

Leasing
Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking
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1. About this Manual

1.1 Introduction

This manual is designed to acquaint you with the Leasing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE.

The manual provides an overview of the module and guides you through the various steps involved in providing leasing facility to the customers of your bank or leasing company. You can further obtain information about to a particular field by placing the cursor on the relevant field and striking the <F1> key on the keyboard.

1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/ User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office data entry clerk	Input functions for contracts
Back office managers/officers	Authorization functions
Product Managers	Product definition and authorization
End of Day operators	Processing during End of Day/ Beginning of Day
Financial Controller/Product Managers	Generation of reports

1.3 Organization

This manual is organized into the following chapters.

Chapter 1	<i>About this Manual</i> gives information on the intended audience. It also lists the various chapters covered in this User Manual.
Chapter 2	<i>Leasing — An overview</i> is a snapshot of the features that the module provides.
Chapter 3	<i>Maintenances and Operations</i> talks about maintaining various parameters at bank and branch level.
Chapter 4	<i>Defining a Leasing Product</i> talks about defining the attributes specific to setting up a leasing product.
Chapter 5	<i>Disbursing a Lease</i> deals with the procedure involved in entering the details of a lease.

Chapter 6

Making Manual Disbursements deals with the additional details and changes that you can effect on a lease.

1.4 **Related Documents**

You may need to refer to any or all of the following User Manuals while working on the Leasing module:

- Finances
- Core Services
- Core Entities
- Deposits
- Procedures
- Settlements
- Profit
- Charges and Fees
- Tax
- User Defined Fields

2. Leasing - An Overview

2.1 Introduction

The important features of the Leasing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE are discussed in depth in this chapter.

A Lease can be defined as a contract where a party being the owner (lessor) of an asset (leased asset) provides the asset for use by the lessee at a consideration (rental), either fixed or dependent on any variables, for a certain period (lease period), either fixed or flexible, with an understanding that at the end of such period, the asset, subject to the embedded options of the lease, will either be returned to the lessor or disposed off as per the lessor's instructions.

Leasing is nothing more than a method of paying for the use of an asset over a specified period of time. Though it seems very similar to the concept of renting, they are very different.

2.2 Elements in a Lease Structure

2.2.1 Parties to a Lease

There are two parties to a lease: the owner called the lessor and the user called the lessee. The lessor is the person who owns the asset and gives it on lease. The lessee takes the asset on lease and uses it for the period of the lease. *Ownership is no pre-condition for leasing.* Technically, in order to be a lessor, one does not have to own the asset; one has to have the right to use the asset. Thus, a lessee can be a lessor for a sub-lessee, unless the parent lessor has restricted the right to sub-lease.

2.2.2 Leased Asset

The subject of the lease is the asset, article or property to be leased. The asset may be anything – an automobile, land, factory, or consumer durable. Only tangible assets can be leased, you cannot lease intangible assets, since one of the prime elements of a lease is handing over possession, along with the right to use. Hence, intangible assets are assigned, whereas tangible assets may be leased.

The concept of leasing will have the following limitations:

- What cannot be owned cannot be leased. Thus human resources cannot be 'leased'.
- While lease of movable properties can be affected by mere delivery, immovable property is incapable of deliveries in the physical sense. Most countries have specific laws relating to transactions in immovable properties: if the law of the land requires a procedure for a lease of immovable or real estate, such procedure should be complied.
- A lease is structurally a rental for the lease period: with the understanding that the asset will be returned to the lesser after the period. Thus, the asset must be capable of re delivery. It must be durable (at least during the lease period), identifiable and severable. The existence of the leased asset is an essential element of a lease transaction – the asset must exist at the beginning of the lease and at the end on the lease term. Non-existence of the asset, for whatever reason, will be fatal to the lease.

2.2.3 Lease Period

The term of lease, or lease period, is the period for which the agreement of the lease shall be in operation. As an essential element in a lease is redelivery of the asset by the lessee at the end of the lease period, it is necessary to have a period of lease. During this certain period, the lessee may be given a right of cancellation, and beyond this period, the lessee may be given a right of renewal, but essentially, *a lease should not amount to a sale*, i.e. the asset should not be given permanently to the lessee.

2.2.4 Types of Lease

Leases can be broadly classified into two:

- Financial Lease
- Operational Lease

2.2.4.1 Financial Lease

In a Financial Lease, though the device used is leasing, the purpose and effect is virtually financing – leasing for the purpose of financing. However the generic differences between a lease and a lease mentioned earlier still remain. The lessor will provide the money needed by the lessee to buy an asset; in return the payments by the lessee will be in the form of lease rentals. The lease amount is the amount that has been financed. A Financial Lease is a 'lease look-alike'. This lease should be treated like a lease with the lease amount as the principal and a interest charged.

2.2.4.2 Operational Lease

It is a non-financial lease. Any other lease other than a financial lease is an operating lease. In a financial lease, the lessor does not operate the asset he leases; he merely finances it. The word 'operating lease' is not applied to indicate that the lessor 'operating' the asset, but only as a contra-distinction to Financial Leases. Therefore, any lease where the lessor takes a risk other than a plain financial risk is an operating lease. This lease should be treated like a lease with no principal and the entire lease amount as a special interest that is paid in installments.

2.2.5 Lease Rental

The lease rental represents the consideration for the lease transaction. This is the amount that the lessee pays the lessor.

If it is a Financial Lease Transaction, the rentals will simply be the recovery of the lessor's principal, and a certain rate of return on outstanding principal, i.e. the rentals can be seen as bundled principal repayment and interest.

If it is an Operating Lease Transaction, the rental might include several elements depending upon the costs and risks borne by the lessor, such as:

- Interest on the lessor's investment
- If the lessor bears any repairs, insurance, maintenance or operation costs, the charges for such cost.

- Depreciation of the asset
- Servicing charges or packing charges for providing a package of the above service.

2.2.6 Down Payment

Down Payment is the upfront payment made by the lessee at the beginning of the lease. This is a surrogate for the margin or borrower contribution in case of lease transaction. In the case of financial lease, the down payment will be entirely towards the principal and in the case of operational lease; the entire payment will be an income.

2.2.7 Residual Amount

Simply put, 'Residual Value' means the value of the leased equipment at the end of the lease term. If the lease contains a buy out option to buy the asset at the residual amount at the end of the lease, this is the price at which the lessee can buy the asset from the lessor at the end of the lease.

It is common practice to have residual amount for Financial Leases, but it is also possible for Operational Leases to have residual amount.

2.3 Product Definition Facility

A Product is a specific service, or scheme, that you offer your customers. A Leasing product is a specific Leasing scheme that is offered to customers.

While setting up the module, the bank or the Leasing Company can define the various leasing schemes that it offers as products. For each product, it can also define 'attributes', or in other words, the terms and conditions. When a user at the bank or leasing company actually processes a lease, it can be associated with a product. The lease acquires the terms defined for the product that it involves. However, you can allow a user to change the inherited attributes of a lease, while processing, to suit a special customer.

2.3.1 Advantages of Defining a Product

When defining a scheme as a product, the bank can specify the following details:

- Tenor and interest preferences
- Type of interest that is applicable
- Minimum, maximum and standard rates applicable
- Compensation interest and grace days (for lease)
- Standards schedules applicable
- Ledgers to which the accounting entries should be posted (at different events such as booking, amendment, rollover, etc)

The product is defined only once. Therefore, you need not specify the basic details, every time a lease is entered into Oracle FLEXCUBE. This feature drastically reduces processing time, thus allowing a bank to focus on and take advantage of, the opportunities in the market.

2.4 **Methods of Interest Application**

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, it is possible to define multiple interest and charges. That is, you can specify the interest and charge that you would like to levy at the different events in the lifecycle of a lease.

Interest can be calculated based on a rate, or a flat amount. Interest rates may be:

- Fixed
- Floating – Periodic Rate revision is possible
- Special

You can define tier and slab structures to compute charges. You can also define a minimum and a maximum charge, as well as a compensation for defaulted schedules.

2.5 **Methods of Interest Calculation and Payment**

The default interest calculation basis is 30 (Euro)/ 360.

The repayment schedules for interest can be defined, for each transaction. Depending on the mode of payment, the interest will be liquidated either automatically or manually, according to the schedule defined.

Accrual of Interest

The frequency of interest accrual, whether daily, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or annual, can be specified for a product during set up. This specification will apply, to the accruable components of all leases involving the product.

The system accrues interest whenever you make a backdated rate change. An accrual, to the extent of a repayment, is automatically carried out at the time of repayment.

The module supports amendments and payments for previous accrual periods. Subsequent accruals will correct any adjustments that are to be made due to these actions.

The Lease module allows you to accrue interest at the product level. Rather than accrue interest for each lease involving a product, and then update the ledgers of the accrued interest individually, the bank can accrue interest for each contract involving the product, and pass a consolidated entry to the ledgers.

2.6 **Flexible Repayment Schedule Set Up**

Using the Lease module, you can define flexible schedules for the payment of principle, interest, commission and fees. Schedules for the payment of the various components can be defined individually, or otherwise. The schedules would be amortized based on reducing balances.

2.7 Defining Grace Periods

A bank using this module can define a grace period for the products it offers. This specification would apply to all contracts involving the product. A compensation profit will be applied in case of default in payment, on expiry of the grace period. Compensation will not be applied if the payment is made during the grace period. In case the payment is not made, the compensation will be calculated from the day the payment is outstanding.

2.8 Tracking the Status of a Lease

The Lease module of Oracle FLEXCUBE, allows you to define the various status, into which overdue lease should move. The module allows a bank to define:

- The number of overdue days from which a lease should be classified under a status
- Whether accruals should be stopped on reaching a status
- Whether accruals should be reversed for a status
- The asset account to which defaulted lease should be transferred (if they are to be reported separately)
- The notices to be generated for the benefit of the customer

Movement of a lease from one status to another can be either automatic, or manual. Lease, both regular and past due, can be *tracked*, automatically, across several user-defined status.

2.9 Supported Tax Types

Oracle FLEXCUBE supports the processing of a Withholding and an Expense type of tax.

Tax can be computed based on either the liquidation amount or the schedule amount. The bank can define tax rates as slabs or tiers and define a minimum and maximum tax amount that could apply. The bank could bear the tax (Expense) or charge the customer for it (withholding).

2.10 **Automatic Processing of Different ‘Events’**

A lease contract goes through different stages in its lifecycle. These stages are referred to as events in Oracle FLEXCUBE. Events can be defined as Booking, Amendment, Liquidation, etc.

Once a lease contract is initiated, Oracle FLEXCUBE automatically processes all the events defined for it starting from initiation until liquidation. It processes the following automatically:

- Passes the appropriate accounting entries
- Generates the advices and messages specified for the event (including billing notices and delinquency notices to defaulters)
- Liquidates due schedules
- Accrues interest
- Applies compensation interest on default

In addition, you can automatically track overdue contracts and classify them into various statuses. For each status, you can specify preferences like whether accruals should be stopped, reversed, or, if the lease should be transferred to a different asset account.

2.11 **Compensation on Pre-payment**

You can levy compensation on premature payments. This compensation can be specified both in terms of a percentage and as a flat amount.

2.12 **Value Dated Amendments**

Amendments (changes to the Maturity Date, the Principal amount, the Interest Rate, Interest spreads, Residual Amount etc.) are possible on any lease contract, product, or group of contracts. These amendments can take effect as of back-value or future dates.

The zero-based interest accrual methodology ensures that interest accruals are recalculated and adjusted for back-valued amendments.

Subsidized residual amount can be changed during VAMI if subsidized residual amount is checked at the product level. Down payment of a lease can be changed during VAMI if there is an increase in amount financed.

3. Maintenances and Operations

3.1 Introduction

Before you begin using the Leasing module, you must maintain the following information in the system:

Bank Parameters

These are parameters that you need to specify at the bank level. These will include the following:

- Interest calculation parameters
- Amount blocks on inactive accounts
- Splitting of accounting entries for the offset leg
- Site specific maintenances

Branch Parameters

These are parameters that you need to specify at the branch level. These will include the following:

- Branch Code
- Branch description
- Netting Parameters
- Process till Next working Day.
- Intraday job preferences
- Account Auto generation
- Account Mask
- User ref number generation
- Other Preferences

In addition, you also have to maintain the following:

Check Lists

For different events, you can maintain check lists. You can maintain the checklists based on the combination of event code and product code.

Written down Value (Current Asset value)

You can capture the written down value of an asset linked to a lease account. These will include the following:

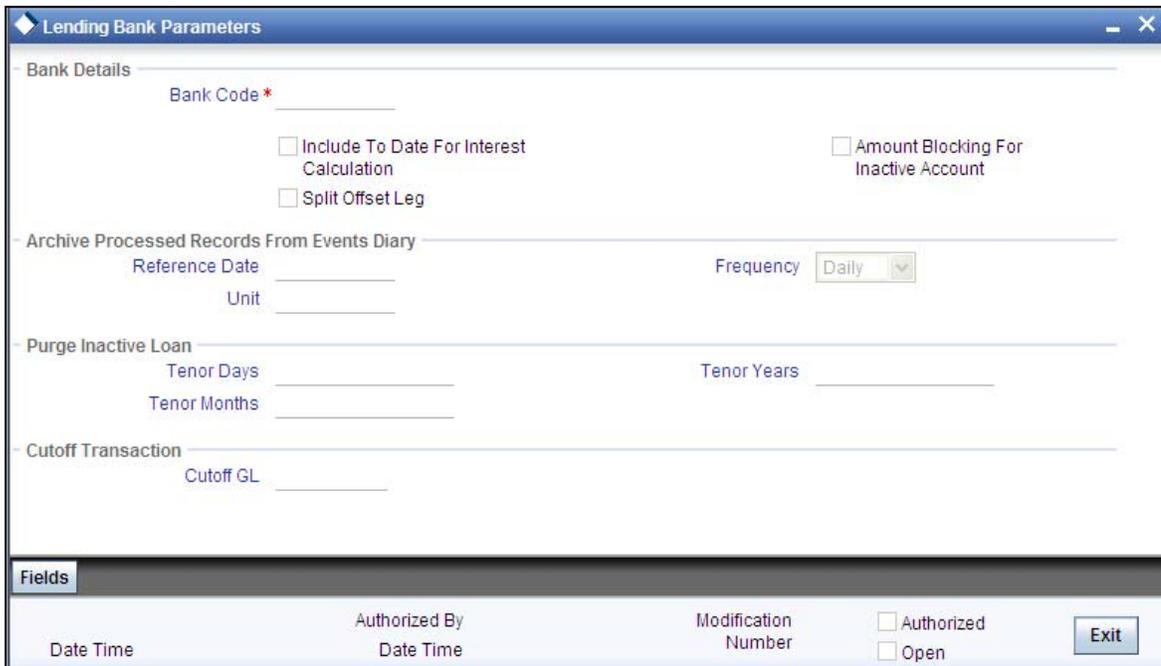
- Account reference number
- Currency
- Written down date
- Written down value
- Remarks

 Re-computation of insurance amount on changed/ new written down value will be processed during EOD for all accounts. Also, only the latest written down value can be amended

The above maintenances are discussed in detail in this chapter.

3.2 Maintaining Bank Parameters

You can maintain the bank parameters in the 'Lending – Bank Parameters' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDBKPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Lending Bank Parameters

Bank Details

Bank Code *

Include To Date For Interest Calculation

Split Offset Leg

Amount Blocking For Inactive Account

Archive Processed Records From Events Diary

Reference Date

Unit

Frequency: Daily

Purge Inactive Loan

Tenor Days

Tenor Months

Tenor Years

Cutoff Transaction

Cutoff GL

Fields

Date Time

Authorized By

Modification Number

Authorized

Open

Exit

Here you can capture the following details:

Bank Code

Specify the code that represents your bank

Include To date for Interest Calc

If you check this option, then accrual entries will be passed from the value date + 1 till the maturity date. However, if this box is not checked, then accrual entries will be passed from the value date till the maturity date - 1.

Amount Blocking for inactive account

Indicate whether an amount block needs to be imposed on an inactive account or not

Split Offset Leg

Check this box if you wish to have split accounting entries for the offset leg of a transaction. For example, if a certain transaction debits a particular GL and credits two different GLs (as in off balance sheet entries), the system will pass two debit entries for the first GL to be in sync with the credit entries to the other GLs. If this option is not checked the accounting entries will be as under:

Dr/Cr	Account	Amount
Dr	00000001	50
Cr	00000011	20
Cr	00000022	30

If this option is checked the accounting entries will be as under:

Dr/Cr	Account	Amount
Dr	00000001	20
Cr	00000011	20
Dr	00000001	30
Cr	00000022	30

Achieve Processed Records from events diary

The parameter Reference Date, Frequency, Unit will be used to archive the processed records in Event Diary

The archival will be done in EOD by batch function. If this parameter is not set then no archive will be done.

Purge Inactive Loans

Specify the tenor in units of days, months and year, for which you want to keep the inactive loans for purging.

Cut off Transactions

Select the Cutoff GL from the option list. Transactions after 2:00 pm on a day will be considered on the next working day. The accounting entries for such transactions will be passed into the Cutoff GL and not the Settlement GL.

Branch Name

Based on the branch code selected, the branch name is defaulted here.

Process Till Next Working Day – 1

This specification will determine the day on which automatic events such accrual, liquidation etc. falling due on a holiday, should be processed. If you select this option, events scheduled for a holiday will be processed on the last working day before the holiday.

Netting

GL Netting Accrual

Here, you need to indicate the netting preference for posting entries during accrual, liquidation and status change.

GL Netting Liquidation

If you opt to net, the system will post a single consolidated entry for a GL and Currency combination. If you do not select this option, entries are posted individually for each account.

GL Netting Status Change

Check this option to indicate that installment level status change should be done.

Netting of Notices across Accounts

The Netting of Notices across Accounts can be used to indicate that for or all accounts for which the payments falls due on a particular date, the requests for invoice generation should be consolidated.

Auto Allocate Part Payment

Check this option if you want to do a partial payment through auto allocation.

Settlement

The settlement accounts for processing lending transactions have to be specified here. You have to specify the Bridge GL/Account to be used for the settlement of the debit and credit legs of transactions that would be processed at your branch. You can select the accounts from the option lists provided for the same.

Account Auto Generated

You can select this option for automatic generation of account numbers. The system generates the account numbers automatically when you create customer accounts through the 'Account Details' screen. If this option is not checked, you have to capture the account number yourself.

Account Mask

Check this box to specify a format/mask for account numbers in order to maintain uniformity in the account numbers generated/captured across a branch. If you specify that account numbers should conform to a specific format, you have to specify the mask in the 'Account Mask' field.

User Ref no in Msgs

Check this box to indicate that the User Reference Number provided in the account screen has to be used in Tag 20 of MT103 and Tag 21 of MT202. If the box is unchecked, the loan account number will be used instead of the User Ref no.

Auto Gen User ref

Check this box to indicate that system should auto generate user ref no during account creation.

IRR Processing

Check this option to trigger the YACR (Yield Accrual) event for the branch batch.

Accrual Entries on Holidays

Check this option to determine whether the accrual entries due on the holidays should be passed as of the holiday itself or as on the working day before the holiday(s)/after the holiday(s) depending on the Process Till Next Working Day -1 option.

3.4 Maintaining Check Lists

You can maintain check list for different events using the 'Check List Maintenance' screen. The check lists that you maintain here will be validated during the execution of that event for a lease account.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDCHKMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Check List". At the top, there are four input fields: "Module Code" (a dropdown menu), "Product Code *" (a text box with a list icon), "Product Description" (a text box), and "Event Code *" (a dropdown menu with "Book" selected). Below these is a section titled "Check List Detail" containing a table with one header row "Check List Item *" and one empty data row. At the bottom of the window, there are four fields: "Input By", "Authorized By", "Modification Number", and two checkboxes labeled "Authorized" and "Open". An "Exit" button is located in the bottom right corner.

The following details have to be captured here:

Product Code

Specify the product code for which you need to maintain a check list. Alternatively, you can also select the product code from the adjoining option-list. All valid loans and leasing products that you have maintained in the system will be available for selection. You can also select the option 'All' select all the product codes.

Event Code

Select the event code for which check list items have to be maintained, from the drop down list.

Product Description

The product description is defaulted based on the product selected.

Check List Item

Specify the check list item name that you want to maintain for the selected event. The check list items that you maintain here will be validated by the system during that event, while processing the lease account.

3.5 Maintaining Written Down Value (Current Asset Value)

You can capture the written down value for an asset linked to a lease account using the 'Leasing Written Down Value' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'LEDWDVAL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Leasing Written Down Value". The main area contains five input fields with labels: "Account *", "Currency", "Written Down Date", "Written Down Amount", and "Remarks". Below this is a "Fields" section with labels for "Maker", "Checker", "Date Time:", "Date Time:", "Mod No", "Record Status", and "Authorization Status". An "Exit" button is positioned in the bottom right corner of the "Fields" section.

The following details need to be maintained here:

Account

Specify the account for which written down value needs to be captured. Alternatively, you can also select the account number from the adjoining option list. All active financial lease accounts will be available in the list of options.

Written Down Date

Specify the date from which the written down value should become effective. Alternatively, you can also select the date by clicking the adjoining calendar button.

Written down Value

Specify the value for the asset. The value has to be in the same currency as that of the lease account.

Currency

The currency of the lease account number is defaulted here.

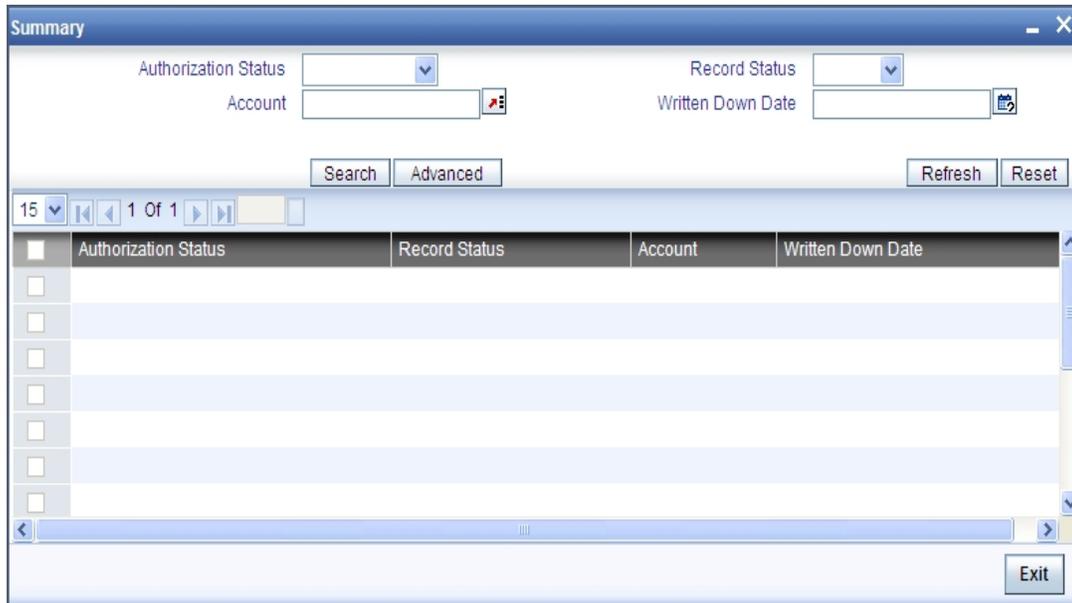
Remarks

Here you can capture additional information, if any.

 During insurance processing, system computes the insurance premium using the SDE 'WRITTEN_DOWN_VALUE'. The value for this SDE for a lease account is derived from the maintenance done in the 'Asset Details' screen. System picks up the value for the latest effective date and the insurance rate is applied on this value to arrive at insurance premium amount.

3.6 Viewing Written Down Value (Current Asset Value)

You can view the written down value for an asset linked to a lease account using the 'Leasing Written Down Value Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LESWDVAL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



The screenshot shows a software window titled "Summary". At the top, there are search filters: "Authorization Status" (dropdown), "Record Status" (dropdown), "Account" (text input with a search icon), and "Written Down Date" (text input with a calendar icon). Below these are "Search" and "Advanced" buttons, and "Refresh" and "Reset" buttons. A table below shows search results with columns: "Authorization Status", "Record Status", "Account", and "Written Down Date". The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window is an "Exit" button.

You can query on records based on any or all of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Account Reference Number
- Written Down Date

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Account Reference Number

- Written Down Date

4. Defining a Leasing Product

4.1 Introduction

A product is a specific service that you offer your customers. For example, amongst other financial services, you may offer Financial Lease. Financial Lease can be of different types:

- Financial Lease provided for purchase of Agricultural Land
- Financial Lease provided for purchase of Non Agricultural Land

Financial Lease for purchase of Agricultural Land and Financial Lease provided for purchase of Non Agricultural Land are examples of specific services that you offer. All Financial Lease for purchase of Agricultural Land that you issue would involve the product, Financial Lease provided for purchase of Agricultural Land.

A product, helps classify the lease that you issue, according to broad groups (such as, for growing cash crops, non-cash crops etc.,) having some common features.

The other advantage of defining a product is that you can define certain general attributes for a product. These attributes will default to all contracts involving it.

In this chapter, we shall discuss the manner in which you can define attributes specific to a Leasing product.

You can create a leasing product in the 'Product' screen, invoked from the Application Browser. In this screen, you can enter basic information relating to a lease product such as the Product Code, the Description, etc.

4.2 Setting up a Product

You can capture product details in the 'Product' screen. You can invoke the 'Product' screen by typing 'LEDPRMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Product Maintenance' window. The title bar reads 'Product Maintenance'. The main content area has the following fields and controls:

- Product Code * (text field): - Leasing
- Product Description (text field)
- Slogan (text field)
- Product Category (text field)
- Start Date (text field)
- End Date (text field)
- Remarks (text field)
- Product Type: Loan, Commitment

Below the main area is a navigation bar with the following tabs: User Data Elements, Preferences, Components, Role To Head, Account Status, Notices and Statements, Events, Branch/Currency Restriction, Customer Category Restriction, Product Fields, MIS, Fields.

At the bottom of the window, there are fields for: Maker, Checker, Date Time, Mod No, Record Status, Authorization Status, and an Exit button.

In this screen, you can enter basic information about a product such as the Product Code, the Description, etc. Information related to specific attributes of a product such as end date, preferences, components, events etc. have to be defined in the respective sub-screens.

Product Code

Specify the unique identifier for the leasing product in Oracle FLEXCUBE.

Product Description

Enter a brief description to identify the product code.

Slogan

You can enter marketing punch line for any product you create. This slogan will be printed on all advices that are sent to the customers who avail of the product.

For example, if you set up a borrowing product called Money Multiplier, you could enter the slogan 'Watch your money grow with Money Multiplier.'

Product Category

The system displays the category of the product as 'Leasing'.

Start Date and End Date

A product can be defined to be active over a specific period. When you create a product, you can specify a 'Start Date' and 'End Date' for it. The product can only be used within the specified period (i.e. within the Start Date and End Date).

If you do not specify the Start Date, the branch date will be displayed as the Start Date.

If you do not specify an End Date for a product, it can be used for an indefinite period.

The start and end dates of a product come in handy when you are defining a product that you would like to offer over a specific period.

Remarks

When creating a product, you can enter information about the product intended for your bank's internal reference. This information will *not* be printed on any correspondence with the customer.

Leasing

Specify the following under leasing in the screen:

Lease Type

Select the type of lease from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Financial
- Operational

Insurance Required

Check this box to indicate that insurance is applicable for this product. This option is enabled only for financial leasing.

4.2.1 Defining Other Attributes of the Product

After specifying the basic details of a product, you can define finer attributes for the product in the appropriate buttons provided. Click on the button provided for this purpose. Each button is explained briefly in the table below:

Button	Description
User Data Elements	To define the UDEs and Components relating to the product
Preferences	To indicate your preferences specific to the product
Components	To specify the component details, schedule definition and formulae for the product

Button	Description
Notices and Statements	To specify details of notices and account statements to be issued to customers. These have to be generated for different events in the life cycle of a lease.
Role to Head	To specify accounting roles and account heads for the product. (The concept of accounting roles and heads is explained later)
Account Status	To indicate the status preferences for the product
Events	To specify events
Branch/Currency Rest	To define the branch and currency restrictions for the product
Customer Category Restriction	To Define the Customer Category Restrictions and Customer Access Restrictions for the Product
Fields	To associate User Define Fields(UDFs) i.e. Character Fields, Number Fields and Date Fields, with the product
MIS	To associate MIS details with a product.
Product Fields	To define additional fields that are available for use depending on the bank's requirement

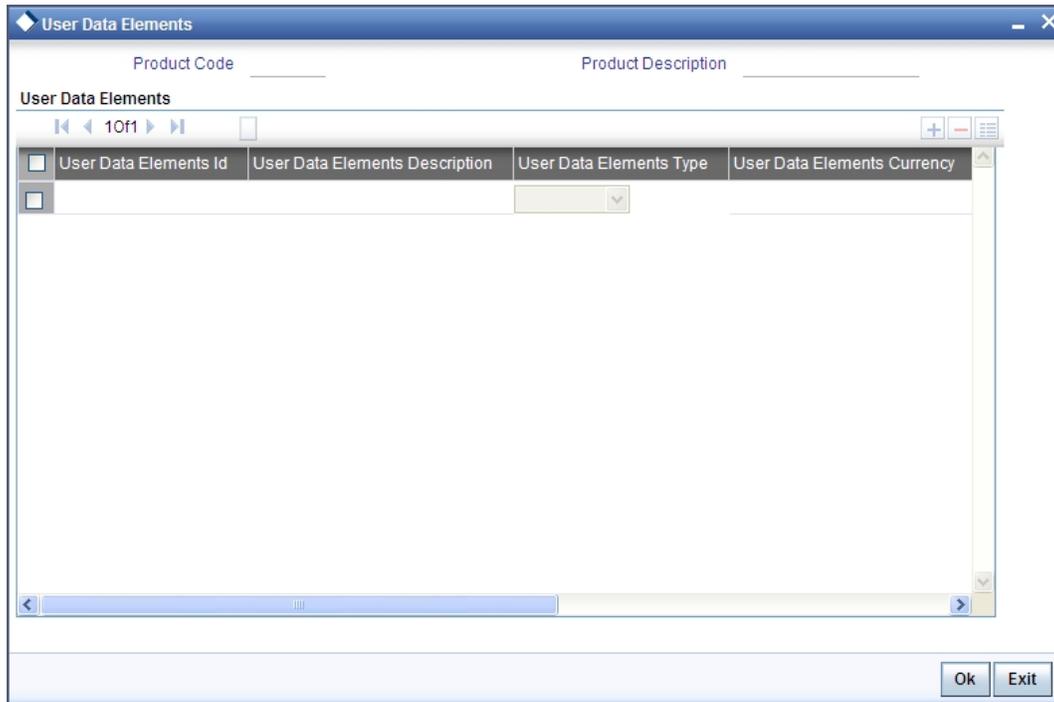


There are some fields in the product screens, to which input is mandatory. If you try to save a product without entering details in these fields, the product will not be saved.

When you save a product that you have created, your user ID will be displayed in the 'Input By' field and the date and time at which you saved the product in the 'Date/Time' field. The Status of the product will be updated as 'Unauthorized'. A product is available for use only after it has been authorized by another user.

4.2.2 Specifying User Data Elements

You can define the User Data Elements in the 'User Data Elements' screen. Invoke this screen by clicking 'User Data Elements' button. The following screen displays:



User Data Elements Id	User Data Elements Description	User Data Elements Type	User Data Elements Currency
-----------------------	--------------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------

To define a User Data Element (UDE), you have to specify the following details in the screen:

User Data Elements ID

Data elements like the rate at which interest has to be applied, the tier structure based on which interest needs to be computed etc. are called **User Data Elements (UDEs)**. These are, in effect, elements for which you can capture the values. You have to specify a unique ID to identify the UDE in the system.

User Data Elements Description

You can also provide a brief description of the UDE being defined.

User Data Elements Type

UDE Type will describe the nature of the UDE. Select the type of UDE from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Amount
- Number
- Rate

- Rate Code

User Data Elements Currency

If the UDE type is 'Amount', you should specify the currency of the UDE. Specify a valid currency in which the UDE amount is counted. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Minimum Value

Specify the floor limit for the UDE value. This means that the actual UDE value cannot be less than the rate specified here. Note that this amount has to be less than the maximum UDE value. The system will throw an error message if the minimum UDE value is greater than the maximum UDE value.

Maximum Value

Specify the ceiling limit for the UDE value. This means that the actual UDE value cannot be greater than the rate specified here. Note that this amount has to be greater than the minimum UDE value. The system will throw an error message if this value is less than the minimum UDE value.

4.2.3 Specifying Product Preferences

Preferences are the options that are available to you for defining the attributes of a lease product. These could be:

- The manner in which the system should handle schedules falling due on holidays
- The tenor details for the lease
- Whether receivables should be tracked for the lease etc.

The options you choose, ultimately, shape the product. These details are used for lease processing.

Click 'Preferences' button in the 'Product' screen to move to this section of the screen.

You should maintain the following preferences for the loan product:

4.2.3.1 Account Preferences tab

Rate

The exchange rate preferences include the following:

Rate

Indicate the exchange rate applicable for the product you are maintaining. The available options are:

- Mid Rate
- Buy/Sell Rate

By default, the Buy/Sell Rate is used.

Rate Type

Specify a valid type of the rate that should be used for the product. This adjoining option list displays all valid types of rate maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

The 'Rate' and 'Rate Type' are used in combination to determine the actual rate applicable for currency conversion.

The default value for Rate Type is 'STANDARD'. This means that, if you choose 'Mid Rate', the mid rate maintained for the STANDARD code is used for the loans created under the product.

Maximum Variance

Specify the maximum limit for rate variance. This is expressed in percentage. The variance between the exchange rate (specified for the product) and the rate captured for a loan (at the account level) should not be greater than the value specified here. If the exchange rate exceeds the maximum variance that you have defined for the product, the system will not allow you to save the loan. The transaction is rejected.

This value should be greater the value for 'Normal Variance'.

Normal Variance

Specify the minimum/normal variance allowed for the rate. If the exchange rate variance between the exchange rate (specified for the product) and the rate captured for a loan exceeds the value specified here, the system will display an override message before proceeding to apply the exchange rate. The normal variance should be less than the maximum variance.

For back valued transactions, the system applies the rate on the basis of the exchange rate history. The variance will be based on the rate prevailing at that time.

