# Oracle® Communications EAGLE Application Processor

Upgrade/Installation Guide

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Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide, Release 17.0

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# Acronyms

This section provides an alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document.

## Table 1. Acronyms

AS	Application Server					
E5-APP-B	E5 Based Application Card					
OCEPAP	Oracle Communication EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor					
GA	General Availability					
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture					
LA	Limited Availability					
MPS	Multi-Purpose Server					
MOS	My Oracle Support					
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud					
SM	Service Module					
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution					

# What's New in this Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 17.0 in Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-18, May 2025

Updated the reference to Procedure 21 to Reload Eagle Card in the <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP</u> with or without live provisioning section.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-17, April 2025

- Updated the cross-references to the procedures "Configure Server 1B" and "Install Servers" in the <u>Installation</u> <u>Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP</u> section.
- Updated the section <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning</u>.
- Updated steps 3 to 7 in <u>Procedure 15</u>.
- Updated steps 5 and 7 in <u>Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from PDBA</u>.
- Added a note to mention that this procedure is need not to be implemented if migrating from 17.0.0.x in <u>Procedure A.31</u>.
- Updated step 2 in <u>Procedure A.33</u>.
- Updated the steps in <u>Procedure A.51</u>.
- Updated step 2 in <u>Procedure A.52</u> and added the note to mention that this procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.
- Added the notes in <u>Procedure A.51</u> to mention this procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration and The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-16, February 2025

- Added the procedures <u>A.51 MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure</u> and <u>A.52 Post MySQL RPM upgrade PDB</u> <u>Restore Procedure</u>.
- Moved the step to save the EPAP 16.3/16.4 additional configurations before the step to perform the preupgrade backup in the following sections:
  - Section 3.1.3 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning
  - <u>Section 3.1.6 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning</u>
  - Section 3.1.7 Full Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without Live Provisioning
  - Section 3.1.8 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with Live Provisioning
- Added step 2 in <u>Procedure A. 33</u> to add information about performing Procedure A.52 to restore the PDB database.
- Updated step 3 in <u>Procedure 15</u> to add information about performing Procedure A.51 to back up the PDB database.

Release 17.0 – F73806-15, January 2025

- Updated the commands in step 16 in <u>Dual Image Upgrade Procedure</u>.
- Added a note in step 6 in <u>Dual Image Upgrade Procedure</u> to verify if all the services have stopped or are not using the command systemctl status <service\_name>.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-14, January 2025

- The following updates are made in the **Dual Image Upgrade Procedure**: Updated steps 5, 10, and 17.
- Removed step 20 to accept/reject the DIU upgrade.
- Removed the note, previously added at the end of the Dual Image Upgrade procedure, about reverting back the space taken during DIU

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-13, November 2024

- Added the note "DIU upgrade is not yet supported in EPAP" in Dual Image Upgrade Phases section.
- Removed the procedure Updating the wait\_timeout value in my.cnf.
- Removed the references to the procedure <u>Updating the wait\_timeout value in my.cnf</u>. from Tables 9, 11, 12, 13.
- Added note 12 in the <u>Recommendations</u> section to notify the users to copy the commands in a text editor to verify their format before running them in the CLI.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-12, October 2024

- Removed the steps to run PDB Restore\_Monitor.h script in step 3 in <u>Procedure A.33</u> as PV tool has been added.
- Added the chapter Dual Image Upgrade Phases to provide information about the various dual image upgrade phases and their estimated duration, and the procedure to be performed in every phase.
- Added the Dual Image Upgrade Procedure to list the steps to perform the dual image upgrade.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-11, October 2024

Added the procedure Updating the wait\_timeout value in my.cnf.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-10, September 2024

Updated the image of Cisco Switch in step 15 in Cisco Switch Configuration procedure.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-09, July 2024

Updated the note in the <u>Purpose and Scope</u> section to provide information about the need to provision LSBLSET only after upgrading the whole network with EPAP 17.0.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-08, July 2024

Added steps to clear the replication logs and exchange keys while connecting the local and remote pdba in case of dual mixed server in the <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning</u> section.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-07, June 2024

- Updated the description of the activity in the <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning</u> and <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning</u> sections.
- Added step 2 in the <u>Run RTDB Converter</u> procedure.
- Added reference to procedure 21 in step 4 in the <u>Run RTDB Converter</u> procedure.
- Updated the command in step 8 in the <u>Change DB Architecture</u> procedure.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-06, March 2024

Updated the following procedures:

- Replaced [root@Salta-A ~]# with [epapdev@Salta-A ~]# in step 18 in procedures 7 and 8.
- Removed the sudo systemctl restart httpd command from the step 20 in procedures 7 and 8.
- Updated the following tables with the information to configure the switches:
  - Table 9: Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning
  - Table 10: Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning
  - Table 11: Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning
- Updated the <u>General Description</u> section.
- Updated the note about the usage of systemctl start/stop <service name> in the <u>Purpose and Scope</u> section.
- Updated the <u>Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs</u> section.
- Restructured the <u>Upgrade Overview</u> section.
- Updated the <u>Upgrade Provisioning Rules</u> section.
- Updated step 9 in <u>Appendix 13</u>.
- Added the procedure for Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without live provisioning.

#### Release 17.0 – F73806-05, January 2024

Updated the following procedures:

- Procedure 6: Pre-Install configuration on server B
- Procedure 7: Install Application on server B
- Procedure 8: Install Application on server A
- Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

#### Release 17.0 - F73806, December 2023

Added the procedures for "Telco to Cisco Switch Replacement and Configuration" in Appendix C.

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-03, May 2023

Updated section 2.1 "Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs"

Updated the section "Setting up the Upgrade Environment"

Updated Procedure "Pre Upgrade Backups"

Updated the estimated time of completion from 5 minutes to 900 minutes in procedure **"Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov"** 

Updated the Procedure Change MySql engine schema

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-02, March 2023

Updated the section 3.4.1 "Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning"

Updated the section 3.4.2 "Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live"

Updated the section 3.4.3 "Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning"

Updated Procedure "PDB Restore"

#### Release 17.0 - F73806-01, March 2023

- The command 'service <service name>' is replaced with 'systemctl <service name>' throughout the document as service <service name> start/stop/status MUST not be used on EPAP 17.0 onwards. Instead "systemctl start/stop/status <service name> should be used.
- The following procedures are added in this guide:
  - PDB Backup before Upgrade
  - Clear Replication Logs
  - Remove remote PDBA IP
  - Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA
  - Change MySQL Engine Schema
  - Post upgrade EuiDB database restore
  - Post upgrade PDB database restore
  - o Add Remote PDBA IP Address
  - o Keys exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB
  - RTDB restore after Upgrade
  - $\circ$  Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation
  - RTDB Homing Policy to self PDBA
  - $\circ$   $\;$  Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov
  - Backout of PDBonly site
- Replaced section 3.4 Split mirror Upgrade phases with Full Upgrade Phases
- Removed Procedure Conversion from Prov(Mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov.
- Key exchange command is updated with additional key parameters to specify rsa keys in Procedure Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB.
- Steps related to 'Reject Upgrade" are updated with a note throughout the document.
- Updated the screenshot for TPD Boot Screen in step 9 of Procedure IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0.
- Updated the screenshot of Upgrade Menu in step 6 of Procedure Install the Application on Server B.
- Updated Procedure **Pre-Upgrade Backups** to add a note at step 4 regarding PDB backup from upgraded Provisioning site.
- Updated Procedure PDB Restore so that customer can use manual backup from GUI as well.
- Updated Procedure Post upgrade PDB database restore to add a note regarding restoring PDB.
- Table 9 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP and Table 10 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning have been updated.

- A Warning has been added where **epapconfig** is mentioned in the document.
- Replaced TPD 7.6.2 With TPD 8.6.0 in Procedure IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0.
- Updated Procedure **Configuring the Application** to add a note at step 37 regarding rebooting the PDBA software
- Updated Procedure **Configuring the Application** to correct the process to accept upgrade at step 38 amd modify the output of command at step 25.
- Updated Procedure **Perform System Health Check** to modify the output of commands at step 7 and step 8.
- Updated section Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning with a note regarding upgrade of Non-Upgraded PDBA site.
- Update Procedure Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB to exchange the snapshots of step 18 and step 23.
- Updated section Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning to correct the sequence of steps in the table.
- Updated Procedure Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB to modify the output at step 16.
- Updated Procedure **Run RTDB Converter** to add a note at step 2 regarding the servers required to run the converter.
- Updated section **Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning** to add a note regarding extreme DB before exchange of keys between Active and Standby PDB.
- Updated upgrade procedures of section **Full Upgrade Phases** to add a step that asks users to again configure EMS/HTTP/AutoBackup after EuiDB Restore.
- Updated Procedure **Clear replication logs** with a note regarding the halt of provisioning activity at step 1.
- Updated Procedure **Remove remote PDBA IP** with a note regarding the halt of provisioning activity at step 1.
- Updated Procedure **Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA** with a note regarding change of RTDB homing.
- Updated sub-sections of **Full-Upgrade Phases** section with a note regarding migration to EPAP 17.0.

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# **1 INTRODUCTION**

## **Purpose and Scope**

This document describes methods utilized and procedures executed to perform the following tasks:

- a. An initial installation of the EPAP 17.0.0 application software if it is not currently installed on an inservice E5-APP-B system running a release of TPD 8.X
- b. A Full upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 16.3.x/16.4.x
- c. A dual image upgrade upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 17.0.x

The audience for this document consists of Oracle customers and the following groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and NPI. This document provides step-by-step instructions to execute any MPS upgrade or installation using an ISO image.

This document does not address requirements relating to the interaction, if any, between EAGLE and MPS upgrade. This document does not address feature activation.

#### Note:

• service <service name> start/stop should not be used on EPAP 17.0 onwards. Instead, systemctl start/stop <service name> should be used.

• EPAP 16.4 introduced a new parameter LSBLSET in the DN table. EPAP releases prior to 16.4 do not have LSBSSET in their DN table. Customers who use LSBLSET in their provisioning and upgrading their EPAP network from EPAP 16.3 to a higher release (16.4/17.0) need to make sure they provision LSBLSET ONLY after they have upgraded the whole network with EPAP 17.0. When customers have DUAL PDBA (DUAL Mixed-EPAP or DUAL PDBonly), after upgrading one site from 16.3 to EPAP 17.0, that upgraded site should not be made Active if the customer uses LSBLSET in their provisioning. If EPAP 17.0 Active PDB site upgrades a DN with LSBLSET parameter, the EPAP 16.3 EPAPs will reject that update as they do not have LSBLSET parameter in their DB. Further provisioning at the Standby PDBA and Non-PROVS will be barred once one upgrade fails to replicate to Standby PDBA or Non-PROVs.

# References

# 1.1.1 External

[1] EAGLE Application Processor (EPAP) Administration Guide, E54368-01, latest revision, Oracle

[2] EPAP 16.4 Administration Manual, Oracle

# 1.1.2 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle's personnel.

- [1] TEKELEC Acronym Guide, MS005077, revision 2.35, September 2005.
- [2] Software Upgrade Procedure Template, TM005074, Current Version
- [3] Integrating MPS into the Customer Network, TR005014, version 3.1, October 2009
- [4] TPD Initial Product Manufacture TPD 8.6, Latest revision
- [5] PFS EPAP 17.0, Latest revision
- [6] EPAP Administration Manual for EPAP 17.0, Latest version
- [7] EPAP Linkset Based Blocklisting, CGBU\_042015

## Software Release Numbering

Refer to Engineering Release Notes or other appropriate document with the most recent build numbers in order to identify the proper components (software loads, GPLs, etc.) that comprise the product's software release.

# Terminology

Multiple servers may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. For example:

Each step has a checkbox for every command within the step that the technician should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.

The title box describes the operations to be performed during that step.

Each command that the technician is to enter is in 9 point Lucida Console font

1	MPS A: Verify all	Materials are listed in Material List (Section 0)
	materials	
	required are	
	present	
	present	

#### Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed

Other terminology follows.

#### Table 2. Terminology

Backout (abort)	The process to take a system back to a Source Release prior to						
	completion of upgrade to Target release. Includes preservation of						
	databases and system configuration.						
Mixed EPAP	An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside.						
Non-provisionable (Non-							
prov) EPAP	interfaces to external provisioning applications. Non-Prov servers are						
	connected to a pair of Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) from						
	where they get their updates.						
Provisionable EPAP	An EPAP server hosting PDB with provisioning interfaces to AS. Both						
	Mixed EPAP and Standalone PDB are Provisionable EPAP.						
Source release	Software release to upgrade from.						
Split Mirror	Systems that use software RAID instead of hardware RAID can use the						
	software RAID mirrors as a backout mechanism.						
	Conceptually in a software RAID1 with two disks there are two sides to						
	the mirror; let them be side A and side B. For a system with multiple						
	software RAID devices, each device will have an A side and a B side. Fo						
	an upgrade with a BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR the upgrade will break						
	the mirrors at the beginning of the upgrade and perform the upgrade on						
	the <b>Asides</b> of the mirrors. The other sides of the mirrors ( <b>B sides</b> ) are left						
	intact in their pre-upgrade state throughout the duration of the upgrade.						
	When a backout is performed the system is rebooted into the same						
	'backout environment'. Inside this 'backout environment' the RAID						
	mirrors are rebuilt from the <i>B sides</i> of the arrays, thus restoring the						
	system to the pre-upgrade state						
Standalone PDB	Also known as 'PDB Only', this type of EPAP shall have PDB database only.						
	No RTDB database shall exist on the standalone PDB site.						
Target release	Software release to upgrade to.						
Upgrade media	USB media or ISO image for E5-APP-B.						
Dual Image Upgrade	This process upgrades both the Application as well as the TPD version on						
(DIU)	the system together. This provides a faster method to upgrade the setup.						

## Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. When planning to run upgrade on the server, contact My Oracle Support at least 48 hours before the upgrade process has been planned to be initiated. In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure, halt the activity and contact My Oracle Support for assistance.

Read the following notes on procedures:

- 1. While performing the upgrade, do not open the epapconfig menu if it is not mentioned in the procedure. Do not run anything in the setup that is not documented in the install/upgrade manual.
- 2. Any procedure completion times are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.
- 3. The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.
- 4. Output displayed in the procedures' response steps is presented. Actual output varies depending on system. Output is presented for reference only.
- 5. Where possible, command response outputs are shown as accurately as possible. However, exceptions may include the following:
  - Information such as *time* and *date*.
  - ANY information marked with "XXXX." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "XXXX."
- 6. After completing each step and **at each point where data is recorded from the screen**, *the technician performing the procedure must check each step*. A checkbox has been provided beneath each step number for this purpose.
- 7. Captured data is required for future support reference if My Oracle Support is not present during the execution of procedures.
- 8. In procedures that require a command to be executed on a specific MPS, the command is prefaced with MPS A: or MPS B:
- 9. User Interface menu items displayed in this document were correct at the time the document was published but may appear differently at time that this procedure is executed.
- 10. During DIU (Dual Image Upgrade), do not open the GUI or start the software explicitly.
- 11. Do not provision data during the DIU process as it might lead to data loss.

12. Copy the commands in a text editor to verify their format before running them in the CLI rather than pasting them directly from the document to the CLI.

# Requirements

- Screen logging is required throughout the procedure. These logs should be made available to My Oracle Support in the event their assistance is needed.
- Target-release USB media or ISO image

# 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the step-by-step actions performed to execute a software upgrade of an inservice MPS running the EPAP application from the source release to the target release on **E5-APP-B-01/02**.

For the EPAP application, some steps in this procedure refer to the PDB application feature on the MPS A of the

MPS pair. The EPAP application makes it optional for a newly installed MPS A node to be configured as a Provisioning (PDB) node (upgrades of MPS A nodes already configured as a provisioning node does not change this configuration).

# Note: Refer to Media and Documentation section of Release Notes 17.0 for correct TPD and EPAP Release

**Note**: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

The EPAP upgrade paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software incremental upgrade, from pre-upgrade backups to a final system health check, is also included below.



**Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path** 



Figure 3: Full upgrade Path – EPAP 17.0.0.0.0-b.b.b



## Figure 4: Dual Image Upgrade Path – EPAP 17.0.0.0.b.b.b

## **Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs**

Current deployments of the EPAP support two geographically separated EPAP systems that are "mated", meaning they communicate and replicate PDB information between the two sites. An EPAP system is a pair of MPS servers (an **A** and a **B** node). Hence, a mated pair of EPAP systems consists of four MPS servers, an **A** and a **B** node for each EPAP system (see Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs). EPAP allows more than two EPAP systems in a related configuration (up to 22 Non-Provision able MPS servers).

This document describes upgrade (and, if necessary, backout) of the EPAP software on one system, that system consisting of two MPS servers (A and B).



#### Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs

Upgrade of provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) mated pairs must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Ensure PDB databases are at the same level. Make ensure that all PDB databases are in sync before proceeding.
- 2. Local MPS-B
- 3. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 4. Remote MPS-B
- 5. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)

NOTE: Since the PDBA software is not running immediately after an upgrade, the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA is not running on the local and remote EPAP A-servers.

# **Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs**

Backout of Provisionable EPAP (mixed-EPAP) Mated Pairs should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

- 1. Identify a PDB backup that was made prior to upgrade, on the EPAP release that backout will target. Note that backout always carries the risk of losing data, should a restore from database backup become necessary.
- 2. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)
- 3. Remote MPS-B
- 4. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 5. Local MPS-B

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

# Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

# 2.1.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration

EPAP provides the ability to expand the concept of a mated pair of EPAP systems to have up to 24 EPAP systems (48 MPS servers total) configured such that two of the MPS-A servers will run the PDBA software and RTDB software both and handle provisioning (Provisionable nodes) and the other 22 MPS-B and 22 MPS-A servers will only run the RTDB software, taking their updates from the two Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS-A servers.



Figure 5: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers

In such a configuration, it is required that the EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers are upgraded first, before any EPAP system containing the non-provisionable MPS servers are upgraded. Upgrade of such configuration must be carried out in the following order:

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

1. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

2. Mixed EPAP (MPS A

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

Non-provisionable EPAPs (All Non-Provs)

- 5. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 6. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)

# 2.1.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

EPAP provides the ability to separate the RTDB from PDB to create two architectures: Standalone PDB running PDB process only and Non-Provisionable running RTDB only. Up to 22 Non-Provisional EPAP mated pairs are connected to 2 Standalone PDB that are configured as Active/Standby. In such a configuration, it is required that the Prov servers must be upgraded first followed by the Non-Provs and should be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Standby PDBonly
- 2. Active PDBonly
- 3. Non-Prov (MPS B)
- 4. Non-Prov (MPS A)

# **Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers**

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

# 2.1.3 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

Backout of Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in Standalone configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed. Please follow the below mentioned steps for backout:

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 3. Standby PDBonly
- 4. Active PDBonly

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

# 2.1.4 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration

Backout of EPAP Non-provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

Non-provisionable EPAP

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with Standby PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with Active PDBA)

- 5. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 6. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

# **3 UPGRADE OVERVIEW**

## **Upgrade Provisioning Rules**

Provisionable Dual Mixed EPAP and dual PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or Off, please refer section 3.1.6 and section 3.1.8.

Provisionable Single Mixed and Single PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with live provisioning OFF only, please refer section 3.1.3 and section 3.1.7.

Non-Provisionable EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or OFF, please refere <u>section</u> <u>3.1.5</u>.

The PDBA software remains stopped on the server which is being upgraded even after upgrade is done until asked to start the software as mentioned in the upgrade procedures.

Note: It is very important that any Legacy UpdateAny legacy update must be accepted before proceeding for Dual Image Upgrade.

Following table describes the typical time required to upgrade to EPAP release 17.0. The data represents what was observed in the lab test. The timing required in actual upgrade might vary. The data is provided to gauge the approximate time required for the upgrade and prepare for proper maintenance window.

#### Note:

All Non-PROVs can be upgraded within normal maintenance window of 6-8 hours. PROV EPAPS (Mixed-EPPA/No-PROVS) might need extended time based on the amount of data. Customers who have DUAL PROV sites (Mixed-EPAP/PDB only EPAP) can upgrade with Live provisioning ON.

DB	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore	Overall
Architecture					Time	upgrade
						time
						(Backup
						Time + Full
						Upgrade
						Time +
						Restore
						Time)
Compact	40M	0	0	3 minutes	30 minutes	4 hours
Compact	80M	0	0	6 minutes	1 hour	5 hours
Compact	120M	0	0	12 minutes	2 hour 45	7 hours
					minutes	

Table 3: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.0 PROV EPAP - Mixed EPAP (Compact DB)/ PDBonly(eXtreme DB)

Compact	160M	0	0	15 minutes	4 hours and 30 minutes	8 hours
Compact	200M	0	0	25 minutes	6 hours 20 minutes	10 hours
Compact	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
Compact	240M	240M	48M	27 minutes	7 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	300M	0	0	35 minutes	11 hours	15 hours
eXtreme	360M	0	0	40 minutes	11 hours 50 minutes	17 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	7 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	26 minutes	6.5 Hrs	11 hours
eXtreme	420M	300M	180M	45 minutes	13.5 Hr	17 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	55 Minutes	13 Hours	17 hours

#### Table 4: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.0 Non-PROV EPAP

DB Architecture	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore Time	Overall upgrade time
Compact	240M DN	240M	48M	30 Minutes	42 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	1 hour 18 minutes	2 hours	8 hours

# **Required Materials**

- For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP: Two (2) target-release USB media (Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file. For Standalone PDB: One (1) target-release USB media(Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file
- A terminal and null modem cable to establish a serial connection.
- Write down the system configuration information.

Description	Information
PROVISIONABLE (Yes/No)	
PDBA state (Active/Standby)	
Provisioning IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning Mask (IPv4)	

Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning IP (IPv6)	
Provisioning Netmask (IPv6)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv6)	
NTP1 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP2 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP3 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Local VIP	
Remote VIP	
Local PDBA IP (IPv4)	
Local PDBA IP (IPv6)	
Remote PDBA IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Remote PDBA B IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
RTDB Homing	
Time Zone	
PDBA Proxy Feature	
Others	

# Table 5: System Configuration Information

• Passwords for users on the local system:

	EPAP USERS							
login	MPS A password	MPS B password						
epapconfig								
epapdev								
(needed for backout								
only)								
root								
epapall								
(needed for GUI								
access)								
admusr								

 Table 6: User Password Table

# **Installation Phases**

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 7 and Table 8 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

# 3.1.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	50	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	<u>Procedure 6</u>
Install Servers	30	80	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30*	110*	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	140	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure <u>11</u>
Post-upgrade health check	5	145	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Ti	osed me iutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
**Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non- Provisionable.	5	150	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.25
Check EPAP-EAGLE connectivity speed	20	170	Configure and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex	Procedure A.17

Table 7: Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP

Note:

• If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translogs pruning.

# 3.1.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Note: In the procedures below, skip the steps which need to be executed on MPS B, since MPS B is not present in the Standalone PDB configuration".

Phase	Ti	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.			
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1	
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2	
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3	
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4	

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	75	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	105	Perform first time configuration. Refer to <u>Procedure A.14</u> to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration.	Procedure <u>11</u>
Post-upgrade health check	5	110	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup. Note: Perform this step once Non- Provisionable EPAPs are attached to this Standalone PDB	5	115	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure <u>A.25</u>

## **Table 8: Installation Phases for Standalone PDB**

**\*NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

**\*\*NOTE:** Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.

# **Full Upgrade Phases**

The following table illustrates the progression of the full upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined below are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the Full Upgrade process, refer to <u>Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP</u> <u>Mated Pairs</u> and <u>Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

# 3.1.3 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB and EuiDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.7 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from	Procedure A.31
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	105	17.0.0.x. Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Elapsed Time Phase (Minutes)		me	Activity	Procedure
Thuse	This Step	Cum.		Troccure
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	170	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	200	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	230	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Post upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
RTDB Conveter	40	305	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to- Extreme	Procedure 20
			<b>Note</b> : Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0	
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	310	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	340	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11

Phase	Ti	osed me iutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference	45	385	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	395	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	405	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software	10	415	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case).	Procedure 27
Clear the Replication logs.	20	435	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs NOTE: Execute this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure A.28

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites. NOTE: Execute this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure A.35
***Configure Auto Backup	5	470	Configure Auto Backup from EPAP GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.25
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

#### Table 9: Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

## Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data. The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 release	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0	Procedure <u>3.1.3</u>
Upgrading when one server is on EPAP 17.0 and other is on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1	Switchover PDBA sites to make server on EPAP 17.0 as Active PDBA site and server on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to standby site	If EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 is Active PDBA site from EPAP GUI, do a switchover PDBA to make it standby site before upgrade.
Upgrade EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 site	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0	Procedure <u>3.1.3</u>

# 3.1.4 Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

**Note**: This procedure can be used in with or without live provisioning scenario.

 Table 10: Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning
Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure <u>14</u>
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB and EuiDB Backups	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure <u>A.7</u> Procedure <u>A.8</u>
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	80	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure <u>A.31</u>
			Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information. Note: PDB Backup is not required so steps mentioned in the procedure to take PDB backup can be skipped	Procedure 15
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	100	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure <u>A.40</u>
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	105	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure <u>16</u>

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	150	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	Procedure <u>A.13</u>
Configure Server 1A	5	155	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	190	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	210	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	240	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	245	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme on Non-Prov site Read note carefully. Note 1: Applicable in case of full upgrade from 16.3.1/16.4.1 in	45	290	Change DB architecture from compact to Extreme	Procedure <u>13</u>
Extreme mode to 17.0 Extreme Note 2: This step not needed in Compact (16.3/16.4) -> compact (17.0), compact- (16.3/16.4) >eXtreme (17.0)				

Phase	т	ipsed ime inutes)	Activity	Procedure
FildSC	This	Cum.	Activity	FIOCEDUIE
	Step	cum.		
RTDB Converter	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extremet- to-Extreme on non-prov node depending upon the DB acrchitecture before Full upgrade Note: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0 Restore EuiDB database	Procedure 20
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	295	Restore EUDB database	Procedure <u>A.32</u>
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure <u>A.36</u>
Reload RTDB from mate	30	325	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure <u>A.11</u>
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down	45	370	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure <u>A.41</u>
the Query srver details for future reference Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	380	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
Fildse	This Step	Cum.	Activity	Flocedure
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	390	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure <u>A.42</u>
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.				

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1.5 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

**Note:** Refer to <u>Appendix E</u> for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning.

**Note**: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Stop	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	<b>Step</b> 15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/	*See	*See	Backup application databases and	Procedure A.6
17.0.0.x RTDB, EuiDB and PDB Backups	notes below	notes below	other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.7 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39

Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAP's	Procedure A.28
Reset RTDB homing policy	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy	Procedure A.30
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer <u>Appendix E.</u>				
Change MySql engine schema	15	130	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure A.31
			Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	150	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to <u>Procedure A.6</u> . Note: If the	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process.				

Refer to				
Procedure A.27.				
Pre-upgrade	5	155	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
system time check	5	100	The upgrade system time check.	
IPM E5-APP-B	45	200	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-	Procedure A.13
Server	45	200	B Server	FIOCEDUIE A.15
Server			D Server	
			Note: IPM will be performed on	
			both MPS A and B	
Configure Server	5	205	Set hostname, designation, function	Procedure 5
1A	J	205	and time.	<u>Frocedure 5</u>
Configure Server	5	210	Set hostname, designation, function	Procedure 6
1B	5	210	and time.	Procedure 6
	20	240		December 7
Install Servers	30	240	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7
				Procedure 8
Configure	30	270	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Switches		L		
Post-install	30	300	Perform first time configuration	Procedure 11
application			Refer to <u>Procedure A.14</u> to	
processing			configure the Standalone PDB in	
			segmented network configuration.	
			Note: Do not start the PDBA	
			software after creating PDB	
Full upgrade	5	305	Run the syscheck utility to verify the	Procedure 4
health check			MPS server is operationally sound.	
RTDB Converter	40	345	Run RTDB converter tool from	Procedure 20
			Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to-	
			Extreme	
			Note: Applicable only in case of full	
			upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0	
Post upgrade	5	350	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
EuiDB restore				
Note: Make sure	*See	*See	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x	Procedure A.33
that before	notes	notes	PDB backup taken before fresh	
restoring the	below	below	installation	
Standby PDBA, if				
the extreme DB is				
present on the				
setup then the				
PDB capacity				
should be set as				
per the DB				
capacity via				
epapconfig menu				
epapeoning menu				

1		I	I Contraction of the second	1
Restore PDB Backup				
<b>Note</b> : If Second PDBA site is getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer <u>Procedure</u> <u>A.43</u> and <u>Procedure A.6</u> for PDB Backup.				
Note: If the network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to restore PDBA via MySQL dump process. Refer to <u>Procedure A.33</u> .				
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	380	Reload RTDB from mate on Non- prov MPS B	Procedure A.11
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	Procedure A.35
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non- Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	Procedure A.30
<b>Note:</b> 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the				

Non-Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade) 2. Skip this step during the second PDBA site migration Reset RTDB homing policy on Prov PDBA	15	425	In case of Mixed EPAP node being migrated then RTDB homing must point to its own PDBA (Self)	Procedure A.44
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference	45	470	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	480	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	490	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42

Start the PDB software	10	500	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP).	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	505	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure A.25
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

#### Table 11: Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note:

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following: a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site(Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  - c. Then follow the Table 11 Full Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1.6 Full Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14

EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB <b>Note</b> : This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	Procedure A.31
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	105	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information. Note: Copy database files (PDB and EuiDB) to backup server	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	190	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	220	Perform first time configuration Refer to <u>Procedure A.14</u> to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. <b>Note: Do not start the PDBA</b> <b>software after creating PDB</b>	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	225	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	230	Restore EuiDB database taken before fresh installation	Procedure <u>A.32</u>
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33

Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference	45	275	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	285	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	<u>Procedure</u> <u>A.39</u>
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	295	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software.	10	305	Re-activate the PDB on the upgraded PDB server	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	310	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure <u>A.25</u>

Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (Depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
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#### Table 12: Full Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

#### Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.4. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1.7 Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning

**Note**: Refer Appendix E for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning **Note**: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure A.28
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.				
Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	Procedure A.30
Change MySql engine schema	15	125	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure <u>A.31</u>
			<b>Note</b> : This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	

Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	145	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network Refer to <u>Procedure 6</u> .	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	150	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	195	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	<u>Procedure</u> <u>A.13</u>
Configure Server 1A	5	200	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	230	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration Refer to <u>Procedure A.14</u> to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. <b>Note: Do not start the PDBA</b> <b>software after creating PDB</b>	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	270	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Note: Make sure that before restoring the Standby PDBA, if the extreme DB is present on the setup then the PDB capacity should be set as per the DB capacity via epapconfig menu Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33

<b>Note</b> : If Second PDBA site is getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer to <u>Procedure</u> <u>A.43</u> for PDB Restore and <u>Procedure A.6</u> for PDB Backup.				
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	300	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	Procedure A.35
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference	45	345	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on EPAP 17.0 servers	10	355	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39

Compare uiEdit parameters	10	365	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0 with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software.	10	375	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case). <b>Note:</b> Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	380	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure A.25
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

#### Table 13: Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDBonly

Note:

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
  - a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site(Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
  - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  - c. Then follow the Table 13 Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDB only above to perform the upgrade.

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## **Dual Upgrade Upgrade Phases**

#### Note: DIU upgrade is not yet supported in EPAP.

The following table illustrates the progression of the various Dual Image Upgrade (DIU) process by procedure with phases, their estimated duration, and the procedure to be performed in every phase. The estimated duration of each upgrade phase may vary due to the differences in the typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in the following tables are to be run in the same order.

**Note**: Before proceeding with the Dual Image Upgrade procedure, refer to section <u>Upgrading Provisionable</u> <u>mixed EPAP Mated Pairs</u> and <u>Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

## 3.1.8 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	<b>Step</b> 15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS	Procedure 1
Verify Dual Image	5	20	servers. Verify this should be a Dual Image	Procedure 2
Upgrade Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Upgrade. Verify requirements for upgrade are	Procedure 3
			met.	

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.			
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4	
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14	
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15	
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16	
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47	
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47	
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4	
Clear the Replication logs.	20	430	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs	Procedure A.28	
			Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.		
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	Procedure A.35	
site			Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.		
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	130	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	Procedure A.48	
Configure Switches	30**	160**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9	
			Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.		

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	<u>Procedure A.50</u>

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

Note:

- The time needed back up PDB data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1. 9 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP are on the 17.0.0.2 and above release.	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 17.0.0.2 and above release to the latest EPAP release. After this switchover, upgrade the setup PDBA to Active and then upgrade the Standby PDBA site.	Refer to <u>Procedure 3.1.9</u>

# 3.1.10 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	<u>Procedure 1</u>
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16

Phase	Ti		Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.				
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47		
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47		
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4		
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	<u>Procedure 9</u>		
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to verify that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50		

#### Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Note:

- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a mandatory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1.11 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.			
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	<u>Procedure 1</u>	
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2	
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3	
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4	
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14	

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to <u>Procedure A.6</u> .	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Note: If the network speed between two PDBA's is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process. Refer to <u>Procedure</u> <u>A.27</u> .				
Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAPs.	Procedure A.28
Reset RTDB homing policy	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy.	Procedure A.30
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu.	Procedure A.29
Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer <u>Appendix E.</u>				
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47

		osed me		
Phase	(Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This	Cum.		
Upgrade MPS A	<b>Step</b> 30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	Procedure A.35
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non- Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	Procedure A.30
Note: 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the Non- Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade)				
2. Skip this step during the second PDBA site migration				
Reset RTDB homing policy on Prov PDBA	15	425	If Mixed EPAP node is migrated, then RTDB homing must point to its own PDBA (Self).	<u>Procedure A.44</u>
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	<u>Procedure 9</u>
			Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	<u>Procedure A.50</u>

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note:

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.x) will be upgraded, do the following:

   a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.y) to make it as Standby PDBA.
   b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
   c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the amount of data in the PDB database.
- The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## 3.1.12 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure <u>A.47</u>
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	100	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	Procedure <u>A.48</u>
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS- A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

 Table 10:5: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

**\*NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure <u>1</u>
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure <u>3</u>
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure <u>4</u>

	-	osed		
Phase		me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
Flidse	This Cum.		Αεινιτγ	FIOCEDUIE
	Step	cum		
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure <u>14</u>
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure <u>A.29</u>
Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.				
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure <u>A.28</u>
Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	Procedure A.30
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure <u>15</u>
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure <u>16</u>
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Execute the Upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure <u>A.47</u>
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure <u>4</u>
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	300	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	Procedure A.35
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure <u>15</u>

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

#### NOTE:

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.x) will be upgraded, do the following:
  - a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.xy) to make it as Standby PDBA.b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.y0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
  - c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.
- If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 17.0. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

## **Backout Phases**

Note: Before proceeding with the backout process, refer to <u>section 2.1</u>, <u>section 2.2</u>, <u>section 2.3</u> and <u>section 2.4</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and the backout order.

## 3.1.14 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or		Time (Hours or Activity		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This Step	Cum							
Determine state of system	15- 30	15- 30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.				
Backout MPS A and B	900	915- 930	Backout MPS A and B.		Procedure A.45				
Configure Switches	30*	945- 960 *	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to previous speed. Note: Skip this step if speed before upgrade was 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Verify that speed of switch is negotiated to previous speed.	Procedure 9				

#### Table 11: Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

**\*NOTE:** If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

## 3.1.15 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or		Time (Hours or		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This	Cum							
	Step	•							
Determine	15-	15-	Investigate and	Cannot proceed with	Contact My Oracle				
state of	30	30	determine the state of	backout until failure	Support following the				
system			the MPS system. This	analysis is complete.	instructions on the				
			may take anywhere	Some hand-fixes may	front page or the				
			from 15 to 30 minutes.	be required before	instructions in the				
				proceeding with	My Oracle Support				
				backout.	section.				
Backout	600	615-	Backout MPS A.						
PDBonly		630			Procedure A.46				
site.									
Start the	5	620-	Re-activate the PDB on		Procedure 27				
PDBA		635	the						
software			Provisionable(PDBonly)						
			MPS A servers.						

Table 127: Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

## Log Files

All commands executed during an upgrade or installation, are logged in the

"/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log" file. This log file is automatically initiated when upgrade software is invoked. This log file is rolled every time an upgrade is initiated. A total of up to five upgrade log files are stored on the server.

The upgrade wrapper script, ugwrap, logs its actions also to the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log" file. This log file is rolled every time ugwrap is initiated. A total of up to five ugwrap log files are stored on the server.

## 4 DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

A new parameter LSBLSET would be added to DN and DN Block tables. This parameter will be used along with CGPNBLSET parameter on EAGLE that would be configured in the linkset table on EAGLE. If the value of LSBLSET parameter for a DN/DN Block on EPAP is found to match with the CGPNBLSET parameter of linkset table on EAGLE, it will be considered as blocklisted DN/DN Block. IAM message will be released (i.e. send back to originator) from EAGLE for the corresponding DN/DN Block. In all other cases, the existing functionality will continue to hold true.

The existing DN/ DN Block table parameters that are configured in the GUI are stored in multiple SQL tables, the DN table for example has only two parameters dnID and PT(port type) parameters in it.

There are other tables (example dn\_bl, dn\_asd etc. ) which help in storing the other parameters entered in GUI forms for DN and DNBlock.

While entering values write operation, is performed with the help of multiple joins with these supporting tables.

Finally, while displaying these values during retrieve operation the join of all the supporting tables is taken and the values fetched are displayed together.

The new parameter LSBLSET is part of dn\_bl table and dnB\_bl SQL tables for DN and DN Block respectively. This new parameter will be compatible only with eagle 46.9 release.

From EPAP 16.3 onwanrds different DB architectures are supported i.e., "Compact" and "Extreme". This was done to support enhanced DB capacity.

EPAP 16.4 also supports both compact and extreme architecture. Post upgrade user will remain on existing architecture and will have to change the architecture from compact to extreme as an optional step if required. In changing the DB Architecture from "Compact" to "eXtreme", the EPAP software shall restart to support the capacity expansion. Before the change in DB Architecture on EPAP, the connecting EAGLE must upgrade to the new release with SLIC cards. Also, the user has-to enable the EPAPX feature on eagle card to support the eXtreme feature. Refer to section 0 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

NOTE: Section 4.2 and 4.3 are only required if customer setup is on compact architecture and wants to change architecture to extreme. Others i.e. thos who are already on extreme architecture or doesn't want to change to extreme architecture can skip these sections.

## **Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network**

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0 followed by DB Architecture conversion to support new LSBLSET parameter must be carried out as per the below table after upgrade is completed in same MTC window. Based on the existing DB Architecture either compact to compact converter script will be executed or extreme to extreme converter script will be executed. Follow procedure to identify DB architecture and run conversion script.

#### Table 18: DB Conversion

Base Release	Target Release	Data Base Architecture	Target Architecture	Converter Required
16.3.1	17.0	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate Isblset parameter
16.3.1	17.0	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate Isblset parameter
16.4.1	17.0	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate Isblset parameter
16.4.1	17.0	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate Isblset parameter

\*Note: Allow soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade. After getting convinced that system is working fine, accept the upgrade.

## **Overview of DB architecture change from Compact to Extreme**

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0 followed by DB Architecture conversion from Compact to Extreme must be carried out in following order with different MTC window:

**Note:** This step is required only when EPAP 17.0 and Eagle are to run in eXtreme mode. If EPAP and Eagle are to run in COMPACT mode, skip this section.

#### Phase-1 (Upgrade the EPAPs to EPAP 17.0 release in COMPACT mode):

NOTE: If the network consists of Non-PROVs and Mixed-EPAP, move to Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site) otherwise continue with the following steps if the setup consists of StandAlonePDB + Non-PROVS.

