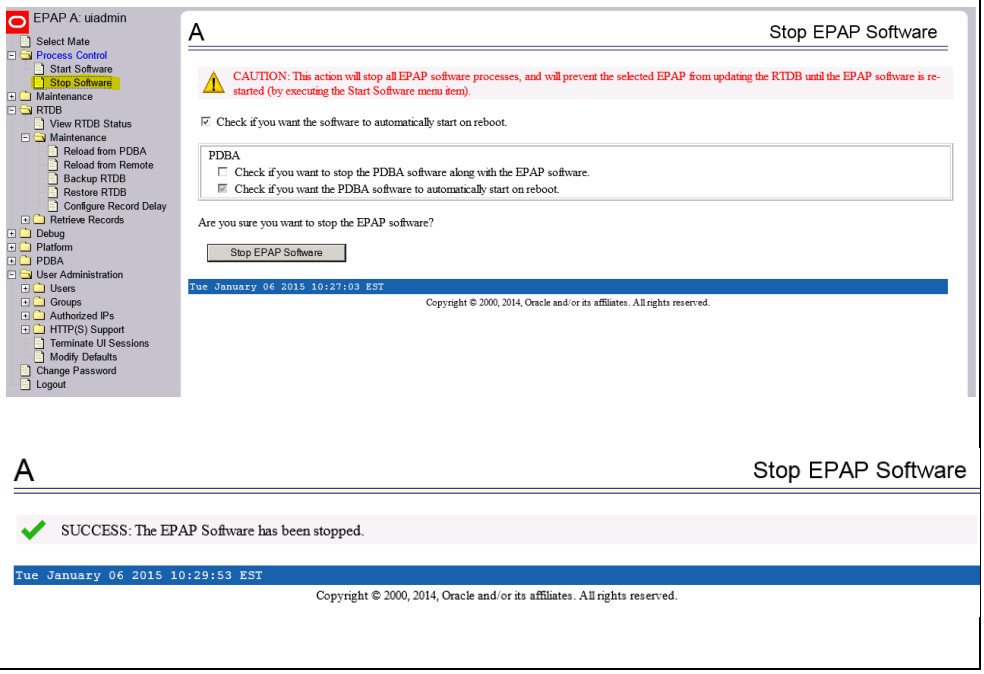
S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to restore PDB from a backup file. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	**MPS X:** Log in to the CLI as user “admusr”.	If not already logged in, then log in as ‘admusr’: **[hostname] consolelogin: admusr** **password:** ***password***
2.	**MPS X:** Switch to epapdev user.	$ sudo su - epapdev

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

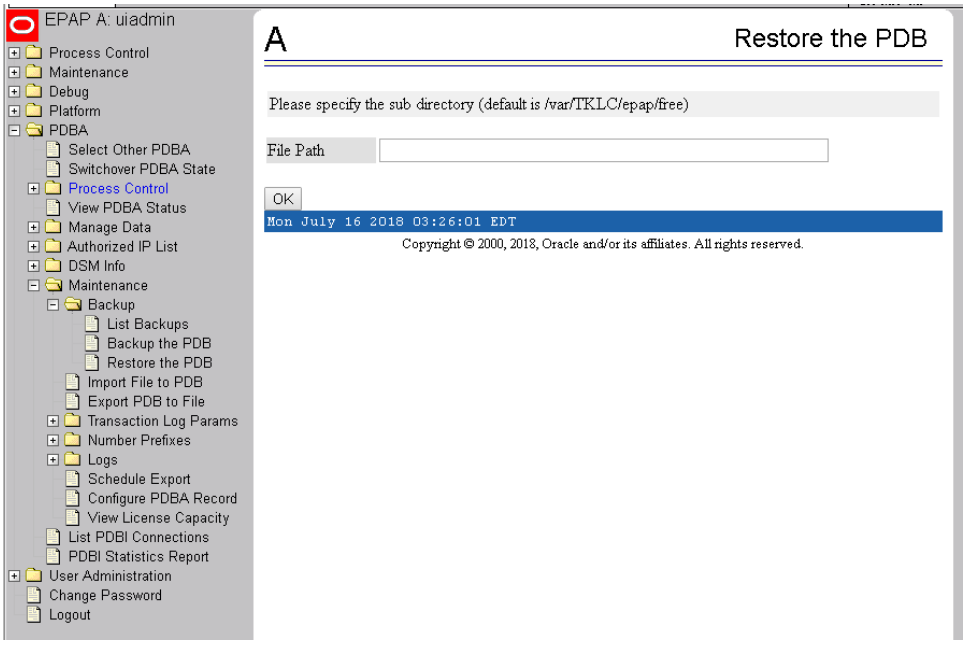
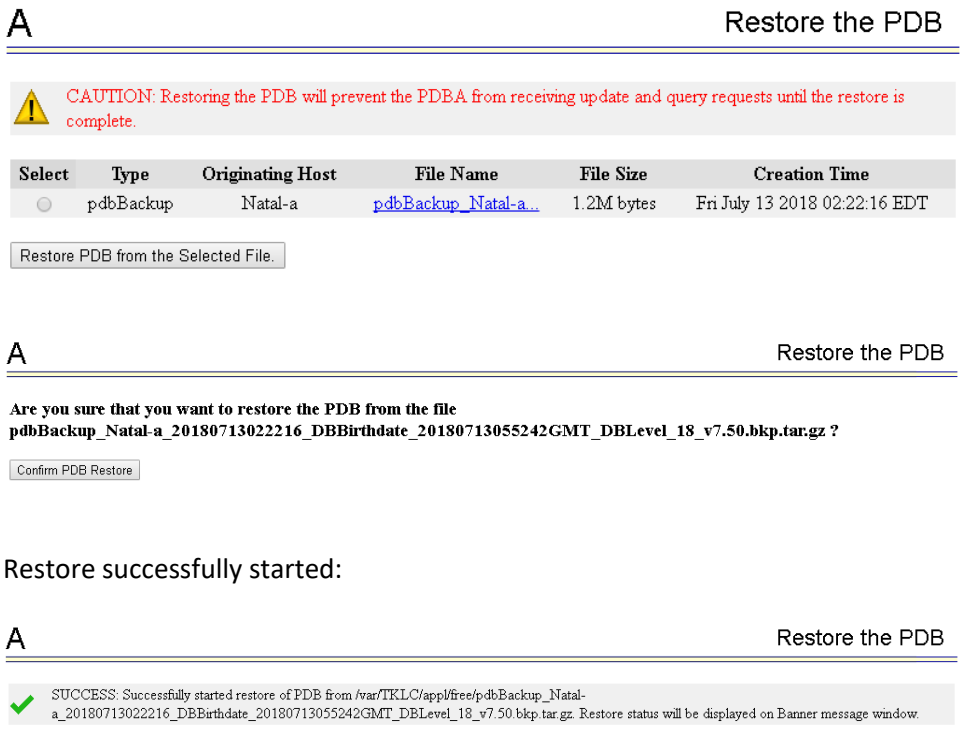
3.	**MPS X:** Backup file should be readable for epapdev user	Check mode and ownership of PDB backup tar file. It should be as follows:
		
		`[epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]$ ll pdbBackup_Natal-a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bkp.tar.gz`
		`-rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal-a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bkp.tar.gz`
		
		If permission and ownership of tar file is not same as above then use following command:
		Change mode of tar file:
		$ chmod 666 <PDB backup tar file>

4.	Check following uiEdit variable: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" If Remote IP is assigned, then change it to 0.0.0.0 using the following command: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 0.0.0.0 "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0" Again check the uiEdit variable value: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" **[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 0.0.0.0** **"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"** **[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME** **"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"**

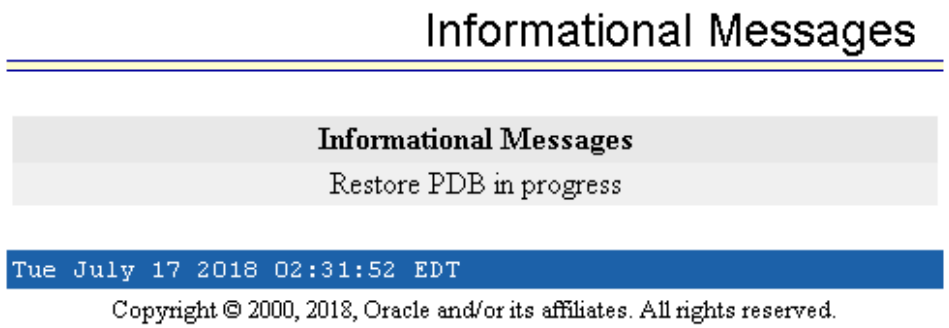
Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

	Note: This procedure is valid in case of restoring PDBA on second PDAB node being migrated	
5. ☐	**MPS X:** Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	**User name:** ***uiadmin*** **Password:**
6. ☐	**MPS X:** Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

7. ☐	**MPS X:**Restore PDB. On the menu, click PDBA->Maintenance->Backup->Restore the PDB Select the backup file, then click "Restore PDB from the Selected File" Button Click "Confirm PDB Restore" Button	  Restore successfully started:

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

8. ☐	**MPS X: An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore PDB is in progress.** **An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore PDB completed successfully.**	Confirming that Restore PDB in progress:  Confirming that Restore PDB is completed successfully:
9. ☐	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Re-Assign the remote PDBA name using the following command: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 10.75.141.75 "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" [root@Salta-A ~]#

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

	"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" Again grep the uiEidt variable name using the following command: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit | grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME	
11.	Move the pdba binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server. **Note: This step is valid in case only when user is performing migration.**	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped [root@Quito-a bin]#
12. ☐	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: `$ date`

Procedure A.44 RTDB Homing Policy to self PDBA

S T E P #	This procedure will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs**

1 ☐	**MPS A:** Switch to epapconfig menu	**# su - epapconfig** Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
2 ☐	Select option 8 from epapconfig menu	/-----EPAP Configuration Menu----------\ /----------\ | 1 | Display Configuration | |----|----------| | 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | |----|----------| | 3 | Set Time Zone | |----|----------| | 4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys | |----|----------| | 5 | Change Password | |----|----------| | 6 | Platform Menu | |----|----------| | 7 | Configure NTP Server | |----|----------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu | |----|----------| | 9 | Security | |----|----------| | 10 | SNMP Configuration | |----|----------| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | |----|----------| | 12 | Configure SNMP Agent Community | |----|----------| | 13 | Mate Disaster Recovery | |----|----------| | 14 | DB Architecture Menu | |----|----------| | e | Exit | \----------/ Enter Choice: 8

3 ☐	Select option 2 to enter RTDB homing menu	/-----Configure PDB Menu----------\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure PDB Network | |----|-----------------------------| | 2 | RTDB Homing Menu | |----|-----------------------------| | 3 | Change Auto DB Recovery State | |----|-----------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 2
4 ☐	Read the Note in the beginning of the section and decide your homing policy.	For Mixed EPAP : /-----RTDB Homing Menu----------\ /-----------------------------------\ | 1 | Configure Specific RTDB Homing | |----|-----------------------------| | 2 | Configure Active RTDB Homing | |----|-----------------------------| | 3 | Configure Standby RTDB Homing | |----|-----------------------------| | e | Exit | \-----------------------------------/ Enter Choice: 1 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y There are two configured PDBs for this MPS: 1. 10.75.141.101 (local) 2. 10.75.141.32 Select the preferred PDB from which to receive updates [1]: 1 The RTDB Homing policy is set to 'specific' and will prefer updates from 10.75.141.101 Press return to continue...