Account Preferences

As part of specifying the account preferences, you can indicate the following:

Track receivable Auto Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the receivables should be tracked during auto liquidation.

Liquidate Back Valued Schedules

Check this box to indicate that the schedules with a due date less than the system date should be liquidated on the initiation of back valued lease account.

Special Interest Accrual

Check this box to indicate that the accrual computation should be based on formula specified for a component. Otherwise, interest accrual will be done based on the number of days in the schedule.

Back Period Entry Allowed

Check this box to indicate that the lease account should be allowed to process transactions with a value date less than the current system date.

Interest Statement

Check this box to indicate that the interest statement should be generated for the account.

Product for Limits

Check this box to indicate that the product is for limits. If you check this option, the product will be available for limits linkage during line creation.

Schedule Basis

You should also specify the schedule basis for the rolled over lease. The new lease can inherit the schedules from the lease product or you can apply the schedules maintained for the original loan itself.

Liquidation

Liquidation preferences include the following:

Liquidation Mode

Indicate the mode of liquidation that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- Manual
- Auto
- Component

The default value for liquidation mode is 'Manual'. At the end of the day, liquidation will be done according to the specified mode.

Allow Partial Liquidation

In case of insufficient funds, check this box to indicate that the partial liquidation should be done automatically to the extent of funds available in the account you are maintaining. However, if this check box is not selected, the schedule amount due will not be liquidated if sufficient funds are not available in the account.

Reset Retry Count for Reversed Auto Liquidation

If you have maintained a limit on the number of retries for auto liquidation, this option will reset the retries count to zero during reversal of auto liquidation. This will be applicable from the date of reversal of payment. Hence, the system will once again attempt auto liquidation till the number of retries allowed. The system will update the status of the reversed payment to 'Unprocessed' after which it again attempts auto liquidation.

Retries Auto Liquidation Days

Capture the number of working days for which the system should attempt auto liquidation. The number of retries per day will depend on the configuration maintained for the 'Liquidation Batch Process' - during BOD, EOD or both. For instance, if the batch is configured for both EOD and BOD, and the number of retry days is '1', then, auto liquidation is attempted twice on the same day i.e. once during BOD and another retry at EOD.

Tenor

Specify the following under Tenor in the screen:

Minimum Tenor

Specify the minimum amount of time that the customer can take to decide on the 'rate plan' and intimate the bank about the decision.

Default

Maximum Tenor

Specify the maximum amount of time that the customer can take to decide on the 'rate plan' and intimate the bank about the decision.

Unit

Select the unit for the rate plan tenor from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Monthly
- Yearly

4.2.3.2 Holiday Preferences tab

The value date/maturity date of a contract might fall on a holiday defined for branch or on a holiday specified for the currency involved in the contract.

You need to specify the following holiday parameters, which has to be considered for holiday handling:

The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' dialog box with the 'Holiday Preferences' tab selected. The dialog is titled 'Preferences' and has a standard Windows-style title bar. Below the title bar, there are fields for 'Product Code' and 'Description'. The main content area is divided into three tabs: 'Account Preferences', 'Holiday Preferences', and 'Leasing Preferences'. The 'Holiday Preferences' tab is active and contains several sections of controls:

- Holiday Treatment for All Schedules:** This section includes a 'Holiday Check' dropdown menu set to 'Local', and three checkboxes: 'Ad-hoc Treatment Required', 'Ignore Holidays', and 'Move Across Month'. There are also checkboxes for 'Include Branch Holiday' and 'Cascade Schedules'. A 'Holiday Currency' field is present, and a 'Schedule Movement' section with radio buttons for 'Move Forward' (selected) and 'Move Backward'.
- Holiday Treatment for Maturity/Value Dates:** This section includes a 'Holiday Check' dropdown menu set to 'Local', and checkboxes for 'Include Branch Holiday', 'Ignore Holidays', and 'Move Across Month'. There are also checkboxes for 'Use Local Currency' and 'Move Across Month'. A 'Schedule Movement' section with radio buttons for 'Move Forward' (selected) and 'Move Backward' is also present, along with a 'Holiday Currency' field.
- Three Data Grids:** At the bottom, there are three data grids, each with a header row and a scrollable body:
 - Holiday Period:** Header row: 'Holiday Period', 'Holiday Period'. Body: Two empty rows.
 - Rollover Components:** Header row: 'Component', 'Component'. Body: Two empty rows.
 - Authorization Rekey:** Header row: 'Field Name', 'Field Name'. Body: Two empty rows.

At the bottom right of the dialog, there are 'OK' and 'Exit' buttons.

Holiday Treatment for All Schedules

The schedule date of a contract might fall on a local holiday defined for your branch or on a holiday specified for the currency involved in the contract.

You need to specify the following holiday parameters, which has to be considered for holiday handling:

Adhoc Treatment Required

Check this option to allow the movement of due dates of the schedules that fall on the newly declared holidays. This option is enabled only if the options, Ignore Holidays parameter and the Cascade Schedules parameter are not checked at the product level.

Move Across Month

Check this box to indicate that the schedule date falling on a holiday should be allowed to cross over into next/previous month.

If you have specified to move the schedule date of a lease falling due on a holiday, either to the next or previous working day and the movement crosses over into a different month, then this option will determine whether the movement should be allowed or not.

Ignore Holidays

Check this box to indicate that the holidays should be ignored while fixing schedule date. In such a case, if a schedule date falls on a holiday, the automatic processing of such a schedule is determined by your holiday handling specifications for automatic processes, as defined in the 'Branch Parameters' screen.

Cascade Schedules

Check this box to indicate that the schedule should be cascaded to all the other schedules fall on holidays. Hence, when you move a cascaded schedule which falls due on a holiday to the next or previous working day (based on the 'Branch Parameters'), the movement happens to other schedules too.

If not selected, only the affected schedule will be moved to the previous or next working day, as the case may be, and other schedules will remain unaffected.

Example

Assume that you have opted to move holiday schedules to the next working day and a schedule falling due on April 29 is moved to April 30, 29th being a holiday.

The schedule date for May depends on whether you have chosen to cascade schedules. If you have, chosen to cascade schedules, the schedule date for May will be set as 30th May, since the frequency has been specified as monthly. All subsequent schedules will be moved forward by a day.

If you have not specified that schedules have to be cascaded, the date originally specified will be the date for drawing up the remaining schedules. Even if you move the April schedule from 29th to 30th, the next schedule will remain on May 29.

However, when you cascade schedules, the last schedule (at maturity) will be liquidated on the original date itself and will not be changed like the interim schedules. Hence, for this particular schedule, the interest days may vary from that of the previous schedules.

Include Branch Holiday

Check this box to indicate that the branch holiday should be considered for schedule date.

Indicate the type of movement of the schedule that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- **Move Forward:** Indicates that the schedule date falling due on a holiday will be moved forward to the next working day.
- **Move Backward:** Indicates that the schedule date falling due on a holiday will be moved backward to the previous working day.

However, if you opt to ignore the holidays and do not select the 'Move Across Months' option, the system ignores the holidays and the due will be scheduled on the holiday itself.

Holiday Check

Select the type of holiday to be considered for schedule date from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Currency
- Local
- Both

Holiday Currency

Specify the currency based on which holiday check needs to be done for leases under this product. Input to this field will be mandatory if you have indicated 'Currency' in the 'Holiday Check' field. The adjoining option list displays all valid currency codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Holiday Treatment for Maturity/value Dates

Include Branch Holiday

Check this box to indicate that the branch holiday should be considered for maturity/value date.

Ignore Holidays

Check this box to indicate that the holidays should be ignored while fixing maturity/value date.

Move across Month

Check this box to indicate that the maturity/value date falling on a holiday should be allowed to cross over into next/previous month.

Holiday Check

Select the type of holiday to be considered for maturity/value date from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Currency
- Local
- Both

Holiday Currency

Specify the currency based on which holiday check needs to be done for leases under this product. Input to this field will be mandatory if you have indicated 'Currency' in the 'Holiday Check' field. The adjoining option list displays all valid currency codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Schedule Movement –Move Forward / Move Backward

If you opt to move the schedule date falling due on a holiday across months, you need to specify whether the schedule date should move forward to the next working day in the following month or move backward to the previous working day of the current schedule month itself.

However, if you opt to ignore the holidays and do not select the 'Move Across Months' option, the system ignores the holidays and the due will be scheduled on the holiday itself.

Rollover



You can not rollover the lease.

Tenor

You can set the minimum and maximum tenor limits for a product. You can also specify a default tenor.

Minimum Tenor

Specify the minimum tenor of a product. The tenor of the lease account that involves the product should be greater than or equal to the Minimum tenor that you specify.

Maximum Tenor

Specify the maximum tenor for a product. The tenor of the lease account that involves the product should be less than or equal to the Maximum tenor that you specify.

Default Tenor

The 'default tenor' is the tenor that is associated with a lease account involving this product. The value captured here should be greater than the minimum tenor and less than the maximum tenor. You can change the default tenor applied on a lease account during lease processing. However, the new tenor should be within the minimum and maximum tenors maintained for the product.

Units

Select the unit of tenor from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Days
- Months
- Year

Auth Re-key Fields

As a cross-checking mechanism to ensure that you are invoking the right lease for authorization, you can specify that the values of certain fields should be entered, before the other details are displayed. The complete details of the lease will be displayed only after the values to these fields are entered. This is called the re-key option. The fields for which the values have to be given are called the re-key fields.

You can specify the values of a lease that the authorizer is supposed to key-in before authorizing the same.

You can select the fields from the option list provided. If no re-key fields have been defined, the details of the loan will be displayed immediately once the authorizer calls the loan for authorization.

The re-key option also serves as a means of ensuring the accuracy of the data captured.

4.2.3.3 Leasing Preferences tab

The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' dialog box with the 'Leasing Preferences' tab selected. The 'Leasing Preference' section is expanded, showing the following fields:

- Recomputation of Lease**
 - Value Dated Amendment * Action (dropdown)
 - Value Dated Amendment * Installment Calculation Type (dropdown)
- Prepayment of Lease**
 - Recomputation Basis (dropdown, set to Change Installment)
 - Prepayment Effective from (dropdown, set to Next Installment)
 - Prepay Equated Monthly Installment Type (dropdown, set to Single Installment)
 - Minimum Equated Monthly Installment Amount (text input)
 - Minimum Equated Monthly Installment Currency (text input)

The leasing preferences include the following:

Lease Payment Mode

Select the mode of payment of the lease from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Advance: The payment is made in the beginning of the schedule.
- Arrears: The payment is made in the end of the schedule.

Residual Value Basis

Residual amount is the price at which a lessee can buy the asset at the end of the lease. Select the basis of residual amount from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Percentage of asset amount
- Flat amount
- Percentage of lease amount

Using the aforementioned basis the system calculates the residual amount during the processing of contract. The value computed by the system can be altered while account booking.

Residual Auto Liquidate

Check this box to indicate that the residual amount is liquidated automatically.

Interest Subsidy Allowed

Check this box to indicate that the subsidy is allowed for interest rate. The system will process the EMI computation based on the subsidized rate.



If this option is selected at the product level, then there must be at least one more interest component with 'Include in EMI' checked at the Product - Component level. Interest rate subsidy, is not applicable for operational lease

Residual Subsidy Allowed

Check this box to indicate that the subsidized residual amount will be used while liquidating the residual value. You can specify the subsidized residual amount at the account level.

Lease Asset Required

Indicate the preference of customer while booking a lease. You can select one of the following options:

- Lease with Asset: In this lease the asset will be associated with the lease account.
- Lease without Asset: In this lease the asset will not be associated with the lease account. But for financial leasing, you can buy the asset with the residual value as asset value at the end of the lease.



At the time of closure of lease account through 'Close' operation, you can choose a different FA product other than the one already linked at product level.

Fixed Asset Product Code

Specify a valid FA product code that should be created when a lease account which has no asset associated with it, is closed. This adjoining option list displays all valid FA products maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Prepayment of Lease

The following are the preferences based on which prepayment of amortized loan should be processed:

Recomputation Basis

Select the basis of re-computation of lease for the prepayment of the lease from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Recalculate Instalment Amount: In this case the tenor remains constant.
- Change Tenor: Here, the tenor is recomputed while the instalment remains constant.

Prepayment Effective From

Select the start of lease prepayment from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Next Instalment

The default value of lease prepayment is 'Next Instalment'.

Prepayment Equated Monthly Installment Type

Select the type of Equated Monthly Installment (EMI) prepayment from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Single Instalment: A single instalment is computed using the future rates.
- Multiple Instalment: Multiple EMIs are defined if a future rate change is known upfront.

Minimum Equated Monthly Installment Amount

Specify the minimum amount that has to be paid after recomputing the Equated Monthly Installment (EMI). The recalculated EMI after prepayment should be equal to or greater than this amount.

Equated Monthly Installment Currency

Specify the currency in which the minimum Equated Monthly Installment (EMI) amount should be paid.

Disbursement Mode

Indicate the mode of principal disbursement that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- Manual: You can manually disburse the lease using 'Disbursement' screen. Here, disbursement happens on demand.
- Auto: The system automatically disburses the lease during a batch process according to the schedules maintained. In this case, disbursement happens based on the disbursement schedule maintained for the product. This is defined in the 'Components' tab. By default, the system does an auto disbursal.



This disbursement mode is only applicable for Financial Leasing.

For details, refer the 'Making Manual Disbursements' chapter of this User Manual.

4.2.4 Specifying Components

You have already maintained the components of the product in the 'Main' tab of the 'Product' screen. The features of the components are defined in the 'Components' tab of the screen.

Note that the components defined in the 'Main' tab are displayed in the form of a list in the screen above. From the component list, highlight a component and then go on to define the features for the selected component.

Component Details

The basic information for a component is specified here. This includes the following:

Component

The Components which are defined in Main Tab are available in Component list.

The Component which is selected in the list appears in Component field. For e.g. 'INSURANCE', 'MAIN_INT', 'PRINCIPAL' etc. Subsequently, you have to define the parameters for these components in the 'Component' tab of the screen.

Description

The system displays the description of the selected component, which is specified in the 'Main' tab.

Currency

Specify a valid currency that should be associated to the component. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Calculation Type

This value is displayed based on the preference maintained in the 'Main' tab. However, you can change it. Select the method of the calculation which is to be associated with the component from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Formula with schedule (Component Type - Interest)
- Formula without schedule (Charge)
- Penal Interest
- Prepayment Penalty
- Discount
- Schedule without formula (Principal)
- No schedule No formula (Ad Hoc Charges)
- Penalty Charges



'Penalty Charges' are calculated only once for a 'Penal Basis' schedule.

Include in EMI

Check this box to indicate that the selected component should be included in EMI calculation.

Main Component

Check this box to designate a component as the 'Main' Interest component. If you enable the 'Main Component' option for a particular component, the system treats this component as the main component and also uses this component for calculating EMI.

The default value of main component is 'MAIN_INT'.

Component Type

Specify a valid type of the component. This adjoining option list displays all valid types maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

A component can be of one of the following types:

- Charge
- Tax
- Insurance
- Interest



You can not associate 'PRINCIPAL' component with a particular type.

Liquidation Mode

You can specify the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual



This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the product preference level.

Component Attributes

The component attributes include the following:

Special Component

Check this box to indicate the component as a 'Special Component'. You can specify the special amount for the special component at the lease account level.

In Operational leasing, for the main interest component, the default value of 'Special Component' field is 'checked'.

Penal Basis

Specify the basis component on which the penalty is computed.

Periodicity

Select the periodicity of the component from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Periodic

If you choose the periodicity as 'Daily', any changes to UDE and SDE values will result in recalculation of the component. The recalculation happens as and when a change in value occurs. If maintained as 'Periodic', the values and calculations of the elements will be refreshed on the last day of the period.

Formula Type

Select the type of the formula to be used for calculating the component from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- User Defined: This can also include a combination of standard formulae for different schedules of the component or can have a completely user defined formula.
- Standard
 - Simple
 - Amort-Payment in Advance
 - Amort –Payment in Arrears
 - Amortized Operational



Note that for a financial lease, the default value of the formula type is 'Amort-Payment in Arrears'. If the payment mode is changed to advance, then you have to select the formula type 'Amort-Payment in Advance'.

Rate to Use

Specify a valid UDE rate that should be used in computing the standard formula. This adjoining option list displays all valid UDE rates maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Basis Element

Specify a valid component that should be used in computing the standard formula. This adjoining option list displays all valid components maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

For interest and charges, this is applicable if 'Formula Type' is 'Standard' and this is not applicable if 'Formula Type' is 'User Defined'. For 'Principal' component, this is not applicable.

Balance Type

Indicate the type of balance that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- Debit
- Credit

Component Defaults

The following are the component defaults:

Days in Month

Select the number of days in a month for interest computation from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- 30 (Euro): In this case, 30 days is considered for all months including February, irrespective of leap or non-leap year
- 30 (US): This means that only 30 days is to be considered for interest calculation for all months except February where the actual number of days is considered i.e. 28 or 29 depending on leap or non-leap year.
- Actual: This implies that the actual number of days is considered for calculation. For instance, 31 days in January, 28 days in February (for a non-leap year), 29 days in February (for a leap year) and so on

Days in Year

Select the number of days in a year for interest computation from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- 360: This means that only 360 days will be considered irrespective of the actual number of calendar days.
- 365: In this case, leap and non leap year will be 365 .
- Actual: In this case, leap year will be 366 and non leap year will be 365.



For EMI computation, the number of days in month/year is always 30/360.

Grace Days

Specify the number of days available without penalty after the due date. You have to repay the lease within the grace days to avoid the penalty.

Verify Funds

Check this box to indicate that the availability of funds in the customer account should be verified during liquidation.

Interest Method

Check this box to indicate that the interest method should be used for the selected component.

IRR Applicable

Check this box to indicate that the selected component should be considered for Internal Rate of Return (IRR) calculation. This option is applicable to interest, charge and insurance components.

If a charge component is to be considered for IRR, the charge will be accrued using the FACR (Upfront Fee Accrual) batch.

The following components cannot be considered for IRR calculation:

- Off-balance sheet component
- Provision component

If you check this option, then you have to check the 'Accrual Required' option.

For bearing type of component formula, you can check this option only if the 'Accrual Required' option is checked.

For discounted or true discounted types of component formula, this option will be enabled irrespective of the whether the 'Accrual Required' option is checked or not. If this option is checked and 'Accrual Required' is not, the discounted component will be considered as a part of the total discount to be accrued for Net Present Value (NPV) computation. If both 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' are checked, then discounted interest will be considered for IRR computation.

Accruals Provisioning

To perform accrual of the components, you have to capture the following details:

Accrual Required

Check this box to indicate that the component should be accrued.

Frequency

Select the frequency of accrual from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Start Month

Select the starting month of accrual from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- January
- February
- March
- April
- May
- June
- July
- August
- September
- October

- November
- December

If you set the accrual frequency as quarterly, half yearly or yearly, you have to specify the **month** in which the *first* accrual has to begin, besides the date.

Start Date

Specify the starting date of accrual.

Prepayment Threshold

This includes the threshold amount and currency, explained below:

Amount

Specify the minimum limit for allowing prepayment of schedules. If the residual amount after prepayment against a schedule is less than the threshold amount you specify here, the system will disallow the prepayment.

Currency

Specify a valid currency in which the threshold amount should be expressed. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

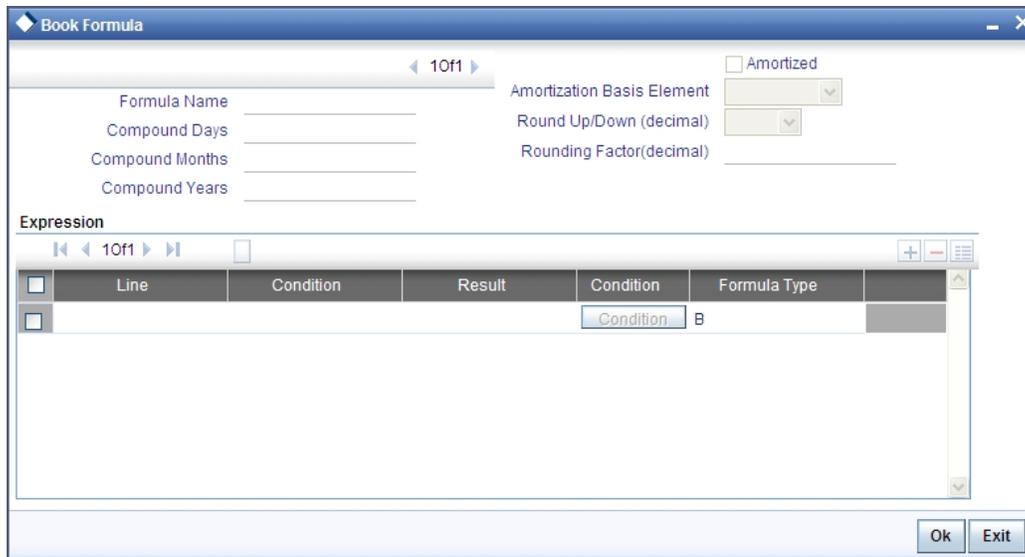
4.2.4.1 Defining Formula

To compute component value for a particular schedule, you have to define a formula. You can define any one of the two types of formulae:

- Book
- Intermediate

Book

Booked Formula refers to the formula used to compute a component value for a particular schedule. You can use intermediate formulae to create a 'Booked' formula. To create the formula, click 'Book' in the 'Component' tab of the screen. The following screen is displayed:



The SDEs available will be shown in the Condition Builder. The Booked formula so created will be linked to a schedule.

These are some of the examples of the formulae generated by the system on its own by choosing the formula type and the basis elements.

- Simple -
@SIMPLE(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR,COMPOUND_VALUE)
- Amortized Reducing -
@AMORT_RED(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Discounting -
@DISCOUNTED(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Amortised Rule 78 -
@AMORT_78(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- True Discounted -
@TRUE_DISC(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Amort-Payment in Advance -
@AMORT_ADV(CAPITAL_AMOUNT,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR,RESIDUAL_AMOUNT)
- Amort payment in Arrears -
@AMORT_ARR(CAPITAL_AMOUNT,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR,RESIDUAL_AMOUNT)
- Amortized Operational
@AMORT_OPR(CAPITAL_AMOUNT,RESIDUAL_AMOUNT,NO_OF_PERIODS)

The parameters required to create a 'Booked' formula is similar to the ones explained for an Intermediate formula.

Amortized

Check this box to indicate that the schedules of the component should be amortized.

Amort Basis Element

If you opt to Amortize the schedules of the component, you have to identify the element based on which the component is amortized. For example, if it is deposit interest, the amortization basis would be 'Principal'. The components are available in the option list provided.

Intermediate

Intermediate Formulae are used as building blocks for more complex formulae. An intermediate formula is used to create a Book formula as an intermediate step. It will not be associated directly to any schedule.

To define an intermediate formula, click 'Intermediate' in the 'Components' tab of the screen. The 'Intermediate Formula - Expression Builder' screen is displayed.

Line	Condition	Result	Condition	Formula Type
	Condition			

Formula Name

Specify a suitable name to identify the formula that you are defining. After you specify the name you can define the characteristics of the formula in the subsequent fields. You have to use the name captured here to associate a formula with a schedule. The name can comprise of a maximum of 27 alphanumeric characters.

Round Up/Down (Decimal)

If you want to round off the results of an intermediate formula, you can indicate whether the result should be rounded up or rounded down by choosing one of the following values from the drop-down list:

- Up
- Down

Compound Days/Months/Years

If you want to compound the result obtained for the intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest.

The frequency can be in terms of:

- Days
- Months
- Years

If you do not specify the compound days, months or years, it means that compounding is not applicable

Rounding Factor

Specify the precision value if the number is to be rounded

It is mandatory for you to specify the precision value if you have maintained the rounding parameter.

Compound Days

If you want to compound the result obtained for the intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of days.

Compound Months

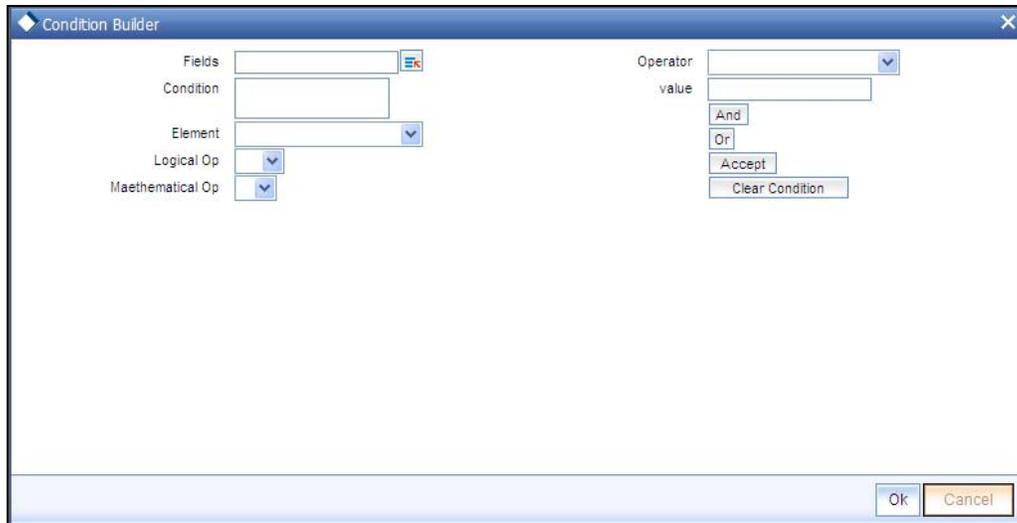
If you want to compound the result obtained for an intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of months.

Compound Years

If you want to compound the result obtained for an intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of years.

Condition and Result

A formula or calculation logic is built in the form of expressions where each expression consists of a 'Condition' (optional) and a 'Result'. There is no limit to the number of expressions in a formula. For each condition, assign a unique sequence number/formula number. The conditions are evaluated based on this number. To define a condition, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The following screen is displayed:



In this screen, you can use the elements, operators, and logical operators to build a condition.

Although you can define multiple expressions for a component, if a given condition is satisfied, subsequent conditions are not evaluated. Thus, depending on the condition of the expression that is satisfied, the corresponding formula result is picked up for component value computation. Therefore, you have the flexibility to define computation logic for each component of the product.

The result of the formula may be used as an intermediate step in other formulae.

Schedule

In the 'Component' section of the screen, you need to maintain the applicable schedule details for each component:

Sequence Number

Specify the sequence number to determine the order in which the individual schedule should be applied on a component. You can define more than one schedule to a component.

Type

Select the type of schedule from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- **Payment:** This type of schedule is used for the components Principal, Interest, Charge and Insurance.
- **Disbursement:** This type of schedule is only used for Principal component under financial leasing.
- **Rate Revision schedules:** This will capture the schedule at which the rates applicable to the component should be revised. This type of schedule is used for the interest, charge and insurance components.

Start Reference

Select the reference to arrive at the due date of the schedule from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- **Calendar:** If you select this option, you should also specify the 'Start Date' for the schedule. For example, if an account is created on 15th Sept with a 'Monthly' schedule frequency and the Start Date is 1st, then the schedule due dates would be 1st Oct, 1st Nov and so on.
- **Value Date:** If you select value date, the schedule due dates will be based on the Value Date of the account. Here, the value date and start date is the same. For instance, if an account is created on 15th Sept and the schedule frequency is 'Monthly', then the schedule due date would be 15th October, 15th Nov and so on.

For a component, you can define schedules based on both value date and calendar date.

Frequency Unit

Select the unit of the schedule from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

If the schedule unit is 'Weekly', you should also capture the 'Start Day'. Similarly, for units 'Quarterly', 'Half Yearly' and 'Yearly', you should also specify the 'Start Month'.

Frequency

Specify the multiplier that should be multiplied with the frequency unit to derive the non-standard frequency unit. This is used in combination with 'Unit' explained above, to define non-standard frequencies. For instance, a 'Monthly' unit and frequency 2 implies that the schedule is bi-monthly (occurring every two months).

Start Day

Select the starting day of the schedule from the adjoining drop-down list, if the schedule unit is 'Weekly'. This list displays the following values:

- Sunday
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday

- Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday

Start Month

Select the starting month of the schedule from the adjoining drop-down list, if the schedule unit is one of the following:

- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

The drop-down box lists the months in a year.

Start Date

Specify a value between 1 and 31. This is applicable if the schedule unit is 'Monthly'

Formula

Specify a valid formula that should be used for calculating the component value. This adjoining option list displays all valid formulae maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Number of schedules

Specify the number of times a schedule frequency should recur. For example, a 12 monthly schedule would have a 'Monthly' unit and number of schedules as 12.

4.2.5 Specifying Notices and Statements

Just as you define components that should become a part of the product, so also you can associate Notices and account statement with a product.

The actual communication/correspondence, however, is handled by the Messaging Module of Oracle FLEXCUBE. Click 'Notices and Statements' button in the 'Product' screen.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Notices and Statements". It is divided into several sections for configuring different types of notices and statements. At the top, there are fields for "Product Code" and "Product Description". Below this, there are three main sections: "Billing Notice", "Rate Revision Notice", and "Delinquency Notice". Each section has a "Condition" button and a "10f1" button. Under each section, there are fields for "Rule Number", "Condition", "No of Days", and "Format". The "Delinquency Notice" section also has a "Frequency" field. Below these sections, there are three more sections: "Generic Notice", "Direct Debit Notice", and "Statement Others". Each section has a "Condition" button and a "10f1" button. Under each section, there are fields for "Notice Id", "Notice", "Rule Number", "Condition", "No of Days", "Transaction Code", "Format", "Frequency", "Start Date", "Tenor", "No of Days", "Transaction Code", "Rule Number", "Condition", "Frequency", "Start Date", "Liquidation Frequency", "Days", "Message Type", and "Format". At the bottom right, there are "OK" and "Exit" buttons.

In this screen, you need to maintain the preferences for Billing Notices, Delinquency Notices, Rate Revision Notice, Direct Debit Notice and Statements. Also, you can associate multiple formats for the generation of notices and statements. The selection of a particular format is based on the condition.

Rule Number

You can assign a unique number for each rule/condition that is being maintained for notice and statement generation.

Condition

Define the conditions/rules for notice and statement generation. The system will evaluate the conditions and based on the one that is satisfied, the corresponding advice format is selected for notice/statement generation.

To maintain a condition, click 'Condition' button in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Number of Days

The Number of days indicates the period before the due date, when the system starts sending the Billing/Delinquency notices to customers.

This period is defined as a specific number of days and will begin before the date the repayment becomes due.

Format

For the condition defined, select the format in which the advice should be generated. The system will select the specific format of the message type when the condition maintained evaluates favorably. Frequency Days

Specify the frequency (in days) for generation of Delinquency Notices. The first notice is sent on the basis of the 'Num Days' maintained. For instance, if the 'Num Days' is four and the payment due date is 4th April 2004, the first notice will be sent on 31st March '04 (4 days before due date). Subsequent generation of the same notice is based on the frequency days maintained. If the 'Frequency Days' is '2', the second notice will be sent on 2nd April '04 i.e. the notice is sent once in two days only.

Message Type

For the condition defined, select the format in which the advice should be generated. The system will select the specific format of the message type when the condition maintained evaluates favorably.

Liquidation Frequency Days

Specify the frequency (in days) for generation of Delinquency Notices. The first notice is sent on the basis of the 'Num Days' maintained. For instance, if the 'Num Days' is four and the payment due date is 4th April 2004, the first notice will be sent on 31st March '04 (4 days before due date). Subsequent generation of the same notice is based on the frequency days maintained. If the 'Frequency Days' is '2', the second notice will be sent on 2nd April '04 i.e. the notice is sent once in two days only.

The following information is applicable to Statement generation:

Frequency

Indicate the frequency in which the Statements have to be generated. The available options:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Frequency Days

The frequency captured here is used to get the next date for statement generation subsequent to the first statement. This will be used in combination with the 'Frequency' explained above.

Start Date

The date entered here is used as a reference to start generation of the statement

The following example illustrates the manner in which the 'Frequency', 'Frequency Days' and 'Start Date' are used together:

Assume that you have maintained the following preferences for Statement generation:

Frequency: Monthly

Frequency Days: 2

Start Date: 1st Jan 2005

You open a loan account on 15th Jan 2005. The first statement for this loan will be generated on 1st February 2005 (Based on the Start Date and at a Monthly frequency). The second statement will be generated on 1st April 2005 (once in two months – based on the frequency days).

Message Type

Specify the type of Statement that should be generated. Statements are of the following types:

- Interest Statements
- Loan Statements

Generic Notice

You can maintain the following details to generate a notice.

Notice ID

Select the notice type of the rate plan from the list of options.

Rule Number

Specify the unique number for the rule maintained for notice.

Condition

Specify the condition for notice generation. The system will evaluate the conditions and based on the one that is satisfied, the corresponding advice format is selected for notice.

Click 'Condition' button to maintain a condition in 'Product' screen. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

Format

Specify the format of the advice to be generated.

Tenor

Specify the tenor at which the notice has to be generated.

Number of Days

Specify the number of days required to intimate the customer in advance about the UDE rate change period.

Frequency

Specify the frequency in which the notice has to be generated.

Transaction Code

Specify the identifier code of the transaction.

Interest Rate Revision within the Rate Revision Period

The Rate Revision Notice section allows you to maintain the number of days for the generation of the advice, prior to the scheduled date of rate revision. During End of Day if the notification date is less than or equal to schedule date, a Rate Revision Advice is generated.

The four different conditions for the rate revision will be handled in Oracle FLEXCUBE as follows:

- Condition 1: Once the interest revision date is reached, the system continues to use the same interest rate code, till the next revision date.
- Condition2: If the request for change in interest rate is received a few days before the scheduled revision date, the interest rate code of the lease account is changed by value dated amendment, with the effective date as the scheduled interest revision date. On the effective date, the system changes the rate code and picks up the new interest rate
- Condition 3: If the request is for a future dated prepayment of the lease account there is no change in the interest rate, the principal is changed depending on the prepaid amount and once the payment is available in the settlement account, you can liquidate the lease manually with the requested effective date.
An outstanding component breakup of prepayment penalty charges if applicable is sent to the customer.
- Condition4: If the request for interest rate revision is made much before the scheduled revision date, you can change the interest rate code of the lease account by value dated amendment with effective date as requested.

The rate revision will be applicable on the total principal outstanding amount.

4.2.6 Mapping Accounting Role to Product

You can define the accounting roles for a product in the 'Role to Head' button of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen. A list of accounting roles that are applicable to the product being maintained is provided. This list also includes the accounting roles that you have maintained for the module using the 'Accounting Role and Head Maintenance' screen. .