- 1. First the Standalone PDBs will be upgraded to EPAP 16.4 in COMPACT mode. Refer to <u>section 3.4</u> for the upgrade process.
- **2.** All non-PROVs should be upgraded to EPAP 17.0 in COMPACT mode. Refer to <u>section 3.4</u> for the upgrade process.

After this phase all EPAPs in the customer network are in EPAP 17.0 and are working in COMPACT mode.

#### Phase 2: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site:

Execute the procedure in the following sequence.

- 1. Choose one EPAP-Eagle site from the customer network, which will be converted to eXtreme mode.
- 2. On the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts: EPAPX ON.
- 3. On the connecting Non-Prov, change the mode from COMPACT to eXtreme. Refer to <u>section 4.3</u> to change DB Architecture to eXtreme. The StandalonePDB should remain in COMPACT mode at this stage.
- 4. Restore RTDB on Non-Prov EPAP-A (refer to <u>Procedure A.10</u>) and after successfully restored RTDB on EPAP-A(refer to <u>Procedure A.11</u>), perform reload from mate on Non-Prov EPAP-B. Reload the Eagle from EPAP. Check that the DB downloads and EPAP-Eagle network work normally. Live provisioning flows all the way to Eagle. Let the node soak for some \*time-period.

#### Phase 3: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for whole network:

At this stage, we have seen that EPAP and Eagle are working fine in eXtreme mode. All the remaining Non-PROVs and StandAlone PDBs will be converted to eXtreme mode now. All the remaining Non-PROVs will be converted to eXtreme mode first. After all Non-PROVs are converted to eXtreme, the StandalonePDBs will be converted to eXtreme. For every site, before converting the EPAPs, connected eagles will have EPAPx feature ON.

1. First on the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON. Upgrade/Installation Guide 33 of 292 February 2023

2. On the connected Non-Prov, change the mode from Compact to eXtreme. Refer to <u>section</u> <u>4.3</u> to change DB Architecture to eXtreme.

3. Reload the RTDB from already converted eXtreme mode RTDB in phase 1. Refer to Procedure A.11.

- 4. Reload the Eagle SM cards from the EPAP.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for all remaining Non-PROVs in the Customers network
- 6. Convert the StandalonePDBs to eXtreme mode.

## Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature)

The following table illustrates the progression of the movement of DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below Table 18 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Before proceeding with the change DB Architecture process, refer to section 4 and section 5 to get the overview of the DB Architecture and upgrade order.

Notes: 1. Skip this section for mixed EPAP as eXtreme feature not supported on mixed EPAP.

**2.** DB Architecture cannot be reverted to COMPACT once moved to eXtreme architecture.
Phase	Elapsed Time Phase (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	40	40	Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure <u>17</u>
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	40	80	Note: Skip this procedure on Mixed EPAP. Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Note: If parsing gets failed at this stage then user needs to run it manually. Check Procedure A.4 to execute it manually.	Procedure <u>13</u>
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

## 4.1.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

Table 13: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

## 4.1.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)

Phase	Ti (Mir	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	*see notes below	*see notes below	NOTE: Execute this step on attached PDBonly EPAP if not already exececuted. Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	<u>Procedure</u> <u>17</u>
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	**See notes below	**See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme <b>Note:</b> EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure <u>13</u>
Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov.	240	245	Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov MPS A.	Procedure A.10
Reload RTDB from mate	10	255	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

#### Table 20: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)

**\*NOTE:** The time for checking database will be added for attached PDBonly EPAP(Added in section 4.2.1).

**\*\*NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Ti	osed me nutes)	Activity Pro	
	This Step	Cum.		
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	*See notes below	*See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme <b>Note:</b> EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	<u>Procedure</u> <u>13</u>
Reload RTDB from remote	10	15	Reload the RTDB from remote(already in eXtreme mode) <b>Note: Remote Non-Prov EPAP must</b> <b>be in eXtreme mode.</b> (Which may be the first Non-Prov site converted in table 19 or any other remote EPAP which is already in eXtreme mode)	Procedure A.11
Reload RTDB from mate	10	25	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

#### Table 21: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

**\*NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

## 5 UPGRADE PREPARATION

#### Setting up the upgrade environment

#### Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

S T P #	<ul> <li>This procedure sets up the upgrade environment. Windows are opened for both MPS servers.</li> <li>NOTE: Call My Oracle Support for assistance if modem access is the method use for upgrade.</li> <li>Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</li> <li>IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.</li> </ul>		
1.	Upgrade can be	Refer to Step 2 to 6 for executing remotely.	
	done in two ways: A. Remotely B. Locally	Refer to Step 7 to 19 for executing locally.	
2.	Ensure MPS X: All the console/PuTTY	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following.	
	Sessions.	<b>1.</b> Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting".	
		2. Click on "Logging".	
		3. Select "Printable output".	
		<ol> <li>Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be <server name&gt;_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy.</server </li> </ol>	
		5. Click on "Save".	
		<ol> <li>Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file.</li> </ol>	
		Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.	

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment
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Access to the MPS servers is available through an IP network.	If not already logged-in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
Step 3 and 4 provide console access to MPS-B from a remote location.	
server as user "admusr".	
MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B. \$ screen -L
<b>MPS A</b> : Connect to the console of MPS B.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate Note: Now user is connected to the console of MPS-B from a remote location.
Step 5 and 6 provide	
	If not already logged-in, then log in.
remote location.	<hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
<b>MPS B</b> : Log in to the server as user "admusr".	
MPS B: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.
	\$ screen -L
<b>MPS B</b> : Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate Run the following command:
Note down the timestamp in log.	\$ date
	<b>Note:</b> Now user is connected to the console of MPS-A from a remote location.
	servers is available through an IP network. Step 3 and 4 provide console access to MPS-B from a remote location. MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr". MPS A: Start screen session MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B. Step 5 and 6 provide console access to MPS-A from a remote location. MPS B: Log in to the server as user "admusr". MPS B: Start screen session MPS B: Start screen session

#### Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

		Note: If upgrade is to be performed from a remote location skip rest of the procedure. If upgrade is to be performed locally then follow step 7 to 19.	
7.	Ensure MPS X: All the console/PuTTY Sessions.	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following. <b>1.</b> Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting".	
		<b>2.</b> Click on "Logging".	
		<b>3.</b> Select "Printable output".	
		4. Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be <server name&gt;_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy.</server 	
		5. Click on "Save".	
		<ol> <li>Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file.</li> </ol>	
		Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.	
8.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, Connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
9.	Create a terminal window for MPS A. <b>Note</b> : Steps 9 to 12 make the serial connection to MPS-A	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of <b>"MPS A"</b>	
10.	MPS A: Enable capture file and verify the correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.	
11.	Log into MPS A.	<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>	

12.	MPS A: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS A. \$ screen -L
		If for Standalone PDB, the procedure is complete. Otherwise, continue with the next step.
13.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
	<b>Note</b> : Steps 13 to 17 make the serial connection to MPS-B	For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
14.	Create a terminal window for MPS B.	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of <b>"MPS B"</b>
15.	MPS B: Enable capture file and verify a correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
16.	Log into MPS B.	<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
17.	MPS B: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS B. \$ screen -L
18.	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
19.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

#### Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

## Determine if upgrade or installation is required

#### Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

S	This procedure executes the steps required to determine if an upgrade of the system is		
Т	required or an initial application installation is required.		
Ε	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Log in to MPS A.	If not already logged-in, login at MPS A as 'admusr'.	

		<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS B: Log in to MPS B.	If not already logged-in, login at MPS B as 'admusr'. <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
3.	<b>MPS B:</b> Determine if the application is currently installed on the servers.	Execute an rpm query command and examine the output: \$ rpm -qi TKLCepap
	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Name: TKLCepapRelocations: (not relocatable)Version: 170.0.8Vendor: TekelecRelease: 0.68940Build Date: Thu 29 Dec 2022 04:10:07 AM ESTInstall Date: Mon 02 Jan 2023 02:11:44 AM ESTBuild Host: localhostGroup: Development/BuildSource RPM: TKLCepap-170.0.8-0.68940.src.rpmSize: 119091549Signature: (none)Packager: <@tekelec.com>URL: http://www.tekelec.com/Summary: Oracle Communications EPAP PackageDescription:This is the Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor(EPAP) Package.The Package installs EPAP software. EPAP provides Provisioning DatabaseApplication(PDBA on A side) and Real Time Database (RTDB).
4.	<b>MPS B:</b> Observe the output from the rpm query.	The following is an example of what the output may look like: \$ appRev Install Time: Tue Jul 3 03:52:57 2018 Product Name: EPAP Product Release: 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0
		Base Distro Product: TPD Base Distro Release: 7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0 Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0-OracleLinux6.9-x86_64.iso ISO name: EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso

#### Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

		OS: OracleLinux 6.9
		If the output similar-to the above example is displayed, then skip to step 6. Otherwise, proceed to the next step.
5.	<b>MPS B:</b> Installation is required if the application is not present on the server, else upgrade is required.	If the application is not currently installed, output similar-to the example below will be returned from the <b>rpm -qi</b> command in step-3. If this is the case, then an application <b>installation</b> is required. Refer to <u>section 3.1.1</u> to perform EPAP installation.
		\$ rpm -qi TKLCepap package TKLCepap is not installed
		Skip to step 10.
6.	MPS B: Determine which version of the	Write Down the Release Number:
	application is present.	Release Number:
		If the release number on the MPS is less than the release number on the upgrade media, then an upgrade is required.
7.	Determine if Full Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 16.3.1/16.4.1and target release is 17.0.0, it is a FULL UPGRADE.
8.	Determine if an incremental Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 17.0.x.x and target release is 17.0.y.y (x.x is less than the number y.y on the upgrade media), it is a <b>Dual Image</b> Upgrade.
9.	MPS A: Determine if it is Provisionable (either	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable.
	mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non- Provisionable EPAP setup.	\$ uiEdit   grep "PROVISIONABLE" "PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES"
		If the above output contains "YES", then the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed- EPAP or PDBonly). Otherwise, the EPAP is Non-Provisionable. Write down this information.
		EPAP setup type:
10.	<b>MPS B:</b> Determine if the current DB Architecture is compact or extreme.	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP DB Architecture is Extreme or Compact.

## Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	<pre>\$ uiEdit   grep "DB_ARCHITECTURE" "DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT" If the above output contains "COMPACT" or no output is displayed, then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. If the above output contains "EXTREME", then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. Write down this information. EPAP DB Architecture type: Based on this information DB converter will be run.</pre>
	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

#### Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

## Pre-upgrade requirements

#### Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data

-					
S	This procedure verifies that all pre-upgrade requirements have been met.				
Т					
Ε	Check off $(\mathbf{v})$ each step as it	is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
Р	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAIL	S, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.			
#		,			
1.	Verify all required materials	Verify that the materials listed in Upgrade Material List (Section 0) are present.			
	are present.				
2.	Verify the availability of	Refer to Table 6 <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> for the list of users.			
	passwords for MPS systems.				
	De des analisis de la color				
3.	Review provisioning rules.	Please review the Provisioning information as defined in Section Error! Reference			
		source not found. If you do not understand the information provided in this			
		section, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or			
		the instructions in the My Oracle Support section			
4.	Verify and close active GUI	Skip this step for fresh install.			
	Sessions.				
		Login to ERAD GUI as ujadmin usor. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from			
	On the menu, click User Login to EPAP GUI as uiadmin user. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from				
	Administration->HTTP(s)	EPAP GUI.			
	Support->Terminate UI				
	Sessions				

		Α						Terminate Active UI Sessions
		Delete?	Session Id	User Id	User Name	Admin	IP Addr	Last Access
		0	44	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:11
		0	45	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:20
		0	46	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:33
		sessions.	l sessions .			Selected	Active Sessic	on" to delete all active
5. □	Procedure Complete.	This proc	edure is c	complete.				
6. □	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the f <b>\$ date</b>	ollowing	command	:t:			

## System Health check

#### Procedure 4: System Health Check

S	This procedure determines the health of the MPS System before beginning an upgrade.				
Т	- <b>I</b>				
Ε	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.				
1.	MPS A: Verify health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.			
2.	MPS B: Verify health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.			
3.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.			
4.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date			

## 6. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Pre install configuration and initial installation of EPAP can be done on any of the server in the mated pair in any order. These operations can be done simultaneously on both the servers.

#### Pre-Install configuration on server A

#### Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

S T F					
Р	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.				
	IMPORTANT: Installation of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed before starting installation procedure. Refer to <u>Procedure A.13</u> or [4] for TPD installation guide.				
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.			
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>			
2.	Log in as "admusr"	If not already logged in, then login as "admusr":			
	user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr			
		password: <i>password</i>			
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg			
4.	Navigate to the Server	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER]			
	Configuration screen.	r Main Menu			
		Maintenance			
		Diagnostics			
		Server Configuration Remote Consoles			
		Security			
		Network Configuration			
		Exit			

5.	Navigate to the <b>Hostname</b> screen.	Select Hostname and press [ENTER]           Server Configuration Menu           Hostname           Designation/Function           Configure Storage           Set Clock           Time Zone           Exit
6		
6.	Select <b>Edit</b> to edit the hostname.	Select Edit and press [ENTER]  Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: hostname21cab187dce8 Hostname Configuration Edit Exit Current Hostname: hostname21cab187dce8
7.	Enter the hostname and press ok.	Delete the default entry and enter the Hostname as mps-xxxx-a where xxxx is the last 4 digits of server serial number. Press OK when done.  Edit Hostname Hostname: Natal-A OK Cancel  While connected to the serial console, some console output might come when the user is using the serial console to configure the EPAP. Those serial output are harmless and can be ignored.
	Exit Back to the Server Configuration Menu.	Press any key to exit back to the Server Configuration Menu. Verify that the hostname has been properly set.

		Platform Configuration Utility Message Hostname Changed Press any key to continue
9.	Navigate to the <b>Designation/Function</b> menu option.	Select Designation/Function and press [ENTER] Server Configuration Menu Hostname Configure Storage Designation/Function Set Clock Time Zone Exit
10.	View the current designation and function.	The screen will show the current designation and function setting. On initial install, these fields are blank.  Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-A Designation Information Edit Exit Designation: Function:

	<ul> <li>If not blank, the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: <ol> <li>The Designation is "1A" for the A server</li> <li>The Function field should be set to EPAP.</li> </ol> </li> <li>If not blank, the values should be as follows for Standalone PDB. <ol> <li>The Designation is "1A" for the A server</li> <li>The Designation is "1A" for the A server</li> <li>The Function field should be set to PDBonly.</li> </ol> </li> <li>If both the fields are blank or either value is not correct, then select Edit and press [ENTER].</li> <li>If both values are correct, select Exit, press [ENTER] and skip the next step.</li> </ul>
View the current designation and function.	Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: the designation must be capitalized). Select OK and press [ENTER]. For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example: Edit Designation         Designation:       1A         Function:       EPAP         OK Cancel         Designation:       1A         Function:       PDBonly         OK Cancel         OK Cancel

10		
	Verify that the Designation and Function information is correct then select and press "Exit".	For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example: Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-A Designation Information Edit Exit Designation: 1A Function: EPAP For Standalone PDB, the following is a correct example: Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-A Designation Information Edit Exit Designation: 1A Function: Pdbonly
	Select "Set Clock" Menu.	Server Configuration Menu Hostname Configure Storage Designation/Function Set Clock Time Zone Exit
14.	<ol> <li>Select "Edit" from the options dialogue box.</li> <li>Using an NTP source, set the Date/Time to be correct for the Eastern Time zone (GMT -5) and press "OK".</li> <li>NOTE: All systems default to Eastern time post IPM. It is</li> </ol>	Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-A Time Configuration Edit Exit Current Date: 01/05/2024 Current Time: 02:13:03

	important to set the time for the Eastern Time zone at this time.	Change Date and Time Date: <u>01 05 2024</u> Time: <u>02 13 38</u> OK Cancel
15.	Verify that the Date and Time is correct then select and press "Exit".	Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-A Time Configuration Edit Exit Current Date: 01/05/2024 Current Time: 02:13:45
16.	Exit from platcfg menu.	Select EXIT until the platcfg menu is closed and the command line is displayed. Server Configuration Menu Hostname Configure Storage Designation/Function Set Clock . Time Zone Exit

		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit
17.	Reboot the Server.	\$ sudo reboot
18.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
19.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Pre-Install configuration on server B

#### **Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B**

		-
S	This procedure pr	ovides instructions to perform pre configuration for an initial install of the
Т	application.	
Ε	11	
Р	Check off ( $$ ) each step	p as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#		
	IF THIS PROCEDURE	E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
IMPORTANT: Installation of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed before starting installation procedure. Refer to <u>Procedure A.13</u> or [4] for TPD installation.		
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards' adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
2.	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password

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-		
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
4.	Navigate to the Server Configuration screen.	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER] Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit
5.	Navigate to the <b>Hostname</b> screen.	Select Hostname and press [ENTER] Server Configuration Menu Hostname Designation/Function Configure Storage Set Clock Time Zone Exit
6.	Select <b>Edit</b> to edit the hostname.	Select Edit and press [ENTER]          Options         Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.         Hostname: hostnamef0dd0d6d3463         Hostname Configuration         Edit         Exit         Current Hostname: hostnamef0dd0d6d3463
7.	Enter the hostname and press ok.	Delete the default entry and enter the Hostname as mps-xxxx-b where xxxx is the last 4 digits of server serial number. Press OK when done.

Pro	cedure 6: Pre-Install (	Configuration on Server B
		Edit Hostname         Hostname:       Natal-B         OK Cancel         While connected to the serial console, some console output might come when the user is using the serial console to configure the EPAP. Those serial output are harmless and can be ignored.
8.	Exit Back to the Server Configuration Menu.	Press any key to exit back to the Server Configuration Menu. Verify that the hostname has been properly set.  Platform Configuration Utility

Hostname Changed

Select Designation/Function and press [ENTER]

Press any key to continue...

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9.

Navigate to the

Designation/Function menu option.

		Server Configuration Menu Hostname Designation/Function Configure Storage Set Clock Time Zone Exit
	View the current designation and function.	The screen will show the current designation and function setting. On initial install, these fields are blank. Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-B Designation Information Edit Exit Designation: Function: If not blank the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: 1. The Designation is "1B" for the B server 2. The Function field should be set to EPAP. If either value is not correct, then select Edit and press [ENTER]. If both values are correct, select Exit, press [ENTER] and skip the next step.
11.	View the current designation and function.	Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: The designation must be capitalized). Select <b>OK</b> and press [ENTER].

Pro	Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B				
		Edit Designation Designation: <u>1B</u> Function: <u>EPAP</u> OK Cancel			
12.	Verify that the Designation and Function information is correct then select and press "Exit".	Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights Hostname: Natal-B Designation Information Designation: 1B Function: EPAP			
13.	Select "Set Clock" Menu.	Server Configuration Menu Hostname Designation/Function Configure Storage Set Clock Time Zone Exit			
14.	1) Select "Edit" from the options dialogue box.	Options Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights Hostname: Natal-B Time Configuration			

Current Date: 01/05/2024 Current Time: 02:24:09

#### Pr

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2) Using an NTP source, set the Date/Time to be correct for the Eastern Time zone (GMT -5) and press "OK". NOTE: All systems default to Eastern time

post IPM. It is important to set the eserved.

Edit Exit

reserved.

Edit Exit

	time for the Eastern	
	Time zone at this time.	
		Change Date and Time
		Date: <u>01 05 2024</u>
		Time: $02 24 42$
		OK Cancel
15.	Verify that the Date and Time is correct	
	then select and press	Options
	"Exit".	Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Natal-B
		Time Configuration
		Edit Exit
		Current Date: 01/05/2024
		Current Time: 02:24:44
16.	Exit from platcfg	Select <b>EXIT</b> until the platcfg menu is closed and the command line is displayed.
	menu.	Select LAT until the platting menu is closed and the command line is displayed.
		Server Configuration Menu
		Hostname
		Designation/Function
		Configure Storage
		Set Clock
		Time Zone
		Exit

		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit
17.	Reboot the Server.	\$ sudo reboot
18.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
19.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Install Application on server B

#### Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B

S	This procedure insta	lls the application on the server.
T E P #	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS B: Install 1B.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
2.	Create a terminal window log into MPS B.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
3.	<b>MPS B</b> : Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>

4.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
5.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Upgrade menu.	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Halt Server Backup and Restore Restart Server Eject CDROM Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using <b>Procedure A.2</b> .
8.	MPS A: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.



		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit
		<pre>If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the ongoing syncing of raid mirrors, then wait until the resync is completed and run the "Early Upgrade Checks" again. Early Checks failed for the next upgrade Look at earlyChecks.log for more info tarting Early Upgrade Checks.log for more info tarting Early Upgrade Checks 1 011413059 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade ERROR: Raid mirrors are syncing! ERROR: mai2 is syncing! ERROR: Failed running earlyUpgradeChecks() code Hardware architectures match Install products match. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! ERROR: Early Upgrade Checks Failed! User has requested just to run early checks. No upgrade will be performed Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1011413059</pre>
		<pre>[admusr@epappri ~]\$ cat /proc/mdstat Personalities : [raid1] md1 : active raid1 sdb2[1] sda2[0]</pre>
9.	<b>MPS A:</b> Navigate to the Initiate Upgrade menu	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].

		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit
10.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER]. Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 Exit
	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first validating the media, and then proceeding with the upgrade. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information
12.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13.	MPS B: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK]

		Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute
		~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~
		EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
		~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~
		EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
		Starting smartd: [ OK ]
		Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute
		TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527
		TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9
		Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS B: log in as	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	"epapdev" user.	password: password
15.	MPS B: Check the	Evaming the ungrade logs in the directory (var/TKLC/log/ungrade and varify
	Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		that no errors and warnings were reported.
		<pre>\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the
		instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b>
		section, if the output contains any error except the following:
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not
		recognized as a systemd service!
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-
		r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
		1673985608::ERROR: service conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		<pre>\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were
		reported.
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
		instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any
		warnings beside the following:

1673985608::ERRC recognized as a sys 1673985608::ERRC r1841b65093e1480 1673985608::ERRC [root@Salta-B core 1673985030::* "/var/TKLC/epap/d 1673985031::* "/var/TKLC/epap/d 1673985031::* "/var/TKLC/epap/d 1673985031::* "/var/TKLC/epap/d 1673985031::* "/var/TKLC/epap/d 1673985031::* "/var/TKLC/epap/f 1673985033::usera 1673985476::2023 A deprecated TLS v 1673985478::2023 A deprecated TLS v 1673985478::2023 root@localhost is c off theinitialize-in 1673985551::WAR xml 1673985551::WAR 1673985571::TKLC ####################################	<ul> <li>PR: Could not stop run- Dibe5696ea62d92ac2!</li> <li>PR: service_conf reconfig failed!</li> <li>PJ# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path b".</li> <li>write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path ree".</li> <li>write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path b".</li> <li>write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path ces".</li> <li>write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path ree".</li> <li>od: warning: the home directory already exists.</li> <li>-01-17T19:57:57.6831212 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] ersion TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main -01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] erseated with an empty password ! Please consider switching nsecure option.</li> <li>NING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing</li> <li>NING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml epap-HA</li> <li>####################################</li></ul>
	returned success" ograde/upgrade.log

17.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section. 1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	Login to MPS A via epapdev user and go to directory /usr/TKLC/epap/bi n and execute the following command: ./mysql_setup.pl	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# <b>./mysql_setup.pl</b>
19.	MPS B: Login to MPS A via root user and update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	<pre>Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 5. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps 6. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre>
		9. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
20.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: 1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above

21. 22.	MPS B: Install Complete. Note down the timestamp in log.	The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented. Install Procedure is complete. Run the following command:
		<pre>command, skip the steps mentioned below. 2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache- Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf 3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf</pre>

## Procedure 8 Install Application on server A

#### Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

S T	This procedure installs the application on the server.	
T E	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Install EPAP on 1A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.4 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
2.	Create a terminal window and log into MPS A.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial Port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
3.	<b>MPS A</b> : Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname>
4.	MPS A: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
5.	MPS A: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg

6.	MPS A: Navigate to	The platcfg <b>Main Menu</b> appears.
	the Upgrade menu.	On the <b>Main Menu</b> , select <b>Maintenance</b> and press [ENTER].
		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit
		Select the <b>Upgrade</b> menu and press [ENTER].
		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Halt Server Restart Server Eject CDROM Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using <b>Procedure A.2</b> .
8.	MPS A: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.

**Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A** 



		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit
10.	MPS A: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER]. Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 Exit
11.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the output like following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information
12.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running

	AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~
	EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
	~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~
	EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
	Starting smartd: [ OK ]
	Daemon is not running
	AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute
	TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527
	TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
	Oracle Linux Server release 6.9
	Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
MPS A: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: <i>password</i>
MPS A: Check the	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that
Upgrade log.	no errors and warnings were reported.
	\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
	Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any errors beside the following:
	[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
	1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service!
	1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
	1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
	[root@Salta-B core]#
	<pre>\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
	Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.
	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:
	"epapdev" user. MPS A: Check the

		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not
		recognized as a systemd service!
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
		1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/db".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/free".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/db".
		"/var/TKLC/epap/rt".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		"/var/TKLC/epap/free".
		1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists.
		1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A
		deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main
		1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A
		deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql_main
		1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server]
		root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off
		theinitialize-insecure option.
		1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing xml
		1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml
		1673985571::TKLCepap-HA
		######################################
		using root
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		Refer to <u>section 3.7</u> to know more about logging.
16.	MPS A: Check that the	<pre>\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
	upgrade completed	
	successfully.	
17.	MPS A: Check that the	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not,
	upgrade completed	contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
	successfully.	instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.
	1	
	Leudre o. mstan the	
-----	---	---
		1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	Login to MPS B via	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# <b>./mysql_setup.pl</b>
	epapdev user and	
	go to directory	
	/usr/TKLC/epap/bi	
	n and execute the	
	following	
	command: ./mysql_setup.pl	
19.	MPS B: : Login to	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
	MPS A via root	renorm following steps to disable discedre algorithm for ssn.
	user and update	1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
	ssh_config to disable MD5 and	If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5.
	MAC algorithm for security	<pre>2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config</pre>
	security	3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d'
		/etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		5. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps
		<pre>6. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre>
		7. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		<b>9.</b> \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
20.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:
	Cache control no-store policy	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.

# Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

### Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		<ol> <li>sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set CacheControl no- store' / etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf</li> </ol>
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
21.	MPS A: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
22.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

# **Procedure 9 Switch Configuration**

## **Procedure 9: Switch Configuration**

S	This procedure Conf	figures the Switches of a new Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.
T E	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step	p as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT
		CONNECT the cross-over cable from <b>Port 1</b> of <b>Switch1A</b> to <b>Port 1</b> of <b>Switch1B</b> .
		DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from <b>Port</b> 2 of <b>Switch1A</b> to <b>Port 2</b> of <b>Switch1B</b> .
		Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all.
		All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration.
		There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.
		Make sure to enable and start tftp service by using following commands if not started earlier :- sudo systemctl start tftp sudo systemctl enable tftp

2.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>
3.	MPS B: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'.
4.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su – platcfg
5.	MPS B: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Network Configuration Security Exit
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu SNMP Configuration Network Interfaces Routing Network Bridges Configure Network Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit

7.	MPS B: Select Switch1B.	On the Select Switch Menu, select Switch1B – Second Switch in Frame 1 and press [ENTER]. Select Switch Menu switch1A - Upper Switch in Frame 1 switch1B - Second Switch in Frame 1 switch1C - Third Switch in Frame 1 switch1D - Lower Switch in Frame 1 All Switches Exit
8.	<b>MPS B:</b> Confirm Switch 1B Configuration.	Select Yes and press [ENTER] to configure Switch 1B.          Really configure switch switch1B? Disrupt network connectivity?         Yes No
9.	MPS B: Switch Configuration Screen.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press any key to continue and then click Exit.  Platform Configuration Utility Configuring

Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		Wessage         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Press any key to continue         Press any key to continue         Copyright (0, 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Recife-B         Main Manu         Successfully enabled on switch switch1B. Reloading switch switch1B with defaults, please standby Switch switch1B witch1B with defaults on figuration. Successfully started management VLAN on switch1B. Startup config file switch1B, please standby Successfully uploaded startup config for switch1B. Removing config file switch1B, please standby Reload of switch switch1B complete. Switch switch1B successfully configured.         Forward Backward Top Bottom       Exit         Use arrow keys to move between options   <enter> selects</enter>
10.	MPS B: Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
11.	MPS A: Connect to Server 1A.	Now that Switch 1B is configured, we need to configure switch 1A. Connect to server 1A to configure switch 1A [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password

## **Procedure 9: Switch Configuration**

12.	MPS A: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'. Otherwise proceed to step 13.
13.	MPS A: Start platcfg. utility	\$ sudo su – platcfg
14.	<b>MPS A:</b> Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit
15.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press (ENTER). Network Interfaces SNMP Configuration Configure Network Routing Network Bridges Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit
16.	MPS A: Select Switch1A.	On the Select Switch Menu, select Switch1A – Upper Switch in Frame 1 and press [ENTER].

		Select Switch Menu switch1A - Upper Switch in Frame 1 switch1B - Second Switch in Frame 1 switch1C - Third Switch in Frame 1 switch1D - Lower Switch in Frame 1 All Switches Exit
17.	<b>MPS A:</b> Confirm Switch 1A Configuration.	Select Yes and press [ENTER] to configure Switch 1A. Really configure switch switch1A? Disrupt network connectivity? Yes No
18.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press any key to continue and then click Exit.  Platform Configuration Utility Configuring

**Procedure 9: Switch Configuration** 

		Message         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Press any key to continue         Press any key to continue         Press any key to continue         Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Recife-A         Nain Menu         Successfully enabled on switch switch1A.         Reloading switch switch1A with defaults, please standby         Switch Switch1A successfully set to default configuration.         Successfully started management VLAN on switch1A.         WARNING: File '/var/lib/tftpboot/switch1A.startup-config' already exists , and will be overwritten]         Startup configuration created OK.         Successfully upaded startup config for switch1A.         Removing config file switch1A.startup-config from /var/lib/tftpboot.         Reload of switch switch1A complete.         Switch switch1A successfully configured.         Sorter Sully about the switch1A complete.         Switch switch1A successfully configured.         Gorward Backward Top Bottom Exit         Use arrow keys to move between options   <enter> selects</enter>
19.	MPS A: Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
20.	MPS A: Optional Configuration of Switch 1C.	If the system is installed with 4 switches, proceed with the next step, otherwise skip to step 37.
21.	Move Serial Cables.	On the front of switches 1A and 1B, unplug the serial cables connected to Console port and plug them in switches 1C and 1D Console port respectively.

22.	MPS A: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
23.	<b>MPS A:</b> Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit
24.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu Network Interfaces SNMP Configuration Configure Network Routing Network Bridges Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit
25.	MPS A: Select Switch1C.	On the Select Switch Menu, select Switch1C – Third Switch in Frame 1 and press [ENTER].

		Select Switch Menu switch1A - Upper Switch in Frame 1 switch1B - Second Switch in Frame 1 switch1C - Third Switch in Frame 1 switch1D - Lower Switch in Frame 1 All Switches Exit
26.	<b>MPS A:</b> Confirm Switch 1C Configuration.	Select Yes and press [ENTER] to configure Switch 1C
		Really configure switch switch1A? Disrupt network connectivity?
27.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press any key to continue and then click Exit.
		Platform Configuration Utility Configuring

Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

		Message         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Switch Configuration Completed successfully         Press any key to continue         Press any key to continue         Pation Configuration Utility         Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Recife-8         Name         Successfully enabled on switch switch1C.         Successfully set to defaults, please standby         Switch Switch1C with defaults, please standby         Successfully started management VLAN on switch1C.         Startup configuration created OK.         Successfully successfully set to default configuration.         Switch1C witch1C, please standby         Reloading switch switch1C, please standby         Reload of switch1S, please standby         Switch switch1C successfully configured.         Switch switch1C successfully configured.         Switch switch1C successfully configured.
		Forward Backward Top Bottom Exit Use arrow keys to move between options   <enter> selects</enter>
28.	MPS A: Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
29.	MPS B: Connect to Server 1B.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>
30.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
31.	<b>MPS B:</b> Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].

		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit
32.	MPS B: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER].          Network Configuration Menu         Network Interfaces         SNMP Configuration         Configure Network         Routing         Network Bridges         Iptables         Resolv         IPSEC Configuration         Stunnel         Modify Hosts File         Configure Switch         Exit
33.	MPS B: Select Switch1D.	On the Select Switch Menu, select Switch1D – Lower Switch in Frame 1 and press [ENTER]. Select Switch Menu switch1A - Upper Switch in Frame 1 switch1B - Second Switch in Frame 1 switch1C - Third Switch in Frame 1 switch1D - Lower Switch in Frame 1 All Switches Exit

34.	MPS B: Confirm Switch 1D Configuration.	Select <b>Yes</b> and press <b>[ENTER]</b> to configure Switch 1D.			
		Really configure switch switch1A? Disrupt network connectivity?			
35.	MPS B: Switch Configuration Screen.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once completed press any key to continue and then click Exit.			
		Platform Configuration Utility			
		Configuring			
		Message Switch Configuration Completed successfully			
		Press any key to continue			

36.	MDS D: Evit out of	Platform Configuration Utility         Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.         Hostname: Recife-B         Main Menu         Successfully enabled on switch switch1D.         Reloading switch switch1D with defaults, please standby         Switch switch1D successfully set to default configuration.         Successfully started management VLAN on switch1D.         Startup configuration created 0K.         Successfully uploaded startup config for switch1D.         Removing config file switch1D.startup-config from /var/lib/tftpboot.         Reloading switch switch1D, please standby         Reload of switch switch1D complete.         Switch switch1D successfully configured.         Gorward Backward Top Bottom Exit         Use arrow keys to move between options   <enter> selects</enter>
36.	MPS B: Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
37.	Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B.	$B \begin{bmatrix} 5c-24GT & 111/6T & 1000 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$
38.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Procedure 10 Configure Sync Network Redundancy

Note: This procedure will configure the E5-APP-B EPAP cards with the Sync Network Redundancy feature. This will use the Backup Provisioning Network ports, therefor the Backup Provisioning Network feature cannot be used.

## Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy

S	This procedure will sync network redundancy in place of backup provisioning network.				
Т					
Е	Note: Estimated time of completion is 90 minutes.				
Р					
#					
1.	MPS A: Log in as "admusr" user to the serial console of E5-APP-B card.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>			
2.	MPS A: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su – platcfg			
3.	<b>MPS A:</b> Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].			
		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit			
4.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Interfaces Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Network Interfaces and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu Network Interfaces SNMP Configuration Configure Network Routing Network Bridges Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit			

5.	<b>MPS A:</b> Navigate to the Delete an Interface Menu.	On the Network Interfaces Menu, select <b>Delete an Interface</b> and press [ENTER].		
		Network Interfaces Menu Add an Interface Edit an Interface Delete an Interface Restart an Interface Exit		
6.	MPS A: Select to delete eth03.1 and press Enter.	On the Connection to delete Menu, select <b>eth03.1</b> and press [ENTER].		
		Connection to delete Menu eth01 eth02 eth03 eth03.1 eth04 Exit		
7.	<b>MPS A:</b> Confirm eth03.1 interface deletion.	Select <b>Yes</b> and press <b>[ENTER]</b> to delete the eth03.1 interface.		
		Do you wish to remove the eth03.1 interface? Yes No		

9		Message Interface eth03.1 deleted Press any key to continue
8.	MPS A: Press any key to continue. Navigate to the Delete an Interface Menu.	On the Network Interfaces Menu, select Delete an Interface and press [ENTER]. Network Interfaces Menu Add an Interface Edit an Interface Delete an Interface Restart an Interface Exit
9.	MPS A: Select to delete eth03.3 and press Enter.	On the Connection to delete Menu, select eth03.3 and press [ENTER]. Connection to delete Menu eth01 eth02 eth03 eth03.3 eth04 Exit

	<b>MPS A:</b> Confirm eth03.3 interface deletion.	Select Yes and press [ENTER] to delete the eth03.3 interface. Do you wish to remove the eth03.3 interface? Yes No			
		Message Interface eth03.3 deleted Press any key to continue			
11.	MPS A: Press any key to continue and exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu.			
		Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu.			
		Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.			
12.	<b>MPS A:</b> Verify that eth03.1 and eth03.3 are deleted.	\$ sudo netAdm show			
	מות בנווסס.ס מול עבובובע.	eth01			
		eth02			
		eth03			
		eth04			
		The interfaces eth03.1 and eth03.3 should not be listed.			

13.	<b>MPS A:</b> Take the backup of original net.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf_orig</pre>	
14.	<b>MPS A:</b> Replace the network configuration file for sync network redundancy.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.sync.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf'? y</pre>	
15.	<b>MPS A A:</b> Take the backup of original vlan.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf_orig</pre>	
16.	MPS A: Replace the vlan configuration file for sync network redundancy.	<ul> <li><u>E5-APP-B Card:</u></li> <li>Single Pair of Switch(18 SM Cards): vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.e5appb.conf</li> <li>(Ports 7 to 24 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 24 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity)</li> <li>Two Pair of switches (40 SM Cards): vlan.sync.e5appb.conf</li> <li>(Ports 7 to 22 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 22 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity, no change for switch 1C and 1D)</li> <li>For e.g., on T1200 server for Single pair of switches:</li> <li>\$ sudo cp</li> </ul>	
		/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.t1200.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf'? <mark>y</mark>	
17.	MPS A: Reconfigure the network interfaces.	\$ sudo netAdm init Interface bond0 added Interface eth01 added Interface eth02 added Interface bond0.3 added Interface eth03 added Interface eth04 added Interface bond0.1 added Successfully configured network	
18.	MPS A: Restart network service.	<pre>\$ sudo systemctl restart network</pre>	
19.	MPS B	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B.	

20.	Network Connectivity	Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A.		
21.	Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using 0.	Perform <b>0</b> – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A.		
22.	<b>MPS A:</b> Verify that ping mate is working.	\$ ping -c 4 mate		
	is working.	PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data.		
	Also ensure that the sync	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms		
	redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms		
	running ping mate.	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms		
		64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms		
		mate ping statistics		
		4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3001ms		
		rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.143/0.171/0.189/0.022 ms		
23.	<b>MPS A:</b> Reconfigure EPAP using epapconfig menu if the	\$ su - epapconfig		
	configuration was done	Please follow the instructions written in 0.		
	before configuring sync network redundancy.			
24.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.		
25.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:		
		\$ date		

## **Procedure 11: Configuring the Application**

5	5	This procedure configures the application on the server.
] H	L	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
I #	2	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

NOTE: This procedure configures the application in the IPv4 configuration. To configure the application in the IPv6 configuration, refer to [6]. 1. [hostname] consolelogin: admusr MPS A: Log on Server A. password: password 2. \$ sudo su - epapconfig MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig. Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904. Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. 3. MPS A: A note of Please review the following checklist before continuing. Failure to enter complete and accurate information at this time caution appears. Evaluate the conditions will have unpredictable results. listed. When all the 1. The mate MPS servers (MPS A and MPS B) must conditions are satisfied. be powered on. "Initial Platform Manufacture" for the mate press Return to 2. continue. MPS servers must be complete. 3. The sync network between the mate MPS servers must be operational. 4. You must have the correct password for the epapdev user on the mate MPS server 5. You must be prepared to designate this MPS as provisionable or non-provisionable. Press return to continue... Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y 4. MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.

