Mortgages Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Release 11.3.83.02.0 [April] [2014] Oracle Part Number E53607-01



Table of Contents

1. ABOUT THIS MANUAL	1-1
1.1 INTRODUCTION	
1.1.1 Audience	
1.1.2 Organization	
1.1.3 Related Documents	
1.1.4 Glossarv of Icons	
2. MORTGAGES – AN OVERVIEW	
2.1 INTRODUCTION	
2.2 INTERFACE WITH OTHER MODULES	
3. MAINTENANCES AND OPERATIONS	
3.1 INTRODUCTION	
3.2 MAINTAINING BANK PARAMETERS	
3.3 MAINTAINING BRANCH PARAMETERS	
3.3.1 Viewing Mortgages Branch Parameters Summary	
3.4 DEFINING UDE RULES	
3.5 PROVIDING UDE VALUES	
3.5.1 Maintaining Fixed Amount UDEs in other Currency	
3.6 APPLYING THE UDE CASCADE FUNCTION	
3.7 MAINTAINING ADHOC CHARGE TYPES	
3.8 MAINTAINING ADHOC CHARGES	
3.9 VIEWING MORTGAGE ADHOC CHARGES SUMMARY SCREEN	
3.10 MAINTAINING HOLIDAY PERIODS	
3.11 MAINTAINING CHECK LISTS	
3.12 MAINTAINING SYSTEM DATA ELEMENTS	
3.13 MAINTAINING FLOATING INTEREST RATES	
3.14 MAINTAINING USER DEFINED POLICIES	
3.15 MAINTAINING STANDARD POLICIES	
3.16 MAINTAINING BULK PAYMENT PREFERENCES	
3.16.1 Viewing Summary Records	
3.17 MAINTAINING LEGAL HEIR DETAILS OF A MORTGAGE	
4. DEFINING PRODUCT CATEGORIES AND PRODUCTS	
4.1 INTRODUCTION	
4.2 MAINTAINING PRODUCT CATEGORIES	
4.2.1 Setting up a Mortgages product	
4.2.2 Defining Other Attributes for a Product	
4.2.3 Specifying User Data Elements	
4.2.4 Indicating Preferences for a Product	
4.2.5 Specify Components Details	
4.2.0 Associating Notices and Statement	
4.2.7 Mapping Accounting Koles to Product	
4.2.0 Specifying Account Status	
4.2.10 Reanch Currency Restrictions Tab	
4.2.10 Drunch Currency Restrictions 100	
4.2.11 Intunuuning Customer Cuegory Restriction	
$4.3 \qquad \text{Viewing Mortgage Product Summary}$	
4.4 PROCESSING OF IRR APPLICATION ON MORTGAGES	л_Q5
	······································



4.4.1	Recalculation of IRR with new effective date	
4.5 Def	INING CUSTOMIZED PRODUCTS	
4.5.1	Preferences Tab	
4.5.2	Components Tab	
5. ACCOU	NT CREATION	
5.1 INT	RODUCTION	5-1
5.2 CRE	TATING A MORTGAGE ACCOUNT	5-1
5.2.1	Main Tab	5-3
5.2.2	Preferences Tab	
5.2.3	Check List Tab	
5.2.4	Fields Tab	
5.2.5	Components Tab	
5.2.6	Charges Tab	
5.2.7	Linkages Tab	
5.2.8	Advices Tab	
5.2.9	Credit Score Tab	
5.2.10	Specifying Other Applicants Details	5-43
5.2.11	Capturing Asset Details	5-44
5.2.12	Repayment Holiday for Amortized Mortgages	5-55
5.3 Vie	WING MORTGAGE ACCOUNT SUMMARY	
5.4 Gen	FRATING A LOAN ACCOUNT	
5.4.1	Specifying Date Range	5-61
5.5 Cre	ATING A COMMITMENT ACCOUNT	5-61
5.5.1	Commitment Tab	5-63
5.5.2	Applying Different Repayment Styles for a Commitment	
5.5.3	Charging Fee on Commitments	5-65
5.5.4	Processing Events for a Commitment	5-65
5.6 Vie	WING COMMITMENT ACCOUNT DETAILS	5-69
5.7 SAV	ING AND AUTHORISING MORTGAGE/COMMITMENT ACCOUNT	5-70
5.8 Mu	LTILEVEL AUTHORIZATION OF AN ACCOUNT	5-71
5.9 Vie	WING DETAILS OF MORTGAGE ACCOUNTS LINKED TO L/C	5-71
5.10 MA	NUAL CONFIRMATION BY NOTARY	5-72
5.11 Vie	WING MORTGAGE MANUAL NOTARY CONFIRMATION SUMMARY	5-74
6. CAPTU	RING ADDITIONAL DETAILS FOR A MORTGAGE	
6.1 INT	RODUCTION	
6.1.1	Specifying Promotions	
6.1.2	Viewing Internal Rate of return Details	
6.1.3	Viewing MIS Details of the Mortgage	
6.1.4	Viewing Account GL Balance	
6.1.5	Viewing Internal Rate of Return (IRR) Details	
6.1.6	Capturing Swift Message Details	
6.1.7	Viewing Installment Details	
6.1.8	Maintaining Payment Mode Details	
6.1.9	Capturing Financial Details	6-13
6.1.10	Viewing Account Status	
6.1.11	Viewing Security History Details	
6.2 VIE	WING EVENTS DIARY DETAILS	
6.2.1	Processed Tab	
6.2.2	Unprocessed Tab	
6.2.3	Querying Account Details	
6.3 INA	CTIVE MORTGAGES	
6.3.1	Operations on Inactive Mortgages	
6.4 VIE	WING MORTGAGE INACTIVE ACCOUNTS SUMMARY	
0.3 MO	KIGAGE SIMULATION	



6.5.1	Simulating a Mortgage	
6.5.2	Simulating a Commitment	
7. MAKI	NG MANUAL DISBURSEMENTS	
7.1 IN	TRODUCTION	
7.2 D	ISBURSING A MORTGAGE THROUGH THE 'MANUAL' MODE	
7.2.1	Verifying the Check List Items	
7.2.2	Capturing values for the event level UDFs.	
7.2.3	Viewing the Default Details	7-13
7.2.4	Viewing the Charge Details Associated with the Event	
7.2.5	Canturing the Advice Related Details.	
7.2.6	Viewing the Swift Message Details	
7.3 V	iewing Mortgage Manual Disbursement Summary	
7.4 S	AVING AND AUTHORIZING A MANUAL DISBURSEMENT	
7.4.1	Accounting Entries	
8. OPER	ATIONS	
8.1 IN	TRODUCTION	
8.2 M	ORTGAGE PAYMENTS	8-1
8.2.2	Partial Payment	
8.2.3	Payments Simulation	
8.2.4	Back Dated Payments	
8.2.5	Making Bulk Payments against Mortgage or Commitment	
8.3 V	IEWING MORTGAGE PAYMENTS SUMMARY	8-19
8.4 M	ORTGAGE AMENDMENTS	
8.4.1	Amendments Tab	
8.4.2	Account Details Tab	
8.4.3	Default Tab	
8.4.4	Components Tab	
8.4.5	Charges Tab	
8.4.6	Saving and Authorising Mortgage/Commitment Account	
8.5 A	MENDING COMMITMENTS	
8.5.1	Viewing Mortgage Commitment Amendments Summary	
8.6 V	AMI SIMULATION	
8.7 V	IEWING MORTGAGE VAMI SUMMARY	
8.8 M	ORTGAGE REASSIGNMENT	
8.8.1	Amendment	
8.9 V	IEWING MORTGAGE REASSIGNMENT SUMMARY	
8.10 M	ORTGAGE RENEGOTIATION	
8.11 V	IEWING ACCOUNT VERSION HISTORY AND REVERSAL	
8.12 M	ANUAL STATUS CHANGE	
8.12.1	Changing Mortgage Installment Status	
8.13 L	NKING MORTGAGE TO SAVINGS ACCOUNT	
8.14 C	HECKING CUSTOMER EXISTENCE DETAILS OF MORTGAGES	8-55
8.15 V	IEWING MORTGAGE ACCOUNT DETAILS	
8.15.1	Calculating Commission on Highest Debit Balance	
8.16 R	OLLOVER OPERATIONS FOR MORTGAGE ACCOUNT	
8.16.1	Capturing Manual Rollover Details	
8.16.2	Capturing Split Rollover Details	
8.16.3	Capturing Consolidated Rollover Details	
8.16.4	Capturing Inactive Rollover Details	
8.17 C	ALCULATING EMI FOR PERSONAL AND AUTO LOANS	
8.17.1	Main Tab	
8.17.2	Preferences Tab	
8.17.3	Components Tab	
8.17.4	Charges Tab	



8.	18 P	ROCESSING WRITE-OFF STATUS	
	8.18.1	Processing Recovery	
9.	ватс	H PROCESSES	
9.	1 Ir	JTRODUCTION	
9.	2 C	ONFIGURING THE MORTGAGE BATCH PROCESSES	
	9.2.1	Defining Batch Processes	
	9.2.2	Initiating the Batch Process	
	9.2.3	Multi-threading of Batch Processes	
	9.2.4	Excess Amount Allocation Batch	
	9.2.5	Status Change Batch Processing (CSDSTBTC)	
	9.2.6	Interest Posting (INTP Event)	
	9.2.7	Excess Amount Allocation Batch	
	9.2.8	Processing the Mortgage Batch	
9.	3 T	RIGGERING USER DEFINED EVENTS	
	9.3.1	Viewing MIS Details	
	9.3.2	Viewing Rate Details	
	9.3.3	Viewing Charge Details	
	9.3.4	Viewing Event Details	
	9.3.5	Viewing Event Fields	
	9.3.6	Processing Commission on Highest Debit Balance	
	9.3.7	Processing Stamp Duty Tax	
10.	AN	NEXURE A	
10).1 A	CCOUNTING ENTRIES	
10).2 E	VENTS	
10).3 A	CCOUNTING ROLES	
10).4 E	VENT-WISE ADVICES	
11.	GL	OSSARY	
11	l.1 In	<i>i</i> portant Terms	
12.	SCI	REEN GLOSSARY	
12	2.1 F	UNCTION ID LIST	



1. About this Manual

1.1 Introduction

This manual is designed to help acquaint you with the Mortgages module of Oracle FLEXCUBE.

It provides an overview of the module and guides you, through the various steps involved in granting mortgages to the customers of your bank.

1.1.1 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office data entry clerk	Input functions for contracts
Back office managers/officers	Authorization functions
Product Managers	Product definition and authorization
End of Day operators	Processing during End of Day/ Beginning of Day
Financial Controller / Product Managers	Generation of reports

1.1.2 Organization

This manual is organized into the following chapters:

Chapter 1	About this Manual gives information on the intended audience. It also lists the various chapters covered in this User Manual.
Chapter 2	<i>Mortgages - An Overview</i> offers a snapshot of the features that the module provides.
Chapter 3	Maintenances and Operations discusses the procedure to maintain details of the account which are necessary for disbursing the mortgage.
Chapter 4	Defining Product Categories and Products talks about defining the attributes specific to setting up a mortgage product.
Chapter 5	Account Creation talks about creating customer accounts.
Chapter 6	Capturing Additional Details for a Mortgage talks about the additional details that you can capture for a Mortgage account.
Chapter 7	Making Manual Disbursements describes the procedure to make a mortgage disbursement using the 'Manual' mode.



Chapter 8	<i>Operations</i> deals with the payments details and changes that you can effect on a mortgage.
Chapter 9	Batch Processes deals with processing the batch operations.
Chapter 10	Annexure A explains the types of accounting entries and advices generated at each stage in the lifecycle of a mortgage.
Chapter 11	Glossary lists the important terms and their definition.

1.1.3 Related Documents

You may need to refer to any or all of the User Manuals while working on the Mortgages module:

- Core
- Procedures
- Settlements
- Interest
- User Defined

1.1.4 Glossary of Icons

This User Manual may refer to all or some of the following icons.

Icons	Function	
	New	
C _C	Сору	
	Save	
×	Delete	
伯	Unlock	
40	Print	
đ	Close	
đ	Re-open	
Ð	Reverse	
F	Template	
\$	Roll-over	



lcons	Function	
	Hold	
	Authorize	
ŝ	Liquidate	
X	Exit	
۶	Sign-off	
2	Help	
+	Add row	
Ι	Delete row	
ĸ	Option List	
C	Confirm	
~ ?	Enter Query	
*?	Execute Query	

Refer the Procedures User Manual for further details about the icons.



2. Mortgages – An Overview

2.1 Introduction

The primary function of banks is to accept deposits and use it to dispense loans. Every time a bank sanctions a loan it is creating an asset in its books. The interest a bank earns from lending contributes substantially to its bottom line. Lending itself stimulates business activity in the economy. Loan products offered by banks can be of various tenors, rates of interest, repayment schedules and complexity. Thus, you can have short or long term loans; loans at fixed or floating rates or a combination of the two; loans disbursed and repaid as a bullet or in installments and so on.

A loan passes through various stages or events from the moment it is given till the time it is repaid. The process begins with a loan application form in which the borrower is asked to furnish their details and the kind of facility requested. The bank's loans or credit department appraises the application and takes a decision whether the applicant is eligible for the loan asked and whether loan can be extended to that customer. The bank will apply its own parameters in arriving at this decision. The factors which will go into this include the standing, character, track record and the collaterals (securities) offered to secure the loan. Assuming that the loan is sanctioned the bank gives a commitment and stipulates terms and conditions governing the same. The bank may levy a processing charge at this stage. The loan amount is then disbursed and credited to the settlement account of the borrower who draws the amount, uses it for the purpose for which it was taken. Interest accrues on the account which has to be serviced by the borrower besides repaying the principal amount as per the repayment schedule. If the loan is not repaid or there is a delay the loan asset's status is changed to reflect its deterioration. The bank may also charge penal interest or interest on interest in such a scenario. A reverse mortgage loan is available to seniors and it is used to release the home equity in the property as a lump sum or multiple payments. Moreover then bank may have to make provisions from its profits for such sub-standard loans. On the other hand if the loan account is conducted well it will close on the date the last installment is due and paid. On closure, the bank will return or lift the collaterals which it had taken. The loan cycle is now complete.

The Mortgages module in Oracle FLEXCUBE captures and maintains the parameters with respect to the life cycle of the mortgage (outlined above) once the application moves to the account processing stage.

The application moves to an account processing stage when the applicant becomes a customer of your bank. The customer's record will now be available in the bank's customer database. A Loan account is created which will be used to service the customer. Loan account creation involves capturing the details of the final loan application into the features of the Loan. Loan Accounts in Oracle FLEXCUBE will be created under Account Templates called 'Products'. The system resolves the product category and product on the basis of the application details.

The Loan Account thus created, reports to the Asset GL of the bank. Disbursements will debit the loan account and hence a loan with outstanding balances will be in debit. Payments are credited to the loan account. At the end of complete re-payment, the account becomes zero balanced and is closed.

Product Categories are a logical grouping of certain products such as Vehicle Loans, Home Loans etc. The banks/ FIs can setup different products based on services they offer.



When a customer loan is sanctioned, a loan account will be created under a specific loan account product.

Hence, its' features would default from the account product. The Loan account so created will be used for further Loan servicing such as disbursements. The loan account balance will represent the outstanding Principal that was advanced to the Customer. Interests will be calculated on this balance based on the schedule and pricing setup. The Account processing stage involves the following:

- Loan Account Creation
- Loan Initiation and Schedule set-up
- Payments of Schedules
- Collections and Delinquency Management
- Loan Status Change Processing
- Amendments to Loans
- Disbursements

2.2 Interface with other Modules

The Mortgages Module interfaces with the following sub-systems/Modules of Oracle FLEXCUBE

- Security Management System (SMS)
- Core Services like Currency, General Ledger, End of Day, Accounting
- Central Liability (Limits)
- Bills Guarantees (through uploads)



3. Maintenances and Operations

3.1 Introduction

Before you begin using the Mortgages module, you must maintain the following information in the system:

Bank Parameters

These are parameters that you need to specify at the bank level. These will include the following:

- Interest calculation parameters
- Amount blocks on inactive accounts
- Splitting of accounting entries for the offset leg
- Site specific maintenances

Branch Parameters

These are parameters that you need to specify at the branch level. These will determine the following:

- Batch processing during holidays
- Netting of accounting entries for accrual, liquidation and status change
- Default Settlement Accounts
- Format/Mask for generation of Account numbers etc
- The structure of the schedule
- Schedule gap treatment

In addition, you also have to maintain the following:

UDE (User Data Elements) Rules

UDEs are used to build formulae to calculate the amount of interest applicable. These include entities like Interest Rate, Amount Slab etc. that will hold values you provide. The UDEs themselves are defined at the product level but you can use these UDEs to build rules with different conditions based on which the UDE value should be arrived at.

You can maintain the UDE values at Product and Account level. You can also maintain Fixed amount UDEs in other currencies.

Repayment holiday periods

For a calendar year, you can define holiday periods for customers during which they can avail a repayment holidays.



Check Lists

For different events, you can maintain check lists. The check lists that you maintain here will be validated during the execution of that event while processing the mortgage.

System Data Elements (SDEs)

Information that is constantly updated by the system, for instance, the balance in an account, number of transactions processed etc. is referred to as SDEs. This information is readily available for computation of penalties, Interest or charges. You need to identify the SDEs applicable for this module.

Floating Rate maintenance

You can maintain floating rates for a Rate Code, Currency, Amount Slab and Effective Date combination

User Defined Policies

These are validation and operations that are performed during the life cycle of a mortgage

Promotions

Promotions are special offers whereby you can offer special incentives/ concessions to customers. You can link mortgages to one or more promotions

The above maintenances are discussed in detail in this chapter

3.2 Maintaining Bank Parameters

You can maintain the bank parameters in the 'Retail Lending – Bank Parameters' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDBKPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Lending Bank Parameters				- ^
Bank Details				
Bank Code *				
	Include To Date For Interest Calculation		Amount Blocking For Inactive Account	
	Split Offset Leg			
Archive Processed Records F	rom Events Diary			
Reference Date		Frequency	Daily	
Unit	2 2 2			
Purge Inactive Loan				
Tenor Days		Tenor Years		
Tenor Months				
Cutoff Transaction				
Cutoff GL	3			
				_
Fields				
	Authorized By	Modification	Authorized	Evit
Date Time	Date Time	Number	Open	LAIL

Here you can capture the following details:

Bank Details

Bank Code

Specify the code that represents your bank

Include To date for Interest Calc

If you check this option, then accrual entries will be passed from the value date + 1 till the maturity date. However, if this box is not checked, then accrual entries will be passed from the value date till the maturity date - 1.

Amount Blocking for inactive account

Indicate whether an amount block needs to be imposed on an inactive account or not

Split Offset Leg

Check this box if you wish to have split accounting entries for the offset leg of a transaction. For example, if a certain transaction debits a particular GL and credits two different GLs (as in off balance sheet entries), the system will pass two debit entries for the first GL to be in sync with the credit entries to the other GLs. If this option is not checked the accounting entries will be as under:

Dr/Cr	Account	Amount
Dr	00000001	50
Cr	00000011	20



Dr/Cr	Account	Amount
Cr	00000022	30

If this option is checked the accounting entries will be as under:

Dr/Cr	Account	Amount
Dr	00000001	20
Cr	00000011	20
Dr	00000001	30
Cr	00000022	30

Archive Processed Records From Events Diary

The parameter Reference Date, Frequency, Unit will be used to archive the processed records in Event Diary

The archival will be done in EOD by batch function. If this parameter is not set then no archive will be done.

Purge Inactive Loan

Specify the tenor in units of days, months and year, for which you want to keep the inactive mortgages for purging.

Cutoff Transaction

Select the Cutoff GL from the option list. Transactions after 2:00 pm on a day will be considered on the next working day. The accounting entries for such transactions will be passed into the Cutoff GL and not the Settlement GL.

3.3 Maintaining Branch Parameters

You can maintain the branch parameters in the 'Mortgage – Branch Parameters' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODBRPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Mongage Dranch i arameter				
Branch Details				
Branch Code *				
Branch Name				
Netting		- Processing		
-	GL Netting Accrual		Process Till Next Working Day -	
	GL Netting Liquidation		1	
	GL Netting Status Change			
	Netting of Notices across Accounts			
	Auto Allocate Part Payment			
Statement		- Intraday Jobs		_
Debit Settlement BridgeGL *	2	initiality 0000	Intraday Accrual	
Credit Settlement BridgeGL *	× Ξ	Intraday Job Interval		
		Num Parallel Jobs		
Auto Generation				
	Account Auto Generated			
Account Mask		- Ilear Deference Number		
Account Mask	Accounting Mask Required	User Reference number	User Reference Number in Messages	
Account mask			Auto Generate User Reference Number	
Others				
	IRR Processing	Schedule Structure	Non Frequency Based	
	Accrual Entries On Holidays		Frequency Based	
Intermediate schedule gap	Create New Schedule	First Payment Schedule Gap Treatment	Treat as Payment	
reament	Advance Current Schedule		O I reat as Moratorium	
	O Extend Previous Schedule	Pre-Payment Penalty Year	 Loan Year Einanpial Year 	
			Calender Vear	
			O calender real	
ields				

Branch parameters include the following:

Branch Code

You have to indicate the code of the branch for which the parameters have to be maintained. The codes of the various branches of your bank are available in the option list provided.

When you select the code, the branch name is also displayed alongside.

Process Till Next Working Day – 1

This specification will determine the day on which automatic events such accrual, liquidation etc. falling due on a holiday, should be processed. If you select this option, events scheduled for a holiday will be processed on the last working day before the holiday.

Example

Assume that the current system date is 15^{th} May '05. Further, 16^{th} and 17^{th} are holidays. If you select 'Process Till Next Working Day – 1', when you execute the batch program during EOD of 15^{th} May, the events due on 16^{th} and 17^{th} will also be processed.

If you do not select this option, processing will be done upto the system date i.e. the current date. The automatic events due on a holiday will be processed as part of the batch program run at BOD on the next working day after the holiday.

Consider the example discussed above, if you do not check this option, the events due on 16th and 17th will be processed as part of BOD operations on 18th May '05, which the next working day after the holidays.

Netting

Here, you need to indicate the netting preference for posting entries during accrual, liquidation and status change.

If you opt to net, the system will post a single consolidated entry for a GL and Currency combination. If you do not select this option, entries are posted individually for each account.

The GL netting status change option can also be used to indicate installment level status change.

The Netting of Notices across Accounts can be used to indicate that for or all accounts for which the payments falls due on a particular date, the requests for invoice generation should be consolidated.

The mortgage accounts for which the reminder or demand note should be sent is tracked based on the status of the account. The SDE 'Next Schedule Date' is set up to arrive at how many no. of days in advance the payment notice should be generated. Based on the status of the mortgage account the corresponding payment invoice format is set up.

The Auto allocate part payment option can be used if you want to do a partial payment through auto allocation. For accounts which are marked for manual allocation of partial amount the payment can be done in bulk using the 'Consumer Lending – Bulk Payments' screen.

For more details on Bulk payments refer section 'Bulk Payments' in the 'Operations' chapter of Retail lending module.

Settlement

The settlement accounts for processing lending transactions have to be specified here. You have to specify the Bridge GL/Account to be used for the settlement of the debit and credit legs of transactions that would be processed at your branch. You can select the accounts from the option lists provided for the same.

Account Auto Generated

You can select this option for automatic generation of account numbers. The system generates the account numbers automatically when you create customer accounts through the 'Account Details' screen. If this option is not checked, you have to capture the account number yourself.



For details on creating an account, refer the 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual.

Accounting Mask Required and Account Mask

To maintain uniformity in the account numbers generated/captured across a branch, you can specify a format/mask for account numbers. If you specify that account numbers should conform to a specific format, you have to specify the mask in the 'Account Mask' field.

Example

You may want the account numbers of your branch to be a combination of:

- Branch Code (3 Characters)
- Product (4 Characters)
- Currency (3 Character currency code)
- 5 digit running sequence number

The account mask in this case would be: @ (BRN)@(PROD)@(CCY)@(SEQ:5)

An example of an account number conforming to the above mask would be DOC3ROLUSD60021.

If you opt for auto generation of account numbers but do not specify a mask, the generated number will, by default, conform to the following format:

- 3 character Branch Code
- 4 character Product Code
- Date in Julian format (YYDDD)
- 4 digit running sequence number

An example of an account conforming to the above format is 'DOCVSIM040960021' where:

- 'DOC' is the Branch Code
- 'VSIM' is the Product Code
- '04096' is the date equivalent to 5th April 2004 (04 Year and 096 is the number of days that have elapsed in the year).
- '0021' is the running sequence number.

Also, if you maintain an account mask but do not opt to auto generate the account numbers, then, during account capture you have to conform to the account mask maintained for the branch. If the account is not as per the mask, the following error message is displayed:

Account number entered is not conforming to the account mask.



User Reference Number

User Reference Number in Messages

Check this box to indicate that the User Reference Number provided in the account screen has to be used in Tag 20 of MT103 and Tag 21 of MT202. If the box is unchecked, the mortgage account number will be used instead of the User Ref no.

Auto Generate User Reference Number

Check this box to indicate that system should auto generate user ref no during account creation.

Others

IRR Processing

Check this option to trigger the YACR (Yield Accrual) event for the branch batch.

Schedule Structure

This option is used to indicate if the schedule definitions should honor the end dates or honor the frequencies when the two contradict. The options are:

- Frequency Based
- Non-Frequency Based (the end dates contradict each other)

Example

For a product, you can define payment schedules based on the value date of the mortgage and/or based on the calendar date. Assume that you have a housing mortgage product 'HOME' with the following payment schedule details:

- Unit Monthly
- Frequency 1
- Schedule Basis Value Date
- Tenor 12 months

Case 1: Schedule structure is frequency based

A housing mortgage is initiated on 4th April 2004. As per the above details, the following schedule dates are defaulted:

- First Due Date: 4th May 2004 (one month after the disbursement date)
- End Date: 4th Mar 2005 (in between schedules being 4th June, 4th July and so on for 11 months)
- The last schedule is always a 'Bullet' schedule.

Note that the schedule dates are driven by the value date of the mortgage. At the account level, you can, however, change the defaulted schedules. But the end dates should not contradict for the schedules.

For instance, you cannot define schedules with the following details:

First Due Date	No of Schedules	Frequency	End Date
04-MAY-2004	5	Monthly	04-SEPT-2004
01-OCT-2004	5	Monthly	01-FEB-2005
04-APR-2005	1	Bullet	04-APR-2005

Note that for the first and second schedules, the end dates are contradicting (4th Sep and 1st Feb respectively). This is not allowed if the schedule structure is 'Frequency Based'. The following error message is displayed:

Input for component is not as per schedule frequency.

Case 2: Schedule structure is non-frequency based

If the schedule structure is non-frequency based, you can define schedules with contradicting end dates (refer the schedule structure given in **Case 1** above).

First Payment Schedule Gap Treatment

Here, you have to specify the manner in which you would like to treat the period/gap between the mortgage disbursement date and the first payment. The options are:

- Treat as Payment
- Treat as Moratorium

Example

Assume that you make a disbursement on 1st January and the first payment is due on 1st March. This means that there is a gap of two months between the disbursement and the first payment schedule. You can treat this gap either as a 'Payment' schedule or a 'Moratorium' schedule. If you opt to treat it as a 'Payment' schedule, then, during product creation, you should define the payment schedule with the 'Schedule Flag' being 'Normal'. You should also specify a separate formula for this schedule. This is also done at the product level.

Similarly, if the gap is treated as a 'Moratorium', you should define a schedule with type 'Moratorium' and also define a moratorium formula for the schedule.

Intermediate Schedule Gap Treatment

Here, you have to specify the manner in which the system should handle gaps between two schedules. The available options are:

- Create New Schedule
- Advance current schedule
- Extend previous schedule

Example

Assume that the following are the two payment schedules for a mortgage:



- 1st May to 25th May
- 5th June to 25th June

Therefore, the gap between the two schedules is 10 i.e. from 26th May to 4th June. To handle this gap, you can instruct the system to do any one of the following:

- Create a new schedule in which case a new schedule is defined for the gap period i.e. 10 days.
- Advance the current schedule, wherein the second schedule will start from 26th May instead of 5th June and go upto 25th June.
- Extend the previous schedule in which case the first schedule goes upto the 4th of June instead of 25th May.

Pre-Payment Penalty Year

Indicate the type of pre-payment penalty year. You can select one of the following options:

- Mortgage Year
- Financial Year
- Calendar Year

Computation of prepaid amount in a year depends upon the selection of the above option. Based on the option selected, the date range is interpreted by the system for considering the ceiling of prepaid amount in a year. You can not change this option after the first authorization of the Mortgage Branch Parameters.

Mortgage Year ranges between value date of the mortgage and completion of that particular year. Financial Year ranges between start date of the financial year and the end date of the financial year. Calendar Year ranges between the start date of the calendar year and end date of the calendar year.

Example

Let us assume the following:

Value Date: 05-JAN-2000

Maturity Date: 05-JAN-2020

Mortgage Year

Year wise penalty free computation is considered like 05-JAN-2000 to 04-JAN-2001, 05-JAN-2001 to 04-JAN-2002, 05-JAN-2002 to 04-JAN-2003 and so on.

Financial Year

If financial year is maintained from April to March, in such a scenario, year wise Penalty free computation will be considered like 01-APR-2000 to 31-MAR-2001, 01-APR-2001 to 31-MAR-2002, 01-APR-2002 to 31-MAR-2003 and so on.

Calendar Year

Year-wise penalty free computation is considered like 05-JAN-2000 to 31-DEC-2000, 01-JAN-2001 to 31-DEC-2001, 01-JAN-2002 to 31-DEC-2002 and so on.



The amount prepaid is stored in a data store year-wise. This data store is value date based. This table is updated at the time of save of payment. Also during deletion and reversal operations this table is updated correctly. The impact of prepaid amount is cancelled from the table during deletion/reversal. The pre-payment penalty amount collected is also stored in the same data store.

At the product level you have to maintain a UDE for handling maximum prepayment amount in a financial year. Let us assume that the UDE is maintained as MAX_PREPAID_PCT. You can maintain the default value of the above UDE from the product. System validates that the extent of pre-paid amount doesn't exceed the percentage maintained at product level at the time of pre-payment.

Example

Assume the following:

Principal: 1000000 USD

Pre-payment penalty

Free percentage: 5% (This will be taken from UDE value: MAX_PREPAID_PCT.)

5 % of 100000 = 50000

Hence, every year up to 50000 USD can be paid as an early repayment without any penalty.

Value date: 01-JUN-2000

Maturity date: 01-JUN-2020

Schedules: 240 monthly

During liquidation, value date of the payment is compared with the start date of the year,

i.e. Value date of payment: 01-OCT-2008

If the borrower is doing pre-payment (prepaid amount = amount paid – (amount due + amount overdue) then system will validate this against allowed prepaid amount.

EMI: 9744.85 USD

Amount paid: 40000 USD

Prepaid amount: 40000 - (9744.85 + 0) = 30255.15 USD

This 30255.15 USD is validated against 50000 USD and from the data store of prepaid amount between 01-OCT-2008 and 01-JUN-2008. Since this is under allowed prepayment amount no penalty is applied against this pre-payment.

If already some prepayment has happened for the contract in the same year of 20000 USD, system will fetch the same from the data store of prepaid amount and add it to the current prepaid amount i.e. 20000 + 30255.15 = 50255.15 USD. It is more than the allowed pre paid amount. Hence penalty is applicable and penalty is calculated for the amount 255.15 (50255.15 – 50000) USD.

After setting up the branch parameters, you have to save the details. Click Save icon to save the details in the system. However, the parameters take effect only after your supervisor authorizes the same.



3.3.1 <u>Viewing Mortgages Branch Parameters Summary</u>

You can view a summary of all Mortgages Branch Parameters, through the 'Mortgages – Branch Parameters Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSBRPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Search Advanced Search Reset Records per page 15 It of 1 <			Authorization Bra	n Status anch Code	¥2		Record Status	*
Authorization Status A - Authorizadi Status C - Closed O - Open C	Search	Adva	anced Search	Reset	Re	cords per page 15 💟 🗍	1 of 1 1 1	Go to Page
Record Status C - Closed J - Unauthorized	uthorizatio	n Status	Record Status	Branch Code	Intraday Accrual	Debit Settlement BridgeGL	Credit Settlement BridgeGL	Accounting Mask
Authorization Status A - Authorized J - Unauthorized C - Closed O - Open								
			Ш					×

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Branch Code
- Record Status
- Once Auth

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Intraday Accrual



- Debt Settlement BridgeGL
- Credit Settlement BridgeGL
- Accounting Mask Request

3.4 Defining UDE Rules

User Defined Elements (UDEs) refer to entities like Interest Rates, Amount/Tier Slabs whose value you can specify and at the same time maintain different values with different effective dates. For instance, you can indicate that interest should be calculated at five percent on a certain date and specify a higher rate effective at a later date.

The UDEs, per say, are defined at the product level and the actual values are provided for a combination of Product, Currency, UDE Rule, and Effective Date in the 'UDE Values' screen. This will be defaulted at the account level and you can override the same with account specific values.

You can define UDE Rules based on which the UDE Values will be picked up at the account level. UDE Rules are conditional expressions built using the SDEs like Mortgage Amount, Tenor, Rate, Customer Category etc. These rules can be created independently and later attached at the time of maintaining UDE Values. You can associate multiple rules and specify UDE values for each rule. You can maintain the rules in the 'UDE Rules' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDUDRMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

🔷 User Defined Element Rule				_ × _
User Defined Element Rule User Defined Element Rule Description Condition	*			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized	Exit

The following information should be captured to create a UDE Rule:



User Defined Element Rule

You have to specify a unique code consisting of a maximum of four alphanumeric characters, to identify the rule in Oracle FLEXCUBE. This is mandatory to save the record.

Condition

You can build multiple conditions for a rule. To do this, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The following screen is displayed:

Vser Defined Element Rule			_ × _
Field Condition Clear	Operator Value OR And Accept	Equal To	▼
		Ok	Exit

You can create conditions using the following:

Field

• The SDEs that are factory shipped or maintained in the 'System Data Elements' screen are available in this list.

Operators

- This list includes the mathematical operators:
 - Equal To
 - Greater Than
 - > Greater Than or Equal To
 - Less Than
 - Less Than or Equal To
 - Like
 - Not Like
 - Not Equal To
- Logical Operators:



- And: Use 'And'
- Or: Use 'OR"

Value

• The value of the SDE selected to define the condition should be entered here. The value may be numeric or alphanumeric, as required for the condition.

After building the condition, click 'Accept' to accept the same. To remove a condition, click 'Clear' in the screen.

After you build the condition(s), click 'Ok' in the screen. You will return to the 'UDE Rules' screen. The condition defined is displayed in this screen.

<u>Example</u>

Assume that you want to charge interest at 12% for home mortgages (Product Code - HOME) where the mortgage amount is greater than or equal to 100, 000 and an interest rate of 10% on mortgages less than 100,000. You can build these conditions in the form of UDE Rules.