5 ☐	MPS A and MPS B: Start Epap software.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes.
		Use the following command to start Epap:
		
		For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		
		$ service Epap Start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.
		
		$ service Pdba start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
		PDBA application start Successful.

		For EPAP 17.1, run the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares: **$ systemctl start Epap** **$ systemctl start Pdba**
6 ☐	**Procedure complete**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.45 Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov

STEP #		
	This procedure will backout the MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov Site	
	Estimated time of completion: 900 minutes. Check off (□) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE**. **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs**	
1 ☐	Re-Install the Mixed or Non-Porv Node on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document
2 ☐	Restore the EuiDB, RTDB on Non-Prov EPAPs from the backup taken before performing migration on Non-Prov Nodes	Refer to Section 3.4.2, step 6
3 ☐	Restore the EuiDB and PDB on Mixed EPAPs	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files: Refer to section 3.4.1, step 6 in case of Single Mixed or section 3.4.3, step 6 in case of Dual Mixed

		To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files: Refer to Procedure A.32 for EuiDB Restore and Procedure A. 10 for RTDB Restore.
4 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.46 Backout of PDBonly site

STEP #	This procedure will backout the PDBonly site	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off (☐) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND **ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.** **PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs**	
1 ☐	Re-Install the PDBonly site on 16.3.1/16.4.1	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document
2 ☐	Restore the EuiDB, PDB on PDBonly site from the backup taken before performaning migration on Non-Prov Nodes	Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case or standalone PDB site or section 3.4.5 step 6 in case of dual PDBonly sites.
3 ☐	Restore the EuiDB and PDB on PDBonly site	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files : Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case of Single Mixed or section 3.4.3 step 6 in case of Dual Mixed To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files : Refer Procedure A.32 for EuiDB Restore and Procedure A.43 for PDB Restore.

4 ☐	**This procedure is complete.**	**This procedure is complete.**

Procedure A.47 Dual Image Upgrade Procedure

Note: Ensure that the Legacy Upgrade before DIU is accepted, otherwise it might give an error while initiating background upgrade in DIU.

S. No	Steps	**This procedure performs Dual Image Upgrade on the server.** **Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number.** **If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for ASSISTANCE.**
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: **Note**: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as "root" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: root password: password
3	**MPS X:** Copy DIU ISO	Perform the procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP DIU ISO to `/var/TKLC/upgrade` directory. Make sure that only the DIU iso and patch is present in the directory.
4	Create a terminal window log in MPS X.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. **Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx**
5	**MPS X:** Unallocate some memory for the backout LVs.	**Note: NTP must be configured before starting DIU.** **NOTE: All custom files, scripts, folders need to be migrated to remote server before the DIU process is started. These need to be restored back to their place after the DIU process is completed.**

```
echo "SPLIT_MIRROR=1" >
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf && cat
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
```

ls -ltr /var/TKLC/epap/free/

If you find the following folder:
drwxr-xr-x 2 epapdev epap 4096 Jan 3 00:51 comcol

Run the following commands, otherwise ignore them:

```
systemctl stop TKLCha
systemctl stop TKLCharsync
mv /var/TKLC/epap/free/comcol /var/TKLC/epap/logs/
```

Run the following commands one by one in the same sequence as listed. The following table lists the commands with the expected outputs.

Note: The primary objective of running the following commands is to create 30G unallocated memory for the backup LVs to be created during DIU. Thus, after running the `lvremove` command, when you check for vgs we, look at the Vfree category and then subtract 30 from that to find out the space to be mentioned in `lvcreate` command. For example, in the following commands, vgs have 234G after the `lvremove` command. This means that the `lvcreate` command will have 234-30=204G as the parameter. Thus, after creating the new lv, the unallocated memory is 30G (required by DIU).

In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup, run the following commands:	In case of NonProvisionable Setupsetup, run the following commands:
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Epap [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Pdba [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@pdb [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@app	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Epap [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@app

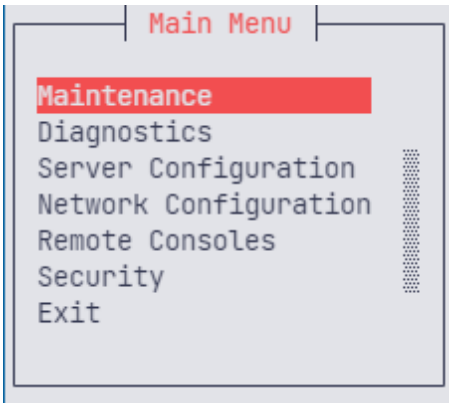
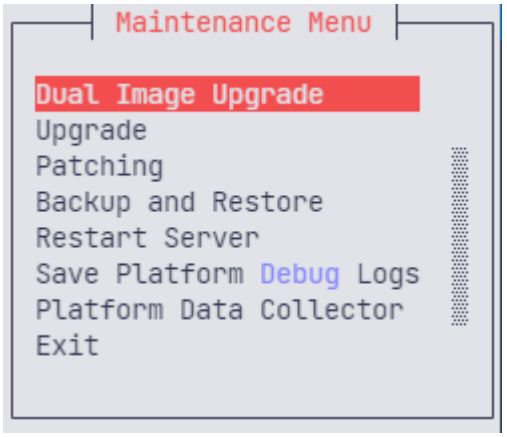
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop crond

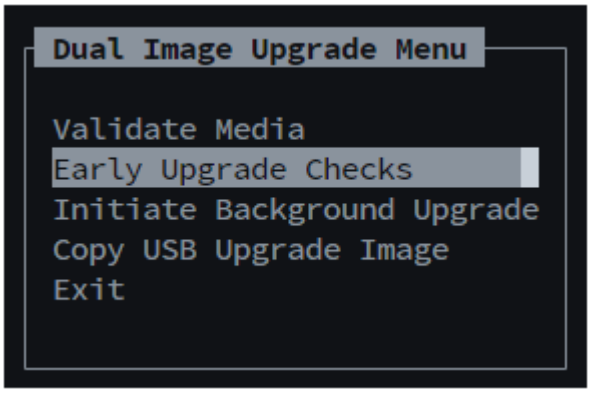
Note: Check whether all the services just stopped are actually stopped or not using the command: systemctl status <service_name>

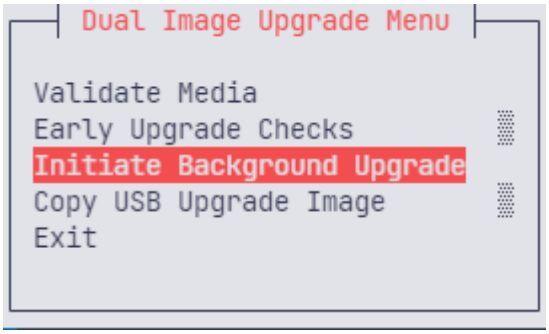
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# umount /var/TKLC/epap/free

		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvremove /dev/mapper/vgroot-free
		Do you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: y
		  Logical volume "free" successfully removed.
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs
		  VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
		  vgroot 1 9 0 wz--n- <446.41g 234.00g
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvcreate --yes --size 204G --name free vgroot
		  Wiping ext4 signature on /dev/vgroot/free.
		  Logical volume "free" created.
		[2180.800550] EXT4-fs (dm-9): VFS: Can't find ext4 filesystem
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vgroot-free
		mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020)
		Discarding device blocks: done
		Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes
		Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121
		Superblock backups stored on blocks:
		  32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208,
		  4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872
		
		Allocating group tables: done
		Writing inode tables: done
		Creating journal (262144 blocks): done
		Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs
		  VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
		  vgroot 1 10 0 wz--n- <446.41g 30.00g
		
		If you had the comcol folder then run the below commands to restore the comcol in free directory:
		mv /var/TKLC/epap/logs/comcol /var/TKLC/epap/free/
		
		[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs
		  VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
		  vgroot 1 10 0 wz--n- <446.41g 30.00g

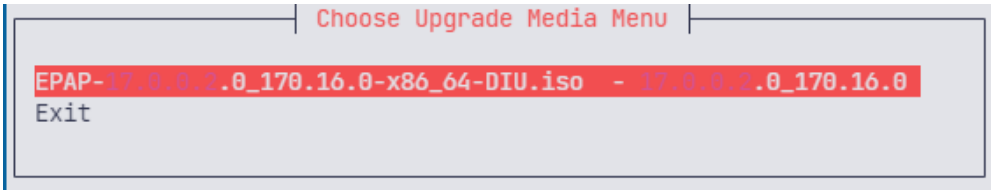
6	**MPS X:** Start platcfg utility.	**$ su – platcfg**

7	**MPS X:** Navigate to the Upgrade menu. ****NOTE**: Make sure to select Dual Image Upgrade only.**	The platcfg **Main Menu** appears. 1. On the **Main Menu**, select **Maintenance** and press **[ENTER]**.  Select the **Dual Image Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**. 
8.	**MPS X:** Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using **0**.
9.	**MPS X**: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the “Early Upgrade Checks” menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.

		 If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: • Exit the platcfg menu. • Change to root user using the “su –" command. • vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf • Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. o EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2 o Add the following alarm code to ignore Storage Capacity Problem: TKSPLATMA5 o Add the following line for the RAID related alarms: o EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMA2 For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm “tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning” which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10 **Note**: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10 If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to “Server Default Route Network Error”, then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMA2,TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMA5,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14,TKSPLATMA28 **Note: Please note that TKSPLATMA5, TKSPLATMA2, TKSPLATMI2 should always be whitelisted.**
10	**MPS X:** Navigate to the Initiate Upgrade menu	Select the **Initiate Background Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.

<table>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td> 
</td></tr>
<tr><td>9</td><td>MPS X: Select the Upgrade Media.</td><td>The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar as shown in the example below.

Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER].

In case there is a failure in the installation process, then run the following command to verify whether the raid is synced or not:
• lsblk

<table>
<tr><td>Raid in sync example

[root@Recife-A upgrade]# lsblk
NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
sda 8:0 0 447.1G 0 disk
|-sda1 8:1 0 512M 0 part
`-sda2 8:2 0 446.5G 0 part<br>`-md1 9:1 0 446.4G 0 raid1
|-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 4G 0 lvm /
|-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm [SWAP]
|-vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 10G 0 lvm /usr
|-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC</td><td>Raid not in sync example