5.	MPS A:	Password of epapdev:
	For Mixed EPAP or	ssh is working correctly. Password of root:
	Non-Provisionable	ssh is working correctly.
	EPAP: You are	Password of admusr:
	prompted for the	ssh is working correctly.
	epapdev, root and	Password of root:
	admusr user password	ssh is working correctly.
	on the mate MPS server	Building the initial database on side A.
		Stopping local slave
	in order to confirm the	Stopping remote slave
	secure shell keys are	EuiDB already exists.
	successfully exchanged.	FIPS integrity verification test failed.
	The example shows the	Starting local slave
	output generated when	Starting remote slave
	the correct password is	
	entered, the secure	The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software allows for
	,	exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional sites that
	shell keys are	are to receive the data provisioned to the provisionable sites
	successfully exchanged,	should answer 'N' here.
	and the UI database is	
	set up on <b>MPS A and</b>	If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to answer `Y' here.
	MPS B at this site.	_
		Is this site provisionable? [Y]: Y
	Type Y if this site is	
	Provisionable(either	
	mixed-EPAP or	
	PDBonly), <b>otherwise</b>	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.
	Type N.	
		Press return to continue
		Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y
		Building the initial database on side A.
	For Standalone PDB:	Stopping local slave
	You are prompted for	No preexisting EuiDB database was detected.
	the System Number and	Set EPAP System Number: ES12345678
		Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2
	Network Configuration	
	Туре.	
6.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is	
	displayed. Select choice	
	2, Configure Network	
	Interfaces Menu.	
aI		

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	/	-EPAP Configuration Menu\	
		Display Configuration	
	2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
	; 3 j	Set Time Zone	
	i 4 i	Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
	j 5 j	Change Password	
	6	Platform Menu	
		Configure NTP Server	
	8	PDB Configuration Menu	
	9	Security	
	10	SNMP Configuration	
	11	Configure Alarm Feed	
	12	Configure Query Server	
		Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
	14	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		DB Architecture Menu	
	   e		
	\	,	r
	EPAP Co	onfiguration Menu for NON-Prov EPAP:	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

[		/FDAD Configuration Monu-
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1   Display Configuration
		   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5   Change Password
		6   Platform Menu
		7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu   
		9   Security
		10   SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed
		   12   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   13   Mate Disaster Recovery
		14   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 2
7.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
-	Menu is displayed.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning	/\   1   Configure Provisioning Network
	Network.	2   Configure Sync Network
		3   Configure DSM Network
		4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5   Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses

		e   Exit   \/ Enter Choice:1
		Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1   Configure Provisioning Network
		2   Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		3   Configure Static NAT Addresses
		   e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice:1
8.	MPS A: The submenu	/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\ /)
	for configuring communications	1   IPv4 Configuration
	networks and other	   2   IPv6 Configuration
	information is displayed.	
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice:
	Note: Enter choice "1"	
	for IPv4 configuration.	Example output for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP in IPv4 configuration:
	Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6	Enter Choice: 1
	configuration.	Verifying connectivity with mate
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.47 EPAP B provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.48
		EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.128
		EPAP provisioning network default router: 10.75.141.1
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address:10.75.141.47
		EPAP provisioning network netmask:255.255.255.128 EPAP provisioning network default router:10.75.141.1
9.	MPS A: The Configure	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
	Network Interfaces menu is displayed.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
1	Select choice e, Exit.	1   Configure Provisioning Network
		2   Configure Sync Network
		3   Configure DSM Network
		   4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network

	5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
	6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
	e   Exit
	\/
	Enter Choice: e
	Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	1   Configure Provisioning Network
	2 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
	3   Configure Static NAT Addresses
	   e   Exit  /
	\/
	Enter Choice: e
<sup>10.</sup> MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:
Configuration Menu is	
displayed. Select choi 3, Set Time Zone.	ce

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\   1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password
		   6   Platform Menu
		   7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu
		   9   Security
		   10   SNMP Configuration
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed
		Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   13   Mate Disaster Recovery
		   14   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice:3
11.	MPS A: An important Caution statement is displayed. After noting	Caution: This action requires a reboot of the affected MPS servers to activate the change. Operation of the EPAP software before the MPS servers are rebooted may have unpredictable consequences.
	the caution, press Return to continue.	Press return to continue <return></return>
		Are you sure you wish to change the timezone for MPS A and B? [N]: Y

	You are prompted for			
	confirmation on setting			
	-			
	the time zone for the			
	MPS A and MPS B at			
	this site for Mixed EPAP			
	or Non-provisionable			
	EPAP. For Standalone			
	PDB, time zone for MPS			
	A is prompted only.			
	Enter y to confirm the			
	-			
	change. (Pressing			
	Return accepts the			
	default of 'N' (no),			
	cancels the action and			
	you are returned to the			
	EPAP Configuration			
	Menu). Type <b>Y</b> to set			
	the time zone.			
	the time zone.			
12.	MPS A: The following	Enter a time zone:		
	-			
	prompt is displayed. If			
	the time zone is known,			
	it can be entered at the			
	prompt. If the exact			
	time zone value is not			
	known, press Return,			
	and a list of the valid			
	names is displayed.			
13.				
I	If an incorrect time	Valid time zone files a	ire:	
	zone is entered or if	Australia/Broken_Hill	Australia/LHI	
	only the Return key is	Australia/NSW	/	
	pressed, a list of all	Australia/North	Australia/Queensland	
	•	Australia/South	Aus et a traj gueens tana	
	available time zone	Australia/Tasmania	Australia/Victoria	
	values is displayed.	Australia/West		
1		Australia/Yancowinna	Australia/ACT	Brazil/Acre
1		Brazil/DeNoronha	Brazil/East	Brazil/West
	Note: The time zone	Canada/Atlantic	Canada/Central	Canada/East-
1	change does not take	Saskatchewan		,
	-	Canada/Eastern	Canada/Mountain	
	effect until the next	Canada/Newfoundland	<b>,</b>	
	time the MPS is	Canada/Pacific	Canada/Yukon	
	rebooted.	Chile/Continental		
		Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/GMT	Etc/GMT+1
		Sample Output o	continués	,
		End of c	continues output below	
		MST	MST7MDT	NZ
		NZ-CHAT	PRC	PST8PDT
		Poland	Portugal	ROC
		ROK	Singapore	Turkey
1		W-SU	WET	africa
		asia	australasia	backward
		etcetera	europe	factory
1		northamerica	pacificnew	solar87
		solar88	solar89	southamerica
1		GB-Eire	GMT	GMT+0

<b></b>		CMT 1	CMT - 10	CMT . 11
			GMT+10 GMT+13 GMT+4 GMT+7 GMT-0 GMT-11 GMT-3 GMT-6 GMT-9 Navajo Universal file (relative to /usr/share/	GMT+11 GMT+2 GMT+5 GMT+8 GMT-1 GMT-12 GMT-4 GMT-7 Greenwich UCT Zulu
14.	SERVER A: Enter choice 7, Configure NTP Server Menu.	/EPAP Co	ion Menu for Non-prov EPAP:	
			Y Configuration	
	NOTE: If an NTP server does not need to be added at this time,		ire Network Interfaces Me 	
	you can skip all steps related to option 7 Configure NTP Server	   4   Exchang	ge Secure Shell Keys	
	Menu, and proceed to the PDB Configuration Menu at step 20.	5   Change	Password	
	Menu at step 20.	6   Platfor		
		7   Configu	ire NTP Server	
		8   PDB Cor	nfiguration Menu	
		9   Securit		
		10   SNMP Co	onfiguration	
			re Alarm Feed	1
			are SNMP Agent Community	1
		13   Mate Di 	isaster Recovery	1
			nitecture Menu	
		e   Exit \		/
		Enter Choice: 7		

15.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu- 1   Display External NTP Server 2   Add External NTP Server 3   Remove External NTP Server 
	Note: Enter choice "1" to configure IPv4 NTP server. Otherwise, enter choice "2" to configure IPv6 NTP server.	Enter Choice: 2 /Add External NTP Server Menu-\ /\ 1 1   IPv4 Configuration   
	MPS A: You are prompted to confirm the action of adding a new NTP Server. (Pressing Return would accept the default of 'N' or 'no', and would cancel the action to add an external NTP server.) Type Y and press return. NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	<pre>Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y Enter the EPAP NTP Server IP Address: <ntp_server_ip_addr> External NTP Server [<ntp_server_ip_addr>] has been added. Press return to continue<return></return></ntp_server_ip_addr></ntp_server_ip_addr></pre>
17.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ 1   Display External NTP Server 2   Add External NTP Server 3   Remove External NTP Server

	Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server.	   e   Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 1
18.	MPS A: Verify the External NTP Server IP address is correct and press Return.	ntpserver1 <ipaddress> Press return to continue<return></return></ipaddress>
	<b>NOTE:</b> All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	
19.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu- 1   Display External NTP Server 2   Add External NTP Server 3   Remove External NTP Server 
20.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configuration Menu. Note: Execute the step to do PDB Configuration Menu (except step 27) even if the EPAP is to be configured as Non- Provisionable.	PDB Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:

**Procedure 11: Configuring the Application** 

	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	/\   1   Display Configuration
	   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	   3   Set Time Zone
	   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	   5   Change Password
	   6   Platform Menu
	   7   Configure NTP Server
	   8   PDB Configuration Menu
	   9   Security
	   10   SNMP Configuration
	   11   Configure Alarm Feed
	   12   Configure SNMP Agent Community
	   13   Mate Disaster Recovery
	   14   DB Architecture Menu
	   e   Exit
	\/ Enter choice: 8

21.	MADE ALTHA CARE	PDB Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/\ //\
		/ 1   Configure PDB Network
		2   RTDB Homing Menu
		3   Change MPS Provisionable State
		4   Create PDB
		5   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6   Change PDBA Proxy State
		e   Exit
		PDB Configuration menu for Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		/\ /\
		1   Configure PDB Network   
		2   RTDB Homing Menu   
		3   Change Auto DB Recovery State   
	Note: Configure the	e   Exit   \/
	PDB network in the same format as that of the provisioning	Enter Choice: 1
	network format.	PDB Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB (for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1   Configure PDB Network 
		3   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		   e   Exit
		Enter Choice: 1

-		
22.	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed.	PDB Network Configuration menu:
	Select choice 1.	/PDB Network Configuration Menu-/ /
23.	Note: Do not provide the remote PDBA IP address in case user is	Following is the output on Mixed EPAP. Verifying connectivity with mate
	performing migration.	This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to <ip>. The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not configured.</ip>
	MPS A: Provide the IP address of the MPS A on EAGLE A and the IP address for the MPS A on EAGLE B where the remote PDBA database is to reside. Enter the	The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0]: <a address="" ip=""> EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0]: <b address="" ip=""> The server does not know of <a address="" ip=""> will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: <epapdev password=""></epapdev></a></b></a></ip>
	password for MPS A on EAGLE B. If configuration of the PDB network is	
	successful, the output confirms the secure shell keys are	Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP.
	successfully exchanged, as shown in the output for Provisionable(mixed-	Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be non-provisionable. You will be prompted for both of the remote PDBA addresses. Order does not matter.
	EPAP and PDBonly) MPSs Note: If the default values shown are	Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Enter the other of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip Address&gt;</ip </ip>
	correct press return to	
	accept them.	Following is the output on Standalone PDB.
	Otherwise, enter the	This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA
	values and press	IPv4 address is currently set to <ip></ip>
	Return.	The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set.
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>.</ip>

	In case of Non- Provisionable EPAP,provide the IP address of Active and Standby PDBA.	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:	
24.	MPS A: Press Return to return to the Configure PDB Menu. Enter choice 2, RTDB Homing Menu.	Skip this step if EPAP configured as Standalone PDB.         /Configure PDB Menu	
25.	MPS A: The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter choice 3, Configure Standby RTDB Homing.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. For Non-Prov Nodes: /RTDB Homing Menu	

		For Mixed EPAP :
		MPS Side A: hostname: Floater05 hostid: 4b0a6e8d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.6.0.0.0_110.6.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.12-17.0.0.0.0_170.12.0 Wed Mar 29 05:59:19 EDT 2023
		/RTDB Homing Menu
26.	MPS A: The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter <b>e</b> to exit.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. /RTDB Homing Menu
27.	<b>MPS A:</b> Enter choice 3. Create PDB.	Note: Perform this step only for the Provisionable EPAP (Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB). Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.
-----	---	--
		The Menu for Mixed EPAP.
		/Configure PDB Menu\
	Note: Stop the EPAP software by answering 'Y', If you	/\   1   Configure PDB Network   
	get the message to stop it.	2   RTDB Homing Menu
	Note: While creating PDB	3   Create PDB
	database using the Create PDB option of the EPAP	4   Change Auto DB Recovery State
	Configuration Menu, ensure that the value for	   5   Change PDBA Proxy State
	remote PBD IP is set to 0.0.0.0.	   e   Exit
		\/ Enter Choice:
		Enter Choice: 3 The Menu for Standalone PDB(for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu
		1   Configure PDB Network   
		2 Create PDB
		3   Change Auto DB Recovery State   
		Enter Choice: 2
		localIp = 10.75.141.47
		localName=Natal-47A remoteIp = 0.0.0.0
		There is no remote PDB
		remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB
		mysqld is alive
		Local PDB database does not exist. Creating the local database
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
		PDBA process is already stopped. Removing local pdba status file.
		Creating the remote database

28.	NOTE: The example output to the right has been truncated for brevity.	TRUNCATED OUTPUT MyISAM file: /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/stats/pdbaStats.MYI is already checked Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done Removing local pdba status file. Removing remote pdba status file.
29.	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice e, Exit. The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice e, Exit.	The Configure PDB Menu for Mixed EPAP: /Configure PDB Menu
30.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display Configuration.	

**Procedure 11: Configuring the Application** 

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /
		1   Display Configuration
		   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		   3   Set Time Zone
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password   
		   6   Platform Menu   
		   7   Configure NTP Server   
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu   
		9   Security   
		11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server   
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   Mate Disaster Recovery
		e   Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
31.	MPS A: The configuration information is	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP configured in IPv4 configuration, the configuration data shall look like:
	displayed. Verify that the configuration data displayed is correct.	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address= 10.75.141.55EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address= 10.75.141.56EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address v6= Not configuredProvisioning Network Netmask= 255.255.255.128Provisioning Network Default Router= 10.75.141.1Provisioning Network Default Router v6= Not configuredProvisioning Network Default Router v6= Not configuredEPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6= Not configuredEPAP B Backup Prov Network Netmask= Not configured

Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address v6 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000	= Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router v6	= Not configured
EPAP A Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.100
EPAP B Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.100
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= 192 168 120 200
EPAP & Backup DSM Network Address	= 192 168 121 100
EPAP & Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.100.121.100 = 192.168.121.200
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= 152.100.121.200
EPAP IP VEISION	= 1PV4
	= 80
EPAP B HITP PORT	= 80
EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC Port	= 8001
EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port	= 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not configured
PDBT Port	= 5873
Remote MPS & Static NAT Address	= Not configured
Demote MDS & UTTP Dont	
Remote MPS A HITP POIL	- ov
LUCAT PROVISIONING VIP	= Not configured
Remote Provisioning VIP	= Not configured
Local PDBA Address	= 10./5.141.55
Local PDBA Address v6	=
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000	
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	= 0.0.0.0
Remote PDBA B Address	= 0.0.0.0
Time Zone	= America/New_York
PDB Database	= Fxists
Preferred PDB	= 10 75 141 55
Allow undates from alternate DDP	- TO'L' D'THT'''
Auto DR Receivery Enchlad	
Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= NO
PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
Press return to continue< <b>return&gt;</b>	
For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall lo	ok like:
For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall lo	ok like:
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EDAD A Drowisioning Notwork TD Addross	10 250 51 120
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	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured</pre>
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured</pre>
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Prefix v6	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = Not configured</pre>
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EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 Network Configuration Type EPAP IP Version	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = SINGLE = IPv4</pre>
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 Network Configuration Type EPAP IP Version EPAP A HTTP Port	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = SINGLE = IPv4 = 80</pre>
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 Network Configuration Type EPAP IP Version EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = SINGLE = IPv4 = 80 = 8001</pre>
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EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Netfix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Prov Network Prefix Prov EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local PDBA Address Se Ender PDBA	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = SINGLE = IPv4 = 80 = 8001 = 8473 = Not configured = 5873 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 0.250.51.130 Not configured = 0.0.00 = US/Eastern</pre>
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Prefix Prove Prov Network Prefix Prove Prove Prove Prove Prov Prove Prov	<pre>= 10.250.51.130 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = SINGLE = IPv4 = 80 = 8001 = 8473 = Not configured = S873 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 0.250.51.130 Not configured = 0.0.00</pre>

		Press return to continue <b><return></return></b>
32.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice <b>e</b> , Exit.	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisional EPAP:         /EPAP Configuration Menu
		<pre>9   Security  </pre>

		INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
33.	Execute the following commands on Non- Prov Nodes only: sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 5000000000000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 2, 5000000000000000000 2, - /mysqld, 1, 5000000000000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 1, 50000000000000000000000 2, -/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/lib /syscheck_config_n on_prov	<pre>[root@Manaus-a ~]# sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 500000000000002, -, -, , -, 2, 5000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 50000000000002, -, -, -, 1, 5000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/lib/syscheck_config_non_prov [root@Manaus-a ~]# sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 50000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 500000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 50000000000002, -, -, -, -, 1, 500000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/syscheck/procrun.d/syscheck_config_prov</pre>
	sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 500000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 2, 50000000000000 2, - /mysqld, 1, 500000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 1, 50000000000000 2, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ syscheck_config_p rov	
34.	Move the pdba binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server	[epapdev@Quito-a~]# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin [epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#

	Note: This step is valid	
	only when the user is	
35.	performing migration. <b>MPS A:</b> The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed Salast shales	EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:
	displayed. Select choice <b>6</b> , Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ />
		1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password
		   6   Platform Menu
		   7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu   
		   9   Security   
		   10   SNMP Configuration   
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server   
		   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed   
		15   Mate Disaster Recovery
		e   Exit    /
		Enter Choice: 6
36.	MPS A: The Platform	Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
	Menu is displayed. Enter Choice 2, Reboot	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /
	MPS.	1   Initiate Upgrade
		2   REDOOT MPS 
		2   Reboot MPS 

		4   RTDB Backup
		   5   PDB Backup
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. Are you sure you want to reboot the MPS? [N]: Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /
		1   Initiate Upgrade
		2 Reboot MPS
		   3   MySQL Backup
		   4   PDB Backup
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is
07		automatically re-started when the system comes back up.
37.	<b>MPS A:</b> For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP you are prompted whether MPS A, MPS B or BOTH sides are to be rebooted. Select the default value of <b>BOTH</b> by pressing Return.	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP, a prompt is displayed: Reboot MPS A, MPS B or [BOTH]: <b><return></return></b>
	Note: In case of the	For Standalone PDB, the following is displayed.
	Standalone PDB, no prompt is given and the server goes down for a reboot.	Reboot local MPS
		Broadcast message from root (pts/1) (Thu May 29 16:13:51 2014):
		The system is going down for reboot NOW!
38.	Move the pdba_stopped binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server	[epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#
	Note: This step is valid only when user is performing migration	

39.	MPS A: The console logon appears at the system prompt signifying the EPAP initial configuration is completed.	<hostname> login: admusr Password: Note: The console logon will be preceded by many lines of reboot output.</hostname>
40.	Connected PDBonly: Configure DSM Min Mem Size	<ul> <li>Execute Procedure A.21 only if the Non-Prov EPAP is installed and is connected to Standalone PDB server. Otherwise, skip this step if –</li> <li>a. This is Mixed EPAP</li> <li>b. This is non-prov EPAP and connected to mixed EPAP.</li> </ul>
41.	Reconnect console cables.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
42.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
43.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI

# Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

S	This procedure provis	sion 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site.
T E P #		as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appear.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like:

		CRACLE   Username:   Password:   Login
		Image: Sector of Standalone PDB should look like:   EPAP 17.0.0.3.0 User Interface   System Number: ES12345678   Username:   Password:   Login
2.	Login as uiadmin.	Automs       Automs

i i		The CITI server on Chandelane DDD should be delt
		The GUI screen on Standalone PDB should look like:
		PDBA@ 10.75.138.77       SIANDBY       Alarms       Defaultion         A12.75.141.61       23:53.01 EDT
3.	On the Site designated by the customer Active PDB GUI select "Switchover PDBA State" to make the PDBA Active. • Debug • Platform • Debug • Platform • Debug • Platform • PDBA • Select Other PDBA • Switchover PDBA State • Process Control • View PDBA Status • Manage Data • Authorized IP List • DSM Info • Maintenance • List PDBI Connections • PDBI Statistics Report	The screen should look like: A Switchover PDBA State Are you sure you want to change the state of the local PDBA from STANDBY to ACTIVE? Switchower Thu May 22 2014 15:48:47 EDT
4.	Click on the "Switchover" button.	The screen should look like:

		A		Switch	over PDBA	State
		ACT	CESS: Switchove TVE. 2 2014 15:49:35	r successfully compl	leted from STANI	DBY to
-						
5.	PDBA should become	The screen should				
	ACTIVE.	ORACLE	!	ACTIVE PDBA@ NONE		Alarms
		COMMUNICATIONS A 10.75.141.102			16:30:01 EST	CR MR MI IM
6.	On the ACTIVE PDBA	The screen should	d look like:		Add an N	E
	Entity→Add	ID to add:	1 C	Туре:	SP ·	
	Platform     PDBA     Select Other PDBA     Switchover PDBA State     Process Control	Point Code:	International ·	Group Code:		
	<ul> <li>View PDBA Status</li> <li>Manage Data</li> </ul>	Routing Indicator:	GT •	Subsystem Number		
		Cancel Called Global Title:	NO •	New Nature of Address Indicator:		
		New Numbering Plan:		New Translation Type:		
		Digit Action:	None •	SRF IMSI:		
		Add NE				
7.	Enter ID as "12345", select Type "RN" and select Point Code as	The screen should	d look like:			Add an NE
	"None".	ID to add:	12345	Tu	pe:	RN 💌
		Point Code:	None V		oup Code:	
		Routing Indicator:	GT V	10.0	ibsystem Number:	
		Cancel Called Global Title:	NO V	Ne	ew Nature of Address dicator:	
		New Numbering Plan:		Ne	ew Translation Type:	
		Digit Action:	None	SF	RF IMSI:	
		Add NE				

8.	Click on the "Add NE"	The screen should look like:
Ш	button. Network Entity should be successfully added.	A Add an NE
		SUCCESS: Network Entity successfully created.
9.	Select PDBA→Manage Data→Network Entity→Delete	The screen should look like: A Delete an NE ID to delete: Type: SP V Delete NE
10.	Enter ID as "12345" and select Type "RN".	The screen should look like: A Delete an NE Dolete an NE Delete NE Delete NE
11.	Click on the "Delete NE" button. Network Entity should be successfully deleted.	The screen should look like:          A       Delete an NE         V       SUCCESS: Network Entity successfully deleted.
12.	View PDBA Status   Platform  PDBA  Select Other PDBA  Switchover PDBA Status  Process Control  View PDBA Status  Authorized IP List  CDSM Info  Maintenance List PDBI Connections PDBI Statistics Report	PDBA@10.253.103.18 Status         View PDBA Status         Status:       ACTIVE       Version:       1.0         Level       O7/23/2009 15:56:51 GMT         DN Prefix:       IMSIS=0, DNs=0, DN Blocks=0, INEIs=0, IMEIs=0, IMEIs=0, IMEIs=0, ASDs=0, DN_DNs=0, DNB_DNs=0         RTDB       Address       Level         10.253.103.18       2       192.168.2.200 (mate)       2         Status:       Database daemon is running         Counts:       DB@10.253.103.18 Status         Status:       Database daemon is running         Counts:       IMSIs=0, DNs=0, DNB_DNs=0, DNB_DNs=0
13.	Procedure complete	Procedure is complete.

14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

### Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture

Procedure 13: Change the DB Architecture

NOTE: Skip this procedure in following three cases:

1. EPAP 17.0 is a Mixed EPAP.

2. Extreme architecture is not required

S	This procedure change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.		
T	This procedure change the DD Architecture from contribution to extreme.		
Ē	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Log in as epapdev user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: <i>password</i>	
2.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig.	<b>\$ sudo su - epapconfig</b> Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	
3.	MPS A: The EPAP	Note: Start Pdba software before executing this operation.	
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 14 or 15, DB Architecture Menu	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisionable:	
	Note: Select choice 14 on Non-provisionable EPAP and 15 on PDBonly.		

	EPAP Configuration Menu\	
,   1	Display Configuration	
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
	Set Time Zone	
	Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
5	Change Password	
6	Platform Menu	
7	Configure NTP Server	
8	PDB Configuration Menu	
9	Security	
10	SNMP Configuration	
111	Configure Alarm Feed	
12	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
13	Mate Disaster Recovery	
14	DB Architecture Menu	
e	Exit	
	choice: 14	
EPAP C	onfiguration Menu for standalone PDB:	

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1   Display Configuration   
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password   
		   6   Platform Menu   
		   7   Configure NTP Server   
		8   PDB Configuration Menu
		   9   Security   
		   10   SNMP Configuration   
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit   \/
		Enter choice: 15
4.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice	
	1, Display current DB Architecture	/DB Architecture Menu\ /\
	Note: Default DB Architecture	1   Display Current DB Architecture
	is displayed.	2   Change DB Architecture to eXtreme
		   e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 1

		DB Architecture: COMPACT
5.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Change DB Architecture to eXtreme NOTE: It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is running. Stop it by answering 'Y'.	Skip this step if DB Architecture already set to eXtreme. /DB Architecture Menu

		<pre>Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. Please verify that all connected Non-Provisional Sites are running on eXtreme Architecture. It will take 30 minutes or more to populate the PDB 9Dig tables. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: Y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y INFO: Populating the DN 9 Digit tables INFO: Populating the IMSI 9 Digit tables INFO: Populating the IMEI 9 Digit tables INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. Press return to continue</pre>
6.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	/DB Architecture Menu
7.	MPS A: EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	

10.	MPS B: Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: <b>\$ systemctl start Epap</b> ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
11.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## **7 SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES**

## Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade

#### Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

S	This procedure executes the steps required to assess the readiness of a system to be upgraded.		
T E	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS B: Log in as the user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in.	
	aunusi .	<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>	
2.	MPS B: Display the /etc/hosts configuration for the pdb entities.	If upgrading the first MPS B of a Provisionable mated pair, execute the following command to display the configuration of pdb entries:	
		\$ grep pdb /etc/hosts	
		Otherwise, skip to step 4.	
3.	<b>MPS B:</b> Verify the	Below is an example of the output of the grep command:	
	correct configuration for pdb entities in the	192.168.55.176 host1-a pdba	
	/etc/hosts file.	192.168.61.76 host2-a prova-ip pdbb	
		If the command output contains 2 entries (pdba and pdbb are both configured), continue to the next step .	
		If the command output does not contain unique entries for pdba and pdbb, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.	
4.	MPS B: Display the contents of the /var/TKLC/upgrade	Execute the following command to display the presence of EPAP software ISO images:	
	directory.	\$ ls -la /var/TKLC/upgrade	
		<b>Note:</b> The file permissions and ownership may vary due to the different methods used to transfer the file.	
		Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.2: [root@Natal-A upgrade] # 1s -la total 1785996 drwarwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:19 . dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00 -r-r 1 root root 90464608 Jun 23 01:19 EPAP-16.2.0.0.1_162.26.0-x86_64.iso	

5.	MPS B: Delete old ISO images.	Remove any ISO images that are not the target software ISO image using the following command: <b># sudo rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/<filename></filename></b> Refer to step 6 to display the content of /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Removed ISO should not be displayed.
6.	MPS B: Determine when last reboot occurred. For any server up longer than 180 days would be a candidate for reboot during a maintenance window.	<b>\$ uptime</b> 15:19:34 up 23 days, 3:05, 2 users, load average: 0.10, 0.13, 0.09
7.	<b>MPS B:</b> Disk Integrity step: Executing self-test on the disk.	<pre>Execute the following command: \$ sudo smartct1 -t short /dev/sda The output on E5-APP-B card would be like: smartct1 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C)2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net === START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION === Sending command: "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode". Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode". Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode". Please wait 1 minutes for test to complete. Test will complete after Sat Feb 25 22:08:20 2017 Use smartct1 -X to abort test.</pre>
8.	MPS B: Disk Integrity step. Contact My Oracle Support if the output shows any error/failure.	Note: Please wait for 5 minutes for the test to complete.         Execute the following command:       \$ sudo smartctl -1 selftest /dev/sda         The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:         smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build)         Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen,         http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net         === START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION ===         SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1         Num Test_Description Status Remaining         LifeTime(hours) LBA of first error

## Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

Upgrade/Installation Guide

		# 1 Short offline Completed without error 00% 12435
9.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Execute the following command:
	step	\$ sudo smartctl -a /dev/sda   grep -i LBA
	Contact My Oracle Support if any output shows "Completed: read failure" or "Error: UNC xxx sectors".	The output would be like: 241 Total_LBAs_Written 0x0032 100 100 000 Old_age Always - 340851 242 Total_LBAs_Read 0x0032 100 100 000 Old_age Always - 1689714 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error SPAN MIN_LBA MAX_LBA_CURRENT_TEST_STATUS
10.	MPS B: Disk Integrity Test.	Repeat steps 9 to 11 for the /dev/sdb disk drive on E5-APP-B card:
11.	MPS B: Logout from "admusr".	Logout from the "admusr" user by executing the following command:
		\$ exit
12.	MPS A: Repeat checks on Server A.	Repeat steps-1 to 13 on MPS A.
13.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
14.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

#### Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

# Procedure 15 Preupgrade Backups

## Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

S T E	This procedure performs the pre and post upgrade backups. Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Backup system configuration on MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS A.
2.	MPS B: Backup system configuration on MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS B.

3.	MPS B: Backup RTDB database.	Perform Procedure A.7 to backup the RTDB database on MPS B. Note: Perform this step only while upgrading Mixed and Non-Prov Nodes.
	Note: If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	
4.	MPS A: Backup EuiDB database.	Perform Procedure A.8 to backup the EuiDB database on MPS A.
	<b>Note:</b> If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	
5.	MPS A: Backup PDB database. Note: If one of the	In case of upgrading via migration from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6, perform Procedure A.51 to back up the PDB database.
	provisioning sites is already upgraded to EPAP 17.0.0.x, follow Appendix A.6 to take	In other cases, perform <u>Procedure A.27</u> PDB Backup before upgrade to back up the PDB database.
	PDB backup from upgraded Provisioning site	<b>Note</b> : Only perform this step if the MPS-A is configured as a Provisionable node.
		Check the output of Procedure 2, step 9 to verify if MPS A is provisionable or not.
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
7.	Transfer the backup to remote server	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the backups to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free

#### Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

#### **Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups**

		<pre>\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp&gt; cd <target directory=""> sftp&gt; put backup_file Note: put backup_file sftp&gt; bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command: \$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/epap/free/<backup file=""></backup></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip></pre>
		<pre>\$ sude chimod do/ /val/ rktc/epap/ree/<backup me=""> \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<backup file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/</backup></backup></pre>
8.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

#### Procedure 16 Preupgrade system time check

#### **Procedure 16: Pre-upgrade System Time Check**

_	
S	This procedure performs the pre-upgrade system time check.
_	F
I.	
г	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
Ε	Check on (v) each step as it is completed, boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
Р	
Г	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.
#	,, ,, , ,, , ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
π	

The MPS servers make use of NTP to keep time synchronized between servers. Under some circumstances, either at initial installation in the customer's network or due to power interruption and battery failure, it is possible for an MPS server to have a system date/time value too large for NTP to correct. If the system time is 20 minutes or more off from the real time, NTP cannot correct it.

Check the date/time on both MPS-A and MPS-B servers, and correct the system time on any server off by more than 15 minutes from the real time.

1.	<b>MPS A:</b> Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. <b>\$ date</b> Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018

3.	MPS B: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
4.	MPS B: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. <b>\$ date</b> Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
5.	Compare result to the real time.	Compare the result from the "date" command in the previous step to the real time. If the difference is 15 minutes or less, then this procedure is complete, otherwise if the difference exceeds 15 minutes, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section
6.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Т

Р

#

## Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

#### Procedure 17: Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

#### Note: This step is only required before converting DB architecture from Compact to Extreme

**S** This procedurechecks the 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI.

E Check off (1) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.

#### Verify the PDB data are within 9dig limitation

Maximum 9dig limit for DN: 65K Maximum 9dig limit for IMSI: 65K Maximum 9dig limit for IMEI: 250K

1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev" on standalone PDB.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Execute the "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB.	Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result. Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script. \$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c Get reference from the following snapshot: [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.  Utility Start Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 Parsing DN digits into 9digits INFO: DN 9dig count 2. Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9. Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1. Utility End Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ If any of the data type from DN/IMSI and IMEI exeeds the 9Dig limit, then DB Architecture cannot be changed to extreme.
1	1	

3.	MPS A: Start Pdba software.	Execute the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 servers: \$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful. Exeucte the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 17.0 servers: \$ systemctl start Pdba
4.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

#### Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

S	This procedure upgra	ides MPS B server.	
Т			
Ε	Check off ( $$ ) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Notify the potential users not to start the PDBA software during the duration of the upgrade.		
	The Prov servers (Mi	xed EPAP or PDBonly) upgrade must complete before the Non-Provisionable	
	EPAP. For more details, see Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers.		
2.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b> Skip to step 7, if connected through serial console.	
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.	

	connection by logging into MPS A. Log in to MPS A.	# ssh admusr@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
4.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
	<b>MPS A</b> : Connect to the console of MPS B.	<pre>\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails, then refer to Procedure A.24.</pre>
5.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
6.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
7.	MPS B: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
8.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or a Major upgrade	Check 0, Step 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a split mirror upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 11
9.	<b>MPS B</b> : Disable syscheck fs module.	Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module.  \$ su - root Password: # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
10.	MPS B: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps:
		<pre>1. # vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.</pre>

		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		<pre># cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf</pre>
		<pre>The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~]# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf</pre>
		BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		# su – admusr
11.	MPS A: Log in to the	login to MPS A:
	server as the user "admusr".	<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
12.	MPS A: Check if eagle_alarm_feed	Run below command to check if uiEdit variable is present or not.
	variable is present	<pre>\$ uiEdit   grep "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED"</pre>
	in EuiDB	"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON"
		Note: If no output is displayed after above command is run, then run next step else skip next step.
13.	<b>MPS A:</b> Insert EAGLE_ALARM_FEE D variable in EuiDB	NOTE: Skipping this step if EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable is not present in EuiDB will cause upgrade to fail Run below command to insert missing variable in EuiDB.
		\$ /usr/bin/mysql -uroot –p <password> -B EuiDB -e "insert into econfig values ('EAGLE_ALARM_FEED','ON')"</password>
		Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below:
		\$ echo \$?
		0
		Repeat Step 12 to check if value is inserted successfully in DB.
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section if this step fails.
14.	MPS A: Verify that	# sude suenancenfig
	the state of PDBA	# sudo su - epapconfig
	Proxy Feature is No.	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

<b>Note:</b> Skip this step for Non-Prov and	
PDBonly EPAP.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	/\   1   Display Configuration   
	   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu   
	   3   Set Time Zone   
	   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
	   5   Change Password   
	   6   Platform Menu   
	   7   Configure NTP Server   
	   8   PDB Configuration Menu   
	   9   Security 
	   10   SNMP Configuration   
	   11   Configure Alarm Feed   
	   12   Configure Query Server   
	   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed   
	   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community   
	   15   Mate Disaster Recovery   
	e Exit
	Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80

		EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exec Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to features. Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, the	= NOT CONTIGUIED = 80 = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.172 = 192.168.16.115 = 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby = Yes = Yes = Yes = Yes = Yes
15.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exec replication logs	cute Procedure A.26 to clear
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, the	n skip this step.

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1   Display Configuration
		   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		   3   Set Time Zone
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		5   Change Password
		   6   Platform Menu   
		7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu   
		   9   Security   
		   10   SNMP Configuration   
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   15   Mate Disaster Recovery   
		   e   Exit   \/
		<pre></pre>
		Enter Choice: e
17.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user	Login to MPS B if not already logged in:
	"admusr".	<hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
18.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su – platcfg
19.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg <b>Main Menu</b> appears.
		On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].

		Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit
20.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the <b>Upgrade</b> menu and press [ENTER].
		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
21.	MPS B: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.
		Upgrade. Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit

		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.
22.	MPS B: Allow List NTP Alarms	<ol> <li>If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands:         <ul> <li>Exit the platcfg menu</li> <li>Change to root user using the "su –" command.</li> <li>vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf</li> <li>Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
		For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10
		Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10
		<ol> <li>If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14</li> </ol>
23.	MPS B: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit
24.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below.

		Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0 Exit
25.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
26.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.
27.	MPS B: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [ OK ] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 S 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prere17.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
28.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	After upgrade, exit from the console and open new console using EPAP IP and login by epapdev user. <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
		Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
-----	----------------------------	---
29.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	<ul> <li>Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.</li> <li>Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade.</li> <li>If it is major upgrade, then consider following error and warning.</li> <li>\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</li> <li>Following errors shall be observed:</li> </ul>
		1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
		<pre>'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'</pre>
		'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
		530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2

1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304768::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
<b>Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:</b> 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory
[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than
5.6.18
to version 5.7]
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
<pre>\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any
warnings beside the following:
1488951825::warning: CAPABILITY: service_hp-asrd_disabled 1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updatedreparsing xml
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: servicedisabled 1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 148851890::Warning: arassa wijink of (lib(modules(2,6,2))
1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory

	1488951902::warning: erase unlink of 573.18.1.el6prerel7.	/lib/modules/2.6.32-
	0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order fa	iled: No such file or directory /lib/modules/2.6.32-
	0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networki	ng failed: No such file or directory 7/lib/modules/2.6.32-
	0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesett	ing failed: No such file or directory /lib/modules/2.6.32-
	0.3.0.0 86.44.0.x86 64/modules.drm fail	ed: No such file or directory 7/lib/modules/2.6.32-
	0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block fa 1488951903::kexec-tools /et	uiled: No such file or directory #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
	/c/kdump.conf.rpmnew 1488952115::ca-certificates /etc/pki/tls/ce	################warning:
	rts/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/t 1488952136::samhain /etc/	ls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
	samhainrc.rpmnew 1488952138::php-common /etc/p	<pre>#warning: /etc/php.ini created as</pre>
	hp.ini.rpmnew 1488952209::initscripts /	<pre>##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as</pre>
	etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew 1488952260::mysql-commercial-server /etc/my.	warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
	cnf.rpmnew 1488952291::ntp /etc/n_	warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
	tp.conf.rpmnew 1488952302::TKLCplat /usr/TKLC/plat/	################warning:
	etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/ 1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/et /usr/TKLC/plat/	'etc/pid_conf.rpmnew cc/service_conf created as
	etc/service_conf.rpmnew 1488952320::TKLCalarms /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/al	###warning:
	/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/	###warning:
	alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat 1488952471::WARNING: This capability is capabilities.	:/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew 6 not defined in the default
	1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined capabilities	in the current hardware ID's
	1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: servi 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APP	cedisabled
	1488952602::sudo /etc/su doers.rpmnew	warning: /etc/sudoers created as
	1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc updated .reparsing xml	:/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
	1488952718::TKLCepap-HA ####################################	
	Ν	oot /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed: 0
	such file or directory 1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EX 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/sys	·
	ig 1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EX 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:	
	i488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/sys ig	stem/cpu/conf

If it is an incremental upgrade, then consider following error and
warning \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
· 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MyI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
· ·
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
.1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist

· · · ·	
	1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist1496215832::Error: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
	Fallenting statement for interim biness, file shall be abarmed in successful be
	<b>Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:</b> 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory [NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]
	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
	\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
	Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any
	warnings beside the following:
	1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updatedrep arsing xml
	1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
	642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
	642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
	642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
	0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updated .reparsing xml
	Refer to <u>section 3.7</u> to know more about logging.