Rule ID	Condition
UDE1	AMOUNT_FINANCED >=100000
UDE2	AMOUNT_FINANCED<100000

At the time of assigning values for the UDE 'INTEREST' (assuming that this is the UDE defined for the product in the 'UDE Values' screen(discussed below), you can associate the above rules and for a product, currency, rule and effective date combination, you can specify the value as 12 and 10 respectively. Depending on the condition that the mortgage satisfies (whether >= 100000 OR less than 100000), the appropriate rate is picked up for interest calculation.

Refer the section titled 'Specifying product Main details' in the 'Defining Product Categories and Products' chapter of this User Manual for details on defining UDEs.

3.5 Providing UDE Values

The actual values for the UDEs defined during product creation (in the 'Main' tab of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen) is maintained in the 'UDE Values' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDUDVMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Head Office Lines			_ ×
Product Detail			
Currency Co	de * A		
Product Co	de *		
Descripti			
Product User Defined Eler	nent Rules		
			<u>+ – iii</u>
User Defined Element	Rule Code *		
<			
Product User Defined Eler	nent Dates		
			+ - =
User Defined Element	Effective Date *		
	2		
			~
<			>
Product User Defined Eler	nent Values		
User Defined Element	Id User Defined Element Value	User Defined Element Currency	Rate Code Code Usag
	<u>^</u>	<u> </u>	×= ×
<			
Input By	Authorized By	Modification	Authorized
Date Time	Date Time	Number	Open

In this screen, you can maintain values for a 'Product Code + Description + Currency Code + UDE Rules + UDE Dates+ UDE Values' combination. The following details have to be captured here.



Product Detail

Product Code

You have to select the product for which the UDE values have to be maintained. The products offered at your bank are available for selection in the option list provided.

Description

After selecting the product the system will automatically generate a description for the product.

Currency Code

For the product selected, specify the relevant currency. This becomes the UDE currency and the values you capture for the UDE is expressed in this currency. The option list will include the currencies maintained in the 'Currency Definition' screen. You can select a relevant code from this list.

For details on 'Currency Definition' screen, refer the 'Currency Maintenance' chapter of the Core Services User Manual.

Product User Defined Element Rules

User Defined Element Rule Code

Here, you have to associate the relevant UDE Rule(s). The rules maintained in the 'UDE Rules' screen are available in the option list. For each associated rule, you can specify UDE values with different effective dates and depending on the rule that the mortgage satisfies, the corresponding UDE values become applicable to the mortgage and same are picked for Interest, Charge, Tax, Commission and Fee computation.

The UDE Rule is mandatory to save the record. The system will automatically link the default rule if you do not associate a rule.

Product User Defined Element Dates

User Defined Element Effective Date

You have to specify the effective dates for the UDE values. This is the date on which the UDE value becomes applicable in the system. The date should be in MM-DD-YYYY format. For a rule, you can maintain UDE values with different effective dates.

Product User Defined Element Values

UDE ID

The UDEs defined for the selected product is automatically displayed here.



UDE Value

For each UDE displayed for the selected product, enter the UDE value. As mentioned, you can maintain values with different effective dates. Note that the UDE values should fall within the minimum and maximum limit specified for the UDEs linked to the product.

Rate Code

If you want the UDE to have a floating interest rate, select the applicable rate code from the option list. Depending on the rate code selected, the rates are picked up from the 'Floating Rate Code Definition' screen. In this case, the value captured for the UDE becomes the spread against the rate code.

For instance, assume that the rate code is 'MIBOR' and the UDE value is 2 (positive spread). If the rate picked up as per the rate code (taking into consideration the effective date, amount slab and tenor) is 5%, then the actual interest applicable would be 7% (5 + 2). Similarly, if it were a negative spread, the interest would be 3% (5 – 2).

For details on maintaining floating rate codes, refer the section titled 'Maintaining Floating Interest Rates' in this chapter.

UDE Currency

The Currency of the UDE for UDE of Amount type will be captured

Code Usage

This is applicable only if you associate a 'Rate Code' with the UDE. It indicates the frequency at which you want to refresh the floating rates. The options are:

- Automatic: This implies that the rates will be automatically refreshed every time a rate change occurs. Therefore, rates are reapplied to the mortgages as and when there is a rate change.
- Periodic: This means that the rates will be refreshed based on the Rate Revision Schedule maintained at the component level (in the 'Components' tab of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen).

It is mandatory to specify the Rate Code usage if the rate code is maintained.

Cascade

You can change the UDE values even after creating accounts under the product. The cascade feature is used to determine the manner in which the change should be handled. If you choose to cascade (select 'YES'), the change becomes applicable to all the existing accounts under the product. However, if you do not cascade the changes, the new UDE values become applicable only to accounts created subsequent to the change.

3.5.1 Maintaining Fixed Amount UDEs in other Currency

To maintain UDEs in a currency different from the mortgage currency, you have to maintain the values separately for each currency. At the time of mortgage creation, the values defined for the UDE Currency is picked up and is displayed (in the 'Ude Value' field of the 'Account Details' screen) after conversion into the mortgage currency equivalent.



Example

Assume that at the product level (Product Code: HOME), you define three UDEs (of type 'Amount'), each in a different currency.

- UDE1 in CLP (mortgage currency)
- UDE2 in USD
- UDE3 in GBP

At the time of capturing the values for these UDEs in the 'UDE Values' screen, you have to maintain UDE values for the following three combinations:

- HOME + CLP + Default UDE Rule + Effective Date + UDE1
- HOME + USD + Default UDE Rule + Effective Date + UDE2
- HOME + GBP + Default UDE Rule + Effective Date + UDE3

At the account level, the value corresponding to the UDE currency (as specified at the product level) is picked up. For UDE1, the value corresponding to the first combination is picked up, likewise for UDE2 and UDE3 the values corresponding to the 2nd and 3rd combinations resp. are picked up.

The values, however, are displayed after conversion into the mortgage currency equivalent.

3.6 Applying the UDE Cascade Function

You also have the feature to change the value of a UDE for all the existing accounts under a product. However, the change will be applicable only to the existing accounts. UDE values for new accounts created under the product will be picked as per your specifications in the 'UDE Values' screen.

You can define new UDE values for existing accounts in the 'UDE Cascade' screen. To invoke this screen type 'CLDUDCMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.

Viser Defined Element Cascade				_ ×
- Product Details Branch Code * Currency Code 25 Product Code * 25	Reference User Defined Element * Effective Date	2		
Change Cascaded				
				+ - =
User Defined Element Id*	Old User Defined Element Value		New User Defined Element Value *	
			<u>, </u>	
				~
<				>
Input By Au Date Time	thorized By Moc Date Time	dification Auth Number Oper	orized n	Ok Exit



The code of the login branch is displayed here. The following information is captured in this screen:

Product Details

Reference

After saving the UDE cascade function, Reference will be generated by system itself

Branch code

Input the branch code in which the relevant data is maintained

CCY Code

Select a currency maintained for the product from the option list provided. The UDE value is applied in the currency selected here

Product Code

Select a product for which you have to change the UDE value. The change becomes applicable to all the existing accounts under the product

UDE Effective Date

The date on which the new UDE value is brought into effect is captured here. The date format should be 'MM-DD-YYYY'

After you specify the effective date, the system automatically generates a unique 'Reference' Number

Change Cascaded

UDE Id

The option list will display the UDEs defined for the selected product. Select the UDE that requires a change in value. When you select the UDE, the 'Old Ude Value' is also displayed in the next field.

New UDE Value

Provide the new value for the selected UDE

3.7 Maintaining Adhoc Charge Types

In order to maintain the various ad hoc charge types invoke the 'Adhoc Charges Type' screen. This screen allows you to capture and store ad hoc charge types such as legal fees, notary fees, and administration fees etc. which are applicable at the collection stage of the mortgage. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDADCMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Ad-hoc Charge Type				_ × _
- Charge Charge Typ Charge Descriptio	pe * pn			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized	Exit

Charge Type

Specify the charge type that can be levied on a mortgage in case of any delayed repayments. The valid values are of the type Admin Fee, Legal Fee, etc

Charge Desc

Specify a detailed description of the Charge Type

3.8 Maintaining Adhoc Charges

You can maintain adhoc charges in the system using the 'Adhoc Charges' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODADCHG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



d-hoc Charges —						
Branch	000	× Ξ				
Account Number		7 Ξ				
Internal Reference *	* 000ZSTL120600001					
Component Name		× Ξ				
Credit Account			-			
Charge Type	7					
Charge Incurred Date		2				
Reason					P	
Currency	×E					
Amount						
Exchange Rate		- -				
omponent Currency Equivalent						
Original Exchange Rate						
ut by Date Time	Authorized By	Date Time		contract status		

You need to enter the following details in the screen above:

Branch

Select the branch code of the bank that is servicing the mortgage.

Account Number

Select the account number on which the charges are to be levied from the option list.

Internal Ref No

A unique identifier for the specific ad hoc charge is displayed here. This is system generated.

Component Name

Select the component that is to be used to track the ad hoc charge from the option list.

Credit Account

Specify the account (GL) to which the ad hoc charges collected are to be credited from the option list. This in most cases is the account of the Collection Agency.

Charge Type

Select the charge type to be levied on a mortgage from the option list. The values in the option list are the charge types maintained using the Adhoc Charge Type maintenance.



Charge Incurred date

Specify the date on which the charge is to be levied on the customer. This cannot be a future date. Also, it should pass the accounting for ad hoc charges with a back date.

Reason

Specify the reason for which the charge is being levied on the account.

Currency

Select the currency for the adhoc charge.

Amount

Specify the amount of the ad hoc charge to be levied on the customer account.

Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.

You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

You can reverse the adhoc charges entered in the system. The Reversal button is enabled for all authorized adhoc charges entered in the system. The contract status for the adhoc charge will have the value as 'PAID' or 'REVERSED'. Post reversal of the adhoc charge, the contract status is displayed as 'REVERSED'.

At the time of Authorizing of reversal of Adhoc Charges, re-computation of IRR is done by the system if IRR is applicable for the product. The unauthorized reversals can be deleted and authorized. The delete and Authorize buttons will be enabled for unauthorized reversals.

The event code used for reversal of adhoc charge is RADC (Reversal of Adhoc Charge).

Adhoc charge reversal is not allowed if any event happens after the adhoc charge event. In such case, the event needs to be reversed first and then only adhoc charge can be reversed. The possible events are ALIQ/MLIQ, VAMI, DSBR, REVN.



3.9 Viewing Mortgage Adhoc Charges Summary Screen

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Adhoc Charges, through the 'Mortgage Adhoc Charges Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSADCHG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

		Account Nun	iber		> E		Branch		7
	Internal Re	ference Nun Contract Sta	iber itus	~	=	Authori	zation Status		*
Search	Advanced	Search	Rese	t	Records pe		1 of 1 🕨 🎢		Go to Page
count Nu	umber Branch	Componer	t Name	Charge Incurred Da	e Reason	Event Sequence Number	Credit Account	Amount	Charge Typ
uthoriza	ation Status -		Contract	Status					>
uthoriza - Author - Unauth	ation Status — rized norized		Contract P - Paid V - Reven	t Status					×
uthoriza Authoi - Unauth	ation Status — rized torized		Contract P - Paid V - Revei	t Status					

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Internal Reference Number
- Contract Status
- Branch
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Component Name



- Charge Incurred Date
- Reason
- Event Sequence Number
- Credit Account
- Amount
- Charge Type

3.10 Maintaining Holiday Periods

You can identify certain periods in the calendar as holiday periods when customers would have other expenses and would like to avail a repayment holiday. This would typically be during Christmas/New Year or for anniversary celebrations. Although, Interest computation continues for this period, repayments are not scheduled.

You can define repayment holiday periods in the 'Holiday Period' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDHOLMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Holiday Period Maintenance	e			_ × _
- Holiday Period Period Code * From Date To Date	Anniversary Period Principal Repayment Holiday			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized	Exit

The following information is captured to define a holiday period:

Period Code

You have to capture a unique code to identify the period in the system. The code can comprise of 30 alphanumeric characters.



Date From and Date To

For the period code specified, capture the holiday period i.e. the start date and end date for the holidays. The date format should be 'MM-DD-YYYY'. It is mandatory to specify the date range to save the holiday period.

Anniversary Period

This option is used to define an anniversary period. If you check this option, the holidays will be repeated every year for the given range of dates. By default, the system checks this option.

Principal Repayment Holiday

If you check this option, the system will apply the holiday period to the principal component alone. The simple interest formula defined at the product level will not be affected. By default, this option is unchecked. However, you may modify it.

While defining a mortgage contract, you may apply the holiday period codes maintained using this screen.

Example

Suppose that a product has dual formula for the MAIN_INT component as shown:

Formula Name	Formula Type	
FRM_MAIN_INT	Amortized	
FRM_MAIN_INT_1	Non-amortized	

A holiday period 'PRINHOL' is maintained as shown below:

Field	Value	
Period Code	PRINHOL	
From Date	1-Oct-00	
To Date	1-Nov-00	
Anniversary Period	Y	
Principal Repayment Holiday	Y	

Contract details are shown in the following table:

Value Date	01-Jan-2000	
Maturity Date	31-Dec-2000	

Once 'PRINHOL' has been linked as holiday period linkage, the system will generate Comp SCH as shown in the following table:

Formula	First Due Date	No. of Schedules	Frequency	Schedule Type
---------	----------------	------------------	-----------	---------------


Formula	First Due Date	No. of Schedules	Frequency	Schedule Type
FRM_MAIN_INT	01-Feb-2000	8	1	Monthly
FRM_MAIN_INT_1	01-Oct-2000	1	1	Monthly
FRM_MAIN_INT	01-Nov-2000	8	1	Monthly
FRM_MAIN_INT	01-Dec-2000	8	1	Bullet



3.11 Maintaining Check Lists

You can maintain check list for different events using the 'Check List Maintenance' screen. The check lists that you maintain here will be validated during the execution of that event while processing the mortgage. For E.g.- A checklist of documents required for mortgage processing can be maintained like ID proof, Bank statements, Income etc.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDCHKMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

🔷 Check List			_ ×
Module Co Product Co	ode 🔽	Product Description Event Code * Book	< 🔽
Check List Detail			
Check List Item*	P		
			~
<			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized Exit

The following details have to be captured here:

Event Code

Select the event code for which check list items have to be maintained from the drop down list.

Check List Item

Specify the check list item name that you want to maintain for the selected event. The check list items that you maintain here will be validated by the system during that event, while processing the mortgage.



3.12 Maintaining System Data Elements

The balance in the account for which the interest has to be calculated depends on the activities that take place in the customer account over a period of time. This information is constantly updated in the system and is readily available for computation of interest or charges. Data elements of this sort are called 'System Data Elements' (SDEs) because the values for the SDEs are necessarily picked up by the system while applying interest. You cannot input the values for these elements.

You can capture the various SDEs in the 'System Data Elements' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDSDEMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

🔷 System Data Elements			_ ×
Element Id Data Type	CHAR V	Function Name	* Ξ
SDE Text Description			
			+ - =
Language Code*	Language Text	Language Description	
<			>
Fields			
Input By	Authorized By	Modification Auth	orized
Date Time	Date Time	Number Ope	n

You have to maintain the following to define a SDE:

Element ID

Capture an id to uniquely identify the SDE in the system. You can devise an Id comprising a maximum of 30 alphanumeric characters.

Function Name

Here, you have to associate the Oracle function which would calculate the SDE value internally. The values available in the option list are factory shipped. The system picks up the value computed by the function for use in interest calculation.



Data Type

This indicates the nature of the data the SDE represents. The options are:

- Character
- Number
- Date

Language Code and Language Text

Select a language for the SDE being defined. You can select a code from the option list provided. The system automatically displays the corresponding text in the language selected for the SDE.

Language Description

Here, you have to provide the description of the SDE being defined, in the language selected. The description should not exceed 30 alphanumeric characters.

System Data elements can be balances like PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED, PRINCIPAL_OVERDUE etc. Some Oracle FLEXCUBE entities required for formula generation/rule set up will be factory shipped.

Name	Description
TENOR	Duration for which the mortgage is applied for in days
CUSTOMER_CATEGORY	Category of the customer of the mortgage which is maintained at the customer information file level
BRANCH_CODE	Code of the branch where the mortgage account is opened
ACCOUNT_CCY	Mortgage account's currency
LOAN_STATUS	Status of the mortgage account
CUSTOMER_ID	Primary customer's id for a mortgage account
NO_OF_RPMNT_SCHS	Number of repayment schedules excluding the moratorium ones
INCREASED_PRINCIPAL	Increase in the principal
DAYS	Days in a month
YEAR	Days in a year
RISK_CLASSIFICATION	Risk classification at line level which can be used

The list of standard SDEs available for use are given below:



Name	Description	
	at status change	
PREPAID_AMOUNT	Amount that has been prepaid	
MORA_OUTSTANDING	Total moratorium outstanding amount	
TOTAL_MORA_AMOUNT	Total moratorium amount	
INDEX_CCY	Index currency	
NEXT_WORKDAY	Next working day of the branch	
LAST_WORK_DAY	Last working day of the branch	
TODAY	Today's branch date	
TOTAL_PRINCIPAL	Amount for which the mortgage is applied for	
AMOUNT_FINANCED	Amount for which the mortgage is applied for	
PRINCIPAL	Amount disbursed	
INT_SUSPENSION_DATE	Interest suspension date based on risk classification. If classification is C, then the suspension date is one year from today's date. classification is D, then the suspension is immediate.	
COMPOUND_VALUE	Amount compounded within a schedule and is used internally	
RESIDUAL_DAYS	Tenor of the mortgage	
WORST_SCH	Worst Instalment Status	
APPLICATION_DATE	Application date in mortgage origination	
APPLICATION_SCORE	Application score in mortgage origination	
APPLICATION_TENOR	Application tenor in mortgage origination	
APPLICATION_PRINCIPAL	Application principal amount in mortgage origination	
_OVR_DAYS	<component> overdue days</component>	
_EXPECTED	<component> expected amount</component>	
_OUTSTAND	<component> outstanding amount</component>	
_CCY	<component> currency</component>	



Name	Description	
_OVERDUE	<component> overdue amount</component>	
_INS_OVR_DAYS	<component> number of days between the schedule due date and the maturity date</component>	
_FN_NO_REPAY_SCH	<component> number of schedules for a component if periodic</component>	
_NET_PRINCIPAL	<component> amount financed</component>	
_SCHODUE	<component> schedule amount due less amount settled</component>	
EMI_AMOUNT	The EMI amount for amortized mortgage contracts, in the current schedule for rental cash flow type of Mortgages	
TOTAL_SCHODUE	Amount overdue for the schedule.	
TOTAL_OUTSTANDING	Total Outstanding Balance of an Account.	
CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING	Holds the Credit Rating information of Customer	

The 'Customer Credit Rating' field at the Customer level will be used as a SDE CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING for defining status change rules. This will also be available for provision rule definition at the MO product level.

3.13 Maintaining Floating Interest Rates

You can apply interest either as 'Fixed' rate or as 'Floating' rate. A Floating Rate corresponds to the market rates for the day. These rates are maintained and updated daily (or whenever they change,) in the 'LD MM Floating Rate Input' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CFDFLTRT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Floating Rate C	Code Definition					_ ×
- Rate Code E	Franch Code * Rate Code * Description					
Currency	de *	+ - 1	Ef	fective Date and Amount S	Effective Date * Borro	+ – ☷ w Lend In ∽ w ♥
C Tenor and Intere	st Rate Details		<)m		× + - :::
Tenor *		Interest Rate				
Fields	_				_	>
Input By Date Time		Authorized By Date Time		Modification Number	Authorized	Exit

The floating interest rates are defined through this screen. A Rate Code identifies a set of rates defined for a combination of Currency, Amount Slab (optional) and Effective Date. Also, for each such combination, you can maintain rates that can differ by each tenor.

The following details have to be captured here:

Rate Code and Description

You can maintain new rate codes and also provide values for existing ones (like MIBOR, LIBOR etc). For a new code, you need to capture a unique id. The id can include a maximum 10 alphanumeric characters.



Currency

You have to associate each Rate Code with a currency. You can define rates for the same Rate Code in different currencies. Select a currency from the option list provided.

Effective Date

Each rate that you define for a Rate Code and Currency combination should have an Effective Date associated with it. This is the date on which the rate comes into effect. Once a rate comes into effect, it will be applicable till a rate with another Effective Date is given for the same Rate Code and Currency combination.

Example

Rate Code	-	TERMDEP45
Currency	-	U S Dollar

Effective Date	Interest Rate
01 January 2005	12.5%
14 January 2005	12.0%
31 January 2005	13.0%

These rates will be applicable as follows:

Period	Interest Rate
1 st January to 13 January 2005	12.5%
14 th January to 30 January 2005	12.0%
31 st January to one day before the next date	13.0%

The rates will be applied to a contract depending on whether it has been defined with 'Automatic' Rate Code Usage or 'Periodic' Rate Code Usage. You can specify this in the 'UDE Values' screen.

Amount Slab

For a specific Rate Code and Currency combination, you can define an amount slab. However, this is not mandatory. A rate that has been defined for an Effective Date - Amount Slab combination will be applicable to an amount less than or equal to the specified amount.

Example

Let us extend the example we discussed for Rates and Effective Dates to include amount limits.

Amount (USD)	Effective Date	Interest Rate
10,000	01 January '05	12.5%



Amount (USD)	Effective Date	Interest Rate
50,000	01 January '05	13.0%
999.9 million	01 January '05	14.0%

If the rates have to be applied on 1st Jan '05, they will be picked up as follows:

- For a mortgage with an amount less than or equal to USD10, 000 the rate will be 12.5%.
- For a mortgage with an amount greater than USD 10,000 and less than or equal to 50,000 the rate will be 13%.
- For a mortgage with an amount greater than USD 50,000 and less than or equal to USD 999.9 million, the rate applied will be 14%.

A huge amount (999.9 million) has been given as the last amount limit. This denotes that after 50,000 there is no upper limit in the slab

Borrow/Lend Indicator

For every Amount Slab - Effective Date combination, you should define the rate to be applied as a borrow rate, a lend rate or a mid rate. Borrow rates are applied for mortgages taken by the bank and lend rates applied on mortgages disbursed.

Tenor and Interest Rates

The rates that will be applied for a given combination of Amount Slab – Effective date – Lend/Borrow Indicator can be tenor based. In this screen, you can also define interest rates for different tenors.

For instance, for an amount slab you can maintain rates for the Rate Code LIBOR for tenors 1 - 30 Days, 30 – 90 Days and so on. If you do not maintain tenor wise interest rates, you have to maintain the tenor as '0' and then specify the rate. This is mandatory to save the details.

3.14 Maintaining User Defined Policies

User defined Policies are special validations and operations to be performed before or after a life cycle event of a mortgage. You can maintain policies in the 'User Policy' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDPOLMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Policy Maintenance			_ ×
Policy code * Policy Description Policy category	Servicing Originations		
Policy details			+ - =
Expression Line	Policy Expression	Condition Condition	Action Id
Fields		_	2
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized Exit

Specify the following details to maintain a policy:

Policy Code and Policy Description

A policy code identifies a policy uniquely in the system. The code is used to link the policy to a product/account. You can devise a code consisting of a maximum of 20-alphanumeic characters.

Also, for the code captured, provide a brief description in not more than 35 alphanumeric characters. The description is used for information purposes only.

Policy Category

Select the category to which the policy should belong. This implies if the Policy is to be linked to an Application (Origination and API or Product setup). The two options are:

- Origination
- Servicing

Policy Details

Expression Line

You can maintain multiple expressions for a policy and each expression is identified by a unique serial number. The serial number can consist of a maximum 6 digits.



Policy Expression

Here, you have to specify the expression for the policy which when satisfied by the mortgage, will trigger the corresponding action. You can maintain multiple expressions and action codes under a policy. Depending on the expression that is evaluated successfully, appropriate 'Action Id' is triggered. However, an expression is not mandatory to define a policy.

Action Id

You have to select the action that is to be triggered when the corresponding expression becomes valid for the mortgage. This refers to the wrapper name that is mapped to the actual PL/SQL code that executes the policy. Select the action id from the option list provided. The values available in the list are factory shipped.

The policies defined through 'User Policy' screen become available for association at the 'Product Category' level.

For more details, refer the section titled 'Maintaining Product Categories' in the 'Defining Product Categories and Products' chapter of this User Manual.



3.15 Maintaining Standard Policies

You can also categorize the policies defined through the 'User Policy' screen as standard policies' in the 'Standard Policies' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDSTDPL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Standard Policies			_ ×
Module Event Code Policy Code	a* * * *		
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized Exit

To maintain a standard policy, you have to specify the following in the screen:

Module

A standard policy is defined for a Module and Event combination. You have to select the module for which the policy should be applied. The option list will display the list of valid Oracle FLEXCUBE modules.

Event Code

The events defined for the selected Module are displayed in the option list provided. You may select an event from this list.

Policy Code

The policies maintained in the 'User Policy' screen are available in the option list provided. Select the appropriate policy for the selected Module and Event combination.



3.16 Maintaining Bulk Payment Preferences

If indicated at the Mortgages/Commitments level that bulk payments need to be maintained for an account, then preferences for the bulk payments are maintained at the Bulk Payment Preferences screen. Under a Mortgage/Commitment a customer can make multiple disbursements under that Mortgage/Commitment account. These multiple payments are treated as separate transactions with separate products and interest components. On payment of the Principal amount of any of the mortgages the Mortgage/Commitment is restored to the customer. As these multiple disbursals are treated as individual transactions, hence the Bulk Payment option provides the customer to make a single payment across for multiple payments. This payment can be configured to be split automatically among the different disbursals made based on a defined rule.

The Bulk Payment Preferences screen can be used for maintaining the priority for auto as well as manual liquidation of bulk payments. Invoke this screen by typing 'CLDBPPRF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Bulk Preferences			_ ×
Branch Code *		Allow Partial Allocation	
Bulk Entity *	~		
Liability Id *			
Bulk Entity Reference *			
- Prioritization Option			
 Earliest Do 	ue First	 Contract Level 	
⊖ Highest D	ue First	 Scheduled Level 	
Component	nt Prioritization	○ N/A	
Component Prioritization Option			
I4 4 10f1 ▶ ▶I			+ - =
Product Code Comp	onent Priority		
			×.
Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	
Checker	Date Time:	Record Status	Exit
		Authorization Status	

The following details need to be specified for maintaining the bulk payment preferences for multiple disbursals made under a single line/commitment:

Branch

The branch where the bulk payments preferences are maintained for a CL account is displayed here. The maintenance is done at this branch. The preferences maintained for each mortgage/commitment are only for this branch.

Bulk Entity

Select the bulk entity applicable for these payments from the option list provided. You can select the following values



- **1.1.** Limit Line This option displays all the valid limit lines in the current branch which have been attached to any of the mortgage accounts.
- **1.2.** Commitment The valid commitment reference numbers attached to any of the mortgage accounts in the current branch is displayed on selecting this option.

Bulk Entity Reference

Specify the bulk entity reference number associated with the relevant mortgage account. The bulk entity reference lists values as 'ALL' indicating that the rule is common for all references attached to a branch and not a specific reference maintained for that particular branch. On selecting a bulk entity reference number the customer mortgage ID is populated in the liability ID section. In case of limits the liability ID for the line linked is populated in the corresponding Liability ID section.

Liability ID

The Liability ID is populated with the customer mortgage ID on selecting a specific bulk reference number.

Allow Partial Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the partial payment is allowed for the individual mortgage amounts. If the payment amount is sufficient to liquidate only partially as against the total due amount then if the partial liquidation option is allowed then a partial amount is allocated against the total due amount.

Partial allocation is allowed for dues for all priority options. For all prioritization options, if the total payment amount provided for bulk payment only partially satisfies liquidation, then partial amount is allocated against the amount due, only if the Partial allocation box is checked otherwise the schedule is skipped from liquidation.

Prioritization Option

Select the appropriate prioritization option. You can select the following options:

- Earliest Due First
- Highest Due First
- Component Prioritization

On selecting Component Prioritization the 'Component Prioritization' details are enabled for entry. However on selecting the same Account level and Schedule Level are disabled for entry.

The following Priority combinations can be selected:

- Earliest Due first /Account level/partial allocation allowed.
- Earliest Due first /Account level/partial allocation not allowed.
- Earliest Due first /Schedule level/partial allocation allowed.
- Earliest Due first /Schedule level/partial allocation not allowed.



- Highest Due first / Account level/partial allocation allowed.
- Highest Due first /Account level/partial allocation not allowed.
- Component Prioritization/ partial allocation allowed.
- Component Prioritization/ partial allocation not allowed.

Earliest due first date

When you make this selection you can only specify the account level option. When the available amount is allocated while indicating account level or schedule level, amongst the due amounts belonging to the eligible accounts, then the account priority is applied in case of multiple accounts. The schedules with earliest due date are considered first and liquidation amount is allocated based on the due date at schedules level. In case of conflict arisen, the earliest value date and highest due is considered for resolution. If the value dates and highest due are the same then the resolution is carried out on the basis of the account number, that is, the earlier account number is considered first.

Highest Due First

When you make this selection you can also specify the account level. On allocating the bulk amount while indicating account level, the highest due amount within the accounts is determined and all components due in this account are marked for payment followed by the next highest due available among the rest of the accounts. In a conflict the earliest valued date is considered. If the value dates are same then the accounts are prioritized based on the account numbers.

Component Prioritization

Check this box to define the order for liquidation for components across products. When you make this selection you must also select the option N/A. The liquidation order defined here overrides the product liquidation order. If Component prioritization option is chosen then the fields under component prioritization options frame will be enabled.

According to the priority defined allocation of the bulk amount is done for all accounts. Similar to the cases described above the value date and highest due is considered for allocation, in cases of conflict due to value date and highest due the resolution is brought about by account number.

Component Prioritization Options

The component details related to prioritization are enabled for entry once the 'Component Prioritization' is enabled

Product Code

Specify the component product code for which liquidation prioritization details are maintained.

Products not listed in prioritization will not be considered for liquidation.

Component

Specify the component for which prioritization is maintained



Priority

Specify the priority for the component. The priority is a unique numeric character input by a user. The lower the number value the higher is the priority applied to the component.



3.16.1 Viewing Summary Records

You can view and amend details of a particular record by using the 'Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLSBPPRF' the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Summary			_ ×
Authorization Status		Record Status	×
Branch Code	<u></u>	Bulk Entity	×
BUIK Entity Reference	<u>^</u> =	Liability id	<u> </u>
	Search Advanced		Refresh Reset
15 🕶 📢 🖣 1 Of 1 🕞 🕅			
Authorization Status	Record Status Branch C	ode Bulk Entity Bulk Enti	ty Reference 🛛 Liability Id 🔷
			×
			Exit

To view a particular record double click on the desired record displayed in the list of records. The required record is enabled for action.



3.17 Maintaining Legal Heir Details of a Mortgage

You can maintain the details of a legal heir of a mortgage in 'Legal Heir Maintenance' screen. To invoke this screen type 'STDMOHEI' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Legal Heir Maintenance					_ >
Branch Code Accoun	e*t*				
Legal Heir Detail					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =
Serial Number *	Legal Heir Name	Is Customer	Customer No	Date of Birth	Gender 스
		~			Female 🐱
)				
Fields					
Maker		Date Time:		Mod No	
Checker		Date Time:	Aut	Record Status horization Status	Exit

In 'Legal Heir Maintenance' screen, you can specify the details of the legal heir.

Branch Code

Specify the branch code of the legal heir. This adjoining option list displays all valid branches maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Account

Specify the account number of the reverse mortgage loan.

Legal Heir Detail

Serial No

Specify the serial number of the legal heir detail.

Legal Heir Name

Specify the name of the legal heir of the mortgage loan. The legal heir need not be the customer of the bank.



Is Customer

You can choose the appropriate value from the drop-down list to indicate whether the heir is a customer of the bank or not.

- Yes
- No

Customer No

Specify the customer number if the legal heir is the customer of the bank.

Relation

Specify the relationship that the legal heir shares with the customer.

Date of Birth

Specify the date of birth of the legal heir.

Gender

Specify the gender (male/female) of the heir.

Percentage

Specify the percentage in the property that the heir holds.

Address Line1, 2, 3, 4

Specify the address of domicile of the customer. Four lines have been provided for this. Each line can have a maximum of 105 alphanumeric characters.

Country

Specify the country of domicile of the customer. This adjoining option list displays all valid Country codes maintained in the system.

Nationality

Specify the nationality of the heir.

Telephone

Specify the telephone number of the heir.

Email

Specify the e-mail id of the heir.

Fax

Specify the fax number of the heir.



4. Defining Product Categories and Products

4.1 Introduction

You may offer your customers a variety of financial services such as Vehicle Mortgages, Home Mortgages, Personal Mortgages, and so on. The different types of mortgages can be different 'Product Categories'. A product category is used to distinguish between the various mortgage services offered by the bank. Each of these mortgages are totally different and hence the need to categorize them.

Under a product category, you may have mortgages that may vary in features such as pricing, tenor, amount etc. Each variation of these services can, therefore, be considered as 'Products'.

At the time of capturing a mortgage application, you would specify details such as Mortgage Amount, Tenor, and Asset Class etc. The system automatically resolves the Product Category and Product applicable based on the application details. Hence, the Mortgage Account is created under the appropriate product.

The Mortgages Module will have an inheritance hierarchy as follows:



This chapter explains the procedure for setting up product categories and products.



4.2 <u>Maintaining Product Categories</u>

You can define the attributes for a Product Category in the 'Product Category' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDPRCMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Product Category			_ ×
Product Catego	pry *		
Product Category Policy			
Policy Code *		Event Code *	
			×
<u><</u>			
Product Rule Fields			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Authon Number Oper	Drized Exit

The following details have to be captured in this screen:

Product Category

You have to specify the name of the mortgage service which will identify the category uniquely in the system. For example: Home Mortgage, Vehicle Mortgage etc. The category name can consist of a maximum of 20 alphanumeric characters. The categories maintained through this screen become available for creating products under it (in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen).

Product category is mandatory to save the record in the system.

Policy Code and Event Code

To the category being defined, you have to associate a policy code. The policies maintained in the 'User Policy' screen are available in the option-list provided.

You have to associate an event code to each policy selected. Whenever the event is triggered, the associated policy gets executed.



4.2.1 Setting up a Mortgages product

As mentioned at the beginning of this chapter, within a category you may have mortgages that differ in amount, tenor or other preferences.

These may be categorized into products. The mortgage product is derived from the product category based on the product rule that it satisfies.

Product Categories and Products are created at the Head Office (HOB) and you can create accounts under the products at branch level.

The branches that can offer the products are further determined by the branch restrictions defined for the products.

You can capture product details in the 'Product Maintenance' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODPRMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Product Maintena	nce									_ × _
Product Maintena Produ Product Des Product C St E R	nce scription Slogan Category art Date nd Date semarks					Product	t Type	● Loan ○ Commitme □ Reverse Me	ent ortgage Loai	_ ×
User Data Elements	Prefere	nces	Components	Role To Hea	Account Sta	Atus Notio	ces and	Statements	Events	
Maker	Juneuon	custo	mer category	Data Time:	Troductrielus			Mod No.		
Checker				Date Time: Date Time:		Auti	Reco horizatio	nd Status on Status		Exit

In this screen, you can enter basic information about a product such as the Product Code, the Description, etc.