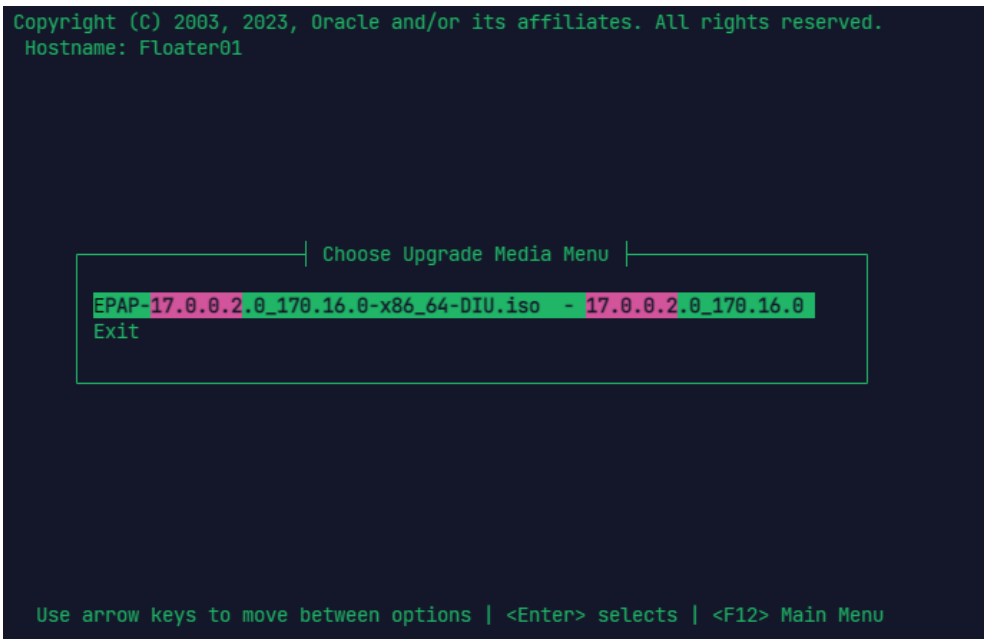
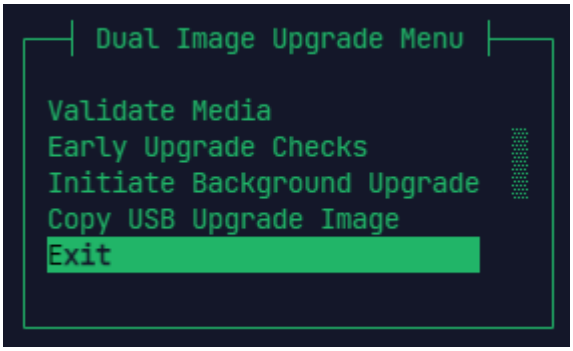
[root@Natal-A upgrade]# lsblk
NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
sda 8:0 1 28.9G 0 disk
`-sda1 8:1 1 28.9G 0 part<br>sdb 8:16 0 894.3G 0 disk<br>|-sdb1 8:17 0 512M 0 part<br>`-sdb2 8:18 0 893.7G 0 part
`-md1 9:1 0 893.5G 0 raid1
|-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 2G 0 lvm /
|-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm [SWAP]
|-vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 8G 0 lvm /usr
|-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC</td></tr>
</table></td></tr>
</table>

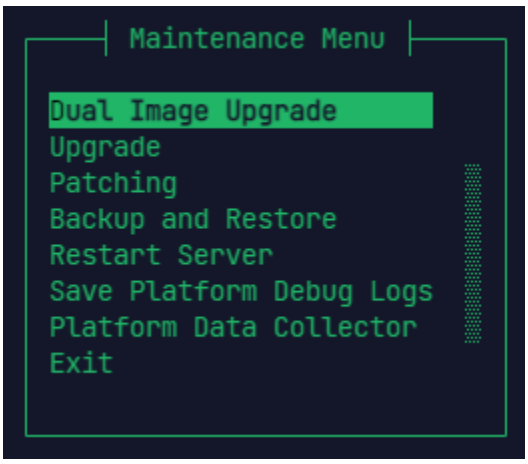
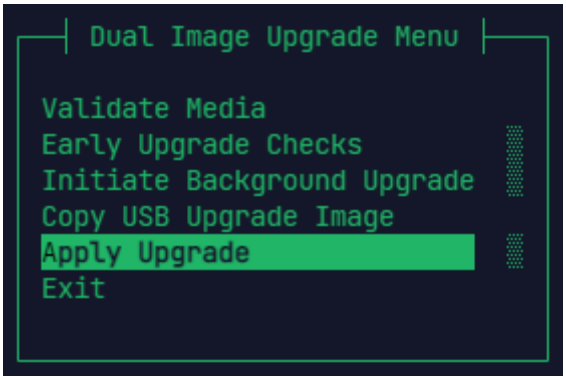
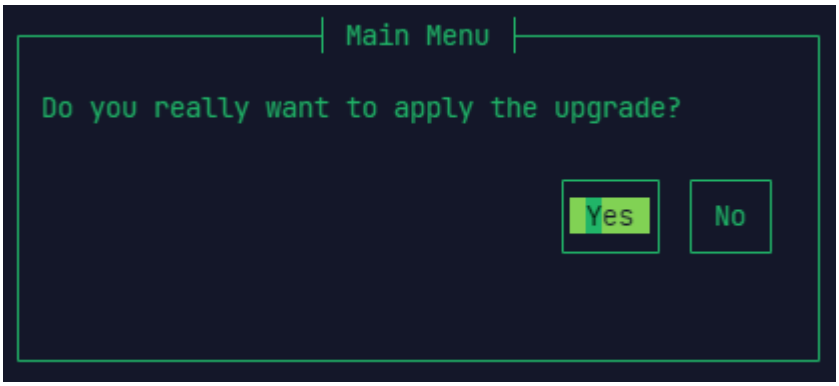
		|-vgroot-plat_tmp 253:4 0 1G 0 lvm /tmp |-vgroot-plat_var 253:5 0 2G 0 lvm /var |-vgroot-logs 253:6 0 20G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/logs |-vgroot-db 253:7 0 191.8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/db `-vgroot-free 253:8 0 207.7G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/free sdb 8:16 1 28.9G 0 disk |-sdb1 8:17 1 2.8G 0 part `-sdb2 8:18 1 9.8M 0 part sdc 8:32 0 447.1G 0 disk |-sdc1 8:33 0 512M 0 part `-sdc2 8:34 0 446.5G 0 part `-md1 9:1 0 446.4G 0 raid1 |-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 4G 0 lvm / |-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm [SWAP] |-vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 10G 0 lvm /usr |-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC |-vgroot-plat_tmp 253:4 0 1G 0 lvm /tmp |-vgroot-plat_var 253:5 0 2G 0 lvm /var |-vgroot-logs 253:6 0 20G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/logs |-vgroot-db 253:7 0 191.8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/db `-vgroot-free 253:8 0 207.7G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/free	|vgroot-plat_tmp 253:4 0 1G 0 lvm /tmp |-vgroot-plat_var 253:5 0 2G 0 lvm /var |-vgroot-rt 253:6 0 68G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/rt |-vgroot-logs 253:7 0 20G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/logs |-vgroot-db 253:8 0 289.2G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/db `-vgroot-free 253:9 0 204G 0 lvm /var/TKLC/epap/free sdc 8:32 0 894.3G 0 disk |-sdc1 8:33 0 512M 0 part `-sdc2 8:34 0 893.7G 0 part

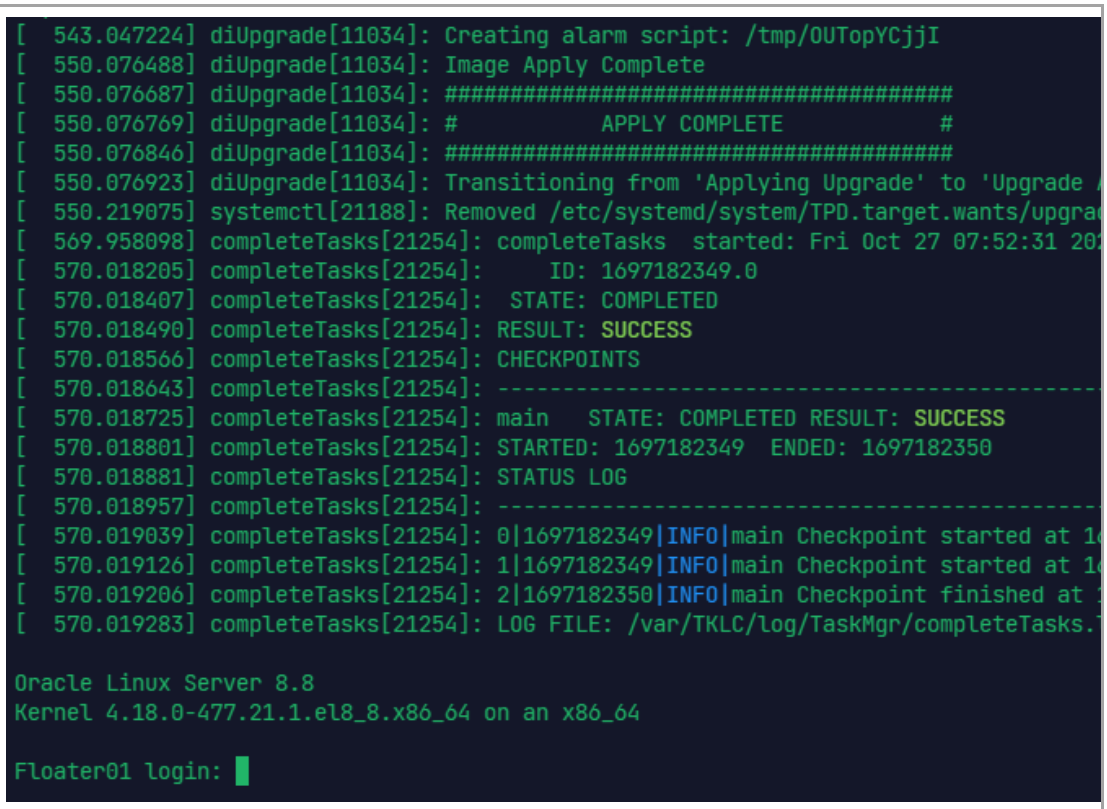
If the raid is not in sync, then run the following command:

- mdadm --add /dev/md1 /dev/sdX2
  where sdX can be any of sda, sdb, or sdc according to LV configurations. This can be verified using lsblk. In the above example, sdc is being used as it is a harddisk partition whereas sda is a USB drive.

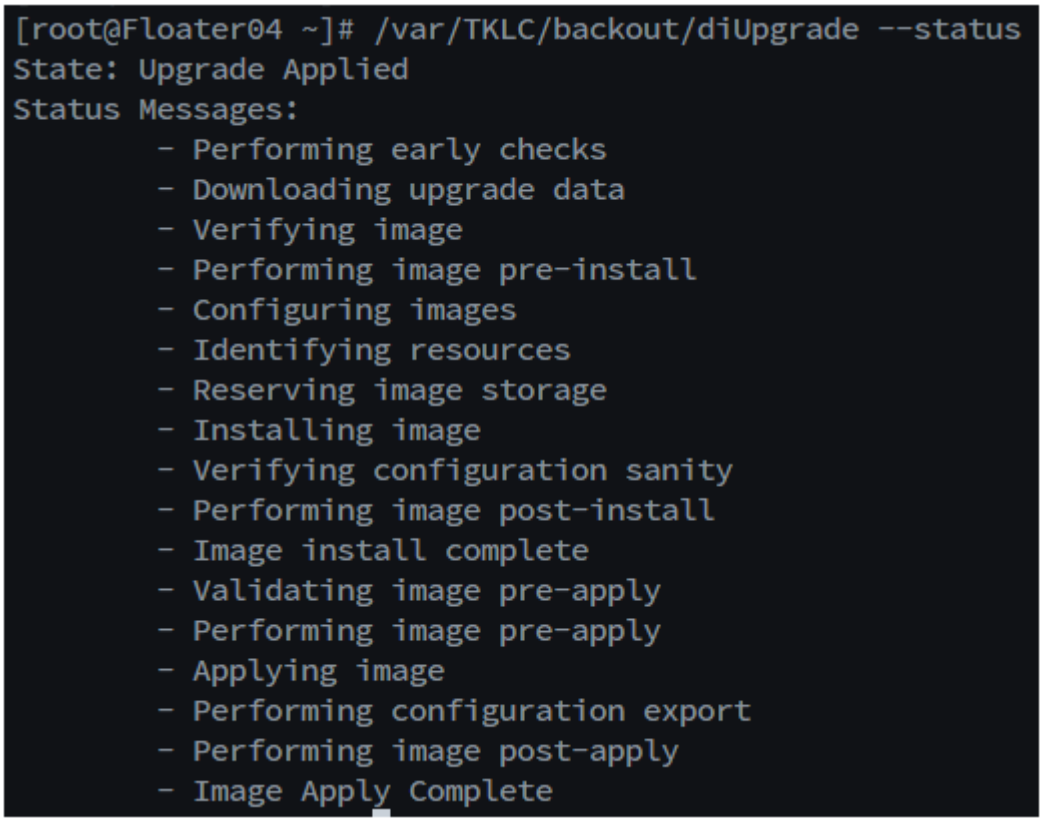
The following command can be used to check the status of the sync after running the above command.
[root@Arica-A upgrade]# cat /proc/mdstat

		Personalities : [raid1] md1 : active raid1 sdb[3] sda2[2] 468091904 blocks super 1.2 [2/1] [U_] [===>.....] recovery = 19.1% (89824128/468091904) finish=81.5min speed=77331K/sec bitmap: 4/4 pages [16KB], 65536KB chunk unused devices: <none>
10	**MPS X:** Upgrade proceeds. Apply Upgrade.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. After the background upgrade is done, the system will return to this screen.  After this, select **[**EXIT] and press **[ENTER]**. From the Dual image Upgrade Menu, select [**EXIT**] and press **[ENTER}.**  From the maintenance menu, select **Dual Image Upgrade** and then Press **Enter.**

		 From the Dual Image Upgrade Menu, select **Apply Upgrade** and press [**ENTER**]].  Select **YES** and press **ENTER.**  When the upgrade process is complete, the server reboots.
11	**MPS X:** Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as displayed in the example below.