		<b>NOTE:</b> provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.
30.	<b>MPS B</b> : Verify the Upgrade.	<pre>\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.
		1400786220:: Upgrade returned success!
31.	<b>MPS B:</b> Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 33.
32.	<b>MPS B</b> : Enable syscheck fs module.	Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module.
		<pre>\$ sudo syscheckAdmenable disk fs</pre>
33.	<b>MPS B</b> : Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS B	<ul> <li>Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.</li> <li>If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "30000000000002 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress.</li> <li>The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.</li> <li>Also, the syscheck utility will report the "5000000000002 - Server Application Process Error" alarm as the Epap processes are not running after the upgrade.</li> </ul>
		Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted.
		Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
		If it is major upgrade Proceed with Procedure A.18 to upgrade SSL certificate.
34.	MPS B: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command:
	is present.	<pre>\$ alarmMgralarmStatus   grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept</pre>
		Following output shall be observed:

		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532  Processing Error Configuration Error
		Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
35.	MPS B: Update ssh config	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
	to disable MD5 and	1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
	MAC algorithm for security	If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4.
	security	<pre>2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config</pre>
		3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps
		5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
36.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:
		1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache- Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
L	1	4 I

		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo systemctl restart httpd
37.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP- B A card's adapter. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
38.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

# Procedure 19 Upgrade server A

# Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

S	This procedure upgrades the MPS-A server in the EPAP System.		
T E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.	
2.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b> Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.	
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log in to MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. # ssh epapdev@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>	
4.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A. #su - root	
		Password:	

	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	\$ screen -L
		Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
		\$ sudo minicom mate
		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.
5.	MPS A: Login prompt is	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
	displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
6.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
7.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or a Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 10.
8.	MPS A: Disable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
9.	MPS A: Create upgrade.conf for	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line
	splitting mirrors if this is a Major upgrade.	"BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps:
		1.#vi/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line:
		BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.
		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		<pre># cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf</pre>
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~]# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf

		BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
10.	<b>MPS A:</b> Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ su - platcfg
	MPS A: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit
	<b>MPS A</b> : Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
13.	MPS A: Select the Early Upgrade Checks submenu.	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.

	MPS A: Allow List NTP	Upgrade Menu         Validate Media         Early Upgrade Checks         Initiate Upgrade         Copy USB Upgrade Image         Non Tekelec RPM Management         Accept Upgrade         Reject Upgrade         Exit         If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then execute         step 15. Otherwise, skip to step 16.         Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the         instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the early upgrade checks fail,         due to any other reason.         1) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then
14.	Alarms	<ol> <li>If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands:         <ul> <li>Exit the platcfg menu</li> <li>Change to root user using the "su –" command.</li> <li>vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf</li> <li>Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2</li> </ul> </li> <li>For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm         <ul> <li>"tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code</li> <li>TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as</li> <li>EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2, TKSPLATMI10</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between</li> <li>TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10</li> <li>If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as</li> <li>EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14</li> </ol>
15.	MPS A: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].

		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit
16.	MPS A: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below. Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.
17.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
18.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.

# Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A

19.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter , the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [ OK ] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process
		s 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prere17.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
20.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <pre><pre>console login: epapdev password: <pre><pre><pre>console login</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></hostname></pre>
21.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade. If it is major upgrade then consider following \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI 1530669414::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1528826597::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1528826597::mjisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'

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1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
·
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was converted from Prov to Non Prov:
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::pdb.dn9d1g 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory
[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than
5.6.18
to version 5.7]
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any error
other than the above mentioned errors.
Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the
error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
<pre>\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any
warnings beside the following:
warnings beside the following.
1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updatedreparsing xml 1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: servicedisabled
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1530856895::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
be insecure.
1530857005::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.
1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.e16prere17. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32- 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1488951903::kexec-tools #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as /et
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew 1488952115::ca-certificates #############warning:
/etc/pki/tls/ce rts/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew 1488952136::samhain warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/ samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common #warning: /etc/php.ini created as /etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew

1488952209::initscripts	<pre>##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as</pre>
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew 1488952260::mysql-commercial-server /etc/my.	warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
cnf.rpmnew 1488952291::ntp /etc/n	warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
tp.conf.rpmnew 1488952302::TKLCplat	##################warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/ etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat, 1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/et /usr/TKLC/plat/	/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew tc/service_conf created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/ etc/service_conf.rpmnew 1488952320::TKLCalarms /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al	###warning:
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/a 1488952328::alarmMgr	larms/alarms.xml.rpmsave ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/ alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat 1488952471::WARNING: This capability is capabilities.	t/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew s not defined in the default
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined capabilities	in the current hardware ID's
1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: serv- 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5API	
1488952602::sudo /etc/su doers.rpmnew	warning: /etc/sudoers created as
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc updated .reparsing xml	c/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
148852718::TKLCepap-HA ####################################	in
	root f /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed
No such file or directory 1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EX 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/sys	
ig 1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EX	
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/sys ig	stem/cpu/conf
If it is an incremental upgrade then consider <b>\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/u</b>	r following pgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:	
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is curre 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg	ently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC	C/plat/etc/vlan.conf C/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_pu 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when	riv.MYI'
<pre>'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_pi 1530669414:: 1530669414::</pre>	
1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when	opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'	opening MyISAM-table
1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::	
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI	opening MyISAM-table

1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 149621
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which
was
converted from Prov to Non Prov:
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist 1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist

1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn 1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed 1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
1323514007pub.ulib_asu
Following statement for winder bings file shall be absented in supervised by
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
file or directory
[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than
5.6.18
to version 5.7]
Contact My Oracle Cuppert fellowing the instructions on the front page of the
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any error
other than the above-mentioned errors.
Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the
error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
<pre>\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were
reported.
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section, if the output contains any
warnings beside the following:
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updatedrep
arsing xml 1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated
.reparsing xml
Pefer to section 2.7 to know more about logging
Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

		<b>NOTE:</b> provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.
22.	<b>MPS A:</b> Verify the Upgrade.	<pre>\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section.
		1400793814:: Upgrade returned success!
23.	<b>MPS A:</b> Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 26.
24.	<b>MPS A:</b> Enable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmenable disk fs
25.	<b>MPS A</b> : Upgrade is complete. Verify Health	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
	of MPS A	On a Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS, expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "50000000000000002 – Server Application Process Error" alarm.
		If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000002 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress.
		The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.
		Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted.
		If it is major upgrade, Proceed with Procedure A.18 to upgrade SSL certificate.
26.	<b>MPS A:</b> Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command:
	is present.	<pre>\$ alarmMgralarmStatus   grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept</pre>
		Following output shall be observed:
		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532  Processing Error Configuration Error
		Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.

27.	MPS B: Loginn as epapdev user.	<hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>		
28.	MPS B: Reboot MPS B server.	Reboot MPS-B to disable the root login. Switch to root user. \$ su - root Password: Reboot the server: \$ reboot Wait til the reboot gets completed.		
29.	MPS A: Enable PDBAIf PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes, in the step 14 of 0, then execute Procedure enable Epap PDBA Proxy and VIP Features. Otherwise, skip this step.features.			
30.	MPS A: Check services for query server.	\$ epapdb -c queryservers If query server is not configured i.e. INFO: No Query Server Configured, then skip this step otherwise Execute 6 to restart MYSQL service for PDB on query server.		
31.	MPS A: Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	<pre>Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps 5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre>		

		6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config				
		7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config				
		8. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd				
32.	Update the	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:				
	httpd.conf file to					
	disable the Cache control no-store	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf				
	policy.	If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.				
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no- store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf				
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf				
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.				
		4. \$ sudo systemctl restart httpd				
33.	MPS A: If HTTP was	If HTTP was enabled before upgrade, follow below mentioned steps.				
	enabled for EPAP GUI before upgrade,	Open EPAP GUI in HTTPS mode.				
	follow this step	<ul> <li>Open EPAP GOT IN HTTPS mode.</li> <li>Navigate to User Administration tab on GUI -&gt; HTTP(S) support -&gt;</li> </ul>				
	otherwise skip it.	Change Configuration.				
		• Disable HTTP mode, if it shows HTTP mode as enabled.				
		<ul> <li>Enable the HTTP mode again as shown in image below. The HTTP mode should get enabled successfully. Now you can open the EPAP GUI in HTTP mode.</li> </ul>				

		COMMUNICATIONS		ACTIVE 01:45:44 EDT		10.75.141.71 STANDBY	01:45:42 EDT	Alarms
			A			Change	e HTTP(S) Co	onfiguration
		Diatform	HTTP Enabled: HTTPS Enabled:		2			
		Groups     Groups     Authorized IPs	Mon October 25 2021 01:43:	35 EDT	Submit	Changes		
		View Configuration Change Configuration Terminate UI Sessions Motify Defaults Change Password Logout			Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle a	nd/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.		
		ORACLE PDBA@ 10.75.141 COMMUNICATIONS A 10.75.141	1.70	ACTIVE 01:48:29 EDT		34@ NONE 10.75.141.71 STANDBY	01:48:27 EDT	Alarms CR MA MI IM
		EPAP A: uiadmin	A			Chang	ge HTTP(S) C	onfiguration
		RTDB     Debug     Platform	SUCCESS: HTTP/HTT	PS configuration	changed successfully.			
		User Administration     Users     Groups	Mon October 25 2021 01:48	:23 EDT	Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle	and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.		
		Authorized IPs     Horr(s) Support     View Configuration     Change Configuration     Terminate UI Sessions     Modify Defaults     Change Password     Logout						
34.	Reconnect console		-			e between the s	•	
	cable.			•		al port labeled (	S1' on the	e E5-APP-
		B B card's adap	oter. <b>Cable p</b> a	art num	ibers - 830-:	1220-xx		
35.	Procedure is	Procedure is co	omplete.					
	complete.							
			•			ted pair and yo	•	
		•	•			A and MPS B. Re Section 0 for m	•	
36.	Note down the	Run the followi	ing command	d:				
	timestamp in log.	\$ date						

# Procedure 20 Run RTDB Converter

#### Procedure 20: Run RTDB Converter

S	This procedure runs RTDB converter to update rtdb database as per new schema. This procedure					
T E	should not be run on PDBonly setup.					
Р	Check off ( $\sqrt{2}$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.					
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.				
	**Note: This step c	an be run simultaneously on MPS A and MPS B				
1.	MPS A and B: Log in to	MPS A and B: Log in to <hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>				
	the server as the user "epapdev".	password: <password></password>				
2.	MPS A and B: Switch to root user.	[epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]\$ su - Password: <password></password>				
3.	MPS A and B: Start EPAP Services	<pre>\$ systemctl start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>				
	LFAF Services	~~ /etc/ iiitt.u/epap start ~~				
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"				
		EPAP application start Successful.				
4.	MPS A and B: Run RTDB converter script	<pre>\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin</pre>				
		If system is in compact architecture as noted in step 10 of 0 run below				
	<b>Note:</b> RTDB softwares need to be	command:				
	sortwards need to be running on MPS A & B in order to run the					
	B in order to run the converter.	If system is in extreme as noted in step 10 of 0 architecture run below				
		command:				
		\$ ./ rtdbEpap164ExtremeToExtremeConvertTool				
		Many informational Messages will be displayed on screen. If this script fails				
		contact My Oracle Support.				
5.	Reboot Eagle	Perform the steps in <b>Procedure 21</b> on the Eagle STP connected to the EPAP				
	cards.	servers to reload SM cards.				
6.	Procedure is	Procedure is complete.				
<b>7</b> .	complete	Dup the following commands				
	Note down the timestamp in log.Run the following command:					
		\$ date				

# Procedure 21 Reboot EAGLE Cards

#### Procedure 21: Reboot EAGLE Cards

This procedure rel	boots EAGLE cards to reload new RTDB.
Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each si each step number.	tep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under
IF THIS PROCEDUE UPGRADE ASSIST	RE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR</b> <u>C<b>ANCE</b></u> .
EAGLE: reboot all SM cards to reload new RTDB.	Note: Before rebooting EAGLE cards, check whether the EPAP software is running or not. If EPAP software is not running then start it manually by below commands. Execute the below steps on EPAP: \$ systemctl status Epap Start the EPAP software, if the above command shows that software is not running. If service EPAP shows that software is running, there is no need to run next command. \$ systemctl start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Login onto the connected EAGLE. Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state. Then boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:  \$ date

# Procedure 22 Accept Upgrade

## Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

## Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

S       This procedure accept the upgrade to perform the upgrade process.         P       Check off (\$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.         P       IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.         8       MPS: Login as admusr.       Login as admusr if not already loged in.         - hostname> login: admusr       -hostname> login: admusr         9       MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.       \$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr if the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.         10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo sudo sudo sudo sudo sudo sudo sudo	-		
F       Check off (\$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.         F       THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.         8       MPS: Login as admusr.       Login as admusr if not already loged in.		This procedure accept the upgrade to perform the upgrade process.	
P       IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.         8.       MPS: Login as admusr if not already loged in.   Admusr.         9.       MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.         10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.         9.       MPS: Execute the menu.         9.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.         10.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance and press [ENTER].         12.       Maintenance Submenu.         13.       Maintenance Submenu.         14.       MPS: Select the Maintenance and press [ENTER].         15.       Maintenance Submenu.         16.       Maintenance Submenu.         17.       MPS: Select the         18.       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].		C had all $(4b)$ as the star as it is consult to d. Power have been more ideal for this generator we dere as the star more have	
#       IP THIS PROCEDORE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.         8.       admusr.       Login as admusr if not already loged in.         •       admusr.		Check off (V) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
*       MPS: Login as admusr.       Login as admusr if not already loged in. 		IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
Import by admust.       Admu	#		
Image: admusr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Amousr.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.       Image: Submer console logon		MPS: Login as	Login as admusr if not already loged in.
9.       MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.       \$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr lift the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.         10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo su – platcfg         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance Submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         12.       Maintenance Submenu.       Select the Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].	Ш		
Image: select the select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.         Image: select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.         Image: select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.         Image: select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.         Image: select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.         Image: select the upgrade menu and press [ENTER].       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
9.       MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.       \$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr If the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.         10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo su - platcfg         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         11.       Maintenance Submenu.       Main Menu select Maintenance on press [ENTER].         12.       Maintenance Security Remote Consoles Exit         13.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			1 455W01U.
Imps: Very II       S sudo Is /var/run/alarmMgr         Imps: Select the       S sudo su – platcfg         Imps: Select the       The platcfg Main Menu appears.         On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         Imps: Select the       Maintenance         Imps: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.
10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo su - platcfg         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears.         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         12.       Maintenance Submenu.       Maintenance Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo su - platcfg         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       Maintenance Consoles Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			•
10.       MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.       \$ sudo su - platcfg         11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         11.       Maintenance Submenu.       Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         12.       Maintenance Submenu.       Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].		running.	
Impose Execute the platefg menu.       \$ sudo su - platefg         In- MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         Image: Must be manual or the main Menu, select Maintenance and press [Enter].       Main Menu         Image: Must be manual or the main Menu, select Maintenance and press [Enter].       Main Menu         Image: Must be manual or the main Menu, select Maintenance and press [Enter].       Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         Image: Must be manual or the main menu and press [Enter].       Select the Upgrade menu and press [Enter].			If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.
11.       MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.       The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         Maintenance submenu.       Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit         12.       MPS: Select the         Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].		MPS: Execute the	
Implify Select the Maintenance submenu.       Implify Internation appears.         On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         Implify Maintenance Submenu.		platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su – platcfg
Implify Select the Maintenance submenu.       Implify Internation appears.         On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].         Implify Maintenance Submenu.	11.		The platefa Main Monu appears
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			on the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [LIVIEK].
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].		submenu.	Marine Marrie
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			Math Menu
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			Maintenance
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			Diagnostics
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			Server Configuration
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
12.       MPS: Select the       Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
12.     MPS: Select the     Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].			
MPS: Select the opgrade mend and press [Livitin].			
MPS: Select the opgrade mend and press [Livitin].			
	12.	MPS: Select the	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].
		Upgrade submenu.	

# Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

# Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
13.	MPS: Select the Upgrade submenu.	If you have not already accepted the upgrade, do so now, otherwise skip this step.
		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit

# Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

# Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

		Setting POST_UPGRADE_ACTION to ACCEPT in upgrade info. Cleaning backout directory. Cleaning upgrade Accept/Reject alarm. Cleaning message from MOTD. No patch pending alarm on server so no MOTD update. Cleaning up RPM config backup files Checking / Checking /usr Checking /usr Checking /var/TKLC Checking /var/TKLC/epap/rt Checking /var/TKLC/epap/db Checking /var/TKLC/epap/db Checking /var/TKLC/epap/free Starting cleanup of RCS repository. INFO: Removing '/etc/my.cnf.d/client.cnf' from RCS repository INFO: Removing '/etc/pam.d/system-auth' from RCS repository INFO: Removing '/etc/pam.d/password-auth' from RCS repository PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCFG MENU.
		<b>Note</b> : If you still observe the accept upgrade message even after the disks get mirrored properly after accepting the upgrade for the first time, follow the steps mentioned in APPENDIX A.30 to remove the false accept upgrade alarm from the system.
14.	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
15.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

# Procedure 23 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB

# Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

mber. <u>ANCE</u> .
<u>ANCE</u> .
hosts
s/no)? to

## Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

7.	Note down the
	timestamp in log.

Run the following command: **\$ date** 

# THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

# **8 SOFTWARE RECOVERY PROCEDURES**

Execute this section only if there is a problem and it is desired to revert back to the pre-upgrade version of the software.

# 8.1 Backout Setup

The reason to execute a backout has a direct impact on any backout preparation that must be done. Since the reason cannot be known ahead of time, no definitive procedure can be written.

My Oracle Support personnel will have to have login access to the affected MPS server, probe the server for the root cause of the problem, and execute whatever setup or cleanup is necessary in order to prepare the MPS server for backout.

## 8.2 Perform Backout

No matter the initial cause of the upgrade problem, once all necessary corrective steps have been taken to prepare for the backout, then the following procedure can be executed to perform a backout. Refer to <u>section 2.2</u> and <u>section 2.4</u> for the Backout process overview.

#### Procedure 24: Server B Backout

S	This procedure pro	vides instructions to perform backout on MPS B server.
Т	1 1	1
E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	Note: Execute this pr	ocedure if only MPS B has been upgraded successfully and MPS A is still at the
"	pre-upgrade release.	
	Note: If the upgrade	has been accepted, this procedure cannot be executed.
1		
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the
		serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected
		at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A
		cards adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
		Skip to step 5, if connected through serial console.
2.	Create a terminal	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect
	window and establish a connection by logging	directly into MPS A.
	into MPS A.	
		# ssh admusr@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
	Log in to MPS A.	
3.	MPS A: Verify that	# auda au anonanfia
	the state of PDBA	# sudo su - epapconfig
	Proxy Feature is No.	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
	Note: Skip this step	
	for Non-Prov and	
	PDBonly EPAP.	

/EPAP Configuration Menu\
1   Display Configuration
2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3   Set Time Zone
4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
   5   Change Password
   6   Platform Menu
   7   Configure NTP Server
   8   PDB Configuration Menu
   9   Security
   10   SNMP Configuration
   11   Configure Alarm Feed
   12   Configure Query Server
   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
   15   Mate Disaster Recovery
   e   Exit
\/
Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured Backup Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473

4.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	EPAP A Static NAT Address= Not configuredEPAP B Static NAT Address= Not configuredPDBI Port= 5873Remote MPS A Static NAT Address= Not configuredRemote MPS A HTTP Port= 80Local Provisioning VIP= 192.168.15.152Remote PDBA Address= 192.168.15.172Local PDBA Address= 192.168.16.115Remote PDBA Address= 192.168.16.116Time Zone= America/New_YorkPDB Database= ExistsPreferred PDB= StandbyAllow updates from alternate PDB= YesAuto DB Recovery Enabled= YesPDBA Proxy Enabled= YesIf PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.19 on both PDBAActive and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxyfeatures.Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.26 to clearreplication logsOtherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
5.	MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	<pre>\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:</pre>
		<b>\$ sudo minicom mate</b> If above command fails then refer to <u>Procedure A.24</u>
6.	MPS B: Login prompt is	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
	displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
7.	<b>MPS B</b> : Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in.
		<hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>

8.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu	\$ sudo su – platcfg	
9.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit	
10.	MPS B: Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].	

		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit Do you really want to reject the upgrade? Yes No Note: USB should be removed before initiating the backout on the server otherwise the system will not recover properly and will indicate a drive failure during backout.
11.	MPS B: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.
		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.
		The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
12.	MPS B: Verify the Backout	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.

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13.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <b>not</b> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section for further instructions.
		If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then continue with the following step.
14.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
		# sudo init 6
15.	MPS B: Reboot completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		######################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prere17.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:
16.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
17.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different.
		Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
		Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018
		Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
		Check date time on MPS B using following command:
#### Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		\$ date
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018
		If both are not come then not the data time value on MDC D come on of MDC A
		If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A.
		Use following command:
		First switch user to root:
		\$ su – root
		•
		Password:
		Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow:
		Hudete e dete time of MDC As
		# date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""></data-time>
		[root@Natal-B ~]# date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018"
		Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018
		[root@Natal-B ~]#
		Dana
10		Done.
18.	MPS B: Clear MySQL	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error:
	replication error banner	\$ manageBannerInfo -1
	message, if any	
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were
		reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart
		Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Evenute the following command to convite EviDB database from B converte A
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A
		server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user.
		, , , , ,
		<pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication</pre>
		Resetting MySql Replication
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the
		database from
		one side of the pair to the other side and then
		resetting the MySql
		replication pointers.
		Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y
		Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B
		Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y
		Removing the index and info files from EPAP A
		Replication files successfully removed from the mate
		server.
L		1

#### Procedure 24: Server B Backout

19.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting mate slave Resetting mate slave Starting local slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Starting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost" \$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. # manageBannerInfo -1 Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If backout of major upgrade was performed, the syscheck utility will report the "300000000000002 - Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring. May also report the following: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
20.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP- B A card's adapter. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>
21.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.

#### Procedure 24: Server B Backout

22.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

#### The application should now be running at the original software release level

#### Procedure 25 Backout both Server A and B

#### Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

S T	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on both MPS A and MPS B servers.			
Ε	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
P #	Note: Execute this procedure only if both MPS A and MPS B have been upgraded or partially upgraded and you wish to backout both servers to the previous version.			
	Note: If the upgrade	Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be performed.		
	Note: Database changes post upgrade and before backout might be lost after performing backout procedure			
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.		
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>		
		Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.		
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled " <b>MPS A – from MPS B</b> ", connect directly into MPS B.		
	Log into MPS B.	# ssh admusr@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>		
3.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.		
		\$ screen -L		
	<b>MPS B</b> : Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:		

4.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre>\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24. <hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
5.	<b>MPS A:</b> Log in to the server as user "admusr".	Log in as 'admusr' <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
6.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No. Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	<b># sudo su - epapconfig</b> Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
1   Display Configuration
2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3   Set Time Zone
4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
   5   Change Password
   6   Platform Menu
   7   Configure NTP Server
   8   PDB Configuration Menu
   9   Security
   10   SNMP Configuration
   11   Configure Alarm Feed
   12   Configure Query Server
   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
   15   Mate Disaster Recovery
   e   Exit
\/
Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured Backup Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473

		EPAP A Static NAT Address= Not configuredEPAP B Static NAT Address= Not configuredPDBI Port= 5873Remote MPS A Static NAT Address= Not configuredRemote MPS A HTTP Port= 80Local Provisioning VIP= 192.168.15.152Remote Provisioning VIP= 192.168.15.115Remote PDBA Address= 192.168.16.115Remote PDBA Address= 192.168.16.115Remote PDBA B Address= 192.168.16.116Time Zone= America/New_YorkPDB Database= ExistsPreferred PDB= StandbyAllow updates from alternate PDB= YesAuto DB Recovery Enabled= YesPDBA Proxy Enabled= YesPDBA Proxy Enabled= YesOtherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then proceed with the next step.	
7.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.26 to clear replication logs Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.	
8.	MPS A: Execute the platcfg menu	\$ sudo su – platcfg	
9.	MPS A: Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit	

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#### Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
10.	MPS A: Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].
		Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit
		Yes No
		<b>Note:</b> USB should be removed before initiating the backout on the server otherwise the system will not recover properly and will indicate a drive failure during backout.
11.	MPS A: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.

#### Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

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logs, then page or the ons.
ving steps:
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		*****
		1464603884: Upstart Job syscheck: started ####################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prere17.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
16	MDC A. Varify Llealth of	
16.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A
		The syscheck utility may report the "500000000000002 - Server Application
		Process Error" for PDBA, if the pdba software is not running.
		May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000000000 Platform Health Check
		Failure
		<ul> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.</li> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000000000 Server</li> </ul>
		Default Route Network Error
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
17.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the
		serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected
		at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A
		cards adapter and use it for serial access.
		Skip to step 21, if connected through serial console.
18.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.
	into MPS A.	
		# ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
	Log into MPS A.	

Procedure 25: Ba	ckout both MPS A and B
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19.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.  \$ screen -L	
	<b>MPS A</b> : Connect to the console of MPS B.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: <b>\$ sudo minicom mate</b> If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.	
20.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname>	
21.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>	
22.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu	\$ sudo su – platcfg	
23.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit	

		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
24.	MPS B: Reject Upgrade	Select the "Reject Upgrade" menu and press [ENTER].
25.	MPS B: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.
		The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
26.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
27.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <b>not</b> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section for further instructions.
		If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
28.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
		\$ init 6
29.	MPS B: Login to MPS B.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		*******
		1464603884: Upstart Job syscheck: started ####################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prere17.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:

30. 31.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A. Log into MPS A <b>MPS A</b> : Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""> Password: <password> Execute the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session: \$ screen -dr</password></mps>
32.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different. Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password: Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""> [root@Natal-B ~]# date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~]# Done.</data-time></password></hostname></password></hostname>

33.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
34.	MPS B: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error: <b>\$ manageBannerInfo</b> -1
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user
		<pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql replication pointers. Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server. Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying BuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave Resetting local master Resetting local slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Resetting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" \$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. \$ manageBannerInfo -1</password></password></pre>

35.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
36.	<b>MPS A:</b> Check if RTDB and PDBA databases are synchronized update this	Execute the following command to check the RTDB and PDB database levels: <b>\$ sudo dbstattool</b> The outlook may look like:
	Note: Skip this step	DBSTATTOOL Platform=EPAP
	for PDBonly setup.	pdb_birthdate= 1399621904 (Fri May 9 03:51:44 2014)pdb_level= 1rtdb_pdb_birthdate= 1399621904 (Fri May 9 03:51:44 2014)rtdb_begin_dsm_level= 1rtdb_end_dsm_level= 1rtdb_dsm_status= 1rtdb_load_state= 0EAGLE_fmt_rdb_birthdate= 1981720860 (EAGLE format - be careful!)EAGLE_fmt_rdb_baddr= 0Ubalast_upd_ipaddr= 0ydbstattool_pad1= 0dbstattool_pad3= 0dbstattool_timestamp= 0 (Wed Dec 31 19:00:00 1969)rtdb_version= 4
37.	Reboot EAGLE Cards.	If the DB levels on EPAP and EAGLE matches and there is no alarm on EAGLE related to "RTDB reload is required", go to step 37. Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state. If this is a Non-Provisionable EPAP, boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time). If this is a Provisionable(mixed EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP, and the second MPS A on which backout has been executed, reboot the rest of the cards on both local and remote sides over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
38.	Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

The application should now be running at the original software release level

## Procedure 26 Stop the Pdba software

#### Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

	-	
S T		o the PDBA software before major upgrade. completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
E P #	IF THIS PROCEDU ASSISTANCE.	RE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE</u></b>
	•	rmed, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the s. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.
1.	MPS A: Log in to the	
	server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	<b>MPS A</b> : Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
		Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted.
		May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000000000000 Platform Health Check Failure
		<ul> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.</li> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000</li></ul>
		1600104e.01.1649.3071 califiot be pinged:
3.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba software running	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:
	or not.	\$ ps -aef   grep pdba   grep -∨ "grep"
		If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then move to the next step.
		[epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -eaf   grep "pdba"   grep -v "grep" epapdev 14165 11068 0 02:59 ? 00:00:07 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba

#### Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

		Otherwise, skip the next step as Pdba software already stopped.
4.	MPS A: Turn off the	Execute the command below to find the current status of
	PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ ALLOWED flag to stop	PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag.
	provisioning during upgrade.	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit   grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED
	Note: This step	Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED"
	must be performed	is set to "OFF".
	in case of upgrade and PDBA software	Turn off the PDBA REMOTE PDBI ALLOWED flag by running below command if
	needs to be	output of previous command is blank or not set to "OFF"
	restarted, for this	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED OFF
	change to take	"PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF"
	effect.	
5.	MPS A: Stop the Pdba software.	Run the following command:
		[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ service Pdba stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
		PDBA application stopped.
6.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba	
	software running or not	Repeat above step 3.
7.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
8.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

## Procedure 27 Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade)

When upgrade is initiated on the first MPS-B, the PDBA software process is stopped on the MPS-A servers configured as **Provisionable**(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). The PDBA software is intentionally left stopped, and so the operator performing the upgrade must restart the PDBA software after all MPS servers in a set of EPAP systems have been upgraded.

**WARNING:** If a backout of the MPS A and B units is conducted sometime after an upgrade has successfully completed and after Provisioning has been re-enabled, then the only method of PDB restoration is from backup file. In this case, any new data provisioned since the successful completion of the upgrade will be lost and will need to be re-provisioned.

S T E P #	completed. Check off (√) each step as it is IF THIS PROCEDU	carts the PDBA software after upgrade of all associated MPS systems has been completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
If b	ASSISTANCE.	rmed, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the
		s. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.
1.	Local MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Local MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
		Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code. * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000000000000 Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
3.	MPS A: Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ ALLOWED flag to enable PDB to accept updates from remote PDBI.	Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit   grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED
	Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software needs to be restarted, for this change to take effect.	Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" or no output is displayed [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED ON "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON"

#### Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

4		
4.	Move back the pdba binary from pdba_stopped to pdba	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [root@Quito-a bin]#
5.	Local MPS A: Restart the PDBA software.	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:
	On the menu, click	\$ ps -aef   grep pdba   grep -v "grep"
	PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.
		[epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -aef   grep pdba  grep -v "grep" epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba
		Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.
		Α
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software?
		Start PDBA Software
		Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
6.	Local MPS A: Verify	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A Verify that syscheck
	PDBA is running.	does <b>not</b> show that the PDBA is <b>not</b> running.
		May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000000000 Platform Health Check
		Failure
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.
7.	Remote MPS A: Log in to	
	the server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
8.	<b>Remote MPS A</b> : Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
		Expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not
		running. This will appear as a "5000000000000002 Server Application
		Process Error" alarm. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other
		abnormalities are noted.
		May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000000000 Platform Health Check
		Failure
	1	* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.

#### Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

		<ul> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000</li></ul>
9.	Remote MPS A: Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	<ul> <li>Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:</li> <li>\$ ps -aef   grep pdba   grep -v "grep"</li> <li>If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.</li> <li>epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba</li> <li>Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.</li> </ul>
		A Start Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software? Start PDBA Software Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
10.	<b>Remote MPS A</b> : Verify PDBA is running.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Verify that syscheck does <i>not</i> show that the PDBA is <i>not</i> running. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::3000000000000000000 Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
11.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:  \$ date

#### Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

# THIS COMPLETES THE BACKOUT

Confidential - Oracle Restricted

## APPENDIX A GENERIC PROCEDURES

## Procedure A.1 Perform System Health Check

#### Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

S T	This procedure perfo	orms a system health check on any MPS server.
E	Check off ( $$ ) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u>.</b>
# 1.	Log in as the admusr	
	user.	<hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	Select the Diagnostics submenu.	The platofg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Diagnostics and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit
4.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu and press [ENTER].          Diagnostics Menu         Online Diagnostics         Network Diagnostics         View Upgrade Logs         Alarm Manager         Platform Revision         Exit
5.	Select the Non- Verbose option.	Select the <b>Non-Verbose</b> option and press [ENTER].

6.	Examine the output of	Online Diagnostics Menu         Non Verbose         Verbose         Exit    Example output shown below. Examine the actual output of the Online
	the Online Diagnostics.	<pre>Diagnostics. Platform Configuration Utility Copyright (C) 2003, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostame: Natal-A Online Diagnostics Output Running modules in class disk</pre>
7.	System Check	Exit from the above menu.
	Successful. System Check Failure.	If the System Check was successful, return to the procedure that you came here from. If the "Server Disk Space Shortage Error" was there in the output, proceed to step 8 to clean up the '/' directory. syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000000000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code

## Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

		<ul> <li>* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000</li></ul>
		If any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section .
8.	Server clean-up to	Execute the following command:
	create space.	\$ df -h /var/TKLC
		The output may look like:
		[root@Quito-a core]# df -h /var/TKLC Filesystem
		Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 7.8G 2.3G 5.1G 31% /var/TKLC
		Verify that there is at least 600M in the Avail column. If not, clean up files until there is space available.
		CAUTION: Make sure you know what files you can remove safely before cleaning up. It is recommended that you only clean up files in the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory as this is a platform owned directory that should only contain ISO images. This directory should not be expected to contain images for any length of time as they can get purged.
		Also, execute the following command to check space in '/lib/module' directory.
		\$ df -h /lib/modules
		[root@Quito-a core]# df -h /lib/modules Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 7.8G 4.7G 2.8G 64% /usr
		[root@Quito-a core]#
9.	Procedure complete.	Verify that the Use% column does not exceed the value 80%. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	
L		\$ date

## Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

## Procedure A.2 Validate Upgrade Media

This procedure is used to execute a validation of the Upgrade Media (typically an ISO image) separately from executing an upgrade. The upgrade process automatically validates the upgrade media. However, sometime the user may wish to perform just a validation before proceeding with upgrade, thus the reason for this separate process.

Validation could be performed on MPS A or B, however, this procedure specifies MPS X for simplicity.

#### Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

S	This procedure provi	des instructions to perform a validation of the upgrade media on the MPS X
Т	server. This procedure assumes that the E5-APP-B card IPM procedure has been executed and the	
Ε	user has an EPAP Upg	grade ISO image available.
P		
#	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is	completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	IF THIS PROCEDU	RE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE
	ASSISTANCE.	,,
1.	MPS X: If necessary, log	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then login as user "admusr".
	in to the server as the	
	user "admusr".	<hostname> console login: admusr</hostname>
		password: <password></password>
2.	MPS X: Execute the	
	platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	MPS X: Select the	
	Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg <b>Main Menu</b> appears.
		On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].
		r Main Menu
		Maintenance
		Maintenance Diagnostics
		Server Configuration
		Security
		Remote Consoles
		Network Configuration
		Exit
		In case of Dual Image Upgrade, Select the Dual Image upgrade menu and press
		[ENTER]

	II	
		Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
4.	MPS X: Select the Upgrade/Dual Image Upgrade submenu based on the type of Installation.	In case of fresh install, select the <b>Upgrade</b> menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
5.	MPS X: Select the Validate Media selection.	Select the Validate Media menu and press [ENTER]. In case of Fresh install, you will see the below menu: Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit In case of Dual Image Upgrade you will see the below menu:

#### Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

		Dual Image Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Background Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Exit
6.	MPS X: Output from the Validate Media selection.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below. If the upgrade media is not found, follow <b>Procedure A.12</b> to copy the upgrade ISO. Select the upgrade media or ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section. <b>Choose Upgrade Media Menu</b> <b>EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso</b> - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 <b>Exit</b> In case of Dual Image Upgrade, you will get the following menu: <b>Choose Upgrade Media Menu</b> <b>EPAP-17.0.0.5.0_170.26.0-x86_64-Mixed-NonProv-DIU.1so</b> - 17.0.0.5.0_170.26\$ <b>Exit</b>

## Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

	Appendix A.2 Va	alidate the Upgrade Media
7.	<b>MPS X</b> : View the Validation results.	The results of the validation will be displayed, similar to the example below. Press the "enter" key to continue.
		Validating cdrom Validating cdrom Validating cdrom Validating cdrom Validating var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0-x86_64.iso DatesTime: 2020-04-13 05:33:26 Volume ID: 16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0 Part Number: N/A Version: 16.4.0.0.0_163.4.0 Disc Label: EPAP Disc description: EPAP The media validation is complete, the result is: FASS CDROM is Valid
		PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCEG MENU.
8.	MPS X: Select the Exit option.	Select the <b>Exit</b> option, and keep selecting the Exit option, until you reach the command line prompt or you return to another menu that you wish to use.
		Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 Exit •
9.	MPS X: Procedure complete.	Media Validation is complete. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
L		

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

## Procedure A.3 System Configuration Backup

	Appendix A.3	System Configuration Backup
S	This procedure p	erforms configuration backup on an MPS Server.
T E P #	, ,	ep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u>.</b>
1.	MPS X: If necessary, log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then login as user "admusr". <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS X: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su – platcfg
3.	<b>MPS X</b> : Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit
4.	MPS X: Select the Backup Platform submenu.	Select the Backup and Restore menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit
5.	MPS X: Select the Backup Platform submenu.	Select the <b>Backup Platform (USB)</b> submenu and press [ENTER].

	Appendix A.3	System Configuration Backup
		Backup Platform(USB) Backup Platform(CD/DVD) Restore Platform Restore USB Archive Exit
6.	MPS X: Backup continues.	The backup continues. The following busy screen may appear.          System Busy         Loading default backup configuration.         •
	<b>MPS X</b> : Select the Build TGZ file only selection.	Select the Build TGZ file only selection and press [ENTER]. Backup TekServer Menu Select Backup Type (plat-app) View Index Table of Contents Select Backup Device( none) Build TGZ file only Backup Eject device Exit
8.	MPS X: Backup complete – select exit.	Once the TGZ has been created, the " <b>Backup TekServer Menu</b> " will be displayed again. Select the Exit option, and keep selecting the Exit option, until you reach the command line prompt.

## Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

9.	MPS X: Transfer the backup file.	The backup file is in the /var/TKLC/bkp directory and will have a name like <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz</hostname>
		Execute the following command to view the backup file:
		<pre>\$ ls -l /var/TKLC/bkp [admusr@Recife-a bkp]\$ ls -l /var/TKLC/bkp/</pre>
		total 5836 -rw-rw 1 root sys 5972128 Sep 11 09:04 Recife-a-plat-app-201809110904.tgz
		-iw-iw i 1000 Sys 39/2120 Sep ii 09.04 Recite-a-plat-app-201009110904.0g2
10.	MPS X: Transfer file	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the ISO to a remote, customer-provided
	to remote machine.	computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/bkp
		<pre>\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""></ip></ip></pre>
		The authenticity of host ' <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established.</ip>
		DSA key fingerprint is
		58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? <b>yes</b>
		Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip>
		root@ <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password:</ip>
		sftp> cd <target directory=""></target>
		<pre>sftp&gt; put <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz Uploading <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat- app-[date][time].tgz</hostname></hostname></hostname></pre>
		sftp> bye
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup
		file to the mate using the following command:
		e e
		\$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/bkp/ <tgz file=""></tgz>
		<pre>\$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""> epapdev@remoteIP:<remote ip="" path=""></remote></tgz></pre>
11.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

## Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

## Procedure A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

Appendix A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

S	This procedure performs the Execution of parse9Dig script.
Т	
Ε	Check off ( $\psi$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Login as the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:
	user "epapdev" on	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>
	standalone PDB.	password: <password></password>
2.	MPS A: Check if	Check whether "parse9Dig" script is present on setup or not.
	"parse9Dig" script is	
	present on setup.	Execute following command:
		\$ Is -Irt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		[epapdev@Natal-a-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -lrt
		/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		-rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Oct 10 16:23
		/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		If output is same as above then proceed to step 4 otherwise proceed with
		following step.
		Tonowing step.
3.	MPS A: Execute the	
	"parse9Dig" script on	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.
	standalone PDB.	Everyte the "parseQDig" script and everying the result
		Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result.
		\$/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u
		<pre>[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u</pre>
		This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.
		Vtility Start Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31
		Parsing DN digits into 9digits
		INFO: DN 9dig count 2.
		REPLACE INTO dn9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0500000000"),1),(UNHEX("0600000000"),1);
		Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.
		REPLACE INTO imsi9dig VALUES (UNHEX("OD001234567"),3), (UNHEX("06000000000"),1), (UNHEX("070000000 09"),1), (UNHEX("08000000044"),1), (UNHEX("0800000023"),2), (UNHEX("05000000000"),1), (UNHEX("080000 00077"),1), (UNHEX("0800000099"),1), (UNHEX("0800000088"),1);
		Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.
		REPLACE INTO imei9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0E012345678"),2);
		Utility End Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31
4		
4.	MPS A: Procedure is	This procedure is complete.
	complete.	
5.	Note down the	Run the following command:
Ш	timestamp in log.	