Map Type	Accounting Role	Role Description	Account Head	Head Description	Rule
Static					Rule

The following details are captured in this screen:

Class Code

Select a class code from the adjoining option list. The option list displays all the valid classes maintained in the system.

Click 'Default from Class' button to default the role to head mapping details for the selected class. You can select and modify the required role to head mapping details to suit the product you are defining. You can also define new role to head mapping by clicking add icon.

Map Type

The mapping between an accounting role and account head can be of the following types:

- Static: If the map type is static, you can link an accounting role to only one accounting/GL head (one to one mapping).

- User Defined: For a user defined map type, you can maintain multiple linkages under different conditions using a case-result rule structure (one to many accounting).

Accounting Role and Description

Accounting role is used to denote the accounting function of a GL or Account. To map an accounting role to an account head, select a valid accounting role from the option list provided. This list will display the roles available for the module.

Once you choose the accounting role, the description maintained for the role is also displayed in the adjacent field.

If you do not want to select a role from the option list, you can also create an accounting role for a product and specify a brief description for the same.



The GLs (Account Heads) for the Dr/Cr Settlement Bridge Role will default as per your selection in the 'Branch Parameters' screen.

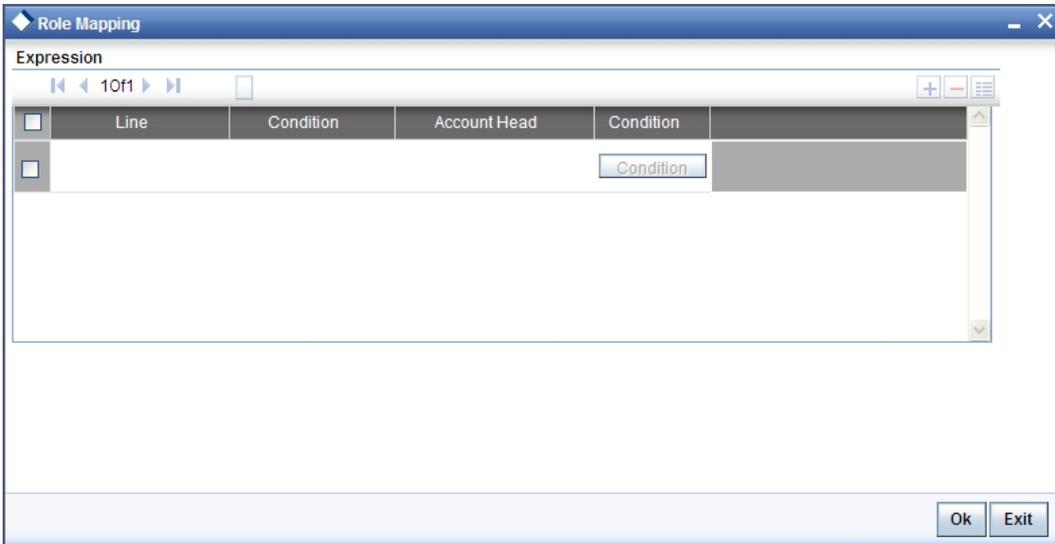
Account Head and Description

The account head identifies the GL or Account to which the accounting entries would be posted. Based on the type of accounting role you select (Asset, Liability etc.), the list of Account Heads (General Ledger heads) that are of the same type as that of the accounting role, becomes available in the option list provided. You can select an accounting head from this list and thus, create a role to head mapping. On selection of the Account Head, the description is also displayed in the adjacent field.

Click Add icon to create subsequent mappings for the product. If you would like to delete a role to head mapping, click Delete icon.

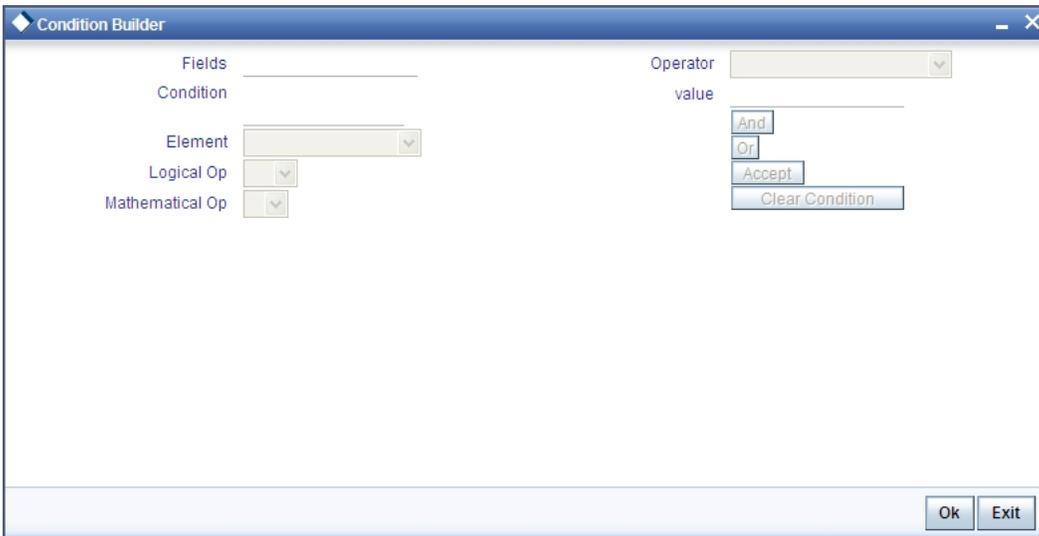
Rule

If the 'Map Type' is 'User Defined', you can create a case-result rule structure based on which the entries are posted to the appropriate account head. To create a rule, click 'Rule' in the 'Role to Head' tab of the product screen.



You can define multiple conditions and for each condition you can specify the resultant 'Account Head'. This way you can maintain one to many mappings between an accounting role and an account head. Depending on the condition that is evaluated favorably, the corresponding account head is used for posting the entries.

To build a condition, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.



You can build the conditions using the elements (SDEs), operators and logical operators available in the screen above.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.



The system ensures that all accounting roles that are applicable for the Product and which have been used in the definition of the accounting entries are necessarily linked to an account head. If the mapping is not complete, an error message is displayed when you attempt to save the product.

4.2.6.1 Dynamic creation of accounting roles for a component

For each component you define for a product in the 'Main' tab, six accounting roles are dynamically created by the system. For example, if you have defined a component 'MAIN_INT', the following accounting roles are created:

- MAIN_INTINC - Component Income
- MAIN_INTEXP - Component Expense
- MAIN_INTRIA - Component Received in Advance
- MAIN_INTPAY - Component Payable
- MAIN_INTREC - Component Receivable
- MAIN_INTPIA - Component Paid in Advance

For a detailed list of Events, Advices, Accounting Roles and Amount Tags, refer 'Annexure 1' of this User Manual.

4.2.7 Specifying Account Status

Ideally, when setting up a product, you should identify all possible status that lease involving the product would move into.

A status can apply either to a lease installment or the entire lease account. Installment level status change preferences are maintained in the 'Component' tab of the screen.

For more details, refer the section titled 'Component Details' in this chapter

You can maintain account level status movement preferences the 'Account Status' button of the screen.

In this screen, you can specify the following:

Class Code

Select a class code from the adjoining option list. The option list displays all the valid classes maintained in the system.

Click 'Default from Class' button to default the account status details for the selected class. You can select and modify the required details to suit the product you are defining. You can also define new account status by clicking the '+' button.

- Define a status derivation rule to resolve a status
- Define accounting entries, advices etc. which need to be fired for a status
- Specify the liquidation order for a status
- Associate charges, if applicable, for a status
- Policies to be triggered for a status change

Status

When setting up a product, you should identify all possible statuses that lease involving the product would move into. By default, the 'NORM' (Normal) status is defined for the product. You can select the relevant status codes from the option list provided. The status codes defined through the 'Status Codes Maintenance' screen with 'Status Type' as 'Account' is available in this list.

When you select a status, the associated description is also displayed in the adjacent field.

Adversity Level

This signifies the adversity level of the status. The Status 'NORM' has an adversity level of '1' and is the most favorable. This is the default status for a lease.

Accrual Preference

For a status, you have to indicate the manner in which accounting entries should be posted when the lease moves to the status. The options are:

- Stop Accrual – accruals are frozen
- Reverse Accrual – accruals till date are reversed by transferring them to an expense GL
- Continue Accrual – accruals continue as in the previous status as per the Role to Head maintained for the status and as per the accounting entries defined

After you specify the status codes applicable for the product, you need to specify the manner in which the status movement should occur.

From Status and To Status

When you highlight a status from the list of status codes maintained for the product, the selected status becomes the 'From Status'

In the option list provided for the 'To Status', the status codes applicable for the product is displayed. Select the relevant status into which a loan should move from the 'From Status'.

Movement Type

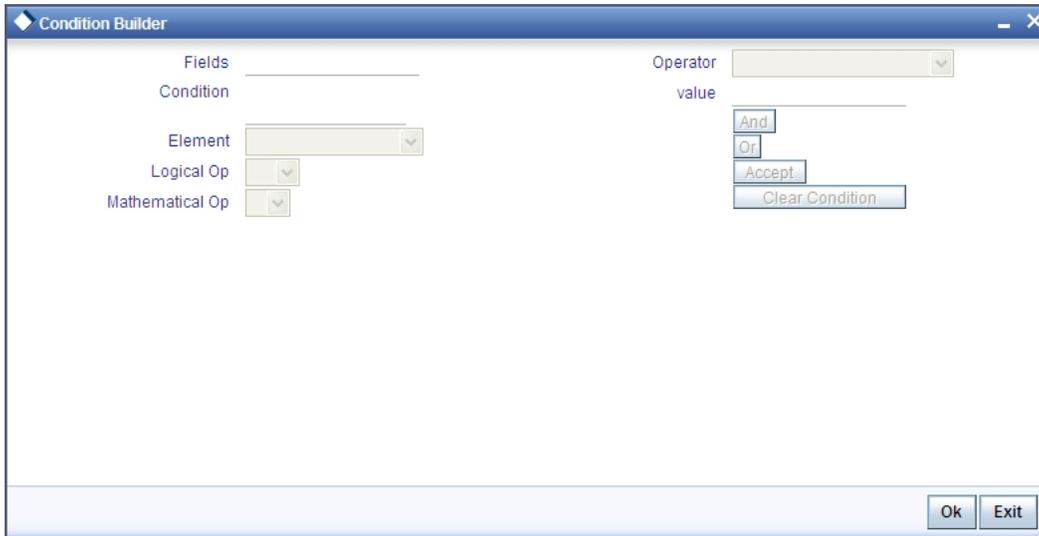
You have to indicate the type of movement of a lease from the current status (From Status) to the next status (To Status). The movement can be:

- Automatic
- Manual
- Both

Movement Rule

You have to define the status derivation rule which will determine the movement of a lease from one status to the other. This is the condition based on which the status movement occurs. If a lease satisfies all the rules defined due to which it can move to several statuses at a time, it will identify the most adverse status and move to that status.

To define a derivation rule, click 'Condition' button in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.



You can build the conditions using the elements (SDEs), operators and logical operators provided in the screen above.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Example

Assume that the current status of a loan is 'ACTIVE' and you want the loan to move to the 'OVERDUE' status if the overdue months exceeds zero. To meet this requirement, you can define the following parameters:

- From Status: Active
- To Status: Overdue
- Movement Type: Automatic
- Rule: If LOAN_STATUS = 'ACTIVE' AND OVERDUE_MONTHS > 0

If the lease satisfies the rule, it automatically moves to the 'Overdue' Status.

Complete Pending Accruals

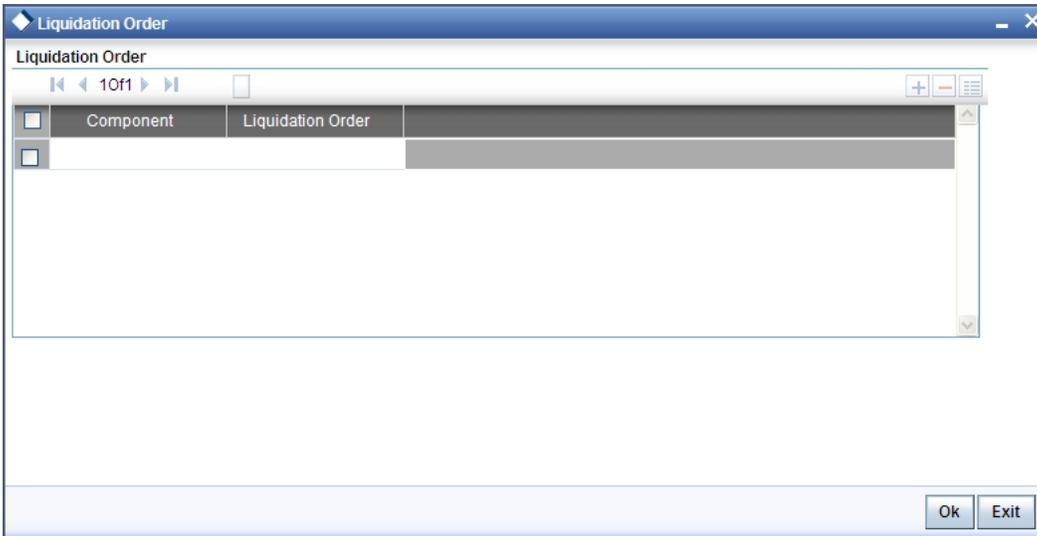
Check this box to indicate if the pending interest accruals need to be completed before the Account status changes. This is applicable only if Accrual Frequency is any one of the following:

- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half yearly
- Yearly

This check box will not be enabled if Accrual Frequency in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen is 'Daily'.

4.2.7.1 **Specifying Liquidation Order**

You can prioritize the liquidation of the various lease components at a status level. To maintain liquidation order of components, click 'Liquidation Order' button in the 'Account Status' screen – the following screen is displayed.



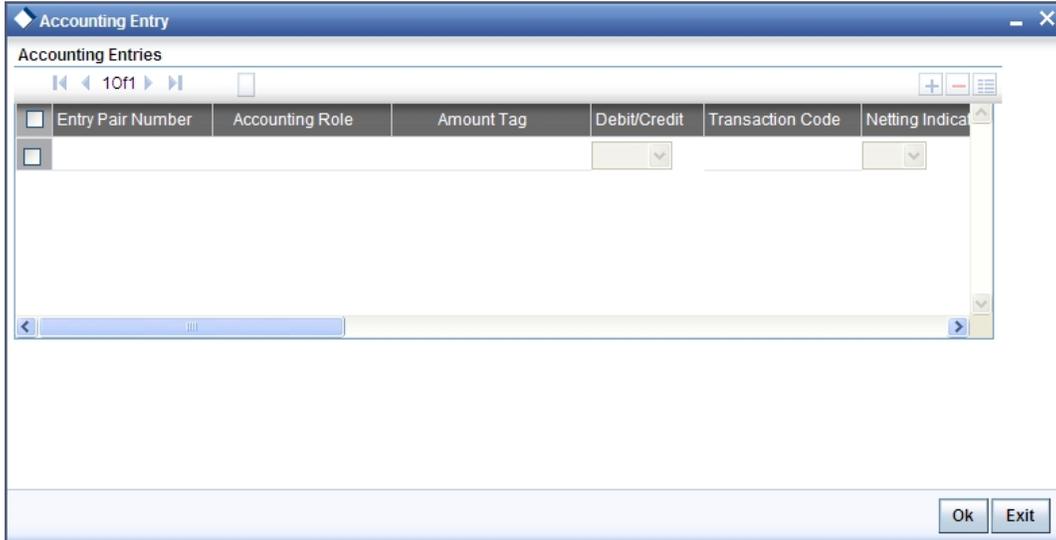
When a loan attains an adverse status, you may want to allot priority to the recovery of certain components. For example, you may want to recover the Principal first and then the Interest type of components.

The components maintained for the product are available in the option list provided. Select a component and then specify the order of liquidation for the component.

Click on Add icon to maintain the liquidation order for the next component

4.2.7.2 Specifying Accounting Preferences

You can specify accounting preferences at a status level. You may have a GL structure under which loans in 'Normal' status should report. You can maintain a different structure for lease in other status. To do this, click 'Accounting Entries' in the 'Account Status' tab – the following screen is displayed:



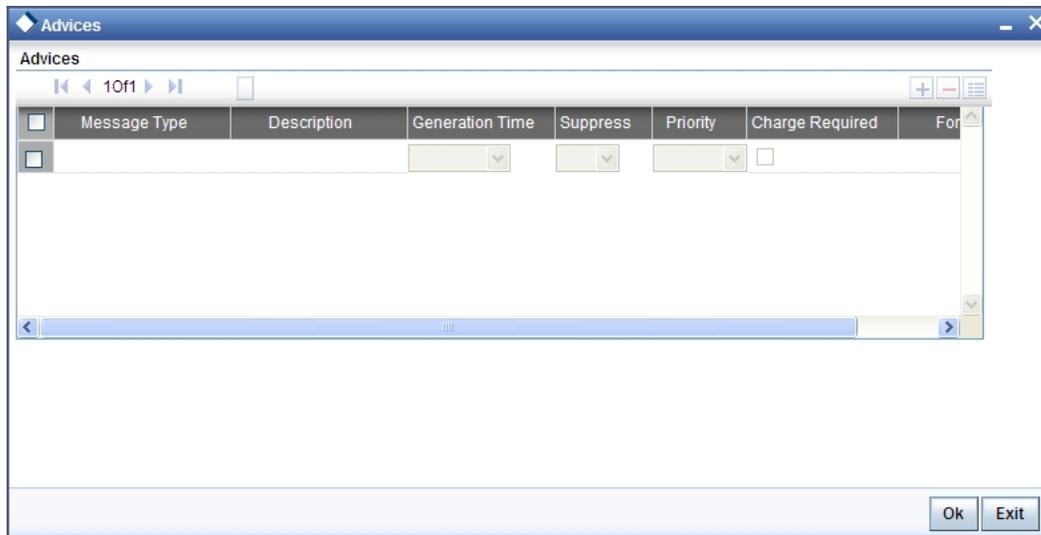
Also, for a status, you may not want to change accounting roles but change only the accounts/GLs. The accounting roles will be the same. To achieve this, you can create a rule based 'Role to Head' mapping. The SDEs like 'Account Status' can be used to create the rule and if a lease satisfies the rule i.e. moves to the status maintained in the rule, the Account Head selected for the rule is used for posting the entries.

Refer the section titled 'Role to Head Tab for details on creating a 'Role to Head' mapping.

4.2.7.3 Specifying Advices

You can also specify the advices that should be generated when a status change occurs. For instance, when a lease moves from an 'ACTIVE' status to an 'OVERDUE' status, you can choose to send an advice to inform the customer of the status change and request for payment.

The advices can be maintained in the 'Product Event Advices Maintenance' screen - click 'Advices' in the 'Account Status' tab to invoke it.

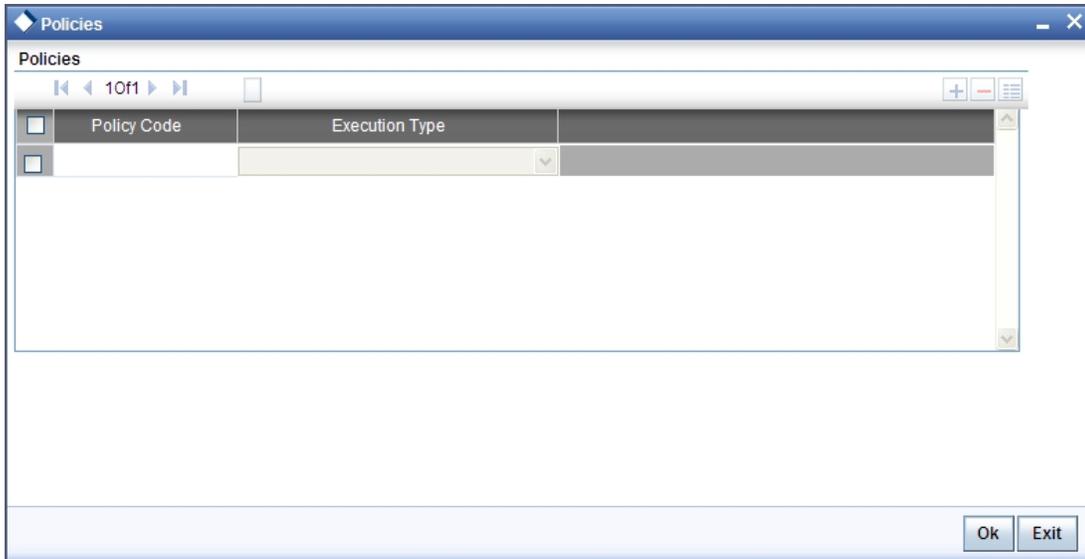


You can associate advices at an event level also.

For more details on maintaining advice preferences, refer the 'Maintaining Event details' section of this User Manual.

4.2.7.4 Specifying Policy Preferences

Just as you associate policies at an installment level, you can also associate policies for a lease account status. To do this, click 'Policies' in the 'Account Status' tab of the product screen – the following screen is displayed:



Specify the following in this screen:

Policy Code

The policies defined in the 'User Policy' screen are available in the option list provided. Policies are used to handle special validations and operations on a loan.

Execution Type

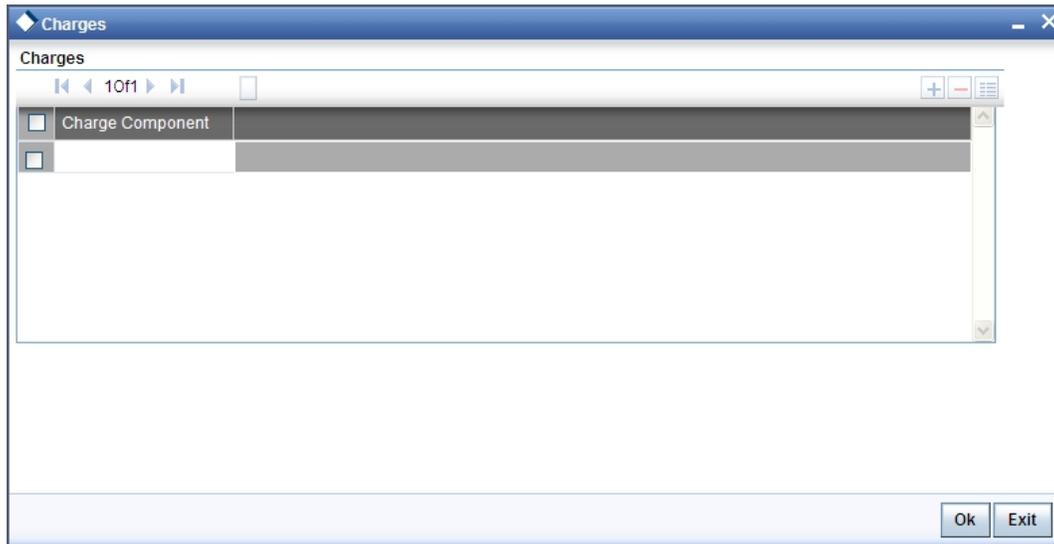
You can associate a policy at one of the following points in time in a lease-event lifecycle:

- Before Event
- After Event
- Both

The policy gets executed appropriately

4.2.7.5 Associating Charges

Whenever a lease undergoes a status change, you can apply charge on the lease. You need to associate charge components at a status level. To do this, click 'Charges' in the 'Account Status' tab of the screen – the following screen is displayed:



The charge type of components defined for the product (in the 'Components' tab of the screen) are displayed in the option list. Select the component you wish to associate with the lease. The charge is applied when the lease moves to the status and is debited to the customer account.

4.2.7.6 Processing at Account Level

At the account level, when there is a change in the status, Oracle FLEXCUBE will first check if accrual is required for the components. When the accrual frequency for a component is not 'Daily', Oracle FLEXCUBE will validate if the installment status or the account status changes before accrual execution date. If it changes, Oracle FLEXCUBE will trigger catchup accrual for the component till the installment status and the account status change date. Subsequent to this, Oracle FLEXCUBE will process the installment status change and account status change.



Note the following:

- An installment status change will not change the next execution date of unprocessed ACCR events
- A status change is applicable for both manual and automatic account status
- If you delete an account level status change, it will delete the catch up accrual accounting entries also
- If you reverse an account level status change, it will reverse the catch up accrual accounting entries as well

4.2.7.7 Maintaining Ad Hoc Charge Components

A component of the type Ad hoc can be set up using 'Components' tab in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen since ad hoc charges cannot be computed upfront or scheduled. Select the option in 'Calculation Type' as 'No Schedule No Formula'.

Sequence Number	Schedule type	Start Reference	Frequency Unit	Frequency	Start Day	Start Date	Start Month	Due Date On	Sch

4.2.8 Specifying Events

A contract goes through different stages in its life cycle. In Oracle FLEXCUBE, the different stages a contract passes through in its life cycle are referred to as 'Events'.

At an event, typically, you would want to post the accounting entries to the appropriate account heads and generate the required advices. When setting up a product, you can define the accounting entries that have to be posted and the advices that have to be generated at the various events in the life cycle of accounts involving the product.

Therefore, for the required events you have to specify the Accounting entries, Charges, Policies and Advices. To do this, click 'Events' button in the 'Product' screen – the following screen is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'Events' window with the following components:

- Product Code** and **Product Description** input fields.
- Class Details** section containing:
 - Class Code** input field with a **Default** button.
 - Class Description** input field.
- Events** list with a table header:

Event Code	Description
- Navigation controls: '10f1' and a search icon.
- Bottom tabs: **Accounting Entries**, **Policies**, **Advices**, **Charges**, **Event Fields** (selected).
- Ok** and **Exit** buttons.

You can specify the following details:

Class Code

Select the class code from the adjoining option list. The list displays all the class codes maintained in the system.

Click 'Default' button to default the events maintained for the selected class. You can select the required events for the product you are defining. You can also define new events apart from the defaulted events.

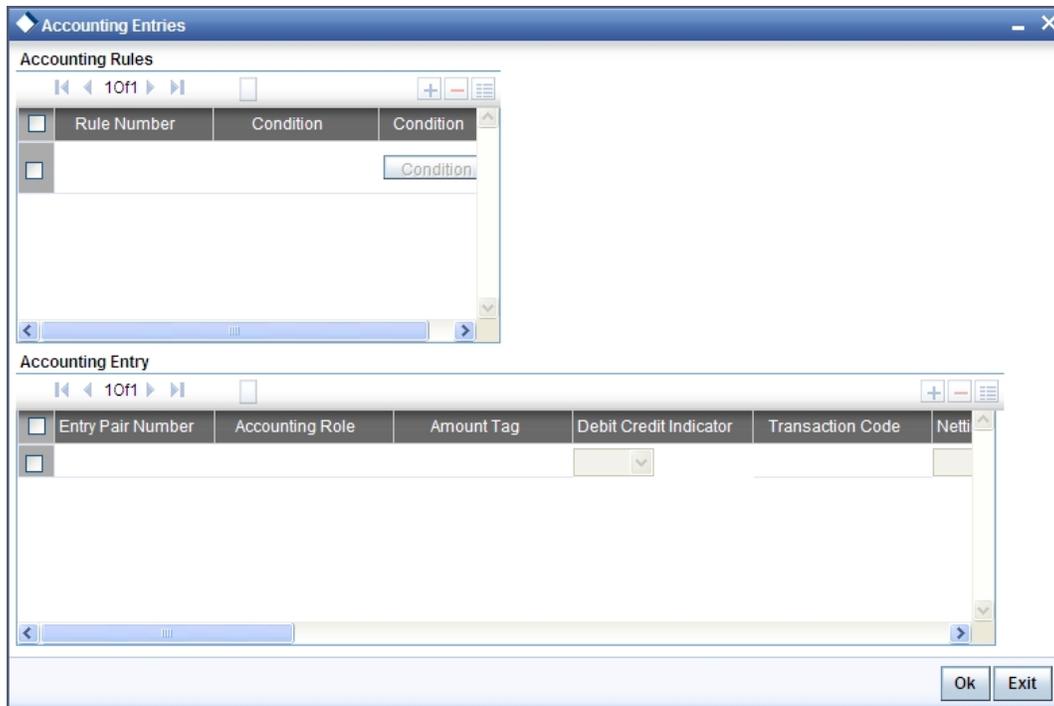
Event Code and Description

These are the events for which the accounting entries, advices, policies and charges will be maintained, individually. The event codes applicable for the module are available in the option list provided. This list also includes user defined events set up for the module. Select the relevant events for the product from this list.

The description for the event chosen is also displayed

4.2.8.1 Defining Accounting Entries

To define accounting entries for an event, click 'Accounting Entries' in the 'Events' screen – the 'Accounting Entries' screen is displayed.



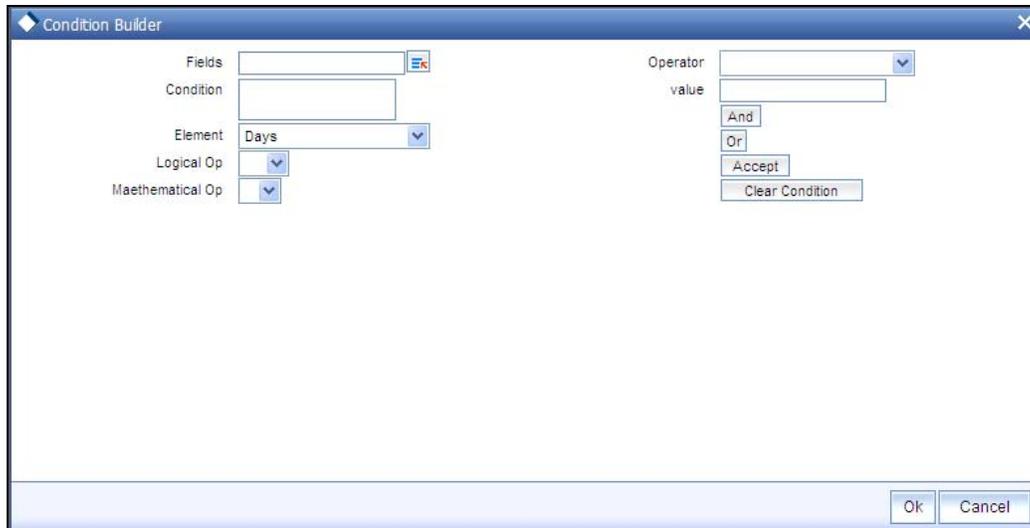
With the Rule definition builder, you can maintain different set of accounting entries for different conditions.

Rule Number

Every rule/condition you define for a product should be assigned a unique number. The rule number can consist of a maximum of 5 digits

Case

You can use the 'Condition Builder' to define a rule. Click on 'Condition' in the above screen to invoke it



You can define a rule using the SDEs like Tenor, Customer Risk Category and other UDEs.

If you do not specify a rule/condition, the accounting entries become applicable to all conditions.

Accounting Role

Select the accounting role that should be used at the event. The option list displays all the accounting roles specified for the product in the 'Role To Head' tab of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen. Select the role appropriate for the event.

Amount Tag

Specify the amount tag applicable for the Accounting Role. An amount tag identifies the amount/value that is actually due for a component. Depending on the components defined for the product, the system dynamically creates a set of amount tags. For instance, if the component is 'MAIN_INT', the following amount tags are automatically created:

- MAIN_INT_RESD - Component Amount Residual
- MAIN_INT_ADJ - Component Amount Adjustment
- MAIN_INT_LIQD - Component Amount Liquidated
- MAIN_INT_CAP - Component Amount Capitalized
- MAIN_INT_ACCR - Component Amount Accrued
- MAIN_INT_DLIQ-schedules - Component Amount Paid against Due Schedules/future not-due
- MAIN_INT_OLIQ- - Component Amount Paid against Overdue Schedules

The '_DLIQ' and '_OLIQ' tags will be generated only for the events LIQD and ROLL.

Select the appropriate amount tag from this list

Debit or Credit

Here, you have to specify the type of accounting entry to be posted – the entry can be a debit entry or a credit entry.

Transaction Code

Every accounting entry in Oracle FLEXCUBE is associated with a Transaction Code that describes the nature of the entry. Specify the transaction code that should be used to post the accounting entry to the account head. You can group all similar transactions under a common transaction code. The transaction codes maintained in the 'Transaction Code Maintenance' screen are available in the option list provided.

Netting

Specify whether accounting entries should be netted at an event. You can net the accounting entries that are generated at an event by selecting 'Yes' from the drop down list. The system will then net the entries and show the resultant value in account statements. If you do not net, the entries will be shown separately in the statements.

MIS Head

An MIS Head indicates the manner in which the type of entry should be considered for profitability reporting purposes. This classification indicates the method in which the accounting entry will be reported in the profitability report. It could be one of the following:

- Balance
- Contingent Balance
- Income
- Expense

You can also link a product to an MIS Group if you do not want to define individual entities for the product.

Refer the section titled 'Associating an MIS Group with the product' in this chapter for more details.

Revaluation Required

Online Revaluation refers to revaluation done on transaction amounts during transaction posting, and not as part of an end-of-day process. The Revaluation profit /loss are booked to the Online 'Profit GL' or Online 'Loss GL' that you maintain for the GL being revalued.

You can opt for online revaluation by selecting the 'Reval Req'd' option.

Profit GL and Loss GL

If you have opted for online revaluation and the result of revaluation is a profit, the profit amount is credited to the Profit GL you select here. Similarly, if the result of revaluation is a loss, the loss amount is credited to the Loss GL you specify here.

Reval Txn Code

If you opt for online revaluation, you need to associate the transaction code to be used for booking revaluation entries. The system will use this transaction code to track the revaluation entries.

Holiday Treatment

Specify whether holiday treatment is applicable for processing accounting entries falling due on holidays. Select one of the following:

- Yes
- No

GAAP

Indicate the GAAP indicators for which the accounting entry is required for reporting under multi GAAP accounting. The adjoining option list shows all the GAAP indicators maintained in the system. Choose the appropriate one.

The system will then post entries into the specified books (GAAP indicators) during the different events that occur in the lifecycle of the lease. You can retrieve the balance for a certain component in an account in a specific status, for a given GAAP indicator, in a certain branch, reporting to a certain GL. The system will show the real and contingent balances accordingly.

Split Balance

Specify whether you need the balances to be split or not. If you check this option, the system will store the balance break-up for the specified GAAP indicators. You can then retrieve the balances separately for the different GAAP indicators to which accounting entries are posted for the lease.