		 Make sure to verify that the state is transitioned from “Applying upgrade” to “Upgrade Applied” and we get Completed Result: SUCCESS.
12	**MPS X:** Log in as “root” user.	**[hostname] consolelogin: root** **password: password**
13	**MPS X:** Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. **$ grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E, if the output contains any error except the following: [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd408ystem service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!

		1726140936::ERROR: SEQ: 83 UPTIME: 12737 BIRTH: 1726139350 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI2|tpdApplicationProcessError|1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.2|32501|Processing Error|Software Program Error|HOST-RESOURCES-MIB::hrSWRunName:1.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.2:OCTET_STRING:eaglelog **$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log** Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd409ystem service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/db".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/free".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/db".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/free".". 1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off the --–initialize-insecure option. 1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm files.....reparsing xml... 1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1673985571::TKLCepap-HA ####################################warning: group root} does not existexi–t - using root 1726141389::WARNING: Hostname not changed because it is the same.
14	**MPS X:** Check that the upgrade	Run the command from the admusr user**:** **[root@Floater04 ~]$ /var/TKLC/backout/diUpgrade --–status**

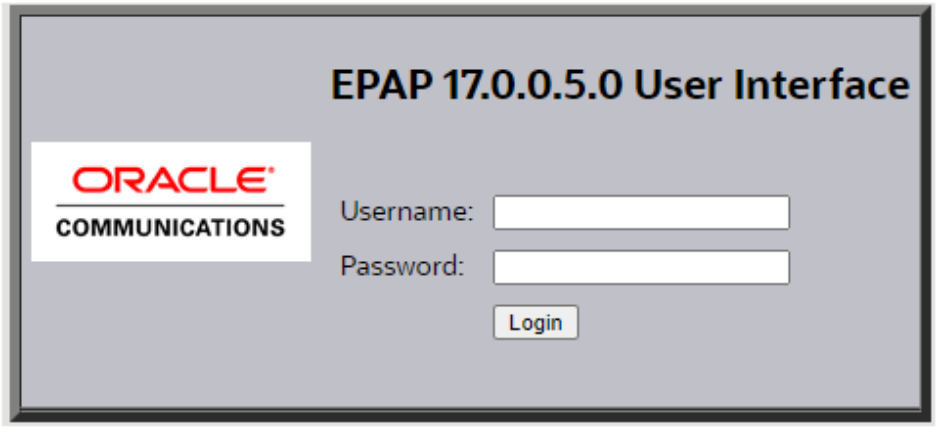
<table>
<tr><td></td><td>completed successfully.</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>15</td><td>MPS X: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.</td><td>Verify that the following output is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E.
 
</td></tr>
<tr><td>16</td><td>MPS X : Syscheck reconfiguration</td><td>Run the following commands for unmasking and starting the Epap and Pdba status:
<table><tr><td>In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup run the following commands:

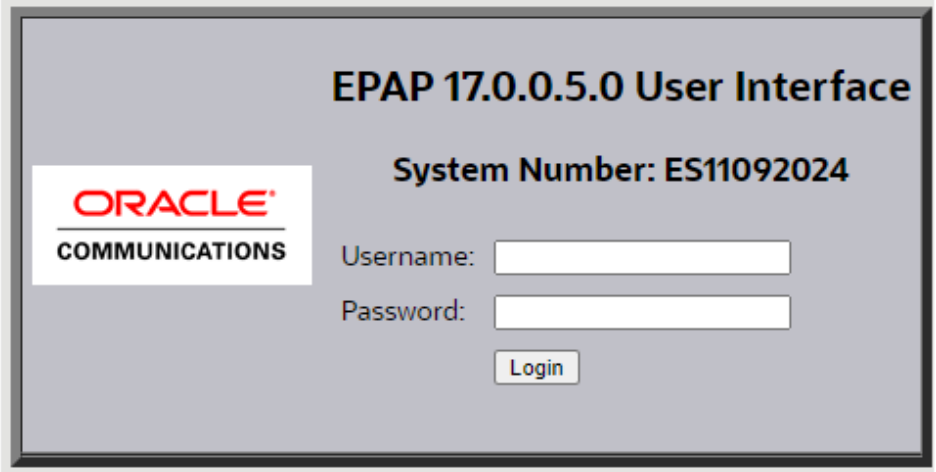
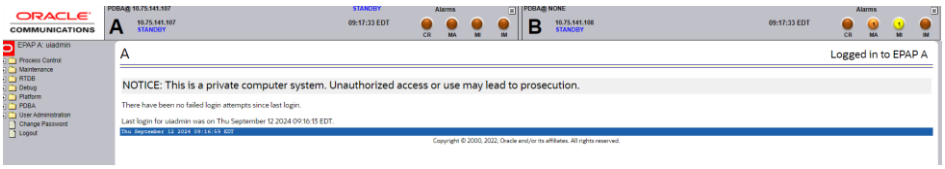
[root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Epap
[root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Pdba</td><td>In case of NonProvisionable Setup, run the following commands:

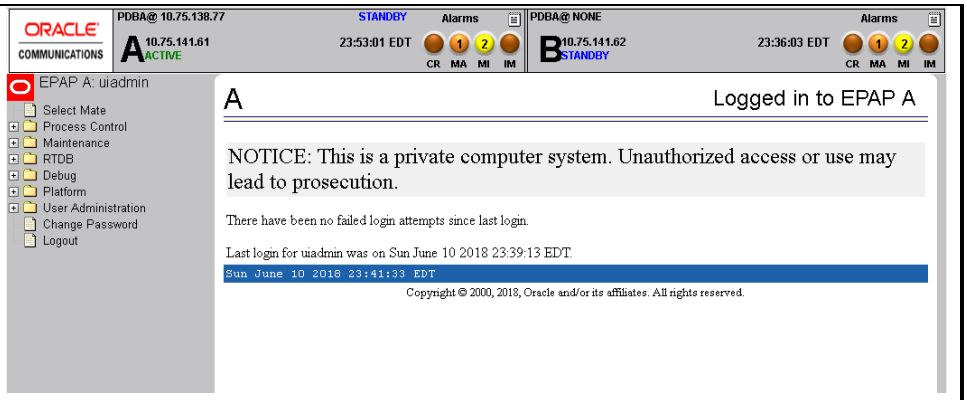
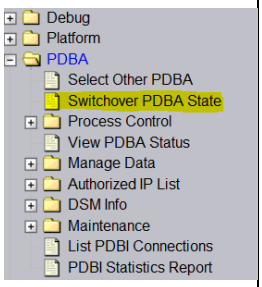
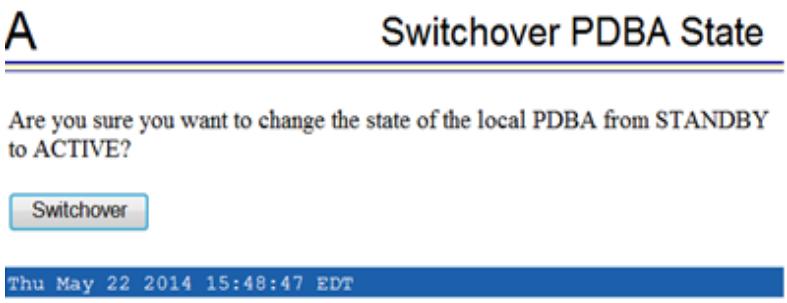
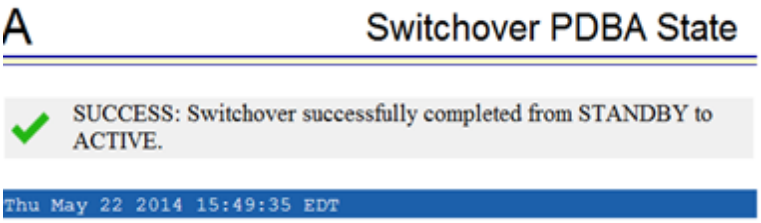
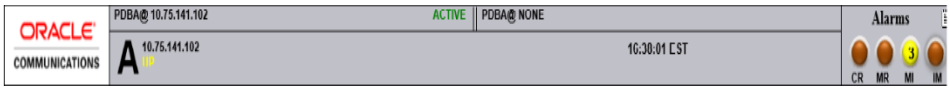
[root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Epap</td></tr></table>If you have the comcol folder, then run the following commands:
<pre>systemctl restart TKLCha TKLCharsync
systemctl restart runGsConn</pre></td></tr>
</table>

		Run the following command for reconfiguration of syscheck: **$ syscheck --reconfig**
17	**MPS X :** Reboot after installation	Reboot the system after the “Apply Complete Process” to finally finish the installation. $ **reboot**
18	**MPS X:** Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete. The installation procedure is complete. If there are any issues in the upgrade, check **Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix.**
19	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: **$ date**
		b.

Procedure A.48 Switchover PDBA state

S T E P #	This procedure provisions 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appearappears.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP appears. 

		The GUI screen on standalone PDB appears. 
2. ☐	Login: Log in as uiadmin.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP appears.  The GUI screen on Standalone PDB appears. The GUI screen on Non-Prov EPAP appears.

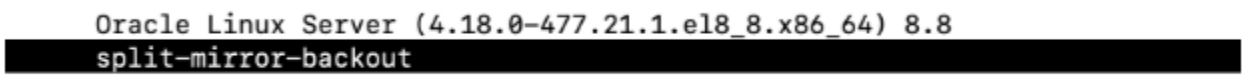
		
3. ☐	On the Site designated by the customer Active PDB GUI, select "**Switchover PDBA State**" to make the PDBA Active. 	The following screen appears. 
4. ☐	Click on the "**Switchover**" button.	The following screen appears. 
5. ☐	PDBA should becomebe ACTIVE.	The following screen appears. 

Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix

1. **Title: Stuck in the boot menu with multiple boot options.**

   Fix: If you are stuck in the boot menu while rebooting during Apply Upgrade, select the default option. An example of the default option to be selected is given below:

   If you are stuck in the boot menu while rejecting the upgrade, please select the "**split-mirror-backout**" option. An Example is given below:



2. **Core Files Alarm on the upgraded setup**

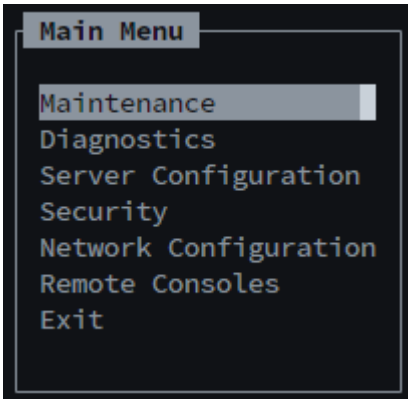
   Fix: It is a known alarm that originates in case of Dual Image Upgrade. To get rid of this alarm, run these commands on the setup that is having those alarms:

```
[root@Osorna-A ~]# rm -rf /var/TKLC/core/*
```

Procedure A.50 Accept/Reject the Dual Image Upgrade

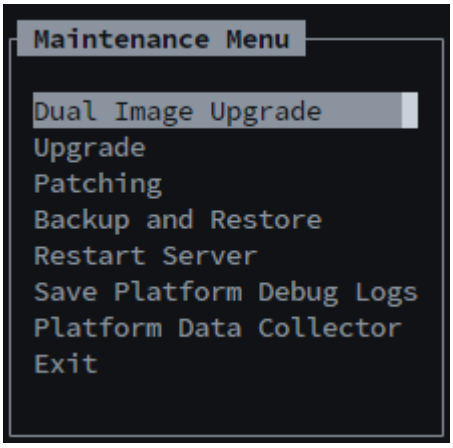
1	Accept/Reject the DIU upgrade	Follow the below steps to Accept/Reject the DIU upgrade. Log in to the setup with the root user. 1. Run the following command: a. [root@Floater04 ~]# su - platcfg 2. Select the Maintenance option and press **[ENTER]**.

a.



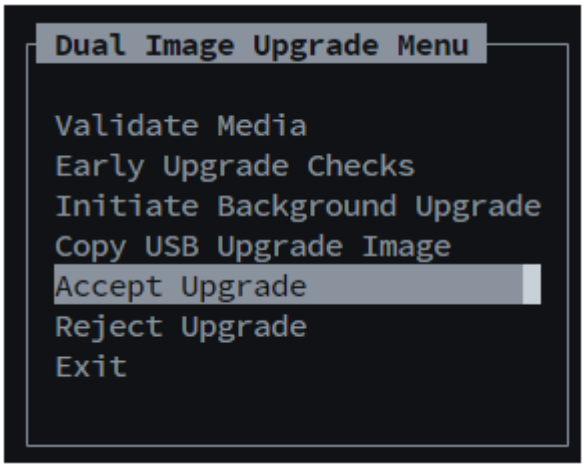
3. From the maintenace menu, select the **Dual Image Upgrade** option and press **[ENTER].**

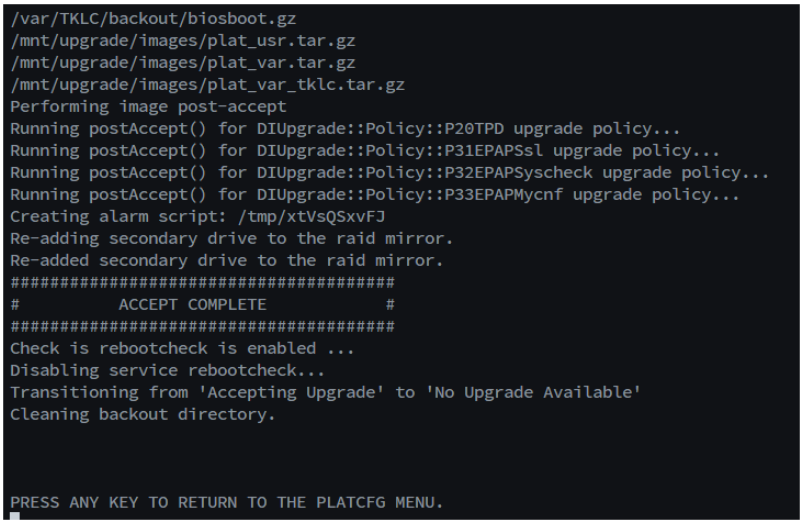
a.



4. From the dual image upgrade menu, select the **Accept** or **Reject** option and press **Enter**.

a.



		3. The following logs will appear on the screen (in case of Accept). 
*Note *	Revert back the space taken during DIU	This is the process to revert the unmounted space that was taken while doing the DIU procedure. **Note**: This should only be done after accepting the DIU upgrade. Procedure: • Run the following command: `lvextend -L +26G /dev/vgroot/free; resize2fs /dev/vgroot/free`

Procedure A.51 MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure

Note:

1) This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.y (where 0<= x <=5 and y >= 6) or from 17.0.0.x (where 0<= x <=5) to 17.1.y via migration.The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.

2) Download Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip from the Oracle Software Download Centre (OSDC).

S. No.	Steps	This procedure performs MySQL RPM Upgrade on the server. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as epapdev user and switch to root user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]$ su - Password:password

3	MPS X: Copy Mysql 8.4.0 RPMS from mysql_rpms directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user	After copying mysql rpms run below command to check if they are present in free directory. [root@Salta-a ~]# ll /var/TKLC/epap/free **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 4098340 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 13434336 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 3991796 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 709260 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 23103448 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 2350976 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 1542176 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm** **-rwxr-x--- 1 epapdev epap 62328968 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm**
4	MPS X: Copy install_mysql.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user	After copying install_mysql.sh to free directory, move to free directory. **[root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free** Change permissions of the script: **[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap install_mysql.sh** **[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 install_mysql.sh**
5	MPS X: Run install_mysql.sh	**[root@Salta-a free]# ./install_mysql.sh** Performing installation of mysql commercial version 8.4.0 Verifying... ################################## [100%] Preparing... ################################## [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-icu-data-files- 8################################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-icu-data-files- 8################################## [100%]

		Verifying... ##################################### [100%] Preparing... ##################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0- 1.1################################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-client-8.0.35- 1.################################## [100%] Verifying... ##################################### [100%] Preparing... ##################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0- 1.1.################################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-devel-8.0.35- 1.1################################## [100%] Verifying... ##################################### [100%] Preparing... ##################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0- 1.1################################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-common-8.0.35- 1.################################## [100%] Verifying... ##################################### [100%] Preparing... ##################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0- 1.1.e################################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-libs-8.0.35- 1.1.################################## [100%] Verifying... ##################################### [100%] Preparing... ##################################### [100%] Updating / installing...

		1:mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0- 1.1################################### [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-backup-8.0.35- 1.################################### [100%] Verifying... ################################### [100%] Preparing... ################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-client-plugins- 8################################### [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-client-plugins- 8################################### [100%] Verifying... ################################### [100%] Preparing... ################################### [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0- 1.1################################### [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-server-8.0.35- 1.################################### [100%]
6	MPS X: Check if Mysql RPM's upgraded or not. **Note**: **Versions of mysql-common and perl-DBD packages may vary depending upon EPAP version you are migrating from.**	**[root@Salta-a free]# rpm -qa|grep -i mysql** mysql-common-8.0.36-1.module+el8.9.0+90153+70413b10.x86_64 mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 perl-DBD-mysql-5.002P-17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0.x86_64 mysql-commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64 mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64
7	MPS X: Copy update_plugin.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user	After copying update_plugin.sh to free directory, Change permissions of the script: **[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap update_plugin.sh** **[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 update_plugin.sh**
8	MPS X: Run update_plugin.sh	**[root@Salta-a free]# ./update_plugin.sh**

		Log in to mysql and check plugin of mysql users **[root@Salta-a free]# mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock** mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 9 Server version: 8.4.0-commercial MySQL Enterprise Server - Commercial Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners. Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement. mysql> select user,plugin,host from mysql.user; +------------------+-----------------------+-----------+ | user | plugin | host | +------------------+-----------------------+-----------+ | multi_admin | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | mysql.infoschema | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | mysql.session | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | mysql.sys | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | pdbSelect | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | pdba | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | root | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | statuser | **caching_sha2_password** | localhost | | pdba | **caching_sha2_password** | mate | | root | **caching_sha2_password** | mate | | pdbSelect | **caching_sha2_password** | salta-a | +------------------+-----------------------+-----------+ 11 rows in set (0.00 sec) mysql> exit
9	MPS X: Copy pdbBackup.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user (edited)	After copying pdbBackup.sh to free directory, Change permissions of the script: **[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup.sh** **[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup.sh**

10	MPS X: Run pdbBackup.sh script	[root@Salta-a free]# ./pdbBackup.sh The script ends with below logs at the end. …… …….<backup logs>…….. ……. ibbackup completed OK! **pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz has been created**

11	MPS X:
	Transfer the backup created in above step to remote machine.
		Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customerprovided computer. Enter “yes” when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		$ sftp <IP address of remote machine>
		Connecting to ... The authenticity of host '' can't be established.
		DSA key fingerprint is
		58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? **yes**
		Warning: Permanently added ' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.
		root@<IP address of remote machine>'s password:
		sftp> cd <target directory>
		sftp> put **pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz**
		Uploading **pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz** to **pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz**
		sftp> bye
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command
		$ su – epapdev
		$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<PDB backup file> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/

Procedure A.52 Post MySQL RPM upgrade PDB Restore Procedure

Note: This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6/17.1 via migration.

S.No	Steps	This procedure performs Restoration of PDB created by MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure on the server. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: **Note**: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as epapdev user and switch to root user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password [epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]$ su - Password:password
3	MPS X: Copy the PDB Backup file to free directory.	After copying PDB backup to free directory, Change Permissions of PDB Backup: **[root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free** **[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup_Salta-a_1737987790.tar.gz** **root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup_Salta-a_1737987790.tar.gz**
4	MPS X: Restoring the PDB	**[root@Donut-A free]# /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdb --force** Tue Jan 28 08:58:03 EST 2025 This script will replace the existing PDB with one provided from a backup and copy the restored backup to the remote. **Are you sure you want to do continue? (y/n) y** **Enter the name of the backup tar.gz file.** **/var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz** localIp = 10.75.141.119 localName=Donut-A

		remoteIp = 0.0.0.0 No remote site WARNING : If this backup is from EPAP 16.1 or earlier release please use option --force7 **Are you sure this backup is taken on EPAP 16.2 release? (y/n)y** **Do you want to restore Stats database? (y/n) y** Running with force option! Skip disk space check.. remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB Unzipping backup file. This may take a while.. Running with force option! Skip compatibility check.. Stopping local PDBA Stopping local PDB mysql daemon No need to create backup directory.. Running ibbackup tool to restore DBWe trust you have received the usual lecture from the local System Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things: #1) Respect the privacy of others. #2) Think before you type. #3) With great power comes great responsibility.[sudo] password for mysql: mysql: **…….** **…..<Restore Logs>…….** **……..** **Restore completed successfully.** **Wed Jan 29 02:37:23 EST 2025** **[root@Donut-A free]#**