\$ date		
		\$ date

## Procedure A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

S	This procedure incre	ease rtVolume size for Non-prov.
T E	Check off (√) each step a	s it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u></b> .
	. Skip this procedure for	mixed EPAP and standalone EPAP.
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir_300gb" script for E5-APP-B cards with 300GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, execute this step. If instead, EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, skip this step and go to step 3. Download the rtdir_300gb script zip file from My Oracle Support(MOS) ( <u>https://support.oracle.com</u> ). The zip file is available on MOS under Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor 16.3.0.0.0. Place the zip file in the /tmp directory. Unzip the file: \$ unzip <zip file="" from="" mos="" name=""> \$ cat Readme.txt Follow the directions in the Readme.txt file. Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir_300gb Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this</zip>
		action is irreversible. Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes
		<pre>INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.</pre>

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

	Appendix A.5	Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov
		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while
		executing rtdir script:
		<pre>myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MVI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 23350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 23359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 23359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 23410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/war/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/war/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/war/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' Sign at the price optication test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. 'WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.). Skip step 3 and continue with step 4.</pre>
3.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir" script for E5- APP-B cards with	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, do not execute this step. Instead, execute step 2. If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, execute this step.
	480GB drive modules.	Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir
		<pre>Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible. Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.</pre>

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

	Appendix A.5	Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov
		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while
		executing rtdir script:
		<pre>myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25300: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 2539: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB.</pre>
		THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.).
4.	MPS A: Verify	
	rtVolume size using	[epapdev@Arica-1A ~]\$ df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
	command "df -h".	Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat root
		976M 288M 637M 32% /
		tmpfs 3.9G 0 3.9G 0% /dev/shm
		/dev/md1 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp 976M 2.0M 923M 1%/tmp
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat usr
		3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var
		976M 206M 720M 23% /var
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc
		3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-free
		320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-logs
		20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-rt
		82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt
		Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

5.	MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or "rtdir_300gb" script.	After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.
6.	MPS B: Procedure completed.	This procedure is completed.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

## Procedure A.6 PDB Backup

## Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

S T E P #	This procedure performs a PDB backup on the EPAP server configured as a Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) node. This procedure should only be performed on the active PDBA. <b>Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored. In case another backup is required, workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pdb backup and then delete it.</b> Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.</b>		
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>	
2.	Run syscheck.	Execute the following Command: <b>\$ syscheck</b> Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000	
3.	Verify the System Check executed successfully. In particular, verify that the PDBA process is running by noting that	Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class net Running modules in class proc OK	
	Appendix A.0 Pl	ла Баскир	
----	---	---	
	syscheck does not	Running modules in class system OK	
	generate an alarm against the PDBA process.	Running modules in class hardware OK	
		The log is available at: >/var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log	
		If the syscheck utility reports the "5000000000000002 – Server Application Process Error" alarm, restart the PDBA and execute syscheck again. The above alarm should be removed. If the above alarm is not removed, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle Support</b> section	
4.	System Check Verifies that PDBA is running.	If the syscheck does not report any errors, proceed to the next step. Otherwise, if any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the <b>My Oracle</b> <b>Support</b> section. Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000	
5.	Log into epapconfig.	su – admusr	
		\$ sudo su - epapconfig	
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	
6.	Main menu is displayed.	Menu for mixed-EPAP:	
	Select Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\	
		/\   1   Display Configuration	
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		   3   Set Time Zone	
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5   Change Password	
		6   Platform Menu	
		7   Configure NTP Server	
		8   PDB Configuration Menu	
		9   Security	
		10   SNMP Configuration	
		11   Configure Alarm Feed	

## Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

	Appendix A.6 PI	DB Backup
7.	Platform menu is displayed. Select PDB Backup.	12       Configure Query Server         13       Configure Query Server Alarm Feed         14       Configure Server Alarm Feed         15       Mate Disaster Recovery
8.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y.	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_DBExpPdbOnly_20180613055813_DBBirthd ate 20180613072847GMT DBLevel 6507 v7.50.bkp.tar.gz? [N]:
9.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen. Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored.	Successfully started backup of PDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner. Press return to continue Note: If following error is displayed instead of success, then you need to delete all pdbBackup from free directory in order to schedule new pdbBackup. E1058: An internal error in the EPAP occurred: pdbBackup already exists in free directory.

<b></b>			
		Press return to continue	
10.	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.	
11.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.	
12.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer- provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free	
		<pre>\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp&gt; cd <target directory=""> sftp&gt; put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel _bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel&gt;.bkp .tar.gz sftp&gt; bye</br></hostname></hostname></dblevel></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip></pre> If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ <pdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/</pdb>	
13.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.	
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

# Procedure A.7 RTDB Backup

## Note: Skip this procedure for PDBonly setup.

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

S T	This procedure performs an RTDB backup on the EPAP server.	
T E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
# 1.	MPS : Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login to the MPS server. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Enter the epapconfig	Execute the following command:
	menu.	\$ sudo su - epapconfig
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at
		/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
3.	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	
		/EPAP Configuration Menu
		1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password   
		6   Platform Menu
		   7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   Security   
		9   SNMP Configuration
		   10   Configure Alarm Feed
		11   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   12   Mate Disaster Recovery
		   e   Exit
		\/

	Appendix A.7 Ri	ПОВ васкир
		Enter Choice: 6
4.	Platform menu is displayed. Select RTDB Backup.	<pre>/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /   1   Initiate Upgrade     </pre>
5.	The Application software must be stopped.	If the EPAP application software is running, you will be prompted to stop the software for the RTDB backup. Select with a "Y". EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y
6.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y.	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/ rtdbBackup_Recife-A_20140530151806.tar.gz? [N]:
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	Successfully started backup of RTDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner. Press return to continue
8.	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt. Continue exiting until you get to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
9.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
		<b>Note:</b> On performing RTDB backup following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb backup is getting completed
		ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb. Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0, core = 0.

#### Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

		-
10.	Restart the EPAP Software.	Restart the EPAP application software.
		<pre>\$ sudo /etc/init.d/Epap start</pre>
11.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the RTDB backup file to a remote, customer- provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		<pre>\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp&gt; cd <target directory=""> sftp&gt; put rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz Uploading rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz sftp&gt; bye</hostname></hostname></hostname></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip></pre>
		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<rtdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</rtdb></pre>
12.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
13.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:  \$ date

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

# Procedure A.8 EuiDB Backup

# Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

S	This procedure performs a backup of the User database on the MPS server.
T	
E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
Р #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.

1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	<hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execute the following Command:
		\$ sudo su - epapconfig
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
3.	Master menu is	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
Ш	displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/ 1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		   3   Set Time Zone   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password
		   6   Platform Menu
		   7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu
		   9   Security
		   10   SNMP Configuration
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed
		   12   Configure Query Server
		   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   15   Mate Disaster Recovery
		   e   Exit
		\/
4.	Platform menu is	Enter Choice: 6
	displayed. Select MySQL Backup.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\
		1   Initiate Upgrade   
		2   Reboot MPS
		3   MySQL Backup

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

	Appendix A.8 E	игов васкир
		4   RTDB Backup   
5.	You will then be prompted to verify that you want to backup the MySQL Database.	Are you sure you want to backup the MySQL database on MPS A? [N]:
6.	Type "Y" and press enter.	Press Y
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	NPDB Backed up Successfully to /var/TKLC/appl/free/ <file name=""></file>
8.	Exit this menu and return to the Unix login prompt. Continue exiting until you get to the Unix login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
9.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	<pre>Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the NPDB backup file to a remote, customer- provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free \$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip></ip></ip></ip></pre>
		<pre>root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp&gt; cd <target directory=""> sftp&gt; put npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz Uploading npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz to npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz sftp&gt; bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev</hostname></hostname></hostname></target></ip></pre>

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

	Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup		
		\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ <npdb backup="" file=""> epapdev @mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</npdb>	
10.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.	
11.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	

# Procedure A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

# Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

S	This procedure pro	wides instructions to reload RTDB from PDBA.
T E P	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	CRACLE   Username:   Password:   Login
2.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Put EPAP in Force Standby Mode.	A Change Forced Standby Status
	Expand the "Maintenance" Folder.	<i>i</i> INFO: The STANDBY restriction is NOT currently in place for EPAP A.
	Expand the "Force Standby" Folder.	CAUTION: This action will prevent this EPAP from updating the RTDB until the STANDBY restriction is removed (by executing this menu item again).
	Select the "Change Status" link.	Activate STANDBY Restriction
	Click on "Activate STANDBY Restriction" Button.	A Change Forced Standby Status ✓ SUCCESS: The STANDBY restriction is now ON.

3.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Reload RTDB from PDBA.	A Reload RTDB from PDBA
	Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Select the "Reload from PDBA" link. Click on the "Reload" Button. Observe the "SUCCESS" Status.	CAUTION: This action will cause the selected RTDB to be completely reloaded from the PDBA. Once the action is started, the RTDB will be imusable until the reload is completed. It is necessary for this EPAP to be in Forced Standby mode to ensure that it will not attempt to become ACTIVE while the reload is in progress.         Continue with the reload only if you are sure.         Reload RTDB from PDBA         Output         SUCCESS: The reload has been initiated. You can check its progress by viewing the RTDB status. Also, an informational message has been added to the Banner. The message will be cleared when the reload is complete.
4.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Wait for completion. Observe the GUI informational message and wait for the RTDB Reload completion message before proceeding.	
5.	EPAP A: Remove EPAP from Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link.	A       Change Forced Standby Status         i       INFO: The STANDBY restriction is currently in place for EPAP A.         Image: CAUTION: This action will allow this EPAP to resume updating the RTDB.         Remove STANDBY Restriction

# Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

	Click on "Remove STANDBY Restriction"	A		Change	e Forced Standby Status
	Button.	🖌 SUCC	ESS: The ST	ANDBY restriction	on is now OFF.
6.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Verify RTDB status.	A			View RTDB Status
	Expand the "RTDB"			I and DTD	ND Status
	Folder.	DB Status:	Coherent	Local RTD Audit Enabled:	
	Select the "View RTDB Status" link.	RTDB Level:	1	RTDB Birthday:	05/22/2014 14:57:49 GMT
		PDB Level: Counts:	IMSIs=0, D	Ns=0, DN Blocks	05/09/2014 07:51:44 GMT s=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0
		Tables: DB Size:	IMSI=0, DN 3 M	N=0, IMEI=0, ASI	
		Reload:	None	MinDsmSz:	0 MB (0)
			d from PD egged in c	BA completed	d banner message will not be observer letetion of RTDB Reload from PDBA is ync is observed
7.	Procedure complete.	Return to the proc	edure tha	it you came h	ere from.
8.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following \$ date	command	:	

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

# Procedure A.10 RTDB Restore

# Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.		
T E P #	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	EPAP A: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".		

2.	EPAP A: Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	Image: PPA P. i uidmin       Stop EPAP Software         Image: Software       Stop Software         Image: Software       Stop Software         Image: Software       Stop Software         Image: Software       Control Not Software<
		SUCCESS: The EPAP Software has been stopped.
		Tue January 06 2015 10:29:53 EST Copyright © 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
3.	EPAP A: Restore RTDB. On the menu, click RTDB->Maintenance- >Restore RTDB Select the backup file, then click "Restore RTDB from the Selected File" Button	A       Restore the RTDB         Select Mare       Restore the RTDB         Star Software       Star Software         Star Software       RtDB         Waiterance       RtDB         Maiterance       RtDB         RtDB       Restore The RTDB         RtDB       RtB         RtDB       RtB         RtDB       RtB         RtB       RtB         RtB       RtB         Restore TDBA       RtB         Restore TDBA       RtB         Restore RTDB       Copyright © 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.         A       Restore RTDB
		CAUTION: This action will restore the RTDB from the specified file on the selected EPAP. The EPAP software must be stopped on the selected EPAP in order for the restore to be allowed. Select Type Originating Host File Name File Size Creation Time
	Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button	Select       Type       Originating Host       File Name       File Size       Creation Time <ul> <li>rtdbBackup</li> <li>Rectife-A</li> <li>rtdbBackup Rectife-A</li> <li>577K bytes</li> <li>Tue January 06 2015 10:25:35 EST</li> </ul> Restore RTDB from the Selected File.           A         Restore the RTDB           Image: CAUTION: This backup file may be incompatible with your system.           Are you sure that you want to restore the RTDB from the file         Cause Cusco-A_20181128103003_DBBirthdate_20141015030619GMT_DBLevel_78687002_v4.72.bkp.tar.gz ?           Confirm RTDB Restore

		<b>NOTE:</b> Caution message regarding "incompatible file" is displayed in above	
		snapshot as the backup file is taken on RTDB version 4 and is being restored on	
		RTDB version 5.	
		Restore successfully started:	
		A Restore the RTDB	
		SUCCESS: Successfully started restore of RTDB from file rtdbBackup_Floater- 03_20170510021047_v4.72.bkp.tar.gz. Restore status will be displayed on Banner message window.	
		Wed June 13 2018 16:38:09 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	
4.	EPAP A: Make EPAP		
	down.	Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress:	
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message	A Informational Messages	
	on EPAP GUI confirming that restore		
	RTDB is in progress.	Informational Messages	
		Restore RTDB in progress	
		Wed June 13 2018 16:39:09 EDT	
	An IM alarm should be	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	
	observed with informational message	Copyright @ 2000, 2010, Cracle and of its annates. An rights reserved.	
	on EPAP GUI confirming that restore		
	RTDB completed		
	successfully.		
	Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button		

		Conferming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully:		
		A Informational Messages		
		Informational Messages		
		Restore RTDB completed successfully		
		Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT		
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.		
-		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Clatle and of its animates. All rights reserved.		
5.	EPAP A: RTDB converter is started.	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup		
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion in progress.	where DB Architecture is eXtreme):		
	progress.	A Informational Messages		
	An IM alarm should be	Informational Messages		
	observed with	RTDB Conversion in progress		
	informational message on EPAP GUI	Wed June 13 2018 16:55:42 EDT		
	confirming that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.		

		A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		RTDB conversion completed successfully
		Fri June 15 2018 00:37:57 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		Noto: On performing DTDP Destors following two error wars observed in saidhe file although ridh
		<b>Note:</b> On performing RTDB Restore following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb
		restore is getting completed
		ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb.
		Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0,
		core = 0.
6.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
7.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

# Procedure A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

#### Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.		
T E P #	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	EPAP B: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".		

		CRACLE       Username:         COMMUNICATIONS       Password:         Login
2.	EPAP B: Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	EPAP B: uadmin       Stop EPAP Software         Stors Status       Stop Status         Stop Status       Stop Status         Stop Status       CAUTON: The action will stop all EPAP software processes, and will prevent the selected EPAP from spdaing the RTDB unit the EPAP software is made (by executing the Statt Software menu item).         Process Carbon       Cauton: The action will stop all EPAP software processes, and will prevent the selected EPAP from spdaing the RTDB unit the EPAP software is made (by executing the Statt Software menu item).         Will been Administration       Cauge Plansmed         Lingual       Check if you want the software to automatically start to refloor.         Stop EPAP Software       Stop EPAP software         Stop EPAP Software
		B Stop EPAP Software ✓ SUCCESS: The EPAP Software has been stopped. Tue January 06 2015 11:22:17 EST
3.	EPAP B: Reload RTDB from Remote. On the menu, click RTDB->Maintenance- >Reload from Remote Select Mate. Click "Begin RTDB Reload from Remote" Button	NOTE: If reload is attempted from a remote Non-Prov site, kindly exchange the keys between this Non-Prov and the Non-Prov from where reload is being attempted. If reload is from mate, no need to do anything.         B       Reload RTDB from Remote         This action will copy the RTDB from the specified source machine to the local machine. The EPAP software must be stopped on both the source and destination machine in order for the copy to be allowed.         Source EPAP:       Mate
4.	Click "Confirm RTDB Reload from Remote" Button EPAP B: Reload RTDB	Begin RTDB Reload from Remote         Tee March 01 2016 09:18:31 E9T         Copyright © 2000, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.         B       Reload RTDB from Remote         Are you sure that you want to reload the RTDB from the mate?         Confirm RTDB Reload from Remote
	from Mate An IM alarm should be observed with informational message	

# Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

	on EPAP GUI	
	confirming the start of the reload process	B Informational Messages
	An informational alarm should be displayed with informational message when the reload is complete	<b>Informational Messages</b> Reload RTDB from mate in progress
	reload is complete	Tue June 12 2018 18:57:47 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		B Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		Reload RTDB from mate completed successfully
		Tue June 12 2018 19:01:21 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.	MPS A and B:	
	Restart the GUI	
	Server process.	
		Login to EPAP cli as root user:
		Login: root
		Password: <root_password></root_password>
		Run following commands to restart GUI server process
		\$ pkill gs
6.	<b>MPS A and B:</b> Start the Epap software on EPAP A and B.	Execute the following command on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Servers:
		<pre>\$ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ Service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

EPAP application started.	
<pre>\$ \$ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ ssh mate \$</pre>	
\$ [epapdev@Manaus-b~]\$ Service Epap start	
~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.	
\$ [epapdev@Manaus-b ~]\$ exit	
logout	
Execute the following command on EPAP 17.0 to start EPAP Services:	
[epapdev@Manaus-a logs]# systemctl start Epap	
[epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ ssh mate	
	1
This system has been upgraded but the upgrade has not yet	I
been accepted or rejected. Please accept or reject the	
upgrade soon.	
	==
Last login: Fri Jan 20 03:50:19 2023	
[epapdev@Manaus-b ~]\$ systemctl start Epap	
[epapdev@Manaus-b ~]\$ exit	
logout	
Connection to mate closed.	
==== AUTHENTICATING FOR org.freedesktop.systemd1.manage-units =	===
Authentication is required to start 'Epap.service'.	
Authenticating as: epapdev user (epapdev) Password:	
==== AUTHENTICATION COMPLETE ====	
[epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$	
7. MPS A:	
Checking the RTDB Status	

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

		В	View RTDB Status
	Log onto the GUI of the A server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is Coherent	Local RTDB Status       DB Status: Coherent     Audit Enabled: Yes       RTDB Levet 8     RTDB Birthday:     12/31/2014 15:01:20 GMT       PDB Levet 8     PDB Birthday:     12/31/2014 15:01:20 GMT       Counts:     IMSIs=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASD=0       Tables:     IMSI=0, DN=1, IMEI=0, ASD=0       DB Size:     403 M     MinDamSz:       14336 MB (1105 on epap240m)       Reload:       Unknown	View RTDB Status
	Coherent	RTDB Level:         8         RTDB Birthday:         12/31/2014 15/01/20 GMT           PDB Level:         8         PDB Birthday:         12/31/2014 15/01/20 GMT           Counts:         IMSIs=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASD=0         12/31/2014 15/02/16 GMT           Tables:         IMSI=0, DN=1, IMEI=0, ASD=0         14/36 MB (1105 on epap240m)           DB Size:         403 M         MinDsmSz         14/36 MB (1105 on epap240m)           Reload:         Unknown         14/36 MB (1105 on epap240m)	
8.	Procedure complete.	Procedure Complete.	
9.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	

#### Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

# Procedure A.12 ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

This procedure defines the step to download the ISO from OSDC and copy to the test server at specific path.

C		
S	This procedure provides instructions to download an ISO image from OSDC and copy to the	
Т	required server.	
Ε	1	
Р	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step a	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS X: Log in to the	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr
	server as the "admusr"	password: <admusr_password></admusr_password>
	user.	
2.	MPS X: Run syscheck to	Execute the following command:
	make sure there is no	\$ sudo syscheck
	error.	The output should look like:
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ syscheck
		Running modules in class disk
		OK
		Running modules in class hardware
		OK

Appendix A.12	ISO Image download from OSDC
---------------	------------------------------

	Running modules in class net OK
	Running modules in class proc
	OK Running modules in class system
	OK
	Running modules in class upgrade OK
	LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
	Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code
	* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000 Server
	Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
	fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
MPS X: Verify ISO image doesn't already exist.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
	The output should look like as follows (There is no ISO is present in following example):
	[admusr@Osorna-B-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade/
	total 12 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Feb 19 21:43 . dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Jun 15 2018
	If an ISO image exists, remove it by executing the following command:
	\$ rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/ <iso image=""></iso>
Download the ISO image from OSDC.	Download the ISO image from OSDC(Oracle Software Delivery Cloud).
Copy the ISO from source path to destination path.	NOTE: Skip this step if same ISO is already present on destination folder.
	Copy the ISO image from source path to destination path using scp/ftp command.
	doesn't already exist. Download the ISO image from OSDC. Copy the ISO from source

		Even to the following command on dectination communi-
		Execute the following command on destination server:
		\$ sudo scp <source_username>@<source_server_ip>:/<source_path>/xyz.iso /var/TKLC/upgrade</source_path></source_server_ip></source_username>
		Password: <enter source="" userpassword=""></enter>
		OR,
		Execute the following command on source server:
		<pre>\$ scp /<source_path>/<xyz.iso> admusr@<destination_server_ip>:/var/TKLC/upgrade</destination_server_ip></xyz.iso></source_path></pre>
		Password: <enter admusr="" password=""></enter>
6.	MPS X: Verify ISO image copied on destination path.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		<b>The output should look like:</b> [admusr@hostname ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		total 1599016
		-rr 1 root root 925388800 Aug 23 02:15 EPAP- 16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0-x86_64.iso
		dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Aug 23 02:31
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Sep 11 04:38 .
		Repeat this procedure from step 1 if EPAP ISO file is not as expected.
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using Procedure A.2.
8.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
9.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

#### Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

## Procedure A.13 IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0

#### Note: Both the MPS-A and MPS-B servers can be IPM'ed at the same time.

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0

S
Т

This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server.

Ε	Check off ( $$ ) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.
1. 2.	MPS X: Insert TPD 8.6.0 USB media into the USB port (E5-APP-B) MPS X:	Reboot server # reboot \$\$10,250,78,106 - PuTTY
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set System Time to GMT time, and System Date.	MainAdvancedPCIPnPBootSecurityChipsetExit*System Overview*Use [ENTER], [TAB]**MIBIOS*or [SHIF-TAB] to**MIBIOS*select a field.**Version :08.00.15*select a field.**Use [+] or [-] to*Use [+] or [-] to**ID:0ACAA002*configure system Time.***Select 1****Processor*****Speed:2666HHz****System Memory**Select Screen*System Memory**Select Field*System Date[Dtu 06/21/2012]*Filo Save and Exit**<
3.	MPS X: Select Boot → Hard Disk Drives option	Main       Advanced       PCIPNP       Boot       Security       Chipset       Exit         * Boot Settings       * Specifies the       *         * Boot Settings Configuration       * Priority sequence       *         * Boot Device Priority       * Hard Drives.       *         * Hard Disk Drives       *       *         * Select Screen       *       *         * Select Item       *
4.	MPS X:	



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



	Appendix A.15 IP	
		🛃 root@greenlantern-a:/usr/TKLC/epap/bin
		Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit
		* Exit Options * Exit system setup * * twitterstates the setup * * twitterstates the setup * * Save Changes and Exit * changes. * * Discard Changes and Exit * * Discard Changes * * F10 key can be used *
		* for this operation. * * Load Optimal D************************************
ə.	MPS X: Start the IPM	*       *         v02.61 (C) Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.         voz         Start the IPM process by entering the TPDIvm command at the boot prompt.
	process by entering the TPDIvm command at the boot prompt.	AMIBIOS(C)2006 American Megatrends, Inc. BIOS Date: 11/19/12 13:34:41 Ver: 08.00.15 CPU : Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU L5238 @ 2.66GHz Speed : 2.66 GHz Press DEL to run Setup (F4 on Remote Keyboard) Initializing USB Controllers Done. 8192MB OK USB Device(s): 1 Storage Device Auto-Detecting AHCI PORT 0IDE Hard Disk
		ISOLINUX 6.04 Copyright (C) 1994-2015 H. Peter Anvin et al boot: TPDlvm Loading vmlinuz ok Loading initrd.img

		If the following errors are observed while running the "TPDIvm" command, perform the "TPDIvm scrub": There is a problem with your existing storage configuration or your initial settings, for example a kickstart file. You must resolve this before the installation can proceed. There is a shell available for use which you can access by pressing ctrl-alt-f1 and then ctrl-b 2. Once you have resolved the issue, you can retry the storage scan. If you do not fix it, you will have to exit the installer. Duplicate UUID '00015466-01' found for devices: 'sdc1' and 'sda1' This is usually caused by cloning the device image resulting in duplication of the UUID value, which should be unique. In that case you can either disconnect one of the devices or reformat it. Press ENTER to exit: [[[11~^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^AB^AH^AH^AH^AH^AH^[^[11~[anaconda root@localhost~]#
	MPS X: After a few seconds, additional messages will begin scrolling by on the screen as the Linux kernel boots, and then the drive formatting and file system creation steps will begin.	CentOS-4 i386 Released via the GPL          Formatting         Formatting / file system         Z3x         (Tab>/(Alt-Tab> between elements ) (Space> selects ) (Fl2> next screen
11.	MPS X:	

	Once the drive formatting and file system creation steps are complete, the screen at right will appear indicating that the package installation step is	CentOS-4 1386 Released via the GPL  Package Installation Name : Size : Summary: Install Starting Starting install process, this may
	about to begin.	Total Complet Remainin       Time         82         (Tab>/<(Alt-Tab> between elements + (Space> selects + (F12> next screen))
12.	MPS X:	
	After a few minutes,	
	you will see a screen	
	similar to that at	
	right, showing the	
	status af the survey of a second	Package Installation
	status of the package	Package Installation
	installation step. For	
	installation step. For each package, there	58%
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at	
	installation step. For each package, there	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed,	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number remaining, and	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)
	installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number	58% Packages completed: 549 of 818 <mark>I</mark> nstalling selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)

MPS X: Once all the packages have been successfully installed, the screen at right will appear letting you know the installation process is complete. On E5-APP-B server remove the installation media (USB) and press <enter> to reboot the system and continue with the next step. MPS X: Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date.</enter>	<pre>MPOINT: Media already mounted. DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT: Media already mounted. DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT: Multiple for the formation of the formation</pre>
MPS X: Select Boot → Hard Disk Drives option	
	Once all the packages have been successfully installed, the screen at right will appear letting you know the installation process is complete. On E5-APP-B server remove the installation media (USB) and press <enter> to reboot the system and continue with the next step. MPS X: Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date. MPS X: Select Boot → Hard</enter>







23.	MPS X:	\$ date -u
	Verify the system date.	Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018
		Verify that the output time matches the time set in step 14. If mismatch is found, then Refer to <b>My Oracle Support</b> sectionfor instructions on accessing My Oracle Support.
24.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
25.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Procedure A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

Note: All the networks (Prov, GUI and OAM) should be in different subnets. The networks can be a mix of IPv4 and IPv6 IPs.

#### Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

S	This procedure will	configure the standalone PDB in segmented configuration.	
T E			
Е Р	Check on (V) each step	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>	
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	<b>\$ sudo su - epapconfig</b> Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Press return to continue	
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y	
	To continue with the configuration, enter Y.		

5.	<b>MPS A:</b> Enter the System Number and Network Configuration Type as "Segmented".	<pre>Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: <enter here="" number="" system="" the=""> Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2</enter></pre>			
6.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	<pre>/EPAP Configuration Menu</pre>			
7.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ 1   Configure Provisioning Network 2   Configure GUI Network 3   Configure Operations and Maintenance Network			

		4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
		5   Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		e   Exit   \/	
		Enter Choice: 1	
		/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\	
	Note: Enter choice "1"	/\   1   IPv4 Configuration	
	for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice	   2   IPv6 Configuration	
	"2" for IPv6 configuration.	   e   Exit	
	C C	\/	
		Enter Choice:	
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:	
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 192.168.61.35 EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP provisioning network default router: 192.168.61.250	
		Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.	
8.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\   1   Configure Provisioning Network	
	Select choice 2, Configure GUI Network.	2   Configure GUI Network	
	Compute Got Network.	3   Configure Operations and Maintenance Network	
		4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
		 5   Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		\/	
		Enter Choice: 2	
		/Configure GUI Network-\ /\	
	Note: Enter choice "1"	1   IPv4 Configuration	
	for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice	2   IPv6 Configuration	
	"2" for IPv6 configuration.	   e   Exit   \/	
		Enter Choice: 1	
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:	

		EPAP A GUI network IP Address: 192.168.59.27 EPAP GUI network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP GUI network route: 192.168.59.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
		Select choice e to exit to the Configure Network Interfaces Inchu.
9.	<b>MPS A:</b> The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Configure Operations and Maintenance Network.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	<pre>/Configure Operations and Maintenance Network-\ /</pre>
10.	<b>MPS A:</b> Select choice e to exit from the epapconfig menu.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1   Configure Provisioning Network 2   Configure GUI Network 3   Configure Operations and Maintenance Network 4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network 5   Configure Static NAT Addresses 

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   5   Change Password
		   6   Platform Menu
		   7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu
		   9   Security
		   10   SNMP Configuration
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed
		   12   Configure Query Server
		   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   15   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: 2
		Enter Choice: e
		Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date
# Procedure A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

	Appendix A.15 Pa	assword change for EPAP System Users			
S T	This procedure will change the password for the EPAP System User(s).				
Ε	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.			
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A with the EPAP System User for which the password is to be changed.	[hostname]: <epap system="" user=""> password: <epapdev <i="">password&gt;</epapdev></epap>			
2.	MPS A: Change Password for an EPAP system user	Execute the command to change to password of an existing EPAP user. <b>\$ passwd</b> Changing password for user <epap system="" user="">. Changing password for <epap system="" user="">. (current) UNIX password: <b><enter current="" here="" password="" the=""></enter></b> New password: <b><enter here="" new="" password="" the=""></enter></b> Retype new password: <b><retype here="" new="" password="" the=""></retype></b> passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully. Note: The Linux "passwd" command used to change the password of Linux users, follows the Linux PAM rules. Refer to the Linux manual for the PAM rules. <b># man pam_cracklib</b></epap></epap>			
3.	MPS B: Change Password	Repeat steps 1 and 2 on MPS B also. Note: The new password on MPS A and B should be same.			
4.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.			
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date			

# Procedure A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

S T	This procedure will halt the E5-APP-B hardrware.					
E P	Check off ( $\psi$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.					
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE H	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u>.</b>				
1.	E5APPB Card: Slide the ejector switchOn the APP-B card, slide the Ejector switch (4) up to the UNLOCKED position. Refer to Figure 6.					
	Caution: If the Ejector switch goes from locked to unlocked and the E5-APP-B card					
	is in service, the card will halt.					
2.	ESAPPB Card: Monitor the Eject Status LED	WAIT for the E5-APP-B Eject Status LED to go from blinking red to a steady red.				
3.	<b>E5APPB Card:</b> Lever Release	Grasp the upper and lower card Inject/Eject (I/E) lever release (3) just underneath the I/E lever, and press it to meet the I/E lever. This is the mechanical interlock for the card. Refer to Figure 7.				
4.	<b>E5APPB Card:</b> Pull out the levers	While holding the I/E interlock and lever, pull the levers (2) away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Refer to Figure 7.				
5.	<b>E5APPB Card:</b> Slide the ejector switch	Remove the E5-APP-B card from the EAGLE shelf.				
6.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.				
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.					
		\$ date				

## Appendix A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown



Figure 6: Slide the Ejector Switch



#### Figure 7: Release Lever

# Procedure A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

Note: This needs to be done in coordination with the EAGLE team.

Appendix A.17	Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G
EPAP-to-Eagle	RTDB download speed

S	This procedure will configure EPAP Switch ports and Eagle SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-EAGLE			
Т	download speed.			
E P #	Note: Estimated time of completion is 20 minutes.			
#	FF ADD D A /D: Configure the CM			
1.	<b>E5-APP-B A/B:</b> Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps		
2.	<b>EAGLE</b> : Configure Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP to Auto-negotiate.	Eagle Command to configure an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: CHG-IP-LNK:LOC= <sm card="" location="">:PORT=<port>:IPADDR=<ip Address&gt;:SUBMASK=<subnet mask="">:MCAST=YES:AUTO=YES</subnet></ip </port></sm>		
3.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of the Ethernet ports on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto- negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below. If ports on SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex correctly, then stop here. Otherwise continue with next step.</sm>		
4.	<b>E5-APP-B A/B:</b> Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to autonegotiate.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 'auto'.		
5.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of a Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto- negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below</sm>		
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:		
		\$ date		

Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display:

```
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
      eagle1 17-05-04 16:43:49 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
      CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPSTSSTAST1307140-029-000DSMSCCPHCIS-ANRMPS Unavl-----
         ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
         BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
                            = Conn
         IMT BUS A
         IMT BUS B
                                           = Disc
                                         = Fault
         CLOCK A
                                         = Active
         CLOCK B
         CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
DBD STATUS = Valid
         DBD STATUS
                                         = None
         DBD TYPE
         DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
         HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
         FPGA VERSION= 9BIOS VERSION= 0ABSV01PSOC VERSION= 0.1
         CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-04 15:49]
         \begin{array}{rcl} \text{SCCP } & \text{OCCUP} & = & 0 \\ \text{SCCP } & \text{SM DATA TYPE} & = & \text{DN} \end{array}
         APPLICATION SERVICING
                                                                MFC
                                                                                      MFC

        SNM
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

        INM
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

        MTP3
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

        SFLOG
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

          IPLNK STATUS

        IPLNK
        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        A
        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        B
        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

          DSM IP CONNECTION
                         OOS-MT Unavail
                PORT PST
                A
                В
      Command Completed.
;
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
      eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:26 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
      SDS Shell Output
```

```
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
    Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
    inet: 127.0.0.1
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
    0 packets received; 1 packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
    Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    250214 octets received
    122200 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    2075 broadcast packets received
    940 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
        inet: 192.168.121.21
        Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
        Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
        Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        248920 octets received
        121290 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
        0 multicast packets received
        0 multicast packets sent
        2062 broadcast packets received
        933 broadcast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
        0 incoming errors
        0 outgoing errors
        0 unknown protos
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
   value = 26 = 0x1a
;
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:36 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
;
SM8G-B card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 5) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
   eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:01 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPSTSSTAST1307140-029-000DSMSCCP64IS-ANRMPS Unavl-----
   1307 140-029-000 DSM
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
     BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
                        = Conn
     IMT BUS A
     IMT BUS B
                        = Disc
     CLOCK A
                        = Fault
     CLOCK B
                        = Active
     MBD BIP STATUS = Val4
                        = Valid
     MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
     DBD STATUS
                       = Valid
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION= 9BIOS VERSION= 0ABSV01
```

;

```
= 0.1
       PSOC VERSION
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-04 15:49]
       \begin{array}{rcl} \text{SCCP } & \text{OCCUP} & = & 0 \, \$ \\ \text{SCCP } & \text{SM } & \text{DATA } & \text{TYPE} & = & \text{DN} \end{array}
       APPLICATION SERVICING
                                                                  MFC
                                                  MFC
                     REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
             SNM

        INM
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

        MTP3
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

        SFLOG
        REQ
        STATUS
        24
        hr:
        ---,
        5
        min:
        ---

       IPLNK STATUS
                                             STATUS
                                                           PST
            IPLNK IPADDR

        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

            А
             B
        DSM IP CONNECTION
                    PST SST
OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
            PORT PST
            А
            В
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
     eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:14 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     SDS Shell Output
     shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
     -> tklc ifShow
     lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
          inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
          inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
          inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
          UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
          MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
          RX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
          TX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0
          collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
          RX bytes:85k TX bytes:85k
                    Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
     gei4
          capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
          inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
          inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
          UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
          MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
          RX packets:791 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
          TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
          collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
          RX bytes:92k TX bytes:48k
                    Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
     gei5
          capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
          inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
          inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
          UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
          MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
          RX packets:783 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
```

```
TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
         collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:91k TX bytes:48k
    gei (unit number 4):
          PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
;
SM8G-B card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPSTSSTAST1317140-029-000DSMENUMHCIS-ANRMPS Unavl-----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A = Conn
                            = Disc
      IMT BUS B
      CLOCK A
                             = Fault
                           = Active
      CLOCK B
      CLUCK D

CLOCK I = IGIE

MBD BIP STATUS = Valid

MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B

- CMATHIS = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
      BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C (94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C (94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.13
        UP
        IS-1

        10.75.49.21
        UP
        IS-1

           IPLNK IPADDR
                                                     IS-NR
           А
                                                    IS-NR
           В
                  _____
                                        ____
           С
                                                     ____
                  _____ ____
           D
                                                     ____
      DSM IP CONNECTION
PORT PST SST
A OOS-MT Unavail
D OOS-MA Ueq
ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
                                PROT STATUS
         CNAME
    Command Completed.
;
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
   Command entered at terminal #13.
;
   eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   PASS: Command sent to card
;
   eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   SDS Shell Output
   -> tklc ifShow
   lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
        inet: 127.0.0.1
        Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
        0 packets received; 1 packets sent
        0 multicast packets received
        0 multicast packets sent
        0 input errors; 0 output errors
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
   DPLend (unit number 0):
        Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
        Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
        0 octets received
        0 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
        0 non-unicast packets received
        0 non-unicast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
        0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
   gei (unit number 2):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
        inet: 192.168.120.13
        Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
        Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
        Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        16128 octets received
        102048 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
```

```
252 broadcast packets received
        786 broadcast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
        0 incoming errors
        0 outgoing errors
        0 unknown protos
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 3):
        Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
        PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
        inet: 10.75.49.21
        Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
        Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
        Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        0 octets received
        128 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
        0 multicast packets received
        0 multicast packets sent
        0 broadcast packets received
        2 broadcast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
        0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
;
SM8G-B card running ENUM64/DEIR64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 5) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:31 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPST1317140-029-000DSMENUM64IS-ANR
                                                            SST
                                                                      AST
                                                            MPS Unavl -----
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
```

```
BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A = Conn
                          = Disc
= Fault
= Active
      IMT BUS B
      CLOCK A
      CLOCK B
      CLOCK I
                          = Idle
      CLOCK I – Iule
MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS
                          = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
      BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F)ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.13
        UP
        IS-N

        10.75.49.21
        UP
        TS-N

          IPLNK IPADDR
          А
                                                  IS-NR
                                                 IS-NR
          В
                 _____
                                      ----
                                                 ____
          С
                 _____ ____
                                                 ____
          D
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                   SST
             NT PST 551
OOS-MT Unav
OOS-MA Ueq
                                   Unavail
          А
          D
      ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
                              PROT STATUS
         CNAME
    Command Completed.
;
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:59 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
        RX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:99M TX bytes:99M
                 Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
    gei4
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:35807 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:877952 mcast:12 errors:0
```

```
collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:2148k TX bytes:110M
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
   gei5
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:526 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:57k TX bytes:510
    gei (unit number 4):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
        PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
;
SLIC card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) is ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) is ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:21 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPSTSST1307140-029-000SLICSCCPHCIS-ANRStand
                                                                      AST
                                                            Standby
                                                                        98%
                        = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     ALARM STATUS
     BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
     CLOCK B
                         = Active
                        = Idle
     CLOCK I
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
     DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9400036
     BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 40C (104F) [17-05-04 15:05]
```

```
= 0%
        SCCP % OCCUP
        SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
        APPLICATION SERVICING
                                                      MEC
                                                                       MEC

        MFC
        MFC
        MFC

        SNM
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---

        INM
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---

        MTP3
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---

        SFLOG
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---

        IPLNK STATUS

        NK IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

             IPLNK IPADDR
             А
             В
        DSM IP CONNECTION

PORT PST SST

A OOS-MT Unavail

B OOS-MT Unavail
     Command Completed.
;
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
     eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:27 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     SDS Shell Output
     -> tklc ifShow
     lo (unit number 0):
            Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
            Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
            inet: 127.0.0.1
            Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
            Metric is 0
            Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
            0 packets received; 1 packets sent
            0 multicast packets received
            0 multicast packets sent
            0 input errors; 0 output errors
            0 collisions; 0 dropped
            0 output queue drops
     DPLend (unit number 0):
            Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
            Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
            Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
            Metric is 0
            Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
            0 octets received
            0 octets sent
            0 unicast packets received
            0 unicast packets sent
            0 non-unicast packets received
            0 non-unicast packets sent
            0 incoming packets discarded
            0 outgoing packets discarded
            0 incoming errors
            0 outgoing errors
            0 unknown protos
            0 collisions; 0 dropped
            0 output queue drops
     gei (unit number 2):
            Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
     Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.120.21
     Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
     Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
     Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
     Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     0 octets received
     2014 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
     16 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
     Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.121.21
     Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
     Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
     Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
     Metric is 0
     Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     0 octets received
     1884 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
     15 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
value = 26 = 0x1a
eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:37 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
NETSTAT command complete
```