Specify the following details:



Product Code and Description

The code you enter for a product identifies it throughout the module. You can follow your own conventions for devising the code. However, it must have a minimum of four characters.

When defining a new product, you should enter a code. This code is unique across the CL modules of Oracle FLEXCUBE. For instance, if you have used VA01 for a product in this module, you cannot use it as a product code in any other module.

You should also enter a brief description of the product. This description will be associated with the product for information retrieval.

Product Type

Select the type of consumer Lending product that you are creating. The options available are:

- Mortgage Select this option if you want to create a mortgage product
- Commitment Select this option if you want to create a commitment product

Product Category

Products can be categorized into groups, based on the common elements that they share. For example Vehicle Mortgages, Personal Mortgages, Home Mortgages, and so on. You must associate a product with a category to facilitate retrieval of information for a specific category.

The categories defined through the 'Product Category Maintenance' are available in the optionlist provided.

Product End Date

A product can be defined to be active for a specific period. When you create a product, you specify an End Date for it. The product can only be used within the specified period i.e. within the Start Date (the date on which the product is created) and End Date.

If you do not specify an end date for a product, it can be used for an indefinite period and the product becomes open-ended in nature.

Remarks

When creating a product, you can enter information about the product intended for your bank's internal reference. This information will *not* be printed on any correspondence with the customer.

Slogan

You can enter a marketing punch line for every product you create. This slogan will be printed on all advices that are sent to customers who avail of the product.



4.2.2 Defining Other Attributes for a Product

After specifying the basic details of a product, you can define the other finer attributes for a product in the appropriate sub-screens provided. From the 'Mortgage Product' screen, you can move to the sub-screen of your choice to define these details. Click on the buttons provided at the bottom of the screen for this purpose.

Button Name	Description
User Date Elements	To define the UDEs and Components relating to the product
Preferences	To indicate your preferences specific to the product
Components	To specify the component details, schedule definition and formulae for the product
Notices and Statements	To specify details of account statements and notices to be issued to customers. These have to be generated for different events in the life cycle of a loan
Role to Head	To specify accounting roles and account heads for the product. (The concept of accounting roles and heads is explained later)
Account Status	To indicate the status preferences for the product
Events	To specify events
Branch/Currency Restriction	To define the branch and currency restrictions for the product
Customer Category Restriction	To Define the Customer Category Restrictions and Customer Access Restrictions for the Product
Fields	To associate User Define Fields(UDFs) i.e. Character Fields, Number Fields and Date Fields, with the product
Minimum Amount Due Method	To define the MAD formula for OLL product
Product Fields	To define Product fields
MIS	To define MIS details

Each buttons is explained briefly in the table below:



There are some fields in the product definition screens, to which input is mandatory. If you try to save a product without entering details in these fields, the product will not be saved.

When you save a product that you have created, your user-id will be displayed in the 'Input By' field and the date and time at which you saved the product in the 'Date/Time' field. The Status of the product will be updated as 'Unauthorized'. A product is available for use only after it has been authorized by another user.



4.2.3 Specifying User Data Elements

You can capture the user data elements details of a product by clicking the 'User Data Elements' button. The screen is displayed below:

◆ User Data Elements				-	×
Product Code		Product Description	ı		
User Data Elements				_	
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I			+-=		
User Data Elements Id	User Data Elements Description	User Data Elements Type	User Data Elements Currency		
		~			
<					
				1	
			Ok	Ex	it

The main details include the definition of 'Used Data Elements and Components

To define a User Data Element (UDE), you have to specify the following details:

User Data Elements ID and Description

Data elements like the rate at which interest has to be applied, the tier structure based on which interest needs to be computed etc. are called User Data Elements (UDEs). These are, in effect, elements for which you can capture the values. You have to specify a unique ID to identify the UDE in the system. For instance, you can have a UDE 'SUBSIDY_RATE' to indicate the rate to be used for calculating the subsidy interest amount. The UDE maintained here will be available for defining product rules.

You can also provide a brief description of the UDE being defined.

User Data Elements Type

UDE Type will describe the nature of the UDE. An UDE can fall into one the following types:



- Amount
- Number
- Rate
- Rate Code

User Data Elements Ccy

If the UDE type is 'Amount', you should specify the currency of the UDE. The currencies maintained in the 'Currency Definition' screen are available in the option-list provided. You can select a currency from this list.

Minimum User Data Elements Value

You need to specify the floor limit for the UDE value. This means that the actual UDE value cannot be less than the rate specified here. Note that this amount has to be less than the maximum UDE value. The system will throw an error message if the minimum UDE value is greater than the maximum UDE value.

Maximum User Data Elements Value

You need to specify the ceiling limit for the UDE value. This means that the actual UDE value cannot be greater than the rate specified here. Note that this amount has to be greater than the minimum UDE value. The system will throw an error message if this value is less than the minimum UDE value.

The UDE names alone are captured here. To capture the values for the UDEs defined for a product, you have to use the 'UDE Values' screen.

Refer the section titled 'Providing UDE Values' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual for more details.

Rate Change Restricted

On checking this option, the system validates if the changes done to the UDE is done during rate plan change window. If this field is unchecked, then the system will not put any restriction on the amendment of the UDE based on rate plan change window.

System will validate that either all the parameters for rate plan change is input or every parameter is null at the time of product input/amendment.

4.2.4 Indicating Preferences for a Product

Preferences are the options that are available to you for defining the attributes of a mortgage account product. These could be:

- The manner in which the system should handle schedules falling due on holidays
- Whether rollover should be automatic or with user intervention (manual)
- The tenor details for the mortgage



• Whether receivables should be tracked for the mortgage account etc.

The options you choose, ultimately, shape the product. These details are used for mortgage account processing.

Preferences						_ ×
Product Code		Description				
Rate/Account Preference	s Account Preferences	Holiday Preferences				
- Rate		- Liquidation		- Rate Plan Change Freque	ency	
Normal variance		Liquidation Mode	Auto 🗸	Tenor		
Maximum Variance			Allow Partial Liquidation	Unit	~	
Rate Type	STANDARD		Reset Retry Count for	Dete Directory		
Middle Rate	 Middle Rate 		Reversed Auto Liquidation	- Rate Plan Window		
	 Buy/ Sell Rate 	Retries Auto Liquidation Days		Tenor		
- Account Preferences — Notice day Basis	Pass Book Facility Liquidate Back Valued Schedules Back Period Entry Allow Special Interest Accrua Product	ved I	Track Receivable Auto Liquidation Amend Past Paid Schedule Packing Credit Product Notary Confirmation Required CL Against bill	Unit Schedule Basis	ATM Facility Cheque Book Interest Statement Limits Product Product Contract	
					Ok	Exit

Click 'Preferences' button in the 'Product Definition' screen.

You should maintain the following preferences for the mortgage product:

4.2.4.1 Rate/Account Preferences Tab

The exchange rate preferences include the following:

Rate

You have to indicate the exchange rate applicable for the product you are maintaining. The available options are:

- Mid Rate
- Buy/Sell Rate

By default, the Buy/Sell Rate is used.

Rate Type

You have to select the code that should be used for the product from the option list provided. The 'Rate' and 'Rate Type' are used in combination to determine the actual rate applicable for currency conversion.



The default value for Rate Code is 'STANDARD'. This means that, if you choose 'Mid Rate', the mid rate maintained for the STANDARD code is used for the mortgages created under the product.

Maximum Variance

When creating a product, you can capture the maximum limit for rate variance. This is expressed in percentage. The variance between the exchange rate (specified for the product) and the rate captured for a mortgage (at the account level) should not be greater than the value specified here. If the exchange rate exceeds the maximum variance that you have defined for the product, the system will not allow you to save the mortgage. The transaction is rejected.

This value should be greater the value for 'Normal Variance'.

Normal Variance

You also need to specify the minimum/normal variance allowed for the rate. If the exchange rate variance between the exchange rate (specified for the product) and the rate captured for a mortgage exceeds the value specified here, the system will display an override message before proceeding to apply the exchange rate. The normal variance should be less than the maximum variance.

For back valued transactions, the system applies the rate on the basis of the exchange rate history. The variance will be based on the rate prevailing at that time.

Account Preferences

As part of specifying the account preferences, you can indicate the following:

Amend Past Paid Schedule Allowed

This option, if checked, allows you to perform value dated amendments to interest rate, installment amount etc with effective date beyond the last paid schedule. In such a case, the increase/decrease in the interest amount, as a result of the amendment, will be adjusted against the next available schedule after the current system date (date on which the amendment was performed) even if unpaid (overdue) schedules are present for the mortgage.

Back Period Entry Allowed

This option facilitates back valued transactions. If you select this option, you will be allowed to process transactions with a value date less than the current system date.

Interest Statement

You have to select this option to facilitate interest statement generation for the account.

Liquidate Back Valued Schedules

If you select this option, on initiation of a back value dated mortgage, all the schedules with a due date less than the system date will be liquidated.



Special Interest Accrual

If you check this box, accrual of interest is done on the basis of the formula specified for a component. Otherwise, interest accrual will be done based on the number of days in the schedule.

CL Against Bill

Check this box if you want this Mortgages product to be used for mortgages against an export bill. By default this is not checked.

You are allowed to link multiple mortgages against one bill.

Product for Limit

Check this box to indicate that the product is for limits. If you check this option, the product will be available for limits linkage during line creation.

Packing Credit product

Check this box to indicate the possibility of linking CL Accounts to BC when you create them with this product.

Schedule Basis

You should also specify the schedule basis for the rolled over mortgage. The new mortgage can inherit the schedules from the mortgage product or you can apply the schedules maintained for the original mortgage itself.

Rate Plan Change Frequency

You can change the rate plan frequency of a mortgage account in the 'Preferences' button of the Product screen.

Tenor

Specify the amount of time to be given to the customer for rate change plan option..

Unit

Select the unit for the specified tenor from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Monthly
- Yearly

Rate Plan Window

Tenor

Specify the amount of time that the customer can take to decide on the 'rate plan' and intimate the bank about the decision.

Unit

Select the unit for the rate plan tenor from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Monthly
- Yearly

Liquidation Preferences

Liquidation preferences include the following:

Liquidation Mode

You can specify the mode of liquidation from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual
- Component

Partial Liquidation

In case of insufficient funds in the account, you can instruct the system to perform partial auto liquidation to the extent of funds available in the account. However, if this option is not selected, the schedule amount due will not be liquidated if sufficient funds are not available in the account.

Reset Retry Count for Reversed Auto Liquidation

If you have maintained a limit on the number of retries for auto liquidation, this option will reset the retries count to zero during reversal of auto liquidation. This will be applicable from the date of reversal of payment. Hence, the system will once again attempt auto liquidation till the number of retries allowed. The system will update the status of the reversed payment to 'Unprocessed' after which it again attempts auto liquidation.

Retries Auto Liq Days

Capture the number of working days for which the system should attempt auto liquidation. The number of retries per day will depend on the configuration maintained for the 'Liquidation Batch Process' - during BOD, EOD or both. For instance, if the batch is configured for both EOD and BOD, and the number of retry days is '1', then, auto liquidation is attempted twice on the same day i.e. once during BOD and another retry at EOD.



4.2.4.2 Holiday Preferences Tab

The value date, schedule date, revision date or the maturity date of a contract might fall on a local holiday defined for your branch or on a holiday specified for the currency involved in the contract.

Preferences					_ ×
Product Code		Description			
Rate/Account Preference	s Account Preferences Ho	liday Preferences			
- Holiday Treatment for Al	Schedules				
Holiday Check	Ad-hoc Treatment Require Use Facility Currency Local	d Holiday Currency	Move Across Month Cascade Schedules Use Contract Currency	Schedule Movement	Include Branch Holiday Use local Currency Move Forward Move Backward
 Holiday Treatment for Ma 	aturity/Value Dates				
Holiday Check	Include Branch Holiday Use Facility Currency Local	Schedule Movement	Ignore Holidays Use Contract Currency Move Forward Move Backward	Holiday Currency	Move Across Month
Holiday Period		Rollover Components		Authorization Rekey	
Holiday Period		Component		K € 10f1 ► ►	
			8		
					Ok Exit

You need to specify the following holiday parameters, which has to be considered for holiday handling:

Adhoc Treatment Required

Check this option to allow the movement of due dates of the schedules that fall on the newly declared holidays. This option is enabled only if the options, Ignore Holidays parameter and the Cascade Schedules parameter are not checked at the product level.

Ignore Holidays

If you check this option, the schedule dates will be fixed without taking the holidays into account. In such a case, if a schedule date falls on a holiday, the automatic processing of such a schedule is determined by your holiday handling specifications for automatic processes, as defined in the 'Branch Parameters' screen.

Cascade Schedules

If you check this option, when a particular schedule falls due on a holiday and hence is moved to the next or previous working day (based on the 'Branch Parameters'), the movement cascades to other schedules too. If not selected, only the affected schedule will be moved to the previous or next working day, as the case may be, and other schedules will remain unaffected.



Example

Assume that you have opted to move holiday schedules to the next working day and a schedule falling due on 29th April is moved to 30th April, 29th being a holiday.

The schedule date for May depends on whether you have chosen to cascade schedules. If you have, chosen to cascade schedules, the schedule date for May will be set as 30th May, since the frequency has been specified as monthly. All subsequent schedules will be moved forward by a day.

If you have not specified that schedules have to be cascaded, the date originally specified will be the date for drawing up the remaining schedules. Even if you move the April schedule from 29th to 30th, the next schedule will remain on 29th May.

However, when you cascade schedules, the last schedule (at maturity) will be liquidated on the original date itself and will not be changed like the interim schedules. Hence, for this particular schedule, the interest days may vary from that of the previous schedules.

Move Across Month

If you have chosen to move the schedule date of a mortgage falling due on a holiday, either to the next or previous working day and the movement crosses over into a different month, then this option will determine whether the movement should be allowed or not.

Schedule Movement – Forward /Backward

If you opt to move the schedule date falling due on a holiday across months, you need to specify whether the schedule date should move forward to the next working day in the following month or move backward to the previous working day of the current schedule month itself.

However, if you opt to ignore the holidays and do not select the 'Move Across Months' option, the system Ignores the holidays and the due will be scheduled on the holiday itself.



4.2.4.3 Account Preferences Tab

Preferences					_ 3
Product Code		Description			
Rate/Account Preference:	Account Preferences	Holiday Preferences			
Readjustment Entry Prefe	erences	- Accrual Preference		- Rollover	
Debit Credit Disbursement Mode	 Adjust Settlement Adjust Settlement Auto Manual 	Frequency Handling of Foreclosure Acquisition Type	Liquidate All Component for a Date Liquidate Each Componen Across Dates Daily Complete Accruals Par/Discount/Premium	or Roll By User Defined Element Type Rollover Rollover Type Allow Rollover	Days Product Contract Auto Manual Custom Special Yes No
Tenor		 Recomputation of Amortiz 	zation Loan at Amendments –	 Prepayment of Loan 	
Minimum Tenor Default Maximum Tenor Unit • Account Opening Installm Account Opening * Installment Calculation Type	nent Calculation Type	Value Dated Amendment * Action Value Dated Amendment * Installment Calculation Type —— - Interest Preference Interest Only Period Unit		Recomputation Basis Prepayment Effective from Prepay Equated Monthly Installment Type Minimum Equated Monthly Installment Amount Minimum Equated Monthly Installment Currency	Change Installment Vext Installment Single Installment
					Ok Exit

The rollover specifications for a mortgage account will apply to all mortgage accounts opened under the product.

Auto/Manual Rollover

You have the option to rollover the mortgage manually or instruct the system to do an automatic rollover. If you choose the do an auto rollover, then upon maturity of the mortgage, the system will automatically rollover the account.

The rollover will happen as part of the Rollover Batch executed at BOD or EOD, depending on your requirement.

Rollover Type

The following options are available:

- Custom: This determines if the Rolled over amount will include the unpaid components of the product. The option list provided will display the components relevant to the product from which you can choose the components that are to be rolled over.
- Special: Choose this option to indicate that a special amount is to be rolled over. The amount is captured at the account level when the actual rollover is initiated.

Rollover By

This is applicable if you have opted for automatic rollover. You have to specify the unit based on which Rollover will be triggered. The options are:



- Days
- Months
- Quarters
- Semi Annuals
- Years

UDE Type

Here, you need to specify whether UDE Values for the new (rolled over) mortgage should be defaulted from the product or from the original mortgage account/contract that is being rolled over.

Disbursement Mode

The following options are available to make a disbursement:

- Auto Choose this option to instruct the system for automatic disbursal of mortgage. In this case, disbursement happens based on the disbursement schedule maintained for the product. This is defined in the 'Components' button. By default, the system does an auto disbursal.
- **Manual** Choose this option to manually disburse the mortgage. Here, disbursement happens on demand. In this case, disbursement schedules need not be maintained for the PRINCIPAL component.

The 'Manual Disbursement' screen is used for this purpose.

For details, refer the 'Making Manual Disbursements' chapter of this User Manual.

Prepayment preferences for amortized mortgages

The following are the preferences based on which prepayment of amortized mortgage should be processed:

Recomputation Basis

Recomputation of amortized mortgages as a result of a prepayment can be based on one of the following:

- Recalculate Installment Amount: In this case the tenor remains constant.
- Recalculate Tenor: Here, the tenor is recomputed while the installment remains constant.

Prepayment Installment Calculation Type

For Prepayment of amortized mortgages, if you have chosen to recompute the Installment Amount keeping the tenor constant, then the Installment calculation can be one of the following types based on future rates:

• Single Installment: A single installment is computed using the future rates.



• Multiple Installments: Multiple EMIs are defined if a future rate change is known upfront.

While giving the UDE values, effective dates can be given based on which the UDE values will become applicable.

Let us say a mortgage is sanctioned on 1.1.2008. The rate of interest is as follows:

- > UDE value Effective date is 01.11.2007 10%
- > UDE Value effective date is 01.04.2008 11%

If the option chosen is 'Multiple installment' then based on the UDE values, EMI will be calculated depicting a higher EMI from 1.4.2008 at the new rate of interest. So, when ever a prepayment happens it will take into effect the two rates and calculate two different EMIs for these periods.

Prepayment Effective From

You can choose the date on which the prepayment should become effective. The prepayment can come into effect from the value date of the current installment (the day on which the payment is made) or the Next Installment.

Minimum EMI Amount

You can enter the minimum amount that has to be paid as EMI after recomputing the EMI. The recalculated EMI after prepayment should be greater than this amount.

Minimum EMI Ccy

You can enter the currency of the EMI amount to be paid.

Notary Confirmation Required

You can check this box to indicate that the product is a mortgage product that requires confirmation from the notary for disbursing the mortgage.

Interest Only Period

Specify (in numbers) the duration for which the customer needs to repay only the interest component. This period thereby indicates a holiday period for principal repayment.

Unit

Select the unit of period to be considered for the interest holiday, from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Days
- Weeks
- Months
- Years

Note that in Oracle FLEXCUBE, one month is equal to 30 days.


Tenor Preferences

You can set the minimum and maximum tenor limits for a product. You can also specify a standard or a default tenor.

Minimum Tenor

You can fix the minimum tenor of a product. The tenor of the mortgage account that involves the product should be greater than or equal to the Minimum tenor that you specify.

Maximum Tenor

Likewise, you can also specify the maximum tenor for a product. The tenor of the mortgage accounts that involve the product should be less than or equal to the Maximum tenor that you specify.

Default Tenor

The 'default tenor' is the tenor that is associated with a mortgage account involving this product. The value captured here should be greater than the minimum tenor and less than the maximum tenor. You can change the default tenor applied on a mortgage account during mortgage processing. However, the new tenor should be within the minimum and maximum tenors maintained for the product.

Units

The tenor details that you specify for a product can be expressed in one of the following units:

- Days
- Months
- Year

Recomputation of Amortization Mortgage at Amendments

You have to indicate whether the tenor of the mortgage should be reduced or the installment should be recalculated whenever a maturity date, principal change or a rate change is made against an amortized mortgage.

Recomputation basis for amendments

The possible amendments and the recomputation basis are given below:

- For amendment of maturity date of an amortized mortgage: You can opt to change the tenor, keeping the installment constant..
- For amendment of principal amount: You can affect it either as a Balloon additional amount in the last schedule or apportion it across the installments
- For interest rate change: You can change the tenor keeping the installment constant or vary the EMI and keep the tenor same.



VAMI Installment Calculation Type

For amendments, if the recomputation basis is 'Change Installment', then the Instalment calculation can be:

- Single Installment
- Multiple Installment based on multiple future rates

Account Opening Installment Calculation Type

The Account Opening Installment Calculation Type based on future rates can be:

- Single Installment: A single installment is computed using the future rates.
- Multiple Installments: Multiple EMIs are defined as per the future rates.

Readjustment Entry Preferences

You have to specify the manner in which adjustment entries passed due to back dated adjustments should be handled. The options are:

- Settlement: This means that the adjustment is settled directly
- Adjust: In this case, the entries are tracked as a receivable (Cr) or a payable (Dr), to be settled later

4.2.4.4 Prepayment Penalty Component

An SDE, 'CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT' defines the formula of the prepayment penalty component. This indicates the prepaid amount for the current year. This SDE picks its value from CLTB_LIQ_PREPAID table. 'CUR_PNLTY_COLLECTED' is an SDE that indicates the prepayment penalty already collected for the financial year. 'CUR_PRINCIPAL_OUTSTND' is an SDE that defines the formula of the prepayment penalty component. This indicates the principal outstanding amount at the beginning of the current year.

You can use the following formula to base the ceiling percentage on original disbursement amount:

CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT>(MAX_PREPAID_PCT*AMOUNT_DISBURSED/100)

You can use the following formula to base the ceiling percentage on the opening principal outstanding amount for the current year:

CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT>(MAX_PREPAID_PCT*CUR_PRIN_OUTSTND/100)

The result of the above formulae is as follows:

(CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT-(MAX_PREPAID_PCT*AMOUNT_DISBURSED/100))*(PREPAY_RATE/100)-(CUR_PNLTY_COLLECTED)



After the collection of pre-payment penalty, if there is any additional disbursement to the customer which leads to the increase in limit of the prepaid amount, system will not pass on the benefits back to the customer. However, for subsequent calculations the disbursed amount and the pre-payment penalty paid till date for the financial year is considered based on the formula defined. If SDE 'CUR_PRINCIPAL_OUTSTND' is the basis for calculation, the additional disbursement will not be considered in calculation for current year. It is used for calculation only from next year onwards.

4.2.4.5 Calculating NPV Difference

In case of early repayment of mortgages (partial or full), the following method is followed for penalty calculation:

Let us assume that, X% of the total mortgage amount can be paid in one year. Penalty is applicable on anything above X%. This penalty is the difference between the NPV of existing cash flows of the mortgage being paid and the NPV of the cash flows post-prepayment application. Both the NPVs are based on current yield curve i.e. yield rate supplied. This penalty can also be based on percentage of amount being overpaid.

A UDE, 'YIELD_RATE' is used for the calculation of penalty based on NPV of current cash flows of mortgage and NPV of new cash flows post-prepayment.

An SDE, XNPV computes the NPV value based on the current cash flows and future cash flows (i.e. post-prepayment application) respectively.

The formula for calculating NPV is as follows:

CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT > MAX_PREPAID_PCT * PRINCIPAL

The formula above can be used to base the ceiling percentage on original disbursement amount.

You can use the following formula to base the ceiling percentage on the opening principal outstanding amount for the current year:

CUR_PREPAID_AMOUNT > MAX_PREPAID_PCT * CUR_PRINCIPAL_OUTSTND

The result of the formula is as follows:

@XNPVDIFF (XNPV, YIELD_RATE)

Result of the formula can be some percentage of the difference of the NPV as shown below:

@XNPVDIFF (XNPV, YIELD_RATE) * 0.05

The computation of pre-payment penalty is done by the system at the time of allocate. Internally system applies the pre-payment and gets the future schedules. Subsequently, based on the formula defined for XNPVDIFF, system finds the difference between the NPV based on the yield rate and populates the same against the pre-payment penalty component.





Penalty based on NPV is supported by the system only when product is amortized.

4.2.4.6 Re-key Preferences

As a cross-checking mechanism to ensure that you are invoking the right mortgage for authorization, you can specify that the values of certain fields should be entered, before the other details are displayed. The complete details of the mortgage will be displayed only after the values to these fields are entered. This is called the re-key option. The fields for which the values have to be given are called the re-key fields.

You can specify the values of a mortgage that the authorizer is supposed to key-in before authorizing the same.

If no re-key fields have been defined, the details of the mortgage will be displayed immediately once the authorizer calls the mortgage for authorization.

The re-key option also serves as a means of ensuring the accuracy of the data captured.

4.2.4.7 IRR Accrual Preferences

If IRR computation is applicable for the product that you are defining, you need to specify the accrual preference for the same. You can do this through the Accrual Preference part of the preferences screen.

Accrual Frequency

Specify the frequency at which IRR accrual should be performed. This can be either Daily or Monthly. Choose the appropriate option from the adjoining drop-down list.

Handling of foreclosure

Specify how foreclosures in respect of the mortgage contracts under the product, must be handled. You can opt for complete accruals or refund. Choose the appropriate option from the adjoining drop-down list.

In case of pre-closure of the mortgage (prepayment of the total outstanding amount), the fund interest will also get liquidated and thus the accrual entries will get reversed.

Acquisition Type

Specify the acquisition type for the product. You can specify any of the following options:

- Par
- Par/Discount
- Par/Premium
- Par/Discount/Premium



Refer the section titled 'Processing of IRR application on mortgages' in this chapter to understand the IRR processing for this module.

4.2.5 Specify Components Details

You can define the features of the components in the 'Components' screen. Invoke this screen by clicking 'Components' button. The following screen displays:

Components					_ >
Class Code		- Component Details			
Class Code			< 10f1 🕨		Main Component
Class Description		Component			Capitalized
	Default From Class	Description			Interest Posting required
Moratorium		Currency		Component Type	
Period		Calculation Type			Propagation Required
Period Unit	~		~		Compound on Overdue
			Include in EMI	Liquidation Mode	Auto 🗸
Component Attributes -		- Component Defaults		Accruals/Provisioning	
	Special Component	Days in Month	Actual 🗸		Accrual Required
Penal Basis		Days in Year	Actual 🗸	Frequency	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Periodicity	~	Grace Days		Start Month	~
Rate To Use			Verify Funds	Start Date	
Basis Element			Interest Method Default	- Drenavment Threshold -	
Balance Type	Debit		From Currency Definition	Amount	
Family Tax	Credit		Applicable	Amount	
Formula Type	×			ouncity	
Schedule					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =
Sequence Number	Schedule type Start Refe	rence Frequency Unit I	Frequency Start Day	Start Date Start Month	n 🛛 Due Date On 🛛 Sch 🤷
	~	~	~		~
6 • 10					~
		111			2
Book Formulae Interme	diate Formulae Moratorium F	Formulae Installment State	us		
					Ok Exit
					En Ent

Specify the following details:

Class Code

Select a class code from the adjoining option list. The option list displays all the valid classes maintained in the system. One class can have multiple components defined. The system attaches all the components to the product on clicking 'Default from Class' button

On authorizing a component class, system will create the required accounting roles and amount tags.

Component Details

The basic information for a component is specified here. This includes the following:



Component

The Component which is selected in the list appears in Component field. For e.g. 'PRINCIPAL', 'INTEREST', 'PENALTY' 'PROV' etc. Subsequently, you have to define the parameters for these components in the 'Component' button of the screen.

For Commitment products, the MAIN_INT component is used for defining periodic fees on the unutilized commitment amount.

Currency

Associate the component with a currency. The component is expressed in the currency selected here. You can select the currency of your choice from the option list provided.

Calculation Type

Specify the manner in which the component should be calculated and liquidated. You can choose one of the following options (the applicable 'Component Type' is also provided):

- Formula with schedule (Component Type Interest)
- Formula without schedule (Charge)
- Penal Interest
- Prepayment Penalty
- Discount
- Schedule without formula (Principal)
- No schedule No formula (Ad Hoc Charges)
- Penalty Charges
- Savings

Note the following:

- 'Penalty Charges' are calculated only once for a 'Penal Basis' schedule. 'Penal Basis' is explained later in this user manual.
- The component 'Savings' is used for interest calculation on the value dated balance of the savings account. This component needs to be defined as simple interest component with its basis element as 'CUSTAC_BAL', and rate to use as 'INTEREST_RATE'. Formula for this component is given below:

@SIMPLE (CUSTAC_BAL, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

• Select the option in 'Calculation Type' as 'No Schedule No Formula' for adhoc type component.



Main Component

This option is used to designate a component as the 'Main' Interest component. If you enable the 'Main Component' option for a particular component, the system treats this component as the main component. Also, you are allowed to define the amortization schedules only for this component.

'Principal' is an implicit component that is automatically created for the product

Capitalization

You can indicate whether capitalization is required for all the schedules for various component of the mortgage. At anytime, the outstanding interest will be capitalized on the schedule date at the rate prevalent on that day. You can opt for capitalization at the component level or opt for capitalization/non capitalization for a particular schedule at the 'Schedule' level.

You could have more than one type of schedules applicable on a product. In such a case, you can designate one as the capitalized and the other as un-capitalized schedule.

Description

The Description of the component which is defined in Main button for the component will appear in this field once you select the component in component list.

Component Type

Indicate the nature of the component. This is also known as the 'Reporting Type'. It defines the manner in which the component should be classified for reporting/accounting purposes. A component can be of one of the following types:

- Reimbursement: these are components which have both Dr and Cr mapped to settlement accounts
- Off-Balance Sheet (OBS): An OBS Component will have balances but these need not be zero when an account is closed
- Fund Interest: This indicates the funding component
- Ad hoc Charges
- Charge
- Tax
- Insurance
- Interest
- Provisioning
- Deposit

The fund interest component gets liquidated on schedule even if the customer does not pay the other components.



During EOD, provisioning event is triggered for all mortgage accounts linked to a customer whenever you modify the credit rating of a customer at the customer level. Provisioning amount is calculated based on the formula maintained for the Provisioning Component at the Product level. During EOD batch, PROV event is picked and processed for all the mortgage accounts for which PROV event is to be triggered. As a part of end of day batch accounting entries are passed for the calculated provision amount.

Even though the credit rating changes at customer level, the Provision event will not be triggered for accounts belonging to that CL product level, if the following maintenances are not done:

- Provisioning component maintenance at product level
- Provisioning event (PROV) maintenance at product level
- If Accrual frequency is daily at product level

Propagation is required

Check this option to indicate that the interest amount collected from the borrower should be passed on to participants.

Compound On Overdue

Check this box to compound the interest/penalty interest when it is overdue.

Wote the following:

- This check box can be checked only for a single interest and penalty components.
- If you check this box, then the system compounds the overdue interest or penalty computed till the last compounding date, to the principal.
- If this check box is checked and a component schedule is overdue, then the system triggers re-computation on the compounding dates and compound the overdue/penal interest on that date.

Example

Example of an overdue schedule being compounded:

Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Aug-07
Maturity Date	30-Nov-2008
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360



Unpaid Installment	30-Nov-2007
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000 000000 00000	1.000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 00					20000.00
30-Nov- 07	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.025 2777 777 7778 0000 00	1.10530922 06 7044000000	4312.1 9	509.83	3802.36	16200.76
30-Sep- 07	30					166.6666 667		
31-Oct-07	31					173.6574 074		
30-Nov- 07	30					169.5027 006		
29-Feb- 08	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.051 1945 216 0494 0000 00	1.07835045 91 9067000000	4312.1 9	522.82	3789.37	12408.27
31-Dec- 07	31					176.6124 25		
31-Jan-08	31					178.1332 542		
29-Feb- 08	29					168.0757 485		
31-May- 08	92	1.02555 55555	1.078 0583 816	1.05147932 09	4312.1 9	542.09	3770.1	8638.17



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		555600 0000	0151 0000 00	8765000000				
31-Mar- 08	31					181.1144 861		
30-Apr-08	30					176.7813 707		
31-May- 08	31					184.1963 671		
31-Aug- 08	92	1.02555 55555 555600 0000	1.105 6087 624 6466 0000 00	1.02527777 77 7778000000	4312.1 9	444.92	3867.27	4770.90
30-Jun-08	30					143.8545 833		
31-Jul-08	31					149.8884 839		
31-Aug- 08	31					151.1791 903		
30-Nov- 08	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.133 5560 95 0714 0000 000	1.00000000 00 0000000000	5112.3 6	341.46	4770.90	0.00
30-Sep- 08	30					111.6273 333		
31-Oct-08	31					116.3094 798		
30-Nov- 08	30					113.5268 068		
				5.26071632 04 2076000000				

Example of a partially overdue schedule being compounded:



Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Aug-2007
Maturity Date	30-Nov-2008
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment
Partially Paid Installment	29-Feb-2008
Partially Paid Amount	200

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000 000000 00000	1.000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 00					20000.00
30-Nov- 07	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.025 2777 777 7778 0000 00	1.10530922 06 7044000000	4312. 19	509.83	3802.36	16197.64
30-Sep- 07	30					166.6666 667		
31-Oct-07	31					173.6574 074		
30-Nov- 07	30					169.5027 006		
29-Feb- 08	91	1.02527 77777	1.051 1945	1.07835045 91	4312. 19	412.9	3899.29	12298.35



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		777800 0000	216 0494 0000 00	9067000000				
31-Dec- 07	31					139.4796 778		
31-Jan-08	31					140.6807 528		
29-Feb- 08	29					132.7378 368		
31-May- 08	92	1.02555 55555 555600 0000	1.078 0583 816 0151 0000 00	1.05147932 09 8765000000	4312. 19	422.96	3889.23	8409.12
31-Mar- 08	31					141.3129 833		
30-Apr-08	30					137.9321 082		
31-May- 08	31					143.7175 938		
31-Aug- 08	92	1.02555 55555 555600 0000	1.105 6087 624 6466 0000 00	1.02527777 77 7778000000	4312. 19	322.72	3989.47	4419.65
30-Jun-08	30					104.3442 5		
31-Jul-08	31					108.7209 116		
31-Aug- 08	31					109.6571 194		
30-Nov- 08	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.133 5560 95 0714 0000	1.00000000 00 0000000000	4637. 14	217.49	4419.65	0.00



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
			000					
30-Sep- 08	30					71.09866 667		
31-Oct-08	31					74.08086 074		
30-Nov- 08	30					72.30849 606		
				5.26071632 04				
				2076000000				

Liquidation Mode

You can specify the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual

This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the product preference level.

Component Attributes

The component attributes include the following:

Periodicity

The periodicity of the component can be either:

- Daily
- Periodic

If you choose the periodicity as 'Daily', any changes to UDE and SDE values will result in recalculation of the component. The recalculation happens as and when a change in value occurs. If maintained as 'Periodic', the values and calculations of the elements will be refreshed on the last day of the period.