If you need to move the balances from multiple/Single GLs, where the balances are currently lying, check this box. In such case the credit leg will be governed by the GLs from where component balances need to move, and not the GL maintained at the product level for the event.

For example:

For ALIQ event, the maintenance is as follows:

Dr/Cr	Role	Settlement Reqd	Amount Tag	Spilt Balance
Dr.	DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	Y	MAIN_INT_LIQD	N
Cr.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE (say GL-000)	N	MAIN_INT_LIQD	Y

However, the balance for interest is lying like this: 500 (GL-001) and 200 (GL-002) Lets say we are liquidating 700 against MAIN_INT component.

In this scenario, finally system will pass the following entries:

- Dr Customer A/c 700
- Cr GL-001 500
- Cr GL-002 200

In case Split balance is set to NO for Cr leg the entry would have been:

- Dr Customer A/c 700
- Cr GL-000 700

When you are building new balances into GLs, you need to uncheck this option for the credit leg also. In such cases accounting will go by the maintenance of the GLs/account done for the event.

For Example:

If you want to move ACCRUED_AMOUNT from one GL into another GL, and also build one parallel entry for the same in OFF BALANCE sheet, then in such case for the movement pair, you will maintain split balance as Y for the credit leg. For the new balance into OFF BALANCE sheet, you will maintain the split balance as N for both the legs.

When you need to reverse the contingents, for both the credit and debit leg, the GLs will be governed by the GLs where the balances are currently lying then you need to set it to CONTRA.

This means that if the accounting entry setup is like this:

Dr/Cr	Role	Settlement Reqd	Amount Tag	Spilt Balance
Dr.	CONT-001	N	MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL	N
Cr.	CONT-002	N	MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL	Y

And if balances (say 50 for the component) for MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL are lying in CONT-003 AND CONT-004 GLs. (This kind of setup means while doing status movement, you are building one parallel set of entry into contingents)

With this setup, system will pass the entry like this

- Dr CONT-003 50
- Cr CONT-004 50

If for both the legs, split is set to NO, then system will pass the following entries instead:

- Dr CONT-001 50
- Cr CONT-002 50

Balance Check in Batch

Indicate whether the balance check is required for the batch operations/online processing.

The options available are:

- **Reject** – The transaction is rejected if there is insufficient fund to process the transaction.
- **Delinquency Tracking** – The transaction is processed. If you have specified delinquency tracking for the accounting entries, the tracking is done according to the parameters you have defined for the Delinquency Product.
- **Force Debit** – The transaction is processed. However, no delinquency tracking is done even if the account goes into overdraft.
- **Partial Liquidation** – The transaction is processed. If you have specified partial delinquency, the system liquidates upto the available amount and the delinquency tracking is done on the remaining amount only.

Delinquency Product

In case you have specified delinquency tracking for balance check type, you need to specify the delinquency product under which the entry is tracked. The option list displays all the delinquency product codes maintained in the Oracle FLEXCUBE. Select the appropriate from the option list.

Settlement

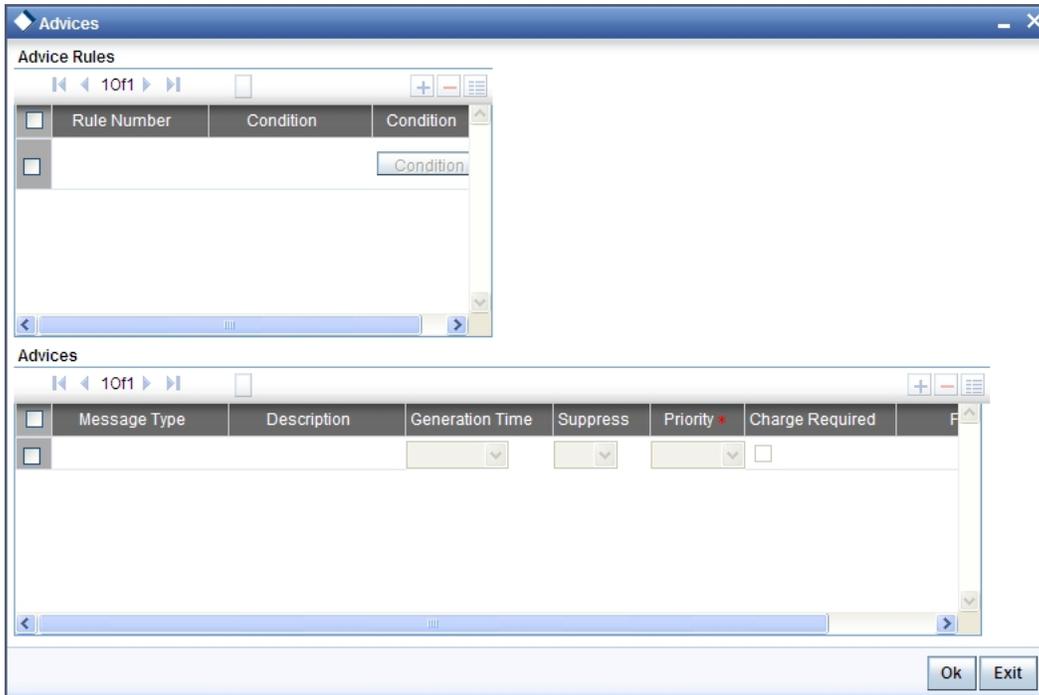
This field used to settle the amount. If it set as yes, while doing settlement system uses the Account used during amount settlement. If it is no it will use default account, which is mapped in role to head.

If you have selected the 'Accounting Role' as DR_SETTL_BRIDGE or CR_SETTL_BRIDGE in and if 'Settlement' box is checked then system looks at the default settlement accounts maintained in the Debit settlement Mode and Credit settlement mode. If 'Settlement' box is not checked then the system tries to arrive at the GL through Role to Head Mapping.

4.2.8.2 Specifying Advices for an Event

You can select the advices that should be triggered for various events. These advices can be simple Debit /Credit advices when any payment or disbursement is made, Rate Revision advices, Lease advices etc.

To specify the advices for an event, click 'Advices' button in the 'Events' screen of the 'Product Maintenance' screen – the following screen is displayed.



The following advice details have to be maintained in the screen:

Message Type

Select an advice from the option list provided. The advices applicable for the module are available in this list. When you select an advice, the description is displayed in the adjacent field.

Generation Time

The 'Trigger' indicates the appropriate time at which the advice is to be generated. You can indicate whether the advices specified for the product should be generated when the event takes place (Input) or at authorization.

Suppress

This option may be used if you want to suppress the generation of some advices

Priority

You can indicate the importance of the advice generation. The priority may be:

- High
- Medium
- Low

Charges

You may check this option to collect charges for advice generation.

You can specify a definite format for advice generation. The formats maintained through the 'Format File Maintenance' are available in the option list. Select the appropriate format from this list.

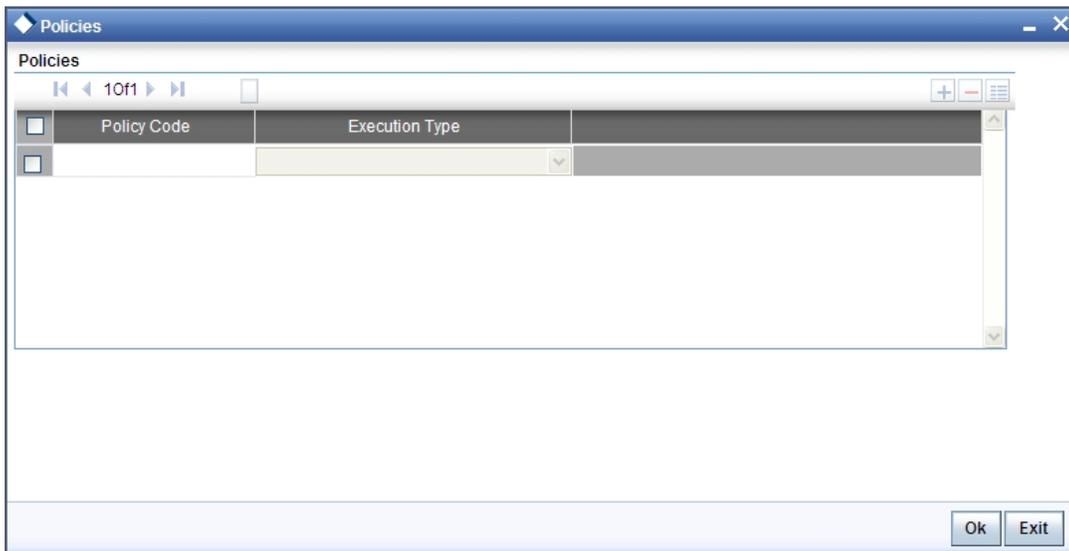
For a detailed list of Events, Advices, Accounting Roles, Accounting Entries and Amount Tags, refer 'Annexure 1' of this User Manual.

4.2.8.3 Defining User Defined Policies

Policies are user defined validations that will be fired when any event is triggered. These can even be policies which govern the firing of an event under certain conditions.

For example, if an operation called payment is being done and the customer is paying an amount greater than his current overdue and one additional installment, you can associate a policy to disallow the payment. Therefore, you have to associate policies to an event.

Click on 'Policies' button in the 'Events' screen to define the policies that should be executed for an event.



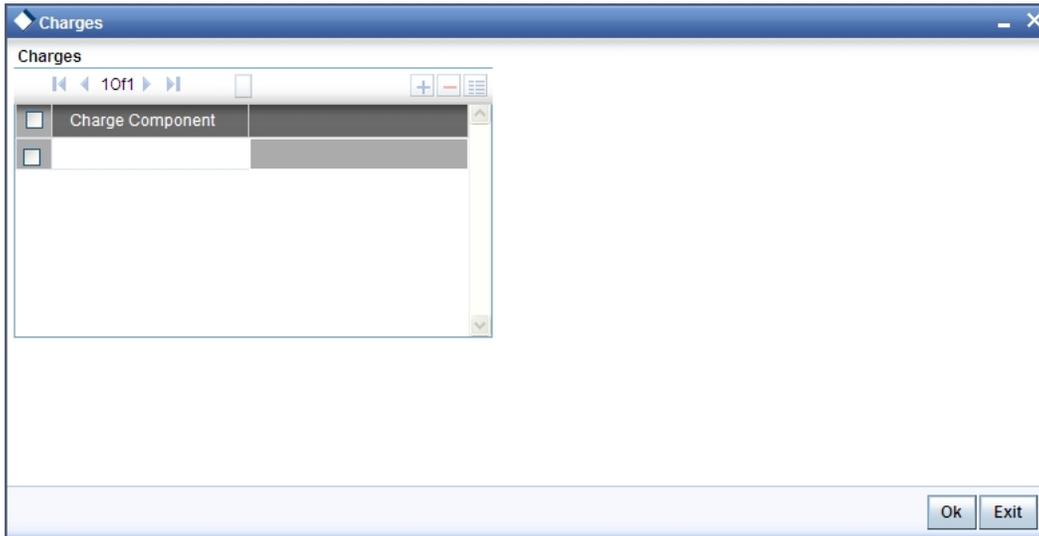
You can select the appropriate policy from the option list provided. The policies defined in the 'User Policy' screen are available in this list. You should also specify the instance when the policy should be triggered for the event. The options are:

- Before Event
- After Event
- Both

4.2.8.4 Associating Charges

You can associate charges to an event. Linking a charge to an event implies calculating the value of the charge.

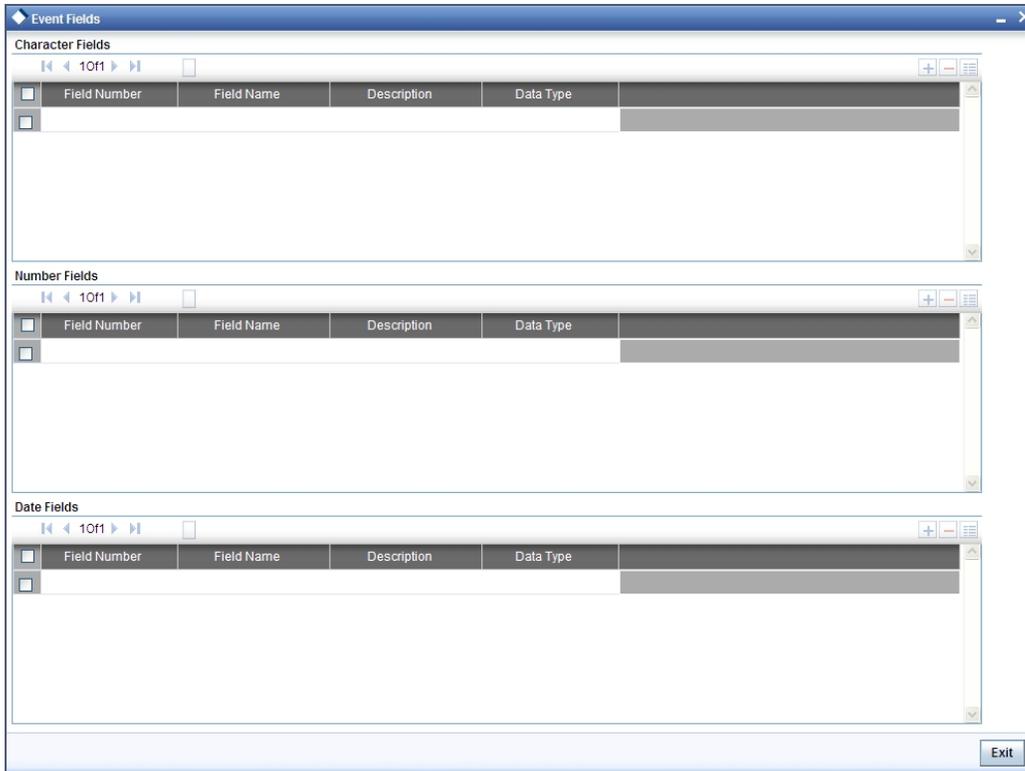
To associate charges, click 'Charges' button in the 'Event' screen



The charge type of components defined for the product (in the 'Components' tab of the screen) are displayed in the option list. Select the component you wish to associate with the event.

4.2.8.5 Defining Event Fields

You can invoke the 'Event Fields' screen by clicking on the 'Event Fields' button on the 'Events' screen.



4.2.9 Maintaining Branch /Currency Restriction

The lease products created in the Head Office Bank (HOB) are available across all the branches subject to the branch restrictions maintained for the product. Likewise, you also restrict the products to select currencies. To achieve this, you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed branches and currencies

Click on the 'Branch /Currency Restriction' button in the product screen.

The following details are captured here:

4.2.9.1 **Branch /Currency Restriction tab**

Under Branch and Currency Restrictions respectively, two columns are displayed.

- Allowed List
- Disallowed List

The allowed or disallowed column that is displayed would depend on the list type that you choose to maintain. For instance, if you choose to maintain an allowed list of branches, the column would display the branches that you can opt to allow.

In the Branch Restriction and Currency Restriction Section, click on the adjoining option list to invoke a list of bank codes and currencies codes respectively that you have maintained in your bank. Select an appropriate code.

Using the Add or Delete icons, you can add/delete a branch or currency from the corresponding allowed/disallowed column that you have maintained.



When you create a product, it is, by default, available to all the branches of your bank, in all currencies, and for all customers unless restrictions are explicitly specified for the product.

Minimum Loan Amount

Specify the minimum amount for all the allowed currency maintained at the product level.

Maximum Loan Amount

Specify the maximum amount for all the allowed currency maintained at the product level.



System checks the following:

- At the product level, if the minimum amount is less than the maximum amount
- At the Lease Contract screen, if the amount financed falls in the range of minimum and maximum amount derived from product for the currency same as the lease currency

4.2.9.2 Currency Balance Restriction tab

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Branch/Currency Restriction". At the top, there are fields for "Product Code" and "Description". Below these is a tabbed interface with "Branch/Currency Restriction" and "Currency Balances" tabs. The "Currency Balances" tab is active, displaying a table with the following columns: "Currency Code", "ATM Cash Limit", "Residue Amount", "Negative Residue Amount", and "Round Up/Down". The table is currently empty. Navigation controls (back, forward, search) are visible above the table. At the bottom right of the window are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons.

You can maintain the following currency balance details:

Currency Code

You can specify the transaction limit for a currency while defining currency restrictions for a product. Choose the currency code from the option list.

Residue Amount

Here, you have to capture the minimum amount by which, if a component of a schedule becomes overdue, the system will consider it as paid.

Negative Residue Amount

If the difference between the amount paid (COMPONENT_EXPECTED) and the amount due is less than the residue amount specified here, then the difference is treated as an income otherwise the transaction is rejected.

In the case of an income, the installment schedule is marked as completely settled/paid and the income is posted to the residual suspense GL. This triggers the event called 'RESID' (Residual) and the following entries are passed:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
Lease Account	RESIDUAL_AMOUNT	Cr
Residual Suspense	RESIDUAL_AMOUNT	Dr

ATM Cash limit

Here, you can enter the maximum non- Cash transaction amount for the currency that you have defined. The ATM transaction amount cannot exceed the value given here.

Rounding Factor (EMI)

Specify the rounding factor if the EMI is to be rounded.

It is mandatory for you to specify the rounding factor if you have maintained the rounding parameter.

Round Up/Down

Indicate whether the EMI should be rounded up or down.

- Choose 'UP' in case you want to round the number to the next decimal value.
- Choose 'DOWN' if you want to truncate the number to the previous decimal value

The principal component of the EMI is adjusted based on the rounded EMI amount.

Numerator Method

Specify the day count method for the numerator for each currency applicable to the product. The following options are available in the drop-down list:

- Actual
- 30 Euro
- 30 US

Choose the appropriate one. This value will be used for calculation of the Net Present Value (NPV).

Denominator Method

Specify the day count method for the denominator for each currency applicable to the product. The following options are available in the drop-down list:

- 360
- 365

Choose the appropriate one. This value will be used for calculation of the Net Present Value (NPV).

4.2.10 Restricting Customer Category

Just as you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed branches and currencies for a product, you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed customer categories.

You can maintain several restrictions for each customer category.

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Customer Category Restriction". It features several input fields for "Product Code", "Product Description", "Class Code", and "Class Description". A "Default From Class" button is located to the right of the "Class Details" section. Below these fields, there are two radio buttons for "Customer Category Restriction": "Allowed" and "Disallowed", with "Disallowed" selected. At the bottom of the window, there are two table views: "Category Restrictions" and "Customer Restrictions". The "Category Restrictions" table has columns for "Customer Category" and "Description". The "Customer Restrictions" table has columns for "Customer No", "Description", and "Allow". Both tables are currently empty. At the bottom right, there are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons.

You can restrict customers from availing a product by maintaining an 'allowed' list or a 'disallowed' list of customer categories.

Only customer categories that are a part of an allowed list maintained for a product *can* avail the product. Likewise, customer categories that are part of a disallowed list *cannot* avail the product or service.

The allowed or disallowed column that you view depends on the list type that you choose to maintain. For instance, if you choose to maintain an allowed list, the column would display those customer categories that you choose to allow.

You can move a category to the allowed/disallowed column, using the Add or Delete icons.

4.2.10.1 Allowing Access to Special Customers

Depending on the customer restriction you specify – allowed or disallowed, you can further maintain a list of customers who are allowed (for a 'Disallowed' list) or specific customers who are not allowed to use the product (in the case of an 'Allowed' list). For example, you may disallow the customer category 'CORPORATES' from availing a certain lease product. However, you may want to allow 'Cavillieri and Barrett' (belonging to the category 'CORPORATES') to avail the product.

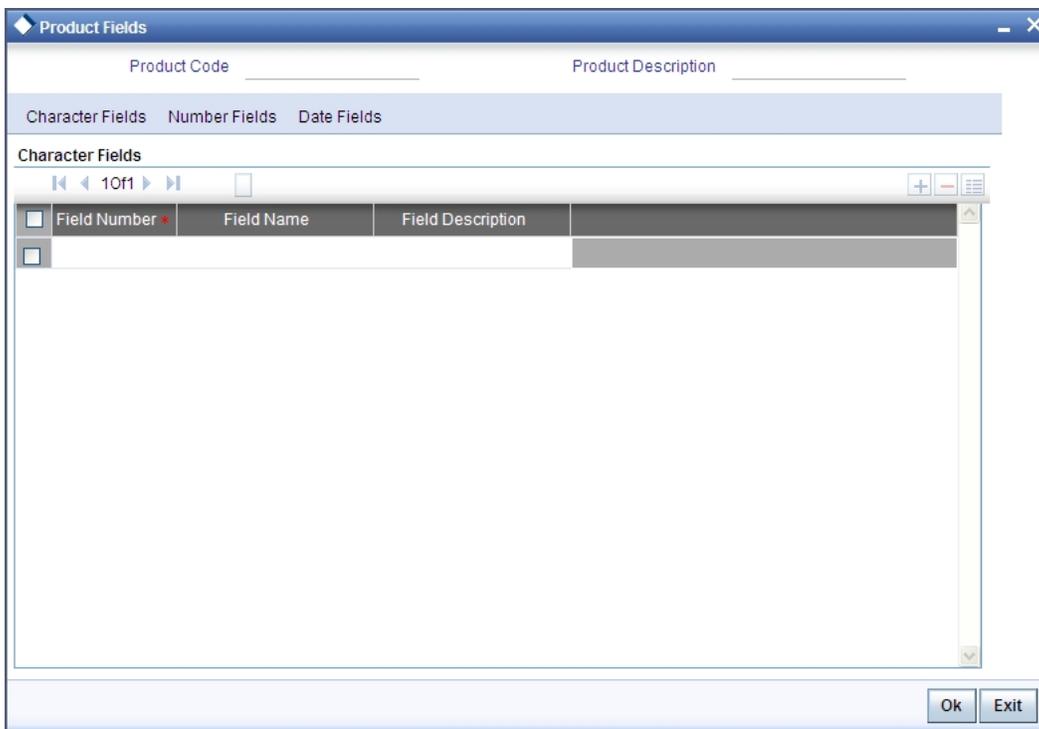
Select the name of the customer from the option list provided. The 'Customer Name' is displayed after you select the customer id.

If the selected customer belongs to a category which is 'Disallowed' for the product but you want to allow the customer, check the 'Allowed' option. Similarly, if the customer belongs to a category that is 'Allowed' but you want to disallow the customer, do not check the 'Allowed' option.

4.2.11 Defining Product Fields

Product Fields are additional fields that are available for use depending on the bank's requirement. You can define the Product Fields in the 'Product Fields' screen.

In the Product Field button of the screen, you can associate these custom fields with the product.



The Product Fields are segregated based on the 'Field Type', into the following:

- Character Fields
- Number Fields
- Date Fields

When you select an UDF from the option list, the value is also displayed in the adjacent field.

4.2.12 Associating an MIS Group with the Product

You can associate MIS details with a product in the 'MIS' screen. Click 'MIS' button in the 'Product' screen to invoke it.

The screenshot shows a window titled "MIS Details" with the following elements:

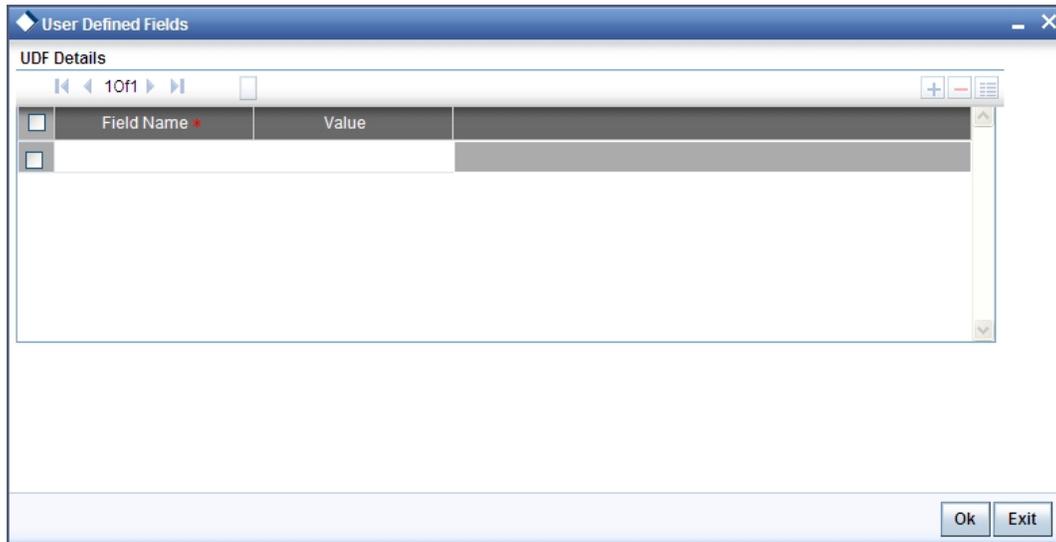
- Product Code: _____
- MIS Group: _____
- Pool Code: _____
- Default From MIS Group: [Button]
- MIS Classes: A table with columns "MIS Class" and "MIS Code". The table is currently empty.
- Cost Code: _____
- Buttons: Ok, Exit

In this screen, you can associate an 'MIS Group' to which the product should be linked (if it is applicable; if not, you can define the individual entities under which the product should be reviewed).

To associate a group, check the 'Link Group' option. If a group is linked, the entities defined for the group will be displayed. Only the Transaction MIS Code will be applicable to a product. The specific MIS entity (in the form of an MIS Code) will be picked up by default only if you have defined them for the group. If not, you have to indicate the appropriate MIS code for each applicable MIS class.

4.2.13 Defining User Defined Fields

You can associate user defined fields to a product by using the 'User Defined Fields' screen. Click 'Fields' button in the Product screen to invoke it.



Here you can capture the following details:

Field Number

The system displays the field name.

4.3 Viewing Product Summary Details

You can view the summary of the products maintained in the system in the 'Product Summary' screen. You can invoke the 'Product Summary' screen by typing 'LESPRMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows a window titled 'Summary' with the following elements:

- Search filters: Authorization Status (dropdown), Record Status (dropdown), Product Code (text field with a red 'X' icon), Start Date (text field with a calendar icon), and End Date (text field with a calendar icon).
- Buttons: Search, Advanced, Refresh, and Reset.
- Table: A table with 5 columns: Authorization Status, Record Status, Product Code, Start Date, and End Date. The table is currently empty.
- Navigation: A toolbar at the bottom left shows '15' in a dropdown, navigation arrows, and '1 Of 1'.
- Exit: An 'Exit' button at the bottom right.

The following details have to be captured in this screen:

Authorization Status

Select the status of authorization from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Product Category

Specify a valid category that should be displayed. This adjoining option list displays all valid categories maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one. Hence, this module deals with leasing, you have to specify the category 'Leasing' in this field.

Lease Type

Select the type of lease from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Financial
- Operational

Record Status

Select the status of record from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Open
- Closed

Product Code

Specify a valid code that should be displayed. This adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Lease Payment Mode

Select the mode of paying the lease from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Advance
- Arrear

After specifying any or all of the aforementioned details, click 'Search' button to view the details of lease maintained in the system. The system displays all the available records based on the details specified in this screen.

You can double click on anyone of the displayed records to view the product detailed screen.

4.4 Processing EMI on Lease

The Equated Monthly Installment (EMI) is a fixed payment amount which is used to pay off both interest and principal each month. For the computation of EMI, the following formula should be defined in 'Book Formula'.

EMI Formula for Financial Lease

According to the payment type the formula for financial lease varies.

For Payment in Advance,

$$EMI = \frac{C - \frac{RV}{(1 + I)^n}}{1 + \frac{1 - \frac{1}{(1 + I)^{n-1}}}{I}}$$

Where:

- **C = Capital = Amount Financed – Down Payment**
- **RV = Residual Value**
- **I = Periodic Rate of Interest**
- **n = Number of Periods**

For Payment in Arrears,

$$EMI = I * \frac{\left[C - \frac{RV}{(1 + I)^n} \right]}{1 - \frac{1}{(1 + I)^n}}$$

Where:

- **C = Capital = Amount Financed – Down Payment**
- **RV = Residual Value**
- **I = Periodic Rate of Interest**
- **n = Number of Periods**

EMI Formula for Operational Lease

$$EMI = \text{Lease Amount} / \text{Tenor (no. of instalments)}$$

Where:

Lease amount = Amount Financed – down payment

5. Account Creation

5.1 Introduction

A contract is customer-specific. When you grant a lease to a customer, you enter into a contract.

Every time a lease is issued to a customer, it is not necessary to specify its general attributes, since a lease acquires the attributes defined, for the product it involves. You can change the general attributes for a lease at the time of processing a lease.

In addition to the general attributes, which a lease inherits from a product, there are the specific attributes, which have to be defined for it. They are:

- Customer details
- Lease Amount
- Lease Currency
- Repayment account for the lease

5.2 Maintaining Lease Account Details

You can maintain the leasing account details using the 'Leasing Account Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDACCDT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' application window. At the top, there are navigation buttons and a 'Go' button. Below this, there are several input fields for account information:

- Branch *
- Account Number *
- Product
- Product Category
- Alternate Account Number
- User Defined Status
- User Reference
- Authorize Status

A menu bar is located below the input fields, with options: Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details, Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, Credit Score.

The main area is divided into several sections:

- Account Details:** Contains fields for Customer Id, Customer Name, Currency, Amount Financed, Net Principal, Down Payment, Residual Value Basis, Residual Value, Residual Amount, Subsidized Residual Amount, Value Date, and Maturity Date.
- Payment Mode:** A dropdown menu set to 'Default'.
- Lease Type:** A dropdown menu.
- Lease Payment Mode:** A dropdown menu.
- Supplier Information:** Fields for Supplier Id, Supplier Name, Subsidy Customer Id, Subsidy Customer Name, and Insurance Company Code.
- Buttons:** 'Create Active Account', 'Active', 'Create Inactive Account', 'Generate Advice', 'View Advice', 'Asset', and 'Financials'.
- Promotions:** A table with columns: Promotion Type, Promotion Id, P, Beneficiary, Priority.
- Account Statistics:** A table with columns: Component Name, Expected, Overdue, Outstanding, Advance, Compensation Currency.

At the bottom, there is a status bar with the following information:

- MIS | GL Balance | IRR Details | Events | Installment | SWIFT Message Details | Asset Values
- Input By: [Field] Date Time
- Authorized By: [Field] Date Time
- Contract Status: Authorized
- Exit button

You can specify the following generic details in the Account Details screen:

Branch

The system displays the Branch Code of the branch into which the user has logged in, for which the UDE values are maintained.

Account Number

Based on the leasing parameters that setup at the branch level, the account number would be either auto generated or would have to be captured in this field.

Product Code

Specify the product code for the lease account from the option list. Double click on a Product Code to select a particular code. The product codes are maintained in the Product Definition screen.

Click 'P' button to populate the Product Category, Value Date, Maturity Date based on the Product Code selected, the main screen will display all these values.

Alt Acc No

Specify the alternate account number in this field. It can be an account number in the existing system from which the account has migrated to Oracle FLEXCUBE.

User Defined Status

After you enter the account number, the system displays the status of the account in this field. This is based on the products status maintenance rules.

User Reference Number

A 16-digit User Reference Number is autogenerated and displayed here if the 'Auto Generate User Ref No' option is checked in the Branch Parameters. The format of the user reference number is BranchCode + ProductCode + Sequence number. You are allowed to modify the auto-generated User Ref No.

If the 'Auto Generate User Ref No' in Branch Parameters is not checked then the User Ref No will be blank by default and you have to specify it manually. Validations are done by the system not to save the account if an unsuppressed payment message is present which has the User Ref No as blank.

5.2.1 Main Tab

You can capture the main details of the leasing account in this tab

The following details regarding the leasing account are captured here:

Account Details

Amount Financed

Specify the total lease amount. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

Currency

Specify the currency of the lease.

Customer No

Specify the customer number.

Customer Name

The system displays the customer name.

Down Payment

Specify the total down payment for a lease account.



The down payment should always be less than the amount financed.

Residual Value Basis

The system displays the residual value basis from the product code. The value computed by the system can be altered while account booking.

Residual Value

Specify the percentage of asset, percentage of lease or flat amount based on the residual value basis defined at the product.

Residual Amount

The system displays the residual amount after computing the percentage of asset or lease amount. In case of flat amount, residual value is copied to residual amount.



Residual Amount should be less than the lease amount minus the down Payment.

Subsidy Customer Name

Specify the ID of the party who provides the subsidy for leasing.

Subsidy Customer Name

Specify the name of party who provides the subsidy for leasing. Based on this the system displays the settlement details for the subsidy components.

Value Date

Specify the value date for the lease account.

Maturity Date

Specify the maturity date for the lease account.

Lease Type

The system displays the type of lease.

Payment Mode

The system displays the mode of payment.

Account Statistics

The system displays the various balances for every component.

Supplier ID

Select the supplier or vendor ID from the option list.

Supplier Name

The system displays the name of the supplier. This name is based on the supplier ID selected.

Insurance Company

Select the insurance company details from the option list.

Asset Reference Number

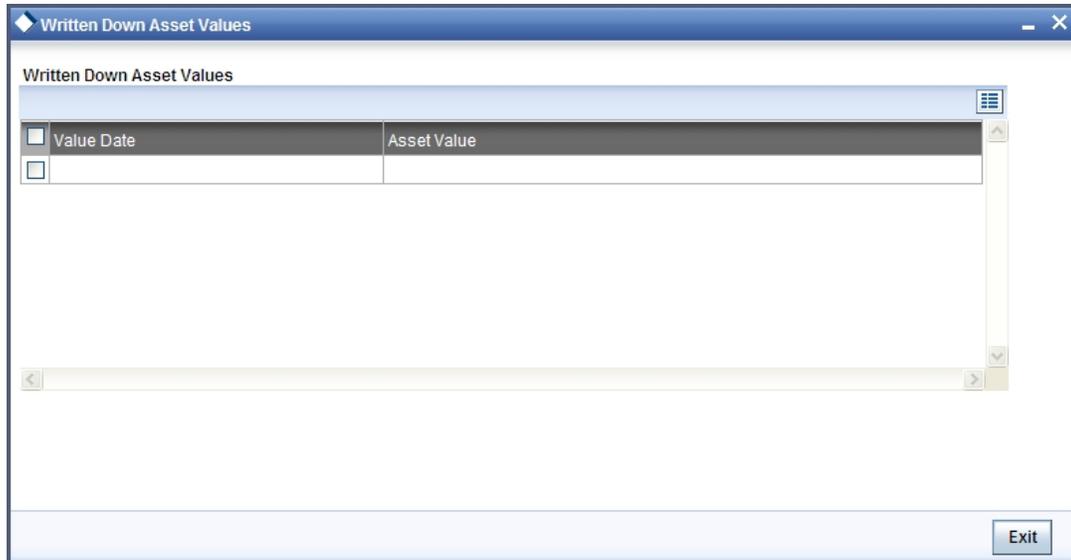
Specify the asset reference number. This field is enabled only if the 'With Asset' field is selected at the product level.