SLIC card running SCCP64:

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;

;

```
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:55:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARDVERSIONTYPEGPLPST1307140-029-000SLICSCCP64IS-ANR
                                                                        SST AST
    1307 140-029-000 SLIC
                                                                        MPS Unavl -----
      ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
       BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
       IMT BUS A
                               = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                               = Disc
       CLOCK A
                              = Fault
       CLOCK B
                              = Active
       CLOCK I
                               = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS = Idle
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
      DBD STATUS
                             = Valid
                             = None
      DBD TYPE
       DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
       HW VERIFICATION CODE= ---
       FPGA VERSION = 9400036
       BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 36C (97F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 38C (101F) [17-05-04 14:47]
SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
       SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
       APPLICATION SERVICING
                                                              MFC
                                               MFC

        SNM
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr:
        ---,
        5 min:
        ---

        INM
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr:
        ---,
        5 min:
        ---

        MTP3
        REQ STATUS =
        24 hr:
        ---,
        5 min:
        ---

            SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
       IPLNK STATUS
               LNK IPADDR STATUS PST
192.168.120.21 DOWN OOS-MT
192.168.121.21 DOWN OOS-MT
CONNECTION
            IPLNK IPADDR
            А
            В
       DSM IP CONNECTION
           A OOS-MT Unavail
B OOS-MT Unavail
    Command Completed.
;
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
    Command entered at terminal #11.
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
```

```
shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    100 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:247k TX bytes:247k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
   gei0
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:695 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:634 mcast:12 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:74k TX bytes:79k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
    aei2
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:702 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:639 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:75k TX bytes:80k
    gei (unit number 0):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 2):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:13 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 1) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:35 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

;

;

```
CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1317 140-029-000 SLIC ENUMHC IS-ANR
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
                                                                                SST
                                                                                               AST
                                                                             MPS Unavl -----
       BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
       IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Disc
       CLOCK A
                                = Fault
       CLOCK B
                                = Active
       MBD BIP STATUS = Vol'
       MOTHER BOARD ID= ValidMOTHER BOARD ID= SLICDBD STATUS= ValidDBD TYPE= Valid
       DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
       HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
       FPGA VERSION= 9400036BIOS VERSION= 0ACFP00
       PSOC VERSION = 1.0
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 43C (110F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 43C (110F) [17-05-04 17:27]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
       IPLNK STATUS

        PLNK
        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.13
        UP
        IS-NR

        10.75.49.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        10.75.50.21
        UP
        IS-NR

        192.168.121.13
        UP
        IS-NR

            IPLNK IPADDR
             А
             B
             С
             D
        DSM IP CONNECTION
             PORT PST SST
A OOS-MT Unavail
D OOS-MT Unavail
     Command Completed.
;
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
     eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
     Command entered at terminal #13.
;
     eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     PASS: Command sent to card
;
     eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     SDS Shell Output
     -> tklc_ifShow
     lo (unit number 0):
           Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
            Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
            inet: 127.0.0.1
           Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
            Metric is 0
            Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
            0 packets received; 1 packets sent
```

0 multicast packets received 0 multicast packets sent 0 input errors; 0 output errors 0 collisions; 0 dropped 0 output queue drops DPLend (unit number 0): Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING Type: ETHERNET\_CSMACD Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00 Metric is 0 Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485 0 octets received 0 octets sent 0 unicast packets received 0 unicast packets sent 0 non-unicast packets received 0 non-unicast packets sent 0 incoming packets discarded 0 outgoing packets discarded 0 incoming errors 0 outgoing errors 0 unknown protos 0 collisions; 0 dropped 0 output queue drops gei (unit number 2): Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET\_UP PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX Type: ETHERNET CSMACD inet: 192.168.120.13 Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255 Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00 Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Metric is 0 Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500 13736 octets received 16118 octets sent 0 unicast packets received 0 unicast packets sent 0 multicast packets received 0 multicast packets sent 128 broadcast packets received 125 broadcast packets sent 0 incoming packets discarded 0 outgoing packets discarded 0 incoming errors 0 outgoing errors 0 unknown protos 0 collisions; 0 dropped 0 output queue drops gei (unit number 0): Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX Type: ETHERNET\_CSMACD inet: 10.75.49.21 Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255 Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xfffff00 Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Metric is 0 Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500 0 octets received 0 octets sent

```
0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
    0 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 10.75.50.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.50.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    25708 octets received
    128 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    214 broadcast packets received
     2 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 1):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.121.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
    Netmask 0xfffff00 Subnetmask 0xfffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    13544 octets received
    16118 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    125 broadcast packets received
    125 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
```

```
0 collisions; 0 dropped
           0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
;
SLIC card running DEIR64/ENUM64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 1) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1317 140-029-000 SLIC ENUM64 IS-ANF
                                                                        SST
                                                                                     AST
                                                     PST SST AST
IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
       ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
       BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
                      = Conn
      IMT BUS A
      IMT BUS B
                              = Disc
      CLOCK A
                              = Fault
       CLOCK B
                               = Active
       CLOCK I
                               = Idle
       MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
      MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
       DBD STATUS = Valid
       DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
       DBD TYPE
       HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION= 9400036BIOS VERSION= 0ACFP00
       PSOC VERSION = 1.0
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 42C (108F)
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
                                                  [17-05-04 15:51]
       IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.13
        UP
        IS-NR

        10.75.49.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        10.75.50.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.13
        UP
        IS-NR

            IPLNK IPADDR
            А
            В
            С
            D
```

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```
DSM IP CONNECTION
                               SST
         PORT PST
               OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
         A
         D
    Command Completed.
;
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    100 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:165k TX bytes:165k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
    gei0
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:929 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
    gei2
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
       RX packets:37 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:4596 TX bytes:510
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1 Queue:none
    gei1
```

capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG

```
inet 10.75.50.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.50.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d1%gei1 prefixlen 64 tentative automatic
   UP SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:4
   RX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:0 TX bytes:0
gei3
           Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3 Queue:none
   capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.121.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d3%gei3 prefixlen 64 automatic
   UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:5
   RX packets:921 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
gei (unit number 0):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 2):
    PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 1):
    PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
gei (unit number 3):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
value = 1 = 0x1
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:16 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
NETSTAT command complete
```

;

;

	Appendix A.18 Up	grade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512				
S T	This procedure upgr	This procedure upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512.				
E P	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.					
Р #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.				
1.	MPS : Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS : <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>				
		Change to root user. \$ su – root				
2.	Verify SSL certificate	To verify SSL certificate execute the following command:				
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl x509 -in /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt -text - noout   grep "Signature Algorithm"     Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption     Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption If signature algorithm is SHA 512 skip this procedure, otherwise proceed with the following step.</pre>				
3.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK</pre>				
4.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 3.				
		To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command:				
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN=<ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key - out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt</ip></pre>				
		Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key				
		+++				
		writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key'				
5.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server_dual.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate ok</pre>				

# Procedure A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

6.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the
	server_dual.crt	output of step 5.
		To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command:
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN=<ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key - out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt</ip></pre>
		Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
		+++
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
		······································
		writing new private key to
		<pre>'/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key'</pre>
7.	Restart httpd service	Restart httpd service to reflect IP correctly. Use following command to restart httpd service:
		\$ systemctl restart httpd
		[root@Natal-A ~] # service httpd restart
		Stopping httpd: [ OK ] Starting httpd: [Fri Jul 06 23:26:09 2018] [warn] _default_ VirtualHost overlap on port 8002, the first has precedence [Fri Jul 06 23:26:09 2018] [warn] _default_ VirtualHost overlap on port 443, the first has precedence [ OK ]
8.	Exit from root user	Exit from root user. Use following command:
		Ś exit
9.	Procedure Complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
	riocedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	t data
		\$ date

# Procedure A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

If PDBA Proxy feature is NOT enabled and VIP is NOT configured, this procedure can be skipped.

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

#### Appendix A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

 S T This procedure outlines the steps to disable the PDBA proxy feature.
 E

Р	Estimated time: 5 minutes		
#			
1.	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu.	<pre>MPS Side A: /EPAP Configuration Menu / / 1   Display Configuration / 2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu / 3   Set Time Zone / 4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys / 5   Change Password / 6   Platform Menu / 7   Configure NTP Server / 7   Configure NTP Server / 7   Configure NTP Server / 9   Security / 9   Security / 10   SNMP Configuration Menu / 9   Security / 11   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed / 12   Configure SNMP Agent Community / 15   Mate Disaster Recovery /</pre>	
2.	MPS A: Choose option "6" to "Change PDBA Proxy State".	<pre>MPS Side A: /Configure PDB Menu   1   Configure PDB Network </pre>	
3.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and disable PDBA Proxy.	PDBA PROXY is currently ENABLED. Do you want to DISABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y	

	r	LADS Side At	
4.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Enter "1" to "Display		
	Configuration"	/EPAP Configuration Menu	
		1   Display Configuration	
		2   Configure Network Interface	s Menu   
		3   Set Time Zone 	
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5   Change Password 	
		6   Platform Menu	
		7   Configure NTP Server	
		8   PDB Configuration Menu	
		9   Security	
		10   SNMP Configuration	i i i
		11   Configure Alarm Feed	i i
		12   Configure Query Server	
		13   Configure Query Server Alar	m Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Commun	
		   15   Mate Disaster Recovery	
		e   Exit	i i i
		\	/
		Enter Choice: 1	
5.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Verify that the state of	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address	; =
	PDBA Proxy Feature is	192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address	
	No.	192.168.61.116	. –
		Provisioning Network Netmask 255.255.255.0	=
		Provisioning Network Default Router	=
		192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not
		configured	
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured	= Not
		Backup Prov Network Netmask	= Not
		configured Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not
		configured	
		EPAP Ā Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100	=
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	=
		192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.120.100	_
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200	=
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100	=
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.121.200	
		FPAP A HTTP Port	- 80
		EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port	= 80 = 80 = 8001

EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port	= 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
PDBI Port	= 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
Local Provisioning VIP	=
192.168.15.152	
Remote Provisioning VIP	=
192.168.15.172	
Local PDBA Address	=
192.168.15.115	
Remote PDBA Address	=
192.168.16.115	
Remote PDBA B Address	=
192.168.16.116	-
Time Zone	_
	-
America/New_York	Eviete
PDB Database	= Exists
Preferred PDB	= Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
◆DBA Proxy Enabled	≻ No
Press return to continue	

6.	MPS A:	MPS Sid	de A: EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Choose option "2" to enter the "Configure Network Interfaces Menu".	/	Display Configuration
	interfaces went .	2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
			Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
			Configure NTP Server
		1 8 1	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		1 10	SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		1 15	Mate Disaster Recovery
			Exit
		Enter (	Choice: 2

7.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose option "7" to enter	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\		
	the "Configure Provisioning	/\   1   Configure Provisioning Network		
	VIP Addresses Menu".		Configure Sync Network	
			Configure DSM Network	
		4	Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
		5	Configure Forwarded Ports	
		6	Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		7	Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses	
		e	Exit	
		\ Enton	choice, 7	
8.	MPS A:	Enter Choice: 7 Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.152]: 0.0.0.0 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address		
	Remove the local			
	provisioning VIP and remote provisioning VIP, by	[192.2	L68.15.172]: <b>0.0.0</b>	
	entering 0.0.0.0.			
9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\		
			Configure Provisioning Network	
		2	Configure Sync Network	
		3	Configure DSM Network	
		4	Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
		5	Configure Forwarded Ports	
		6	Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		   7	Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses	
		   e	 Exit	
		\	//	
		Enter	Choice: e	

tion Menu\
uration
ork Interfaces Menu
e Shell Keys
a .
Server
ion Menu
tion
m Feed I
y Server
y Server Alarm Feed     Agent Community
Recovery
/
ork IP Address =
ork IP Address =
:mask =
ault Router =
ork IP Address = Not
ork IP Address = Not
nask = Not
ult Router = Not
'ess =
ress =
Address =
Address =
rk Address =
rk Address =
= 80
= 80
= 8001 = 8001
= 8001 Port $= 8473$
Port $= 8473$
ss = Not

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not
	configured	
	PDBI Port	= 5873
	Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not
	configured	
	Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
	Local Provisioning VIP	= 0.0.0.0
	Remote Provisioning VIP	= 0.0.0.0
	Local PDBA Address	= 0101010
	192.168.15.115	-
	Remote PDBA Address	_
	192.168.16.115	=
	Remote PDBA B Address	
		=
	192.168.16.116	
	Time Zone	=
	America/New_York	
	PDB_Database	= Exists
	Preferred PDB	= Standby
	Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
	Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
	PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
	Press return to continue	

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose "e" to exit.			
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\		
		1   Display Configuration		
		_	Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3	Set Time Zone	
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5	Change Password	
			Platform Menu	
		_	Configure NTP Server	
		8	PDB Configuration Menu	
		9	Security	
			SNMP Configuration	
			Configure Alarm Feed	
		12	Configure Query Server	
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery	
		l e	Exit	
			Choice: e	
13.	Return to the procedure that ye	ou came h	ere from.	
14.	Note down the timestamp in	Run the following command:		
	log.	\$ date		

## Procedure A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Features

#### Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.20

**Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Feature** 

S	This procedure outlines the steps for provisioning the PDBA proxy VIP.					
T E P #	Estimated time: 1	ated time: 10 minutes				
1.	MPS A: Login as epapdev to 1A server.	Login: <b>epapdev</b> Password: <b><epapdev_password></epapdev_password></b>				
2.	MPS A: Perform "syscheck" on the 1A server.	<pre>\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class net Running modules in class disk Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000</pre>				
3.	MPS A: SSH to EPAP 1B.	\$ssh mate				
4.	MPS B: Perform "syscheck" on the 1B.	<pre>\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class disk Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>				

5.	<b>MPS B</b> : Exit back to the 1A server	Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::30000000000000000 Server Default Route Network Error * defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged # \$ exit			
6.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig	<pre>\$su - epapconfig Password: Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>			
7.	MPS A: Choose option "1" to display Configuration.	MPS Side A:         /EPAP Configuration Menu         1       Display Configuration         2       Configure Network Interfaces Menu         3       Set Time Zone         4       Exchange Secure Shell Keys         5       Change Password         6       Platform Menu         7       Configure NTP Server         8       PDB Configuration Menu         9       Security         10       SNMP Configuration Menu         9       Security         10       SNMP Configuration Menu			
8.	MPS A:	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116			
r		Provisioning Network Netmask	= 255.255.255.0		
----	-------------------	--	--		
	Verify that the	Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router	= 255.255.255.0 = 192.168.61.1		
	VIP is not	EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured		
	configured.	EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured		
	compareat	Backup Prov Network Netmask	= Not configured		
		Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not configured		
		EPAP A Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.100 = 192.168.2.200		
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.200 = 192.168.120.100		
		EPAP & Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.100 = 192.168.120.200		
		Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP A HTTP Port	= 192.168.121.100		
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.200		
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80		
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80		
		EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port	= 8001		
		EPAP B HIIP SUEXEC PORT	= 8001 = 8473		
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473		
		FPAP Δ Static NAT Δddress	= Not configured		
		EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBT Port	= Not configured		
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured		
		Remote MPS A HITP Port	= 80		
		Local Provisioning VIP	= Not configured		
		Remote Provisioning VIP	<pre>= Not configured = 192.168.61.115</pre>		
		Remote PDBA Address	= 192.168.61.111		
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 192.168.61.182		
		Time Zone	= America/New_York		
		PDB_Database	= Exists		
		Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Standby		
		Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes		
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	= Yes = No		
		PDBA PLOXY Ellabled	- 110		
		Press return to continue			
9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:			
	Choose option				
	"2" to enter the				
	"Configure				
	•				
	Network				
	Interfaces Menu".				

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /
		1   Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7   Configure NTP Server
		   8   PDB Configuration Menu
		   9   Security
		   10   SNMP Configuration
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed
		12   Configure Query Server
		12   Configure Query Server 13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   Mate Disaster Recovery 
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 2
10.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /
	"6" to enter the "Configure	1   Configure Provisioning Network
	Provisioning VIP	2 Configure Sync Network
	Addresses	3 Configure DSM Network
	Menu".	4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 6 Verifying root connectivity with mate
11.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
	PDBA / EPAP	EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <b>192.168.15.152</b>
	software then	EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 192.168.15.172
	enter VIP address for the local and	192.100.19.172
	remote PDBA	
	sites.	

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
12.	Choose option	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	"e" to exit.	/\   1   Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4   Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5   Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e   Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: e
13.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "1" to "Display	
	Configuration.	
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1   Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6   Platform Menu
		7   Configure NTP Server
		8   PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security
		10   SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   Mate Disaster Recovery
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 1
14.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Verify VIP	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
	addresses	Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured

		EDAD B Backup Brow Notwork TD Address	- Not configured
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Bouter	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Rouler	
		EPAP A SYNC NELWORK Address	= 192.100.2.100
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	= 192.108.2.200
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.100
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.200
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.100
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.200
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
		EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port	= 8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
		EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		PDBI Port	= 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
		Local Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.152
		Remote Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.172
		Local PDBA Address	<del>= 192.168.15</del> .115
		Remote PDBA Address	= 192.168.16.115
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 192.168.16.116
		Time Zone	= America/New_York
		PDB Database	= Exists
		Preferred PDB	= Standby
		Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Nemote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Remote PDBA B Address Remote PDBA Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
		Press return to continue	
15.	MPS A:		
	o. "", ", .		
	Choose "e" to exit		

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
			Set Time Zone
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		   8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
			Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
		   e	Exit
		\	7
16.	MPS A:	\$ ping	Choice: e
10.	Verify that you	\$ ping	<remote vip=""></remote>
	can ping both VIP		
17.	addresses.	\$ su -	epapconfig
17.	Log into	Warnin	g: Smartmatch is experimental at KLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
	epapconfig	/usr/T	KLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
18. 1	MPS A:		
8	Enter "1" to		
	"Display Configuration"		

<b></b>		/EPAP Configuration Menu\	1
		/	
		1   Display Configuration   	
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3 Set Time Zone	
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5 Change Password	
		6   Platform Menu	
		7   Configure NTP Server	
		8 PDB Configuration Menu	
		9   Security	
		   10   SNMP Configuration	
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed	
		   12   Configure Query Server	
		   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		   15   Mate Disaster Recovery	
		   Fxit	
		\/	
		Enter Choice: 1 MPS Side A:	
19.	MPS A:		
	Verify that the state of PDBA	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116	
	Proxy Feature is	Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1	
	No.	EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured	
		Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured	
		Backup Prov Network Netmask= Not configuredBackup Prov Network Default Router= Not configuredEPAP A Sync Network Address= 192.168.2.100EPAP B Sync Network Address= 192.168.2.200EPAP A Main DSM Network Address= 192.168.120.10	
		EPAP B Sync Network Address= 192.168.2.200EPAP A Main DSM Network Address= 192.168.120.10	0
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.20	0
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.10 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.20	0
		EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80	
		EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port = 8001	
		EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port= 8001EPAP A Banner Connection Port= 8473	
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP A Static NAT Address = Not configured	
		EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured	
		PDBI Port = 5873 Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured	
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80 Local Provisioning VIP = Not configured	
		Remote Provisioning VIP = Not configured	
		Local PDBA Address = 192.168.61.115 Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.61.181	
		Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.61.182 Time Zone = America/New_Yo	

		PDB Database= ExistsPreferred PDB= StandbyAllow updates from alternate PDB= Yes
		Allow updates from alternate PDB= YesAuto DB Recovery Enabled= YesPDBA Proxy Enabled= No
		Press return to continue
20.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
20.	Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ 1 Display Configuration 2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu 3 Set Time Zone 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys 5 Change Password 6 Platform Menu 7 Configure NTP Server 8 PDB Configuration Menu 9 Security 10 SNMP Configuration 11 Configure Alarm Feed 12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure SNMP Agent Community 15 Mate Disaster Recovery 
		Enter Choice: 8
21.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "6" to "Change	/\ /\
	PDBA Proxy	1   Configure PDB Network   
	, State".	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		   e   Exit
		Enter Choice: 6

22.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and enable PDBA Proxy.	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA PROXY is currently DISABLED. Do you want to ENABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y
23.	MPS A: Enter "e" to exit	MPS Side A: /Configure PDB Menu\ 1   Configure PDB Network 
24.	MPS A: Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"	
25.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is Yes.	MPS Side AEPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configuredBackup Prov Network Netmask = Not configuredBackup Prov Network Netmask = Not configuredBackup Prov Network Netmask = Not configuredBackup Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.120.100EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200EPAP A Bart DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200EPAP A HTTP Port = 800EPAP A HTTP Port = 8001EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured = Not configuredEPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured = 8001EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured = 801EOCal Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured = 801Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.116

		Time Zone= America/New_YorkPDB Database= ExistsPreferred PDB= StandbyAllow updates from alternate PDB= YesAuto DB Recovery Enabled= YesPDBA Proxy Enabled= Yes
26.	MPS A: Enter "e" to exit	MPS Side A:         /EPAP Configuration Menu         1       Display Configuration         2       Configure Network Interfaces Menu         3       Set Time Zone         4       Exchange Secure Shell Keys         5       Change Password         6       Platform Menu         7       Configure NTP Server         8       PDB Configuration Menu         9       Security         10       SNMP Configuration         11       Configure Alarm Feed         12       Configure Query Server         13       Configure Simp Agent Community         14       Configure Simp Agent Community         15       Mate Disaster Recovery         e       Exit
		Enter Choice: e
27.	MPS A: EPAP A: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	User name: <i>uiadmin</i> Password:

28.	MPS A: Start	A Start EPAP Software
20.	EPAP and PDBA	PDBA
	Software.	Check if you want to start the PDBA software along with the EPAP software.
		Are you sure you want to start the EPAP software?  Start EPAP Software
	_	Tue June 09 2020 07:21:32 E07 Copyright © 2000, 2020, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	On the menu,	
	click Process	
	Control->Stap Software.	
	Software.	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Click "Stap EPAP	< >
	Software"	
	Button	
29.	MPS A:	<b>\$ syscheck</b> Running modules in class hardware
	Perform	OK Running modules in class proc
	"syscheck" on	ОК
	MPS-A.	Running modules in class net OK
		Running modules in class disk OK
		Running modules in class services OK
		Running modules in class system
		ОК
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
		Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000040000 Platform
		Health Check Failure
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000002000
		Server Default Route Network Error
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
30.	MPS A:	\$ ssh mate
	SSH to MPS 1B.	
31.	MPS B:	<pre>\$ systemct1 start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>
	Start Epap	"EPAP RELEASE" is set to "0.613"
	software on	EPAP application start Successful
	MPS 1B.	\$ syscheck
32.	MPS B:	Running modules in class hardware
	Perform "syscheck" on MPS 1B.	OK Running modules in class proc
		OK Running modules in class net
		OK Running modules in class disk
		OK

		Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
33.	Return to the proce	edure that you came here from.
34.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

# Procedure A.21 Configure DSM Min Mem Size

S	This procedure configures DSM Min Mem Size on standalone PDB server.		
Т	Check off ( $\psi$ )each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
E P	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> AND <b>ASK FOR <u>INSTALL</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u>.</b>		
#			
1.	Standalone PDB :	Login: <b>epapdev</b> <b>Password:</b> <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>	
	Login as epapdev to standalone PDB server.		
2.	Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl	Go to the bin directory to execute the getDsmMinMemSize.pl perl script	
		\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin	
		Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl script	
		\$./getDsmMinMemSize.pl	
3.	Restart the pdb Software.	<pre>\$ systemct1 stop Pdba ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~</pre>	
		PDBA application stopped.	
		<pre>\$ systemct1 start Pdba</pre>	

6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
5.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
4.	Verify that the uiEdit "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" variable is added and updated correctly.	<pre>\$ uiEdit   grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" is set to "12046"</pre>
		<ul> <li>~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~</li> <li>PDBA application started.</li> <li>\$ systemct1 Pdba status</li> <li>~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba status ~~</li> <li>PDBA application is running.</li> </ul>

### Procedure A.22 Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server

#### endix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

#### NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

This procedure restarts the MySQL service for PDB on Query Server.		
Check off ( $\sqrt{2}$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, ASSISTANCE.	CONTACT Error! Reference source not found. AND ASK FOR <u>INSTALL</u>	
Login to EAGLE QS as QS	login: <admin_user></admin_user>	
admin.	Password: <admin_password></admin_password>	
Start the mysqlpdb service.	<pre>\$ sudo systemctl stop mysqld</pre>	
	•	
	Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop	
Verify that mysqlpdb service is	<pre>\$ sudo systemct1 start mysqld</pre>	
running.	Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done	
Start the mysglpdb	<pre>\$sudo systemct1 start mysqld</pre>	
service.	PID:8841 mysqlpdb is running.	
Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.	

#### endix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

Note down the timestamp in	Run the following command:	
log.	\$ date	

### Procedure A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

#### Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

S	This procedure extract parse9Dig script file from EPAP 16.3 ISO.		
т	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
E P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> AND <b>ASK FOR <u>INSTALL</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u>.</b>		
1.	MPS A: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user> Password: <admin_password></admin_password></admin_user>	
2.	MPS A: Copy ISO on MPS A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 17.0 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	
3.	MPS A: Switch to root user.	Switch to root user. \$ su – root Password:	
4.	MPS A: Create directory using mkdir.	Create /mnt/iso directory using following command: # mkdir /mnt/iso	
5.	<b>MPS A:</b> Mount ISO on above path	Mount ISO on above created path. # mount -o loop <16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b ISO with full path which is copied in step 2> <full 4="" created="" directory="" in="" of="" path="" step=""> As follows: # mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0- x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/</full>	

### Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

6.	<b>MPS A:</b> Extract TKLCepap rpm from the ISO.	Copy TKLCepap rpm at /tmp directory. # cp <directory 4="" created="" in="" step="">/Packages/<tklcepap rpm,="" same<br="" the="">version which is copied in step 2&gt; /tmp As follows: # cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8- 16.3.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/</tklcepap></directory>
7.	MPS A: Change directory to /tmp.	Change directory to /tmp using following command: # cd /tmp
8.	MPS A: Extract parse9Dig script file from rpm.	Extract desired file parse9Dig from rpm: # rpm2cpio <tklcepap 6="" extracted="" in="" rpm="" step="">   cpio -idmv <parse9dig> As follows: # rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm   cpio - idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig [root@Natal-A tmp]# rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm   cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig 318312 blocks</parse9dig></tklcepap>
9.	<b>MPS A:</b> Copy extracted parse9Dig at desired path.	Copy extracted parse9Dig file at path: /usr/TKLC/epap/config Use following path: # cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config
10.	<b>MPS A:</b> Change the permission of parse9Dig file as required.	Change mode of file parse9Dig to 755 and ownership to epapdev:epap. Use following command: # cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config # chmod 755 parse9Dig # chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig List the file and check the permissions. It should be same as follows: # II parse9Dig [root@Natal-A config]# 11 parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig

### Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

11.	<b>MPS A:</b> Snapshot of all above executed commands to extract parse9Dig file.	<pre>Verify that all steps executed successfully as follows: [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# mount -o loop /var/TKLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ /var/TKLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.163.8.0.x86_64.iso in such file or directory [rootBMatal-A -]# mult /mnt/iso [rootBMatal-A -]# [mult /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A -]# rootBMatal-A -]# [rootBMatal-A rump]# [rootBMatal-A rump]#</pre>
12.	<b>MPS A:</b> Remove all temporary files from /tmp directory.	Remove parse9Dig file and TKLCepap rpm from /tmp directory. Execute following command on CLI: # rm -f /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig # rm -f /tmp/TKLCepap-163.0.12-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0.x86_64.rpm
13.	MPS A: Umount the mounted ISO.	Umount the ISO which was mounted in step 5. Execute below command: # umount /mnt/iso/
14.	<b>MPS A:</b> Remove ISO directory.	Remove directory /mnt/iso. Execute below command: # rmdir /mnt/iso/
15.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
16.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

### Procedure A.24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

NOTE: This procedure is needed in following cases:

1. If "minicom mate" fails due to data curroption or some body deleted the file /etc/minirc.mate. Or,

2. If ttyS1 is not working, then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate to use ttyS3 or ttyS4.

#### Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

S	This procedure will	add/edit the file /etc/minirc.mate.		
T E	Check off $(\mathbf{v})$ each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u></b> .		
1.	MPS: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>		
2.	<b>MPS:</b> Switch user to root.	\$ su - root Password:		
3.	MPS: Verify that the	Verify that the file /etc/minirc.mate is present on server: Execute the following command:		
	file present on server.			
		<pre>\$ ls -1 /etc/minirc.mate [root@Recife-a ~]# ls -1 /etc/minirc.mate</pre>		
		-rw-r 1 root root 658 Sep 7 03:35 /etc/minirc.mate		
		Mana ta star 5 if autout is some as shows allowing a soltions to next star		
		Move to step 5 if output is same as above otherwise continue to next step.		
4.	<b>MPS:</b> Cretae the file using vi editor.	Create the file /etc/minirc.mate using vi editor as follows: <b>\$ vi /etc/minirc.mate</b>		
	C	Add following lines in file /etc/minirc.mate and save the file:		
		Add following lines in the /etc/minitc.mate and save the file:		
		<pre># # minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018</pre>		
		pr port /dev/ttySl		
		pu baudrate 115200 pu bits 8		
		pu bits 8 pu parity N		
		pu stopbits 1		
		pu rtscts No		
		pu xonxoff No pu minit		
		pu mreset		
		pu mhangup		
		pu pname1 YUNYY		
		pu pname2 YUNYY		
		pu pname3 YUNYN pu pname4 NDNYY		
		pu pname5 NDNYY		
		pu pname6 YDNYN		
		pu pname7 YUYNN		
		pu pname8 NDYNN		
		pu pname9 YUNYN		

	pu zauto pu fselw No pu askdndir No				
• <b>MPS:</b> Edit the file /etc/minirc.mate	If ttS1 is not working then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate and update ttyS1 to ttyS1 to ttyS1 to ttyS1 to ttyS3 and change the serial cable connectivity accordingly.				
	In following example, we have updated the file /etc/minirc.mate and changed the port value from ttyS1 to ttyS2.				
	\$ vi /etc/minirc.mate				
	#				
	<pre># minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS2 pu baudrate 115200</pre>				
	pu bits 8				
	pu parity N pu stopbits 1				
	pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No				
	pu minit				
	pu mreset				
	pu mhangup pu pnamel YUNYY				
	pu pname2 YUNYY				
	pu pname3 YUNYN				
	pu pname4 NDNYY pu pname5 NDNYY				
	pu pname6 YDNYN				
	pu pname7 YUYNN				
	pu pname8 NDYNN pu pname9 YUNYN				
	pu zauto				
	pu fselw No				
	pu askdndir No				
	NOTE: In order to make this changes working we must need to change the serial cable connectivity with Ismspri and Ismssec.				
	In following figure we have changed the serial connectivity from				
	ttyS0(lsmspri) <-> ttyS1(lsmssec) to ttyS0(lsmspri) <-> ttyS2(lsmssec)				
	and ttyS0(lsmssec) <-> ttyS1(lsmspri) to ttyS0(lsmssec) <-> ttyS2(lsmspri)				
	lsmspri lsmssec				
	ttyS0 ttyS0				
	ttyS2				
I					

### Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

		ttyS3     ttyS3       Here, broken line showing the old connectivity and bold line for the new connecrtivity.
6.	<b>MPS:</b> Run "minicom mate" on the server.	Run the following command:     \$minicom mate     It should be successfully switched to mate server.
7.	MPS: Procedure completed	This procedure is complete.
8.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

#### Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

### Procedure A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

This procedure configures auto backup for PDB and RTDB on all the Non-PROVs that are homed to the PDBA.

EPAP software on all Non-PROVs homed to the PDBA should be running for successful auto RTDB backup on the Non-PROVs.

#### Appendix A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

 S
 T

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 P
 #

	1				
1.		MPS 1A:	A		Automatic PDB/RTDB Backup
		Navigate to the			<b>I</b>
		main	Backup Type (Select None to Cancel Backups)	-select- V	
		Maintenance	Time of the day to start the Backup		
		menu selection	Frequency File Path	-select- V	
		and select	(Directory only)		
		"Automatic	Select required IP version: Remote Machine IP Address	● IPv4 ○ IPv6	
			(IPV4=xxx.yyy.yyy.yyy)		
		PDB/RTDB	(IPV6=xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx)		
		Backup".	Login Name		
			Password	O Yes O No	
			Save the local copies in the default path Do you want to delete the old backups	🔍 Yes 🔍 No	
		Specify the	(Local and Mate only) Note: If you select Yes, only the last three backup files will be retained	OYes ONo	
		required fields and press the		Submit Schedule	
		Submit Schedule	Tue March 01 2016 09:34:59 EST		
		button.	Соруг	ight © 2000, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reser	rved.
			•	hile configuring passwo	tain special characters like ords for automatic backup
2.		Note down the	Run the following comma	and:	
۷.		timestamp in log.	\$ date		

This procedure is complete!

### Procedure A.26 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS

This procedure shall be executed on Active PDBA (2A). If REPL log in not empty, part of the procedure will be executed in Standby PDBA (1A) as well.

#### Appendix A.26 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

Р		
#		
1.	MPS 2A:	NOTE:
	Stop the Customer provisioning in to the active PDB.	Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deactivated.
2.	MPS 2A: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	MPS 2A: Switch user	\$ su - root Password:
	to root.	

4.	MPS 2A: Stop the	# service Pdha ston
	PDBA process	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop
	PDBA process	~~ PDBA application
		••
5.		stopped.
5.	MPS 2A: Stop the	# service Epap stop
	EPAP process	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~
		EPAP application stopped.
6.	MPS 2A: Clear the	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock <
	REPL logs	/usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql
	_	Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>
7.	7. MPS 2A: Login to \$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb	
	the mysql database	Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>
	and verify that there	On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands:
	are no updates to	mysql> select * from
	be sent to the	replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec)
	standby PDB.	mysql> select * from
	If any REPL log	requests;
	exists, follow steps 8	Empty set (0.00 sec)
	to 12. Otherwise	mysql> quit
		Bye
8.	jump to step 13	-
	MPS 1A: Start the	# service Pdba start~~
	PDBA and EPAP at	/etc/init.d/Pdba start
	the Standby site	~~ PDBA application
	(1A)	started.

		<pre># service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Note : Skip the following step on Standalone PDB # ssh mate "service Epap start" ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.</pre>
9.	MPS 2A: Start the PDBA at the Active site (2A)	<pre># service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. # service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. Note : Skip the following step on Standalone PDB</pre>
		# ssh mate "service Epap start"

		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
	MPS 2A: Wait a minute for the updates to sync between Active and Standby PDBA. Check in intervals of 1 minute till all updates are sent from Active PDBA to Standby PDBA. Move to next stepONLY after checking that output of replLog and requests tables shows "Empty set".	<pre>\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <mysql_root_password> On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands: mysql&gt; select * from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql&gt; select * from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql&gt; quit Bye</mysql_root_password></pre>
11.	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	<b># service Pdba stop</b> ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
		# service Epap stop

		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
12.	MPS 1A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	<ul> <li># service Pdba stop</li> <li>~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~</li> <li>PDBA application stopped.</li> <li># service Epap stop</li> <li>~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~</li> <li>EPAP application stopped.</li> </ul>

13.	MPS 2A: Exit as root user	\$ exit
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

## Procedure A.27 PDB Backup before upgrade

S T	This procedure will perf	orm pdb Backup
E		
P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.	
	Check off (D) each ste number.	p as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL,	CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Sta	andalone PDB, Mixed EPAP
1	Login to MPS A via root user	login: < <b>root_user</b> >
		Password: <admin_password></admin_password>
2	Stop PDB software	[root@Salta-a logs]# service Pdba stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
		PDBA application stopped.
		Change the directory to free, to generate the mysqldump in free directory.
		# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
	Generate mysqldump of	[root@Manaus-A free]# mysqldump -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S
	PDB database: Execute the following	/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock > mysqldump_filename.sql &
	command to create	Example:
	mysql dump od PDB to	[root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S
	restore later after the	/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock >
	upgrade.	mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql&
		[1] 29910
	Note:	[root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump: [Warning] Using a password on the command line
	mysqldump_filename	interface can be insecure.
	can be anything	

	MPS X: Transfer file to	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the file to a remote, customer-provided
	remote machine	computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp admusr@10.75.141.58
		Connecting to 10.75.141.58
		FIPS integrity verification test failed.
		The authenticity of host '10.75.141.58 (10.75.141.58)' can't be established.
		RSA key fingerprint is 16:cf:0f:bb:cd:c3:45:8c:bf:5f:02:2b:96:4f:d1:61.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
		Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.58' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
		admusr@10.75.141.58's password:
		sftp> put mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		Uploading mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql to
		/var/TKLC/elap/free/epap_spare_card_backup/mysqldump_Recife_011333071820
		24.sql
		mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		100% 30GB 76.0MB/s 06:45
		sftp> bye
		If there is no customer provided remote computer for backups, transfer the backup
		file to the mate using the following command:
		\$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/epap/free/bkp.tar.gz
		\$ su – epapdev
		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql</pre>
		epapdev@remoteIP: <remote path="" server=""></remote>
3	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

# Procedure A.28 Clear replication logs

S T	This procedure will clear the replication logs for the Standalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP
E	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

P #	Estimated time of con	npletion: 5 minutes.
	Check off ([]) each st step number.	tep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAI	L, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APP	LICABLE TO: Dual PDB and Dual Mixed EPAP
	Active PDB : Switch from root to the epapdev user. Note:Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before	# su - epapdev
2	proceeding. Active PDB:	\$mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb
	Login to the mysql database and determine the size of replLogs. Enter password once requested.	Enter password: <pre>&gt;Point (*) from requests; </pre>

3	Active PDB : Clear the REPL logs.	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < /usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql
	Enter password once requested.	Enter password: <password></password>
4	Active PDB :	\$mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb
	Login to the mysql database and verify that there are no	Enter password: <pppsword></pppsword>
	updates to be sent to the standby PDB.	Reading table information for completion of table column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
	Enter password once requested.	Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 108 Server version: 5.0.37-community-log MySQL Community Edition (GPL)
	If any REPL logs exist, restart the	Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer.
	PDBA application and allow them to replicate to the	mysql> select count(*) from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec)
	Standby PDB, then repeat this	mysql> select count(*) from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec)
	procedure.	mysql> quit Bye
5	Active PDB EPAP A: Switch from epapdev to root user.	\$ exit
6 □	Standby PDB	Repeat all above steps on standby PDB as well.
7 □	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

### Procedure A.29 Remove remote PDBA IP

S T	This procedure will delete the remote PDBA IP Address
Е	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!