Procedure A.53 Keys exchange between OL 8 based PDBonly and OL6 based Non-prov

Procedure A.53: Pre-Install Verification on VM

S T E P #		
	This procedure lists the steps to exchange the keys between OL 6 based PDBonly and OL8 based Non-Prov.	
	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes. Check off ( ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	PDBonly server: Verify that the key exchange is working appropriately now.	If not already logged in, then log in with epapdev user at PDBonly at EPAP 17.0/17.1: console login: epapdev password: Verify that you are able to do a ssh from PDBonly (release 17.0/17.1) server to Non-Prov (release 16.3/16.4) node A or B without any password. Run the below command from PDBonly server. Verify between PDBonly and Non prov node A . Replace Non_prov_epap_A with ip non prov node A IP. ssh epapdev@Non_prov_epap_A Verify between PDBonly and Non prov node A. Replace Non_prov_epap_B with ip non prov node B IP ssh epapdev@Non_prov_epap_B **Note:** If keyexchange is already working between PDBonly and Non-Prov, there is no need to perform this procedure further.
2. ☐	MPS A: Log in to Non-Prov EPAP server on release 16.3/16.4 as the user “epapdev”	If not already logged in, then log in to Non-Prov EPAP A site: **console login: epapdev** **password:**
3. ☐	MPS A: Perform the following procedure on	Run the following command from Non-Prov EPAP A node and generate keys for both A and B nodes of the non-prov server: Generate RSA key on Non-Prov EPAP A:

Procedure A.53: Pre-Install Verification on VM

	Non-Prov EPAP 16.3/16.4. **Note**: Generating RSA keys first with servers installed on older release 16.3.1/16.4.1 Also generate RSA key with both sides of the non-Prov server.	**# /usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N ‘’** Generate RSA key on non-Prov EPAP B: **# ssh mate "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' "** Example: Recife-A is non-Prov EPAP A on release 16.3/16.4. [epapdev@Recife-A free]$ /usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is: 47:54:4c:74:96:f2:e9:31:1f:b1:a8:5f:81:64:36:f0 epapdev@Devloan01 The key's randomart image is: +--[RSA 2048]----+ | .*= o. | | . +B.. | | . +E+.o| | . o=+ | | S . .. +o| Upgrade/Installation Guide 361 of 448 April 2025 Confidential - Oracle Restricted Confidential - Oracle Restricted | . . ...| | . . | | . | | | +-----------------+ [epapdev@Recife-A free]$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.56 "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' " epapdev@10.75.141.56's password: Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is: af:08:75:05:38:00:b9:0c:1e:61:e7:9b:6a:d3:82:47 epapdev@Devloan02 The key's randomart image is: +--[RSA 2048]----+ | oo+.. .. | |o.+ o . | |.o.o . . | | .o o . | | Eo . S |

Procedure A.53: Pre-Install Verification on VM

		|..o . . . | |.=... . | |..o . . . | | . . | +-----------------+ [epapdev@Recife-A free]$
4. ☐	MPS A: Exchange keys between non-Prov and pdbonly.	Run below command from non-Prov EPAP node A, which is on release 16.3/16.4. The commands will be run from epapdev user. Replace $pdbIpAddr from the PDBonly IP in the commands. Key exchange between PDBonly and Non Prov node A: **/usr/TKLC/plat/bin/keyexchange --key=id_rsa.pub $pdbIpAddr** Key exchange between PDBonly and Non Prov node B: **/usr/bin/ssh -t -l epapdev mate /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/keyexchange --key=id_rsa.pub $pdbIpAddr**
5. ☐	PDBonly server: Verify that the key exchange is working appropriately now.	After the above steps for keyexchange have been performed, verify that you are now able to do a ssh from PDBonly server to non-Prov node A or B without any password. Run the below command from PDBonly server. Verify between PDBonly and Non prov node A. Replace Non_prov_epap_A with ip non prov node A IP. ssh epapdev@Non_prov_epap_A Verify between PDBonly and Non prov node A. Replace Non_prov_epap_B with ip non prov node B IP ssh epapdev@Non_prov_epap_B
6. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

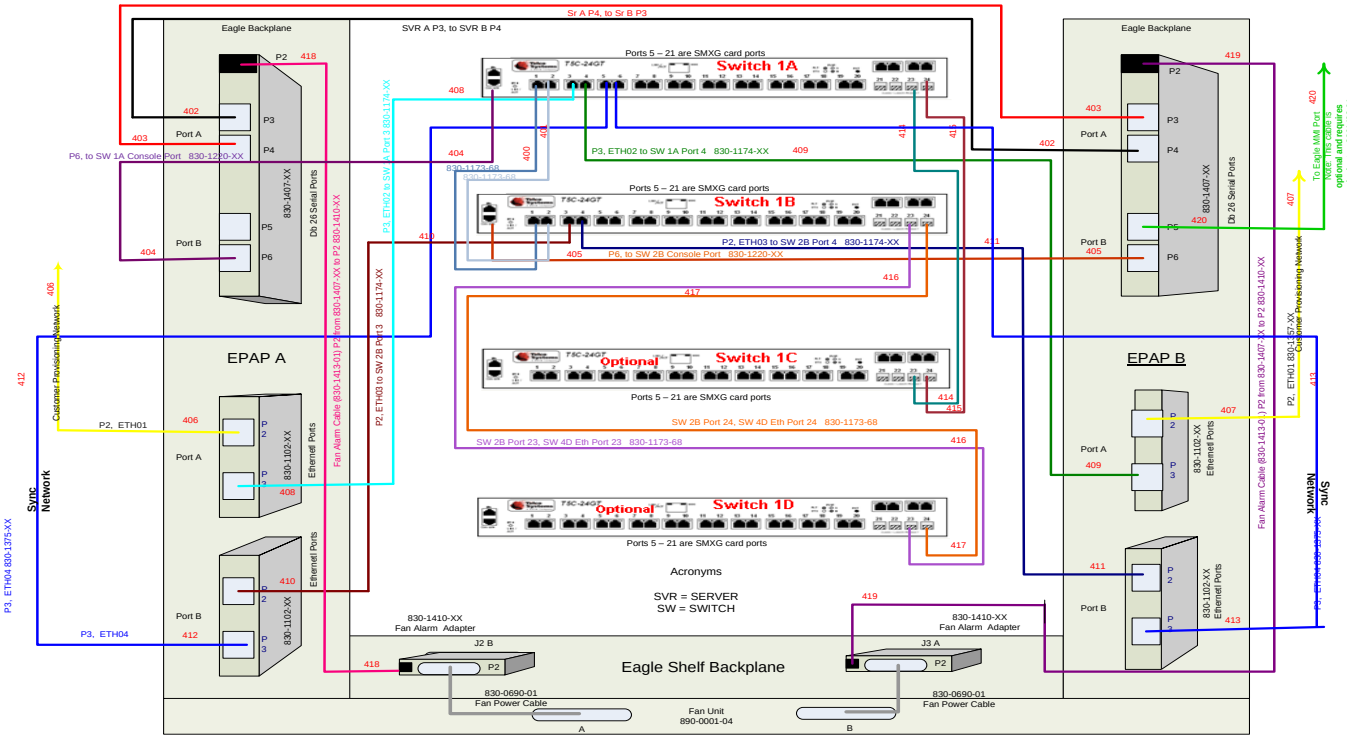


Figure 8: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)

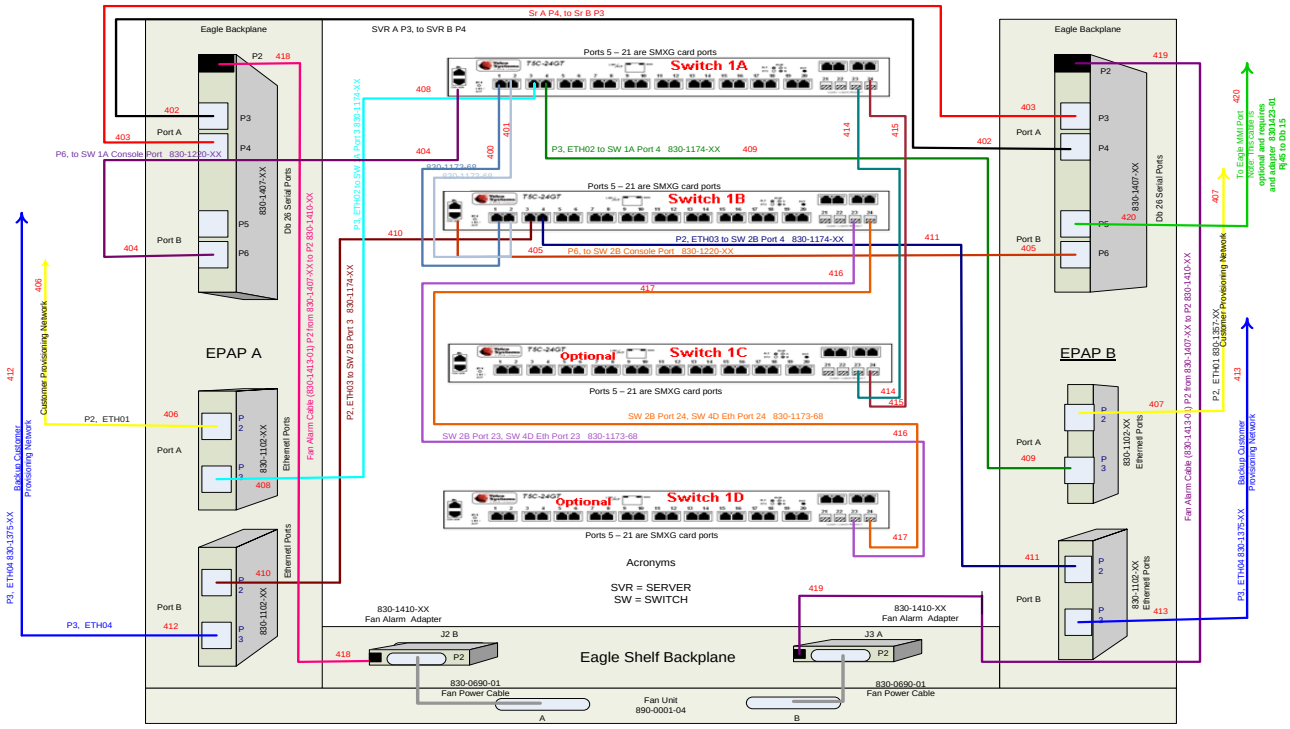


Figure 9: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)