In case of a product having main and subsidy interest components, the schedule periodicity needs to be identical for both components.



Special Component

You can define a component as a 'Special Interest Component'. You can override such components at the account level. You may need to apply a special interest component as a result of customer negotiations. A special interest component is specified as an amount.

Formula Type

You can specify the type of formula to be used for calculating the component. This formula is applied for the component across all its' schedules. It can be one of the following:

- User Defined: This can also include a combination of standard formulae for different schedules of the component or can have a completely user defined formula.
- Standard
 - Simple
 - > Amortized Rule of 78
 - Discounted
 - Amortized Reducing
 - True Discounted
 - Rate Only

You can choose the option 'Amortized Reducing' for subsidy component.

PNote the following:

- This is not applicable for the 'PRINCIPAL' component
- For a commitment product, the formula type cannot be 'Amortized', 'Discounted' or 'Simple'

Penal Basis

You may want to allot the penalty to the recovery of certain components. Once a component is overdue, an appropriate penalty is applied. Therefore, you need to identify the component, which on becoming overdue will trigger the penalty computation. However, the system will calculate the penalty on the component you select in the 'Basis Element' field.

For commitment products 'PRINCIPAL' is not used for penal basis and for basis amount. In case of EMI products, instalment amount is used for calculating the penalty.

Balance Type

Identify the nature of the balance that the component would hold. This can be represented through this field. For instance, for a mortgage product, the 'Principal' component is expected to have a 'Debit' balance.



Basis Element

If you select the 'Standard' formula type, you have to specify the component upon which calculation should be performed. The component is denoted by an SDE (e.g. PRICIPAL_EXPECTED) and you can select it from the option list provided. For an overdue/penalty component, this is the element on which penalty is applied.

This is not applicable if 'Formula Type' is 'User Defined'

Rate to Use

Here, you need to select the UDE which will define the rate to be used for computing the component. The value of the selected UDE is picked up as per the maintenance in the 'UDE Values' screen. For instance, you need to choose the option 'SUBSIDY_RATE' for a subsidy interest component.

This is applicable only for components defined with 'Standard' Formula Type

The 'Basis Element' for computing fund interest will always be 'Principal Outstanding' and the 'Formula Type' will be 'Simple', independent of the main interest component. The liquidation mode for funding component will always be 'Auto', independent of the Product / Account Liquidation mode.

Moratorium Preferences

The following parameters have to be specified:

Moratorium Period and Period Units

If you wish to provide a moratorium on a mortgage, you need to mention the moratorium period and moratorium unit for each component. This refers to a repayment holiday at the beginning of the mortgage. When you input a mortgage in Oracle FLEXCUBE, the repayment start date of each component will be defaulted based on your specifications here. The moratorium unit should be in terms of:

- Days
- Months
- Years

Computation Defaults

For computing interest, you have to specify the following:

Days in Year

You can specify the number of days to be considered for a year during computation of a particular component. This could be:

• 360: This means that only 360 days will be considered irrespective of the actual number of calendar days



- 365: In this case, leap and non leap year will be 365
- Actual: In this case, leap year will be 366 and non leap year will be 365

This value corresponds to the denominator part of the interest method

Days in Month

Here, you have to specify the number of days to be considered in a month for component computation. The options available are:

- Actual: This implies that the actual number of days is considered for calculation. For instance, 31 days in January, 28 days in February (for a non-leap year), 29 days in February (for a leap year) and so on
- 30 (EURO): In this case, 30 days is considered for all months including February, irrespective of leap or non-leap year
- 30 (US): This means that only 30 days is to be considered for interest calculation for all months except February where the actual number of days is considered i.e. 28 or 29 depending on leap or non-leap year

The value selected here corresponds to the Numerator part of the Interest method

Interest Method Default from Currency Definition

You also have the option to use the interest method defined for the currency of the component. In this case, the interest method defined in the 'Currency Definition' screen (for the component currency) will become applicable to the mortgage. By default, this option is checked.

Grace Days

The grace days refer to the period after the repayment date, within which the penalty interest (if one has been defined for the product) will not be applied, even if the repayment is made after the due date. This period is defined as a specific number of days and will begin from the date the repayment becomes due. However, if the customer fails to repay even within the grace period, penalty will be applied and calculated from the repayment due date.

However, in case a penalty charge is defined for a penal basis component under a retail lending product, the 'Grace Days' is defined as part of itself. The schedule due date for the penalty charge is then computed by adding the 'Grace Days' to the corresponding schedule due date of the penal basis component.

IRR Applicable

Check this option to indicate that the chosen component needs to be considered for Internal Rate of Return (IRR) calculation. This option is applicable to interest, charge, adhoc charge, prepayment penalty, penalty and upfront fee components.

This option should not be checked for Commitment products.

If a charge component is to be considered for IRR, the charge will be accrued using the FACR (Upfront Fee Accrual) batch.



The following components cannot be considered for IRR calculation:

- Off-balance sheet component
- Provision component

If you check this option, then you have to check the 'Accrual Required' option.

For bearing type of component formula, you can check this option only if the 'Accrual Required' option is checked.

For discounted or true discounted types of component formula, this option will be enabled irrespective of the whether the 'Accrual Required' option is checked or not. If this option is checked and 'Accrual Required' is not, the discounted component will be considered as a part of the total discount to be accrued for Net Present Value (NPV) computation. If both 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' are checked, then discounted interest will be considered for IRR computation.

Verify Funds

You can indicate whether the system should verify the availability of sufficient funds in the customer account before doing auto liquidation of the component.

Accruals/Provisioning

To perform accrual of the components, you have to capture the following details:

Accrual Required

You can use this option to indicate that the component has to be accrued and provisioning is applicable. For the components that have been marked for accrual, you need to specify the accrual frequency, start month and start date in the respective fields.

If the 'Calculation Type' is 'Penalty Charges' for a component, the 'Accrual Required' option is disabled.

Accrual Frequency

If you have opted for accrual and provisioning for the components, you have to specify the frequency for the same. The frequency can be one of the following:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half yearly
- Yearly



Accrual Start Month

If you set the accrual/provisioning frequency as quarterly, half yearly or yearly, you have to specify the **month** in which the *first* accrual has to begin, besides the date.

Accrual Start Date

In the case of monthly, quarterly, half yearly or yearly frequencies, you should specify the date on which the accrual/provisioning has to be done. For example, if you specify the date as '30', accruals will be carried out on the 30th of the month, according to the frequency that you have defined.

Prepayment Threshold

This includes the threshold amount and currency, explained below:

Amount

Here, you can maintain the minimum limit for allowing prepayment of schedules. If the residual amount after prepayment against a schedule is less than the threshold amount you specify here, the system will disallow the prepayment.

Currency

If you specify the threshold amount, you also have to indicate the currency in which the amount should be expressed. You can select the currency from the option-list provided.

4.2.5.1 Intermediate Formula

Intermediate Formulae are used as building blocks for more complex formulae. An intermediate formula is used to create a Booked/Moratorium formula as an intermediate step. It will not be associated directly to any schedule.

To define an intermediate formula, click 'Intermediate' in the 'Components' button of the screen. The 'Intermediate Formula - Expression Builder' screen is displayed.



🔷 Intermediate Formula					_ ×
	4	10f1 🕨	Round Up/Down (decimal)	~	
Formula Name			Rounding Factor(decimal)		
Compound Days					
Compound Months					
Compound Years					
Expression					
🚺 🖣 10f1 🕨 🔰 🗌					+ - =
Line (Condition	Result	Condition	Formula Type	
			Condition		
					~
L					
					Ok Exit

Formula Name

Specify a suitable name to identify the formula that you are defining. After you specify the name you can define the characteristics of the formula in the subsequent fields. You have to use the name captured here to associate a formula with a schedule. The name can comprise of a maximum of 27 alphanumeric characters.

Round Up To

If you want to round off the results of an intermediate formula, you can indicate the number of digits upto which the results should be rounded-off to. Compound Days/Months/Years

If you want to compound the result obtained for the intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest.

The frequency can be in terms of:

- Days
- Months
- Years

If you do not specify the compound days, months or years, it means that compounding is not applicable

Rounding Factor

Specify the precision value if the number is to be rounded

It is mandatory for you to specify the precision value if you have maintained the rounding parameter.



Compound Days

If you want to compound the result obtained for the intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of days.

Compound Months

If you want to compound the result obtained for an intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of months.

Compound Years

If you want to compound the result obtained for an intermediate formula, you have to specify the frequency for compounding the calculated interest. The frequency can be in terms of years.

Condition and Result

A formula or calcualtion logic is built in the form of expressions where each expression consists of a 'Condition' (optional) and a 'Result'. There is no limit to the number of expressions in a formula. For each condition, assign a unique sequence number/formula number. The conditions are evaluated based on this number. To define a condition, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The following screen is displayed:

Condition Builder				×
Fields	> :	Operator		•
Condition		value]
Element			And	
Linnical On			Or	
Maethematical Op			Clear Condition	
				UK Cancel

In this screen, you can use the elements, operators, and logical operators to build a condition.

Although you can define multiple expressions for a component, if a given condition is satisfied, subsequent conditions are not evaluated. Thus, depending on the condition of the expression that is satisfied, the corresponding formula result is picked up for component value computation. Therefore, you have the flexibility to define a computation logic for each component of the product.

The result of the formula may be used as an intermediate step in other formulae.



4.2.5.2 Using Intermediate Formulae for Amortized Mortgages

You can use intermediate formula in the interest components of amortized mortgage mortgages. To enable this, you need to select the UDE 'Z_INTRMDT_RATE' against the field 'Rate to Use'.

Further, you can set an intermediate formula with a combination of multiple UDEs in the 'Result' field. For example, you may specify the following formula:

INTEREST_RATE + MARGIN_RATE

This implies that the result is the sum of two user defined elements viz. 'INTEREST_RATE' and 'MARGIN_RATE'. You may also define different formulae based on the conditions set. Intermediate formulae support the following mathematical functions:

- Plus (+)
- Minus (-)
- Multiplication (*)
- Division (/)

Based on requirements, you may define and set various formulae using the above mathematical functions.

The system calculates the value of the UDE 'Z_INTRMDT_RATE' based on the intermediate formula defined. This calculation is handled in the system generated package. Apart from 'Z_INTRMDT_RATE', the system will not allow you to define a UDE that starts with 'Z_'.

Oracle FLEXCUBE uses the following formats to display the derived interest rate:

Formats
MO_AMD_ADV
MO_LOAN_DETAIL
MO_CONTR_STMT
MO_UDE_ADVC
MO_RTCH_ADV

4.2.5.3 Booked Formula

Booked Formula refers to the formula used to compute a component value for a particular schedule. You can use intermediate formulae to create a 'Booked' formula. To create the formula, click 'Book' in the 'Component' button of the screen. The following screen is displayed:



Book Formula					_ ×
		10f1 🕨		Amortized	
Formula Name		_	Amortization Basis Element	~	
Compound Days		_	Round Up/Down (decimal)	*	
Compound Months			Rounding Factor(decimal)		
Compound Years		_			
Due Date On		_			
Start Month	~				
Expression					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =
Line	Condition	Resu	It Condition	Formula Type	
			Condition B		
					~
					Ok Exit

The SDEs available will be shown in the Condition Builder. You can use the relevant ones to build the formula. For instance, you need to use the SDE 'TOTAL_SCHODUE' in the formula to compute schedule amount for subsidy mortgage products. The Booked formula so created will be linked to a schedule.



The system uses few specific SDEs to compound the penalty interest on the compounding details. The SDEs and respective value are as follows:

SDE	Value
PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND _ODUE_COMP	If there is compounding defined and is overdue past the subsequent compounding date that follows this schedule, this SDE returns the sum of principal expected for the schedule and the principal that is overdue.
<componentname> _OVERDUE_COMP</componentname>	If there is no compounding defined, this SDE returns the total overdue for the component.
	If there is compounding defined, this SDE returns the total overdue for a component on a compounding date, and would return the total overdue for a component till the last compounding date, on non-compounding dates.
<component_name >_POST_MAT_ODUE</component_name 	This SDE returns the total overdue for the component post maturity date of the account.

These are some of the examples of the formulae generated by the system on its own by choosing the formula type and the basis elements.

- Simple -@SIMPLE(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR,COMPOUND_VAL UE)
- Amortized Reducing -@AMORT_RED(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Discounting -@DISCOUNTED(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Amortised Rule 78 -@AMORT_78(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- True Discounted -@TRUE_DISC(PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED,(INTEREST_RATE),DAYS,YEAR)
- Stamp duty-

TOTAL_OUTSTANDING * STAMP_DUTY_RATE

• Amortized Formula - Compound on overdue for main interest -

@AMORT_RED (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + MAIN_INT_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

• Amortized Formula - Compound on overdue for penalty component -

@AMORT_RED (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

 Amortized Formula – Compound on overdue for penalty component on principal and main interest –

@AMORT_RED (PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED + PEN_PRIN_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

@AMORT_RED (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + PEN_PRIN_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

• Simple – Compound on overdue for main interest –

@ SIMPLE (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + MAIN_INT_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

• Simple – Compound on overdue for penalty component –

@ SIMPLE (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

• Simple - Compound on overdue for penalty component on principal and main interest -

@SIMPLE (PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED + PEN_PRIN_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

@SIMPLE (PRINCIPAL_EXP_AND_ODUE_COMP + PEN_PRIN_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP + PEN_INT_COMPNAME_OVERDUE_COMP, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

The parameters required to create a 'Booked' formula are similar to the ones explained for an Intermediate formula.

Line	Condition	Result
1	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="AAA"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0015
2	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="AA+"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0025
3	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="AA"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0035
4	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="A+"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0045
5	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="A"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0055
6	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="BBB"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0065

The formula for calculation of 'Provision Amount' is defined based on the following conditions:



7	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="BB+"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0075
8	CUSTOMER_CREDIT_RATING="BB"	PRINCIPAL_OUTSTAND*0.0085

Amortized

Select this option to specify that the schedules of the component should be amortized

For Commitment products do not select this option

Amortization Basis

If you opt to Amortize the schedules of the component, you have to identify the element based on which the component is amortized. For example, if it is deposit interest, the amortization basis would be 'Principal'. The components are available in the option list provided.

In case of a subsidy mortgage, amortization is done with both the main interest and the subsidy component. For instance, if the interest rate is x% and the subsidy rate is y%, amortization will be done using net interest rate as x+y%, in the aforesaid scenario. The interest component will be calculated for the main interest and the subsidy component based on the principal expected and the individual rates for the components.

Due Date On

Specify day on which you need to compound the interest.

Start Month

Select month from which you need to compound the interest from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the names of the months in year.

Compounding Frequency

Suppose compounding should be processed on the 7th of every month, then the 'Due Date On' should be maintained as 7. If it is required that compounding should start from a specific month say March, then the Start Month should be maintained as 3. If the 'Start Month' or 'Due Date On' are not maintained, then the system will continue to compound based on the loan value date, for the given frequency (in days/months/years).

Example:

Let a loan be opened with the following details:

Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Jan-2008
Maturity Date	30-Jan-2009
Payment Frequency	Half-Yearly

Compounding Frequency	Quarterly
Due Date	7 th
Start Month	3 (March)
Rate of Interest	10%

The compounding dates would be as follows:

- 07-Apr-2008
- 07-Jul-2008
- 07-Oct-2008
- 07-Jan-2008

On these compounding dates for a component, the system will trigger re-computation of that component so that the interest gets compounded to the principal and the interest for the next period gets computed on this compounded amount as follows:

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000	1.0000 000000					20000.00
		000000 0000	000000 0000					
31-Jul- 2008	182	1.05055 55555	1.0505 555555	1.05111111 11	10767 .34	1032.92	9734.42	10265.58
		555600 0000	555600 0000	1111000000				
7-Feb- 2008	7					38.8888 8889		
7-Mar- 2008	29					161.424 3827		
7-Apr- 2008	31					173.947 1421		
7-May- 2008	30					169.785 5034		
7-Jun- 2008	31					176.907 0621		
7-Jul- 2008	30					172.674 6082		
31-Jul- 2008	24					139.290 8506		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
31-Jan- 2009	184	1.05111 11111	1.1042 506172	1.00000000 00	10801 .71	536.13	10265.58	0.00
		111100 0000	839500 0000	0000000000				
7-Aug- 2008	7					19.9608 5		
7-Sep- 2008	31					88.5699 351		
7-Oct- 2008	30					86.4509 2321		
7-Nov- 2008	31					90.0770 5915		
7-Dec- 2008	30					87.9219 8973		
7-Jan- 2009	31					91.6098 2874		
31-Jan- 2009	24					71.5344 7057		
				2.05111111 11				
				1111000000				

To bring down the difference between the bullet EMI and the other EMI, the system will compute the present value of the differential amount and add it to the basis amount and re-compute the EMI in an iterative process till the difference between the two is less than 1.

The present value of the residual principal would be computed using the following formula:

Present Value = Diff In EMI / ((1 + R/100/C) ^ (N * I))

Where,

- R Rate of Interest for the loan account
- C Number of compounding cycles per annum
- N Total number of installment/schedules for the loan account
- I Number of compounding cycles per installment

Taking the above example, the present value would be computed on the differential amount as follows:

Iteration 1: Present Value = 34.37 / ((1 + 10 / 100 / 12) ^ (2 * 6)) = 34.37 / 1.104713067 = 31.11215121

Now this amount would be added to the basis amount for computing the EMI, so 20000 + 31.11215121 = 20031.11215121. The EMI would now be as follows:



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalm ent Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000 000000	1.0000 00000 0					20000.00
		0000	00000 00000					
31-Jul- 2008	182	1.05055 55555	1.0505 55555 5	1.05111 11111	1078 4.09	1032.92	9751.17	10248.83
		555600 0000	55560 00000	111100 0000				
7-Feb- 2008	7					38.8888 8889		
7-Mar- 2008	29					161.424 3827		
7-Apr- 2008	31					173.947 1421		
7-May- 2008	30					169.785 5034		
7-Jun- 2008	31					176.907 0621		
7-Jul- 2008	30					172.674 6082		
31-Jul- 2008	24					139.290 8506		
31-Jan- 2009	184	1.05111 11111	1.1042 50617 2	1.00000 00000	1078 4.08	536.13	10248.8 3	0.00
		111100 0000	83950 00000	000000 0000				
7-Aug- 2008	7					19.9282 8056		
7-Sep- 2008	31					88.4254 1853		
7-Oct- 2008	30					86.3098 6416		
7-Nov- 2008	31					89.9300 8346		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalm ent Denom	EMI	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
7-Dec- 2008	30					87.7785 3039		
7-Jan- 2009	31					91.4603 5208		
31-Jan- 2009	24					71.4177 5019		
				2.05111 11111				
				111100 0000				

<u>Case 1</u>: Compounding Frequency lesser than Payment Frequency:

Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalm ent Denom	EMI	Interest	Princi pal	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000	1.0000 000000					20000.00
		0000000 000	000000 0000					
30-Jun- 08	91	1.02527 77777	1.0252 777777	1.10530 92206	431 2.2	509.83	3802.3 7	16197.63
		7778000 000	777800 0000	7044000 000				
30-Apr-08	30					166.666		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalm ent Denom	EMI	Interest	Princi pal	Expected Principal
						6		
						667		
31-May- 08	31					173.657 4		
						074		
30-Jun- 08	30					169.502 7		
						006		
30-Sep- 08	92	1.02555 55555	1.0514 793209	1.07776 63040	431 2.2	417.48	3894.7 2	12302.91
		5556000 000	876500 0000	1235000 000				
31-Jul-08	31					139.479 5917		
31-Aug- 08	31					140.680 6659		
30-Sep- 08	30					137.314 9188		
31-Dec- 08	92	1.02555 55555	1.0783 504591	1.05090 97222	431 2.2	317.09	3995.1 1	8307.80
		5556000 000	906700 0000	2222000 000				
31-Oct-08	31					105.941 725		
30-Nov- 08	30					103.407 0977		
31-Dec- 08	31					107.744 451		
31-Mar- 09	90	1.02500 00000	1.1053 092206	1.02527 77777	431 2.2	209.43	4102.7 7	4205.03
		0000000	704400	7778000				



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalm ent Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Princi pal	Expected Principal
		000	0000	000				
31-Jan- 09	31					71.5393 8889		
28-Feb- 09	28					65.1726 3969		
31-Mar- 09	31					72.7166 3136		
30-Jun- 09	91	1.02527 77777	1.1332 489815	1.00000 00000	431 2.22	107.19	4205.0 3	0.00
		7778000 000	262700 0000	0000000 000				
30-Apr-09	30					35.0419 1667		
31-May- 09	31					36.5117 3039		
30-Jun- 09	30					35.6381 9706		
				5.25926 30246				
				8278000 000				

#	Bullet	Difference	Present	New Basis	New
Iteration	EMI	in EMI	Value	Amount	EMI
1	4323.54	14	12.36135764	20012.36135764	4312.20

<u>Case 2:</u> Compounding Frequency same as Payment Frequency:



Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Quarterly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000 000000 00000	1.000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 00					20000.00
30-Jun-08	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.025 2777 777 7778 0000 00	1.10530922 06 7044000000	4309. 54	505.56	3803.98	16196.49
30-Sep- 08	92	1.02555 55555 555600 0000	1.051 4793 209 8765 0000 00	1.07776630 40 1235000000	4309. 54	413.91	3895.64	12301.33
31-Dec- 08	92	1.02555 55555 555600 0000	1.078 3504 5919 0670 0000 0	1.05090972 22 22222000000	4309. 54	314.34	3995.2	8303.21
31-Mar- 09	90	1.02500 00000	1.105 3092	1.02527777 77	4309. 54	207.63	4101.91	4201.72



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instal ment	Instalment Denom	EMI	Interest	Princip al	Expected Principal
		000000 0000	2067 0440 0000 0	7778000000				
30-Jun-09	91	1.02527 77777 777800 0000	1.133 2489 815 2627 0000 00	1.0000000 00 0000000000	4309. 52	106.25	4203.27	0.00
				5.25926302 46 8278000000				

You can define compounding frequency for a component same as or lesser than its payment frequency, but if the compounding frequency is greater than its payment frequency then there will be no compounding.

4.2.5.4 Moratorium Formula

Moratorium refers to the repayment holiday given during the period between the value date of the mortgage and the first repayment date. While no repayment will happen during this period, computation will continue. However, you can also have a principal moratorium wherein no principal repayment happens in a certain period; only interest component is repaid. This moratorium may be applied at any stage of the repayment cycle of the mortgage. In case of a principal moratorium, you need to ensure that the tenor given in the formula does not exceed the principal moratorium period. The Moratorium formula is used for the computation of interest for the moratorium period.

To define the formula, click 'Moratorium' in the 'Component' button of the screen. The 'Moratorium Formula – Expression Builder' screen is displayed:



🔷 Moratorium Formula				_ ×
	◀ 10f1 ▶		Moratorium Liquidation	
Formula Name			Liquidate Moratorium to	
Compound Days			Installment	
Compound Months			Formula	
Compound Years		Round Up/Down (decimal)	~	
		Rounding Factor(decimal)		
Expression				
I			+ -	
Line Condition	Resu	It Condition	Formula Type	^
		Condition M		
				× .
			Ok	Exit

The procedure for defining the Moratorium formula is as explained for Intermediate and Booked formulae. The following additional fields are also applicable for a moratorium formula:

Formula Name

Here, you specify a suitable name to identify the formula that you are defining. After you specify the name, you can define the characteristics of the formula in the subsequent fields. You have to use the name captured here to associate a formula with a schedule. The name can comprise of a maximum of 27 alphanumeric characters.

Moratorium Liquidation Formula

The formula used for computation of interest for the moratorium period is called 'Moratorium Formula'. The Interest calculated using the moratorium formula should be liquidated for the lifetime of the mortgage by apportioning it across all the installments. Therefore, you need to maintain a formula for liquidating the moratorium interest.

Check this option to indicate that the formula you have maintained is for Moratorium liquidation.

Liquidate Moratorium to Installment

"This option is applicable only if you are defining a 'Moratorium Liquidation Formula'

If you check this option, the moratorium interest amount is added to the first installment amount and collected along with the schedule on the day the schedule falls due.

If you do not check this option, the moratorium amount is allocated from the Installment due. The principal component of the EMI is liquidated towards the moratorium. Therefore, Principal repayment does not begin until complete settlement of the moratorium amount.



Default Moratorium Formula

If you want to create a default moratorium formula, check this option. By default, the system will attach this formula to a moratorium schedule. You can, however, change it to a different moratorium formula.

4.2.5.5 Installment Level Status

For a component, you can maintain Schedule/Installment level status change parameters. You can also specify the account Heads and Roles to be used whenever an installment changes from one status to the other.

To define the installment level status change details, click 'Installment Status' in the 'Components' button of the screen - the 'Installment Status' screen is displayed:

♦ Installment Status					_ ×
- Installment Status					
		◀ 10f1 ▶	Status R	Rule	
Sequence Number				Condition	1
Status Code				Installme	ent Charges
	Complete pending	Accruals		Policies	
Description					
Accounting Entry					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - ==
Entry Pair Number	Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Debit/Credit	Netting Indicator	Transaction C
			~		
					~
					>
					Ok Exit

The following details have to be captured here:

Sequence Number

The number you capture here is used to identify the adversity level of an installment. It should not overlap with that of an account status, expect for the first factory shipped status 'NORM' (Normal).

Status Code

The status that an installment will go through is specified here. The sequence number determines the order when the installment would attain this status. The status codes defined in the 'Status Codes Maintenance' screen are available in the option-list provided.



Status Rule

The rule defined here will determine the movement of the installment to the selected status (in the 'Status' field). You can build multiple conditions for a rule.

Condition Builder				×
Fields		Operator		~
Condition		value		
Flement	~		And	
Logical Op	~		Or	
Mathematical Op	~		Clear Condition	
				Ok Cancel
				OK Cancer

To do this, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

You can build the conditions using the elements (SDEs), operators and logical operators available in the screen above.

Examples of Status Movement Rules are given below:

- NORM TO PDO1 PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS > 30 OR MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS > 30
- NORM TO DOUB PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS > 60 OR MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS > 60
- PDO1 TO NORM PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS < 31 AND MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS < 31
- PDO1 TO DOUB PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS > 60 OR MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS > 60
- DOUB TO PDO1 (PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS > 30 AND PRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS < 61) AND (MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS > 30 AND MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS < 61)
- DOUB TO NORMPRINCIPAL_OVR_DAYS < 31 AND MAIN_INT_OVR_DAYS < 31

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

The installment will move to the status selected if the associated status rule is satisfied.

Complete Pending Accruals

Check this box to indicate if the pending interest accruals need to be completed before the Installment status changes. This is applicable only if Accrual Frequency is any one of the following:

• Monthly


- Quarterly
- Half yearly
- Yearly

This check box will not be enabled if Accrual Frequency in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen is 'Daily'.

Accounting Entries

For each status of the installment, you can specify the accounting entry preferences. Whenever an installment attains a status, the entries are passed as per the setup maintained for that status. Therefore, the entries will be moved from the active GLs to the status specific GLs. However, when the actual payment occurs, the system will automatically resolve the appropriate GLs.

For more details on setting up accounting entry preferences, refer the section titled 'Maintaining Event details' in this chapter.

Processing at Account Level

At the account level, when there is a change in the status, Oracle FLEXCUBE will first check if accrual is required for the components. When the accrual frequency for a component is not 'Daily', Oracle FLEXCUBE will validate if the installment status or the account status changes before accrual execution date. If it changes, Oracle FLEXCUBE will trigger catchup accrual for the component till the installment status and the account status change date. Subsequent to this, Oracle FLEXCUBE will process the installment status change and account status change.

Note the following:

- An installment status change will not change the next execution date of unprocessed ACCR events
- A status change is applicable for both manual and automatic account status
- If you delete an account level status change, it will delete the catch up accrual accounting entries also

If you reverse an account level status change, it will reverse the catch up accrual accounting entries as well

4.2.5.6 Specifying Policy preferences

You can associate policies at an installment level. Policies are user defined validations that are fired when an event is triggered.

Policy Code

The Standard Policies (defined through the 'Policy Maintenance' screen) and the Policies associated with the product category are available in the option list provided. Policies are used to handle special validations and operations on a mortgage.



Execution Type

You can associate a policy at one of the following points in time in a mortgage -event lifecycle:

- Before Event
- After Event
- Both

The policy is executed appropriately.

For details on maintaining policy details, refer the section titled 'Maintaining User Defined Policies' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Schedule Preferences

In the 'Component' section of the screen, you need to maintain the applicable schedule details for each component:

Sequence Number

You can define more than one schedule for a component. The sequence number determines the order in which the individual schedule should be applied on a component. For instance, you can define a schedule structure consisting of a moratorium schedule and a normal schedule. The moratorium schedule, if defined for a component, should necessarily be the first schedule. You cannot have moratorium schedules in between normal schedules.

Туре

This is the kind of schedule you want to define. The options are:

- Payment: This is used to define a repayment schedule. You can capitalize a payment schedule. If the 'Capitalized' option (under Component Definition) is checked, the 'Capitalized' option at the schedule level will also be checked for payment schedules. You can, however, uncheck/check this option for a schedule.
- Disbursement: You can maintain a disbursement schedule for mortgage disbursal if the 'Disbursement Mode' is automatic (this is maintained on the 'Preferences' button). For auto disbursement, you have to maintain at least one disbursement schedule.
- Rate Revision schedules: This will capture the schedule at which the rates applicable to the component should be revised.

Start Reference

This is used to capture the reference to arrive at the due date of the schedule. The options are:

Calendar: If you select this option, you should also specify the 'Start Date' for the schedule. For example, if an account is created on 15th Sept with a 'Monthly' schedule frequency and the Start Date is 1st, then the schedule due dates would be 1st Oct, 1st Nov and so on.



Value Date: If you select value date, the schedule due dates will be based on the Value Date of the account. For instance, if an account is created on 15th Sept and the schedule frequency is 'Monthly', then the schedule due date would be 15th October, 15th Nov and so on.

For a component, you can define schedules based on both value date and calendar date.

Frequency Unit

Here, you have to capture the unit to define the schedule. The unit can have the following values:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly
- Bullet

If the schedule unit is 'Weekly', you should also capture the 'Start Day'. Similarly, for units 'Quarterly', 'Half Yearly' and 'Yearly', you should also specify the 'Start Month'.

Frequency

This is used in combination with 'Unit' explained above, to define non-standard frequencies. For instance, a 'Monthly' unit and frequency 2 implies that the schedule is bi-monthly (occurring every two months).

Start Day

If the schedule unit is 'Weekly', you should specify the start day to initiate the schedule. The dropdown box lists the days of the week

Start Month

This is applicable if the schedule unit is one of the following:

- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

The drop-down box lists the months in a year

Start Date

Here, you can specify a value between 1 and 31. This is applicable if the schedule unit is 'Monthly'



Due On

You can use this to define a schedule on a particular date of the month. A value between 1 and 31 can be used for this purpose. If you specify a value here, the system will build the schedules based on this date even if you have indicated the 'Start Date' for the schedule.

Formula

You have to select the formula applicable for component value calculation. The Booked and Intermediate formulae defined for the component are available in the option list. With a user-defined formula maintained through the rule builder, you can define a schedule with multiple formulae.

Flag

You can define a non-repayment schedule or a repayment schedule. This field is used to identify the schedule type:

- Normal: This refers to a repayment schedule. Repayment happens as and when the schedule falls due
- Moratorium: This refers to a non-repayment schedule or a repayment holiday during the repayment cycle of a mortgage

Number of schedules

The value captured here determines the number of times a schedule frequency should recur. For example, a 12 monthly schedule would have a 'Monthly' unit and number of schedules as 12.

Capitalized

Check this option to specify capitalization of the component for a particular schedule. If the 'Capitalized' option (under Component Definition) is checked, the 'Capitalized' option at the schedule level will also be checked for payment schedules. You can, however, uncheck this option for a schedule.

4.2.5.7 Processing at Installment Level

At the installment level, if there is a change in the installment status, Oracle FLEXCUBE will first check if accrual is required for the installment components. When the accrual frequency for a component is not 'Daily', Oracle FLEXCUBE will validate if the installment status changes before accrual execution date. If it changes, Oracle FLEXCUBE will trigger catchup accrual for the component till the installment status change date. Subsequent to this, Oracle FLEXCUBE will process the installment status change.

The following example will explain the Complete Pending Accrual functionality. This is applicable for both Installment Level as well as Account Level Status change.

Example

Let us assume an accrual frequency for a component MAIN_INT. The schedules for this component are as follows:



- Value Date 05-Jan-06
- Schedule Dates:
 - > 05-Jan-06,
 - > 05-Feb-06
 - > 05-Mar-06
- Accrual Execution Dates:
 - > 31-Jan-06
 - > 28-Feb-06

If the installment status or account status changes on 15-Jan-06, Oracle FLEXCUBE will trigger catch up accrual if 'Complete Pending accrual' is checked.

Note the following:

- An installment status change will not change the next execution date of unprocessed ACCR events.
- A status change is applicable for both manual and automatic installment status.
- If you delete an Installment level status change, it will delete the catch up accrual accounting entries also.
- You can reverse an installment level status change by inputting another installment level status change. For example, if installment status changes from NORM to OVD1, reversal of the same can be done by doing installment status change from OVD1 to NORM. In this case no processing will be done.

4.2.6 Associating Notices and Statement

Just as you define components that should become a part of the product, so also you can associate Notices and Statements with a product.

The actual communication/correspondence, however, is handled by the Messaging Module of Oracle FLEXCUBE. Click 'Notices & Statements' button in the 'Product Maintenance' screen.



Notices and Statement	its			_ ×
Product Code		Product Description		
- Billing Notice		Rate Revision Notice	Delinquency Notice	
	◀ 10f ⁴	1 🕨	10f1 >	🔹 10f1 🕨
Rule Number		Rule Number	Rule Number	
Condition		Condition	Condition	
	Condition		Condition	Condition
No of Days		No of Days	No of Days	
Format		Format	Format	
			Frequency	
- Generic Notice		Direct Debit Notice	Statement Others	
	▲ 10f [*]	1 🕨	10f1	10f1 🕨
Notice Id		Rule Number	Rule Number	
Notice		Condition	Condition	
Rule Number				
Condition		No of Dave	Condition	Condition
	Oradilian	Transaction Code	Start Data	*
Format	Condition	Format	Liquidation Frequency	
Frequency	~		Days	
Start Date			Message Type	\sim
Tenor			Format	
No of Davs				
Transaction Code				
				Ok Exit

In this screen, you need to maintain the preferences for Billing Notices, Delinquency Notices, Rate Revision Notice, Direct Debit Notice and Statements. Also, you can associate multiple formats for the generation of notices and statements. The selection of a particular format is based on the condition.

Rule No/Condition No

You can assign a unique number for each rule/condition that is being maintained for notice and statement generation.

Condition

Define the conditions/rules for notice and statement generation. The system will evaluate the conditions and based on the one that is satisfied, the corresponding advice format is selected for notice/statement generation.