Asset Details

Insurance schedules are based on Asset value while contract booking, and subsequently change is based on written down value. You can capture the asset details by clicking 'Asset Values' button in 'Account Details' tab of the 'Account Details' screen.

5.2.1.1 Valuations Tab

You can capture valuation details of the asset in this tab.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Written Down Asset Values". Inside the window, there is a table with two columns: "Value Date" and "Asset Value". The table has a header row and one empty data row. There are checkboxes to the left of each row. At the bottom right of the window, there is an "Exit" button.

Here, you can specify the following details related to your assets like vehicle, home, etc.

Assets

Select the type of asset from the drop-down list. The following values are provided for selection:

- Vehicle
- Home
- Others

Valuation Dt

Specify the valuation date for the selected asset, or select the date by clicking the 'Calendar' button.

Source

Specify the source associated with the asset selected.

Supplement

Specify the supplement of the valuation source used for the valuation.

Edition

Specify edition of the valuation source used for the valuation.

Wholesale

Specify the wholesale rate associated with the asset selected.

Retail

Specify the retail rate associated with the asset selected.

Usage

Specify usage level at the time of the valuation.

Usage Value +

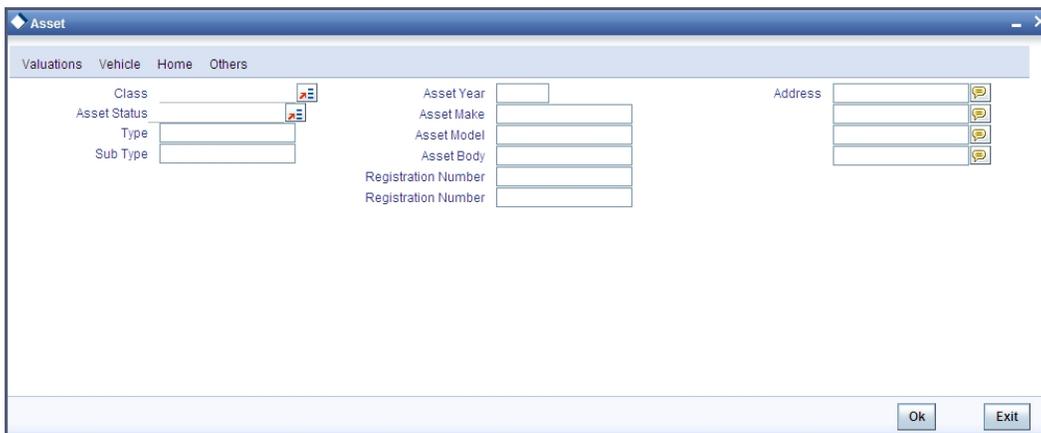
Specify the initial usage value.

Total

Specify the total usage of the asset.

5.2.1.2 Vehicle Tab

You can capture details regarding the asset of type 'Vehicle' in this tab.



The screenshot shows a software window titled 'Asset' with a tabbed interface. The 'Vehicle' tab is selected, showing a form with the following fields:

Field	Input Type
Class	Dropdown menu
Asset Status	Dropdown menu
Type	Text input
Sub Type	Text input
Asset Year	Text input
Asset Make	Text input
Asset Model	Text input
Asset Body	Text input
Registration Number	Text input
Registration Number	Text input
Address	Text input

At the bottom right of the window are 'Ok' and 'Exit' buttons.

You can specify the following common details associated with asset of type vehicle:

Class

Select the class associated with the asset selected, from the option list. The following options are provided:

- New
- Used

Status

Select the status of the asset selected, from the option list. The following options are provided:

- Active
- Inactive
- Inventory
- Undefined

Type

Specify the type of the selected asset.

Sub Type

Specify the subtype associated with the asset, if any.

Year

Specify the year of association with the selected asset.

Make

Specify the make of the selected asset. For vehicle, you can specify the manufacturing company name and for home you can specify the name of the builder or developer.

Model

Specify the model of the selected asset.

Address

Specify the address associated with the asset.

You need to specify the following details additional related to vehicle type of asset:

Body

Specify the body number associated with the vehicle.

ID Number

Specify the unique identification number associated with the vehicle.

Reg. Number

Specify the registration number of the vehicle.

5.2.1.3 Home Tab

You can capture details regarding the asset of type Home in this tab

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Asset" with a tabbed interface. The "Home" tab is selected. The form contains the following fields:

- Class (dropdown menu)
- Asset Status (dropdown menu)
- Type (text input)
- Sub Type (text input)
- Occupancy (text input)
- Asset Year (text input)
- Asset Make (text input)
- Asset Model (text input)
- Width (text input)
- Length (text input)
- Purchase Order Number (text input)
- GEO (text input)
- BNA (text input)
- MSA (text input)
- Address (text input with a help icon)

At the bottom right of the window are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons.

You can specify the following additional details for home type of asset:

Occupancy

Specify the number of people occupying the house.

Width

Specify the width associated with the selected asset.

Length

Specify the length associated with the selected asset.

PO #

Specify the post office number of the location of the property.

GEO

Specify the property GEO code (Geospatial Entity Object Code) for the asset.

BNA

Specify the census tract/BNA code (Block Numbering Area) for the asset.

MSA

Specify the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) code for the asset.

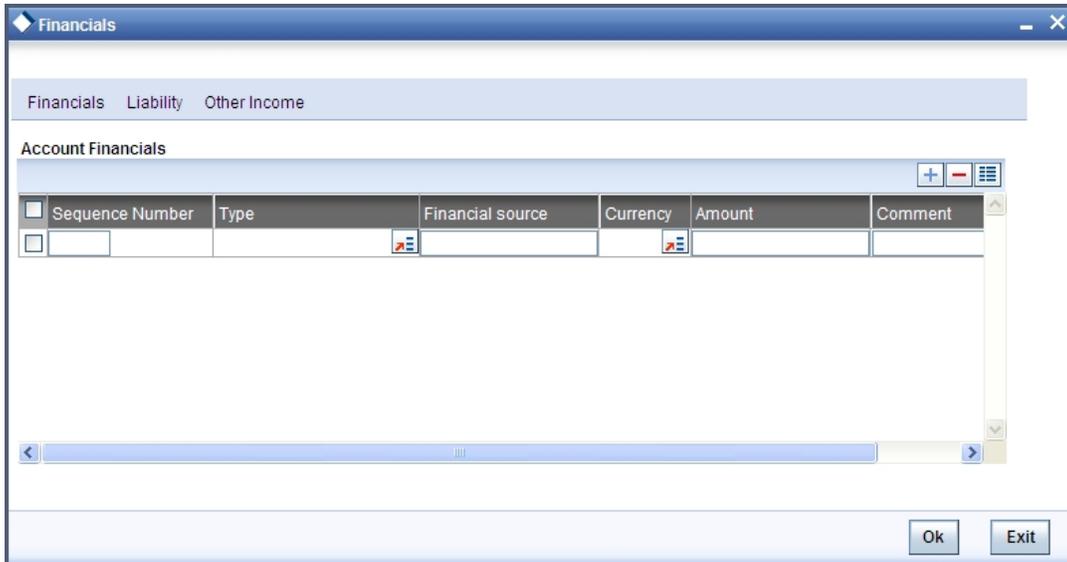
Click 'OK' button to save the details.

Financial Details

You can capture the income or liability details of the customer in the 'Financials' screen. To invoke this screen, click on 'Financials' button in 'Account Details' tab of the Account Details screen.

5.2.1.4 Financials Tab

You can specify the following details related to the customer's income here:



The screenshot shows a window titled "Financials" with a tabbed interface. The "Financials" tab is selected, and the "Account Financials" section is active. Below this, there is a table with the following columns: Sequence Number, Type, Financial source, Currency, Amount, and Comment. The table is currently empty, and there are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons at the bottom right of the window.

Sequence Number	Type	Financial source	Currency	Amount	Comment
-----------------	------	------------------	----------	--------	---------

The following details are captured here:

Type

Select the type of the income from the option list provided.

Source

Specify the source of the income.

Currency

Select the currency associated with the income, from the option list provided.

Amount

Specify the amount associated with the income.

Comment

Specify any remarks or comments for the income.

5.2.1.5 Liability Tab

Here you can specify the following details related to the customer's liability:

Sequence Number	Type	Account Type	Currency	Financial Amount	Frequency
<input type="checkbox"/>					Yearly

The following details are captured here:

Type

Select the type of the liability from the option list provided.

Account Type

Specify the account type associated with the liability.

Currency

Select the currency associated with the liability, from the option list provided.

Amount

Specify the amount associated with the liability.

Frequency

Select the frequency at which payments are made towards the liability from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Balance

Specify the current amount outstanding.

Comment

Specify any remarks or comments to be associated with the liability.

5.2.1.6 Other Income Tab

You can also capture the details related to other sources of income, if exists.

Sequence Number	Income Type	Currency	Financial Amount	Frequency
<input type="checkbox"/>				Yearly

The following details are captured here:

Seq No

Specify the sequence number here.

Type

Specify the type of income here. You can also select the income type from the adjoining option list.

Currency

Specify the currency of the income here. You can also select the currency from the adjoining option list.

Amount

Specify the amount of income here.

Frequency

Select the frequency of the income here from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Click 'OK' button to save the details.

5.2.2 Account Details Tab

You can capture the account details of the leasing account in this tab

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window with the following sections:

- Account Information:** Branch, Account Number, Product, Product Category, Alternate Account Number, User Defined Status, User Reference, and Authorize Status.
- Navigation Tabs:** Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details (selected), Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, Credit Score.
- Financial Fields:** Value Date, Maturity Date, Amount, Maturity Extend By, Asset Reference, Book Date, Down Payment, Original Start Date, Residual Amount, Subsidized Residual Amount, Residual Value, Currency, and Net Principal.
- Buttons:** Asset and Financials.
- Applicant Information:** Primary Applicant, Customer Id, and Customer Name.
- Applicant Information Table:**

Customer Id	Customer Name	Responsibility	Liability %	Liability Amount	Effective Date
		Borrower			
- Effective Date Table:**

Effective Date
- UDE Values Table:**

UDE Id	User Data Elements	Rate Code	Code Usage	Resolved Value
			Periodic	
- Bottom Navigation:** MIS, GL Balance, IRR Details, Events, Installment (selected), SWIFT Message Details, Asset Values.
- Footer:** Input By, Authorized By, Contract Status, and an Exit button.

The following details regarding the leasing account are captured here:

Amount

The system displays the amount details.

Maturity Date

The system displays the date of maturity.

Value Date

The system displays the value date.

Book Date

The system displays the booking date.

Down Payment

The system displays the down payment details.

Currency

The system displays the currency details.

Asset Reference No

The system displays the asset reference number.

Subsidized Residual Amount

Specify the subsidized residual amount. However, this can be changed during VAMI



If the Subsidy Residual Amount check box is checked in the product level and if the subsidized residual amount is not specified, then the system displays an override message.

Primary Applicant

You can maintain the following details of the Primary applicants:

Customer ID

Specify the customer ID.

Customer Name

Specify the customer name.

Other Applicants

The details of the liability parties to the account are maintained in this field. You can specify the following details of the Co-applicants:

Customer ID

Select the customer ID from the option list.

Customer Name

The system displays the name of the customer.

Responsibility

Select the details of the co-applicants and their responsibility as a Co-signer or as a guarantor from the option list.

Liabilities%

Specify the liability of the co-applicant. You can also specify the percentage of interest split among different co-applicants.

Liability Amount

The system calculates and displays the upper limit of the liability in terms of the amount in this field. You may override the computed value.

Effective Date

Specify the effective date.

Holiday Periods

You can specify the following detail here:

Period

Select the period for which repayment holiday is to be given to the customer. The holiday periods maintained in the system are displayed in the adjoining option list

Effective Date

You can specify the following detail here:

Effective Date

The effective date is used to pick the UDE value. The system displays this date from the General UDE maintenance screen.

UDE Values

The system displays the UDE values from that of the UDE values maintenance screen. These values can be overridden by providing account level UDE values. However, the value can be maintained only for those UDEs defined at the product level. No New UDEs can be introduced at the account level.

You can specify the following details for the UDE values:

UDE ID

Specify the UDE ID from the option list.

UDE Values

Specify the Actual Value for the UDE based on the effective date in this field. The value specified here should fall within the minimum and maximum limits maintained for the UDE linked to the underlying product.

Rate Code

Select the code for the Floating Rates if any and the spread on it applicable in this field by clicking the option list.

Code Usage

Select the Code usage which can be periodic or automatic.

Resolved Value

This denotes the final value of a UDE. Resolved value = Rate code value taken from Floating Rate Maintenance + the spread [UDE Value]

5.2.3 Default Tab

The defaults are maintained by the bank. Depending upon the combination of various preferences, the bank can have various account preferences. The defaults primarily are based on product definition and can be overridden.

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window in Oracle, with the 'Default' tab selected. The window title is 'Account Details' and it has standard window controls. The main area contains several input fields and checkboxes:

- Branch * (text box)
- Account Number * (text box with search icon)
- Product (text box with search icon and 'P' button)
- Product Category (text box)
- Alternate Account Number (text box)
- User Defined Status (text box)
- User Reference (text box)
- Authorize Status (dropdown menu)

Below these fields is a navigation bar with tabs: Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details (selected), Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, Credit Score.

The 'Default' tab content includes:

- Days: Liquidation (text box)
- Liquidation Mode: Auto (dropdown menu)
- Liquidate Residual Value
- Auto Liquidate Reversed Payment
- Partial Liquidation
- Retries for Auto Liquidation (text box)
- Track Receivable section:
 - Auto Liquidation
 - Manual Liquidation
 - Liquidate Back Valued Schedules
- Intermediary Details section:
 - Intermediary Initiated
 - Intermediary Code (text box with search icon)
- Project Financing section:
 - Project Account

At the bottom, there is a navigation bar with tabs: MIS, GL Balance, IRR Details, Events, Installment, SWIFT Message Details, Asset Values (selected).

The footer contains: Input By (text box), Date Time (text box), Authorized By (text box), Date Time (text box), Contract Status (text box), Authorized (checkbox), and an Exit button.

Liquidation

You can maintain the following liquidation preferences:

Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- Manual
- Auto
- Component

Auto Liqd Reversed Pmt

If auto liquidation has been reversed in an account, it will be retried depending upon the status of this field. If this option is selected, then the auto liquidation is retried.

Partial Liquidation

If you select this option, system will perform partial auto liquidation.

Retries for Auto liquidation

When auto liquidation option is chosen and funds are not available, the number of times the system can retry auto liquidation is determined by this field.

If blank, the number of retries is infinite.

Track Receivable

If Track receivable option is checked for an account, it tracks the amount to be liquidated as a receivable if funds are not available. So upon any subsequent credit, the receivables are blocked and allocated to the pending liquidation.

Auto Liquidation

Select this option to indicate that the Track receivable option is for Auto Liquidations.



This is defaulted from the product level.

On schedule liquidation if there are insufficient funds in the settlement account to satisfy the liquidation and if both the product and the account are marked for receivable tracking then system initiates tracking of receivable.

If the account is marked for Partial liquidation, then liquidation happens to the extent of available funds, and the remaining amount is tracked.

If the account is not marked for partial liquidation, and the amount available in the settlement account is less than the due amount, then system won't do any liquidation and starts tracking the full due amount.

Whenever there is a credit to an account, the tracking process checks if the account has any receivable against it and if it does then the relevant amount is blocked as a receivable and the corresponding amount is marked to be used for settlement during subsequent ALIQ for the account. This process happens till the amount needed for liquidation is fully available.

The decision of allocating this credit will be based on the preference order of products that has been specified at an account class level. On the following EOD/BOD, batch liquidation tries to liquidate the schedule. The amount receivable is made available for the liquidation, and liquidation happens to the extent of receivable amount.

Manual Liquidation

Select this option to indicate that the Track receivable option is for Manual Liquidations.



By default, the system selects this option.

Liquidate Back Value Schedules

On checking this field, the system liquidates the back value schedule in case of back value account.

Intermediary Details

You can capture the Intermediary Details at the account level to keep track of the accounts created through Intermediaries.

Intermediary Initiated

Check this box to indicate that the lease has been initiated by an intermediary.

Intermediary Code

If you have checked the box 'Intermediary Initiated', you need to specify the code of the intermediary who has initiated the lease. The adjoining option list displays all valid intermediary codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one..



Both the fields are disabled after the first authorization of the lease. They field cannot be modified during value-dated amendment and rollover operation.

Note that adjustment of commission and charge computed for the intermediary (in the past cycle) should be done manually in case of a reversal of any transaction done by the intermediary post the computation.

5.2.4 Checklist Tab

The Check lists are maintained in the 'Check List Maintenance' screen and are linked to different events of the contract. The checklist maintained for the BOOK event is available in the Checklist tab at the time of account creation.

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window with the following fields and sections:

- Fields:** Branch*, Account Number*, Product, Product Category, Alternate Account Number, User Defined Status, User Reference, Authorize Status.
- Navigation Bar:** Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details, Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, Credit Score.
- Check List Section:** A table with columns 'Description' and 'Verified'. The 'Verified' column contains checkboxes.
- Remarks Section:** A list of 10 numbered input fields for adding remarks.
- Bottom Bar:** MIS, GL Balance, IRR Details, Events, Installment, SWIFT Message Details, Asset Values. Input By (Date Time), Authorized By (Date Time), Contract Status (Authorized checkbox), and an Exit button.

Check List

The following details are captured here:

Description

The system displays the description of the check list maintained for the BOOK event.

Verified

Check this box to indicate that the check list item has been verified

Remarks

Specify any additional remarks about the check list or the account in this free format text field

The following details are displayed/ captured here:

UDF Description

The system displays all the UDF descriptions defined at the Product level.

UDF Value

Specify the UDF value in this field. This is applicable only if the user input or list of values is defined at the time of creation of the UDF.

5.2.6 Components Tab

Clicking against the 'Components' tab in the 'Account Details' screen invokes the following screen:

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window with the 'Components' tab selected. The window is divided into several sections:

- Account Information:** Fields for Branch, Account Number, Product, Product Category, Alternate Account Number, User Defined Status, User Reference, and Authorize Status.
- Navigation:** A menu bar with options: Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details, Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, Credit Score.
- Component Fields:** Description, Component Currency, Special Interest Amount, Settlement Currency, Debit Mode Details (Debit Payment Mode: CASA, Liquidation Mode: Auto), Credit Mode Details (Cr Payment Mode: CASA), Penal Basis Comp, Service Branch, Service Account, Component Type, and Formula With Schedule.
- Checkboxes:** Waive, Main Component, Verify Fund, Special Interest, and IRR Applicable.
- Schedule Table:**

Schedule Type	Schedule Flag	Formula	First Due Date	Number	Frequency	Unit	Due Date On	End Date	Amount	EMI
Payment	Normal					Daily				
- Details Table:**

Schedule Number	Due Date	Amount Settled	Amount Due	EMI Amount	Amortize Principal	Accrued Amount	Waive
							<input type="checkbox"/>
- Footer:** MIS, GL Balance, IRR Details, Events, Installment, SWIFT Message Details, Asset Values, Input By, Authorized By, Contract Status, and an Exit button.

You can specify the following details for the components:

Description

After you specify the component Name, the system displays the description of the component.

Component Currency

The system displays the currency associated with the component. The value is defined at Product level.

Special Interest Amount

Specify the amount for the special interest.

Settlement Ccy

Select the settlement currency for the option list. The settlement currency is maintained as a default for both Credits and Debits.

Dr. Payment Mode

Select the debit payment mode from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- CASA
- Credit Card
- Debit Card
- Clearing
- External Account
- Electronic Pay Order
- Internal Check
- Instrument
- GIRO
- Cash/Teller

Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual



This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the account preference level.

Main component

The system selects the component of the lease designated as main component in the product level in this field.

Verify Fund

Select this option to indicate whether the system should verify the availability of sufficient funds in the customer account before doing auto liquidation of the component.

Capitalized

Select this option if the scheduled amounts are to be capitalized.

Waive

Select this option to waive the component for the account.

Penal basis Comp options

The system displays the penal basis for calculating penalty component.

Service Branch

Specify the branch that services the customer account.

Service Account

Specify the account in the service branch.



All modes except CASA needs service account. Adjustments etc. are settled through this account.

Component Type

Specify the nature of the component. This is also known as the 'Reporting Type'. It defines the manner in which the component should be classified for reporting/ accounting purposes. A component can be of one of the following types:

- Reimbursement: these are components which have both Dr and Cr mapped to settlement accounts
- Off-Balance Sheet (OBS): An OBS Component will have balances but these need not be zero when an account is closed
- Adhoc Charges
- Charge
- Tax

- Insurance
- Interest
- Provisioning
- Deposit

Cr. Payment Mode

Select the credit payment mode from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- CASA
- Clearing
- External Account
- Instrument
- Cash/Teller

Special Interest

Select this option to denote if the component is a special interest type. This implies that the computed value of the component can be overridden with the entered value.

IRR Applicable

Check this option to indicate that the component is to be considered for IRR calculation for the account.

This field will not be available for input if 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' are left unchecked at the product level.

Schedule

The schedules can be for two types, namely,

- Schedules for financial lease
- Schedules for operational lease

5.2.6.1 Schedules for Financial Lease

For Advance payment type and for complete disbursement during initiation, the payment schedules for principal and interest are populated with start date as value date, due date as schedule start date. The first EMI schedule will be liquidated during the initiation. Accounting entries are passed with DSBR event.

For Arrears payment type and for complete disbursement during initiation, the payment schedules for principal and interest are populated with start date as value date and due date as schedule end date. Schedules will be liquidated on due date.

For multiple disbursements (Lease advances), the EMI schedules will not be populated in this case. Pre- EMI interest is collected by defining interest schedules. This is applicable for both modes of payment.



EMI schedules are populated once the total amount is disbursed (On SCHR event)

If a residual amount exists for the lease account, then the system will consider the residual amount as the last schedule of the contract with the due date as the maximum date supported (global maximum date) with the components as PRINCIPAL and INTEREST. The residual amount in case of payment in advance includes the interest.

Payment schedules are populated based on the frequency and frequency units maintained at product level; however this can be changed at account level.

5.2.6.2 Schedules for Operational Lease

For an operational lease, disbursement schedules are restricted. On value date of the lease account, along with INIT, DSBR will fire for down payment and first EMI will be liquidated if the payment mode is Advance. If the payment mode is Arrears, the schedule due date will be the schedule end date.

If a residual amount exists for the lease contract, then that would be the last schedule of the contract with the due date as the maximum date supported (global maximum date) and the component INTEREST. The residual amount in case of payment in advance includes the interest.



The frequency and frequency units of multiple schedules should be the same.

Click 'Edit' button to make any change to the scheduling. The following details are captured here:

Type

Select the type of schedule from the option list. Schedule can be a payment, a disbursement or a rate revision schedule.

Schedule Flag

Select the Schedule flag from the option list.

Formula

Specify the formula used to compute the component for that schedule.

First Due Date

Specify the first due date for the schedule for the component. The first due date can be defined based on the value date for the lease or a calendar date.

Number

Specify the number of times the schedule is repeated for a chosen frequency for the schedule. If the Frequency is Monthly and Number is 1, it implies once a month.

Frequency

Specify the number of times the schedule will repeat for a Unit. If it is 2 and the Unit is Monthly, it implies twice a month.

Unit

Specify the installment unit for the component for the schedule.

Due Dates On

Specify to schedule an installment on a particular date of the month.

End Date

Specify the end date for the component for the schedule. This is computed from the start date, frequency, unit and number for the schedule.

Amount

The system displays the amount of payment done.

EMI Amount

The system displays the EMI that should be repaid in this schedule.



EMI is computed based on the formula maintained. User defined EMI is supported, however the EMI and the frequency of schedules must be consistent (same) for the lease account.

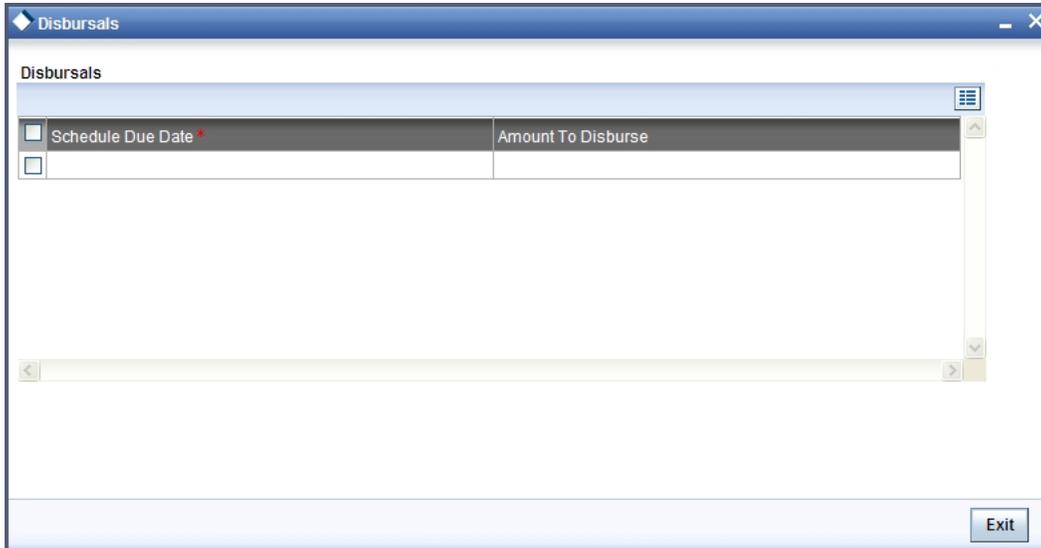
Schedule Details

You can view the schedule details by clicking 'Explode' button. The system displays the following details:

- The sequential schedule number for installments
- The due date of the payments and disbursements
- The settlement amount for the schedule
- The amount due for the schedule
- The EMI that should be repaid in this schedule
- The principal that has to be amortized
- The amount accrued for the component for the schedule

Disbursals

Click 'Disbursals' button to see the Disbursal schedule. This gives the list of Schedules for the disbursements and their corresponding Disbursement amounts.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Disbursals" with a table containing two columns: "Schedule Due Date" and "Amount To Disburse". The table has one row with empty cells. There is an "Exit" button at the bottom right of the window.

Schedule Due Date *	Amount To Disburse

Schedule Due Date

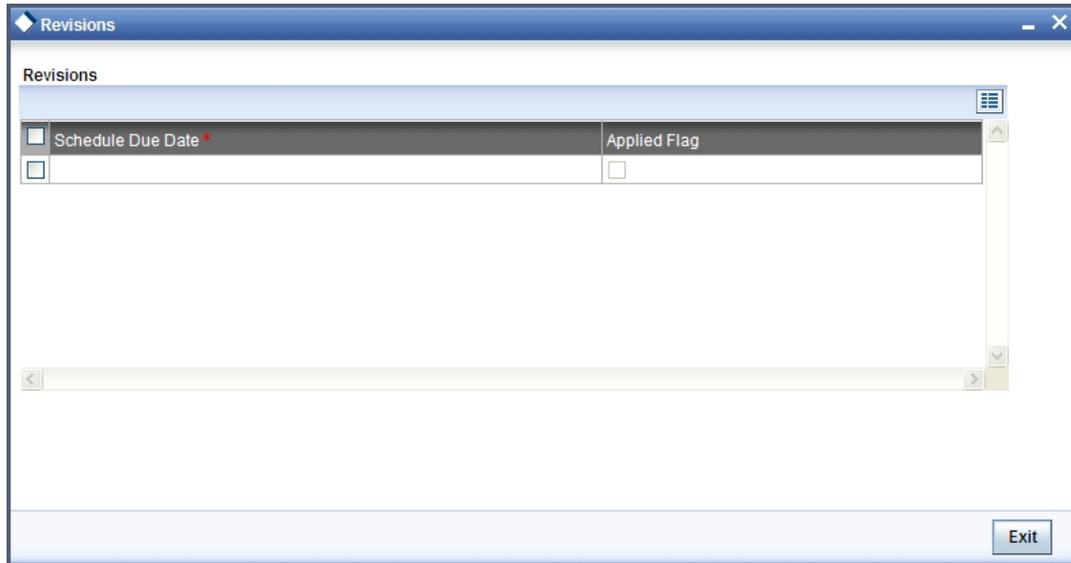
The system displays the due date of the schedule.

Amount to Disburse

The system displays the amount to be disbursed.

Revisions

To view the details of the Rate revision schedule, click 'Revisions' button. This lists the details of the revisions done on the Components.



The screenshot shows a window titled 'Revisions' with a table containing two columns: 'Schedule Due Date' and 'Applied Flag'. The 'Schedule Due Date' column has a red asterisk next to the header. The 'Applied Flag' column has a checkbox next to the header. The table is currently empty, showing only the headers. There is an 'Exit' button in the bottom right corner of the window.

<input type="checkbox"/> Schedule Due Date*	Applied Flag
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Schedule Due Date

The system displays the due date of the schedule.

Applied Flag

The system displays if the revision was applied or not.

5.2.7 Charges Tab

You can calculate and apply charges on an account by specifying the basis on which we would like to apply charges. For example, we may want to apply charges on the basis of the debit turnover in an account. When we define a Charge product, we have to specify the Charge basis.

When we apply the charge product on an account or an account class, charges for the account will be calculated on this basis.

The following details are captured:

Description

Specify the description for the component.

Component Type

Select the type of component from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- Formula with schedule (Component Type - Interest)
- Formula without schedule (Charge)
- Penal Interest
- Prepayment Penalty
- Discount
- Schedule without formula (Principal)

- No schedule No formula (Ad Hoc Charges)
- Penalty Charges

Component Currency

The system displays the currency associated with the component. The component currency is defaulted from the Product level.

Settlement Currency

Select the settlement currency form the option list.

Dr Payment Mode

Select the debit payment mode from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- CASA
- Credit Card
- Debit Card
- Clearing
- External Account
- Electronic Pay Order
- Internal Check
- Instrument
- Cash/Teller

Dr Prod Ac

Specify the Product/ Account to be used for Debit payments.

Dr Acc Brn

Select the details of the branch where the Dr account resides from the option list.

Cr Payment Mode

Select the credit payment mode from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- CASA
- Clearing
- External Account
- Instrument
- Cash/Teller

Cr Prod Ac

Specify the details of the Product/ Account to be used for Credit payments.

Cr Acc Brn

Select the details of the branch where the Cr account resides from the option list.

Charge Appl Date

Specify the details of the date from which the charge is applicable.

Service Branch

Specify the branch that services the account.

Service Account

Specify the account in the service branch.

Due Date

Specify the date on which the charge was applied.

Amount Due

Specify the details of the amount due for repayment.

For each component, the following details are displayed:

- Event Code
- Component Name: A component will be of type 'Charge'
- Amount Due: The amount due for repayment in this field
- Amount Settled: The settled amount in this field
- Schedule Due Date: The scheduled date for repayment in this field
- Waive: If this option is checked, the charge defined for event is waived off

Waiver Flag

Select this option to waive off the charges.

5.2.8 Linkages Tab

Clicking against the 'Linkages' tab in the 'Account Details' screen invokes the following screen:

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window with the 'Linkages' tab selected. The window title is 'Account Details'. At the top, there are navigation buttons: 'of', 'Go', and a search icon. Below this are several input fields: 'Branch *', 'Account Number *', 'Product', 'Product Category', 'Alternate Account Number', 'User Defined Status', 'User Reference', and 'Authorize Status'. A menu bar contains: 'Main', 'Rollover', 'Amendments', 'Account Details', 'Default', 'Check List', 'Fields', 'Components', 'Charges', 'Linkages', 'Advice', 'Commitment', and 'Credit Score'. The 'Linkage Details' section features a table with columns: 'Linkage Sequence Number', 'Linkage Type *', 'Linkage Branch', 'Customer Id', 'C', 'Linked Reference *', 'L', 'Linkage Amount', and 'LBL_L'. The first row shows 'Line' in the 'Linkage Type' column. Below the table is a search bar. At the bottom, there are tabs: 'MIS', 'GL Balance', 'IRR Details', 'Events', 'Installment', 'SWIFT Message Details', and 'Asset Values'. The bottom status bar includes 'Input By', 'Authorized By', 'Contract Status', and an 'Exit' button.

Linkage Sequence Number

Specify the sequence number for the linkage.

Linkage Type

Select the type of linkage from the option list.

Linkage Branch

Select the branch of the linkage type

Customer ID

Specify the ID of the customer to be used for corresponding linkage type by clicking 'C' button.

Linkage Ref No

Specify the linkage reference number be used by clicking 'L' button.

Linkage Amount Click on 'L' button

Specify the linkage amount.

Secured Portion

Specify the part of the principal that is backed by some asset.

5.2.9 Advices Tab

Clicking against the 'Advices' tab in the 'Account Details' screen invokes the following screen:

The screenshot shows the 'Account Details' window with the 'Advices' tab selected. The form includes the following fields:

- Branch *
- Account Number *
- Product
- Product Category
- Alternate Account Number
- User Defined Status
- User Reference
- Authorize Status

The 'Advices' table is as follows:

Message Type	Suppress	Priority
	Yes	High

The 'Suppress Details' section shows:

- Medium

At the bottom, the 'SWIFT Message Details' tab is active. The bottom right corner contains an 'Exit' button.

You can specify the following Advice details:

Message Type

The system displays all the advices for all the events for the account. The list will include all the advices that are defined at the product level

Suppress

This field allows the user to suppress the generation of the advice for a particular event. The options are Yes or No.

Priority

Click the option list to select the priority of generation. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

The options are High, Medium or Low

5.2.9.1 Suppress Advices across the Account

The generation of an advice across the life of the account can be suppressed.

Message Type

Select the type of advice, the generation of which can be suppressed across the account from the option list.

You can suppress the Payment Message defaulted in case you do not need a credit through swift message.

The message is automatically suppressed if the Principal Credit Settlement account is changed to a GL or if the receiver in 'Swift Msg Details' screen is not valid to receive the message i.e, if the Customer Type of the Receiver party is not a Bank.