APPENDIX C TELCO TO CISCO SWITCH REPLACEMENT

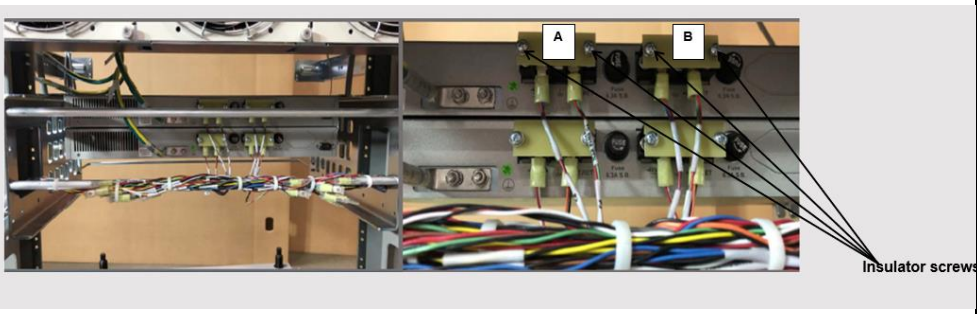
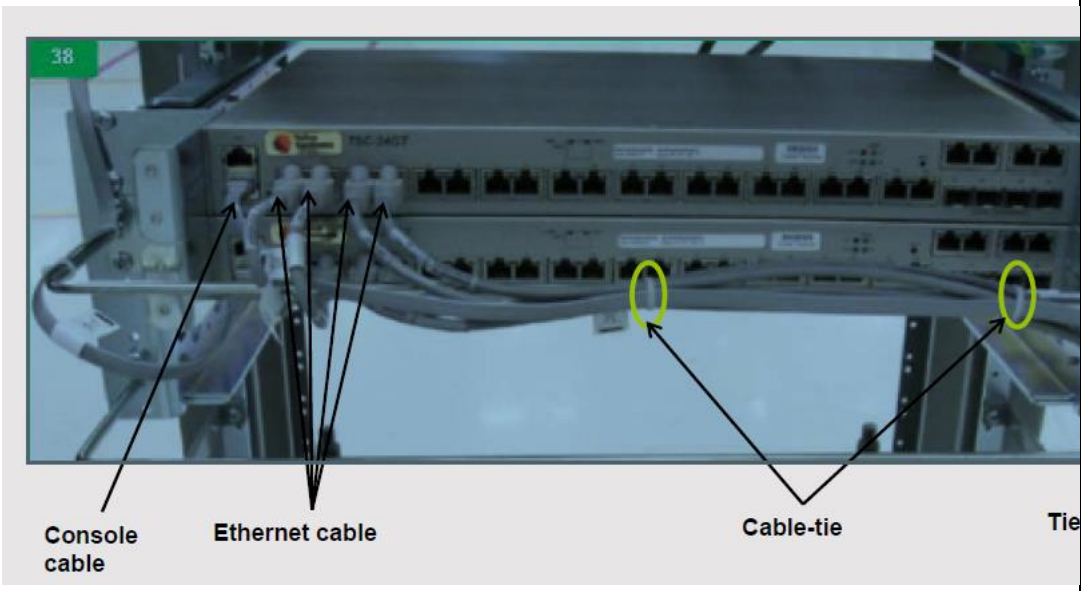
SWITCH REPLACEMENT

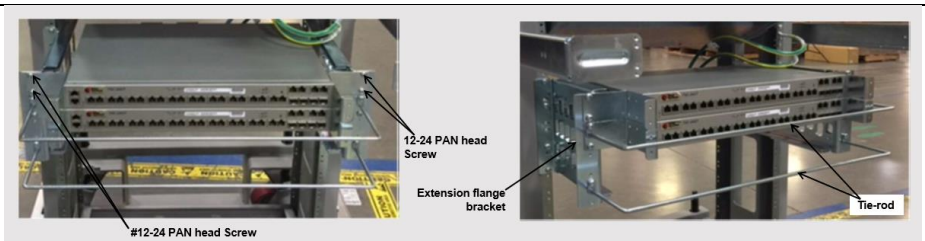
	This procedure is for replacing the Telco switch with the Cisco switch. Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

The following tools are required to perform this procedure:

- Grounding Strap (Wrist or Heel)
- #2 Phillips Screwdriver
- #3 Phillips Screwdriver
- 1/4" Nut Driver or Socket
- 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket
- Wire Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Diagonal Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Multi Meter
- Tie Wraps
- Electrical Tape
- Cable Tags / Marker (to label all cables)

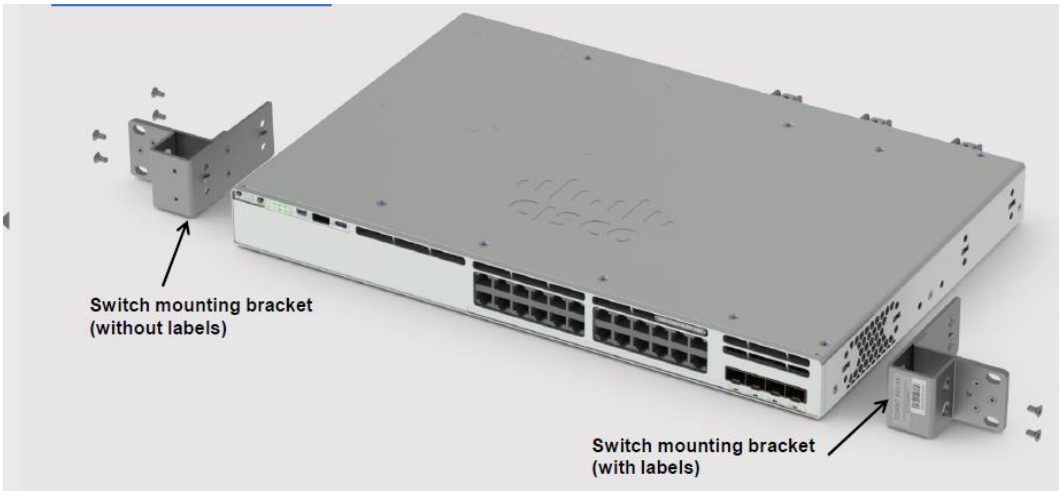
1. ☐	Disable and disconnect switch power	a. At the fuse panel, locate the fuse positions for the switch being removed. To power down the Switch, remove the fuses for both A and B feeds. b. Once the switch is off, unscrew and remove the terminal-block insulator covers from both terminals blocks A and B. c. With covers removed, using a Multi Meter, ensure that there is no power. d. Ensure that the power leads are marked -48V & RTN. e. With the cables marked, one at a time, remove the power cable and tape the terminal ring. Repeat these steps until all power connections are removed. Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (top). Same procedure for other switch locations.
2.	Disconnect ground	a. Remove the Switch Ground Wire from the grounding point, by loosening and removing Hex nut, Flat washer, and External tooth washer.

☐	cable from switch	b. Leave Ground Wire dangling. Do not disconnect ground wire attached to cabinet/frame. Note: Hardware removed, nut and washers are NOT required on replacement switch. 
3. ☐	Disconnect Front ENET and Console Cables	a. Make sure that all the cables are labeled and are in the correct position that they are terminated at. If not, ensure to mark or label before starting any removal. b. Disconnect the Console and Ethernet cables from Telco switch being replaced. Leave the cables dangling. c. (Optional) If cable management tie-rod is mounted to the switch being replaced, it may be necessary to cut or remove the cable-ties, holding the cables from the Tie-rod. 
4. ☐	Remove the Switch being replaced	a. Remove the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch). If there is no support under the switch, take care to support the switchwhile removing the screws. b. Remove the Switch from the Eagle rack. c. Keep the screws safely set aside. Required for mounting the new switch. Note: If Tie-rod is attached via the screws being removed, then the Tie-rod needs to be set aside for reattachment when the replacement Switch is installed.



5. ☐ Assemble the replacement Cisco Switch

Attach the mounting brackets with Cisco switch assembly.

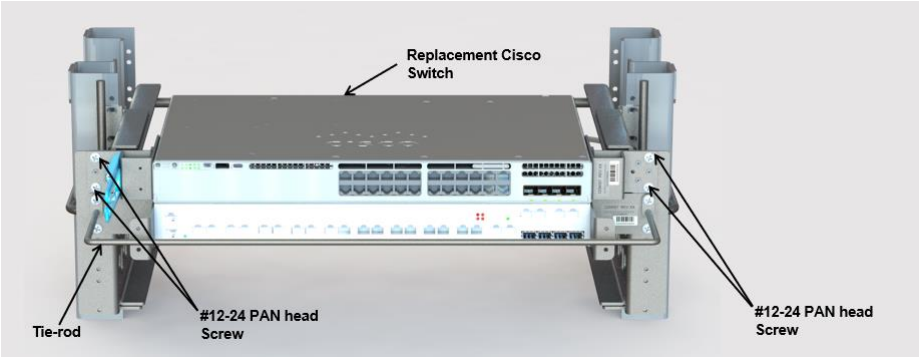
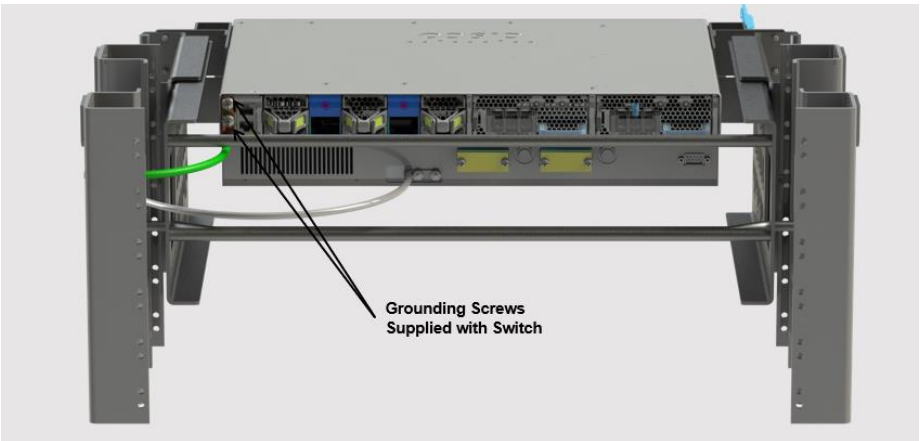


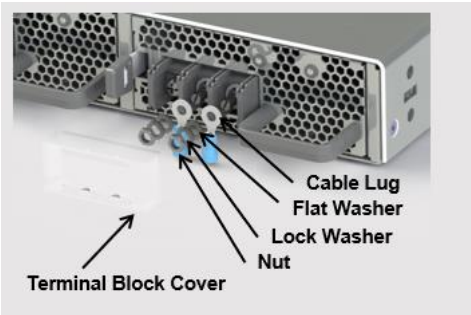
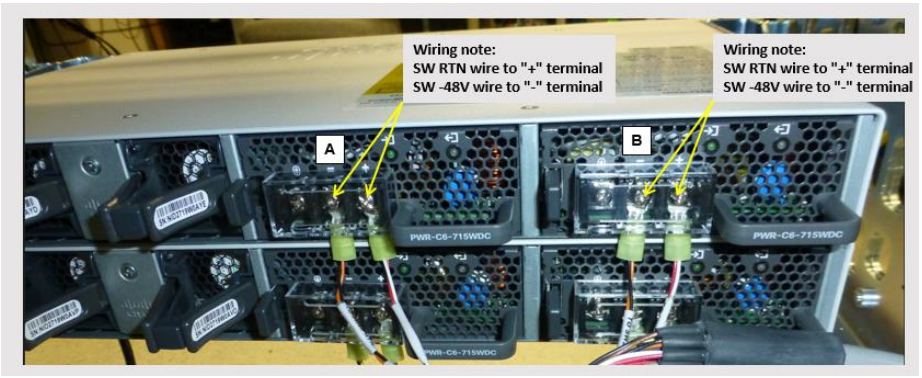
a. Locate the supplied mounting brackets and screws from the Switch package.
b. Align the mounting bracket to the switch using four mounting holes.