To maintain a condition, click 'Condition' button in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Number Days

The Number of days indicates the period before the due date, when the system starts sending the Billing/Delinquency notices to customers.



This period is defined as a specific number of days and will begin before the date the repayment becomes due.

Format

For the condition defined, select the format in which the advice should be generated. The system will select the specific format of the message type when the condition maintained evaluates favorably. Frequency Days

Specify the frequency (in days) for generation of Delinquency Notices. The first notice is sent on the basis of the 'Num Days' maintained. For instance, if the 'Num Days' is four and the payment due date is 4th April 2004, the first notice will be sent on 31st March '04 (4 days before due date). Subsequent generation of the same notice is based on the frequency days maintained. If the 'Frequency Days' is '2', the second notice will be sent on 2nd April '04 i.e. the notice is sent once in two days only.

The following information is applicable to Statement generation:

Frequency

Indicate the frequency in which the Statements have to be generated. The available options:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Frequency Days

The frequency captured here is used to get the next date for statement generation subsequent to the first statement. This will be used in combination with the 'Frequency' explained above.

Start Date

The date entered here is used as a reference to start generation of the statement

The following example illustrates the manner in which the 'Frequency', 'Frequency Days' and 'Start Date' are used together:

Assume that you have maintained the following preferences for Statement generation:

Frequency: Monthly

Frequency Days: 2

Start Date: 1st Jan 2005

You open a mortgage account on 15th Jan 2005. The first statement for this mortgage will be generated on 1st February 2005 (Based on the Start Date and at a Monthly frequency). The second statement will be generated on 1st April 2005 (once in two months – based on the frequency days).



Message Type

Specify the type of Statement that should be generated. Statements are of the following types:

- Interest Statements
- Mortgage Statements

Generic Notice

Notice ID

Specify the identification number of the notice.

Notice

Select the notice type of the rate plan from the list of options.

Rule Number

Specify the unique number for the rule maintained for notice. It is a running number starting from 1.

Condition

Specify the condition for notice generation. The system will evaluate the conditions and based on the one that is satisfied, the corresponding advice format is selected for notice.

Click 'Condition' button to maintain a condition in 'Product' screen. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

Format

Select the format of the advice to be generated from the list of options.

Number of Days

Specify the number of days required to intimate the customer in advance about the UDE rate change period.

Frequency

Select the frequency at which the notice has to be generated from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Tenor

Specify the tenor at which the notice has to be generated.



Start Date

Specify the date on which the notice has to be generated.

Transaction Code

Specify the identifier code of the transaction.

Interest Rate Revision within the Rate Revision Period

The Rate Revision Notice section allows you to maintain the number of days for the generation of the advice, prior to the scheduled date of rate revision. During End of Day if the notification date is less than or equal to schedule date, a Rate Revision Advice is generated.

The four different conditions for the rate revision will be handled in Oracle FLEXCUBE as follows:

• Condition 1:

Once the interest revision date is reached, the system continues to use the same interest rate code, till the next revision date.

• Condition 2

If the request for change in interest rate is received a few days before the scheduled revision date, the interest rate code of the mortgage account is changed by value dated amendment, with the effective date as the scheduled interest revision date. On the effective date, the system changes the rate code and picks up the new interest rate

• Condition 3

If the request is for a future dated prepayment of the mortgage account there is no change in the interest rate, the principal is changed depending on the prepaid amount and once the payment is available in the settlement account, you can liquidate the mortgage manually with the requested effective date.

An outstanding component breakup of prepayment penalty charges if applicable is sent to the customer.

Condition4

If the request for interest rate revision is made much before the scheduled revision date, you can change the interest rate code of the mortgage account by value dated amendment with effective date as requested.

The rate revision will be applicable on the total principal outstanding amount.



4.2.7 Mapping Accounting Roles to Product

You can define the accounting roles for a product in the 'Role to Head' button of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen. A list of accounting roles that are applicable to the product being maintained is provided. This list also includes the accounting roles that you have maintained for the module using the 'Accounting Role and Head Maintenance' screen

Role To Head Mapping		_ >	×
Product Code	Product Description		
- Class Details			
Class Code		Default From Class	
Class Description			
Role To Head Mapping			
	Role Description Account Head	Head Description Rule	
Static V		Rule	
		Ok Exit	1

The following details are captured in this screen:

Мар Туре

The mapping between an accounting role and account head can be of the following types:

- Static: If the map type is static, you can link an accounting role to only one accounting/GL head (one to one mapping).
- User Defined: For a user defined map type, you can maintain multiple linkages under different conditions using a case-result rule structure (one to many accounting).



Accounting Role and Description

Accounting role is used to denote the accounting function of a GL or Account. To map an accounting role to an account head, select a valid accounting role from the option list provided. This list will display the roles available for the module.

Once you choose the accounting role, the description maintained for the role is also displayed in the adjacent field.

If you do not want to select a role from the option list, you can also create an accounting role for a product and specify a brief description for the same.

The GLs (Account Heads) for the Dr/Cr Settlement Bridge Role will default as per your selection in the 'Branch Parameters' screen.

Account Head and Description

The account head identifies the GL or Account to which the accounting entries would be posted. Based on the type of accounting role you select (Asset, Liability etc.), the list of Account Heads (General Ledger heads) that are of the same type as that of the accounting role, becomes available in the option list provided. You can select an accounting head from this list and thus, create a role to head mapping. On selection of the Account Head, the description is also displayed in the adjacent field.

Click Add icon to create subsequent mappings for the product. If you would like to delete a role to head mapping, click Delete icon.

Rule

If the 'Map Type' is 'User Defined', you can create a case-result rule structure based on which the entries are posted to the appropriate account head. To create a rule, click 'Rule' in the 'Role to Head' button of the product screen.



Role Mapping				_ ×
Expression				
Line	Condition	Account Head	Condition	
			Condition	
				Ok Exit

You can define multiple conditions and for each condition you can specify the resultant 'Account Head'. This way you can maintain one to many mappings between an accounting role and an account head. Depending on the condition that is evaluated favorably, the corresponding account head is used for posting the entries.

To build a condition, click on 'Condition' in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.

Condition Builder				_ × _
Fields		Operator		~
Condition		value		
Flowert			And	
Element	~		Or	
Logical Op	~		Accept	
Mathematical Op	*		Clear Condition	
				Ok Exit

You can build the conditions using the elements (SDEs), operators and logical operators available in the screen above.



For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

The system ensures that all accounting roles that are applicable for the Product and which have been used in the definition of the accounting entries are necessarily linked to an account head. If the mapping is not complete, an error message is displayed when you attempt to save the product.

4.2.7.1 Dynamic creation of accounting roles for a component

For each component you define for a product, six accounting roles are dynamically created by the system. For example, if you have defined a component 'MAIN_INT', the following accounting roles are created:

- MAIN_INTINC Component Income
- MAIN_INTEXP Component Expense
- MAIN_INTRIA Component Received in Advance
- MAIN_INTPAY Component Payable
- MAIN_INTREC Component Receivable
- MAIN_INTPIA Component Paid in Advance

For a detailed list of Events, Advices, Accounting Roles and Amount Tags, refer 'Annexure 1' of this User Manual.

4.2.8 Specifying Account Status

Ideally, when setting up a product, you should identify all possible status that mortgages involving the product would move into.

A status can apply either to a mortgage installment or the entire mortgage account. Installment level status change preferences are maintained in the 'Component' screen of the screen.

For more details, refer the section titled 'Specifying Component Details' in this chapter

You can maintain account level status movement preferences the 'Account Status' button of the screen.



Account Status						_ ×
Class Code	e				Default From C	lass
Class Description	П					
Ctatus Codo	Description	Advo	reity Lovol	Accrual Proformon	Road Proference	
	Description	Auve	ISILY LEVEL	Accidal Freierence	Read Freierence	
					¥ ¥	
5 - 10						V
<						
Status						
	L.	11	0	I. I. D	Oradition	
l o Status	Movement Type	Movement F	Rule Comp	lete Pending Accrual	Condition	
	~				Condition	
						~
Liquidation Order Account	ting Entries Pol	icies Advices	Charges			
						Ok Exit

In this screen, you can specify the following:

- Define a status derivation rule to resolve a status
- Define accounting entries, advices etc. which need to be fired for a status
- Specify the liquidation order for a status
- Associate charges, if applicable, for a status
- Policies to be triggered for a status change

Status

When setting up a product, you should identify all possible statuses that mortgages involving the product would move into. By default, the 'NORM' (Normal) status is defined for the product. You can select the relevant status codes from the option list provided. The status codes defined through the 'Status Codes Maintenance' screen with 'Status Type' as 'Account' is available in this list.

When you select a status, the associated description is also displayed in the adjacent field.



Adversity Level

This signifies the adversity level of the status. The Status 'NORM' has an adversity level of '1' and is the most favorable. This is the default status for a mortgage.

Accrual Preference

For a status, you have to indicate the manner in which accounting entries should be posted when the mortgage moves to the status. The options are:

- Stop Accrual accruals are frozen
- Reverse Accrual accruals till date are reversed by transferring them to an expense GL
- Continue Accrual accruals continue as in the previous status as per the Role to Head maintained for the status and as per the accounting entries defined

After you specify the status codes applicable for the product, you need to specify the manner in which the status movement should occur.

Compound on STCH

Check this box if you need to compound on status change.

4.2.8.1 Specifying Reverse Interest Income Details

You can maintain reverse interest income details for MO product. Click on the 'Reverse Interest Income' button to invoke 'Reverse Interest Income' screen.

🔷 Reverse	Interest Income	×
Tenor Unit	e Interest Income for the Period	
		Ok Cancel

You can specify following details here:

Tenor

Specify period for which you need to reverse interest income.



Unit

Select unit for which interest income has to be reversed from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Days Select if you need to reverse days' income.
- Months Select if you need to reverse months' income.
- Years Select if you need to reverse years' income.
- Current Financial Year Select if you need to reverse current financial years' income

If you chose Current Financial Year, then 'Least of Interest Income for Current Financial year and Chosen Period' and Tenor will not be available.

Least of Interest Income for Current Financial year and Chosen Period

Check this box if you need least of interest income for current financial year and chosen period.

If the check box is checked and 'Current Financial Year' is selected, then the system computes the amount based on the least of the two – Current Financial Year and Chosen Period. However; this reversing of income and accounting entries are processed only for 'Write-off' status.

From Status and To Status

When you highlight a status from the list of status codes maintained for the product, the selected status becomes the 'From Status'

In the option list provided for the 'To Status', the status codes applicable for the product is displayed. Select the relevant status into which a mortgage should move from the 'From Status'.

Movement Type

You have to indicate the type of movement of a mortgage from the current status (From Status) to the next status (To Status). The movement can be:

- Automatic
- Manual
- Both

Movement Rule

You have to define the status derivation rule which will determine the movement of a mortgage from one status to the other. This is the condition based on which the status movement occurs. If a mortgage satisfies all the rules defined due to which it can move to several statuses at a time, it will identify the most adverse status and move to that status.

To define a derivation rule, click 'Condition' button in the screen above. The 'Condition Builder' is displayed.



Condition Builder				_ × _
Fields		Operator		~
Condition		value		
Element	~		And	
Logical Op	~		Accept	
Mathematical Op	~		Clear Condition	
				Ok Exit

You can build the conditions using the elements (SDEs), operators and logical operators provided in the screen above.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Example

Assume that the current status of a mortgage is 'ACTIVE' and you want the mortgage to move to the 'OVERDUE' status if the overdue months exceeds zero. To meet this requirement, you can define the following parameters:

- From Status: Active
- To Status: Overdue
- Movement Type: Automatic
- Rule: If MORTGAGE_STATUS = 'ACTIVE' AND OVERDUE_MONTHS > 0

If the mortgage satisfies the rule, it automatically moves to the 'Overdue' Status.

Complete Pending Accruals

Check this box to indicate if the pending interest accruals need to be completed before the Account status changes. This is applicable only if Accrual Frequency is any one of the following:

- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half yearly
- Yearly

This check box will not be enabled if Accrual Frequency in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen is 'Daily'.



4.2.8.2 Specifying the liquidation order

You can prioritize the liquidation of the various mortgage components at a status level. To maintain liquidation order of components, click 'Liquidation Order' in the 'Account Status' button of the screen – the following screen is displayed.

Liquidation Order		_ ×
Liquidation Order		
I	+ - =	
Component Liquidation Order	<u>^</u>	
	~	
	Ok	Exit

When a mortgage attains an adverse status, you may want to allot priority to the recovery of certain components. For example, you may want to recover the Principal first and then the Interest type of components.

The components maintained for the product are available in the option list provided. Select a component and then specify the order of liquidation for the component.

Click on Add icon to maintain the liquidation order for the next component

4.2.8.3 Specifying the accounting preferences

You can specify accounting preferences at a status level. You may have a GL structure under which mortgages in 'Normal' status should report. You can maintain a different structure for mortgages in other status. To do this, click 'Accounting Entries' in the 'Account Status' button – the following screen is displayed:



Accounting Entry					-	. ×
Accounting Entries						
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =	
Entry Pair Number	Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Debit/Credit	Transaction Code	Netting Indicat	
			~		~	
					~	
<					>	
					01. 5	
					OK E	xit

Also, for a status, you may not want to change accounting roles but change only the accounts/GLs. The accounting roles will be the same. To achieve this, you can create a rule based 'Role to Head' mapping. The SDEs like 'Account Status' can be used to create the rule and if a mortgage satisfies the rule i.e. moves to the status maintained in the rule, the Account Head selected for the rule is used for posting the entries.

For a commitment produc	t, the following amour	nt tags are used for	passing aco	counting entries:
-------------------------	------------------------	----------------------	-------------	-------------------

SI No	Amount Tag	Description
1	COMMUTIL_INCR	Commitment Amount Utilized
2	COMMUTIL_DECR	Commitment Amount Reinstated
3	COMM_UNUTIL	Commitment Amount unutilized

Refer the section titled 'Maintaining Role to Head mapping preferences' for details on creating a 'Role to Head' mapping.

4.2.8.4 Specifying Advices

You can also specify the advices that should be generated when a status change occurs. For instance, when a mortgage moves from an 'ACTIVE' status to an 'OVERDUE' status, you can choose to send an advice to inform the customer of the status change and request for payment.

The advices can be maintained in the 'Product Event Advices Maintenance' screen - click 'Advices' in the 'Account Status' button to invoke it.



Advices							_ ×
Advices							
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I						+ - =	
Message Type	Description	Generation Time	Suppress	Priority	Charge Required	For	
		~	~	~			
						~	
<		Ш				>	
						OKE	xit

You can associate advices at an event level also.

For more details on maintaining advice preferences, refer the 'Maintaining Event details' section of this User Manual.

4.2.8.5 Specifying Policy Preferences

Just as you associate policies at an installment level, you can also associate policies for a mortgage account status. To do this, click 'Policies' in the 'Account Status' button of the product screen – the following screen is displayed:

Policies		_ >	<
Policies			
📢 🔍 10f1 🕨 🕅		+ - =	
Policy Code	Execution Type		
	~		
		v	
			_
		Ok Exit	



Specify the following in this screen:

Policy Code

The policies defined in the 'User Policy' screen are available in the option list provided. Policies are used to handle special validations and operations on a mortgage.

Execution Type

You can associate a policy at one of the following points in time in a mortgage-event lifecycle:

- Before Event
- After Event
- Both

The policy gets executed appropriately

4.2.8.6 Associating Charges

Whenever a mortgage undergoes a status change, you can apply charge on the mortgage. You need to associate charge components at a status level. To do this, click 'Charges' in the 'Account Status' button of the screen – the following screen is displayed:

◆ Charges	_ ×
Charges	
	+ - =
Charge Component	
	~
	Ok Exit

The charge type of components defined for the product (in the 'Components' button of the screen) are displayed in the option list. Select the component you wish to associate with the mortgage. The charge is applied when the mortgage moves to the status and is debited to the customer account.



4.2.9 Maintaining Event Details

A contract goes through different stages in its life cycle. In Oracle FLEXCUBE, the different stages a contract passes through in its life cycle are referred to as 'Events'.

At an event, typically, you would want to post the accounting entries to the appropriate account heads and generate the required advices. When setting up a product, you can define the accounting entries that have to be posted and the advices that have to be generated at the various events in the life cycle of mortgages involving the product.

Therefore, for the required events you have to specify the Accounting entries, Charges, Policies and Advices. To do this, click 'Events' button in the 'Product Maintenance' screen – the following screen is displayed.

Events		_ ×
Product Code	Product Description	
- Class Details		
Class Code	Default	
Class Description		
Events		
Event Code Description		
		-
Accounting Entries Policies Advices C	rges Event Fields	
	0	k Exit

Event Code and Event Description

These are the events for which the accounting entries, advices, policies and charges will be maintained, individually. The event codes applicable for the module are available in the option list provided. This list also includes user defined events set up for the module. Select the relevant events for the product from this list.



The description for the event chosen is also displayed

For a commitment product the following events are used:

- LINK
- DLNK
- CLOC

The following events should not be maintained for a commitment product:

- BADJ
- CLOS
- REOP
- RNOG
- ROLL
- SROL
- YACR
- NOVA
- REVV
- REVL

4.2.9.1 Defining Accounting Entries

To define accounting entries for an event, click 'Accounting Entries' in the 'Events' button – the 'Product Event Rule Based Entries' screen is displayed.



Accounting Entries					-	×
Accounting Rules						
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I		+ - =				
Rule Number	Condition	Condition				
		Condition				
		D.D.I.D.IM.D.I.				
<						
Accounting Entry						
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =	
Entry Pair Number	Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Debit Credit Indicator	Transaction Code	Netti	
			~			
<					>	
					Ok Exit	i –

With the Rule definition builder, you can maintain different set of accounting entries for different conditions.

Rule Number

Every rule/condition you define for a product should be assigned a unique number. The rule number can consist of a maximum of 5 digits

Case

You can use the 'Condition Builder' to define a rule. Click on 'Condition' in the above screen to invoke it



Condition Builder				_ ×
Fields		Operator		~
Condition		value		
Element	~		And	
Logical Op	~		Accept	
Mathematical Op	~		Clear Condition	
				Ok Exit

You can define a rule using the SDEs like Tenor, Customer Risk Category and other UDFs.

If you do no specify a rule/condition, the accounting entries become applicable to all conditions.

For details on building a condition using the options available in the screen, refer the section titled 'Defining UDE Rules' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Accounting Role

Select the accounting role that should be used at the event. The option list displays all the accounting roles specified for the product in the 'Role To Head' button of the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen. Select the role appropriate for the event.

Amount Tag

Specify the amount tag applicable for the Accounting Role. An amount tag identifies the amount/value that is actually due for a component. Depending on the components defined for the product, the system dynamically creates a set of amount tags. For instance, if the component is 'MAIN_INT', the following amount tags are automatically created:

 MAIN_INT _RESD **Component Amount Residual** MAIN_INT_ADJ **Component Amount Adjustment** MAIN_INT_LIQD **Component Amount Liquidated** -MAIN_INT_ROLL Component Amount Rolled over - MAIN_INT_CAP **Component Amount Capitalized** -**Component Amount Accrued** MAIN_INT_ACCR -MAIN INT DLIQ-Component Amount Paid against Due Schedules/future not-due schedules



- MAIN_INT_OLIQ- Component Amount Paid against Overdue Schedules
- _INT_INC_REVR Component Amount Reversed

The '_DLIQ' and '_OLIQ' tags will be generated only for the events LIQD and ROLL.

Select the appropriate amount tag from this list

Debit or Credit

Here, you have to specify the type of accounting entry to be posted – the entry can be a debit entry or a credit entry.

Transaction Code

Every accounting entry in Oracle FLEXCUBE is associated with a Transaction Code that describes the nature of the entry. Specify the transaction code that should be used to post the accounting entry to the account head. You can group all similar transactions under a common transaction code. The transaction codes maintained in the 'Transaction Code Maintenance' screen are available in the option list provided.

Netting

Specify whether accounting entries should be netted at an event. You can net the accounting entries that are generated at an event by selecting 'Yes' from the drop down list. The system will then net the entries and show the resultant value in account statements. If you do not net, the entries will be shown separately in the statements.

MIS Head

An MIS Head indicates the manner in which the type of entry should be considered for profitability reporting purposes. This classification indicates the method in which the accounting entry will be reported in the profitability report. It could be one of the following:

- Balance
- Contingent Balance
- Income
- Expense

You can also link a product to an MIS Group if you do not want to define individual entities for the product.

Refer the section titled 'Associating an MIS Group with the product' in this chapter for more details.

Revaluation Required

Online Revaluation refers to revaluation done on transaction amounts during transaction posting, and not as part of an end-of-day process. The Revaluation profit /loss are booked to the Online 'Profit GL' or Online 'Loss GL' that you maintain for the GL being revalued.



You can opt for online revaluation by selecting the 'Reval Reqd' option.

Profit GL and Loss GL

If you have opted for online revaluation and the result of revaluation is a profit, the profit amount is credited to the Profit GL you select here. Similarly, if the result of revaluation is a loss, the loss amount is credited to the Loss GL you specify here.

Reval Txn Code

If you opt for online revaluation, you need to associate the transaction code to be used for booking revaluation entries. The system will use this transaction code to track the revaluation entries.

Holiday Treatment

Specify whether holiday treatment is applicable for processing accounting entries falling due on holidays. Select one of the following:

- Yes
- No

Rate Type Indicator

Select the rate type indicator used for revaluation purpose from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:

- Mid
- Buy
- Sale

GAAP

Indicate the GAAP indicators for which the accounting entry is required for reporting under multi GAAP accounting. The adjoining option list shows all the GAAP indicators maintained in the system. Choose the appropriate one.

The system will then post entries into the specified books (GAAP indicators) during the different events that occur in the lifecycle of the mortgage. You can retrieve the balance for a certain component in an account in a specific status, for a given GAAP indicator, in a certain branch, reporting to a certain GL. The system will show the real and contingent balances accordingly.

Split Balance

Specify whether you need the balances to be split or not. If you check this option, the system will store the balance break-up for the specified GAAP indicators. You can then retrieve the balances separately for the different GAAP indicators to which accounting entries are posted for the mortgage.

If you need to move the balances from multiple/Single GLs, where the balances are currently lying, check this box. In such case the credit leg will be governed by the GLs from where component balances need to move, and not the GL maintained at the product level for the event.



For example:

Dr/Cr	Role	Settlement Reqd	Amount Tag	Spilt Balance
Dr.	DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	Y	MAIN_INT_LIQD	Ν
Cr.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE (say GL-000	N	MAIN_INT_LIQD	Y

For ALIQ event, the maintenance is as follows:

However, the balance for interest is lying like this: 500 (GL-001) and 200 (GL-002) Lets say we are liquidating 700 against MAIN_INT component.

In this scenario, finally system will pass the following entries:

- Dr Customer A/c 700
- Cr GL-001 500
- Cr GL-002 200

In case Split balance is set to NO for Cr leg the entry would have been:

- Dr Customer A/c 700
- Cr GL-000 700

When you are building new balances into GLs, you need to uncheck this option for the credit leg also. In such cases accounting will go by the maintenance of the GLs/account done for the event.

For Example:

If you want to move ACCRUED_AMOUNT from one GL into another GL, and also build one parallel entry for the same in OFF BALANCE sheet, then in such case for the movement pair, you will maintain split balance as Y for the credit leg. For the new balance into OFF BALANCE sheet, you will maintain the split balance as N for both the legs.

When you need to reverse the contingents, for both the credit and debit leg, the GLs will be governed by the GLs where the balances are currently lying then you need to set it to CONTRA.

Dr/Cr	Role	Settlement Reqd	Amount Tag	Spilt Balance
Dr.	CONT-001	Ν	MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL	Ν
Cr.	CONT-002	Ν	MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL	Y

This means that if the accounting entry setup is like this:

And if balances (say 50 for the component) for MAIN_INT_OVD1_REAL are lying in CONT-003 AND CONT-004 GLs. (This kind of setup means while doing status movement, you are building one parallel set of entry into contingents)

With this setup, system will pass the entry like this



- Dr CONT-003 50
- Cr CONT-004 50

If for both the legs, split is set to NO, then system will pass the following entries instead:

- Dr CONT-001 50
- Cr CONT-002 50

Balance Check in Batch

Indicate whether the balance check is required for the batch operations/online processing.

The options available are:

- Reject The transaction is rejected if there is insufficient fund to process the transaction.
- Delinquency Tracking The transaction is processed. If you have specified delinquency tracking for the accounting entries, the tracking is done according to the parameters you have defined for the Delinquency Product.
- Force Debit The transaction is processed. However, no delinquency tracking is done even if the account goes into overdraft.
- Partial Liquidation The transaction is processed. If you have specified partial delinquency, the system liquidates upto the available amount and the delinquency tracking is done on the remaining amount only.

Delinquency Product

In case you have specified delinquency tracking for balance check type, you need to specify the delinquency product under which the entry is tracked. The option list displays all the delinquency product codes maintained in the Oracle FLEXCUBE. Select the appropriate from the option list.

Settlement

This field used to settle the amount. If it set as yes, while doing settlement system uses the Account used during amount settlement. If it is no it will use default account, which is mapped in role to head.

If you have selected the 'Accounting Role' as DR_SETTL_BRIDGE or CR_SETTL_BRIDGE in and if 'Settlement' box is checked then system looks at the default settlement accounts maintained in the Debit settlement Mode and Credit settlement mode. If 'Settlement' box is not checked then the system tries to arrive at the GL through Role to Head Mapping.

4.2.9.2 Specifying Advices for an Event

You can select the advices that should be triggered for various events. These advices can be simple Debit /Credit advices when any payment or disbursement is made, Rate Revision advices, Mortgage advices etc.

To specify the advices for an event, click 'Advices' in the 'Events' button of the 'Product Maintenance' screen – the following screen is displayed.



Advices					_ ×
Advice Rules					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I	+ - =				
Rule Number Condition	Condition				
	Condition				
	Condition				
	-				
III	>				
Advices					
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =
Message Type Description	Generation Time	Suppress	Priority * Ch	arge Required	F
	~	~	× .		
<					>
					Ok Exit

The following advice details have to be maintained in the screen:

Message Type

Select an advice from the option list provided. The advices applicable for the module are available in this list. When you select an advice, the description is displayed in the adjacent field.

Generation Time

The 'Trigger' indicates the appropriate time at which the advice is to be generated. You can indicate whether the advices specified for the product should be generated when the event takes place (Input) or at authorization.

Suppress

This option may be used if you want to suppress the generation of some advices

Priority

You can indicate the importance of the advice generation. The priority may be:

- High
- Medium
- Low



Charges

You may check this option to collect charges for advice generation.

You can specify a definite format for advice generation. The formats maintained through the 'Format File Maintenance' are available in the option list. Select the appropriate format from this list.

For a detailed list of Events, Advices, Accounting Roles and Amount Tags, refer 'Annexure 1' of this User Manual.

4.2.9.3 Defining User Defined Policies

Policies are user defined validations that will be fired when any event is triggered. These can even be policies which govern the firing of an event under certain conditions.

For example, if an operation called payment is being done and the customer is paying an amount greater than his current overdue and one additional installment, you can associate a policy to disallow the payment. Therefore, you have to associate policies to an event.

Click on 'Policies' in the 'Events' button of the screen to define the policies that should be executed for an event.

Policies		_ >	<
Policies			
📢 🖣 10f1 🕨 🕅		+ - =	
Policy Code	Execution Type		
	~		
			_
		Ok Exit	

You can select the appropriate policy from the option list provided. The policies defined in the 'User Policy' screen are available in this list. You should also specify the instance when the policy should be triggered for the event. The options are:

- Before Event
- After Event



• Both

4.2.9.4 Associating Charges

You can associate charges to an event. Linking a charge to an event implies calculating the value of the charge.

To associate charges, click 'Charges' in the 'Event' button of the screen

Charges	_ ×
Charges	
I	
Charge Component	
<u></u>	
	Ok Exit

The charge type of components defined for the product (in the 'Components' button of the screen) are displayed in the option list. Select the component you wish to associate with the event.



4.2.10 Branch Currency Restrictions Tab

The mortgage products created in the Head Office Bank (HOB) are available across all the branches subject to the branch restrictions maintained for the product. Likewise, you also restrict the products to select currencies. To achieve this, you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed branches and currencies

Branch/Currency Restriction	on				_ ×
Product Code			Description		
Branch/Currency Restriction	Currency Balances				
Class Code Class Description				Default From Class	
- Branch	 Allowed Disallowed 		- Currency Currency Restrictions	 Allowed Disallowed 	
Branch Restrictions		+-=	Currency Restrictions		
Branch Code	Description		Currency Code	Currency Description Min	imur
		~			>
					Ok Exit

Click on the 'Branch CCY Restriction' button in the product screen.

The following details are captured here:

Branch and Currency Restriction

Under Branch and Currency Restrictions respectively, two columns are displayed.

- Allowed List
- Disallowed List

The allowed or disallowed column that is displayed would depend on the list type that you choose to maintain. For instance, if you choose to maintain an allowed list of branches, the column would display the branches that you can opt to allow.



In the Branch Restriction and Currency Restriction Section, click on the adjoining option list to invoke a list of bank codes and currencies codes respectively that you have maintained in your bank. Select an appropriate code.

Using the Add or Delete icons, you can add/delete a branch or currency from the corresponding allowed/disallowed column that you have maintained.

When you create a product, it is, by default, available to all the branches of your bank, in all currencies, and for all customers unless restrictions are explicitly specified for the product.

Minimum Amount

Specify the minimum amount for all the allowed currency maintained at the product level.

Maximum Amount

Specify the maximum amount for all the allowed currency maintained at the product level.

System checks the following:

- At the product level, if the minimum amount is less than the maximum amount
- At the Mortgage Contract screen, if the amount financed falls in the range of minimum and maximum amount derived from product for the currency same as the mortgage currency

Currency Balance Details

Branch/Currency Restriction	on				- ×
Product Code		D	escription		
Branch/Currency Restriction	Currency Balances				
Currency Balances				+ - =	
Currency Code	ATM Cash Limit	Residue Amount	Negative Residue Amount	Round Up/Down	
	1111			Ok	Exit

You can maintain the following currency balance details:



Currency

You can specify the transaction limit for a currency while defining currency restrictions for a product. Choose the currency code from the option list.

Residual amount

Here, you have to capture the minimum amount by which, if a component of a schedule becomes overdue, the system will consider it as paid.

Neg Residue Amount

If the difference between the amount paid (COMPONENT_EXPECTED) and the amount due is less than the residue amount specified here, then the difference is treated as an income otherwise the transaction is rejected.

In the case of an income, the installment schedule is marked as completely settled/paid and the income is posted to the residual suspense GL. This triggers the event called 'RESD' (Residual) and the following entries are passed:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
Mortgage Account	RESIDUAL_AMOUNT	Cr
Residual Suspense	RESIDUAL_AMOUNT	Dr

ATM Cash limit

Here, you can enter the maximum non- Cash transaction amount for the currency that you have defined. The ATM transaction amount cannot exceed the value given here.

Rounding Factor (EMI)

Specify the rounding factor if the EMI is to be rounded.

It is mandatory for you to specify the rounding factor if you have maintained the rounding parameter.

Emi Round Up Down

Indicate whether the EMI should be rounded up or down.

- Choose 'UP' in case you want to round the number to the next decimal value.
- Choose 'DOWN' if you want to truncate the number to the previous decimal value

The principal component of the EMI is adjusted based on the rounded EMI amount.

Numerator Method

Specify the day count method for the numerator for each currency applicable to the product. The following options are available in the drop-down list:



- Actual
- 30 Euro
- 30 US

Choose the appropriate one. This value will be used for calculation of the Net Present Value (NPV).

Denominator Method

Specify the day count method for the denominator for each currency applicable to the product. The following options are available in the drop-down list:

- 360
- 365

Choose the appropriate one. This value will be used for calculation of the Net Present Value (NPV).

4.2.11 Maintaining Customer Category Restriction

Just as you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed branches and currencies for a product, you can maintain a list of allowed/disallowed customer categories.

You can maintain several restrictions for each customer category.

• Customer Category Restriction				_ ×
Product Code Product Description				
- Class Details			Default From Class	
Class Code				
Class Description				
Customer Category All Restriction O Di	owed sallowed			
Category Restrictions		Customer Restrictions		
I	+ - =	I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I	+-	- ==
Customer Category E)escription	Customer No	Description Allo	ow <mark></mark>
				_
		2		>
			0	k Exit


You can restrict customers from availing a product by maintaining an 'allowed' list or a 'disallowed' list of customer categories.

Only customer categories that are a part of an allowed list maintained for a product *can* avail the product. Likewise, customer categories that are part of a disallowed list *cannot* avail the product or service.

The allowed or disallowed column that you view depends on the list type that you choose to maintain. For instance, if you choose to maintain an allowed list, the column would display those customer categories that you choose to allow.

You can move a category to the allowed/disallowed column, using the Add or Delete icons.

4.2.11.1 Allowing Access to Special Customers

Depending on the customer restriction you specify – allowed or disallowed, you can further maintain a list of customers who are allowed (for a 'Disallowed' list) or specific customers who are not allowed to use the product (in the case of an 'Allowed' list). For example, you may disallow the customer category 'CORPORATES' from availing a certain mortgage product. However, you may want to allow 'Cavillieri and Barrett' (belonging to the category 'CORPORATES') to avail the product.

Select the name of the customer from the option list provided. The 'Customer Name' is displayed after you select the customer id.

If the selected customer belongs to a category which is 'Disallowed' for the product but you want to allow the customer, check the 'Allowed' option. Similarly, if the customer belongs to a category that is 'Allowed' but you want to disallow the customer, do not check the 'Allowed' option.

4.2.12 Defining User Defined Fields

UDFs are additional fields that are available for use depending on the bank's requirement. You can define UDFs in the 'Fields' screen.

In the 'Field' button of the screen, you can associate these custom fields with the product.



◆ User Defined Fields	_ × _
UDF Details	
	+ - =
Field Name * Value	
	Ok Exit

The UDFs are segregated based on the 'Field Type', into the following:

- Character Fields
- Number Fields
- Date Fields

When you select an UDF from the option list, the description is also displayed in the adjacent field.

4.2.12.1 Associating an MIS Group with the Product

You can associate MIS details with a product in the 'MIS' screen. Click 'MIS' button in the 'Mortgage Product' screen to invoke it.



MIS Details	_ ×
Product Code	
MIS Group	
Pool Code	Default From MIS Group
MIS Classes	- Cost Code
MIS Class MIS Code	
×	
	Ok Exit

In this screen, you can associate an 'MIS Group' to which the product should be linked (if it is applicable; if not, you can define the individual entities under which the product should be reviewed).

To associate a group, check the 'Link Group' option. If a group is linked, the entities defined for the group will be displayed. Only the Transaction MIS Code will be applicable to a product. The specific MIS entity (in the form of an MIS Code) will be picked up by default only if you have defined them for the group. If not, you have to indicate the appropriate MIS code for each applicable MIS class.

4.2.12.2 Associating Product Field

You can associate product fields with a product in the 'Product Fields' screen. Click 'Product Fields' button in the 'Mortgage Product' screen to invoke it.