Also, if the settlement mode for PRINCIPAL component is anything other than CASA, the swift message is automatically suppressed.

If the Transfer Type is chosen as blank i.e, neither Customer Transfer nor Bank Transfer, then PAYMENT_MESSAGE will become CREDIT_ADVICE by Swift(MT910) if the Receiver is a bank and the credit settlement account is a current account.

5.2.10 Credit Score Tab

Click 'Credit Score' tab to specify the details for calculating the credit score.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Account Details window with the 'Credit Score' tab selected. The window title is 'Account Details'. The interface includes a navigation bar with tabs: Main, Rollover, Amendments, Account Details, Default, Check List, Fields, Components, Charges, Linkages, Advice, Commitment, and Credit Score. The 'Credit Score' tab is active, displaying the following fields and controls:

- Branch * (text input)
- Account Number * (text input)
- Product (text input)
- Product Category (text input)
- Alternate Account Number (text input)
- User Defined Status (text input)
- User Reference (text input)
- Authorize Status (dropdown menu)
- Rule Name (text input)
- Automated Score (text input)
- User Input Score (text input)
- Bureau Details section:
 - Agency Code (text input)
 - External Score (text input)
 - External Credit Score (text input)

At the bottom of the window, there is a status bar with the following information:

- MIS | GL Balance | IRR Details | Events | Installation | SWIFT Message Details | Asset Values
- Input By: Date Time
- Authorized By: Date Time
- Contract Status: Authorized
- Exit button

You need to specify the following details here:

Rule Name

The system displays the rule associated with the leasing product. However you can amend this field.

User Input Score

Specify the credit score associated with the customer.

Automated Score

The system displays the credit score calculated based on the rules maintained at the product level.

Agency Code

Specify the code of the external agency, to be approached for calculating the score.

External Credit Score

The system displays the score as calculated by the external agency.

Click 'Score' button to auto-generate the credit score for the customer. Click 'External Score' button to auto-generate the credit score for the Bureau.

5.2.11 Capturing Additional Details for Leasing

The buttons on the 'Account Details' screen enable you to invoke a number of functions vital to the processing of a leasing account.

5.3 Saving and Authorising Mortgage/Commitment Account

You have to save a contract after entering all the required details in the system. Click Save icon on the Toolbar or choose 'Save' from the Actions menu to save an account. The system updates this as an unauthorised contract. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.



Note the following:

You cannot authorise a contract from the 'Leasing Account Details' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

5.4 Multilevel Authorization of a Contract

High value contracts may require multilevel of authorization. The levels of authorizations are defined in the 'Product Transaction Limits' screen. You can use the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen for authoring a contract n-1 times. However, final authorization can take place only in the contract screen.

For more details, refer the 'Multilevel Authorization of Contract/Loan Account' section in the 'Procedures' User Manual.

5.5 Viewing Lease Account Summary Details

You can view details of lease account in the 'Account Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LESACCDT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows a window titled 'Summary' with various search criteria fields and a data table. The fields include:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account Number
- Lease Type
- Branch
- Product
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Account Status (Active)
- Residual Value Basis
- Lease Payment Mode

Below the fields are buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', and 'Reset'. A pagination bar shows 'Records per page 15' and '1 of 1'. A table header lists the following columns: Account Number, Branch, Customer Id, Product, Value Date, Maturity Date, Amount Financed, Currency, User Defined Status, Account Status. Below the table, there are two legend boxes:

- Account Status: A - Active, L - Liquidate, V - Reversed, H - Hold, I - Inactive, Y - Uninitiated, C - Closed, R - Residual
- A - Authorize, U - Unauthorized

An 'Exit' button is located at the bottom right of the window.

You can query on records based on any or all of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer ID
- Product Code
- Value Date

- Maturity Date
- Amount financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account Number
- Account Status
- Auth Status

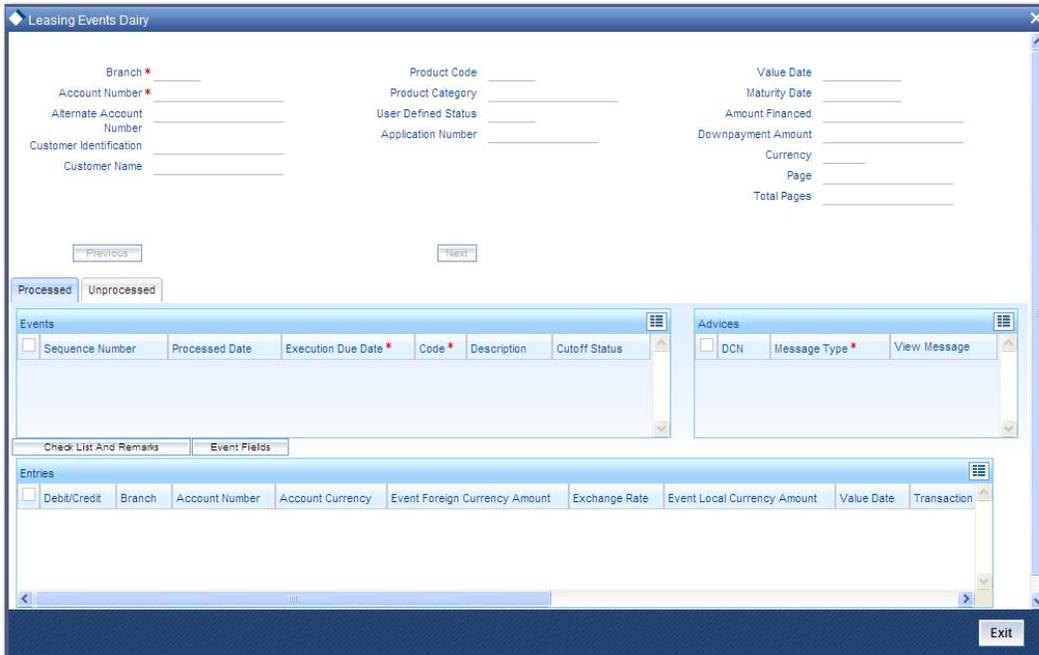
Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer ID
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account Number
- Account Status
- Auth Status

5.6 Maintaining Events Dairy

An 'event' may be defined as any action starting from application entry to collections. This module captures the details of events applicable to the account.

You can maintain events dairy using 'Events Dairy' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDEVDRY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



The screen has a separate processed and unprocessed events under two different headings.

5.6.1.1 Processed Events

The processed events are all the events which have already taken place. This displays the details like the sequence number of the event. The date on which the event was processed, the value date, the event code, the cutoff status, and a brief description of the event. The screen also displays the details of the events according to the events selected.

The screenshot shows the 'Events Diary' application window. At the top, there are search filters for Branch, Account Number, Alternate Account Number, Customer Id, and Customer Name. To the right, there are filters for Product Code, Product Category, Application Number, Value Date, Maturity Date, Amount Financed, Hamish Jiddayah Amount, Currency, Page, and Total Pages. Below the filters are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons. A tab bar shows 'Processed' and 'Unprocessed' tabs, with 'Processed' selected. The main area is divided into three sections: 'Events', 'Advices', and 'Entries'. Each section has a table with columns and a 'View' button. The 'Events' table has columns: Sequence Number, Processed Date, Execution Due Date, Code, Description, and Cutoff. The 'Advices' table has columns: Document Number, Message Type, and View Message. The 'Entries' table has columns: Debit/Credit, Branch, Account Number, Account Currency, Event Foreign Currency Amount, Exchange Rate, and Event Local Currency Amount. At the bottom right, there is an 'Exit' button.

The following details are displayed:

Events

The processed events are all the events which have already taken place. The following event details are displayed:

- Sequence Number
- Processed Date
- Execution Due Date
- Code
- Description

- Cutoff Status

Advices

The following advice details are displayed:

- DCN
- Message Type
- View Message

Entries

The following entry details are displayed:

- Debit/Credit
- Branch
- Account Number
- Account Currency
- Event Foreign Currency Amount
- Exchange Rate
- Event Local Currency Amount
- Value Date
- Transaction Date
- Amount Tag
- Log Foreign Currency Amount
- Log Local Currency Amount
- Transaction Code
- Event Sequence Number
- Event

5.6.1.2 Unprocessed Events

The Unprocessed event screen has all the details of the overdue and the Due events for the account.

The screenshot shows the 'Events Diary' application window. At the top, there are several input fields for account and product details, including Branch, Account Number, Alternate Account Number, Customer Id, Customer Name, Product Code, Product Category, User Defined Status, Application Number, Value Date, Maturity Date, Amount Financed, Hamish Jiddayah Amount, Currency, Page, and Total Pages. Below these fields are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons. A tabbed interface shows 'Unprocessed' as the active tab. The main area is divided into two sections: 'Overdue Events' and 'Due Events'. Each section contains a table with columns for 'Event Code', 'Execution Date', and 'Event Description'. To the right of each table is a 'Components' section with a 'Component Name' field. An 'Exit' button is located at the bottom right of the window.

The following details are displayed:

Overdue Events

An event which has crossed the due date becomes an overdue event. The number of days after the due date is used by the bank to calculate penalty for the event.

The following Overdue event details are displayed:

- Code: Unique event code
- Date: Date on which event occurred
- Description: Brief event description

Components

Component name: Name of the component affected by the event.

Events due

The date on which the event is supposed to take place is the due date of the event. In case of repayments, the customer is informed by the bank regarding the due date.

The following details are displayed:

- Code: Unique event code
- Date: Date on which event occurred
- Description: Brief event description

Components

Component name: Name of the component affected by the event.

6. Capturing Additional Details for a Lease

6.1 Introduction

The buttons on the 'Account Details' screen enable you to invoke a number of functions vital to the processing of a leasing account.

These buttons have been briefly described below.

Buttons	Description
MIS	Click this button to define MIS details for the lease.
GL	Click this button to view the GL balances for the various components that

Buttons	Description
Balance	are defined for an account.
IRR Details	Click this button to view the IRR value for the chosen component for different effective dates.
Events	Click this button to view the details of the events and accounting entries that a contract involves.
Installment	Click this button to view the installment details for the lease.
Swift Msg Details	Click this button to view the swift message details pertaining to any transaction on the account

6.1.1.1 Viewing MIS Details of the lease

Click 'MIS' button to view the MIS details screen. This is a view only screen, which provides a MIS details for an account.

The system displays the following information:

- Contract Reference Number
- MIS Group

Input

- Related Reference Number

- Related Account
- MIS Head

Floating Rate

- Rate Code
- Spread

Rate At

- Rate Type
- Pool Code
- Contract Level
- Interest Method

6.1.1.2 Viewing Account GL Balance

Click 'GL Balance' button to view the GL details screen. This is a view only screen, which provides a single snapshot of the latest GL balances for the various components that are defined for an account.

Account Details

Branch Code *

Account Number *

Alternate Account Number

Customer Id

Customer Name

Product Code

Product Category

Amount Financed

Currency

Value Date

Maturity Date

Components

Component *	Description
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

GL Details

GL Code *	GL Type	Status Code *	Balance	LCY Balance
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Exit

The system displays the following information:

Account Details

- Branch Code
- Account No
- Alternate account number.
- Customer ID
- Product Code
- Product Category
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- Value Date
- Maturity Date

Components

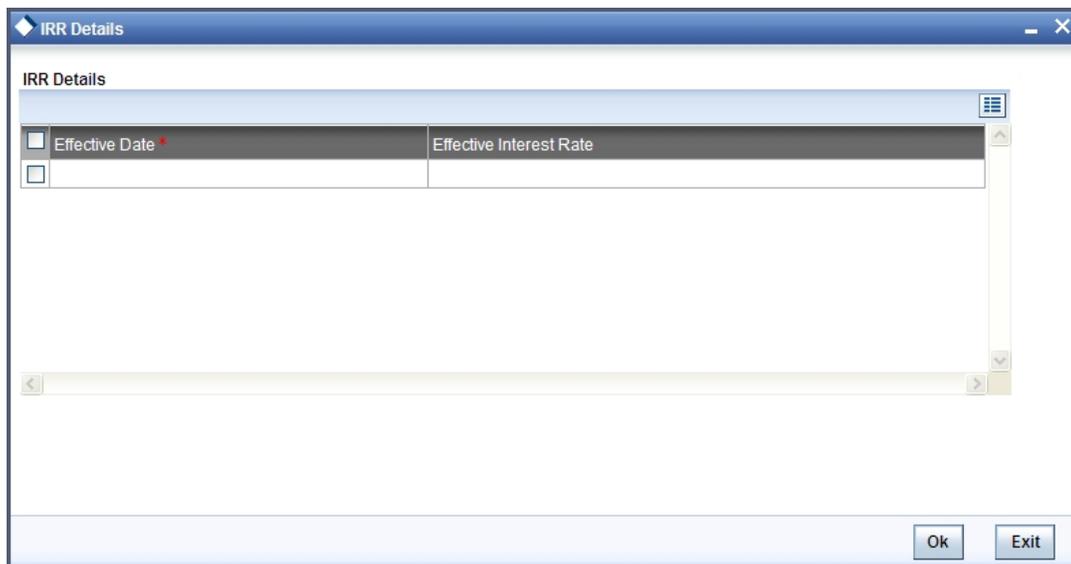
- Component Name
- Description

GL Details

- GL Code
- Type
- Status
- Balance
- Lcy Balance

6.1.1.3 Viewing Internal Rate of Return (IRR) Details

Click the 'IRR Details' button and invoke the 'IRR Details' screen. This screen displays the IRR value for the chosen component for different effective dates. The values are displayed in the descending order of the dates.



The following details are displayed here:

- Effective Date
- Interest Rate

6.1.1.4 Capturing Swift Message Details

You can view the swift message details pertaining to any transaction on the account in the 'Swift Msg Details' button.

The following swift message related details can be viewed in the above screen:

- Branch Code
- Account Number
- Beneficiary Institution
- Sender to Receiver Info
- Message Details
- Payment Details
- Charge Details
- Ordering Institution
- Ordering customer
- Intermediary Reim Institution
- Ultimate Beneficiary
- Beneficiary Institution for Cover
- Receiver Correspondence
- Ace with Institution
- Intermediary

6.1.1.5 Viewing Installment Details

Click 'Installment' button to access the Installment query screen. The installment query screen displays the details of the installments for the account. The information displayed includes the account details, installment details and the installment summary.

You can invoke the 'Installment Query' screen by typing 'CLDINSQY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Account Details			
Branch *		Customer Id	
Account Number *		Customer Name	
Amount		Alternate Account Number	
Maturity Date		Currency	
		Value Date	
		Application Number	
		Product Code	
		Contract Status	

Installment Summary			
Schedule Number	Due Date	Currency	Total Amount Due

Installment Detail			
Component Name	Amount Due	Schedule Status	P
			P

The following installment details are displayed:

Account Details

The following account details are displayed:

- Branch Code
- Customer ID
- Account No
- Alternate Account Number
- Application number
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- Product Code

- Maturity Date
- Value Date
- User Defined Status

Installment Summary

The following installment summary details are displayed:

- Schedule No
- Due Date
- Currency
- Total Amount Due

Installment Detail

The following installment details are displayed:

- Component Name
- Amount Due
- Status

6.1.1.6 Viewing Events Diary Details

An 'event' may be defined as any action starting from application entry to collections. This module captures the details of events applicable to the account. The screen displays both processed and unprocessed events.

Branch* Product Code Value Date

Account Number* Product Category Maturity Date

Alternate Account Number User Defined Status Amount Financed

Customer Id Application Number Hamish Jiddayah

Customer Name Amount

Currency

Page

Total Pages

Processed Unprocessed

Events

<input type="checkbox"/>	Sequence Number	Processed Date	Execution Due Date	Code	Description	Cutoff
<input type="checkbox"/>						

Advices

<input type="checkbox"/>	Document Number	Message Type	View M
<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="button" value="View"/>

Entries

<input type="checkbox"/>	Debit/Credit	Branch	Account Number	Account Currency	Event Foreign Currency Amount	Exchange Rate	Event Local Currency Amount
<input type="checkbox"/>							

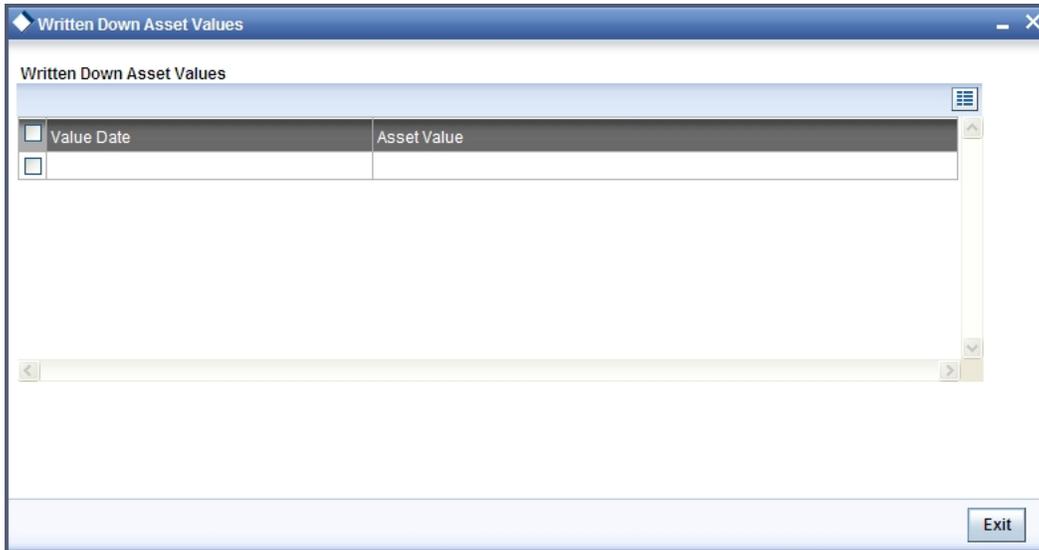
The following details are displayed here:

- Branch Code
- Account No
- Alternate Account Number
- Application Number
- Customer ID
- Product Code
- Product Category
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- Page
- Total Pages
- Down Payment Amount
- Maturity Date
- Value Date.

- User Defined Status

6.1.1.7 Viewing Asset Values

This screen retrieves the latest value of the asset maintained under written down value screen.



The following details are displayed here:

- Value Date
- Asset Value

7. Making Manual Disbursements

7.1 Introduction

The Leasing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE supports the following modes for Lease disbursements:

- Auto
- Manual

If you select the mode 'Auto', the system will automatically disburse the lease based on the disbursement schedule defined for the product.

In the manual mode, disbursement happens on demand. In this case, disbursement schedules need not be maintained for the 'PRINCIPAL' component. Also, you can collect any applicable charges related to the disbursement at the time of making the disbursement. These charges are defined at the product level.

7.2 Disbursing a Lease through the 'Manual' Mode

You can initiate a manual disbursement through the 'Manual disbursement' screen. This screen supports the principle disbursement for a financial lease. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDMDSBR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Reversed	Settlement Modes *	Settlement Currency	Settlement Amount	Exchange Rate	Settlement Currency Equivalent	Settlement Branch	Settlement Account	Ext
----------	--------------------	---------------------	-------------------	---------------	--------------------------------	-------------------	--------------------	-----

To begin the disbursement, click on the New icon in the toolbar of the screen or select 'New' from the Actions Menu. The following information gets defaulted to the screen:

Branch Code

The code of the login/sign-on branch is displayed here. However, you can select a different branch from the option list provided. It is the branch where the Lease account of the customer resides.

Account Number

Select the Lease Account of the customer to which the disbursement is made. All valid accounts are available in the option list. Select the appropriate one from this list.

Event Sequence Number

This is the sequence number generated by the system on trigger of an Event. The system generates the Event Sequence Number while populate due. During the process of DSBR, if three events fired BOOK and INIT, then the system populates it as four as the Event Sequence Number.

Value Date

This is the date when the credit entry (for the disbursement amount) is posted to the Cr Settlement Bridge. The current system date is displayed here.

Execution Date

This is the date on which the disbursement is booked in the system. The current system date is displayed here. You may change the date to a date in the future before the maturity date of the Lease.

Component Name

All disbursements are made towards the PRINCIPAL component. You cannot change the component.

Reference Number

This is auto generated and used as a reference to identify the transaction in the system.

Capture the following details in the screen:

Remarks

Capture any additional information about the disbursements, if required.

Total Amount

This displays the sum total of the amount disbursed across the various settlement modes. It gets incremented by the amount settled.

On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

Disbursement Details

The following disbursement details have to be captured in the 'Disbursement Details' section of the screen:

Reversed

When you reverse a manual disbursement, the system automatically checks this option to denote that the particular settlement mode has been reversed.

For reversing a disbursement, a different event, REVD (Reverse Disbursement) is triggered.

Settle Mode

You can make disbursements either through a single mode or by using multiple modes of settlement, depending on the customer's requirement.

The settlement details that need to be captured depend on the mode you select. The list of modes and the applicable settlement details are given below:

- CASA
 - Settlement Branch
 - Settlement Account
- Clearing
 - Upload Source
 - Instrument Number
 - Clearing Product
 - End Point
 - Routing Number
 - Clearing Bank
 - Clearing Branch
 - Sector Code
- External Account

- Upload Source
- Product Category
- Clearing Bank Code
- Clearing Branch Code
- External Account Name
- External Account Number
- Instrument
 - Instrument Number
 - Settlement Branch
 - Settlement Account
- Cash/Teller
 - Upload Source
 - Settlement Product



At least one mode is mandatory to make a disbursement. Loans with auto disbursement facility cannot be disbursed under manual disbursement screen.

Settle Ccy

After specifying the settlement mode for the disbursement, select the currency in which the disbursement is to be made. The currencies allowed for the branch are available in the option list provided.

Amount Settled

Here, you have to capture the disbursement amount that is to be settled through the selected mode in the selected currency.

The 'Total Amount' gets incremented by the amount settled and displays the sum total of the amount disbursed across the various settlement modes.

Exch Rate

This information is applicable if the Mode Currency is different from the Lease Currency. The exchange rate that is defaulted from the Standard Exchange Rate Maintenance is used to convert the disbursement amount to the Lease Currency equivalent.

You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

Settle Ccy Equiv

As mentioned above, if the Mode Currency and Lease Currency are different, the system calculates the Lease Currency equivalent using the exchange rate applicable for the currency pair.

Negotiated Cost Rate

Specify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.

Negotiation Reference Number

Specify the unique reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate, in foreign currency transaction. If the negotiated cost rate is specified then you should be needed to specify the negotiated reference number.



Oracle FLEXCUBE books then online revaluation entries based on the difference in exchange rate between the negotiated cost rate and transaction rate.

7.2.1 Verifying the Check List Items

To every online event, you can associate check list items through the 'Event Checklist' screen. To view the check list items associated with the 'Disbursement' event (DSBR), click on the 'Check List & Remarks' button.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Check List" with a sub-header "Event Check List". The window contains a table with two columns: "Description" and "Checked". The "Description" column has a small red asterisk next to the header and a speech bubble icon in the first row. The "Checked" column has a checkbox in the first row. Below the table is a section labeled "Remarks" with a vertical stack of ten empty text input boxes. At the bottom right of the window are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons.

Description	Checked
	<input type="checkbox"/>

Remarks

Ok Exit

This screen displays the check list items for DSBR. All check list items have to be verified for successful disbursement of the Lease. To do this, check the 'Verified' box against each check list item.

You may also capture any additional information/remarks, if required.

Click 'OK' button to Save and return to the 'Manual disbursement' screen.

7.2.2 Capturing Values for the Event Level UDFs

You can enter values for the UDFs that you have associated with the DSBR event in the 'Account Event UDF' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Event Fields' button in the 'Manual Disbursement' screen.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Event Fields" with three columns of input fields. The first column, "Character Fields", has 15 rows of text boxes with a yellow speech bubble icon to the right of each. The second column, "Number Fields", has 15 rows of numeric boxes. The third column, "Date Fields", has 15 rows of date boxes with a calendar icon to the right of each. At the bottom right are "Ok" and "Exit" buttons.

The system allows you to enter different values for the same UDF for events that gets repeated for the same Lease account. For instance, if you have multiple disbursements for a Lease Account, you can capture different values for UDFs for different disbursements.

Click Exit button to exit and return to the 'Manual disbursement' screen.

7.2.3 Viewing the Default Details

The defaults are maintained by the bank for the account can be viewed by clicking the 'Default' button. The defaults primarily are based on product definition and the account but it can be overridden.

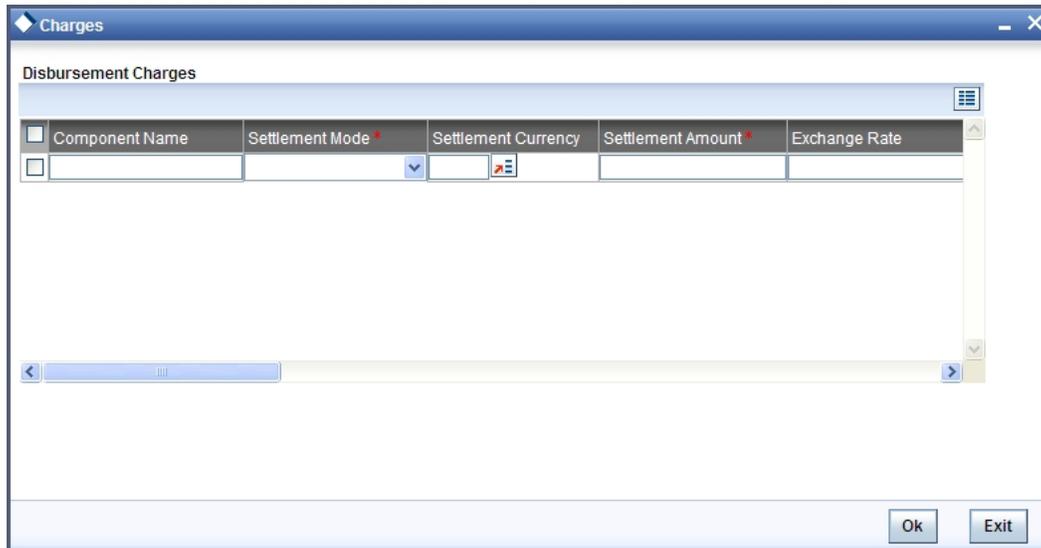
The screenshot shows a software window titled "Leasing Manual Disbursement". It contains several input fields and buttons:

- Disbursement Section:** Account Number * (with a search icon), Branch * 000 (with a search icon), Value Date 2007-11-28 (with a calendar icon), Execution Date 2007-11-28 (with a calendar icon).
- Component Name:** PRINCIPAL
- Total Amount:** (empty field)
- Remarks:** (empty field with a message icon)
- Reference Number:** (empty field)
- Buttons:** "Charges", "Advices", "SWIFT", "Check List And Remarks", "Event Fields", "Default".
- Event Sequence Number *:** (empty field)
- Disbursement Details Table:** A table with columns: Reversed, Settlement Modes *, Settlement Currency, Settlement Amount, Exchange Rate, Settlement Currency Equivalent, Settlement Branch, Settlement. The first row has checkboxes for "Reversed" and "Settlement Modes *", and a search icon for "Settlement Branch".
- Footer:** Input By (DOC1), Date Time, Authorized By, Date Time, Contract Status, and a "Cancel" button.

If the Payment By is 'Message' then the settlement mode is defaulted to CASA and the settlement account , branch and currency are defaulted from the Settlement Instructions maintenance.

7.2.4 Viewing the Charge Details Associated with the Event

When making a manual disbursement, you can apply the charges applicable for the event. To do this, click 'Charges' button and invoke the 'Manual disbursement – Charges' screen.



The screenshot shows a window titled 'Charges' with a sub-header 'Disbursement Charges'. Below the header is a table with the following columns: Component Name, Settlement Mode, Settlement Currency, Settlement Amount, and Exchange Rate. The table is currently empty. At the bottom of the window are 'Ok' and 'Exit' buttons.

Specify the following details in this screen:

Component Name

Select the charge component from the option list provided. This list displays the components of type 'Charge' that were associated with the event at the time of defining the product.

Settle Mode

You can use multiple modes of settlement for charge settlement also. The list of modes applicable is same as the one allowed for Lease disbursal.

Settle Ccy

After specifying the settlement mode, select the currency in which the charge is to be collected. The currencies allowed for the branch are available in the option list provided.

Amount Settled

If a formula is maintained for charge calculation at the product level, the system calculates the charge on the amount being disbursed using the formula. The same is then displayed in the here.

Exch Rate and Settle Ccy Equiv

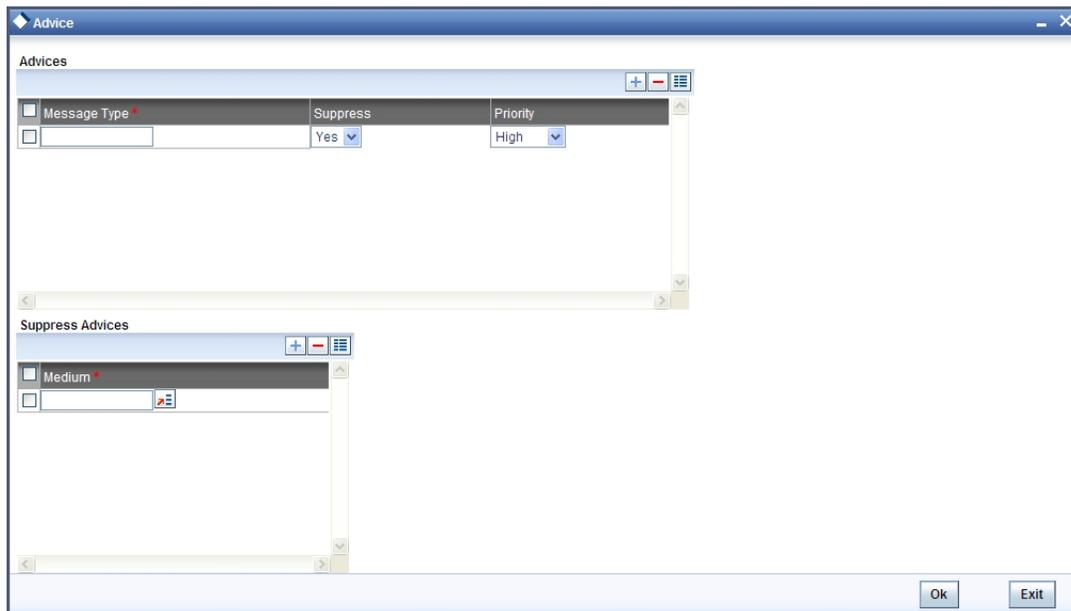
This information is applicable if the Mode Currency is different from the Lease Currency. The exchange rate that is defaulted from the Standard Exchange Rate Maintenance is used to convert the charge amount to the Lease Currency equivalent.

7.2.5 Capturing the Advice Related Details

You can view the advices defaulted which also includes the Payment Message in the 'Advices' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Advices' button on the 'Manual Disbursement' screen. You can also choose to suppress the messages as required .

You can opt to suppress the Payment Message defaulted in case you do not need a credit through swift message .

The defaulted details can be overridden at this stage and if the settlement mode is changed to anything other than CASA, the swift message is automatically suppressed.



System automatically suppresses the payment message under the following conditions:

- If the Principal Credit Settlement account is changed to a GL or if the receiver in Swift Msg Details tab is not valid to receive the message i.e, if the Customer Type of the Receiver party is not a Bank
- If the settlement mode for PRINCIPAL component is changed to anything other than CASA

If the Transfer Type is chosen as blank i.e, neither Customer Transfer nor Bank Transfer and if the Receiver is a bank and the credit settlement account is a current account then the PAYMENT_MESSAGE becomes CREDIT_ADVICE by Swift(MT910).

7.2.6 Viewing the Swift Message Details

The swift message details are picked up from the Settlement Instructions maintenance and are displayed in the 'Swift' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Swift' button on the 'Manual Disbursement' screen.

The screenshot displays the 'SWIFT' application window with the following sections and fields:

- Charge Details:** Transfer Type (dropdown), Charges Details (radio buttons: Remitter - All Charges, Beneficiary - All Charges, Remitter - Our Charges), Our Correspondent (text field), Receiver (text field).
- Sender to Receiver Information:** 6 numbered text fields.
- Message Details:** Cover Required.
- Payment Details:** 4 numbered text fields.
- Beneficiary Institution:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Ordering Institution:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Ordering Customer:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Inter Reimbursement Institution:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Ultimate Beneficiary:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Beneficiary Institution For Cover:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Account With Institution:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Receiver Correspondent:** 5 numbered text fields.
- Intermediary:** 5 numbered text fields.

Buttons: Ok, Exit

7.3 Authorizing a Manual Disbursement

After entering the details for manual disbursement in the 'Manual Disbursement Input' screen click Save icon to save the details.

To authorize the manual disbursement, click Authorize icon on the Application toolbar. The account authorization screen is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'Manual Disbursement' application window. It features a top toolbar with a 'Save' icon. The main area is divided into several sections:

- Disbursement:** Includes fields for 'Account Number *', 'Branch *', 'Value Date', 'Execution Date', 'Component Name', 'Total Amount', 'Remarks', and 'Reference Number'. There are also buttons for 'Charges', 'Advice', and 'SWIFT'.
- Check List And Remarks:** Includes buttons for 'Event Fields' and 'Default', and an 'Event Sequence * Number' field.
- Disbursement Details:** A table with columns: 'Reversed', 'Settlement Modes', 'Settlement Currency', 'Settlement Amount', 'Original Exchange Rate', 'Exchange Rate', and 'Settlement Currency Equivalent'.
- Bottom Section:** Includes fields for 'Input By', 'Authorized By', 'Contract Status', and an 'Exit' button.

The Branch and Account number is defaulted and the Xref number is generated by the system. The following detail needs to be selected as required:

Message Generation

Check this box if you want swift messages to be generated either for the customer transfer or the bank transfer along with a cover. The generated message can be viewed in the messages browser. Even if the box is left unchecked you can go to messages browser at a later point of time and generate the message.

If the message generation fails for some reason, the account is authorized and you have to go to the browser to manually generate the swift message.

All other advices related to DSBR event are not generated at this point and you need to go to the message browser to do the same.

After the swift message has been generated, if the Lease account or the manual disbursement is reversed, no message is sent from CL.



Note the following:

You cannot authorise a manual disbursement in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

7.4 **Disbursing a Lease through 'Auto' Mode**

If you select the disbursement mode as Auto, then the principle disbursement happens automatically. During default, the system populates one schedule for the value date which gets executed if you save a lease account. If you define multiple schedules, then schedules get executed during the batch disbursement.