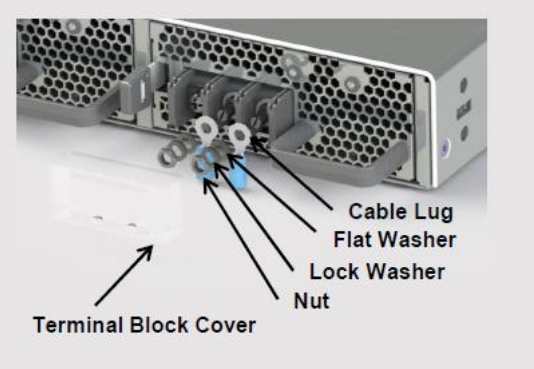
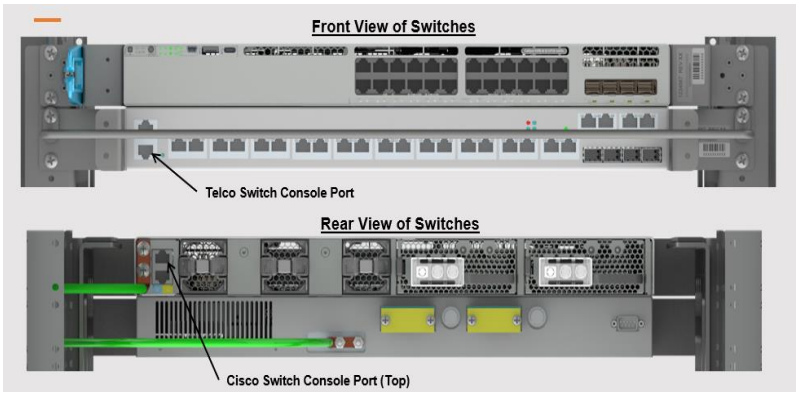
Note: Bracket with labels to be mounted on the right side of the switch.

c. Insert four screws, supplied with each switch, and tighten.

d. Repeat the steps b and c for the other side of the switch.
e. Attach optional Cable Manager.
   I. Locate Cable Manager and Screw from replacement Switch packaging.
   II. Attach the Cable Manager to the rack mounting bracket using the supplied screw.

6. ☐	Install replacement Cisco Switch	a. Align replacement Cisco Switch in the slot where the original switch was removed.  b. Using screws removed from step 4, insert the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch) and tighten. Note: If tie-rod was removed in step 4, reattach at this time.
7. ☐	Reattach the ground cable	Reattach the chassis ground wire (from Step 3) to switch where shown. Use Screws provided with replacement Cisco Switch.  In Replacement Switch Container, locate grounding screw packet with PN 48-2381-01.

8. ☐	Connect power to the replacement Cisco Switch	a. Remove terminal block cover.  b. Remove Nuts and Washers from studs on A feed terminal block. c. Install the lugs from the power cable (A) to switch terminal block A. d. Secure the nuts after inserting flat washer and lock washer on top of the cable lug. e. Ensure connections to terminal block are as follows: SW RTN wire to "+" terminal, SW -48V wire to "-" terminal  f. Reattach protective cover.

		 g. Repeat the above steps for the B feed connection.
9. ☐	Reattach Console Cable and Ethernet Cables	a. Plug-in the console port cable to the Replacement Switch.  Note: The Console port on the New Cisco Switch is on the rear side where the power is applied. b. Plug-in the Ethernet cables to Replacement Cisco Switch. Note: The Switch locations are marked on cable from Step 3.
10. ☐	Reapply power	a. Double check all the connections are in their proper place and are secure. b. Reinstall the A and B feed power fuses (removed in Step 1) one at a time. c. Check the switch power supply LED to ensure power is up. Then, install the other fuse and again check power supply LED. The following image shows the switch is now ready to be set up and configured. The replacement switch is now ready to be setup and configured.
11.	Configure the new	Refer to the following procedure “Switch Configuration” to configure the new Cisco Switch.

☐	Cisco Switch	

Switch Configuration

STEP #	This procedure Configures the Cisco Switches on a Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1. ☐	Make the cross-over cable connections.	**NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT** CONNECT the cross-over cable from **Port 1** of **Switch1A** to **Port 1** of **Switch1B**. DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from **Port** 2 of **Switch1A** to **Port 2** of **Switch1B.** **Similarly while Configuring Switch1C and Switch1D Disconnect the cable from port 24 and connect back post configuration done.** Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all. All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration. There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration. Switch1B must be configured first.
2. ☐	Do minicom to enter the cisco switch console. Command – "minicom switch1A" for the console cable connected to MPS-A and for console cable connected to MPS-B use "minicom switch1B".	**[root@Donut-B epapall]#** **[root@Donut-B epapall]# minicom switch1B**

3. ☐	**MPS X:** Do not enter in the initial config dialog in the freshly connected cisco switch.	`Autoinstall will terminate if any input is detected on console`
		
		`--- System Configuration Dialog ---`
		
		Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:no

Switch Configuration

4. ☐	**MPS X:** Enter an Enable secret key :- "OracleSwitchC1"	The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. --- secret should be of minimum 10 characters and maximum 32 characters with at least 1 upper case, 1 lower case, 1 digit and should not contain [cisco] --- Enter enable secret:OracleSwitchC1 Confirm enable secret: OracleSwitchC1
5. ☐	**MPS X: Press 2 and enter**	**The following configuration command script was created:** **enable secret 9** **9TsBinkhqCyICKE$.kVHrY3IJTaqJEb.T9yJjjjmzcRSu426mSirX4U3a1k** **!** **end** **[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.** **[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.** [2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit. Enter your selection [2]: 2
6. ☐	**MPS X:** Initial configuration building done.	Building configuration... [OK] Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration. Press RETURN to get started!
7. ☐	**MPS X:** Write "enable" and password set in step 3 which is "OracleSwitchC1"	Switch>enable Password:
8. ☐	**MPS X: Once the switch is enabled to take configuration > sign changes to the # sign**	Switch>enable Password: Password: Switch#

Switch Configuration

9. ☐	**MPS X: Write command – "Configure terminal"**	switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. switch(config)#
10. ☐	**MPS X:** Here are the attached configs to be used for Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network	CiscoSwitch1C.txt CiscoSwitch1B.txt CiscoSwitch1A.txt CiscoSwitch1D.txt
11. ☐	**MPS X:** Here are the attached configs to be used for EPAP Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network).	CiscoSwitch1C.sync.txt CiscoSwitch1B.sync.txt CiscoSwitch1A.sync.txt CiscoSwitch1D.sync.txt
12. ☐	**MPS X: Open the attached config in notepad for the switch we want to configure.**	Open in notepad and press Ctrl+A and then Ctrl+C
13. ☐	**MPS X: Paste all the copied config to the switch. Shown example for Switch1A.**	Switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switch1A switch1A(config)#enable secret EnAbLe switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#$estamps log datetime msec localtime show-timezone switch1A(config)#no service pad switch1A(config)#service timestamps debug uptime switch1A(config)#service timestamps log uptime switch1A(config)#service password-encryption switch1A(config)#no logging console switch1A(config)#logging on switch1A(config)#logging trap errors switch1A(config)#logging facility local6 switch1A(config)#line console 0

Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-line)#length 0
switch1A(config-line)#exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#clock timezone gmt-5 -5 00
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#vlan 1
switch1A(config-vlan)# name default
switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#vlan 2
switch1A(config-vlan)# name dsm-a
switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
switch1A(config)#interface vlan 1
switch1A(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/1
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1

switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/2
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/3
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
```

Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_A DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/4
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_B DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/5
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/6
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/7
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
```

Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/8
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/9
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/11
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/12
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
```

Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/13
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/14
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/15
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/16
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
```

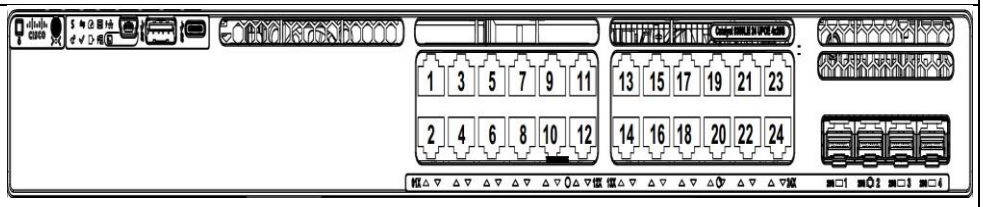
Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/17
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/18
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/19
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/20
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/21
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
```

Switch Configuration

```
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/22
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/23
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2

switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/24
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#no ip http server
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#no cdp run
```

Switch Configuration

		switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#line con 0 switch1A(config-line)# password CoNsOlE switch1A(config-line)# login switch1A(config-line)#line vty 0 4 switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh switch1A(config-line)#password CoNsOlE switch1A(config-line)# login switch1A(config-line)#line vty 5 15 switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh switch1A(config-line)#password CoNsOlE switch1A(config-line)# login switch1A(config-line)# switch1A(config-line)# switch1A(config-line)#ntp server 192.168.2.100 switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#logging host 192.168.2.100 switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#end switch1A#
14. ☐	**MPS X**: Similarly need to configure all other connected cisco switches.	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10th step , as per the switch location.
15. ☐	Connect the cross-over cable from **Port 2** of **Switch1A** to **Port 2** of **Switch1B**.	
16. ☐	Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: Ip address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with Switch1B , ip address 192.168.2.3 with Switch1C and ip address 192.168.2.4 with Switch1D.	Ping from all the newly connected switches to the mentioned IP address (192.168.2.1, 192.168.2.2, 192.168.2.3, 192.168.2.4, 192.168.2.100, 192.168.2.200), till you see an 100% success rate. switch1D#ping 192.168.2.1 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.1, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.2 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.2, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:

Switch Configuration

		Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.3 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.3, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.100 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.100, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/1/5 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.200 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.200, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#
17. ☐	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

APPENDIX D SWOPS SIGN OFF.

Discrepancy List

Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

APPENDIX E CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

Sign-Off Record

*** **Please review this entire document**. ***
This is to certify that all steps required for the upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and email this page and the above completed Table to Oracle, email: upgrades@tekelec.com.

Customer: Company Name:_____ Date: _____

Site: Location:_____

Customer :(Print)_____ Phone:_____

Fax: _____

Start Date: _____ Completion Date: _____

This procedure has been approved by the undersigned. Any deviations from this procedure must be approved by both Oracle and the customer representative. A copy of this page should be given to the customer for their records. The SWOPS supervisor will also maintain a signed copy of this completion for future reference.

Oracle Signature: _____ Date: _____

Customer Signature: _____ Date: _____

APPENDIX F MAJOR CHANGES IN EPAP 17.0

In EPAP Release 17.0, live provisioning is supported for upgrade of DUAL PDB site that is where Active and Standby PDB are present in the form of PDBonly EPAP or Mixed-EPAP.

Note: In case of Dual PDBonly when Standby PDBA is successfully upgraded, connected and in sync with all the other nodes, perform switcover between Active Pdba and Standby Pdba.

Following steps will be taken to support live provisioning:

1. Bring both PDBonly/Mixed-EPPAP to same label, Check all counts (DN/IMSI/NE …) are same. Stop provisioning briefly for 5 minutes to achieve the same.
2. Truncate the replLog and requests table. For more information, see step 6 of section A.26.
3. On the Active side keep the remote PDBA as it is i.e. Active PDBA has a remote PDBA. This will make sure replLog and request tables keeps updated when live provisioning will happen in the Active site during Standby side upgrade.
4. On the Standby side, make the remote PDBA as 0.0.0.0 i.e. Standby site does not have an Active PDBA. This is the site that will be upgraded.
5. Home the Non-PROVs to the Active PDBA.
6. Home the RTDB on Mixed EPAP towards its local PDBA
   Note: This step is not valid for Non-Prov and PDBonly sites.
7. Upgrade the Standby PDBA from 16.3/16.4 to 17.1.
8. After the upgrade of Standby PDB is complete, change the remote PDBA address of Standby from 0.0.0.0 to the IP of Active PDBA. Start PDBA.
9. See that Standby PDBA syncs all the data from Active PDBA that was provisioned during upgrade.

Note: This Appendix is for reference only. Details mentioned in this Appendix are applied in section 3.4.3 and section 3.4.5.