◆ Product Fields	- >	<
Product Code	Product Description	1
Character Fields Number Fields Date Fields		
Character Fields		
Field Number * Field Name	Field Description	
	×	
	Ok Exit]



4.3 <u>Viewing Mortgage Product Summary</u>

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Products, through the 'Mortgage Product Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSPRMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Summary			_ ×
Authorization Status	×	Record Status	~
Product Code		Start Date	
End Date			
	Search Advanced		Refresh Reset
15 🗸 🛛 1 Of 1 🕨 🕅			
Authorization Status Record	Status Product Code Start Date	End Date Product Description	Slogan Remarks Product Grou
			×
<			
			Exit

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Start Date
- End Date
- Record Status
- Product Code

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Module Code
- Product Category
- Product Code
- Product Description
- End Date



- Product Type
- Allow Rollover
- Alternate Account

4.4 Processing of IRR application on Mortgages

The internal rate of return (IRR) is the interest rate received for an investment consisting of payments (negative values) and income (positive values) that occur at regular periods. It is computed for a series of cash flows represented by the numbers in values. These cash flows may not be even, as they would be for an annuity. IRR is computed only when the cash flows occur at regular intervals, such as monthly or annually.

IRR is closely related to NPV - Net Present Value. The rate of return calculated by IRR is the interest rate corresponding to a 0 (zero) NPV. NPV measures the additional market value that the management expects the project to create (or destroy) if it is undertaken. It is computed using a discount rate and a series of future payments (negative values) and income (positive values).

IRR for mortgage accounts (where applicable) is calculated when the YACR event is triggered and the corresponding batch is run. You need to set up certain specific accounting entries for this event.

Refer the chapter titled 'Annexure A: Accounting Entries and Advices' in this User Manual for the details of the accounting entries.

The system identifies the acquisition type of the product during account creation. For the account, it derives the acquisition type based on the following parameters:

For asset accounts (mortgages), if:

- Inflow>Outflow, then Acquisition type will be 'Discount'
- Inflow=Outflow, then Acquisition type will be 'Par'
- Inflow<Outflow Acquisition type will be 'Premium'

It calculates the constant yield or IRR during the initial disbursement of account using the following formula:

$$\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{CF_i}{(1+IRR)^{(\frac{d_i-d_1}{D})}}\right] = 0$$

Where:



- **N** Number of cashflows including the net cash flow on the contract value date (Initial disbursement record)
- **CF**_{*i*} *i*th Cashflow
- **IRR** Internal Rate of Return for the contract
- **d**_{*i*} Date of *i*th Cashflow
- **d**₁ Date of 1st Cashflow (the first disbursement date)
- **d**_{*r*}**d**₁ Number of Days based on the Numerator Daycount Method
- D Denominator Daycount Method

The IRR is computed in an iterative method by taking the contract interest rate as the initial guess. In case of mortgage amendment and prepayment, the cash flows are re-computed and used for IRR calculation post amendment/prepayment. The formula used for recomputation is the same as that used for the initial computation.

For subsidy mortgage, the IRR is computed based on the overall percentage of both the interest and subsidy component, if and only if the 'IRR is Applicable' field is checked in the both components. Else the component in which the "IRR is Applicable' field is checked, will be considered for IRR computation.

4.4.1 Recalculation of IRR with new effective date

In case of Bearing and Amortized accounts, IRR recalculation will be done using a new effective date, during the following events:

- Manual disbursement
- Value Dated Amendment with schedule redefinition
- Prepayment
- Floating Rate Revision
- Value Dated Increase of Principal
- Value Dated Maturity Date Change
- Value Dated Rate Revision
- Rollover
- Version reversal
- Up-front fee Amendment

For such accounts, s new charge is levied on the following events:

- Value Dated Amendment Initiation (VAMI)
- Rollover (ROLL)
- Partial prepayment(MLIQ)



- Account status change (STCH)
- Installment status change (STSH)

In case of Discounted accounts, IRR will be re-calculated using a new effective date, during the following events:

- Rollover
- Up-front fee Amendment

For such accounts, a new charge is levied on the following events:

- Value Dated Amendment Initiation (VAMI)
- Rollover (ROLL)
- Partial prepayment(MLIQ)

During the event 'Value Dated Amendment with Schedule Re-definition', IRR is recalculated with the currently active IRR effective date.

IRR re-calculation has to be done during reversal of partial and full prepayment, if the prepayment triggered recalculation of IRR.

In case of partial prepayment, if the payment value date is less than or equal to an existing IRR effective date, then IRR will be recalculated as of the earliest IRR effective date and all future dated IRR will be deleted.

IRR re-calculation does not happen in following cases:

- Regular Payment
- Overdue Payment
- Reversal of Regular Payment
- Reversal of Overdue Payment

Wote the following:

- Catch-up of discount accrual during various events like amendment leads to recalculation (i.e. principal change/maturity date change/rate change/schedule redefinition), rate revision, liquidation, rollover, reversal of prepayment, etc. This is similar to the catch-up of interest liquidation in this module.
- During full repayment, outstanding accruals are passed unconditionally with the YACR event.
- During full prepayment, if there is a charge associated for the LIQD liquidation event, the charge amount will be populated with %LIQD amount tags.



- During foreclosure of the account the same processing as that of discount is followed for premium. This means that either complete pending accrual or refund happens based on the preference specified at the product level in the 'IRR Accrual Preference' screen. This implies that either the unaccrued discount for the entire tenor of the account will get accrued (in case of 'Complete Accrual' preference) or the refund happens to the customer for the unaccrued amount (in case of 'Refund' preference).
- In case of 'Par' acquisition type, there is no refund. Only the pending accruals are completed.

4.4.1.1 Processing during the Account Status Change

During status change the system:

- Makes all discount accrual accounting roles available for transfer
- Identifies the balances to be transferred as 'Premium TBA Premium Accrued' and 'Discount TBA – Discount Accrued'
- Stops the discount accrual and ensures that the YACR event doesn't pass any entries when the option 'Stop Accrual' is checked for a contract
- Reverses the balances for 'Premium Accrued' and 'Discount Accrued' when the 'Reverse Accruals' option is checked for a contract
- Cash flow for charge components being liquidated while booking of the mortgage (BOOK) or initiation of the mortgage (INIT) are populated with due date equal to first disbursement date
- For charge components wherein the charge currency is different from the contract currency, the charges are calculated in the specified charge currency at the product component level. These charges are liquidated during the BOOK or INIT events. The charge amount in the account currency is then arrived at based on the exchange rate as of account booking date.
- In case the charge currency not the same as the account currency, but the account currency is the same as the settlement account currency, the exchange rate input in the 'Settlements' screen will be used to convert the amount to account currency.
- IRR calculation is done during booking of the account (the BOOK event) instead of value date of the account (the INIT event) for future dated accounts.

4.5 **Defining Customized Products**

The Mortgages module gives you the flexibility to create customized products for promotional and special offers whereby you can offer special incentives/ concessions to certain or all categories of customers. Such products are referred to as 'Promotions'. A promotion can have a different set of preferences, schedules etc. You can associate a mortgage with one or more promotions.

You can create customized promotion products in the 'Promotions' screen available in the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDPROMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



◆ Main				_ ×
Promotion Code * Promotion Description Module Code	Promotion Start Date Promotion End Date Product Code			
Preferences Components				
- Tenor Minimum * Maximum * Default * Unit *	- Loan Amount Minimum Loan Amoun Maximum Loan Amoun	t t	Holiday Periods Holiday Period	
			<	>
Promotion Rate Factor				+ - =
User Defined Element Id *	UDE Value *	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
<				×
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Modification Author Number Open	ized	Exit

The screen has two tabs: Preferences and Components. By default, the 'Preferences' tab is displayed when you invoke the screen.

Basic details

First, capture the following basic information about the promotion:

Promotion Code and Description

You have to specify a unique 4-character alphanumeric code to identify the promotion in the system.

Provide a brief description of the promotion. This description will be associated with the promotion product for information retrieval purposes.

Promotion Start Date and End Date

Specify the life span of the promotion. The promotion is valid for the period maintained here. By default, the current date is the 'Start Date' of the promotion. You can change it to a date in the past or future.



If you do not specify an end date for the promotion, it can be used for an indefinite period and the product becomes open-ended in nature.

4.5.1 Preferences Tab

As part of promotion preferences, you have to:

- Specify tenor details
- Associate holiday periods
- Select the relevant UDEs and specify their values

Tenor Preferences

You can set the minimum and maximum tenor limits for the promotion. You can also specify a standard or a default tenor.

Minimum Tenor

Specify the minimum tenor applicable for the promotion. If you associate the mortgage to the promotion being maintained, the tenor of the mortgage account should be greater than or equal to the minimum tenor specified here.

Maximum Tenor

Likewise, you can also specify the maximum tenor for the promotion. The tenor of the mortgage accounts associated with the promotion should be less than or equal to the Maximum tenor that you specify here.

Default Tenor

The 'default tenor' is the tenor that is applied to the mortgage account upon association with the promotion. The value captured here should be greater than the minimum tenor and less than the maximum tenor. You can change the default tenor applied on a mortgage account during mortgage processing. However, the new tenor should be within the minimum and maximum tenors maintained for the promotion.

Units

The tenor details that you specify for a promotion can be expressed in one of the following units:

- Days
- Months
- Years

It is mandatory to define the tenor details before specifying the holiday periods for the promotion.



Holiday Periods

You can maintain holiday periods for the promotion. Holiday periods or repayment holidays refer to the time when customers can avail repayment holidays owing to other expenses during the period. Holiday periods are defined in the 'Holiday Period' screen and the same are available for association with the promotion being maintained.

For more details, refer the section titled 'Maintaining Holiday Periods' in the 'Maintenance and Operations' chapter of this User Manual.

Select the appropriate holiday periods from the option list provided.

Promotion Rate Factor

You have to specify the special interest rates that are applicable for the promotion:

UDE Id

Select the UDEs (User Data Elements) for the promotion being maintained.

UDE Value

Specify the value of the UDEs selected. The value specified here is used in the formula defined for interest calculation. The UDEs maintained for the Promotion takes precedence over the product level UDEs. At the account level, the UDEs get defaulted from the promotion in the order of priority, the highest priority promotion being applied last.

Maximum Value

Specify the maximum value for interest rate component type.

Minimum Value

Specify the minimum value for interest rate component type.

The system will validate the final interest rate (after application of RP) against the minimum and maximum interest rate maintained at the promotions level. If the value of the interest rate is greater than the maximum value, then the system will compute the maximum value. If the value of the interest rate is lesser than the minimum value, then the system will compute the minimum value.

For more details on mortgage accounts, refer the 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual.

4.5.2 Components Tab

To specify the component details, go to the 'Component' tab of the screen.

Main _ X
Promotion Code * Promotion Start Date Promotion Description Promotion End Date Module Code Product Code *
Preferences Components
Component Definition Main Component Main Interest PRINCIPAL Component Type Principal
Schedules
🕂 💻 💷
Schedule type Start Reletence Frequency Onit Frequency Start Day Start Mohin Start Date Schedule Frag No of Schedule
Fields
Input By Authorized By Modification Authorized Date Time Date Time Number Open

The following components are automatically defined for the promotion:

- MAIN_INT: This component is designated as the 'Main Component' and the 'Component Type' is 'Interest'.
- PRINCIPAL

You cannot modify the components or define additional components for a promotion.

Schedules

Maintain the schedule details for the two components in this section of the screen. These include the following:

- Sequence Number
- Schedule Type
- Start Reference
- Unit and Frequency
- Start Day
- Start Month
- Start Date
- Flag (Normal or Moratorium)
- Number of schedules



• Whether capitalization of the component is applicable or not

For more details on the schedule preferences, refer the section titled 'Specifying policy preferences' in this chapter.

After the promotion is saved and authorized, it becomes available for association with mortgage accounts.

You can associate one or more promotions to a mortgage account in the 'Account Details' screen. The tenor details, holiday periods, UDEs and component details maintained for the promotion get defaulted to the account in the order of the priority level specified for the promotions. The promotion that has the highest priority level will be applied last.

For more details on associating promotions to a mortgage account, refer the 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual



5. Account Creation

5.1 Introduction

Mortgage Accounts in the Mortgages module represent the receivable accounts that you create while disbursing a mortgage. These accounts derive their feature from the Mortgage Product. Mortgage Accounts are mapped to the Asset GL through the accounting Role MORTGAGE_ACCOUNT. This role has to be mapped to the respective Asset GL of the Bank. You can override some product features at the account level.

The system allows you to do the following actions on the Mortgage accounts:

- Account Main Details Maintenance/Light Mortgages
- Liability details and UDE Values Maintenance
- Account Preferences/Defaults
- Account Component schedules
- Charges Maintenance and Settlement details
- Linkages Information
- Events, Events Due and Events Overdue

5.2 Creating a Mortgage Account

The account screen accepts the Customer, Currency and Amount Financed and creates a Light Mortgage. This is a default Mortgage that takes all other details from the defaults the product provides. For creating simple accounts in the Mortgages module, you can follow this simple process. These Mortgages are called Light Mortgages in the Mortgages module. You can create a mortgage account using the 'Account Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODACCNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Account Details							_ ×
Product *		Branch Code			Version Numb	er	
Product Category		Account *	_		User Reference	ce	
Application Number	Alternate	Account Number			User Defined Statu	IS	
					Derived Statu	IS	
Main Preferences Components	Charges Linkage Details	Advices Rollo	ver Credit Score	Fields	Check List		
Customer Id *	×: N	o of Installments			Net Principal		
Customer Name		Unit I	Bullet 🗸		Loan To Value		
Currency *	25	Frequency			Index Exchange Rate		
Amount Financed *	Instal	iment Start Date		1	Subsidy Customer Id		*
Book Date		Due Date On				Calculate Gross F	Principal
Value Date	1	Maturity Type	Fixed 💌			Enrich	
Product D	Default	Maturity Date		5	Edit Lloor Dofinor	Element Detaile	1
Total Principal		Tenor			Edit Öser Dennet	Element Details	
Effective Date	User De	fined Element Valu	89				
			60				
Effective Date #		r Dofined Flomont I	d Lisor Dofined F	lomont	alua Rate Codo Coo	lo usage Resolved y	
		a Delined Lienient	d Oser Delined L	Jennent v		ie usage i testiveu v	alue
							×
	<u> </u>			-00			2
Promotions Other Applicants Payme	ent Mode Details Assets	Financials Inter	nal Rate of Return [Details	MIS Events General Le	dger Query Inventor	y I
SWIFT Message Details Statistics S	ecurity Details						
Maker ID	Authorized By		Statu	IS			
			Authorization Statu	JS			Cancel
Date Time	Date Time						

You can specify the following generic details in the Account Details screen:

Branch

The system displays the Branch Code of the branch into which the user has logged in, for which the UDE values are maintained.

Account Number

Based on the parameters that setup at the branch level, the account number would be either auto generated or would have to be captured in this field.

Product Code

Click the option list to select a Product Code from the list of values. Double click on a Product Code to select a particular code. The product codes are maintained in the Product Definition screen.

Product Category

The system displays the product category in this field

Application Number

The system displays the Application Number in this field



This is applicable only if the origination of the mortgage is in Oracle FLEXCUBE or is interfaced

Version Number

The system displays the current Version Number of the account. A new version number is created when changes like Roll over, Amendment are made to a mortgage. This is displayed in the top right corner of the 'Account Details' screen.

Alt Acc No

Specify the alternate account number in this field. It can be an account number in the existing system from which the account has migrated to Oracle FLEXCUBE.

User Defined Status

The system defaults the value of CIF status as available in the 'Customer Maintenance' screen. This status is the worst status among all the mortgages, savings accounts and current accounts for the customer in the current branch.

This is done if you have opted for status processing at the 'Group/CIF' level as part of your branch preferences.

Derived Status

The system defaults the status of the individual mortgage account here.

User Reference Number

A 16-digit User Reference Number is autogenerated and displayed here if the 'Auto Generate User Ref No' option is checked in the Branch Parameters. The format of the user reference number is BranchCode + ProductCode + Sequence number. You are allowed to modify the autogenerated User Ref No.

If the 'Auto Generate User Ref No' in Branch Parameters is not checked then the User Ref No will be blank by default and you have to specify it manually. Validations are done by the system not to save the account if an unsuppressed payment message is present which has the User Ref No as blank.

5.2.1 Main Tab

The following details regarding the mortgage account are captured here:

Account Details

The following details are captured here:



Amount Financed

Specify the total mortgage amount of the mortgage in this field. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

If Calculate Gross Principle is checked, then the amount financed is the gross principal.

Currency

To select a currency, click the LOV button. A list of currencies is displayed. Double click to select a currency.

Net Principal

The Net Principal is the actual principal amount financed. It is system calculated and excludes any other funded components.

Customer Name

Specify the customer name here.

Value Date

Select the Value date of the mortgage in this field using the date button.

Customer ID

To select a customer ID, click the option list. A screen called 'Find Customer Details' is displayed. You can enter search criteria in this screen. For example, you can enter the customer name or number and click on the 'Search' button. The system then fetches you all the details corresponding to the Customer name or account. Once you find all the details, double-click on the record to return to the account details screen.



Subsidy Customer ID

Specify the unique identifier of the agency or the third party included in the subsidy mortgage contract.

Loan to Value

Specify the accepted value of the mortgaged property. For example, if the mortgaged property's actual value is 100,000, then the mortgage value of the property will be 80,000.

The system calculates the amount to be financed based on 'Loan to Value', the rate of interest, fees and charges are charged at the time of defaulting.

On schedule regeneration, system calculates the Annuity amount for each disbursement schedule. Effectively disbursed amount will be credited to the customer's account and it will be called Equal Monthly Payment (Annuity).

System does not allow making any payment schedule other than bullet schedule for principal and interest components.

On maturity of reverse mortgage mortgage, if the borrower is alive then the contract is rolled over using special rollover with normal Retail Lending mortgage product. This special rollover is done manually.

VAMI can be done on the RML contracts like normal mortgage contracts i.e. user can do amendment of schedules/rate of interest from VAMI screen. On change of schedules/rate, system recalculates the annuity amount, effective the date of the VAMI.

Maturity Date

Select the maturity date in this field using the date button.

If you are not sure of the maturity date, enter the tenor of the mortgage in either days or months or years as say 3M for 3 Months etc. The system automatically calculates the date on tabbing-out of the tenor.

Maturity Type

Select the Fixed or Call option to specify the type of mortgage maturity.

The system by default selects the option Fixed. For the Call option, the maturity date will not be computed upfront.

If you choose the 'Call' option, IRR processing will not be applicable to the account

Index Exch Rate

Specify the exchange rate for index currency here



Calculate Gross Principle

Check this box if you want the system to calculate the gross principal for the mortgage. If you have checked this box and have entered the amount financed then system takes the amount financed as the gross principal.

Bill Ref No

Select the reference number of the export bill against which you want to link the mortgage, from the option list. The option list displays all active and authorized export bill contracts with non zero positive outstanding amount. You can link multiple mortgages to as bill. However, the sum total of all mortgages linked with an export bill should not exceed the outstanding amount for the export bill.

This is enabled only for those Mortgages products for which the 'CL against Bill' option is selected at the product preference level.

Bill Outstanding

The outstanding amount of the bill selected is displayed here

Packing Credit

The system populates this check box by default for all contracts under the 'Packing Credit Product'. However you can uncheck it leaving such contracts to be unavailable for selection in BC towards Packing Credit Mortgages .If you check this box without flagging the Packing Credit product option under Mortgages Products, the system throws an error on attempting to save the contract.

Repayment of Mortgages in the case of CL Accounts created with 'Packing Credit Product' flags is through Bullet Schedules only.

For more details on Pre-Shipment Financing refer section 'Specifying Purchase Details' in chapter 'Processing Bills' of the 'Bills and Collections' manual.

Commitment Type

Select the type of commitment contract that you want to create. The options available are:

- Revolving In case of revolving mortgages the amount available is reinstated whenever there is a payment against a mortgage linked to it. So the paid amount is again available for reutilization. The reinstatement happens only if the payment is done before the validity period of the commitment contract.
- Non-Revolving In case of non revolving mortgages the amount repaid against a mortgage is not reinstated.

Book Date

In this field, the current date when the mortgage details were entered is defaulted and cannot be modified.



Installment Start Date

Enter the original start date of the mortgage in this field. This will be defaulted to the Mortgage Value date at the time of Mortgage creation.

For rolled over contract, the system populates the new start date in the Value Date field and this field remains unchanged and will hold the original start date.

Total Principal Outstanding

Total Principal Outstanding inclusive of the compounded interest or penalty is defaulted here.

Promotions

The following details are captured here:

Promotion Type

The system displays the Promotion type to which the original mortgage is linked. It could be any of the following:

- CONVENIOS
- PROMOTION
- CORFO
- FOGAPE

Promotion ID

The system displays the promotion ID in this field

Beneficiary

The system displays the beneficiary CIF in this field

Priority

The system displays the priority assigned to the promotion

Account Statistics

Once you select an Account Number, the system displays the following details pertaining to the current status of the account:

- Component Name
- Expected
- Overdue Amount
- Outstanding Principle



- Advance Amount
- Currency

The Account creation and any other change to an account is updated the audit trail of the record. In the audit trail, the Account status details are also displayed. An Account can be active or uninitiated. Once it is active, it can be reversed, deleted or liquidated based on the operations on it. This is displayed on the screen.

Effective Date

You can specify the following detail here:

Effective Date

The effective date is used to pick the UDE value. The system displays this date from the General UDE maintenance screen.

For a product + currency combination, if the UDE values are not maintained for the effective date, then the system defaults "0" which the user can then edit.

UDE Values

The UDE values for each Account are maintained here. The UDE values default from the UDE values maintenance for the Product, Currency, effective dates combination. These can be overridden by providing account level UDE values. However the UDE are only those defined at the product level.

The system checks whether the UDE values fall within the minimum and maximum limits specified for the UDEs linked to the product. If a UDE value falls outside the permissible limits, the system will throw an error message,

If there are no product level UDE values maintained, the system will default the UDE value to Zero. However, at the time of saving, if UDE values are zero or any invalid value, then an override will be raised with an appropriate error message. If required this can be configured as an error message. In case of an ERROR, you will have to give a valid value. While if it is an OVERRIDE, you can overlook the message and continue and if it is for an ONLINE AUTHORIZATION the parameter should be authorized appropriately.

The system displays the UDE values from that of the UDE values maintenance screen. These values can be overridden by providing account level UDE values. However, the value can be maintained only for those UDEs defined at the product level. No New UDEs can be introduced at the account level.

You can specify the following details for the UDE values:

UDE ID

To select a UDE Id, click the option list. A list of UDE Ids is displayed. Double click to select a UDE Id.



UDE Values

Specify the Actual Value for the UDE based on the effective Date in this field. The value specified here should fall within the minimum and maximum limits maintained for the UDE linked to the underlying product.

Bandatory if a UDE is maintained.

Rate Code

Select the code for the Floating Rates if any and the spread on it applicable in this field by clicking the option list. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

Code Usage

Select the Code usage which can be periodic or automatic in this field

Resolved Value

This denotes the final value of a UDE. Resolved value = Rate code value taken from Floating Rate Maintenance + the spread [UDE Value]



5.2.2 Preferences Tab

The defaults are maintained by the bank. Depending upon the combination of various preferences, the bank can have various account preferences. The defaults primarily are based on product definition and can be overridden.

Nortgage Account Details		<u>}</u>
Product * Product Category Application Number	Branch Code Account *	Version Number
Main Preferences Components Charges Linkage Det	ails Advices Rollover Credit Score Fields Check Lis	st
Cheque Book Facility Passbook Facility ATM / Debit Card Liquidate Back Valued Schedules Allow Bulk Payment Anend Past Paid Schedules Edit Holiday Periods	Stop Disbursement Recalculate Annuity On Disbursement Packing Credit Notary Pre Confirmed Loan Statement Required Bill Details Trade Reference Amount Available	Track Receivable Auto Liquidation Liquidation Liquidation Mode Auto Reset Retry Count for Reversed Auto Liquidation Partial Liquidation Retries Auto Liquidation Day s Intermediate Intermediary Initiated
Id 1 of 1 Id Go to Page Holiday Periods Image: Control of the second seco	UDE Rate Plan Go to Page	
Loan Statements		×
Promotions Other Applicants Payment Mode Details	Assets Financials Internal Rate of Return Details MI	S Events General Ledger Query Inventory
SWIFT Message Details Statistics Security Details		
Input By Author	ized By Status	Cancel

You can specify the following details here:

Amend Past Paid Schedule Allowed

This preference determines if you can modify any feature such as interest rate, installment amount which affects already paid schedules. If you select this option then the paid schedules are recalculated and liquidations on them are recognized as pending as appropriate.

Liquidate Back Valued Schedules

If this flag is turned on, during initiation, when a mortgage is input back dated and if there are any installment dues, then all those schedules with a due date less than the system date will be liquidated on initiation

Stop Disbursement

Check this option to stop the disbursement of annuity for the mortgage loan in case of any legal or compliance issues.



Last *n* annuities are not disbursed in a given reverse mortgage loan contract if the 'Stop Disbursement' option is checked or 'Till Date' is not updated due to lack of information or proof. And, if the 'Stop Disbursement' option is unchecked in Value dated amendment or 'Till Date' is changed to some future date, then the system will disburse all *n* annuities in the EOD or BOD.

Notary Pre Confirmed

Check this box to indicate that you have already got confirmation from the notary, before creation of the mortgage.

If the value date of the account is on or before the application date, then 'NCON' will trigger INIT and DSBR event for auto disbursement product, else user will need to trigger manual disbursement post the notary confirmation.

If the value date of the loan is beyond the application date, the system will trigger the NCON event online, once the value date is reached the INIT and DSBR events gets fired, if the loan is under an auto disbursement product.

You can also save a mortgage account with this option unchecked. Once you receive the confirmation, you can trigger the 'NCON' event manually using the 'Manual Notary Confirmation' screen.

Refer the section 'Manual Confirmation by Notary' in this chapter to see the steps required for getting confirmation from Notary.

Recalc Annuity on Disbursement

Check this option to indicate that annuity amount should be recalculated on disbursement.

Loan Statement Required

The system defaults the status of this checkbox based on the preferences maintained for the MO product. However, you can modify the default value. Check this box to indicate that the loan statement should be generated.

If this field is checked and the loan statement maintenance is not done at product level, the system will display an error at the time of saving the contract.

The system maintains 'CLST_DETAILED' message for DSBR event, to generate Loan Advice on each disbursal in loan account authorized at product event level.

The system maintains the 'Loan Statements' message types in 'Notices and Statements' tab at product level.

Liquidation

You can maintain the following liquidation preferences:



Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation that you are maintaining. You can select one of the following options:

- Manual
- Auto
- Component

Auto Liqd Reversed Pmt

If auto liquidation has been reversed in an account, it will be retried depending upon the status of this field. If this option is selected, then the auto liquidation is retried.

Partial Liquidation

If you select this option, system will perform partial auto liquidation

Retries for Auto liquidation

When auto liquidation option is chosen and funds are not available, the number of times the system can retry auto liquidation is determined by this field

If blank, the number of retries is infinite

Track Receivable

If Track receivable option is checked for an account, it tracks the amount to be liquidated as a receivable if funds are not available. So upon any subsequent credit, the receivables are blocked and allocated to the pending liquidation.

Auto Liquidation

Select this option to indicate that the Track receivable option is for Auto Liquidations. You can modify this during VAMI/rollover/renegotiation.



On schedule liquidation if there are insufficient funds in the settlement account to satisfy the liquidation and if both the product and the account are marked for receivable tracking then system initiates tracking of receivable.

If the account is marked for Partial liquidation, then liquidation happens to the extent of available funds, and the remaining amount is tracked.



If the account is not marked for partial liquidation, and the amount available in the settlement account is less than the due amount, then system won't do any liquidation and starts tracking the full due amount.

Whenever there is a credit to an account, the tracking process checks if the account has any receivable against it and if it does then the relevant amount is blocked as a receivable and the corresponding amount is marked to be used for settlement during subsequent ALIQ for the account. This process happens till the amount needed for liquidation is fully available.

The decision of allocating this credit will be based on the preference order of products that has been specified at an account class level. On the following EOD/BOD, batch liquidation tries to liquidate the schedule. The amount receivable is made available for the liquidation, and liquidation happens to the extent of receivable amount.

Manual Liquidation

Select this option to indicate that the Track receivable option is for Manual Liquidations.

By default, the system selects this option

UDE Rate Plan

Start Date

The start date from which the rate plan change can be done is displayed here. However, you can modify this value at mortgage account level.

End Date

The end date till which the rate plan change can be done is displayed here. However, you can modify this value at mortgage account level.

Based on the product maintenance, the 'Rate Plan Change' details are defaulted to the mortgage account and this can be modified.

Intermediary Details

You can capture the Intermediary Details at the account level to keep track of the accounts created through Intermediaries.

Intermediary Initiated

Check this box to indicate that the mortgage has been initiated by an intermediary.

Intermediary Code

If you have checked the box 'Intermediary Initiated', you need to specify the code of the intermediary who has initiated the mortgage. The adjoining option list displays all valid intermediary codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one..



Both the fields are disabled after the first authorization of the mortgage. They field cannot be modified during value-dated amendment and rollover operation.

Note that adjustment of commission and charge computed for the intermediary (in the past cycle) should be done manually in case of a reversal of any transaction done by the intermediary post the computation.

Loan Statements

You can specify the following details for generation of loan statements:

Start Date

Specify the start date of loan statement generation. Use the adjoining date button to choose a date from the calendar.

Frequency

Specify the frequency of loan statement generation. The drop-down list displays the following frequencies:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Choose the appropriate one.

Frequency Unit

Specify the frequency unit for loan statement generation.

If the above preferences are not maintained, the system generates loan statements based on the loan advices maintained in 'Notices and Statements' screen at the product level. If Loan Statement details are not maintained at the product level, the system will not allow you to set loan statement preferences for the contract. The system checks the product level preferences during EOD or BOD batches. You can also amend the loan statement preferences using 'Value Date Amendment' screen.

Holiday Periods

You can specify the following detail here:



Period

Select the period for which repayment holiday is to be given to the customer. The holiday periods maintained in the system are displayed in the adjoining option list. If the selected repayment holiday period exceeds 'Interest Only Period' field in the 'Product' screen, the system will display an appropriate error message.

For details on repayment holidays for amortized mortgages, please refer to the section 'Repayment Holiday for Amortized Mortgages' in this chapter.

5.2.2.1 Rollover Tab

Click Rollover Tab to specify rollover details.

Mortgage Account De	tails									_ ×
Product Product Category Application Number	*	*	Brar Alternate Accoun	Account *			Vers Us User De Di	sion Number [er Reference [efined Status [erived Status		
Main Preferences C	omponents	Charges Link:	age Details Advi	ces Rollove	Credit Score	Fields	Check List			
Rollover Mode	Auto Manual Readue		User Defined	Element	Product Contract		Roll Comp	onents 1of1 🕨 🔰	00	+-=
Schedule Dasis	O Contra	t	Allow	Rollover ()	/es		Comp	onent Name *		
Rollover Type	 Specia Custon 	1		0	No					
										8
Promotions Other Appl	icants Pa	ment Mode Details	Assets Finan	cials Interna	Rate of Return	n Details M	IS Events	General Ledge	r Query Invento	ry
SWIFT Message Details	Statistics	Security Details								
Maker ID		Autho	rized By		Sta	atus				
Date Time		Da	ate Time		Authorization Sta	atus				Cancel

You can maintain the following details here:

Allow Rollover

Select the required option to indicate if rollover should be allowed for the mortgage or not. The options are:

- Yes
- No



Rollover

This option is used to determine if the Rollover is system driven or not .You can select either of the following options:

- Auto If you select the option Auto Rollover, then upon maturity, the Account will be rolled over automatically by the system Rollover batch run in BOD.
- Manual If you select the option Manual roll over, then the system does not perform the auto rollover and you can perform a manual rollover.

By default, the system selects the 'Auto' option

Rollover Type

Select either of the following options:

- Special Amount: If your rollover is a special amount, select this option and capture the amount that has to be rolled over
- Custom: If the rollover type is 'Custom', then select the 'Component Names' that have to be rolled over

UDE Rollover

Select the required option to determine if at the time of rollover the UDE value would be defaulted from the product or from the account /Contract

The system by default does not select the option Contract

Schedule Basis

This flag will determine if at the time of rollover the schedule would be defaulted from the product or from the account/Contract

The system by default does not select the option Contract

Roll By

Specify the basis for rollover. It could be any of the following:

- Days
- Months
- Years

Rollover Components

You can maintain the following detail here:



Component

This option is applicable when Rollover Type is Custom. The option list provided will display the components relevant to the account from which you can choose the components that are to be rolled over.

5.2.3 Check List Tab

The Check lists are maintained in the 'Check List Maintenance' screen and are linked to different events of the contract. The checklist maintained for the BOOK event is available in the Checklist tab at the time of account creation.

🔶 Mortgag	ge Account I	Details											_ ×
Pro Applic	Produ oduct Catego cation Numb	ct * ry er			Alternate /	Branch (Acc Account Nur	Code count * nber			Ve U User I	ersion Number ser Reference Defined Status Derived Status		
Main Pr	references	Compon	ents	Charges	Linkage Details	Advices	Rollover	Credit Score	Fields	Check List			
Check List	t 1of1 🕨 🛃 Description	3 1 * [Ç	Chec	ked							-		
Remarks -		1 2 3 4 5					6 7 8 9 10						
Promotion SWIFT Mes	s Other Ap	oplicants s Statis	Payme tics S	ent Mode D ecurity Det	etails Assets	Financials	Internal	Rate of Return	Details	MIS Events	General Ledg	er Query Inven	tory
۵	Maker ID Date Time			,	Authorized By Date Time		A	Sta uthorization Sta	itus itus				Cancel

The following details are captured here:

Description

The description of the check list maintained for the BOOK event is displayed here

Verified

Check this box to indicate that the check list item has been verified

Remarks

Specify any additional remarks about the check list or the account in this free format text field



5.2.4 Fields Tab

The User Defined Fields are defined at the Product level. These fields are available in the Fields tab at the time of account creation.