Reversal of Disbursement is not allowed after a complete disbursement.

7.4.1 **Processing for Down Payment**

Processing for down payments is as follows:

- For Financial Lease
- For Operational Lease

For Financial Lease

Every Disbursement collects Down Payment amount and the proportion and for every schedule down payment is computed based on the amount financed and total down payment. If it is a single disbursement, then total down payment is collected along with disbursement. If it is multiple disbursements, then down payments are collected for every disbursement in proportion with amount disbursed.

Example:

If amount financed: 100000,

Down payment: 10000

Assume Disbursement of 100000 is made in 4 instalments

System would compute the proportion using the Amount financed and Down payment would be 10%.

So every Disbursement, 10% of down payment amount would also be collected

Schedules would be as below:

Disbursement Amount	Down payment Amount
10000	1000
50000	5000
30000	3000
10000	1000

 Note the following:

- System populates the schedules for Down payment with disbursement date as the schedule due date and percentage of down payment amount as schedule amount.
- The down payment is entirely towards the principal.
- For the EMI calculation and schedule population, the formula is as follows:
Lease amount minus the Down payment.
- The proportion of down payment amount should be less than the disbursed amount.

For Operational Lease

Here, the down payment is collected as one time payment for lease. The entire down payment is towards income and is collected on account creation and not on disbursement as operational lease do not have any disbursement.

System populates one schedule for down payment with schedule date as value date and the amount as down payment amount.

8. Operations

8.1 Introduction

This chapter explains the various operations that can be performed on a lease account; the most prominent being payments and amendments, funding, status change, simulation of payments, rollover etc.

8.2 Maintaining Leasing Payments

The 'Lease Payment' screen allows you to make payments towards a lease. Payment can be against any or all or a combination of the components due. Prepayments will attract a pre-payment penalty to be charged. The payment computed by the system can be overridden by the amount negotiated by the customer and a subsidy is captured as amount waived. The amount accepted is either waived or capitalized. Depending on the mode selected, additional payment details such as clearing house details, settlement products to be used if the settlement is through another product of Oracle FLEXCUBE, etc are captured.

- If the outstanding balance of all the components is zero except the Residual amount then the status of the lease is marked as 'Residue'
- On liquidation of residual amount, status is set to Liquidated.
- There is no penalty on Residual amount if it is not liquidated.

You can invoke the 'Leasing Payment' screen by typing 'LEDPMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following details in the Lease Payment screen:

Account Details

The following details are captured here:

Branch

Select the branch code of the account towards which the payment is made from the option list.

Account Number

Select the customer's account number from the option list.

Event Sequence Number

The system displays the event sequence number of the payment in the account's life history.

Value date

Specify the date on which the payment affects the account balance in this field.



The value date can be a Back Valued, Current or Future Date.

Execution Date

This is the application date on which the payment is entered into the system. If the Execution date is in the future, the payment is tanked and released on the Future Value date of the payment; else, it is applied immediately as of the value date of the payment.



By default it is the current system date, but can be modified.

Collection Agent

The collection agent assigned to the lease gets defaulted here during liquidation.



The collection agent assigned through the Assignment screen is still valid and the collection agent assigned here is effective only for this particular liquidation. After Authorization the details of the liquidation is passed into Collections module routines for the calculation of Collection Agent Fee.

Customer No

The system displays the Customer No of the account in this field.

Main Int. Rate

The rate value for the rate code maintained against the main interest UDE chosen is displayed here.

Limit Date

Select the limit date from the available schedules that can be included as amount from the option list.



This option is allowed only if the installment option is selected.

Installment(s)

If you select this option then the amount due includes schedules till limit date. If not then the amount due is the same as on the value date.

Amount Financed

Specify the total lease amount. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

Prepayment of Amortized Lease

The following details are captured here:

Recomputation Basis

Select the recomputation basis from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- Change EMI
- Reduce Tenor

Recomputation Effective From

You can start the prepayment on the next installment.

Payment Details

The following details are captured here:

Reversed

This option indicates that the settlement is reversed.



This option is disabled in the new payment mode.

Payment Mode

Specify the mode of leasing payment by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of payment modes is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

The payment modes are CASA, Cash/Teller, Instrument, External Account, Electronic Pay Order, Internal Cheque, Clearing, Debit Card, and Credit Card.

Settlement Currency

Select the currency used for the specific payment mode by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of currencies is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

Amount Settled

Specify the amount paid through the specified mode of payment in terms of the settlement currency in this field.

 The amount should be a valid amount and should not exceed the total amounts due; else it is treated as a prepayment.

Lease Currency Equivalent

The system displays the amount settled in terms of the local currency in this field.

Exchange Rate

Specify the exchange rate to be used between the lease currency and settlement currency in this field.

 The exchange rate is defaulted but can be overridden. The final value should be within the exchange rate variances maintained in the account preference.

Set Component

Each settlement is apportioned against a component due based on the Liquidation order. The order in which the settlements are picked is ordinal as entered in the screen. Click 'Set Component' button to view/change the component settlement details in the 'Component Details' screen.

Settlement Branch

Select the settlement branch from the option list.

Settlement Account

Select the settlement account from the option list.

Settlement Product

Specify the settlement product

Instrument number

Specify the instrument number.

Card No

Specify the card number.

External Account Number

Specify the external account number

External Account Name

Specify the external account name.

Clearing Bank

Select the clearing bank details from the option list.

Clearing Branch

Specify the clearing branch details.

Upload Source

Select the upload source details from the option list.

Sector Code

Select the sector code details from the option list.

Routing Number

Specify the routing number.

Settlement Reference Number

Specify the settlement reference number.

Component Details

The following details are captured here:

Component Name

The system displays the component name in this field.

Currency

The system displays the currency of the component based on lease currency and the account in this field. If the component is based on a flat amount UDE then the UDE currency is displayed.

Amount due

The system displays the amount due for the component in this field. It is generated based on the account and component.

Adjustment Due

Adjustment due happens when there is a revaluation or when there is rate revision, according to increase or decrease of rates.

Amount overdue

Here, the system displays the amount overdue for the component. It is generated based on the account and component.

Amount not due

For the principal amount, Amount not due is the rest of principal that is due after the value date. Hence any payment towards this constitutes a prepayment. This value is system generated based on account and component.

Amount Paid

The system displays the actual amount paid against the component dues in this field.



When payments are allocated across dues, payment details are defaulted from the liquidation order. But these details can be modified as per your preferences.

Amount Waived

Enter the amount waived by the bank after negotiations with the customer in this field.

Amount Capitalized

Enter the amount capitalized in this field.

Settlement Details

Depending upon the mode of payment the following settlement details are captured:

For 'CASA':

- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Credit Card' and 'Debit Card'

- Card No.

For 'Clearing'

- Upload Source
- Instrument Number
- Clearing Product
- End Point
- Routing Number
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- Sector Code

For 'External Account'

- Upload Source

- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number

For 'Electronic Pay Order'

- Upload Source
- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number

For 'Internal Check'

- Instrument Number
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Instrument'

- Instrument Number
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Cash/Teller'

- Upload Source
- Settlement Product

On saving a manual payment towards a lease component (s), the online liquidation against each such component follows the order of liquidation as specified through the 'Component Liquidation Order' screen.

8.2.1 Partial Payment

Partial payment is required to parameterize partial liquidation during auto liquidation process.

In the 'Product' screen you can indicate whether partial liquidation is allowed during auto liquidation of the lease or not. This preference set at the product level gets defaulted at the account creation level also. But this option is allowed only if 'Verify Funds' option is selected. Auto Liquidation will check this option before carrying out partial liquidation viz. before liquidating to the extent of availability during Verify Funds check.

If selected, the function proceeds with liquidation, else it is marked as unpaid.

The screenshot shows a 'Preferences' dialog box with the following sections and options:

- Product Code:** _____
- Description:** _____
- Account Preferences:**
 - Normal variance: _____
 - Maximum Variance: _____
 - Rate Type: STANDARD
 - Middle Rate: Middle Rate, Buy/Sell Rate
 - Track Receivable Auto Liquidation
 - Liquidate Back Valued Schedules
 - Special Interest Accrual
 - Limits Product
- Liquidation:**
 - Liquidation Mode: Auto
 - Allow Partial Liquidation
 - Reset retry count for reversed auto liquidation
 - Retries Auto Liquidation Day: _____
 - Interest Statement
 - Back Period Entry Allowed
 - Schedule Basis: Product, Contract
- Tenor:**
 - Minimum Tenor: _____
 - Default: _____
 - Maximum Tenor: _____
 - Unit: _____
- Account Opening Installment Calculation Type:** _____
- Disbursement Preferences:**
 - Disbursement Mode: Auto, Manual
- Accrual Preference:**
 - Liquidate All Component for a Date
 - Liquidate Each Component Across Dates
 - Frequency: _____
 - Handling of Foreclosure: _____
 - Acquisition Type: _____

Buttons: OK, Cancel

Refer the section titled 'Specifying Product Preferences' in the 'Defining Product Categories and Products' chapter of this User Manual for more details.

8.2.2 Payments Simulation

Lease payment simulation calculation function is used to arrive at an agreement with the client. The 'Leasing Payment Simulation' screen displays the effect of making payments across components across schedules. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDSIMPT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button. The results are used to arrive at a negotiated amount that can be used to settle outstanding loss.

CL Payment

Account Details

Branch *

Account Number *

Value Date

Execution Date

Installment(s)

Collection Agent

Event Sequence *

Customer Number

Main Interest Rate

Limit Date

Populate Due

Penalty Rates

Allocate

Check List

Event Fields

Outstanding Balance -

Report

Prepayment of Lease

Recomputation Basis

Prepayment Recomputation From

Payment Details

<input type="checkbox"/>	Reversed	Payment Mode *	Settle CCY	Amount Settled	Loan Currency Equiv	Exchange Rate	Settle	Settlement Branch
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	CASA	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Settle	<input type="text"/>

Component Details

<input type="checkbox"/>	Component Name *	Component Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Waived
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Simulate

Input By Date Time

Authorized By Date Time

Contract Status Authorized

Reversal

Input By Date Time

Authorized By Date Time

Exit

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Leasing Payment' in this chapter.

You can change specific UDE values to simulate the effect of changing prepayment penalty rates.

Payments can be saved from the simulator. Once the payment simulation is saved, if you enter simulation account number in the payments screen and click on the 'Populate Due' button then the system displays all the details entered in the payment simulation screen.

Only users with rights to input payments are allowed to save payments from the simulator.

Click 'Simulate' button to view the account details after the current payment. An account screen is launched to view the updated account after the payment. You can also print an advice from the simulation screen.

8.3 Saving and Authorising Leasing Payments

You have to save a leasing payment after entering all the required details in the system. Click Save icon on the Toolbar or choose 'Save' from the Actions menu to save an account. The system updates this as an unauthorised contract. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.



Note the following:

You cannot authorise a payment from the 'Leasing Payments' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

8.4 Viewing Leasing Payments

You can view details of leasing payments in the 'Leasing Lease Payments Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LESPMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You can query on records based on any or all of the following criteria:

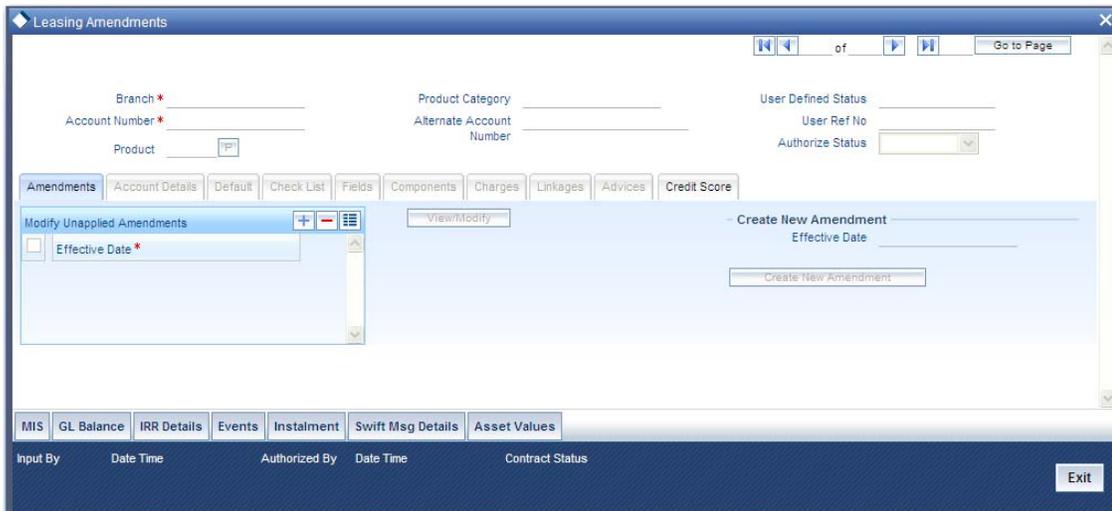
- Account Number
- Authorize Status
- Branch

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Authorize Status
- Branch

8.5 Leasing Amendments

Oracle FLEXCUBE supports value dated amendments for leasing module. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDVDAMD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Booking an amendment is called VAMB and Initiating is called VAMI. These are considered as events in the life cycle of the Lease.

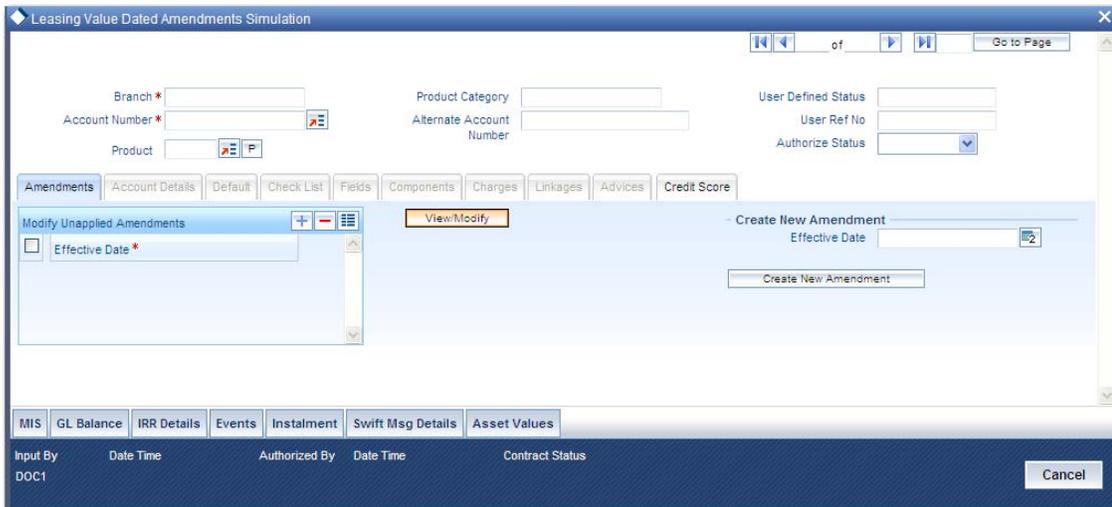
Value Dated Amendments supports the following functions:

- Modification of currency between UF and CLP. The UF conversion on any date uses the effective date UF rate.
- When the above change in interest rate is completed, the accrual is recomputed. The difference in accruals is accounted for in the current period on the booking date of the change.
- The amendment date of value dated amendments should be one of the schedule dates.
- Recomputation of EMI will be effective from the next schedule after the amendment date.

If these changes are required to be effective on a particular date, not maintained previously, a fresh set of rates for that day is required to be maintained.

You can pick any active account from the Value Dated Amendments screen and apply the amendments for that account. You can also view or modify the amendments that are not yet applied for that account.

If the amendments result in a status change for the account, the system will update the current status for the account in the 'Derived Status' field. During end-of-day batch processing, it will update the 'User Defined Status' for the account with the worst status available for all accounts and leases for this CIF and post the required accounting entries for the change.



For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Specifying Account Details' in 'Account Creation' chapter.

8.5.1 Amendments Tab

The following detail is displayed here:

Effective Date

The effective date of the various amendments done to the leasing account is displayed here.

8.5.1.1 Viewing and Modifying Existing Amendments

In order to view or modify existing amendments, query for the required account number.

Select the corresponding effective dates of the amendment and click the 'View/Modify' button. The Account Details tab is displayed where you can view/modify the existing amendments.

8.5.2 Account Details Tab

Specify the account number for which the amendment needs to be done and then 'Unlock' the record. In the New Amendment frame specify the Effective Date. Click the 'Create New Amendment' button in order to make new amendments to lease. The Account Details tab is displayed where you can create the new amendment.

The screenshot shows the 'Mortgage Amendments' window with the 'Account Details' tab selected. The window title is 'Mortgage Amendments' and it shows '2 of 2' records. The 'Account Number' is '001EXR1112480001'. The 'Branch' is '001'. The 'Product Category' is empty. The 'Application Number' is empty. The 'Alternate Account Number' is empty. The 'Derived Status' is empty. The 'Contract Status' is empty. The 'User Reference' is empty. The 'Auth Status' is 'Unauthorized'. The 'Value Date' is '2011-09-05'. The 'Maturity Date' is empty. The 'Amount' is '100,000.00'. The 'Loan to Value' is empty. The 'Minimum EMI' is empty. The 'Maximum EMI' is empty. The 'Tenor' is '366'. The 'Book Date' is empty. The 'Down Payment' is empty. The 'Original Start Date' is empty. The 'EMI Frequency Unit' is empty. The 'EMI Frequency' is empty. The 'End Date' is empty. The 'Currency 1' is 'USD'. The 'Net Principal' is empty. The 'Asset' button is visible. The 'Financials' button is visible. The 'MIS' button is visible. The 'GL Balance' button is visible. The 'IRR Details' button is visible. The 'Events' button is visible. The 'Installment' button is visible. The 'SWIFT Message Details' button is visible. The 'Input By' is 'A29460A01'. The 'Date Time' is '2011-09-30 16:41:29'. The 'Authorized By' is empty. The 'Date Time' is empty. The 'Contract Status' is 'Active'. The 'Cancel' button is visible.

The following information is captured:

Effective Date

This is the date as of which the changed values should be applicable.

Main Int Rate

The rate value for the rate code maintained against the main interest UDE chosen is displayed here.

Amount Waived

Specify the amount which can be provided as the discount to the customer. This will be waived from the charge computed. This amount can not be greater than the charge amount.

Click view icon to view a list of lending rate codes and their values in the ascending order of rate value.

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Specifying Account Details' in 'Account Creation' chapter.

8.5.3 Default Tab

Defaults maintained for the account are displayed here:

The screenshot shows the 'Mortgage Amendments' form. At the top, there are fields for Branch, Account Number, Product Category, Application Number, Alternate Account Number, and Derived Status. On the right, there are fields for Contract Status (set to 'NORM'), User Reference, and Auth Status (set to 'Unauthorized'). Below these fields is a tabbed interface with tabs for 'Amendments', 'Account Details', 'Default', 'Check List', 'Fields', 'Components', 'Charges', 'Linkages', 'Advice', and 'Credit Score'. The 'Default' tab is currently selected, showing options for 'Cheque Book', 'Amend Past Paid Schedule', 'ATM Facility', 'Passbook', 'Liquitate Back Valued Schedules', and 'Stop Disbursement'. To the right of these options is a 'Rollover' section with radio buttons for 'Auto', 'Manual', 'Product', and 'Contract', and a 'Schedule Basis' section with radio buttons for 'Product' and 'Contract'. At the bottom, there are fields for 'Input By', 'Date Time', 'Authorized By', 'Date Time', and 'Contract Status', with a 'Cancel' button on the right.

You can modify the following details:

Liquidation Mode

Specify the mode of liquidation from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual
- Component

8.5.4 Components Tab

Components maintained for the account are displayed here.

This screenshot shows the 'Mortgage Amendments' form with the 'Components' tab selected. The top section is identical to the previous screenshot. The 'Components' tab is active, showing a list of components on the left: 'MAIN_INT', 'ODIN_PNLTY', 'ODPR_PNLTY', and 'PRE_PENALTY'. The 'MAIN_INT' component is selected. The main area displays details for the selected component, including 'Description', 'Component Currency', 'Special Interest Amount', and 'Settlement Currency' (set to 'GBP'). There are also fields for 'Penal Basis Component', 'Service Branch', 'Service Account', and 'Calculation Type' (set to 'Formula With Schedule'). At the bottom, there are sections for 'Debit Mode Details' and 'Credit Mode Details', both showing 'Debit Payment Mode' and 'Credit Payment Mode' set to 'CASA'. The bottom status bar and 'Cancel' button are also visible.

You can modify the following details:

Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual



This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the account preference level.

8.5.5 Charges Tab

In order to calculate the charges that we would like to levy on an account, we have to specify the basis on which we would like to apply charges.

The Charges tab is displayed where you can view/modify the charges to be levied on the account.

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Amendments -- Web Page Dialog". The window is divided into several sections. At the top, there are input fields for "Branch" (CHO), "Account Number" (CHOARU7001850006), "Product Code" (ARU7), "Product Category" (LOANS), "Application Number", "Alt Acc No" (CHOARU7001850006), "User Defined Status" (NORM), "User Reference Number" (CHOZSWF0018500U), and "Auth status". Below these fields is a tabbed interface with tabs for "Amendments", "Account Details", "Default", "Check List", "UDF", "Components", "Charges", "Linkages", "Advices", and "Credit Score". The "Charges" tab is currently selected. In this tab, there are fields for "Description", "Component Ccy", "Component Type" (set to "Formula With Schedule"), and "Settlement Ccy". There are also sections for "Debit Mode Details" and "Credit Mode Details", both with "Dr Payment Mode" and "Cr Payment Mode" set to "ACC". Further down, there are fields for "Service Branch", "Service Account", "Effective Date", "Due Date", "Amount Due", and "Amt Waived". There are also checkboxes for "Funded During INIT", "Funded During Rollover", and "Waive". At the bottom of the "Charges" section is a "Details" table with columns: "Event Code", "Component Name", "Amount Due", "Amount Settled", "Schedule Due Date", and "Waive". Below the table are tabs for "MIS", "GL Balance", "IRR Details", "Events", "Instalment", and "Swift Msg Details". The status bar at the very bottom shows "Input By: DOCTM8", "Date Time: 7/3/2000 18:12:52", "Authorized By", "Date Time", and "Contract Status". A "Cancel" button is located in the bottom right corner.

You can capture the following details in this screen:

Amt. Waived:

The amount displayed here is the amount that needs to be waived as the discount offered to the customer.

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Specifying Account Details' in 'Account Creation' chapter.

8.5.6 Saving and Authorizing Leasing Amendments

After entering the amended details, click 'Save' icon to save the leasing details. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.



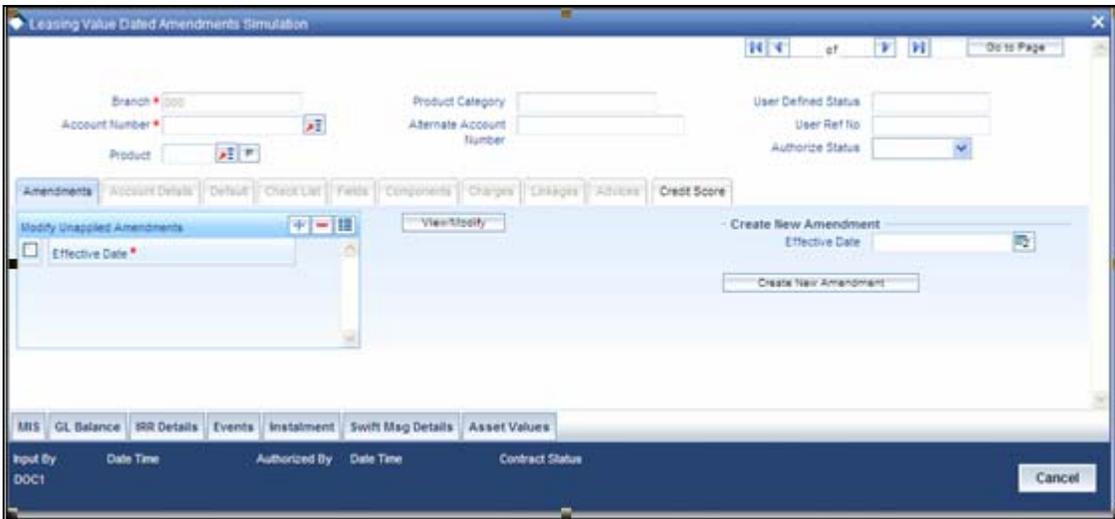
Note the following:

You cannot authorise a contract from the 'Leasing Amendments' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

8.5.7 VAMI Simulation

Value Dated Amendment simulation calculation function is used to get the details of the VAMI charge before applying the same. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LEDSIMVD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



The Value Dated Amendment Simulation screen is similar to 'Amendments' screen.

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Specifying Account Details' in 'Account Creation' chapter. Also refer "Leasing Amendments' section in this chapter.

8.5.7.1 Maturity Date Change

The Amendment of the lease account maturity date, effective on a certain date can be performed through this function. Future schedules are affected based on the effective date. This assists in providing schedules as per the customer's choice. Hence, even if an extension is sought, the interest increase in the installment can be postponed till a certain period to facilitate customer's liquidity situation.

8.5.7.2 Version Creation

Version numbers are created for a lease account during any one of the following three instances:

- When amendments made to the Account parameters – Principal, Rate and Tenor
- Rollover of the lease product

8.6 Maintaining Manual Status Change

The status change can also be triggered manually. The status change can also be done with a value date which can even be in the past.

You can invoke the 'Manual Installment Status Change' screen by typing 'LEDMSTCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The following details are captured here:

Branch

Enter the branch code of the account for which the status will be manually changed in this field.

Account Number

Select the account number of the account which needs a status change in this field by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

Current Status

The system displays the current status of the Account in this field.

New Status

Select the new status of the account by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of values appears. Double click on a value to select it.

The valid values are active, dormant, closed and so on.



This is a mandatory input.

Effective Date

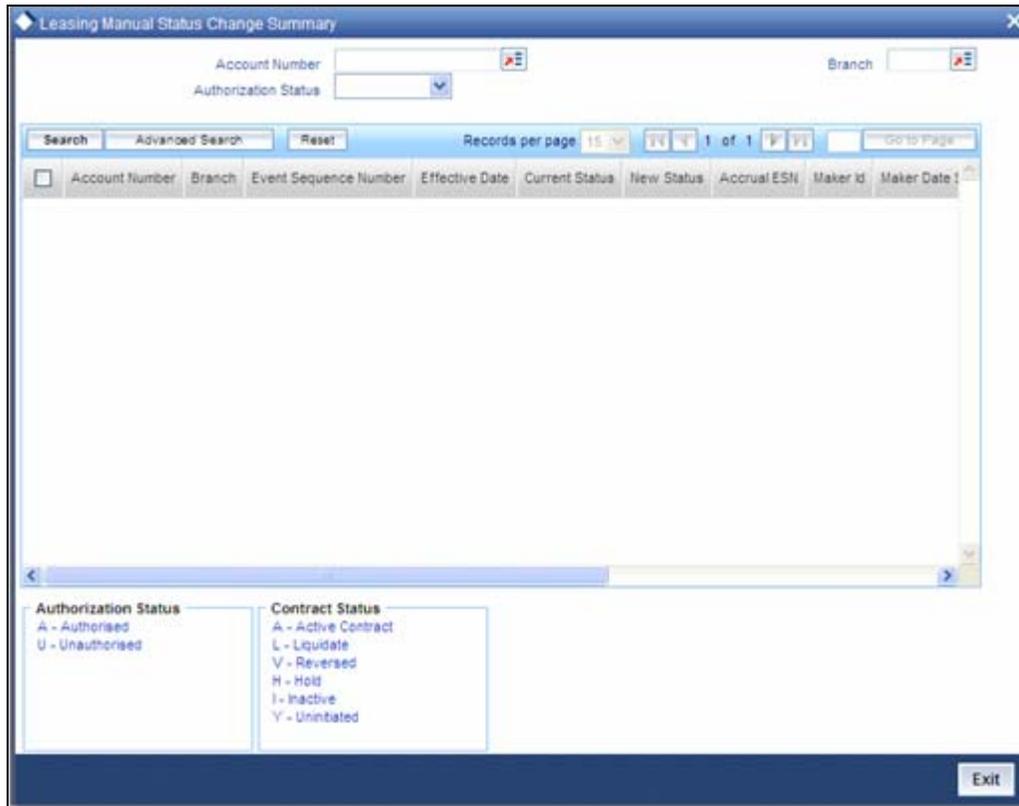
Enter the date of the new status for the account comes into effect in this field. This is a mandatory input.



When a change in status is done manually for an account, the system will post the required accounting entries for the change immediately.

8.7 Viewing Manual Status Change

You can view the details of manual status change details in the 'Leasing Manual Status Change Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'LESMSTCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can query on records based on any or all of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Authorization Status

9. Batch Processes

9.1 Introduction

The events that are to take place automatically are triggered off during what is called the Batch Process. The batch process is an automatic function that is run as a mandatory Beginning of Day (BOD) and/or End of Day (EOD) process. During EOD, the batch process should be run after end-of-transaction-input (EOTI) has been marked for the day, and before end-of-financial-input (EOFI) has been marked for the day.

9.2 Configuring Batch Processes

You have the facility to configure the batch processes to be executed either at EOD or BOD or both, as per the bank's requirement. This is achieved through the 'Automatic Process Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDTPROC' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Process Name	Process Description	Sequence	Invoke During BOD	Invoke During EOD
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Input By Date Time Authorized By Date Time Modification Number Authorized Open Exit

In this screen, you can amend the order of the various operations in the CL batch and choose to trigger them at EOD or BOD or both.

The default configuration is given below:

Batch Operation	BOD/EOD
Forward Init of Lease Accounts	BOD

Batch Operation	BOD/EOD
Calculation	EOD/BOD
Accruals	EOD/BOD
Minimum Amount Due	BOD
Auto Liquidations	EOD/BOD
Auto Disbursements	BOD
Rate Revisions	BOD
UDE Cascade	EOD
Maturity processing – Rollovers , Auto Closures	BOD/EOD
Automatic Status Change Processing	BOD
FEES	BOD
INTP (Interest Posting)	BOD
Billing & Payment Notices	BOD
Statements generation	EOD
Penalty Computation	BOD
Forward VAMIs	BOD
Revaluation	EOD
Readjustment	EOD

These batch processes are factory shipped for your bank. Note that you need to set the 'UDBATEVT' batch as a predecessor to the CL batch 'LEDBATCH'.

9.2.1 Defining Batch Processes

The CL batch processes are explained briefly:

Forward Init of Lease Accounts

Lease accounts maintained in the system are classified into two types:

- Active
- Inactive

When lease accounts become Active, the BOOK event is triggered for the Lease and you can specify a Value Date for the lease during this event.

This batch identifies all the accounts that are due for initiation on that day, at BOD and the INIT event is triggered for these accounts. The current system date will be taken as the value date for these accounts.

Re-Calculation

Lease parameter alterations directly affect the computation of accruals. This batch identifies such changes made to lease accounts, both at BOD and EOD. Further, it recalculates the accruals based on the altered lease components.

Accruals

This batch passes all the recalculated accrual changes required for the components. It is triggered, both at BOD and EOD.

Auto Liquidations

This batch processes the payments that are configured as auto payments and is triggered both at BOD and EOD.

Auto Disbursements

Disbursement schedules are maintained for products. As part of BOD process, the DSBR events for the accounts will be triggered.

This batch processes these schedules at BOD, which enables the DSBR events of the accounts to be initiated.

Rate Revision

As part of BOD program, this batch processes the Floating Rate revision schedules for products.

UDE Cascade

This batch is triggered at EOD in case of UDE value changes. The changes in UDE values are applied to all the affected accounts.

In case, a single account requires a UDE Change/Cascade, it can be performed online for that account alone. Such accounts are then excluded from this batch.

Maturity Processing

Maturity processing of leases is performed if the maturity date falls at BOD of a particular day. This results in either Auto Closure or Rollover of leases.

- Auto Closure: Leases that are liquidated on maturity are subject to Auto Closure, during maturity processing.
- Rollover: Leases that have auto rollover maintained are rolled over during maturity processing.

Status Change Processing

Certain accounts have automatic status changes, wherein the SDEs required for status change are evaluated. In such cases, this batch detects status changes at BOD. Once this is done, appropriate status change activities are triggered.

If you have selected the CIF/Group level status processing option (as part of the preferences for your branch), the status change batch picks up the worst status among all the leases and accounts (savings and current accounts) for a customer within the branch and updates this in all the customer's leases (in the 'User Defined Status' field).

Notice Generation – Billing, Payments

For each lease, the number of days prior to which a Notice is to be generated is evaluated. In case of leases that carry dues, the Notice is generated as specified in the notice days maintained for the product. This batch is processed at BOD.

Statement Generation

At EOD, the statement is generated depending on the statement frequency and other statement based maintenance actions specified.

Forward VAMI

At BOD, this batch processes all value dated amendments that are booked with the date as Value Date.

Penalty

Penalty computations are evaluated at BOD by this batch. Any grace period maintained will have to be considered during this calculation. On completion of the grace period, the penalty components are computed from the due date till the current date.

Revaluation

At EOD, revaluation of assets and liabilities to the LCY are carried out.

Readjustment

This batch is processed at EOD. It is triggered in the presence of Index currencies that are not treated as a part of revaluation. It handles readjustments based on new index rates.