P	Estimated time of com	pletion: 5 minutes.
#	Check off ( $\Box$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL,	CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: St	andalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP
1	Login to root user first	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	and then switch to epapconfig and select	1   Display Configuration   
	option 8	2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	Note: Ensure the	3   Set Time Zone
	provisioning activity	4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	has been halted before proceeding	5   Change Password
	proceeding	6   Platform Menu
		7   Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed
		12   Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   DB Architecture Menu
		e   Exit
2	Select option 1	Enter Choice: 8
		/Configure PDB Menu\ /\
		1   Configure PDB Network
		   2   Configure PDB Capacity
		   3   Create PDB
		4   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		   e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 1

3	Remove the remote PDBA	
	IP by entering 0.0.0.0.	/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /
		/
		2   IPv6 Configuration
		    Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currentl The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000: The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.74. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 0.0.0.0
	The EPAP	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Configuration Menu is	/\
	displayed. Enter	1   Display Configuration
	choice e, Exit.	
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5   Change Password
		6   Platform Menu
		7   Configure NTP Server
		8   PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security   
		10   SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed
		12   Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed   
		15   DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e

4	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

### Procedure A.30 Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA

In case of Prov upgrade (Mixed EPAP/PDBonly) with Live provisioning, the homing of all Non-Prov sites needs to be taken care of as below:

- a. Non-Prov sites: Change the RDTB homing to "Configure Active RTDB Homing" and select the active PDBA site, if RTDB homing is anything other than active PDBA. Refer to <u>Procedure A.30</u>.
- b. Prov Sites: On Both PDBA sites, RTDB homing policy should be set to its local PDBA. Refer to Procedure A.44.

#### Note: Change the RTDB homing on all Non-Provs. Stop the EPAP Softwares on both EPAP A and B servers.

- c. There is no need to stop provisioning.
- d. After the RTDB Homing changes, EPAP software will be started and within a few minutes, RTDBs will catch up with the PDBA level.
- e. The only side effect of this activity is that Eagle will not get live updates for around 10 minutes. As soon as EPAP software is started after the procedure, the provisioning data will be transmitted to the Eagle immediately.

S T	This procedure	e will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes	
E			
P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.		
	Check off ( $\Box$ )	each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.		
		CABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs	
4	MADE		
1	MPS A: Switch to	# su - epapconfig	
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	

	epapconfig menu		
2	Select option 8 from epapconfig	/	-EPAP Configuration Menu\
	menu		Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure SNMP Agent Community
			Mate Disaster Recovery
		14	DB Architecture Menu
		e	Exit
		Enter	Choice: 8
		Enter	CHOICE: 0

3	Select option 2 to enter RTDB homing menu	/\Configure PDB Menu\
		1   Configure PDB Network
		2   RTDB Homing Menu
		3   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 2
4	Read the Note in the beginning of the section and decide your homing policy.	<pre>For Non-Prov Nodes: /RTDB Homing Menu</pre>
5	MPS A and MPS B:	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:

	Start Epap	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP
	software.	Softwares:
	solution and	\$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
		\$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ systemctl start Epap
		\$ systemctl start Pdba
6	This	
	procedure	This procedure is complete.
	is	
	complete.	

### Procedure A.31 Change MySql engine schema

**Note**: This procedure is need not to be implemented if migrating from 17.0.0.x.

S	This procedure will Change MySql engine schema.		
I E			
P			
#	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.		
	Check off ( $\Box$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.		
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Sta	andalone PDB, Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP	
1	Login to epap via epapdev	# su – epapdev	
	user on server being upgraded		
	Note: In case of Mixed or Non-Prov EPAP execute this procedure needs to be executed on MPS A & B		

		1
	Navigate to path	[root@Manaus-a /]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free/
	/var/TKLC/epap/free	[root@Manaus-a free]#
3	change the EuiDB	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ chown epapdev:epap
	engine using	alter_table.pl
	alter_Table.pl script	
		[epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ chmod 755
	Note: Download the	alter_table.pl
	alter_table.pl script	
	from OSDC to free	[anandau@Manana A fual)¢ /altan Tabla al
	directory on EPAP and	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ ./alter_Table.pl
	change its permission	Success.
	to 755. Also change its	
	ownership to	
	epapdev:epap	
	chabactichab	
4	Check the update by	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ mysql -uroot -peLapRoot
		[epaptev@wanaus-Anee]\$ mysqi -uroot -pelaphoot
	logging into EuiDB:	
		mysql> use EuiDB;
		Reading table information for completion of table and column names
		You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
		mysels show table status) C
		mysql> show table status\G; ************************************
		-
		Name: alarmInfo
		Engine: InnoDB
		Version: 10
5	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

## Procedure A.32 Post upgrade EuiDB database restore

S	This procedure verifies that EuiDB is restored successfully
Т	
E	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR Migration ASSISTANCE.

1.	Login to EPAP server via epapdev user	console login: epapdev password: <password></password>
2.	Change the Euidb backup file permission to 644.	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$ chmod 644 npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz
3.	Restore EuiDB Database	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/restore_npdb.pl /var/TKLC/epap/free/npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz Restoring up the NPDB NPDB Restored up Successfully. [epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$
4.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

## Procedure A.33 Post upgrade PDB database restore

S T	This procedure verifies that	at PDB is restored successfully	
E P	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
# 1.	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, C Log in to EPAP server via root user	ONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR <u>Migration ASSISTANCE</u> . console login:root password: <password></password>	
2.	If upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to EPAP 17.0.0.6, perform this step. Else, continue from step 3.	Perform Procedure A.52 to restore the PDB database. If Procedure A.52 is performed, this procedure (A.33) ends here.	
3.	Change the permission of mysqldump file to 666. Execute the command.	# chmod 666 mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql	
4.	Execute the following command to restore myqldump.	To monitor time as well as progress while restoring the db please use the following command only:	

		t ny mysaldump backupfilo sal   mysal _upost_ nolappost
		<pre># pv mysqldump_backupfile.sql   mysql -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock &amp;&amp; echo "Restore complete"</pre>
		In case you don't want to monitor the progress use the following:
		# mysql -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_backupfile.sql &
		Example:
		[root@Recife-A free]# mysql -uroot -peLapRoot pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		& [1] 853397
5.	Execute the following commands to add the lsblset parameter in dn_bl	
	and dnB_bl tables in pdb.	# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn_bl ADD lsblset int'
	Note: This step is applicable only in case user	# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dnB_bl ADD lsblset int'
	is migrating from 16.3	
	release regardless of DB architecture	<b>Example:</b> [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S
	architecture	/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn_bl ADD lsblset int'
		Enter password:
		[root@Devloan01~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S
		/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dnB_bl ADD lsblset int' Enter password:
		[root@Devloan01 ~]#

Note: If one site is already upgraded to EPAP 17.0, then follow Appendix A.43 to restore the PDB.

### Procedure A.34 Add Remote PDBA IP Address

S	This procedure will add remote PDBA IP address
Т	
E	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

P	Estimated time of com	pletion: 5 minutes.
#	Check off (D) each ste number.	up as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL,	CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: St	andalone PDB and Mixed EPAP
1	Login to epapconfig on PDB	Vernier, Smortmatch is superimental at
	server being upgraded and select option 8	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\   1   Display Configuration
		   2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		I I I
		3   Set Time Zone         4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		I I I
		5   Change Password         6   Platform Menu
		6   Platform Menu         7   Configure NTP Server
		7   Configure NTP Server         8   PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security
		9   Security         10   SNMP Configuration
		   11   Configure Alarm Feed
		12   Configure Query Server        13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   15   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit
2	Select option 1	Enter Choice: 8
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1   Configure PDB Network
		2   Configure PDB Capacity
		   3   Create PDB
		4   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		   e   Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: 1
		Litter onorde. I

3	Add the remote PDBA IP by	MPS Side A: hostname: Salta-a hostid: 4b0a4a8d
	entering <b><remote b="" pdba<=""></remote></b>	
ш	IP>	Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0
		Software Version: EPAP 170.0.1-17.0.0.0.0_170.1.0
		Fri Jul 22 08:06:26 EDT 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/\
		1   IPv4 Configuration
		2   IPv6 Configuration
		e   Exit   \/
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is
		currently set to 10.75.141.74
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
		EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.74.
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.75
	Remote PDB	Repeat all the above steps on the remote PDB.
5	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

## Procedure A.35 Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

S T	This procedure Exchange the keys between active and remote PDB.	
Е		
P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.	
	Check off ( $\Box$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.	
PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Dual Mixed or Dual PDBonly server

	For key exchange on Standby PDB on 17.0 release and Active PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release	Follow step 3 to step 16
2 □	For key exchange between Active PDB on 17.0 release and Standby also on release 17.0	Follow step 17 to end
3 	MPS A: Login to PDB EPAP server on release 17.0 as the user "epapdev"	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP: console login: epapdev password:
4	Execute the following procedure on EPAP 17.0:	In case of PDBonly server, run below command: Here, remotepdb_IP is EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 machine Ip.
	Note: Generating RSA keys first with servers installed on older release 16.3.1/16.4.1 Also, Generate RSA key with both sides in case of mixed epap	<pre># ssh epapdev@remotepdb_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' '' In case of mixed server, run below command: Here, remotepdb_EPAPA_IP and remotepdb_EPAPB_IP are EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, A and B machine Ips. # ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPA_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' '' # ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPB_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' '' Example: Recife is EPAP 17 server and 10.75.141.55 and 10.75.141.56 are EPAP A and B machines of the other mixed server which is on EPAP 16.3.1. [epapdev@Recife-A free]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.55 ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' '' epapdev@Recife-A free]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.55 ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' '' epapdev@10.75.141.55's password: Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been has have has have</pre>

		++
		[epapdev@Recife-A free]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.56 "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t
		rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N " "
		epapdev@10.75.141.56's password:
		Generating public/private rsa key pair.
		Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.
		Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is:
		af:08:75:05:38:00:b9:0c:1e:61:e7:9b:6a:d3:82:47 epapdev@Devloan02
		The key's randomart image is:
		+[ RSA 2048]+
		00+
		0.+ 0 .
		.0.0
		Eo . S
		0    .=
		0
		++
		[epapdev@Recife-A free]\$
5	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	is displayed. Select choice 8,	/\
	PDB Configure Menu.	1   Display Configuration
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone
		jj
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                                     5   Change Password
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                      5   Change Password                      6   Platform Menu                      7   Configure NTP Server
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                                     5   Change Password                                     6   Platform Menu                                     7   Configure NTP Server
		4       Exchange Secure Shell Keys                    5       Change Password                    6       Platform Menu                    7       Configure NTP Server                    8       PDB Configuration Menu
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                                     5   Change Password
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                                     5   Change Password
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys                                     5   Change Password
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys

		   12   Configure Query Server
		   13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		   14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		   15   DB Architecture Menu
		   e   Exit    /
		Enter Choice: 8
6	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\   1   Configure PDB Network
		2   Create PDB
		   3   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
7	MPS A: The PDB Network	PDB Network Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is displayed.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
	Select choice 1.	Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1
	Provide remote PDBA IP address.	Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6- <b>17.0.0.0_170.6.0</b>
		Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /
		/\   1   IPv4 Configuration
		2   IPv6 Configuration
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.33

The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.33.
EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.32
The server does not know of 10.75.141.32.
Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
Password of epapdev:
The server does not know of 10.75.141.32.
Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
ssh is working correctly.
Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.32
PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.32
PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
MPS Side A: hostname: Recife-A hostid: 4b0a3d8d
Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.9.0.1.0_130.6.0
Software Version: EPAP 170.0.26-17.0.0.4.0_170.25.0
Sun Jun 24 10:44:43 EDT 2018
/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
1   IPv4 Configuration
2   IPv6 Configuration
e   Exit   \/
\/
Enter Choice: 1
Verifying connectivity with mate
This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4
address is currently set to 10.75.141.61
The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.61.
EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.55
EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.56
The server does not know of 10.75.141.55.
Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
Password of epapdev:
The server does not know of 10.75.141.55. Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
ssh is working correctly.
Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55
PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55
Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55
PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55
Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61
PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61

8	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d         Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1         Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0_170.6.0         Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022         /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\         /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\         /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\         /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\         /
9	MPS A: Login to PDB EPAP server on release 16.4.1/16.3.1 as the user "epapdev"	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP: Console login: epapdev password:
10	Execute the following command on PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 server to update the epapui.pl:	[epapdev@EPAP ~]\$ sed -i 's/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " \$remotePdba";/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . "key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl
	sed -i 's/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " \$remotePdba";/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl	
11	Execute the following command to verify the mentioned in above command:	<pre># grep "\\$command=\\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT. ' mate'; my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . "key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";</pre>
	grep "\\$command=\\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.p ]	, , ,
12	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB Configure Menu.	<pre>/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /EPAP Configuration Menu</pre>

-		
		   4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		10   SNMP Configuration   
		11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server   
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed   
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   DB Architecture Menu   
		e   Exit   \/
		Enter Choice: 8
13	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\
		1   Configure PDB Network
		   2   Create PDB
		3   Change Auto DB Recovery State
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
14	MPS A: The PDB Network	PDB Network Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is displayed.	
	Select choice 1.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d
		Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0

Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15-16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0
Mon Nov 14 18:47:04 EST 2022
/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
/\
1   IPv4 Configuration
2   IPv6 Configuration
e   Exit
e   Exit   \/
Enter Choice: 1
This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4
address is currently set to 10.75.141.32
The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32.
EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [10.75.141.33]:
Password of epapdev:
ssh is working correctly.
Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33
PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33
1 DD privileges have been set for 10.73.141.35
DDD Natural Configuration Manufact Mined CDAD
PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
MPS Side A: hostname: Devloan01 hostid: 4b0a378d
Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.6.0.0.0_88.54.0 Software Version: EPAP 163.0.14-16.3.0.0.0_163.14.0
Thu Jul 18 07:37:47 EDT 2024
/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
/\
1   IPv4 Configuration
2   IPv6 Configuration
e   Exit
\/
Enter Choice: 1
Varifying connectivity with moto
Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EDAD local DDDA IBu4
This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.55
The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
southing and the state tamming, but primerity in the

15	Exit from epapconfig menu	The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.55. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.61 EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.62 Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15-16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0 Mon Nov 14 18:48:19 EST 2022 /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/\
		1   IPv4 Configuration   
		2   IPv6 Configuration
		   e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
	MPS A: Start Epap and Pdba software on Active PDBA Site.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:
		For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		<b>\$ service Epap Start</b> ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
		<b>\$ service Pdba start</b> ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ systemctl start Epap
		\$ systemctl start Pdba
L		

17	MDC At Login to DDD EDAD conver	If not already lagrad in them lagin at DDD CDAD.
	MPS A: Login to PDB EPAP server which is newly made on release 17.0	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP: console
	as the user "epapdev"	login: epapdev
		password:
18	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB	/\
	Configure Menu.	1   Display Configuration   
		2   Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3   Set Time Zone   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		5   Change Password
		6   Platform Menu   
		7   Configure NTP Server
		8   PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security   
		10   SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed   
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15   DB Architecture Menu   
		e   Exit    /
		Enter Choice: 8
19	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/Configure PDB Menu\ /
		/   1   Configure PDB Network   
		   2   Create PDB

		- 1
20	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1. Provide remote PDBA IP address.	
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
21	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022 /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /
I	Exit from epapconfig menu	Image:

		1   IPv4 Configuration
		2   IPv6 Configuration   
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
22	MPS A: Login to Active PDB EPAP	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP:
	server which is already on release 17.0 as the user "epapdev"	console login: epapdev
		password:
23	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	Configure Menu.	1   Display Configuration
		3   Set Time Zone   
		4   Exchange Secure Shell Keys   
		5   Change Password   
		6   Platform Menu   
		7   Configure NTP Server   
		8   PDB Configuration Menu
		9   Security   
		10   SNMP Configuration
		11   Configure Alarm Feed   
		12   Configure Query Server   
		13   Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14   Configure SNMP Agent Community   
		15   DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit

	I	7
		\/
		Enter Choice: 8
		Enter Choice: 8
24	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\
		1   Configure PDB Network
		2   Create PDB
		e Exit
		\/
25		Enter Choice: 1
25	MPS A: The PDB Network	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0 170.6.0
		Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022
	Provide remote PDBA IP address.	
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/
		1   IPv4 Configuration   
		   2   IPv6 Configuration
		e   Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4
		address is currently set to 10.75.141.32
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32.
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.33
		The server does not know of 10.75.141.33 Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		Password of epapdev:
		The server does not know of 10.75.141.33.
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		ssh is working correctly.
		Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33
		PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33

26	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d         Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1         Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0         Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022         /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\         /
		Enter Choice: e
	Active PDBA Site.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares: \$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful. \$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ systemctl start Epap
		\$ systemctl start Pdba
28	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

# Procedure A.36: RTDB restore after Upgrade

S T P # 1.	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step	p as it is completed	ions to restore RTDB from a backup file. d. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. T MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
2.	EPAP A: Stop Software. On the menu, click Process Control->Stop Software. Click "Stop EPAP Software" Button	Classical Sector S	A       Stop EPAP Software         Image: Check if you want do pal EPAP software processes, and will prevent the selected EPAP from updating the RTDB unit the EPAP software is re- started (by executing the Start Software mem item).       Image: Check if you want the software to automatically start on reboot.         Image: Check if you want the software to automatically start on reboot.       Image: Check if you want the PDBA software along with the EPAP software.         Image: Check if you want the PDBA software to automatically start on reboot.       A re you sure you want to stop the EPAP software?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want to stop the EPAP software?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want to stop the EPAP software?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want to stop the EPAP software?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want the you want to stop the EPAP software?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want the you want the you want the you want?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want the you want?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want the you want?         Image: Stop EPAP Software       Image: Check if you want the you want the you want the you want y

3.	EPAP A: Restore RTDB.	EPAP A: uiadmin	A			Restore the RTDB
		Select Mate	<u></u>			
	On the menu, click	Start Software Stop Software Maintenance RTDB	Please specify the sub directory (	(default is /var/TKLC/epap/free)		
	RTDB-		File Path			
	>Maintenance>Restore	Maintenance     Reload from PDBA	OK			
	RTDB	Reload from Remote Backup RTDB	Tue January 06 2015 10:30	:40 EST		
		Configure Record Delay		Copyright © 2000, 2014, O	racle and/or its affiliates. All r	ights reserved.
		Retrieve Records      Debug      Platform				
		PDBA     User Administration				
	Select the backup file,	Change Password				
	then click "Restore					
	RTDB from the	A				Restore the RTDB
	Selected File" Button					
	Selected File Button	CAUTION: This ac order for the restore		m the specified file on the selected	EPAP. The EPAP sof	tware must be stopped on the selected EPAP in
		Select Type	Originating Host	File Name	File Size	Creation Time
		<ul> <li>rtdbBackup</li> </ul>	Recife-A	rtdbBackup Recife-A	577K bytes	Tue January 06 2015 10:25:35 EST
		Restore RTDB from	m the Selected File.			
		A				Restore the RTDB
		A	_			
		CAUTION: This back	tup file may be incompatible w	nth your system.		
		Are you sure that you	want to restore the RI	TDB from the file		
		rtdbBackup_Cusco-A	_20181128103003_DF	Birthdate_201410150306	519GMT_DBLe	vel_78687002_v4.72.bkp.tar.gz ?
		Confirm RTDB Restore				
	Click "Confirm RTDB					
	Restore" Button					
		NOTE: Caution m	nessage regard	ling "incompatib	ole file" is c	lisplayed in above
		snapshot as the	backup file is t	aken on RTDB ve	ersion 4 an	d is being restored on
		RTDB version 5.	•			8
		KIDD Version 5.				
		Restore success	fully started:			
			,			
		٨				Restore the RTDB
		<u>A</u>				
				ore of RTDB from file rtdb.		
		• 03_20170510	021047_v4.72.bkp.ta	.gz . Restore status will be	displayed on Ba	nner message window.
		11-1 T	16.00.00			
		Wed June 13 2018		2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its a	filiates All rights -	eserved
			oobhufur @	2000, 2010, Oracle altwor 115 a		

4.	<b>EPAP A:</b> Make EPAP down.	Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress:
	An IM alarm should be observed with	A Informational Messages
	informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB is in progress.	Informational Messages Restore RTDB in progress
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully.	Wed June 13 2018 16:39:09 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button	Confirming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully:           A         Informational Messages
		Informational Messages Restore RTDB completed successfully Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

		[ -	
5.	on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion	This step is per	formed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup
	completed successfully.		
	·····	where DB Arch	itecture is eXtreme):
		Δ	Informational Messages
			international meeeagee
		10	
			Informational Messages
			RTDB Conversion in progress
		-	
		and an and the second second second	2018 16:55:42 EDT
		Сорун	ght © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		А	Informational Messages
		A	Informational Messages
		A	
		A	Informational Messages
		A	
		A	Informational Messages
		A Fri June 15	Informational Messages
			Informational Messages RTDB conversion completed successfully 2018 00:37:57 EDT
			Informational Messages RTDB conversion completed successfully
			Informational Messages RTDB conversion completed successfully 2018 00:37:57 EDT
			Informational Messages RTDB conversion completed successfully 2018 00:37:57 EDT

6	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

### Procedure A.37: Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation

S	This procedure is used to resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation from the system.		
T E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	Blankout the /etc/motd file	>/etc/motd	
		>/etc/motd	
2.	Add an entry "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEP T" in the upgrade info file.	echo "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" >> /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.info	

3.	Clear the false alarm "TKSPLATMI33"	
		You will see the following alarm in alarmStatus.
		a. alarmMgralarmStatus
		[One output example below:] SEQ: 7 UPTIME: 356 BIRTH: 1524100682 TYPE: SET
		ALARM:
		TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.
		4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 3253
		2 Processing Error Configuration Error
		b. To clear the alarm, run the following command: alarmMgrclear TKSPLATMI33

#### Procedure A.38 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Note: A new card would be needed for this conversion. The conversion can be done through various way where one of them is described below.

Assuming, there is a mixed EPAP on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release.

Execute the below mentioned steps to perform this conversion

On Mixed EPAP:

a. Perform Full Upgrade from existing release EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to target release of EPAP 17.0 Refer to <u>section 3.4.1</u>, Execute Procedures 1, 2, 3, 4, 14, A.31, 15, 16.

b. Convert Prov (mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov EPAP by fresh installing the setup as Non-Prov Node
 Note: Option to convert Mixed setup to Non-Prov setup via epapconfig menu is obsoleted.

Refer to <u>section 3.4.1</u>, Execute procedure A.13, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 4, 20, 13, A.32, A.36, A.11, 25, 22.

On PDBonly (fresh installation on new card):

c. Install EPAP 17.0 ISO on new card.

Refer to <u>section 3.3.2</u> to perform installation.

d. Restore PDB backup

Refer to section 3.4.4, Execute procedures A.33, 27.

Attach this PDBonly with Non-Prov EPAP (converted in step b) and any Non-Prov EPAP connected with Mixed setup

#### Procedure A.39 Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters

S T	This procedure pro	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.	
E P	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step	p as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	EPAP A: Log in to the EPAP A server as user "root" and take a snapshot of EuiDB variables.	[root@Quito-a ~]# uiEdit "DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT" "LNP_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE" "NETWORK_CONFIGURATION_TYPE" is set to "SINGLE" "EPAP_A_GS_BANNER_PORT" is set to "8473" "PDBA_STATS_ENABLED" is set to "OFF" "EPAP_DATA_SPLIT" is set to "OFF" "max_passwd_age" is set to "180" "new_user_default_groups" is set to "readonly" "max_concurrent_user_logins" is set to "1" "max_concurrent_logins" is set to "20" "PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES" "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME_V6" is set to "0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000" "passwd_expiry_warn_days" is set to "7" "HTTP_ENABLED" is set to "0N" "SNMP_ALARM_FEED" is set to "10" "EPAP_A_STANDBY" is set to "10" "EPAP_A_STANDBY" is set to "80" "SLOG_CAPACITY_ALARMS_ENABLED" is set to "TRUE" "EPAP_A_NAME" is set to "20"	

1	PDBA_IMISI_PREFIX IS SET TO
	"EPAP_A_MAINT_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "0"
	"SELF_HEAL_DN_FEATURE" is set to "OFF"
	"logon_msg" is set to "NOTICE: This is a private computer system.
	Unauthorized access or use may lead to prosecution."
	"EPAP QS ALARMS ENABLED" is set to "ON"
	"PDB_RTDB_SYNC" is set to "NO"
	"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_NETMASK" is set to "255.255.255.0"
	"EPAP_A_SLOG" is set to "YES"
	"PDBA_ERROR_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"
	"EPAP A SIMPLEX MODE" is set to "FALSE"
	"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS" is set to "10.75.141.73"
	"EPAP_IP_VERSION" is set to "IPv4"
	"SYSTEM_NUMBER" is set to "ES06032023"
	—
	"EPAP_STATUS_A" is set to "NONE"
	"euidb_version" is set to "3"
	"PDB_CAP_LIMIT_ENABLED" is set to "OFF"
	"EPAP_A_HTTP_PORT" is set to "80"
	"UI_IP_AUTHORIZATION_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE"
	"PDBA_MAX_COMMAND_RECORDS" is set to "1000000"
	"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTP_PORT" is set to "8001"
	"apache_403_error_message" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is not
	authorized to access the GUI."
	"min_passwd_len" is set to "8"
	"max_account_inactivity" is set to "0"
	"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "OFF"
	"PDBA_GPORT_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
	"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.0.0"
	"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"
	"PDBA_DEBUG_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"
	"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTPS_PORT" is set to "8002"
	"EPAP_QS_THRESHOLD" is set to "200"
	"EPAP_A_HSAUDIT" is set to "ON"
	"EPAP_A_HTTPS_PORT" is set to "443"
	"PDBA_DN_PREFIX" is set to ""
	"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS_V6" is set to ""
	"PDBA_GFLEX_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
	"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_PREFIX_V6" is set to ""
	"passwd_reuse_limit" is set to "5"
	"PDBI PORT" is set to "5873"
	"apache_403_error_message_default" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is
	not authorized to access the GUI."
	"PDBA_INP_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
	"HTTPS_ENABLED" is set to "Yes"
	"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_DEFAULT_ROUTER" is set to "10.75.141.1"
	"RTDB_HOMING_POLICY" is set to "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME"

"PDBA\_IMSI\_PREFIX" is set to ""

		"PDBA_MAX_COMMAND_DELAY" is set to "-1" "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.73" "PDBA_COMMAND_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20" "max_failed_logins" is set to "3" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000" [root@Quito-a ~]#
2.	Copy the uiEdit command output in notepad and save on your machine or backup server for future reference	uiEdit command output is saved for fututr reference.
3.	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

## Procedure A.40 Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4 additional configurations

S	This procedure pro	ovides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.	
T			
E P	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Login to epapconfig	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:	
	menu and Enter		
	choice 7, Configure		
	NTP Server Menu		

	/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		Display Configuration
	2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3	Set Time Zone
	4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5	Change Password
	6	 Platform Menu   
		Configure NTP Server
	8	PDB Configuration Menu
	9	Security
	10	SNMP Configuration
	11	Configure Alarm Feed
	12	Configure Query Server
	13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
	15	DB Architecture Menu
		 Exit
	\	/
	Enter	Choice:
	EPAP co	nfiguration menu for Mixed EPAP:

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
			Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
			Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	
		6	 Platform Menu
			Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
		-	SNMP Configuration
		11	
			Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13	Mate Disaster Recovery
		14	DB Architecture Menu
		(	/
2.	MPS A: The EPAP		
	Configure NTP	/	EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ \
	Server Menu is displayed. Enter		Display External NTP Server
	choice 1, Display		Add External NTP Server
	External NTP Server and save the details	1 5	Remove External NTP Server
	for later use	l e	Exit
			Choice: 1
			cver1 10.75.124.247
		_	
		Fress	return to continue

	1						
3.	Login to EPAP GUI	А			Automatic PDB/RTDB Backu	р	
	via uiadmin user			_			
	MPS 1A: Navigate	Backup Type (Select None to Cancel Backups)		Local V			
	to the main	Time of the day to start the Backup		04:00			
	Maintenance menu	Frequency		1 Day V			
		File Path					
	selection and select	(Directory only) Select required IP version:		◎ IPv4 ○ IPv6			
	"Automatic	Remote Machine IP Address					
	PDB/RTDB Backup"	(IPv4=xxx.yyy.yyy.yyy) (IPv6=xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxx					
	and note down the	Login Name		,			
	configuration	Password					
	-	Save the local copies in the default pa	ath	○ Yes ○ No			
	details	Do you want to delete the old RTDB (Non-Provisionable only)	backups				
		Note: 1. If you select Yes, only the last	st three	● Yes ○ No			
		RTDB backup files will be retained. 2. Automatic PDB Backup will be fai	led,	0 103 0 100			
4.	Navigate to the						
	main Maintenance	A			Configure File Transfe	er	
	menu selection and select "Configure	Select required IP version:	●∎v4 O	IPv6			
	File Transfer" and	Remote system IP address:	10.75.141.80	)			
	note down the	Remote system user name:	epapdev				
	configuration	Remote system password:					
	details	Remote system sftp location:	/var/TKLC/ep	pap/free			
		File export to remote system:	Enabled v				
		Submit data					
		Submit udia					
		Tue March 07 2023 04:12:29 EST					
			Copyright	t © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or it:	s affiliates. All rights reserved.		
5.	Navigate to the	^					Cabadula
	main Maintenance	A					Schedule
	menu selection and						
					Existing Tasks		1
	select "EPAP	Type ID EXAPCORE PIC		chedule	Action	Params	<u> </u>
	Schedule task" and	EXAPCORE FIC			/usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pdbiImportCheck /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/eirSftp.pl		
	note down the	EXAPCORE PBL			/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pruneBinaryLogs		
	configuration		H minute	əly,5	/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pdbiSsh.pl		
	details		BAN hourly		/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/monitorBanner.pl		
	uctans	EXAPCORE RTDB	CS minute	ely, 15	/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/getRTDBClientStatus.pl		
					Scheduling Options		
				Type:	ID:		
				Action:			
				Params:			
			R		○ Minutely ○ Hourly	ekly () Month	ly O Yearly
			I.	T Fritadi (	Every $1$ day(s) at $00 \checkmark$ : $0$	•	ing of rearry
				Commente			
				Comment:			
					Add Modify Dele	te	
1	1						

	Navigate to the user administration	A	View HTTP(S)
	menu and select	HTTP Enabled:	No
	"HTTP(s) Support", click view	HTTPS Enabled:	Yes
	configuration and	Tue March 07 2023 04:15:58 EST	
	note down the		Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	configuration details		
7.	This procedure is		
	complete.	This procedure is complete.	

# Procedure A.41 Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations

S	This procedure pro	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.							
T E	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each ster	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.							
P									
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	F THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.							
1.	Login to epapconfig	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:							
	menu and Enter								
	choice 7, Configure								
	NTP Server Menu								

/	/EPAP Configuration Menu\			
1	Display Configuration			
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu			
3	Set Time Zone			
4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys			
5	Change Password			
6	Platform Menu			
	Configure NTP Server			
8	PDB Configuration Menu			
9	Security			
10	SNMP Configuration			
11	Configure Alarm Feed			
12	Configure Query Server			
13				
	Configure SNMP Agent Community			
15	DB Architecture Menu			
e	Exit			
Enter	Choice:	_		
EPAP co	nfiguration menu for Mixed EPAP:			

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	 Set Time Zone
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			 Change Password   
			Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
			Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13	Mate Disaster Recovery
		14	DB Architecture Menu
			Exit
		<u>\</u>	······································
2.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP		Add External NTP Server Menu-\
	Server Menu is displayed.		IPv4 Configuration
	Enter choice 2, Add	2	IPv6 Configuration
	External NTP Server		Exit
	Refer to <u>Procedure</u> A.40 step 2 for NTP		Choice: 1
	configuration before Migration		ou sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y erver IP Address: 10.75.124.247

3.	Login to EDAD CUU	•		
0.	Login to EPAP GUI	Α	Automatic	PDB/RTDB Backup
	via uiadmin user	Dealars Trees		
	MPS 1A: Navigate	Backup Type (Select None to Cancel Backups)	Local	
	to the main	Time of the day to start the Backup	04:00	
	Maintenance menu	Frequency File Path	1 Day V	
	selection and select	(Directory only)		
	"Automatic	Select required IP version: Remote Machine IP Address	◎ IPv4 ○ IPv6	
	PDB/RTDB Backup"	(IPv4=xxx.yyy.yyy) (IPv6=xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx		
	and configure the	Login Name		
	Automatic PDb-	Password		
	RTDB backup	Save the local copies in the default path	○ Yes ○ No	
	Повраскар	Do you want to delete the old RTDB backups (Non-Provisionable only)		
	Refer to Procedure	Note: 1. If you select Yes, only the last three RTDB backup files will be retained. 2. Automatic PDB Backup will be failed,	● Yes ○ No	
	A.40 step 3 for	ירו התת יויייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		
	backup			
	configuration			
	before Migration			
4.		•		
- -	Navigate to the	A	Со	nfigure File Transfer
	main Maintenance			
	menu selection and	Select required IP version:	Pv6	
	configure	Remote system IP address: 10.75.141.80		
	"Configure File			
	Transfer"	Remote system user name: epapdev		
		Remote system password:		
	Refer to <u>Procedure</u>	Remote system sftp location: //ar/TKLC/ep	ap/free	
	A.40 step 4 for CFT	File export to remote system: Enabled V		
	before Migration	0.1		
		Submit data		
		Tue March 07 2023 04:12:29 EST		
		Copyright	© 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	

5.	Navigate to the	A					Schedule EPAP Ta
	main Maintenance menu selection and						
					Existing Tas	ks	
	select "EPAP	<u>Type</u> EXAPCORE	PIC m	Schedule	Action /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pdbilmport	Check	Comment
	Schedule task" and	EXAPCORE	_	inutely,5 inutely,5	/usr/TKLC/epap/bin/eirSftp.pl	CHECK	
	note down the	EXAPCORE	PBL m	inutely,10	/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pruneBinary	/Logs	
	configuration	EXAPCORE EXAPCORE	PDSH m MONBAN h	inutely,5 ourly 1.15	/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pdbiSsh.pl /usr/TKLC/appl/bin/monitorBan	ner nl	
	details	EXAPCORE	RTDBCS m		/usr/TKLC/appl/bin/getRTDBCli		
	uetalis						
	Refer to <u>Procedure</u>				Scheduling O	ptions	
	A.40 step 5 for			Ty			
	Shcedule EPAP task			Actio			
	before Migration			Paran Denest perio	ns: □od: ○ Minutely ○ Hourly ◎ Da	- ite O Westeller O Mandelle	
	before migration			Repeat perio		t $00 \sim :00 \sim$	Y O Yearly
				Comme			
				Comme			
					Add Modify	Delete	
	Refer to <u>Procedure</u>	А				Change H	ITTP(S) Configuration
	A.40 step 6 for						
	HTTP/HTTPS	HTTP Enabled	:				
	configuration, If http	HTTPS Enable	d:				
	was enabled before						
	the Migration then				Submit Changes	5	
	execute this step	Tue March 07	2023 05:57:5	0 EST			
	else skip this step				Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its at	ffiliates. All rights reserved.	
	Navigate to the user	А				Change H	TTP(S) Configuration
	administration menu						
	and select "HTTP(s)	SUCCES	S: HTTP/HTT	PS configuration	1 changed successfully.		
	Support", click	•			с ,		
	Change	Tue March 07 2	2023 05:59:0			*** · · · · · · · · ·	
	configuration,			С	opyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its aff	iliates. All rights reserved.	
	disable, and enable						
	-						
	the configuration.	٨				Change	TTD(C) Configuration
		Α				Спапуе п	TTP(S) Configuration
		HTTP Enabled	:				
		HTTPS Enable	d:				
		The March 67	2022 05.00	1 200	Submit Changes		
		Tue March 07	2023 06:00:5		opyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its af	filiates. All rights reserved.	
						0	

		A Change HTTP(S) Configuration
		SUCCESS: HTTP/HTTPS configuration changed successfully.
		Tue March 07 2023 05:59:09 EST
		Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
7.	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

### Procedure A.42 Compare EuiDB parameters

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.						
T E P	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
# 1.	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.         Compare the EuiDB parameters before and after Migration       Update the parameters missing after migration using the following command:         and after Migration       [root@Quito-a ~]# uiEdit <uiedit paramter=""> <paramter value="">         WHERE, Paramter valus can be as follows or as per the value set before Migration:       "ON/OFF"         "YES/NO"       "True/False"</paramter></uiedit>						
2.	This procedure is complete.	"IP" This procedure is complete.					