Mortgage Account Details			-	×
Product *	^ 1	Branch Code	Version Number	^
Product Category		Account *	User Reference	
Application Number	Alternate A	ccount Number	User Defined Status	
			Derived Status	
Main Preferences Compone	nts Charges Linkage Details	Advices Rollover Credit Score	Fields Check List	=
- Character Fields				
·				
2				
8				
	Ç			
		r in the second		~
Promotions Other Applicants	Payment Mode Details Assets	Financials Internal Rate of Return	Details MIS Events General Ledger Query Inventory	
Maker ID	Authorized By	State	nue	
manorito	Addition200 By	Authorization Stat	tus Cancel	
Date Time	Date Time		Cancer	

The following details are displayed/captured here:

UDF Description

The UDF descriptions defaulted from the Product screen are displayed. The system displays all the UDF descriptions defined at the Product level

UDF Value

Specify the UDF value in this field. This is applicable only if the user input or list of values is defined at the time of creation of the UDF

5.2.5 Components Tab

Clicking against the 'Components' tab in the 'Account Details' screen invokes the following screen:



Mortgage Account De	tails				_ ×
Product	*	Branch Code		Version Number	
Product Category		Account	*	User Reference	
Application Number		Alternate Account Number		User Defined Status	
				Derived Status	
Main Preferences C	components Charges	Linkage Details Advices Rol	lover Credit Score Fields	Check List	
Component Name		Penal Basis Component			🔹 1of 1 🕨 🕂 🗕
Calculation Type		Service Branch			
Formula With Schedule	~	Service Account		Payment Mode Detai	Is
Component Currency	S	Settlement Currency		Million and Million and State and State Accession	Revisions
Special Interest Amt			Internal Rate of Return		Disbursals
	Waive		Applicable		Edit Schedules
	Main Component		Special Component		Explode Schedules
	Verify Funds		Funded During Initiation		Scriedule Details
	Capitalized		Punded Duning Konover		
Liquidation Mode	Auto 💙				
Schedule Definition					
I∢ ∢ 1of1 ▶ ▶I					+ - =
Schedule Type S	chedule Flag	Formula First Due	Date No of Schedul	es Frequency	Units D
Payment V	lormal 🗸		6		Daily 🗸
<					
Promotions Other Appl	icants Payment Mode I	Details Assets Financials Int	ernal Rate of Return Details	MIS Events General Ledge	r Query Inventory
SWIFT Message Details	Statistics Security De	tails			
Maker ID		Authorized By	Status		
Date Time		Date Time	Authorization Status		Cancel

You can specify the following details for the components:

Component Name

After you specify the component Name, the system displays the description of the component in the adjacent field.

Component Ccy

The system displays the currency associated with the component in this field. The value is defined at Product level.

Special Interest Amount

Specify the amount for the special interest in this field

Settlement Ccy

Select the settlement currency for the option list. Click the adjoining option list to choose a settlement currency from the list of currencies. Double click on a value to select it.

In case of a subsidy mortgage, the system displays the settlement currency based on the subsidy customer ID specified in the 'Main' tab. However you can change it. The settlement currency is maintained as a default for both Credits and Debits.



Main component

The system selects the component of the mortgage designated as main component in the product level in this field

Verify Fund

You can indicate whether the system should verify the availability of sufficient funds in the customer account before doing auto liquidation of the component

Capitalized

Select this option if the scheduled amounts are to be capitalized

Waive

Select this option to waive the component for the account

The system does not select it by default

Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual

This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the account preference level.

Special Interest option

Select this option to denote if the component is a special Interest type. This implies that the computed value of the component can be overridden with the entered value

IRR Applicable

Check this option to indicate that the component is to be considered for IRR calculation for the account. This field is applicable to interest, charge and fee components. For adhoc charge, charge, penalty and prepayment penalty components, the value will be defaulted from the product level and you will not be able to modify it.

This field will not be available for input if 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' are left unchecked at the product level.

Place the following:



- For bearing type of component formula this option will be enabled only if 'Accrual Required' is checked for the component at the product level
- For discounted or true discounted type of component formula this option will be allowed irrespective of whether the 'Accrual Required' option is checked or not at the product component level
- If the option 'Accrual Required' is unchecked and 'IRR Applicable' is checked, then discounted component will be considered as a part of total discount to be accrued for Net Present Value (NPV) computation
- If both 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' are checked, then discounted component will be considered for IRR computation
- Upfront Fee component will be considered for IRR only when 'Accrual Required' and 'IRR Applicable' both are checked
- For upfront fee component, if 'IRR Applicable' is checked, then 'Accrual Required' has to be checked

Funded During INIT

This field indicates if the component can be funded during the INIT event.

Funded during Rollover

Select this option if the component can be funded during the rollover process.

Penal basis Comp options

The system displays the Penal basis for calculating penalty component in this field.

Service Branch

Click the option list to select the branch that services the customer account

Double click on a value to select it

Service Account

Click the option list to select the account in the service branch.

Double click on a value to select it.

All modes except CASA needs service account. Adjustments etc. will be settled through this account.

Schedule Definition

Click 'Explode' button to view the following Schedule details:

Schedule Number

The system generates and displays a sequential schedule number for installments

Due Date

The system displays the due date of the payments and disbursements in this field

Amount Settled

The system displays the settlement amount for the schedule in this field

Amount Due

The system displays the amount due for the schedule in this field

EMI Amount

The EMI that should be repaid in this schedule is displayed in this field

Amort Prin Details

The system displays the principal that has to be amortized in this field. This field will be relevant for the Interest component that is being amortized.

Accrued Amount

In this field, the system displays the amount accrued for the component for the schedule

Capitalize

The flag is used to display that the schedule installment is capitalized

Waive

Select this option to indicate if this particular amount which is due will be waived or not

Click 'Edit' to make any change to the scheduling and after you have made changes, click 'Explode' to see the changes made

If you select any component and click 'Edit' you can make changes to the schedules which are defaulted from the product to the account.

If you select the 'Explode' button, other components will get adjusted according to change made to any of the attribute.

5.2.5.1 Viewing Disbursals

Select the Principal Component. Click 'Disbursals' to see the Disbursal schedule. This gives the list of Schedules for the disbursements and their corresponding Disbursement amounts.


♦ Disbursals	×
Disbursals	
🛿 🚽 1of1 🕨 🕅 🛛 😡	
Schedule Date Amount To Disburse	
	Cancel

You can check the details of the due date of the schedule and the Amount to be disbursed from the Sch Due date field and the Amount To Dsbr field respectively.

If any disbursal results in a status change for the account, the system will update the current status for the account in the 'Derived Status' field. During end-of-day batch processing, it will update the 'User Defined Status' for the account with the worst status that is available for all accounts and mortgages for this CIF and post the required accounting entries for the change.

5.2.5.2 Viewing Rate Revisions

Select a component which has rate revision defined. To view the details of the Rate revision schedule, click the 'Revisions' button. This lists the details of the revisions done on the Components.

This lists the revision date against the component name. This also has an application option which displays if the revision was applied or not



◆ Revisions		×
Revisions		
14 4 1of1 >> 1 Go		
Schedule Date · Applied Flag	A	
	<u>8</u>	
		٦
	Cancel	

You can check the details of the name of the component that is revised and the date when it has been revised from the field Component name and Revision date respectively.

5.2.5.3 Maintaining Payment Mode Details

You can specify the details of payment mode in the 'Settlement Mode' screen. To invoke the screen, click 'Payment Mode Details' button under 'Components' tab in the 'Account Details' screen.



Branch	·		Account		
edit Settlement Mode	Debit Settlement Mode				
Credit Payment Mode	CASA	~			
Credit Product Accoun	t	28	External Account Number		
Credit Account Branch	1		External Account Name		
nstrument Number Credi	t		Clearing Bank Code		~
Upload Source Credi	t		Clearing Branch Code		
End Poin	t		Product Category		×1
			Routing Number		
			Clearing Product Code		
			Sector Code		
GIRO Numbe	r		Auto GIRO	 Auto 	
Payer Accoun	t			O Manual	
Payer Bank Code			Exchange Rate		
Payer Branch	1		Negotiated Cost Rate		
Payer Bank Address 1			Negotiated Reference	J	
Payer Bank Address 2	2		Original Exchange Rate		
Payer Bank Address 3	3				
Payer Bank Address 4					
Bank GIRC)				

Select the payment mode from the option list. The options for debit mode are CASA, Credit Card, Debit Card, Clearing, External Account, Electronic Pay Order, Internal Check, Instrument, GIRO and Cash/Teller.

The options for credit mode are CASA, Clearing, External Account, Instrument, and Cash/Teller.

The values in these modes are:

- CASA:
 - Branch: Click the option list to choose the branch in which the customer account resides. . Double click on a branch to select it.
- Account: Click the option list to choose the account in the branch selected. Double click on an account to select it. Credit Card / Debit Card
 - Card Number: This field captures either the Credit No or the Debit No details based on the selection.

The card must be a valid card whose number can be checked with a modulo logic or maintenance file.

Clearing Network



- > Clearing Bank Code: Click the option list to select the bank code as per clearing maintenance. Double click on a bank code to select it.
- Clearing Branch Code: Click the option list to select the clearing bank branch. Double click on a branch code to select it.
- Instrument No: Enter the number on the instrument presented for clearing in this field. Double click on a value to select it.
- > Routing No: Enter the routing number of the branch selected for clearing in this field.
- Clearing Product Code: Click the option list to choose a product code if the clearing is using an Oracle FLEXCUBE clearing product. Double click on a branch to select it.
- > End Point: This field picks up the end point maintained in the clearing system.
- Sector Code: Click the option list to choose the clearing sector code. Double click on a sector code to select it.
- External Account
 - Clearing Bank Code: Click the option list to choose the external bank code as per clearing maintenance
 - Clearing Branch Code: Click the option list to choose the external bank branch used for clearing
 - > Ext Acc No: Enter the external account number in this field
 - Ext Acc Beneficiary Name: Enter the name of the beneficiary of the external account in this field
- GIRO
 - Auto/Manual GIRO Select Auto GIRO for automatic direct debit or else select Manual
 - Bank/Plus GIRO Select the GIRO clearing system used, which can be either Bank or Plus
 - GIRO Number This is applicable only for corporate customers and not for individual customers. You have to enter the GIRO number
 - > Payer Bank Name Specify the name of the bank from which the amount is paid.
 - > Payer Branch Specify the branch from which the amount is paid
 - > Payer Account Specify the account from which the amount is paid
 - > Payer Bank Address Specify the address of the bank from which the amount is paid
- Instrument / Cash / Teller
 - AC Branch: Click the option list to choose branch where the account is serviced. Double click on a branch to select it
 - Product or Account: If the payment mode is Account, this field specifies the CASA / GL account to be debited. If the payment is through Instrument / Cash, it denotes the teller product to be used

Credit Settlement Mode Tab

You can specify the credit settlement details under the 'Credit Settlement Mode' in the 'Settlement Mode' screen.



Branci	۱ 	Account		
redit Settlement Mode	Debit Settlement Mode			
Credit Payment Mode	CASA	*		
Credit Product Account	t	External Account Number		
Credit Account Brancl	1	External Account Name		
Instrument Number Cred	it	Clearing Bank Code)	>=
Upload Source Cred	it	Clearing Branch Code		
End Poin	t	Product Category		28
		- Routing Number		
		Clearing Product Code		
		Sector Code		
GIRO Numbe	r	Auto GIRO	 Auto 	
Payer Account	t]	O Manual	
Payer Bank Code	e	Exchange Rate		
Payer Branch	1	Negotiated Cost Rate		
Payer Bank Address	1	Negotiated Reference		
Payer Bank Address	2	Original Exchange Rate		
Payer Bank Address 3	3]		
Payer Bank Address	4]		
Bank GIRC	 Bank GIRO Plus 			

Here you can specify the following details:

Credit Payment Mode

Select the credit payment mode from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- CASA
- Credit Card
- Clearing
- Debit Card
- External Account
- Electronic Pay Order
- GIRO
- Internal Cheque
- Instrument
- Cash/Teller

Credit Product Account

Specify the account number of the credit product.



Credit Account Branch

Specify the name of the branch in which the credit account should be maintained.

Instrument Number Credit

Specify the instrument number that should be used for credit payment.

Upload Source Credit

Specify the upload source that should be used for credit payment.

End Point

Specify the end point maintained in the clearing system. The adjoining option list displays all valid end points maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

External Account Number

Specify the external account number.

External Account Name

Specify the name of the beneficiary who is holding the external account.

Clearing Bank Code

Specify the code of the external bank that should be used for clearing maintenance. The adjoining option list maintains all valid banks maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Clearing Branch Code

Specify the branch code of the specified external bank that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Product Category

Specify the category of the product. The adjoining option list displays all valid products maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Routing Number

Specify the routing number of the specified branch for clearing.

Clearing Product Code

Specify the product code that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid code maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.



Sector Code

Specify the code of the sector that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Giro Number

Specify the GIRO number of the corporate customer.

Payer Account

Specify the account from which the amount should be paid.

Payer Bank Code

Specify the code of the payer's bank that should be used for the payment of amount.

Payer Branch

Specify the branch of the specified payer's bank that should be used for the payment of amount.

Payer Bank Address 1-4

Specify the address of the bank that should be used for the payment of the amount.

Bank Giro

Indicate the type of bank giro that should be used for corporate customers. You can select one of the following:

- Bank GIRO
- Plus

Auto Giro

Indicate the type of the Auto GIRO for automatic direct debit. You can select one of the following values:

- Auto
- Manual

Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.



You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

For more details on customer specific exchange rates, refer the section titled 'Specifying Pricing Benefit Details' in Relationship Pricing user manual.

Negotiated Cost Rate

Specify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.

Negotiation Reference Number

Specify the reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate, in foreign currency transaction. If you have specified the negotiated cost rate, then you need to specify the negotiated reference number also.

Oracle FLEXCUBE books the online revaluation entries based on the difference in exchange rate between the negotiated cost rate and transaction rate.

Debit Settlement Mode Tab

You can specify the debit settlement details under the 'Debit Settlement Mode' in the 'Settlement Mode' screen.



Settlement Mode				_ ×
Branch		Account		_
Credit Settlement Mode De	bit Settlement Mode			
Debit Payment Mode	CASA	~		
Debit Product Account		External Account Number		
Debit Account Branch		External Account Name		
Card Number		Clearing Bank Code		
Instrument Number Debit		Clearing Branch Code		
Upload Source Debit		Product Category		
End Point		Routing Number		
		Clearing Product Code		
		Sector Code		_
Payer Account		Auto GIRO	 Auto 	
Payer Bank Code			() Manual	
Payer Branch		Exchange Rate		
Payer Bank Address 1		Negotiated Cost Rate		
Payer Bank Address 2		Negotiated Reference		
Payer Bank Address 3		Original Exchange Rate		
Payer Bank Address 4				
GIRO Number				
Bank GIRO	Bank GIRO			
	OPlus			
				Ok Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Debit Payment Mode

Select the Debit payment mode from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- CASA
- Credit Card
- Clearing
- Debit Card
- External Account
- Electronic Pay Order
- GIRO
- Internal Cheque
- Instrument
- Cash/Teller

Debit Product Account

Specify the account number of the debit product.



Debit Account Branch

Specify the name of the branch in which the debit account should be maintained.

Instrument Number Debit

Specify the instrument number that should be used for debit payment.

Upload Source Debit

Specify the upload source that should be used for debit payment.

End Point

Specify the end point maintained in the clearing system. The adjoining option list displays all valid end points maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

External Account Number

Specify the external account number.

External Account Name

Specify the name of the beneficiary who is holding the external account.

Clearing Bank Code

Specify the code of the external bank that should be used for clearing maintenance. The adjoining option list maintains all valid banks maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Clearing Branch Code

Specify the branch code of the specified external bank that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Product Category

Specify the category of the product. The adjoining option list displays all valid products maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Routing Number

Specify the routing number of the specified branch for clearing.

Clearing Product Code

Specify the product code that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid code maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.



Sector Code

Specify the code of the sector that should be used for clearing. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Payer Account

Specify the account from which the amount should be paid.

Payer Bank Code

Specify the code of the payer's bank that should be used for the payment of amount.

Payer Branch

Specify the branch of the specified payer's bank that should be used for the payment of amount.

Payer Bank Address 1-4

Specify the address of the bank that should be used for the payment of the amount.

Giro Number

Specify the GIRO number of the corporate customer.

Bank Giro

Indicate the type of bank giro that should be used for corporate customers. You can select one of the following:

- Bank GIRO
- Plus

Auto Giro

Indicate the type of the Auto GIRO for automatic direct debit. You can select one of the following values:

- Auto
- Manual

Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.



You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

For more details on customer specific exchange rates, refer the section titled 'Specifying Pricing Benefit Details' in Relationship Pricing user manual.

Negotiated Cost Rate

Specify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.

Negotiation Reference Number

Specify the reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate, in foreign currency transaction. If you have specified the negotiated cost rate, then you need to specify the negotiated reference number also.

Oracle FLEXCUBE books the online revaluation entries based on the difference in exchange rate between the negotiated cost rate and transaction rate.

5.2.6 Charges Tab

This module is used for calculating and applying charges on an account. To calculate the charges that we would like to levy on an account, we have to specify the basis on which we would like to apply charges. For example, we may want to apply charges on the basis of the debit turnover in an account. When we define a Charge product, we have to specify the Charge basis.

When we apply the charge product on an account or an account class, charges for the account will be calculated on this basis.



Mortgage Account Det	ails										-
Product * Product Category Application Number			Alternate A	Branch Code Account Account Number	*]	Versi User User Def Der	on Number Reference ined Status rived Status			
lain Preferences Co	omponents	Charges	Linkage Details	Advices Rol	lover Credit Score Fi	ields	Check List				
Component Name Calculation Type Service Branch Service Account Effective Date	>			Due Date Amount Due	Funded During Initia Funded During Rollo Waive	ation over	Payment	Mode Details	5	1 of 1	▶ <u>+</u> -
etails I∢ ∢ 1of1 ▶ ▶I	90			Amount Waived							
etails I 1of1 I II Event Code Amoun	t Settled	Schedule Dat	ê .	Amount Waived		-	_				
etails	cants Pays	Schedule Dat	e tails Assets alls	Financials Int	ernal Rate of Return Deta	ails M	IIS Events G	ieneral Ledg	er Query	Inventory	

The following details are captured:

Component Name

Here, you can add a brief description for the component that you specify for a product

Calculation Type

To specify the manner in which the component should be calculated and liquidated. You can choose one of the following options:

Formula with schedule (Component Type - Interest)

- Formula without schedule (Charge)
- Penal Interest
- Prepayment Penalty
- Discount
- Schedule without formula (Principal)
- No schedule No formula (Ad Hoc Charges)
- Penalty Charges



Component Currency

The system displays the currency associated with the component. The component currency is defaulted from the Product level

Settlement Currency

Click the option list to choose the details of the currency in which the payments are to be made in this field. A list of currencies is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

5.2.6.1 Maintaining Payment Mode Details

The debit and credit settlement mode details for the account can be maintained in the 'Settlement Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by clicking the 'Payment Mode' button in the 'Main' tab.

Branch	1		Account	<u></u>	1.01
redit Settlement Mode	Debit Settlement Mode				
Credit Payment Mode	CASA	~			
Credit Product Account	t		External Account Number	1	
Credit Account Branch	1		External Account Name		
Instrument Number Credi	t		Clearing Bank Code		×1
Upload Source Credi	t		Clearing Branch Code		
End Poin	t		Product Category		
			Routing Number		
			Clearing Product Code		
			Sector Code		
GIRO Number	r		Auto GIRO	 Auto 	
Payer Account	t	ī		O Manual	
Payer Bank Code	9		Bank GIRO	Bank GIRO	
Payer Branch	1			O Plus	
Payer Bank Address 1	1				
Payer Bank Address 2	2				
Payer Bank Address 3	3				
Payer Bank Address 4	1				

Specify the following details:

Dr Payment Mode

Click the option list to choose the details of the mode of payment (For debit payments) in this field. A list of values includes CASA, Cash/Teller, Instrument, External Account, Electronic Pay Order, Internal Check, Clearing, Debit Card and Credit Card.

Dr Prod Ac

Enter the Product / Account to be used for Debit payments in this field



Dr Acc Brn

Click the option list to choose the details of the branch where the Dr account resides. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it

Cr Payment Mode

Click on list item to choose the mode of payment by which the account is credited. The list of values includes a list of values which includes CASA, Cash/Teller, Instrument, External Account, and Clearing.

Cr Prod Ac

Enter the details of the Product/Account to be used for Credit payments in this field

Cr Acc Brn

Click the option list to choose the details of the branch where the Cr account resides. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

Charge Appl Date

Enter the details of the date from which the charge is applicable in this field

Service Branch

The branch that services the account - Any Valid, Open Branch

Service Account

Denotes the account in the service branch. A valid open account in the service branch . The service account is needed for all modes apart from CASA. The adjustments etc will be settled through this account.

Due Date

The date on which the charge was applied

Amount Due

Enter the details of the amount due for repayment in this field

Funded during INIT

Select this option if the component can be funded during mortgage initiation

Funded during Rollover

Select this option if the component can be funded during the rollover process

For each component, the following details are displayed:

Event Code



- Component Name: A component will be of type 'Charge'
- Amount Due: The amount due for repayment in this field
- Amount Settled: The settled amount in this field
- Schedule Due Date: The scheduled date for repayment in this field
- Waive: If this option is checked, the charge defined for event is waived off

Waiver Flag

Select this option to waive off the charges

Refer 'Maintaining Payment Mode Details' section in this User Manual for field explanations.

5.2.7 Linkages Tab

At the time of Mortgage account capture, the Linkages to securities backing the mortgage is captured. They include:

- The reference number of the Collateral , Collateral Pool , Line , Account , Amount block, Commitment, Guarantee Collection Bill is linked
- The amount which is attributed to the particular reference number is also captured
- The account input screen captures the Linkages as shown below

You can link Limit/Commitment to the Mortgage account during CL account creation.



Mortgage Account De	tails											_ ×
Product Product Category Application Number	*	×:	Alternate Ac	Branch C Acc ccount Nun	code ount * nber			Ver Us User D	sion Number er Reference efined Status erived Status			
Main Preferences C	Components	Charges Linka	ge Details	Advices	Rollover	Credit Score	Fields	Check List				
Linkage Details												
I€ € 10f1 ▶ ▶I	Go										+ -	-
🗹 Linkage Sequence N	lumber	Linkage Type 🔹	Linkage E	Branch		Customer Id		Linked Refere	nce 🕨 🛛 I	Linkage Am	ount A	ma <mark>cal</mark>
	C	redit Line 🛛 👻			*		2		*			
<			inter -									<u>×</u>
Promotions Other Appl	licants Pay	ment Mode Details	Assets	Financials	Internal	Rate of Return	Details	MIS Events	General Led	ger Query	Inventory	
SWIFT Message Details	Statistics	Security Details										
Maker ID		Author	ized By			Sta	atus					
Date Time		Dat	e Time		Al	thorization Sta	itus					Cancel

You can specify the following Linkage details:

Linkage Sequence Number

Enter the sequence number for the linkage that you are specifying

Linkage Type

Click on the list item to choose the details of the linkage type. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it

The valid values are Line, Deposit, Guarantee, Amount Block, CASA Account, Collateral Pool, Commitment and Collateral

Linkage Branch

Select the branch of the linkage type

Customer ID

Click on 'C' button to choose the ID of the customer to be used for corresponding linkage type. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

A customer can either be the primary applicant or any of the other applicants for which the linkage type has been maintained.



Linkage Ref No

Click on 'L' button to choose linkage reference number be used for corresponding field.

Linkage Amount

Enter the linkage amount in this field

Secured Portion

Enter the part of the principal that is backed by some asset in this field

5.2.8 Advices Tab

Advices that may be generated whenever the account level status changes or whenever a particular event is fired can be linked at the Product level. Priorities of the advice can be changed and also a particular advice for an event can be suppressed. Generation of an advice across the life of the account can also be suppressed.

Mortgage Account D	etails										-
Produc Product Category Application Number	t* /	*	Alternate A	Branch C Acco Account Num	ode punt * iber			Ver Us User D C	rsion Number ser Reference lefined Status)erived Status		
Main Preferences	Components	s Charges	Linkage Details	Advices	Rollover	Credit Score	Fields	Check List			
Advices	jppress F	Priority]	+	Supplier	Advice	0p.	
Promotions Other App SWIFT Message Details Maker ID	olicants Pa Statistics	nyment Mode D	Petails Assets tails Authorized By	Financials	Internal R	tate of Return	Details I	MIS Events	General Ledg	er Query Inve	ntory
Date Time			Date Time		Aut	thorization Sta	itus				Cancel

You can specify the following Advice details:

Message Type



The system displays all the advices for all the events for the account. The list will include all the advices that are defined at the product level

Suppress

This field allows the user to suppress the generation of the advice for a particular event. The options are Yes or No

Priority

Click the option list to select the priority of generation. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

The options are High, Medium or Low

Suppress Advices across the Account

The generation of an advice across the life of the account can be suppressed.

Message Type

Click the option list to select the type of advice, the generation of which can be suppressed across the account. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

The list includes advices defined at the product level

You can suppress the Payment Message defaulted in case you do not need a credit through swift message.

The message is automatically suppressed if the Principal Credit Settlement account is changed to a GL or if the receiver in 'Swift Msg Details' screen is not valid to receive the message i.e, if the Customer Type of the Receiver party is not a Bank.

Also, if the settlement mode for PRINCIPAL component is anything other than CASA, the swift message is automatically suppressed.

If the Transfer Type is chosen as blank i.e, neither Customer Transfer nor Bank Transfer, then PAYMENT_MESSAGE will become CREDIT_ADVICE by Swift(MT910) if the Receiver is a bank and the credit settlement account is a current account.

5.2.9 Credit Score Tab

Click 'Credit Score' tab to specify the details for calculating the credit score.



Mortgage Account Deta	ails							_		_ ×
Product *				Branch Code			Version Nu	mber		1
Product Category	r			Account *			User Refer	ence		
Application Number			Alternate Acc	ount Number		i i	User Defined S	tatus		ī
							Derived S	tatus		
Main Preferences Co	omponents	Charges Link	age Details	Advices Rollover	Credit Score F	Fields C	Check List			
Rule Name		25	- Credit Bure	au Details						
Automated Score				Agency Code						
Credit Score			External	Credit Score						
	Score									
			Externa	I Credit Score						
	COLUMN TO DO	ont Mode Detail	s Assets Fi	nancials Internal	Rate of Return Det	tails MIS	S Events Genera	Ledger Query	Inventory	
Promotions Other Applic	cants Paym	ient mode Detail								
Promotions Other Applic SWIFT Message Details	Statistics	Security Details								
Promotions Other Applic SWIFT Message Details Maker ID	statistics	Security Details	orized By		Status					
Promotions Other Applie SWIFT Message Details Maker ID Date Time	Statistics	Security Details Autho	orized By	A	Status uthorization Status					Cancel

You need to specify the following details here:

Rule Name

The rule associated with the mortgage product gets defaulted here. You can modify this, if required.

Credit Score

Specify the credit score associated with the customer

Automated Score

The credit score calculated by the system based on the rules maintained at the product level gets displayed here

Agency Code

Select the code of the external agency, to be approached for calculating the score

External Credit Score

The score as calculated by the external agency is displayed here

Click 'Score' to auto-generate the credit score for the customer. Click 'External Score' to auto-generate the credit score for the Bureau.



5.2.10 Specifying Other Applicants Details

You can maintain the primary and other applicants details in the 'Other Applicants' screen. Click the 'Other Applicants' button to invoke the screen.

Other Applicants			×
Primary Applicant		Primary Applicant Name	
Other Applicants			
📢 🖣 10f1 🕨 🕅 😡			+ - =
Customer Id Customer Name	Responsibility Liability	Liability Amount Effective Date	•
			4
			Ok Cancel

Primary Applicant

You can maintain the following details of the Primary applicants:

Customer ID

This detail is defaulted from the main screen. Enter the Customer ID of the primary applicant in this field

Customer Name

After you enter the Customer ID, the system displays the Name of the primary applicant in this field

Other Applicants

The details of the liability parties to the account are maintained in this field. Other Applicants of a mortgage include Co-signers and Guarantors.

You can specify the following details of the Co-applicants:

Customer ID

To select the customer ID of the co-applicant, click the option list. A list of customer IDs is displayed. Double click to select the customer ID of the co-applicant.



Customer Name

After you enter the name of the Customer, the system displays the name of the customer in this field.

Responsibility

Select the details of the co-applicants and their responsibility as a Co-signer or as a guarantor from the option list. You can enter the details like the guarantor, co-signer, main addressee, advice notice receiver, and borrower etc., who is relevant to a joint account relationship. During initiation of the account, the primary customer is defaulted to 'Borrower' with 100% Liability and value date as the effective date. You are allowed to maintain multiple applicants (customer id) for a mortgage with the same responsibility (Borrower).

While there is no processing impact, the difference will become important when the original debtor is absconding and the mortgage is unpaid etc.

Liabilities%

Specify the contribution of the co-applicants to the Mortgage. You can specify the Liability of the co-applicant if any, in case of a Mortgage default. You can also specify the percentage of interest split among different co-applicants. It is not made mandatory to maintain 'Liability %' for the responsibility 'Borrower'. There could be borrowers with 0% liability.

The sum of 'Liability %' for all the customers of a mortgage to be equal to 100%

Liability Amount

The system calculates and displays the upper limit of the liability in terms of the amount in this field. You may override the computed value.

Effective Date

This field is used to capture the date from which the % interest split among co-applicants of the mortgage will be taken into consideration. During the initiation of the mortgage, the value date of the mortgage will be defaulted as the effective date. During VAMI, the same effective date will be retained, you can however edit it.

The effective date can not be a date prior to the mortgage initiation date. It is also necessary that there is one record for the initiation date. The effective date for all the applicants is the same.

5.2.11 Capturing Asset Details

You can capture the details corresponding to the collateral being provided for the current mortgage in the 'Assets' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Assets' button in the 'Account Details' screen.



Branch Account Account Asset Valuation Vehicle Home Others Mortgage Insurance Asset Value Image: Asset Value Image: Asset Value Date Image: Asset Value Date Source Supplement Edition Wholesale Retail Usage Usage Value + Total Transaction Value	
Account Asset Valuation Vehicle Home Others Mortgage Insurance Asset Value I	
Asset Value I 1of1 > N Go Asset Value Date Source Supplement Edition Wholesale Retail Usage Usage Value + Total Transaction Value	
I 4 1of1 I II Go	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.
Asset Value Date Source Supplement Edition Wholesale Retail Usage Usage Value + Total Transaction Value	+-=
	1
	22
	<u> </u>

5.2.11.1 Valuations Tab

You can capture valuation details of the asset in this tab:

Here, you can specify the following details related to your assets like vehicle, home, etc.

Assets

Select the type of asset from the drop-down list. The following values are provided for selection:

- Vehicle
- Home
- Others

Valuation Dt

Specify the valuation date for the selected asset, or select the date by clicking the 'Calendar' button.

Source

Specify the source associated with the asset selected

Supplement

Specify the supplement of the valuation source used for the valuation

Edition

Specify edition of the valuation source used for the valuation

Wholesale

Specify the wholesale rate associated with the asset selected



Retail

Specify the retail rate associated with the asset selected

Usage

Specify usage level at the time of the valuation

Usage Value +

Specify the initial usage value

Total

Specify the total usage of the asset

5.2.11.2 Vehicle Tab

You can capture details regarding the asset of type 'vehicle' in this tab

◆ Asset						×
Branch			Account			
Account Asset Valuation	Vehicle Home	Others	Mortgage Insurance			
Asset Class		<u>×</u> :	Asset Year		Address1 [
Туре			Asset Make		Address2	
Sub Type			Asset Model		Address3	
Asset Status			Asset Body		Address4	
			Identity Number	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			Reg#			
						Ok Cancel
						OK Culleci

You can specify the following common details associated with asset of type vehicle:

Class

Select the class associated with the asset selected, from the option list. The following options are provided:

- New
- Used

Status

Select the status of the asset selected, from the option list. The following options are provided:

- Active
- Inactive



- Inventory
- Undefined

Туре

Specify the type of the selected asset here

Sub Type

Specify the subtype associated with the asset, if any

Year

Specify the year of association with the selected asset

Make

Specify the make of the selected asset. For vehicle, you can specify the manufacturing company name and for home you can specify the name of the builder or developer.

Model

Specify the model of the selected asset

Address

Specify the address associated with the asset

You need to specify the following details additional related to vehicle type of asset:

Body

Specify the body number associated with the vehicle

Id Number

Specify the unique identification number associated with the vehicle

Reg. Number

Specify the registration number of the vehicle



5.2.11.3 Home Tab

You can capture details regarding the asset of type Home in this tab

Asset					×
Branch			Account	ıt	
Account Asset Valuation	Vehicle Hom	e Others	Mortgage Insurance		
Asset Class			Asset Year	Address1	
Туре			Asset Make	e Address2	
Sub Type			Asset Model	Address3	
Asset Status			Width	h Address4	
Occupancy			Length	h	
764 62			Purchase Order Number	er lander en	
			GEO		
			BNA	A	
			MSA	A	
				Ok Can	cel

You can specify the following additional details for home type of asset:

Occupancy

Specify the number of people occupying the house

Width

Specify the width associated with the selected asset

Length

Specify the length associated with the selected asset

PO

Specify the post office number of the location of the property

GEO

Specify the property GEO code (Geospatial Entity Object Code) for the asset

BNA

Specify the census tract/BNA code (Block Numbering Area) for the asset

MSA

Specify the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) code for the asset

Click 'Ok' to save the details.



5.2.11.4 Others Tab

You can capture other asset details here.

Asset		_	_			>
Branch				Account		
Account Asset Valuation	Vehicle	Home	Others	Mortgage Insurance		
Asset Class				Asset Year	Address1	
Туре				Asset Make	Address2	
Sub Type				Asset Model	Address3	
Asset Status				Asset Body	Address4	
				Identity Number		
				Reg#		
					Ok C	ancel

Specify the following details:

- Asset Class
- Type
- Sub Type
- Asset Status
- Asset Year
- Asset Make
- Asset Model
- Asset Body
- Identity Number
- Register Number
- Address

5.2.11.5 Mortgage Tab

You can capture other asset details here.



Branch			Act	count			
ccount Asset Valuation	Vehicle Hom	e Others	Mortgage Insurance	æ			
Property Name	1						
Collateral Category							
Country		28					
Co Owner							
Property Age(In Years)							
Valuation							
Offset Margin							
Lendable Margin							
Valuation Currency							
oject Details			Property Ad	dress		Wing Name	
Developer Code	20				Asset Final	nce Amount	

Property Name

Specify the name of the property of the mortgage loan.

Collateral Category

Specify the type of the collateral offered to the bank.

Property Age (In Years)

Specify the age details of the property of the mortgage loan.

Country

Specify the name of the country where the property is located.

Co-owner

Specify the name of co-owner of the property.

Offset Margin

Specify the offset margin of the mortgage property.

Lendable Margin

Specify the lendable margin of the mortgage property.

Valuation Currency

Specify the currency in which the property has to be valued. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Valuation

Specify the actual value of the property.



Property Address

Specify the address details of the property. You can use four address fields to capture the complete address.

Project Details

You can specify the project details in the following fields:

Developer Code

Specify the code that identifies the developer of the property.

Project Name

Specify the name of the project under which the property was constructed.

Project Description

Specify a brief description of the specified project.

Evaluator

Specify the name of person who evaluates the property.

Evaluation Value

Specify the worth of the property that is evaluated by the evaluator.

Evaluation Date

Specify the date on which the evaluation is done by the specified evaluator.

Requested Amount

Specify the amount that is requested by the customer.

Property Usage

Specify the usage of the property.

Mortgage Degree

Specify the degree of the mortgage.