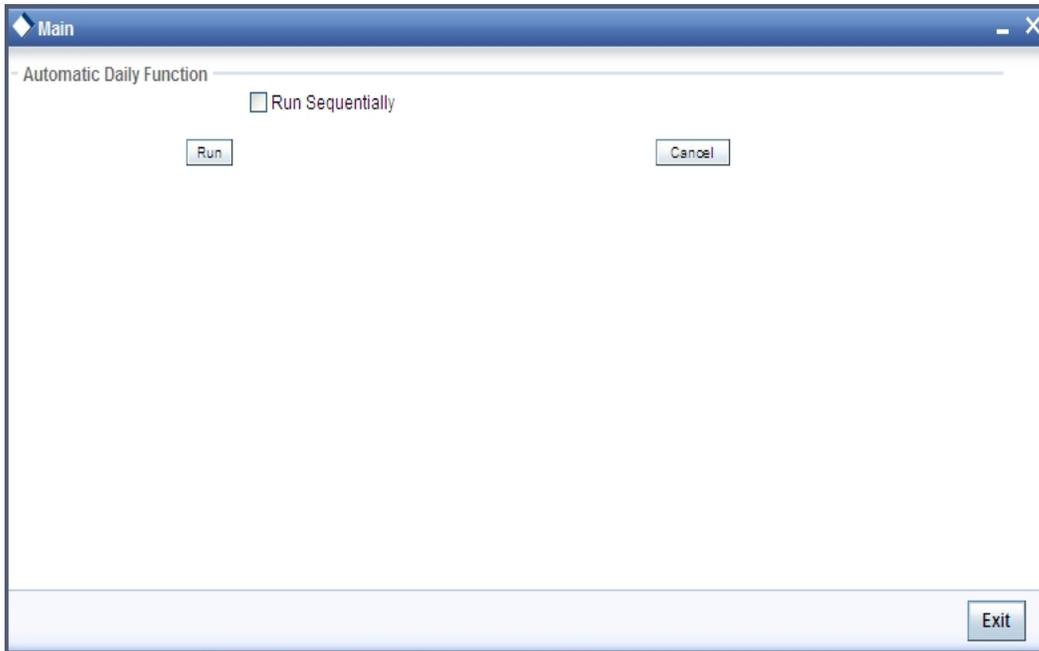
Minimum Amount Due

At BOD, this batch will identify the Open Line Leases accounts whose MAIN_INT component due date is equal to the application date and then calculate the minimum amount due details.

9.2.2 Initiating the Batch Process

If you have opted to trigger the CL batch programs at EOD, the same will be executed as part of the 'End of Cycle Operations' after marking the 'EOTI' for the day. If the trigger is maintained as 'BOD', the programs will be executed before the start of 'Transaction Input'. However, the programs will be triggered both at EOD and BOD if you opt to trigger it at both the instances.

You also have the option to execute the batch programs through the 'CL Batch' screen. You can also invoke this screen by typing 'CLDBATCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Run Sequentially

Check this box to opt to execute the processes as per the sequence maintained in the 'Automatic Process Definition' screen.

Click 'Run' button to run the batch process. Click 'Cancel' button to cancel the batch execution.

9.2.3 Multi-threading of Batch Processes

The CL Batch process handles multi threading. The number of parallel processes and the interval between processes is maintained as part of 'CL Branch Parameters'.

Refer the section titled 'Maintaining Branch Parameters' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual for details.

The accounts are split into multiple groups which can be processed in parallel for a particular sub process. Hence, all non conflicting parallel groups will complete the sub process after which the next sub process is taken up and so on. There is also an option to run it purely sequentially as shown above.

9.2.4 Excess Amount Allocation Batch

The Excess Amount Allocation batch is run to allocate the transfer amount available for each member against the outstanding balance in the corresponding lease accounts.

A member account is owned by a single member, but a lease account can be co-owned by several members in a certain ratio. Each member could be a borrower in multiple leases. For these reasons the amount allocations are necessitated.

The allocation process considers the following important parameters:

- % liability of each member in each lease where he is the borrower
- Transfer amount available per member
- Amount due (based on % liability) per member

To enable this fund allocation the rebate batch is run at the bank level. Common Settlement Account maintained in 'Rebate Account Preferences' screen is used as the 'Common Bridge Account'. This will have the combined balance of all the member accounts, which can be utilized for lease re-payment. The Rebate account processing batch will provide the details like the member account number (CASA account), the member (CIF number) and the excess amount for the member. This data will act as the input for this batch program.

The batch does the following operations:

- It will get the due details for the next schedule of each lease, along with the Liability Split %. This will include the overdue amount, if any.
- Allocate the excess amount of each member to his leases, with the earliest unpaid schedule first.
- The due date of the schedule will be considered by the allocation batch for allocating the payments. The batch will ensure that the available amount is used to make advance payment for the immediate next component due before considering the next.
- While allocating the amount for the next schedule, the available amount will be available amount minus the amount already allocated against the previous schedule.
- With this info, CL payment will be triggered for each lease account. This will be an advance payment (not Pre payment) for an aggregate amount and will be initiated according to the liquidation order maintained for the components.
- On successful payment, process status will be changed to 'P' for all the records with this Lease account number.
- Status will be changed to 'E', in case of any error during the payment. As per the current functionality, the error details will be available in the exception table.
- After correcting the errors, you can re-initiate the process which will exclude the already processed lease accounts.
- Further generation of Payment advice will derive the amount after considering the amount paid through this batch process.

9.2.5 Interest Posting (INTP Event)

You need to make a provision to post an income into a separate GL. This income is the interest which you pay to the customer who has a lease account. On the interest posting date, a transaction occurs to move the receivable and the income from one GL to another. This transaction distinguishes between receivables from the income which is due and not due. Also, this interest posting is applicable for the main interest component only.

The INTP event runs at the BOD for a lease product against which it has been defined.

The following points are noteworthy:

- You can pick the INTP event during the lease product definition and maintain the accounting entries against this event. To recall, you need to click on the 'Events' tab in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen where you specify the various events which need to be run.
- At the time of lease account creation, Oracle FLEXCUBE populates the events diary with one record of the INTP event for each schedule due date. This has the status as 'Unprocessed'. This is done for the main interest component schedule only.
- The system also creates a record for the end of each calendar quarter during the moratorium period in the case of amortized lease products.
- Any rebuilding of repayment schedules results in the rebuilding of records in the events diary.
- The batch process picks up all the unprocessed INTP records from the events diary having the execution date on or before the current application date. The process is limited to the active accounts belonging to the current branch.
- The amount and date of due for the main interest component is fetched from the component schedule due details.
- The accounting entries get passed on the schedule due date or the calendar quarter end, as defined for the event INTP through the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen under the 'Events' tab pertaining to a lease product maintenance.
- For term leases, the transaction posting date is the same as schedule due date of the main interest component. The same is followed for amortized leases also.
- For an amortized lease with a moratorium period, the transaction posting date is the end of the calendar quarter and the end of the moratorium period. If the moratorium period is different from the end of the calendar quarter, the entries passed will not tally with the actual amount due. This difference gets passed on the schedule due date of the moratorium period.
- There are no changes in the INTP event execution behaviour in case of a partial pre-payment.
- If a lease is getting pre-closed with a complete settlement, the system does not wait till the schedule due date or calendar quarter end for passing the INTP entries. It posts the interest accrued till the current date on the date of the pre-closure.
- In case of any failures during the INTP batch process, the system logs the error details for the account and processes the subsequent accounts.

9.2.6 Processing the CL Batch

When prioritization rule is maintained for a L/C linked to the lease account, then bulk liquidation takes a different route during CL batch processing. Liquidation is triggered based on the preference rule defined for L/C. Preference with respect to 'ALL' is considered if a specific preference is not maintained for the corresponding L/C. This is treated as a normal payment once the respective component, schedule of the lease is identified for the payment. During the batch process prioritization for account liquidation takes place.

The batch process for liquidation takes place as follows

- Sub-process named as 'BLIQ' is used for Bulk Payment which runs before the 'ALIQ' Process. Event code used for this Prioritized liquidation is ALIQ.
- Accounts linked with L/C are grouped and liquidation process is done on the group.
- For the L/C linked to the lease account, if a prioritization rule is set, the same is considered for Bulk Payment. If prioritization rule is not maintained, the liquidation happens as part of 'ALIQ'.
- When the bulk payment happens as part of batch, the prioritization rule determines which account is to be liquidated first. The account is attempted like any other ALIQ except for the component prioritization.
- Liquidation order is as per the prioritization rules defined for L/C.
- Verify funds facility is used as applied as part of lease processing.
- Missed or skipped schedules/accounts during Bulk liquidation due to specified preferences are picked up during ALIQ process and are allowed to succeed individually.

Accounting entry netting is not available as part of Bulk Payment. There are multiple debits to the customer account for different CL account involved in the Bulk Payment.

9.2.7 Processing Minimum Amount Due Batch

The minimum amount due batch calculates the minimum amount due for open line leases. This batch will identify the OLL accounts whose MAIN_INT component due date is equal to the application date and compute minimum amount due details. The following details are available in the installment query details of a lease account:

- Billing date
- Min Amount due
- Pay by date
- Component details
 - Component name
 - Amount due
 - Settled sum of payments made in the billing period.

This batch will calculate the minimum amount due to be paid by the customer on pay by date as per the chosen formula. The system will generate the billing advice with the calculated values.

The system will generate the billing advice based on the billing notice product setup. This advice is generated before the pay by date and not schedule due date for open line leases. The system will also create the new advice format for billing advice for open line leases with the following details:

- Lease account number
- Next Billing Date
- Available Credit Limit
- Amount Utilized
- Amount Financed (Lease Limit)
- Billing Period From
- Billing Period To
- Billed Date
- Payment Date
- Amount Due
- Minimum Amount Due
- Excess Payment (Will show the excess amount paid within the billing cycle)
- List of billed transactions

9.2.8 Processing the EMI Change Batch (EMIC)

The event EMI Change (EMIC) processes the changes on the Effective Date from which the EMI amount is applicable for the customer. Based on the parameters specified for EMI change, the EMIC event derives the new EMI amount for the customer. The new EMI amount is then compared with Minimum EMI and Maximum EMI amount maintained in the 'Account Details' screen. If the new EMI amount is beyond the minimum and maximum limits, it is set to the minimum or maximum limit amount, as applicable. The new EMI comes into effect only from the next schedule. The current schedule remains unaffected by the change in EMI. For a schedule, if the interest is greater than the EMI, the EMI is set to the interest amount and the principal amount is set to zero. With effective from the next schedule, the system sets the new EMI amount and calculates the future schedules.

9.3 Triggering User Defined Events

You can use the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen to manually trigger the user defined events for lease accounts. You can this screen by typing 'UDDCLEVT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Here you need to specify the following details:

Account Number

Specify the account for which you want to trigger the user defined event. The adjoining option list displays all valid account numbers available in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Branch Code

The system displays the code of the branch where the account resides.

Click 'Default' button. The system fetches values for the following fields based on the selected contract and displays them:

- Counter Party
- Currency
- Status

Event Sequence Number

The system displays the event sequence number.

Event Code

Specify the event that needs to be triggered for the selected account. The adjoining option list displays all events linked to the account. You can select the appropriate one.

Value Date

If the value date derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will calculate the value date and display it here. However, you can change it.

Payment Remarks

Specify remarks pertaining to the payment on the account.

Amount Details

Specify the following details.

Amount Tag

The amount tag is displayed based on the product-level maintenance of the specified account.

Description

The system displays a brief description of the amount tag.

Currency

If a derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will derive the currency as per the rule and display it here. However, you can change it.

Amount Paid

If a derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will derive the amount as per the rule and display it here.

Settlement Branch

Specify the branch where the settlement account resides. The adjoining option list displays all valid branch codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one. Alternatively, if you have specified the settlement account, the system will display the corresponding branch code here.

Settlement Account

Specify the account that should be debited or credited. The adjoining option list displays all valid accounts maintained in the system. If you have specified the settlement branch, the option list will display all accounts available in that branch. You can select the appropriate one.

9.3.1 Viewing MIS Details

Click 'MIS' button the screen and invoke the 'MIS' screen.

You can view the following details:

- Contract Reference
- MIS Group
- Link to Group
- Input preference - Related reference/Related Account
- Related Account Number
- Related Reference Number
- MIS Head
- Floating Rate Code
- Floating Rate Spread
- Rate Type
- Rate at Pool Code/Contract Level
- Interest method
- Pool Code
- Reference Rate
- Cost Codes

The 'Transaction MIS' tab opens by default.

Here you can view the transaction MIS codes.

9.3.1.1 **Composite MIS Code Tab**

Click this tab to view composite MIS codes.

MIS

Contract Reference * _____ MIS Group _____ Link To Group

Input

Related Reference Related Reference _____

Related Account Related Account _____

MIS Head _____

Floating Rate

Rate Code _____

Spread _____

Rate At

Rate Type _____

Pool Code Interest Method _____

Contract Level Pool Code _____

Reference Rate _____

Cost Code

Transaction MIS Code Composite MIS Code Funds MIS Code

MIS Group _____

Rate Amendment Rate **Change Log** Balance Transfer Log

Ok Exit

9.3.1.2 Fund MIS Tab

Click this tab to view fund MIS codes.

9.3.2 Viewing Rate Details

Click 'Rate' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.

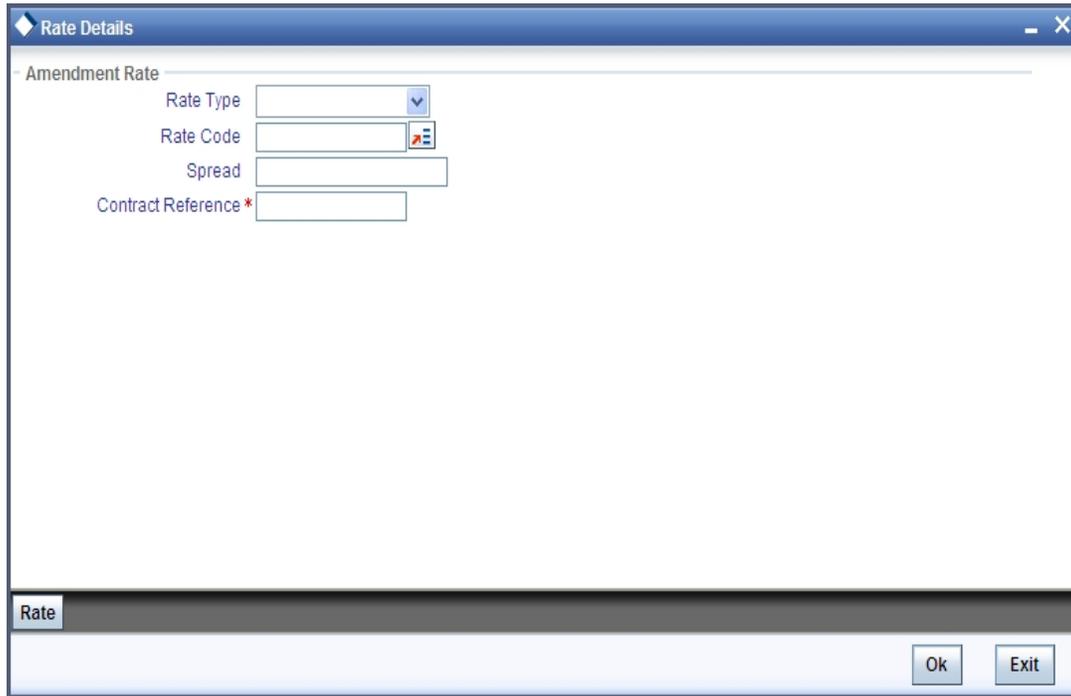
Here you can view the following details:

- Contract Reference Number
- Booking Rate

- Effective Date
- Refinance Rate

9.3.2.1 Viewing Amendment Rate Details

Click 'Amendment Rate' button and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Rate Details" with a blue header bar. Below the header, there is a section labeled "Amendment Rate" with a minus sign. This section contains four input fields: "Rate Type" (a dropdown menu), "Rate Code" (a text box with a search icon), "Spread" (a text box), and "Contract Reference*" (a text box with a red asterisk). At the bottom of the window, there is a "Rate" tab and two buttons: "Ok" and "Exit".

Here you can view the following details:

- Rate Type
- Rate Code
- Spread
- Contract Reference

9.3.2.2 Viewing Rate Details

Click 'Rate' button on the 'Rate Details' screen and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.

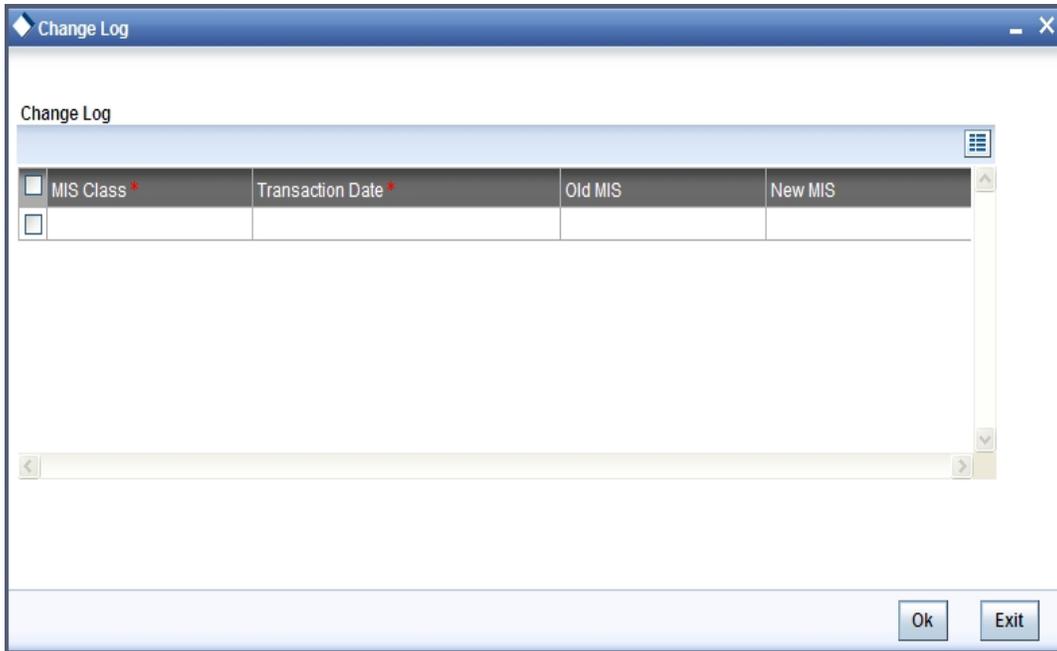
The screenshot shows a software window titled "Rate Details". At the top, there is a field labeled "Contract Reference*" with a red asterisk indicating it is required. Below this is a section titled "Refinance Rates" which contains a table. The table has three columns: "Booking Date", "Effective Date*", and "Refinance Rate". The "Effective Date*" column also has a red asterisk. The table is currently empty, with only the headers visible. At the bottom right of the window, there are two buttons: "Ok" and "Exit".

Here you can view the following details:

- Contract Reference Number
- Booking Rate
- Effective Date
- Refinance Rate

9.3.2.3 Viewing Change Log

Click 'Change Log' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Change Log' screen.

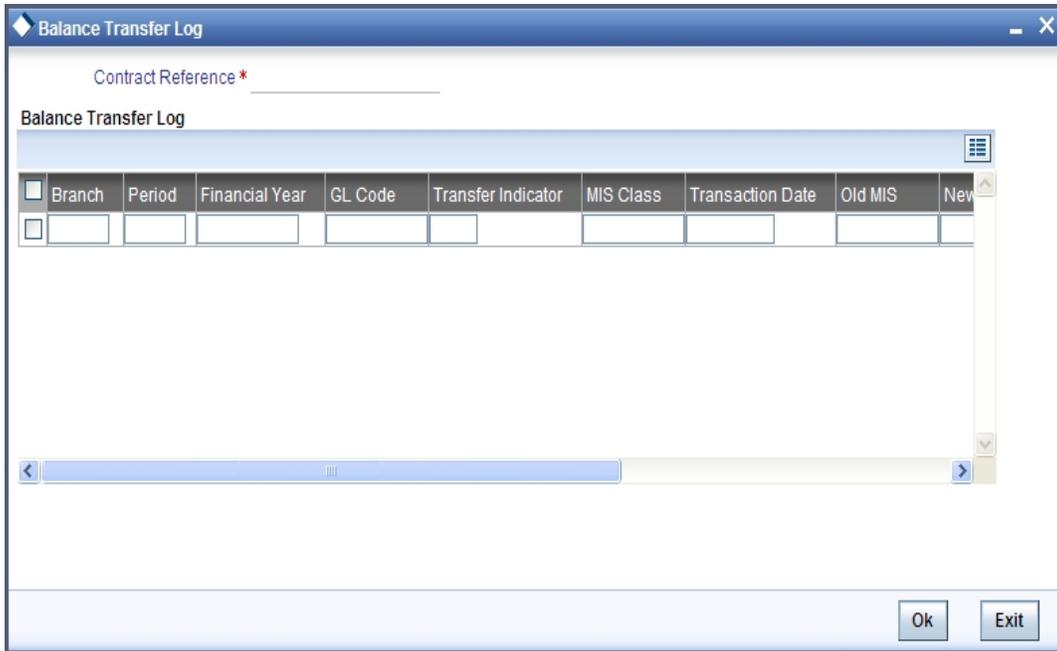


If MIS reclassification occurs, through changing the MIS codes for transaction or composite classes, the System stores the changes made, in a Contract MIS Change Log. The following details are stored in the Contract MIS Change Log for the contract in respect of which the MIS reclassification occurred:

- Contract Reference Number
- MIS Class that was changed
- Date on which the change was made.
- The old code for the changed MIS Class (this information is stored only for the first amendment during a day)
- The new MIS code for the changed MIS class.

9.3.2.4 Viewing Balance Transfer Log

Click 'Balance Transfer Log' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Balance Transfer Log' screen.



When an MIS reclassification occurs in respect of a the account, the balances in a GL associated with the old MIS code in each case are transferred to the GL for the new MIS code, if the option of transferring MIS balances upon reclassification has been set in the 'Chart of Accounts' screen for the GL.

You can view the following details:

- Contract Reference
- Branch
- Period
- Financial year
- Transfer Indicator
- MIS Class
- Transaction Date
- Old MIS
- New MIS
- Currency
- Amount
- Exchange Rate

9.3.3 **Viewing Charge Details**

Click 'Charge' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Charges' screen.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Charges" with a sub-header "Charge Details". Below the header is a table with the following columns: Component Name, Settlement CCY, Settlement Branch, Settlement Account, and Settlement Amount. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window, there are two buttons: "Ok" and "Exit".

You can view the following details:

- Component Name
- Settlement Currency
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account
- Settlement Amount

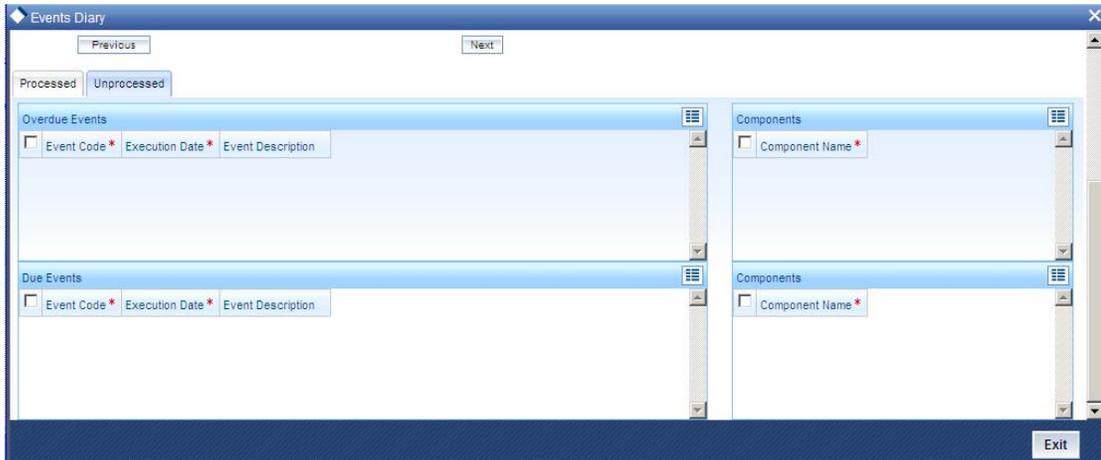
9.3.4 Viewing Event Details

Click 'Events' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Events Diary' screen.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Events Diary". It contains several input fields for account and product information, including Branch, Account Number, Alternate Account Number, Customer Id, Customer Name, Product Code, Product Category, Application Number, Value Date, Maturity Date, Amount Financed, Hamish Jiddayah Amount, Currency, Page, and Total Pages. There are "Previous" and "Next" buttons. Below these are two tabs: "Processed" and "Unprocessed". At the bottom, there are two data tables: "Events" and "Advices". The "Events" table has columns: Sequence Number, Processed Date, Execution Due Date, Code, Description, and Cutoff Status. The "Advices" table has columns: Document Number, Message Type, and View Message. There is an "Exit" button at the bottom right.

9.3.4.1 Unprocessed Tab

Click this tab to view the unprocessed event details.



Refer the section 'Events Diary' in the chapter titled 'Account Creation' in this User Manual for details about the 'Events Diary' screen.

9.3.5 Viewing Event Fields

Click 'Event Fields' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Fields' screen.

Here you can view the UDFs and their values linked to the account.

Click save icon after specifying the details in order to trigger the event for the specified account.
This record needs to be authorized for the event to be triggered.

10. Annexure A

10.1 Accounting Entries for Leasing

This section contains details of the suggested accounting entries that can be set up, for the Leasing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE. The details of the suggested accounting entries are given event-wise.

10.2 Events

The following is an exhaustive list of events that can take place during the lifecycle of a leasing contract. In the subsequent paragraphs we shall examine the accounting entries and advices for each of the events listed below.

Event Code	Event Description	Additional remarks
BOOK	Booking	This event will be triggered on capturing the lease contract. The contingents will be booked if the lease contract is forward dated.
INIT	Contract Initiation	This event will be triggered on the value date of the Contract.
DSBR	Disbursement	<p>For a Financial lease, On first DSBR the principal would be disbursed and down payment will also be collected.</p> <p>In case of a forward dated lease contract, the contingent entries will be reversed</p> <p>Also, in case of payment by advance, the first schedule payment would be liquidated.</p> <p>For an Operational lease, there would not be any principal disbursement Only down payment would be collected. On Value date of the lease account, DSBR would fire for Down payment.</p> <p>Also, in case of payment by advance, the first schedule payment would be liquidated.</p> <p>In case of operational lease there won't be any Disbursement schedules.</p>
MLIQ	Manual Liquidation	This event is triggered on manual payment of a schedule. This can be triggered from Manual Payment Screen
ALIQ	Auto Liquidation	This event is triggered on Automatic payment of a schedule. This can be triggered from Batch
ACCR	Accrual	This event will be triggered based on the frequency maintained at the product level.

Event Code	Event Description	Additional remarks
VAMB	Value date Amendment Booking	This event is fired when financial details of a contract is changed Principal Increment Interest rate change Residual Amount change Maturity Date Change
VAMI	Value date Amendment Initiation	This event is fired on initiation of a value dated amendment.
REVN	Rate Revision	For Financial lease with floating rate type, revision should happen periodically
STCH	Status Change	This event is triggered when a status change occurs.
REVC	Contract Reversal	This event is triggered when a loan is withdrawn.
REVP	Reversal of Payment	The latest payment made, both auto and manual, will be reversed during this event.
SCHR	Schedule Regeneration	This event would fire during the Last DSBR for populating the EMI schedules.
PROV	Provisioning	This event would fire during provisioning. This is applicable only for financial lease.
CLOL	Account Closure	This event would fire during the lease account closure (Financial lease account with residue status).

10.3 Accounting Roles

This section provides the list of accounting roles and its description.

Account Role	Description
CONTGL	Contingent General Ledger
CONTOFF	Contingent
LOAN_AC	Loan Account
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE(Dealer Ac)	Credit Settlement Bridge

Account Role	Description
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE (Customer ac)	Credit Settlement Bridge
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	Credit Settlement Bridge
<component>_REC	Component Receivable
<component>_INC	Component Income
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	Debit Settlement Bridge
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	Credit Settlement Bridge
FAWIPACC	Work-In-Progress Account

10.4 **Amount Tags**

This section provides the list of amount tags and its description.

Amount Tag	Description
PRINCIPAL_FWD	Principal Forward
PRINCIPAL_FWD (Reversing of contingents)	Principal Forward
PRINCIPAL	Principal
PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Principal Down Payment
MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Main Interest Down Payment
PRINCIPAL_LIQD (First EMI)	Principal Liquidation
<component>_ACCR	Accrual
PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Principal Liquidated
<component>_LIQD	Liquidation
PRINCIPAL_INCR	Principal Increased
RESIDUAL_AMT	Residual Amount

10.5 **Event-wise Accounting Entries**

This section lists suggested accounting entries across events for financial and operational lease products.

10.5.1 **Financial Lease**

The following accounting entries and advices can be set up for financial lease products.

BOOK (Booking of Contract/Account)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
CONTGL	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Debit
CONTOFF	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Credit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

CONTGL	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Debit
CONTOFF	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Credit

DSBR (Disbursement)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
CONTGL	PRINCIPAL_FWD (Reversing of contingents)	Credit
CONTOFF	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Debit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL	Debit
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE(Dealer Ac)	PRINCIPAL	Credit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Credit
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE (Customer ac)	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Debit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_LIQD (First EMI)	Credit
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD (First EMI)	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
CONTGL	PRINCIPAL_FWD (Reversing of contingents)	Credit
CONTOFF	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Debit

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL	Debit
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE(Dealer Ac)	PRINCIPAL	Credit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Credit
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE (Customer ac)	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Debit

ACCR (Accrual)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
<component>_REC	<component>_ACCR	Debit
<component>_INC	<component>_ACCR	Credit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
<component>_REC	<component>_ACCR	Debit
<component>_INC	<component>_ACCR	Credit

ALIQ & MLIQ (Auto/Manual Liquidation)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Debit
<component>_REC	<component>_LIQD	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<component>_LIQD	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Credit

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Debit
<component>_REC	<component>_LIQD	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<component>_LIQD	Debit

Advices

VAMB (Value Dated Amendment Booking)

No accounting entries for this event.

VAMI (Value Dated Amendment Initiation)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_INCR	Debit
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_INCR	Credit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE(Customer ac)	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_INCR	Debit
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_INCR	Credit
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE(Customer ac)	PRINCIPAL_DOWNPMNT	Debit

CLOL

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
FAWIPACC	RESIDUAL_AMT	Debit
LOAN_AC	RESIDUAL_AMT	Credit

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
INT_INC	INTEREST_RV	Debit
INT_REC	INTEREST_RV	Credit

REVC

The Accounting Entries for this event will be in negative amounts.

REVP

The Accounting Entries for this event will be the same as that of ALIQ & MLIQ.

10.5.2 Operational Lease

The following accounting entries and advices can be set up for operational lease products.

DSBR (Disbursement)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Debit
LOAN_AC	<component>__LIQD (First EMI)	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<component>__LIQD (First EMI)	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_AC	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Debit

ACCR (Accrual)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
<component>_REC	<component>_ACCR	Debit

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
<component>_INC	<component>_ACCR	Credit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

Account Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
<component>_REC	<component>_ACCR	Debit
<component>_INC	<component>_ACCR	Credit

ALIQ & MLIQ (Auto/Manual Liquidation)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

<component>_REC	<component>_LIQD	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<component>_LIQD	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

<component>_REC	<component>_LIQD	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<component>_LIQD	Debit

VAMI (Value Dated Amendment Initiation)

Payment Type: Payment by Advance

LOAN_AC	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Debit

Payment Type: Payment by Arrears

LOAN_AC	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Credit
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_DOWNPMNT	Debit

REVC

The Accounting Entries for this event will be in negative amounts.

REVP

The Accounting Entries for this event will be the same as that of ALIQ & MLIQ.

10.6 Event-wise Advices

In this section we will discuss the suggested events and advices that should be generated for that particular event in the life cycle of Consumer Lending.

BOOK

The system uses this event to enter details of a lease account. However, at this stage the account is not initialized thus there will not be a change in the balance but you can perform other activities (processing fee etc) for the loan account. The accounting entries passed will be either Contingent Entries for disbursement or component liquidations entries.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CL_CONT_ADV	Contract Advice	CL_CONTR_STMT

DSBR

This event is marked by the disbursement of the lease amount. The disbursement may be done manually or can be triggered by a disbursement schedule. The loan account will have debit balances after total disbursement.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CR_ADV	Credit Advice	CL_CR_ADV
CLST_DETAILS	Loan Detailed Statement Advice	CL_LOAN_DETAIL
CLST_SUMMARY	Loan Summary Statement Advice	CL_LOAN_SUMMARY
TAX_ADVICE	Tax Advice	CL_TAX_ADVICE

ACCR

The accrual of the various components will be triggered based on the accrual parameters you maintain at the product level.

ALIQ & MLIQ

Depending on the mode of liquidation opted for, whether automatic or manual, the appropriate event is triggered. A batch process will be triggered at EOD for payments that are marked for auto liquidation.

ALIQ

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
DR_ADV	Debit Advice	CL_DR_ADV

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
DELINQYADV	Delinquency Advice	CL_DELQ_ADV

MLIQ

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
BILNOTC	Billing Advice	CL_BILL_ADVC
DELINQYADV	Delinquency Advice	CL_DELQ_ADV
PAYMENT_ADVICE	Payment Advice	CL_PMT_ADV

VAMB

This event is triggered when you book a value dated amendment.

You can book for an amendment of the following:

- Maturity date
- Principal Increase
- Rate change

The batch program will identify the changes booked and the same is triggered appropriately on the value date by the VAMI event.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV

VAMI

This event will pick up the future dated VAMBs and on the value date, initiate the same.

The accounting entries for an increase in principal will be as follows:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_INCREASED	Dr
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_INCREASED	Cr

Any change to Rate and Tenor (Maturity Date) will alter the original loan schedules.

10.7 LE SDEs

The following is an exhaustive list of SDEs that are supported for LE Module:

Name	Description
CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING	Holds the Credit Rating information of Customer

The 'Customer Credit Rating' field at the Customer level will be used as a SDE CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING for defining status change rules. This will also be available for provision rule definition at the LE product level.

11. Screen Glossary

11.1 Function ID List

The following table lists the function id and the function description of the screens covered as part of this User Manual.

Function ID	Function Description
CLDBATCH	CL Batch
CLDBKPMT	Lending Bank Parameters
CLDCHKMT	Check List Maintenance
CLDTPROC	Automatic Process Definition
LEDACCDT	Leasing Account Details
LEDBRPMT	Leasing Branch Parameters
LEDMDSBR	Leasing Manual Disbursement
LEDMSTCH	Leasing Manual Status Change
LEDPMNT	Leasing Payment
LEDPRMNT	Product
LEDSIMPT	Leasing Payment Simulation
LEDSIMVD	Leasing Value Dated Amendments Simulation
LEDVDAMD	Leasing Amendments
LEDWDVAL	Leasing Written Down Value
LESACCDT	Leasing Account Summary
LESMSTCH	Leasing Manual Status Change Summary
LESPMNT	Leasing Lease Payments Summary
LESPRMNT	Leasing Product Summary
LESWDVAL	Leasing Written Down Value Summary
UDDCLEVT	CL User Defined Events Triggering



Leasing

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