### Procedure A.43 PDB Restore

### Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

S T	This procedure provides instructions to restore PDB from a backup file.						
Ε	Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.						
1.	MPS X: Log in to the CLI as user "admusr".If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: passwordmusr".password: password						
2.	<b>MPS X:</b> Switch to epapdev user.	\$ sudo su - epapdev					

3.	<b>MPS X:</b> Backup file should be readable for epapdev user	Check mode and ownership of PDB backup tar file. It should be as follows: [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ ll pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bk p.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bk p.tar.gz If permission and ownership of tar file is not same as above then use following command: Change mode of tar file: \$ chmod 666 <pdb backup="" file="" tar=""></pdb>
4.	Check following uiEdit variable:	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_N AME "PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 0.0.0.0 "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0" [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"
	If Remote IP is assigned, then change it to 0.0.0.0 using the following command:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_N AME 0.0.0 "PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"	
	Again check the uiEdit variable value:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_N AME "PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"	

## Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

	Note: This procedure is valid in case of restoring PDBA on second PDAB node being migrated			
5.	MPS X: Log in to			
	the web GUI as user	User name: uiadm	nin	
	"uiadmin".	Password:		
6.	MPS X: Stop	EPAP A: uiadmin		
	Software.	Select Mate	Stop EPAP Software	
-		Start Software	CAUTION: This action will stop all EPAP software processes, and will prevent the selected EPAP from updating the RTDB until the EPAP software is re-	
			started (by executing the Start Software menu item).	
	On the menu, click	View RTDB Status	Check if you want the software to automatically start on reboot.	
	Process Control-	Reload from Remote	DBA Check if you want to stop the PDBA software along with the EPAP software.	
	>Stop Software.	Restore RTDB	Check if you want the PDBA software to automatically start on reboot.	
	>Stop Software.	Configure Record Delay     Configure Records     Are     Debug	you sure you want to stop the EPAP software?	
	Click "Stop EPAP		Stop EPAP Software	
	Software" Button	User Administration     Users     Tue	anuary 06 2015 10:27:03 EST	
	Software Dutton	Groups     Groups     Authorized IPs	Copyright © 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	
		HTTP(S) Support     Terminate UI Sessions		
		Modify Defaults Change Password		
		Logour		
		Α	Stop EPAP Software	
		✓ SUCCESS: The EPAP Software has been stopped.		
		Tue January 06 2015 10:29:53 EST		
			Copyright © 2000, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

7.	MPS X:Restore			
		C EPAP A: uiadmin	٨	Restore the PDB
	PDB.	Process Control	Α	
	On the menu, click	Platform	Please specify the sub directory (default is /v	ar/TKLC/epap/free)
	PDBA-	PDBA Select Other PDBA	File Path	
	>Maintenance-	Switchover PDBA State	File Path	
	>Backup->Restore	Process Control	OK	
	the PDB	Niew PDBA Status	Mon July 16 2018 03:26:01 EDT	
	uic I DD	🗉 🧰 Authorized IP List	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Or	acle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		DSM Info     G     Maintenance		
		E 🔄 Backup		
		List Backups		
	Select the backup	Backup the PDB		
	file, then click	Import File to PDB		
	"Restore PDB from	Export PDB to File Transaction Log Params		
	the Selected File"	Constant Log Parallel		
	Button	🕂 🗀 Logs		
	Dutton	Schedule Export		
		View License Capacity		
		List PDBI Connections		
		User Administration		
		Change Password		
		Logout		
	Click "Confirm	^		Restore the PDB
	PDB Restore"	A		Restore the PDB
	Button	CAUTION: Restoring the	PDB will prevent the PDBA from receivi	ing update and query requests until the restore is
		complete.		
		Select Type Origin	ating Host File Name	File Size Creation Time
		🔵 pdbBackup 🗅	latal-a <u>pdbBackup_Natal-a</u>	1.2M bytes Fri July 13 2018 02:22:16 EDT
		Restore PDB from the Selected F	ile.	
		А		Restore the PDB
		A		
		Are you sure that you want to re	store the DDR from the file	
		• •	22216 DBBirthdate 201807130552420	GMT DBLevel 18 v7.50.bkp.tar.gz ?
		Confirm PDB Restore		
		Restore successfully	started:	
		_		
		A		Restore the PDB
			tore of PDB from /var/TKLC/appl/free/pdbBackup_N 20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7_50 kkp tar	Tatal- .gz. Restore status will be displayed on Banner message window.
		a_20100715022210_DDBHIIdale	_co.co.rooscaccont_concercito_v.co.okp.tar	

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

	Appendix A.43	PDB Restore
8.	Appendix A.45 MPS X: An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore PDB is in progress. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore PDB completed	Confirming that Restore PDB in progress: Informational Messages Restore PDB in progress Tue July 17 2018 02:31:52 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	successfully.	Confirming that Restore PDB is completed successfully:
		Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		Restore PDB completed successfully
		Tue July 17 2018 02:38:51 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
9.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Re-Assign the remote PDBA name using the following command:	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 10.75.141.75 "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"
	command: [root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_N AME	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" [root@Salta-A ~]#

Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

	"PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"	
	Again grep the uiEidt variable name using the following command:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit   grep	
	PDBA_REMOTE_	
	NAME	
11	N -1 -11	
11.	Move the pdba	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped
	binary file on Mixed and	[root@Quito-a bin]#
	PDBonly server.	
	r DDoniy server.	
	Notes This step is	
	Note: This step is valid in case only	
	when user is	
	performing	
	migration.	
12.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

#### Appendix A.43 PDB Restore

# Procedure A.44 RTDB Homing Policy to self PDBA

S T	This procedure will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes			
E				
P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.			
	Check off ( $\Box$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.			
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs			
	MPS A: Switch to epapconfig menu		<b>epapconfig</b> Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat	/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
---	--	--	---	---------------------------------
2	Select option 8 from epapconfig menu	/   1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10     11     12     13     4     9     10     11     9     10     10     10     10     11     9     11     10     12     14     14     14     14     14     14 	EPAP Configuration Menu Display Configuration Configure Network Interfaces Menu Set Time Zone Exchange Secure Shell Keys Change Password Platform Menu Configure NTP Server PDB Configuration Menu Configure Alarm Feed Configure SNMP Agent Community Mate Disaster Recovery DB Architecture Menu Exit Choice: 8	
L	<u> </u>	THICET	010100. 0	

3 П	Select option 2 to	/Configure PDB Menu\ /\	
	enter	1   Configure PDB Network	
	RTDB homing	   2   RTDB Homing Menu	
	menu	   3   Change Auto DB Recovery State	
		   e   Exit	
		e   Exit   \/	
		Enter Choice: 2	
4 [	Read the Note in the	For Mixed EPAP :	
	beginning	/RTDB Homing Menu\	
	of the section	/\   1   Configure Specific RTDB Homing	
	and decide		
	your homing	2   Configure Active RTDB Homing   	
	policy.	3   Configure Standby RTDB Homing	
		     e   Exit	
		\/	
		Enter Choice: 1 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y	
		EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y	
		There are two configured PDBs for this MPS: 1. 10.75.141.101 (local)	
		2. 10.75.141.32	
		Select the preferred PDB from which to receive updates [1]: 1	
		The RTDB Homing policy is set to 'specific' and will prefer	
		updates from 10.75.141.101	
		Press return to continue	
5	MPS A and	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes.	
	MPS B:	Use the following command to start Epap:	
	Start Epap software.	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:	
		\$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start.~~	
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.	
		¢ convice Rdba stant	
		\$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~	

		PDBA application start Successful.		
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:		
		\$ systemctl start Epap		
		\$ systemctl start Pdba		
6	This			
	procedure	This procedure is complete.		
	is			
	-			
	complete.			

# Procedure A.45 Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov

S T	This procedure will backout the MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov Site		
Е			
P #	Estimated time o	f completion: 900 minutes.	
	Check off (🛛) ea	ch step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDU	IRE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.	
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs		
1	Re-Install the	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document	
	Mixed or	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Non-Porv		
	Node on		
	EPAP		
	16.3.1/16.4.1		
2	Restore the	Refer to <u>Section 3.4.2</u> , step 6	
	EuiDB, RTDB		
	on Non-Prov		
	EPAPs from		
	the backup		
	taken before		
	performing		
	migration on		
	Non-Prov		
	Nodes		

3	Restore the EuiDB and	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files:
	PDB on Mixed EPAPs	Refer to section 3.4.1, step 6 in case of Single Mixed or section 3.4.3, step 6 in case of Dual Mixed
		To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files:
		Refer to <u>Procedure A.32</u> for EuiDB Restore and <u>Procedure A. 10</u> for RTDB Restore.
4	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

# Procedure A.46 Backout of PDBonly site

S T	T		
E			
P #	Estimated time o	f completion: 5 minutes.	
	Check off ([]) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step		
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDU	RE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.	
	PROCEDURE APPLICABI	LE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs	
1	Re-Install the	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document	
	PDBonly site		
	on		
	16.3.1/16.4.1		
2	Restore the	Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case or standalone PDB site or section 3.4.5 step 6 in case of dual	
		PDBonly sites.	
1	on PDBonly		
	site from the		
	backup taken		
	before		
	performaning		
	migration on Non-Prov		
1	Non-Prov Nodes		
3	Restore the	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files :	
	PDB on	Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case of Single Mixed or Section 3.4.3 step 6 in case of Dual Mixed	
	PDBonly site		
	,	To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files :	

		Refer <u>Procedure A.32</u> for EuiDB Restore and <u>Procedure A.43</u> for PDB Restore.
₄ □	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

## Procedure A.47 Dual Image Upgrade Procedure

**Note**: Ensure that the Legacy Upgrade before DIU is accepted, otherwise it might give an error while initiating background upgrade in DIU.

S. No	Steps	<ul> <li>This procedure performs Dual Image Upgrade on the server.</li> <li>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number.</li> <li>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for ASSISTANCE.</li> </ul>	
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login: Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname>	
2	MPS X: Log in as "root" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: root password: password	
3	MPS X: Copy DIU ISO	Perform the procedure in <u>Procedure A.12</u> or copy EPAP DIU ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	
4	Create a terminal window log in MPS X.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. <b>Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx</b>	
5	MPS X: Unallocate	Note: NTP must be configured before starting DIU.	

some memory for the backout LVs.	NOTE: All custom files, scripts, folders need to DIU process is started. These need to be rest process is completed.	-
	echo "SPLIT_MIRROR=1" > /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgr /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgr	
	ls -ltr /var/TKLC/epap/free/	
	If you find the following folder: drwxr-xr-x 2 epapdev epap 4096 Jan 3 0	0:51 comcol
	Run the following commands, otherwise igno	re them:
	systemctl stop TKLCha	
	systemctl stop TKLCharsync mv /var/TKLC/epap/free/comcol /var/TKLC	C/epap/logs/
	table lists the commands with the expected of <b>Note</b> : The primary objective of running the for unallocated memory for the backup LVs to be lvremove command, when you check for v subtract 30 from that to find out the space to example, in the following commands, vgs hav means that the lvcreate command will ha after creating the new lv, the unallocated me	llowing commands is to create 30G created during DIU. Thus, after running ygs we, look at the Vfree category and the be mentioned in lvcreate command. re 234G after the lvremove command. ve 234-30=204G as the parameter. Thus, mory is 30G (required by DIU).
	In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup, run the following commands:	In case of NonProvisionable Setupsetup run the following commands:
	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Epap [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Pdba [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@pdb [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@app	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl st Epap [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl st mysqld@app
	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop cro	l ond

command: systemcti status <service_name>         [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# umount /var/TKLC/epap/free         [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvremove /dev/mapper/vgroot-free         Do you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: y         Logical volume "free" successfully removed.         [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs         VG       #PV #LV #SN Attr         VSize       VFree         vgroot       1       9         Up(extrains)       VFree         VG       #PV #LV #SN Attr         VSize       VFree         Vgolodon, 7962424       12820050         Discarding device blocks: done       13369344 inodes         Filesystem ULD: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19</service_name>	
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# Ivremove /dev/mapper/vgroot-freeDo you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: yLogical volume "free" successfully removed.[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgsVG#PV #LV #SN AttrVS#PV #LV #SN AttrVsig9 0 wz-n- <446.41g 234.00g[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvcreateyessize 204Gname free vgrootWiping ext4 signature on /dev/vgroot/free.Logical volume "free" created.[ 2180.800550] EXT4-fs (dm-9): VFS: Can't find ext4 filesystem[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vgroot-freemke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020)Discarding device blocks: doneCreating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodesFilesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121Superblock backups stored on blocks:32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 224912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872Allocating group tables: doneWriting inode tables: doneWriting superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# town epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# toxVG#PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFreevgroot 1 10 0 wz-n- <446.41g 30.00g	Note: Check whether all the services just stopped are actually stopped or not using the command: systemctl status <service_name></service_name>
Do you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: y Logical volume "free" successfully removed.[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 9 0 wzn- <446.41g 234.00g	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# umount /var/TKLC/epap/free
VG#PV #LV #SN AttrVSizeVFreevgroot190 wzn-<446.41g 234.00g	Do you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: y
<ul> <li>Wiping ext4 signature on /dev/vgroot/free.</li> <li>Logical volume "free" created.</li> <li>[2180.800550] EXT4-fs (dm-9): VFS: Can't find ext4 filesystem</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vgroot-free</li> <li>mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020)</li> <li>Discarding device blocks: done</li> <li>Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes</li> <li>Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121</li> <li>Superblock backups stored on blocks:</li> <li>32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872</li> <li>Allocating group tables: done</li> <li>Writing inode tables: done</li> <li>Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs</li> <li>VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree</li> <li>vgroot 1 10 0 wz-m- &lt;446.41g 30.00g</li> </ul>	VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
<ul> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vgroot-free mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020) Discarding device blocks: done Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121 Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872</li> <li>Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- &lt;446.41g 30.00g</li> </ul>	Wiping ext4 signature on /dev/vgroot/free.
<ul> <li>mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020)</li> <li>Discarding device blocks: done</li> <li>Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes</li> <li>Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121</li> <li>Superblock backups stored on blocks:</li> <li>32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872</li> <li>Allocating group tables: done</li> <li>Writing inode tables: done</li> <li>Creating journal (262144 blocks): done</li> <li>Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free</li> <li>[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs</li> <li>VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree</li> <li>vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- &lt;446.41g 30.00g</li> </ul>	[ 2180.800550] EXT4-fs (dm-9): VFS: Can't find ext4 filesystem
Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121 Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872 Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn <446.41g 30.00g	
Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# thown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	
32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872 Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121
Writing inode tables: done Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208,
Creating journal (262144 blocks): done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	Allocating group tables: done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free [root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free
VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free
	VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
If you had the comcol folder then run the below commands to restore the comcol in free directory: mv /var/TKLC/epap/logs/comcol /var/TKLC/epap/free/	
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs	[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs

		VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g	
6	MPS X: Start platcfg utility.	\$ su – platcfg	
7	MPS X: Navigate to the Upgrade menu. **NOTE**: Make sure to select Dual Image Upgrade only.	The platcfg Main Menu appears. 1. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit Select the Dual Image Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit	
8.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using <b>Procedure A.2</b> .	
9.	MPS X: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.	



		Dual Image Upgrade Menu         Validate Media         Early Upgrade Checks         Initiate Background Upgrade         Copy USB Upgrade Image         Exit	
9	MPS X: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searchin media is found, an <b>Upgrade Media selection m</b> example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [EN Choose Upgrade Med EPAP0_170.16.0-x86_64-DIU.is Exit In case there is a failure in the installation proce- verify whether the raid is synced or not:	enu appears similar as shown in the NTER]. lia Menu 0 - 17.0.0.2.0_170.16.0
		Raid in sync example [root@Recife-A upgrade]# lsblk NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT sda 8:0 0 447.1G 0 disk [-sda1 8:1 0 512M 0 part `-sda2 8:2 0 446.5G 0 part `-md1 9:1 0 446.4G 0 raid1 [-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 4G 0 lvm / [-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm [SWAP] [-vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 10G 0 lvm /usr [-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC	Raid not in sync example [root@Natal-A upgrade]# lsblk NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT sda 8:0 128.9G 0 disk `-sda1 8:1 128.9G 0 part sdb 8:16 0 894.3G 0 disk [-sdb1 8:17 0 512M 0 part `-sdb2 8:18 0 893.7G 0 part `-md1 9:1 0 893.5G 0 raid1 [-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 2G 0 lvm / [-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm [SWAP] [-vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 8G 0 lvm /usr [-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm /var/TKLC

-vgroot-plat_tmp253:401G0 lvm/tmp -vgroot-plat_var253:502G0 lvm/var -vgroot-logs253:6020G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/logs -vgroot-db253:70 191.8G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/db`-vgroot-free253:80207.7G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/freesdb8:16128.9G0 disk -sdb18:1712.8G0 part`sdb28:1819.8M0 part`-sdb28:1819.8M0 part`sdc8:320446.5G0 part`sdc28:340446.5G0 part`-md19:10446.4G0 raid1 -vgroot-plat_root253:004G0 lvm/ -vgroot-plat_swap253:102G0 lvm[SWAP] -vgroot-plat_usr253:2010G0 lvm/usr -vgroot-plat_var_tklc253:308G0lvm/var -vgroot-plat_var253:502G0 lvm/var -vgroot-plat_var253:6020G0 lvm/var -vgroot-logs253:70191.8G0 lvm/var -vgroot-logs253:70191.8G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/logs -vgroot-free253:80207.7G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/logs -vgroot-free253:80207.7G0 lvm/var/TKLC/epap/logs -vgroot-free253:80207.	according to LV configurations. This can be
	according to LV configurations. This can be
•	
The following command can be used to check t above command. [root@Arica-A upgrade]# cat /proc/mdstat	he status of the sync after running the

		Personalities : [raid1] md1 : active raid1 sdb[3] sda2[2] 468091904 blocks super 1.2 [2/1] [U_] [===>] recovery = 19.1% (89824128/468091904) finish=81.5min speed=77331K/sec bitmap: 4/4 pages [16KB], 65536KB chunk unused devices: <none></none>
10	MPS X: Upgrade proceeds. Apply Upgrade.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. After the background upgrade is done, the system will return to this screen. Copyright (C) 2005, 2023, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: Floaterol Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17,00,012,0_170.16.0-x86_64-010.iso - 17.00.012.0_170.16.0 Exit Use arrow keys to move between options   <enter> selects   <f12> Main Menu After this, select [EXIT] and press [ENTER]. From the Dual image Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Background Upgrade Image Exit From the maintenance menu, select Dual Image Upgrade and then Press Enter.</f12></enter>



		[ 543.047224] diUpgrade[11034]: Creating alarm script: /tmp/OUTopYCjjI	
		<pre>[ 550.076488] diUpgrade[11034]: Image Apply Complete</pre>	
		<pre>[ 550.076687] diUpgrade[11034]: ####################################</pre>	
		[ 550.076846] diUpgrade[11034]: # APPLY COMPLETE # [ 550.076846] diUpgrade[11034]: ####################################	
		<pre>[ 550.076923] diUpgrade[11034]: Transitioning from 'Applying Upgrade' to 'Upgrade /</pre>	
		<pre>[ 550.219075] systemctl[21188]: Removed /etc/systemd/system/TPD.target.wants/upgrad</pre>	
		<pre>[ 569.958098] completeTasks[21254]: completeTasks started: Fri Oct 27 07:52:31 20: [ 570.018205] completeTasks[21254]: ID: 1697182349.0</pre>	
		[ 570.018205] completerasks[21254]. ID. 1097102349.0 [ 570.018407] completerasks[21254]: STATE: COMPLETED	
		<pre>[ 570.018490] completeTasks[21254]: RESULT: SUCCESS</pre>	
		[ 570.018566] completeTasks[21254]: CHECKPOINTS	
		<pre>[ 570.018643] completeTasks[21254]: [ 570.018725] completeTasks[21254]: main STATE: COMPLETED RESULT: SUCCESS</pre>	
		[ 570.018801] completeTasks[21254]: STARTED: 1697182349 ENDED: 1697182350	
		[ 570.018881] completeTasks[21254]: STATUS LOG	
		<pre>[ 570.018957] completeTasks[21254]:</pre>	
		<pre>[ 570.019039] completeTasks[21254]: 0 1697182349 INF0 main Checkpoint started at 10 [ 570.019126] completeTasks[21254]: 1 1697182349 INF0 main Checkpoint started at 10</pre>	
		[ 570.019206] completeTasks[21254]: 2 1697182350 INFO main Checkpoint finished at :	
		<pre>[ 570.019283] completeTasks[21254]: LOG FILE: /var/TKLC/log/TaskMgr/completeTasks."</pre>	
		Oracle Linux Server 8.8	
		Kernel 4.18.0-477.21.1.el8_8.x86_64 on an x86_64	
		Floater01 login:	
		Make sure to verify that the state is transitioned from "Applying upgrade" to "Upgrade Applied" and we get Completed Result: SUCCESS.	
12	MPS X: log in	[hostname] consolelogin: root	
	as "root" user.	password: password	
13	MPS X: Check	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors	
	the Upgrade	and warnings were reported.	
	log.		
		\$ grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log	
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions	
		on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E, if the output contains any error except the following:	
		except the following.	
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log	
		1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a	
1	1	systemd410ystem service!	
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!	

	completed successfully.		
15	MPS X: Check that the	Verify that the following output is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E.	
	upgrade completed successfully.	<pre>[root@Floater04 ~]# /var/TKLC/backout/diUpgradestatus State: Upgrade Applied Status Messages:</pre>	
16	MPS X : Syscheck reconfiguration	Run the following commands for unmasking and starting the Epap and Pdba status:         In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup run the following commands:         [root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Epap         [root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Pdba         If you have the comcol folder, then run the following commands:	
		systemctl restart TKLCha TKLCharsync systemctl restart runGsConn	

		Run the following command for reconfiguration of syscheck: <b>\$ syscheckreconfig</b>
17	MPS X : Reboot after installation	Reboot the system after the "Apply Complete Process" to finally finish the installation. \$ <b>reboot</b>
18	MPS X: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete. The installation procedure is complete. If there are any issues in the upgrade, check <b>Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix.</b>
19	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
		b.

### Procedure A.48 Switchover PDBA state

S T	This procedure provis	sions 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site.	
E P #	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
1.	IF THIS PROCEDURE F Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appearappears.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP appears.          Image: Contact My ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.         The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP appears.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Ask FOR Assistance.         Image: Contact My Oracle Support and Assistance.         Ima	

		The CLU screen on standalane PDP annears
		The GUI screen on standalone PDB appears.
2.	LoginLog in as uiadmin.	<complex-block></complex-block>

		ORACLE       PDBA@ 10.75.138.77       STANDBY       Alarms       PDBA@ NONE       Alarms       Alarms       Alarms       Alarms       PDBA@ NONE       Alarms       Alarms       Alarms       Alarms       Alarms       PDBA@ NONE       Alarms       Alarms       PDBA@ NONE       Alarms       Alarms       PDBA@ NONE       Alarms
3.	On the Site designated by the customer Active PDB GUI, select "Switchover PDBA State" to make the PDBA Active. Debug DBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA Select Other PDBA DBA DBA DBA Status DBM Info Maintenance List PDBI Connections PDBI Statistics Report	A       Switchover PDBA State         Are you sure you want to change the state of the local PDBA from STANDBY to ACTIVE?         Switchover         Thu May 22 2014 15:48:47 EDT
<b>4</b> . □ <b>5</b> . □	Click on the " Switchover" button.	A       Switchover PDBA State         Image: Success: switchover successfully completed from STANDBY to ACTIVE.         Thu May 22 2014 15:49:35 EDT
	becomebe ACTIVE.	CRACLE COMMUNICATIONS A 16.75.141.102 16.38.01 EST

### Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix

#### 1. Title: Stuck in the boot menu with multiple boot options.

Fix: If you are stuck in the boot menu while rebooting during Apply Upgrade, select the default option. An example of the default option to be selected is given below:



If you are stuck in the boot menu while rejecting the upgrade, please select the "**split-mirror-backout**" option. An Example is given below:

Oracle Linux Server (4.18.0-477.21.1.el8\_8.x86\_64) 8.8 split-mirror-backout

#### 2. Core Files Alarm on the upgraded setup

**Fix**: It is a known alarm that originates in case of Dual Image Upgrade. To get rid of this alarm, run these commands on the setup that is having those alarms:

[root@Osorna-A ~] # rm -rf /var/TKLC/core/\*

### Procedure A.50 Accept/Reject the Dual Image Upgrade

1	Accept/Reject the DIU	Follow the below steps to Accept/Reject the DIU upgrade. Log in to the setup with the root user.	
	upgrade	<ol> <li>Run the following command:</li> <li>a. [root@Floater04 ~]# su - platcfg</li> </ol>	
		2. Select the Maintenance option and press [ENTER].	



	1	
		<pre>3. The following logs will appear on the screen (in case of Accept).     /var/TKLC/backout/biosboot.gz /mmt/upgrade/Images/plat_var.tar.gz /mmt/upgrade/Images/plat_var.tar.gz /mmt/upgrade/Images/plat_var.tar.gz /mmt/upgrade/Images/plat_var.tar.gz /mmt/upgrade/Images/plat_var.tklc.tar.gz Performing image post-accept Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade:Policy::P39TPD upgrade policy Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade:Policy::P39TPAMycnf upgrade policy Re-added secondary drive to the raid mirror. Re-added secondary drive to the raid mirror. Re-added secondary drive to the raid mirror. Transitioning from 'Accepting Upgrade' to 'No Upgrade Available' Cleaning backout directory.  PRESS ANV KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCFG MEMU.  PRESS ANV KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCFG MEMU.  PRESS any key to continue  Press any key to continue </pre>
*Note *	Revert back the space taken during DIU	<pre>This is the process to revert the unmounted space that was taken while doing the DIU procedure. Note: This should only be done after accepting the DIU upgrade. Procedure:     Run the following command:     lvextend -L +26G /dev/vgroot/free; resize2fs     /dev/vgroot/free</pre>

## Procedure A.51 MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure

Note:

- 1) This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.
- 2) The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.

S.	Steps	This procedure performs MySQL RPM Upgrade on the server.
No.		Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been
		provided for this purpose beside each step number.
		If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for
		ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
		Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as epapdev	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	user and switch to root user.	password: password
		epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]\$ su -
		Password:password
3	MPS X: Copy Mysql 8.4.0	After copying mysql rpms run below command to check if they are
	RPMS from mysql_rpms directory of	present in free directory.
	Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via	[root@Salta-a ~]# II /var/TKLC/epap/free
	epapdev user	-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 4098340 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 13434336 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 3991796 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 709260 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-
		common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm -rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 23103448 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 2350976 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 1542176 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 62328968 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm

[		
4	MPS X:	After copying install_mysql.sh to free directory, move to free
	Copy install_mysql.sh	directory.
	from scripts directory of	[root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
	Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip	
	into free directory via	Change permissions of the script:
	epapdev user	[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap install_mysql.sh
		[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 install_mysql.sh
5	MPS X:	[root@Salta-a free]# ./install_mysql.sh
	Run install_mysql.sh	
		Performing installation of mysql commercial version 8.4.0
		Verifying ##################################
		[100%]
		Preparing ##################################
		[100%]
		Updating / installing
		1:mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-
		8#####################################
		Cleaning up / removing
		2:mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-
		8######################################
		Verifying ##################################
		[100%]

Preparing ##################################
[100%] Updating / installing
1:mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-
1.1###################################
Cleaning up / removing
2:mysql-commercial-client-8.0.35-
1.#####################################
Verifying ##################################
[100%]
Preparing ##################################
[100%]
Updating / installing
1:mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-
1.1.###################################
Cleaning up / removing
2:mysql-commercial-devel-8.0.35-
1.1####################################
Verifying ##################################
[100%]
Preparing ##################################
[100%]
Updating / installing
1:mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-
1.1####################################
Cleaning up / removing
2:mysql-commercial-common-8.0.35-
1.#####################################
Verifying ##################################
[100%]
Preparing ##################################
[100%]
Updating / installing
1:mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-
1.1.e##################################
Cleaning up / removing
2:mysql-commercial-libs-8.0.35-
1.1.###################################
Verifying ##################################
[100%]
Preparing ##################################
[100%]
Updating / installing
1:mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-
1.1####################################
Cleaning up / removing

		2 mused commercial backup 8.0.25		
		2:mysql-commercial-backup-8.0.35-		
		1.####################################		
		Verifying ##################################		
		[100%]		
		Preparing ##################################		
		[100%]		
		Updating / installing		
		1:mysql-commercial-client-plugins-		
		8#####################################		
		Cleaning up / removing		
		2:mysql-commercial-client-plugins-		
		8#####################################		
		[100%]		
		Preparing ##################################		
		[100%]		
		Updating / installing		
		1:mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-		
		1.1###################################		
		Cleaning up / removing		
		2:mysql-commercial-server-8.0.35-		
6	MPS X:	1.####################################		
0	Check if Mysql RPM's	li oor@saira-a ireej# ipiii -qa  grep -i mysqi		
	upgraded or not.	mysql-common-8.0.36-1.module+el8.9.0+90153+70413b10.x86_64		
		mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
	Note: Versions of mysql-	mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
	common and perl-DBD	perl-DBD-mysql-5.002P-17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0.x86_64		
	packages may vary	mysql-commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
	depending upon EPAP	mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
	version you are	mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
	migrating from.	mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
		mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64		
		mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64		
7	MPS X:	After copying update plugin.sh to free directory,		
	Copy update_plugin.sh			
	from scripts directory of	Change permissions of the script:		
	Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip	[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap update_plugin.sh		
	into free directory via	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	epapdev user	[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 update_plugin.sh		
8	MPS X:	[root@Salta-a free]# ./update_plugin.sh		
	Run update_plugin.sh			
		Login to mysql and check plugin of mysql users		
1				

	[root@Salta-a free]# mysql -uroot -peLapRoot -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
	Your MySQL connection id is 9 Server version: 8.4.0-commercial MySQL Enterprise Server - Commercial Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners. Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement. mysql> select user,plugin,host from mysql.user; ++
	user  plugin  host +++++  multi_admin  caching_sha2_password   localhost    mysql.infoschema   caching_sha2_password   localhost     mysql.session  caching_sha2_password   localhost    mysql.sys  caching_sha2_password   localhost    pdbSelect  caching_sha2_password   localhost    pdba  caching_sha2_password   localhost    root  caching_sha2_password   localhost    statuser  caching_sha2_password   localhost    pdba  caching_sha2_password   mate    root  caching_sha2_password   mate    pdbSelect  caching_sha2_password   salta-a  +++++11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
9 MPS X: Copy pdbBackup.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user (edited)	mysql> exit After copying pdbBackup.sh to free directory, Change permissions of the script: [root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup.sh [root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup.sh
10 MPS X: Run pdbBackup.sh script	[root@Salta-a free]# ./pdbBackup.sh

		The script ends with below logs at the end.
		 backup logs>
		ibbackup completed OK!
		pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz has been created
11	MPS X:	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote,
	Transfer the backup	customerprovided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you
	created in above step to	want to continue to connect.
	remote machine.	\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp <ip address="" machine="" of="" remote=""></ip>
		Connecting to The authenticity of host " can't be established.
		DSA key fingerprint is
		58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? <b>yes</b>
		Warning: Permanently added ' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.
		root@ <ip address="" machine="" of="" remote="">'s password:</ip>
		sftp> cd <target directory=""></target>
		sftp> put pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		Uploading pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz to
		pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		sftp> bye
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer
		the backup file to the mate using the following command
		\$ su – epapdev
		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<pdb backup="" file=""></pdb></pre>
		epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/

### Procedure A.52 Post MySQL RPM upgrade PDB Restore Procedure

Note: This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.

S.No	Steps	This procedure performs Restoration of PDB created by MySQL
		RPM Upgrade Procedure on the server.
		Check off ( $\checkmark$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been
		provided for this purpose beside each step number.
		If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for
		ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
	prompt is	
	displayed.	Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	<mark>epapdev user</mark>	password: password
	<mark>and switch to</mark>	<mark>[epapdev@lthaca-a ~]\$ su -</mark>
	<mark>root user.</mark>	Password:password
3	MPS X:	After copying PDB backup to free directory,
	Copy the PDB	Change Permissions of PDB Backup:
	Backup file to	[root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
	free directory.	
		[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup_Salta-
		a_1737987790.tar.gz
		root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup_Salta-a_1737987790.tar.gz
4	MPS X:	[root@Donut-A free]# /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdbforce
	Restoring the	Tue Jan 28 08:58:03 EST 2025
	PDB	This script will replace the existing PDB with one provided from a
		backup and copy the restored backup to the remote.
		Are you sure you want to do continue? (y/n) y
		Enter the name of the backup tar.gz file.
		/var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		localIp = 10.75.141.119
		localName=Donut-A
		remoteIp = 0.0.0.0

	No remote site
	WARNING : If this backup is from EPAP 16.1 or earlier release please
	use optionforce7
	Are you sure this backup is taken on EPAP 16.2 release? (y/n)y
	Do you want to restore Stats database? (y/n) y
	Running with force option! Skip disk space check
	remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0
	There is no remote B PDB
	Unzipping backup file. This may take a while
	Running with force option! Skip compatibility check
	Stopping local PDBA
	Stopping local PDB mysql daemon
	No need to create backup directory
	Running ibbackup tool to restore DBWe trust you have received the
	usual lecture from the local System
	Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things: #1) Respect
	the privacy of others.
	#2) Think before you type.
	<u>#3</u> ) With great power comes great responsibility.[sudo] password for
	mysql:
	mysql:
	inysqi.
	<restore logs=""></restore>
	·····
	Restore completed successfully.
	Wed Jan 29 02:37:23 EST 2025
	[root@Donut-A free]#



## APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

Figure 8: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)



Figure 9: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)

## APPENDIX C TELCO TO CISCO SWITCH REPLACEMENT

#### SWITCH REPLACEMENT This procedure is for replacing the Telco switch with the Cisco switch. Check off ( $\sqrt{}$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE. The following tools are required to perform this procedure: Grounding Strap (Wrist or Heel) #2 Phillips Screwdriver #3 Phillips Screwdriver 1/4" Nut Driver or Socket 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket Wire Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps) Diagonal Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps) Multi Meter Tie Wraps **Electrical Tape** Cable Tags / Marker (to label all cables) Disable At the fuse panel, locate the fuse positions for the switch being removed. To power down a. the Switch, remove the fuses for both A and B feeds. and 1. b. Once the switch is off, unscrew and remove the terminal-block insulator covers from both disconnec t switch terminals blocks A and B. c. With covers removed, using a Multi Meter, ensure that there is no power. power d. Ensure that the power leads are marked -48V & RTN. e. With the cables marked, one at a time, remove the power cable and tape the terminal ring. Repeat these steps until all power connections are removed. Cable-tie Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (top). Same procedure for other switch locations. Disconne a. Remove the Switch Ground Wire from the grounding point, by loosening and removing 2. ct ground Hex nut, Flat washer, and External tooth washer.

	cable from	b. Leave Ground Wire dangling. Do not disconnect ground wire attached to cabinet/frame.
	switch	Note: Hardware removed, nut and washers are NOT required on replacement switch.
		Insulator screws
	Disconne	a. Make sure that all the cables are labeled and are in the correct position that they are
3.	ct Front	terminated at. If not, ensure to mark or label before starting any removal.
	ENET and	<ul> <li>b. Disconnect the Console and Ethernet cables from Telco switch being replaced. Leave the cables dangling.</li> </ul>
	Console	c. (Optional) If cable management tie-rod is mounted to the switch being replaced, it may be
	Cables	necessary to cut or remove the cable-ties, holding the cables from the Tie-rod.
		Console Ethernet cable Cable-tie Tie
4. □	Remove the Switch being replaced	<ul> <li>a. Remove the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch). If there is no support under the switch, take care to support the switchwhile removing the screws.</li> <li>b. Remove the Switch from the Eagle rack.</li> <li>c. Keep the screws safely set aside. Required for mounting the new switch.</li> </ul>
		Note: If Tie-rod is attached via the screws being removed, then the Tie-rod needs to be set aside for reattachment when the replacement Switch is installed.
	l	reattachment when the repracement Switch is installed.








Cisco	
Switch	

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Sw	itch Configuratio	n
4.	MPS X: Enter an Enable secret key :- "OracleSwitchC1"	The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. 
5.	MPS X: Press 2 and enter	The following configuration command script was created: enable secret 9 \$9\$TsBinkhqCyICKE\$.kVHrY3IJTaqJEb.T9yJjjjmzcRSu426mSirX4U3a1k ! end [0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config. [1] Return back to the setup without saving this config. [2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit. Enter your selection [2]: 2
6.	MPS X: Initial configuration building done.	Building configuration [OK] Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration. Press RETURN to get started!
7.	MPS X: Write "enable" and password set in step 3 which is "OracleSwitchC1"	Switch>enable Password:
8.	MPS X: Once the switch is enabled to take configuration > sign changes to the # sign	Switch>enable Password: Password: Switch#

	Switch Configuration		
9.	MPS X: Write command –	switch# configure terminal	
	"Configure terminal"	Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.	
		switch(config)#	
10.	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network	CiscoSwitch1C.txt CiscoSwitch1B.txt CiscoSwitch1A.txt CiscoSwitch1D.txt	
11.	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for EPAP Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network).	CiscoSwitch1C.sync.t CiscoSwitch1B.sync.tx CiscoSwitch1A.sync.t CiscoSwitch1D.sync.t xt t xt xt xt	
12.	MPS X: Open the attached config in notepad for the switch we want to configure.	Open in notepad and press Ctrl+A and then Ctrl+C	
13.	MPS X: Paste all the	Switch# configure terminal	
	copied config to the	Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.	
	switch. Shown example for Switch1A.	Switch(config)#hostname switch1A	
		switch1A(config)#enable secret EnAbLe	
		switch1A(config)#	
		switch1A(config)#\$estamps log datetime msec localtime show- timezone	
		switch1A(config)#no service pad	
		switch1A(config)#service timestamps debug uptime	
		switch1A(config)#service timestamps log uptime	
		switch1A(config)#service password-encryption	
		switch1A(config)#no logging console	
		<pre>switch1A(config)#logging on switch1A(config)#logging transport </pre>	
		<pre>switch1A(config)#logging trap errors</pre>	
		<pre>switch1A(config)#logging facility local6</pre>	
		<pre>switch1A(config)#line console 0</pre>	

3w	litch Configuratio	
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#length 0</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#exit</pre>
		switch1A(config)#
		<pre>switch1A(config)#clock timezone gmt-5 -5 00</pre>
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#vlan 1
		switch1A(config-vlan)# name default
		switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#vlan 2
		switch1A(config-vlan)# name dsm-a
		switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
		switch1A(config)#interface vlan 1
		switch1A(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#exit</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config)#</pre>
		switch1A(config)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/1
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on</pre>
		Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/2
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
		switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/3
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access

0		
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_A DSM A
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/4</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_B DSM A
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/5
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/6
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/7
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
	1	

011	itch connyuratio	
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/8
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/9
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/11
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/12
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2

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	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/13
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
	switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/14
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
	switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
	switch1A(config-if)#
	switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/15
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
	switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
	switch1A(config-if)#
	switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/16
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
	<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
	switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
	switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
	switch1A(config-if)#shutdown

30	atch Configuratio	
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/17
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/18
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/19
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/20
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/21
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>
	l	1

30	iten configuratio	
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/22
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
		switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# duplex full</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/23
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
		switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
		Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/24
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
		switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
		switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>
		switch1A(config-if)#
		switch1A(config-if)#no ip http server
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#no cdp run
		1

	itch Configuratio	switch1A(config)#
		_
		<pre>switch1A(config)#line con 0 switch1A(config)#line)# macrossed concols</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)# password CoNsOlE</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)# login</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#line vty 0 4</pre>
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh
		switch1A(config-line)#password CoNsOlE
		switch1A(config-line)# login
		switch1A(config-line)#line vty 5 15
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh
		switch1A(config-line)#password CoNsOlE
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)# login</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#</pre>
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#ntp server 192.168.2.100</pre>
		switch1A(config)#
		<pre>switch1A(config)#logging host 192.168.2.100</pre>
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#end
		switch1A#
		SWITCHIAN
14.	<b>MPS X</b> : Similarly need to configure all other connected cisco switches.	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
	to configure all other connected cisco	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B.	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: Ip address	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: lp address 192.168.2.1 associated	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: Ip address	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: lp address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: lp address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with Switch1B , ip address	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: lp address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with Switch1B , ip address 192.168.2.3 with	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.
15. 16.	to configure all other connected cisco switches. Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: lp address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with Switch1B , ip address	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10 <sup>th</sup> step , as per the switch location.

		Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.3 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.3, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.100
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.100, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/1/5 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.200
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.200, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#
17.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

#### APPENDIX D SWOPS SIGN OFF.

Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

#### **Discrepancy List**

#### APPENDIX E CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

#### Sign-Off Record

#### \*\*\* Please review this entire document. \*\*\*

This is to certify that all steps required for the upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and email this page and the above completed Table to Oracle, email: <u>upgrades@tekelec.com</u>.

Customer: Company Name:	Date:	
Site: Location:		
Customer :(Print)	Phone:	
	Fax:	

Start Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Completion Date: \_\_\_\_\_

This procedure has been approved by the undersigned. Any deviations from this procedure must be approved by both Oracle and the customer representative. A copy of this page should be given to the customer for their records. The SWOPS supervisor will also maintain a signed copy of this completion for future reference.

Customer Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### APPENDIX F MAJOR CHANGES IN EPAP 17.0

In EPAP Release 17.0, live provisioning is supported for upgrade of DUAL PDB site that is where Active and Standby PDB are present in the form of PDBonly EPAP or Mixed-EPAP.

# Note: In case of Dual PDBonly when Standby PDBA is successfully upgraded, connected and in sync with all the other nodes, perform switcover between Active Pdba and Standby Pdba.

Following steps will be taken to support live provisioning:

- 1. Bring both PDBonly/Mixed-EPPAP to same label, Check all counts (DN/IMSI/NE ...) are same. Stop provisioning briefly for 5 minutes to achieve the same.
- 2. Truncate the replLog and requests table. For more information, see step 6 of section A.26.
- 3. On the Active side keep the remote PDBA as it is i.e. Active PDBA has a remote PDBA. This will make sure replLog and request tables keeps updated when live provisioning will happen in the Active site during Standby side upgrade.
- 4. On the Standby side, make the remote PDBA as 0.0.0.0 i.e. Standby site does not have an Active PDBA. This is the site that will be upgraded.
- 5. Home the Non-PROVs to the Active PDBA.
- 6. Home the RTDB on Mixed EPAP towards its local PDBA **Note**: This step is not valid for Non-Prov and PDBonly sites.
- 7. Upgrade the Standby PDBA from 16.3/16.4 to 17.0
- 8. After the upgrade of Standby PDB is complete, change the remote PDBA address of Standby from 0.0.0.0 to the IP of Active PDBA. Start PDBA.
- 9. See that Standby PDBA syncs all the data from Active PDBA that was provisioned during upgrade.

**Note**: This Appendix is for reference only. Details mentioned in this Appendix are applied in <u>section 3.4.3</u> and <u>section 3.4.5</u>.

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