Lot Number

Specify the lot number of the property.

Property Type

Specify the type of the property. The following are the different types of properties:



- Land
- Apartment
- Villa

Property Status

Specify the status of the property.

Title Deed Number

Specify the deed number of legal document on the purchased property.

Title Deed Issue Date

Specify the date on which the legal document is issued.

Title Deed Issue From

Specify the name of the authority who issued the legal document on the property.

Building Name

Specify the name of the building.

Building Compound Name

Specify the name of the building compound.

Contact Person

Specify the name of the contact person.

Contact Number

Specify the contact number of the developer.

Wing Name

Specify the portion name of the property.

Asset Finance Amount

Specify the finance amount of the property asset.

Property Value

Specify the worth of the property.

Down Payment

Specify the amount that should be paid as down payment.



Market Value

Specify the current market value of the property.

Sale Value

Specify the sale value of the property that should be used for the secondary market purchase.

Registered Name

Specify the name of the person to whom the property should be registered.

Registration Number

Specify the registration serial number of the property.

Registration Date

Specify the date on which the property should be registered.

Completion Date

Specify the date on which the project should be completed.

For more details on collateral and collateral pool, refer sections 'Collaterals Maintenance' and 'Collateral Pool Maintenance' in Limits & Collaterals chapter of ELCM module.

5.2.11.6 Insurance Tab

You can capture details regarding the asset of type Insurance in this tab.

Asset						×
Branch	Accoun	i	_			
Account Asset Valuation Vehicle Home	Others Mortgage Insurance					
Insurance						
📢 🖣 1of1 🕨 🕅 🔐					+ - =	
Policy Number Policy Type Insurer	Insurer Address1 Insurer Addres	s2 Insurer Address3	Insurer Address4	Insurance Expiry	Customer Polic	
<					>	
					Ok Cano	cel

Here you can specify the following details:

Policy Number

Specify the insurance policy number.



Policy Type

Specify the type of the policy. The following are the different types of polices:

- Property Insurance
- Life Insurance

Insurer

Specify the name of the insurance company.

Insurer Address 1 to 4

Specify the address of the insurance company. You can use four address fields to capture the complete address.

Insurance Expiry

Specify the date on which the insurance policy expires. Click the date button to choose a date from the calendar.

Customer

Specify the name of the primary customer.

Policy Amount

Specify the amount insured on the policy.

Policy Start Date

Specify the start date of the insurance policy. Click the date button to choose a date from the calendar.

Policy End Date

Specify the end date of the insurance policy. Click the date button to choose a date from the calendar.

Premium Amount

Specify the yearly premium amount being paid for this insurance.

Insured Name

Specify the name of the person insured under this policy.

Managed by

Specify the name of the person who manages the insurance policy. If an insurance broker manages the policy, enter the name of the broker.



Oracle FLEXCUBE changes the undisbursed DSBRs to moratorium using VAMI options.

The system also collects the processing fee in advance and runs along with the BOOK/DSBR events.

5.2.12 Repayment Holiday for Amortized Mortgages

A mortgage has two formulae for the slots of simple and the amortized. Simple and amortized formulae can occupy any position in schedules definition.

During principal repayment holiday period, interest is calculated on the simple interest formula specified. The customer needs to repay only the interest component. Principal is amortized for the remaining period or tenor of the mortgage. Principal schedule will not be present during repayment holiday period.

The system treats instances of overdue and default as per the liquidation order maintained.

Example

Consider the following details:

Mortgage Amount	24000
Tenor of Mortgage	24 months
Rate of Interest	20%
Simple Calculation Period	06
Amortized Calculation Period	18
Mortgage start Date	01-Sep-2008
Mortgage End Date	01-Sep-2010
Interest Calculation Amortized	From 01-Sep-2008 to 01-Sep-2009
Interest Calculation Simple	From 01-Sep-2009 to 01-Mar-2010
Interest Calculation Amortized	From 01-Mar-2010 to 01-Sep-2010

SI No	Instalment Schedule Date	Mortgage Outstanding	Instalment Repayment Amount		
		Amount		Principal	Interest
1	10/1/2008	9482.13	601.2	517.87	83.33
2	11/1/2008	8962.58	601.2	519.55	81.65
3	12/1/2008	8436.07	601.2	526.51	74.69



SI No	Instalment Schedule Date	Mortgage Outstanding	Instalment Amount	Repayment	
		Amount		Principal	Interest
4	1/1/2009	7907.51	601.2	528.56	72.64
5	2/1/2009	7374.4	601.2	533.11	68.09
6	3/1/2009	6830.56	601.2	543.84	57.36
7	4/1/2009	6288.18	601.2	542.38	58.82
8	5/1/2009	5739.38	601.2	548.8	52.4
9	6/1/2009	5187.6	601.2	551.78	49.42
10	7/1/2009	4629.63	601.2	557.97	43.23
11	8/1/2009	4068.3	601.2	561.33	39.87
12	9/1/2009	3502.13	601.2	566.17	35.03
13	10/1/2009	3502.13	29.18		29.18
14	11/1/2009	3502.13	30.16		30.16
15	12/1/2009	3502.13	29.18		29.18
16	1/1/2010	3502.13	30.16		30.16
17	2/1/2010	3502.13	30.16		30.16
18	3/1/2010	3502.13	27.24		27.24
19	4/1/2010	2931.09	601.2	571.04	30.16
20	5/1/2010	2354.32	601.2	576.77	24.43
21	6/1/2010	1773.39	601.2	580.93	20.27
22	7/1/2010	1186.97	601.2	586.42	14.78
23	8/1/2010	595.99	601.2	590.98	10.22
24	9/1/2010	0	601.12	595.99	5.13

Repayment amounts marked in '*italics*' are derived using amortized formula. The remaining amounts are derived using simple formula.

Simple interest formula cannot be used for the last payment row. The bullet schedule for interest cannot be based on the simple interest formula. Hence the gap between the principal schedules – 01-Sep-2009 and 01-Apr-2010 – in the above example.



Now, in case of principal moratorium for a simple mortgage, there may be no principal schedules present for a given period of Interest. The system calculates simple interest during principal moratorium based on the principal outstanding amount at that time.

<u>Example</u>

Consider the following details:

Mortgage Amount	24000
Tenor of Mortgage	24 months
Rate of Interest	20%
Mortgage Start Date	01-Sep-2008
Mortgage End Date	01-Sep-2010
Principal Moratorium Period	From 01-Sep-2009 to 01-Apr-2010

SI	Instalment	Mortgage	Instalment	Repayme	nt
No.	Schedule Date	Outstanding Amount	Amount	Principal	Interest
1	10/1/2008	22666.67	1733.33	1333.33	400
2	11/1/2008	21333.34	1723.7	1333.33	390.37
3	12/1/2008	20000.01	1688.89	1333.33	355.56
4	1/1/2009	18666.68	1677.77	1333.33	344.44
5	2/1/2009	17333.35	1654.81	1333.33	321.48
6	3/1/2009	16000.02	1602.96	1333.33	269.63
7	4/1/2009	14666.69	1608.89	1333.33	275.56
8	5/1/2009	13333.36	1577.77	1333.33	244.44
9	6/1/2009	12000.03	1562.96	1333.33	229.63
10	7/1/2009	10666.7	1533.33	1333.33	200
11	8/1/2009	9333.37	1517.03	1333.33	183.7
12	9/1/2009	8000.04	1494.07	1333.33	160.74
13	10/1/2009	8000.04	133.33	0	133.33
14	11/1/2009	8000.04	137.78	0	137.78
15	12/1/2009	8000.04	133.33	0	133.33



SI	Instalment	Mortgage	Instalment	Repayment	
No.	Schedule Date	Outstanding Amount	Amount	Principal	Interest
16	1/1/2010	8000.04	137.78	0	137.78
17	2/1/2010	8000.04	137.78	0	137.78
18	3/1/2010	8000.04	124.45	0	124.45
19	4/1/2010	6666.7	1471.12	1333.34	137.78
20	5/1/2010	5333.36	1444.45	1333.34	111.11
21	6/1/2010	4000.02	1425.19	1333.34	91.85
22	7/1/2010	2666.68	1400.01	1333.34	66.67
23	8/1/2010	1333.34	1379.27	1333.34	45.93
24	9/1/2010	0	1356.3	1333.34	22.96

For further details on holiday period maintenance, please refer to the section 'Maintaining Holiday Periods' in chapter 'Maintenances and Operations' of this user manual.

5.3 Viewing Mortgage Account Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Accounts, through the 'Mortgage Account Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSACCNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.


Account [25		Branch Code	000		
Customer Id				Currenc	/		
Product Code		28		Value Date			1 3
Maturity Date		1		Amount Financeo	1		
User Defined Status			Altern	ate Account Numbe	r 📃		
Account Status	*			Authorization Status	3	*	
	Q Search	Advanced S	Search			Refresh	Re
rds per page 15 🔽 💽 🖉 1 of	1	Go					
Account Branch Code C	ustomer Id C	Currency Prod	duct Code	Value Date Mai	turity Date	Amount Fi	nanced
		1014					

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:



- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

5.4 Generating a Loan Account

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to generate the loan statements along with the time period on an ad-hoc basis. You can generate the loan statement using 'Loan Statement' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODLSTMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

🔷 Loan Statement			×
Account Number *	Message Type	Detailed 💙	
Based on date range From Date	To Date	Ē	
Reports			
		Ok	Exit

Account Number

The system will display all the authorized active MO accounts in the current branch. However, you can amend this field.

Message Type

Select the specific message type for loan statement from the drop-down list. Following are the options available in the drop-down list:



- Detailed
- Summary

Send to Customer

Check this box to send a message to a customer.

5.4.1 Specifying Date Range

From Date

Specify the 'From Date'.

If you have not specified the 'From' date, then the system will default the 'From' date as MO account book date.

To Date

Specify the 'To Date'.

If you have not specified the 'To' date, then the system will default the current date.

Clicking on the 'Report' button, you can generate the report based on the options selected. You can generate the message by checking 'Send to Customer' checkbox, before generating the report. This message is stored in the outgoing browser. If the message generation fails, then the system will display an error message.

5.5 Creating a Commitment Account

A 'commitment' is an agreement by a bank to make available a specified amount of fund to the borrower for a certain period of time. It is a 'line of credit' that is made available by the bank to a borrower. The entire commitment amount may be disbursed in full at the time of authorization or disbursed partially on predefined scheduled dates.

You can link a commitment to more than one mortgage, provided funds are available, and the mortgage(s) given against the commitment amount may or may not be in the same currency. When a mortgage is disbursed against a commitment, there is no movement of funds involved but only a setting aside of funds. Hence there is no disbursement or credit to the borrower's account.

You can create a commitment contract using the 'Commitment Account Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODCOMIT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Mor	gage Commitm	ent Accou	nt Details							-	-					
										1		of		M	Go to Page	
of																
	Bra	inch *			F	Product Cate	gory				Contr	act Status				
	Account Nur	nber *			Ap	plication Nur	nber				User F	Reference				
	P		"P"		A	Iternate Acc	ount				A	uth Status		Y		
						Derived St	atus									
lain	Account Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Advice	Commitment	Credit Score							
Accor	unt Details															
						Exchange	Rate									
	Customer Id				_											
	Customer Name		['R'	Pa	yment Mode										
	ouclother Hallo					Defau	lit									
	Currency 1						C	alculate Gross	Principal							
	Amount					Bill Outstan	dine									
	Net Principal					Dill Cotstan	ung									
	Loan to Value	<u> </u>										Asset				
	Value Date			P Q		Amount Avai	able O	a vehile e	1		- Fin	ancials				
						Jommunent	ype ON	n Revolving								
SL	ibsidy Customer Id						0.	on nevering								
					Promotio	ons									+ = =	
	Maturity Date				Pro Pro	motion Type	Promotio	n Id Provisi	on Beneficiary	Priority					^	
Matur	ity Type	1000 Marco 1														
		Fixed	i													
		Call														
															V	
Accou	int Statistics														1	
	omponent Name	Expected	Overdue	Outstand	ing Advanc	e Current	w.								~	
							9									
MIS	GL Balance IRI	R Details	Events In	stallment	SWIFT Mes	sage Detai	s									
1000			1115111111			000000000			9000000000				1113024			-
put By	Date Tin	18	Aut	nonzed By	Date Time		Contract	Status								Evil

You can enter details of the commitment account in the above screen. This screen is similar to the 'Account Details' screen.

On query of a Commitment Contract attached to a Limit Facility, either manually or while launching from 'Facility Maintenance' screen, the LINE ID will be displayed in the form of a concatenated string.

Allow Bulk Payment

Check this box to indicate whether the accounts under a commitment should be considered for bulk processing. Various disbursements are allowed for a corporate customer and these are treated as mortgages with separate products and EMI schedules. Assigning individual payments as Bulk payments provides the facility of viewing multiple mortgages under a single commitment.

For field explanations on all tabs except Commitment tab refer section 'Creating a Mortgage Account' in this chapter.



5.5.1 <u>Commitment Tab</u>

To view the utilization details of the commitment contract click 'Commitment' tab.

Branch * Product Category User Defined Status User Defined Status User Reference Number	Branch Branch Product Category Apricate Aucourt Apricate Aucourt Apricate Aucourt Number Deduct Code P Apricate Aucourt Apricate Aucourt Number Deduct Code P Apricate Aucourt Apricate Aucourt Apricate Aucourt Autorization Status Period Service Branch Service Branch Service Account Constant Deduct Code Service Account Constant Constant Deduct Code Service Account Constant Constant Deduct Code Service Account Constant C	And a second sec	ant Account De	etails										
Branch Product Category User Defined Status Account Number * Application Number User Reference Number Product Code P Alternate Account Number Derived Status Image: Status Account Details Default Check List Fields Components Check List Fields Components Charges Advices Component Service Account Service Branch Service Branch Service Branch Service Account Service Round Service Branch Service Account Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Formula With Schedule Debit Mode Details Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Exervice Account Dissumatit Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Formula With Schedule Formula With Schedule Waive Special Interest Main Component Special Interest Internai rate of Return Applicable Waive Main Component Captalized Funded During NIT Funded During NIT Eatr Explore Explore Funded During NIT Funded During NIT	Brach * Poduct Category User Defined Status Application Number Application Number Application Number Application Number Autorization Status User Reference Number Builder Status Between Status										14 4	of		Go to Page
Account Details Default Check List Fields Components Charges Advices Commtment Credit Score	Briede Status Account Details Defauit Check List Feisis Components Charges Advices Commitment Credit Score Description Description Penal Basis Service Account Service Account Special Interest Amount Service Account Calculation Type Formula With Schedule IV Description Description Content Mode Defauit Content Mode Calculation Description Description Calculation Type Formula With Schedule IV Service Account Description Description Calculation Type Formula With Schedule IV Service Account Description Description Calculation Type Formula With Schedule IV Sectore Description Description Calculation Type Formula With Schedule IV Sectore Revisions Events Events Main Component Sectore Fundee During Nilt Funded During Rollover Events Events Events Fundee During Rollover Type Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency In term <tr< td=""><td>Branch Account Number Product Code</td><td>* *P</td><td>]</td><td>A</td><td>Product Cat pplication Ni Alternate Ac</td><td>tegory umber ccount</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>User Defi User Referen Authoriza</td><td>ned Status ce Number tion Status</td><td></td><td>y.</td></tr<>	Branch Account Number Product Code	* *P]	A	Product Cat pplication Ni Alternate Ac	tegory umber ccount				User Defi User Referen Authoriza	ned Status ce Number tion Status		y.
Description Penal Basis Component Component Component Currency Special Interest Amount Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule V Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule V Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule V Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule V Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Formula View Special Interest Credit Payment Mode Case Formula View Special Interest Capitalized Formed During NIT Funded During Rollover	Description Penal Basis Component Service Branch Service Branch Service Mode Service Branch Service Mode Cetuation Type Debt Payment Mode CASA Debt Payment Mode CASA Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Credit Payment Mode Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Events Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Events Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Mode Details Events Type * Schedule Flag Formula Year Number Frequency Unit Due Date Amount Events Installment Schedule Flag	n Account Details	Default Ch	eck List Fields	Components	Derived S Charges	Status	es Commitmen	Credit S	core				
Description Service Stranch Special Interest Amount Service Account Settlement Currency Calculation Type Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Disbursals Waive Revisions Main Component Applicable Funded During NIT Verify Fund Funded During NIT Earth Explode	Component Currency Service Branch Special Interest Amount Service Account Service Account Calculation Type Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debit Mode Details Credit Payment Mode Captaized Internal rate of Return Applicable Waive Special Interest Internal rate of Return Applicable Credit Mode During NIT Eath Exprice Verify Fund Funded During NIT Funded During Rolover Funded During Rolover Eath Exprice Type * Schedule Flag Permula First Due Date Number Previous Teat Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Due Exprise Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Due ENI Amount Amort Principal Active One Details Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Due Exprise Contract Status					Dese	-				Decel Decis (~~~~~		
Special Interest Amount Special Interest Amount Settlement Currency Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Credit Payme	Special Interest Amount Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Special Interest Main Component Calculation Formula Plant Type Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Filt Schedule No Due Date Amount Settled Amount Due EMI Amount Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive Calculation Statement SWIFT Message Details Control Stube				Cor	noonent Cur	rency				Serv	ice Branch		
Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Debit Mode Details Creat Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Creat Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Creat Mode Details Disbursals Waive Special Interest Revisions Main Component Applicable Capitalized Funded During INIT Verify Fund Funded During Rollover	Settlement Currency Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Special Interest Internal rate of Return Special Interest Internal rate of Return Calculation Funded During NIT Funded During Rollover East East Explose Type Schedule Flag Formula Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount Compounds Month Previous Team Frequency Interest Schedule No Due Date* Amount Due EMI Amount. Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive Interest Schedule No Due Date* Amount Due EMI Amount. Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive Interest Schedule No Due Date* Amount Due Stiff T Message Details Viet T Mode Viet T Stiff Schedule No Dat				Speci	al Interest A	mount				Servic	e Account		
Debit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Debit Payment Mode CASA Credit Payment Mode CASA Disbursals Waive Waive Special Interest Main Component Capitalized Funded During NIT Verify Fund Explode dule	Debit Mode Details Credit Mode Details Debit Payment Mode CASA Diburnals Credit Mode Details Revisions Special Interest Main Component Special Interest Main Component Special Interest Credit Mode Details Funded During NIT Funded During Rolover Explose redule Explose Type * Schedule Flag First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Settled Amount Due Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Settled Amount Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Value Exploree				Se	ttlement Cur	rency				Calcu	lation Type	Formul	a With Schedule 💌
Debit Payment Mode CASA Credit Payment Mode CASA	Debt Payment Mode CASA Credit Payment Mode CASA Discursais Waive Special Interest All And Component Revisions Waive Payment Mode Payment Mode Edit Explore Payment Mode Payment Mode Payment Mode Image: Special Interest Main Component Payment Mode Payment Mode Payment Mode Edit Explore Payment Mode Payment Mode <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>De</td> <td>bit Mode De</td> <td>tails</td> <td>]</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Credit Mor</td> <td>de Details</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>				De	bit Mode De	tails]			Credit Mor	de Details	-	
Disbursals Waive Special Interest Revisions Gaptaized Funded During N/T Verify Fund Funded During N/T Explode dule	Usburnals Waive Special Interest Revisions Main Component Applicable Capitalized Funded During Nitt Extr Explode Providue Type* Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Implicable Providue Type* Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Mumber Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Implicable Type * Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Mumber Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Implicable Compounds Days Compounds Months Compounds Days Compounds Days Compounds Months Compounds				De	ebit Payment	Mode	CASA	1		Credit Pay	ment Mode	CASA	w.
Dispursais Waive Special Interest Revisions Main Component Internal rate of Return Applicable Capitalized Funded During NIT Verify Fund Funded During Rolever	Image: Schedule No Due Date* Amount Settled													
Revisions Main Component Internal rate of Return Applicable Capitalized Funded During NIT Verify Fund Funded During Rollover Edit Explode	Revisions	Disbursals						Waive					🔲 Spe	cial Interest
Capitalized Applicable Capitalized Funded During NIT Verify Fund Funded During Rollover Edit dule	Applicable Funded During NIT Punded During NIT P	Revisions						Main Compon	ent				Inter	nal rate of Return
Uverify Fund Funded During Rull								Capitalized					App	licable
Edit Explode	Edit Explode redule Type * Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Months Image: Schedule No Due Date * Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Contract Status Schedule No Due Date * Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive Maive Contract Status Due Tree Authorized By: Data Tree Contract Status Events Installment SWIFT Message Detailis Events Data Tree Authorized By: Data Tree Contract Status Events Data Tree Authorized By: Data Tree Contract Status Events Events<td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Verify Fund</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Fund</td><td>ded During INT</td>							Verify Fund					Fund	ded During INT
dule	Edit Explode redule Type * Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Previous Image: Schedule No Due Date * Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Contract Status Contract Status Contract Status Due Tree Authorized By: Due Tree Contract Status Contrac												Fund	aed During Rollover
dule + - =	eedule Type * Schedule Plag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Type * Schedule Plag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Type * Schedule Plag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Type * Schedule Plag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Type * Schedule No Due Date * Amount Due EMI Amount Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Walve Schedule No Due Date * Amount Stillet Installment Stillet Message Details Ev Date Tree Contract Status	Edit				Explo	ode							
	Type* Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months Previous Previous INExt als Schedule No Due Date* Amount Settled Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Amount Capitalized Waive IGL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details	tedule												+ - =
[ype* Schedule Flag Formula First Due Date Number Frequency Unit Due Date On End Date Amount EMI Amount Compounds Days Compounds Months		Type * Schedule Fla	ag Formula	First Due Date	Number Fr	requency	Unit I	Due Date On E	nd Date	Amount	EMI Amount	Compound	is Days	Compounds Months
	Schedule No Due Date* Amount Settled Amount Due EMI Amount Amount Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive GL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details Events Swift Message Details By Date Time Contract Status Contract Status									_				e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Previous Next	GL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details Bv Date Time Autobrized Bv Date Time Contract Status	Previous					Next							V
Previous Next S Cohodulo Na Duo Data * Amount Settled Amount Duo EMI Amount Amount Amount Contained Makes	GL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details Bv Date Time Authorized By Date Time Contract Status	Previous alls	Data * Agree	t Satisf	at Duo Etilia		Next		Amount	Contolior	d Wakes			×
Previous Next Is Schedule No Due Date * Amount Settled Amount Due EMI Amount Amort Principal Accrued Amount Capitalized Waive	Isu Data Time Constract Status	Previous alls Schedule No Due	Date * Amoun	It Settled Amou	nt Due EMI A	mount A	Next mort Prin	cipal Accrued	Amount	Capitalize	d Waive			۲ ۲
		Previous alls Schedule No Due GL Balance IRR	Date * Amoun	nt Settled Amou	nt Due EMIA	mount A	Mext mort Prin	cipal Accrued	Amount	Capitalize	d Waive			¥ *

You can capture the following details on this screen:

Disallow further Disbursement

If you check this option, the system will not allow further disbursements on this commitment account. Whereas, if you check this option, the system allows further disbursements on this commitment account. By default, the system displays the status as unchecked. However, you can modify this.

Mortgage Group

A mortgage in Oracle FLEXCUBE may have different repayment styles, rate conditions and maturity conditions. By checking this option, you can use this commitment for such mortgages with multiple repayment formula.



Last Available Date

Enter the last available date. This is the final date as of which all disbursements under this commitment should be completed. Beyond this date, the system will not allow disbursements on this commitment.

Loan Maturity Date

Enter the loan maturity date. All disbursements under this commitment should be matured as of this date. For this commitment, the system will not allow disbursements with a maturity date beyond the loan maturity date.

The following utilization details of all commitments linked against a mortgage account are displayed in the above screen:

- Commit Sequence Number
- Commitment Event
- Linkage Branch Code
- Linkage Reference Number
- Linkage Date
- Linkage Event
- Linkage Event Sequence Number
- Linkage Currency
- Linkage Currency Amount
- Commit Amount
- Increase Decrease Flag
- Commit Balance

5.5.2 Applying Different Repayment Styles for a Commitment

You can have different repayment styles, rate conditions and maturity conditions for the same mortgage account maintained in Oracle FLEXCUBE. For this, repayment of principal amount needs to be divided into multiple disbursement slabs. You can use the following fields on the 'Commitments' tab to enable this feature:

- Disallow further Disbursement
- Mortgage Group
- Last Available Date
- Mortgage Maturity Date



Please lookup the above section 'Commitments Tab' for details on inputs for these fields.

<u>Example</u>

Consider a mortgage of 500,000 against a specific property. Based on the terms agreed upon by the bank and the customer, you can split the mortgage principal into multiple disbursements as shown below:

Disbursement	Conditions
Disbursement of first 200,000	Interest only, variable rate, 20 years with balloon principal repayment
Disbursement of second 200,000	Annuity (EMI type), 10 year fixed rate
Disbursement of final 100,000	Interest only, fixed rate, 5 year, balloon repayment via insurance policy

In this case, interest repayment may be started at any point of time. However, repayment of the principal amount can begin only after the disbursement of entire 500,000.

You can initiate closure of such mortgages only after closing all disbursements with various conditions, i.e. after liquidation of all mortgage contracts. Further to closure of such mortgages, you need to complete two housekeeping activities viz. notification to notary and release of collateral.

5.5.3 Charging Fee on Commitments

A fee is charged by the bank at the time of entering into a commitment agreement. This fee is repayable at predefined schedules. Also there can be another fee component charged on the amount of commitment that is utilized and un-utilized. The following SDEs are used to define fees on utilized/un-utilized commitment amount:

- COMMITMENT_UTILIZED
- COMMITMENT_UNUTILIZED

For more details on maintaining SDEs refer section 'Maintaining System Data Elements' in the Chapter 'Maintenances and Operations' of this User Manual.

5.5.4 Processing Events for a Commitment

The following events are triggered by the system during the different stages of a commitment contract:

• **DSBR Event** – DSBR event is triggered when a mortgage is disbursed against a commitment. There is no movement of funds involved but only a setting aside of funds. Only such disbursed amount is available for linking to a Mortgage account. Entire commitment amount may be disbursed in full at the time of authorization or disbursed partially on scheduled dates as defined. You can choose to have an automatic disbursement or manual disbursement for the commitment contract. System validates any physical transfer of funds when DSBR event is triggered. Reversal of DSBR Event in Commitment Contract is not permitted if the commitment available amount falls below the utilized amount.



- ACCR Event ACCR event is triggered when you define an INTEREST component for collecting fees on the un-utilized commitment on a periodic basis. The fees may be collected automatically or manually as defined in the product.
- LINK Event LINK event is triggered when a Mortgage Account is linked to a Commitment contract. This results in increasing the utilization of the commitment amount and availability of the same comes down. Contingent entries which are passed when the commitment contract is initiated are reversed when this event is triggered up to the extent of the linked amount.
- **DLNK Event** DLINK event is triggered when payment is made for a mortgage account which is linked to a Commitment contract of revolving type. This happens only if the payment is done before the validity period of the commitment contract. Once the commitment contract is liquidated, payment does not result in triggering of DLNK event. This results in decreasing of utilization of the commitment amount and availability of the same is increased. Contingent entries are passed when a DLNK event is fired, upto the extent of the delinked amount.
- **CLOC Event -** CLOC event is triggered when the contingent entries are reversed upto the extent of unutilized commitment amount and the contract is marked as liquidated, on the maturity date of a commitment contract. The Commitment contract will not be liquidated if there is any outstanding fee. This happens during end of day batch processing. All the commitment contracts with maturity date as of today are marked as liquidated during End of Day processing. Contingent entries for the un-utilized commitment funds are reversed.
- VAMI VAMI event is triggered when an amendment is done on the mortgage account
- **ROLL** ROLL event is triggered if a rollover is done. You can choose to liquidate the principal component and then system triggers the DLNK event fire in the commitment contract. You can also choose to increase the principal, in such case the LINK event is triggered in the commitment contract. You can also choose to increase the linkage amount or add a new commitment. LINK event is triggered for the newly linked commitment. DLNK event is triggered for the Old De- linked commitment.
- **NOVA** NOVA event is triggered when you change the customer during reassignment. In such a case the linked commitment is delinked manually and you can choose to select a new commitment. In this case DLNK event is triggered for the previous commitment contract and LINK event is triggered for the new commitment contract.
- **RNOG** RNOG event is triggered when principal liquidation and principal increase is done. The LINK event is triggered when principal is increased and DLNK event is triggered when Principal liquidation is done.
- **SCHR** This event regenerates the schedules in linked mortgage contracts. The system verifies the following details:
 - > Whether the option 'Disallow further Disbursement' is checked.
 - > Whether EOD / BOD processing date is greater than or equal to Loan Maturity Date
 - > Whether the amount available in mortgage group commitment is zero

Based on these verifications, the system triggers SCHR event for linked mortgage loans and mortgage group commitment contracts during EOD / BOD.

During MO batch (EOD/BOD), the system triggers SCHR event. This event regenerates the schedules as per the product setup principal repayment schedule. For linked loan contract of amortized type, the system generates EMI schedule.



If an amortized loan contract is linked to a mortgage group commitment contract, dual formula needs to be maintained at the product level, of which one will be of non-amortized type.

After entering the mortgage/commitment account details click 'Save' icon to save the account details. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

To authorize the account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar. The 'Account Authorization' screen is displayed.

Authorize						×
Ac	count Number * E01M0 Branch * E01	003080910002			Generate Messag	je
Authorization Key					[4 4 1 of 1 ▶ ▶]	Do to Page
Field Name	value					~
						~
					[◀ ◀ 1 of 1 ▶ ▶]	Gb to Page
Change Log			10			
F	ield Changed	Old	d Value		New Value	^
EFFECTIVE_D	DATE		3	1-MAR-08		
			E	01100040		
		21 MAD 08		RVV		-
	ATE	51-mAR-00				
					📢 📢 1 of 1 🕨 🕅	Go to Page
Overrides	<i>111</i>	<i>i</i> ć	AU.	36	76	
Confirmed	Sequence Number *	Error Code	Advice Code	Status	Authorized By	Auth Date Sta
	1	CL-OBJ-155	CL-OBJ-155 - UDE va	ue f		(in the second s
	1	CL-OBJ-155	CL-OBJ-155 - UDE va	ue f		
	1	CL-OBJ-155	CL-OBJ-155 - UDE va	ue f		
	1	CL-OBJ-155	CL-OBJ-155 - UDE va	ue f		~
<						>
	Autho	irize				
						Evit
						EXIL



The mortgage account number and the branch details are defaulted here.

The following detail needs to be selected, as required:

Generate Message

Check this box if you want swift messages to be generated either for a customer transfer or a bank transfer along with a cover. The generated message can be viewed in the messages browser. Even if the box is left unchecked you can go to messages browser at a later point of time and generate the message.

If the message generation fails for some reason, the account is authorized and you have to go to the browser to manually generate the swift message.

All other advices related to BOOK/INIT/DSBR events are not generated at this point and you need to go to the message browser to do the same.



5.6 Viewing Commitment Account Details

You can view details of all commitment accounts, through the 'Mortgage Account Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSCOMIT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Mont	tgage Manual Notary Confirm	ation Summary				×
	Account Number		1			
			Q Search	Advanced Search	ADDED UP	Reset
Record	s per page 15 💌	e an	10 61	1 of 1 1 1		
	Branch Code	Account Number	Notary Confirmation Date		Notary Status	
1						_
-						Est

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency



- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

5.7 Saving and Authorising Mortgage/Commitment Account

You have to save a mortgage/commitment account after entering all the required details in the system. Click Save icon on the Toolbar or choose 'Save' from the Actions menu to save an account. The system updates this as an unauthorised account. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.



You cannot authorise an account from the 'Mortagage Account Details' screen or 'Mortagage Commitment Account Details' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen



5.8 Multilevel Authorization of an Account

High value accounts may require multilevel of authorization. The levels of authorizations are defined in the 'Product Transaction Limits' screen. You can use the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen for authoring an account n-1 times. However, final authorization can take place only in the main account screen.

For more details, refer the 'Multilevel Authorization of Contract/Loan Account' section in the 'Procedures' User Manual.

5.9 Viewing Details of Mortgage Accounts Linked to L/C

You can query Mortgage accounts linked to the L/C in the 'Commitment/Limits Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLSENTTY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Summary			_ ×
Bulk Entity Reference	×	Branch Code	
Account Number		Product Code	×:
Customer Id		Maturity Date	
User Defined Status		Currency	×:
Account Status		Alternate Account Number	×:
Authorization Status	*		
	Search Advanced		Refresh Reset
15 🗸 📢 📲 1 Of 1 🕨 🛐			
Bulk Entity Reference Branch	Code Account Number Pro	oduct Code Customer Id Maturity Date	e User Defined Status Currency ≙
			~
<			>
Detailed			
			Exit

You can query a record using the following options:

- Base Entity Type
- Commitment Limit Number
- Customer Identification
- User Defined Status
- Account Status



- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

The following details get displayed:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Identification
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

In this screen, click a child record to invoke 'Account Details' screen.

5.10 Manual Confirmation by Notary

Usually a notary confirms the collaterals (linked to the mortgage) before mortgage account creation. In case, the confirmation from notary is not received before mortgage account creation, you can initiate confirmation manually using the 'Manual Notary Confirmation' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODNOCON' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Branch Code	* 000		
Account Number	*		
Notary Confirmation Date	2011-09-30		
Notary Status	Confirmed 💙		
Remarks			

You need to specify the following details here:

Branch Code

Specify the unique identifier of the branch where the mortgage account (for which notary confirmation needs to be updated) is created. The adjoining option list displays all branches maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Account Number

Specify the mortgage / commitment account number for which notary confirmation needs to be updated. The adjoining option list displays all mortgage accounts/commitment accounts (for which the "Notary Confirmation Required" check box is checked at the product level, and "Notary Pre Confirmed" check box is unchecked at the account level) maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Notary Confirmation Date

The system displays the current system date as the date of confirmation.

Notary Status

Select the notary status from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Confirmed
- Reject

If the notary status is 'Confirmed', then the system will trigger NCON event during authorization. If the notary status is 'Reject', the system will trigger NREJ event which in turn triggers the reversal of the contract during authorization.

Remarks

Enter the remarks for confirming or rejecting the collateral details.



5.11 <u>Viewing Mortgage Manual Notary Confirmation</u> <u>Summary</u>

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Manual Notary Confirmation, through the 'Mortgage Manual Notary Confirmation Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSNOCON' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

	Account Number			
			Q Search Advanced Search	Rese
cords per page	15 🛩			
Branch	Code	Account Number	Notary Confirmation Date	Notary Status

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Account Number
- Record Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code



- Account Number
- Notary Confirmation Date
- Notary Status



6. Capturing Additional Details for a Mortgage

6.1 Introduction

The buttons on the 'Account Details' screen enable you to invoke a number of functions vital to the processing of a Mortgage account.

Mortgage Account Details					-
Product *	Bran	ch Code	V	ersion Number	
Product Category		Account *	1	Jser Reference	
Application Number	Alternate Account	Number	User	Defined Status	
				Derived Status	
Main Preferences Components C	Charges Linkage Details Advic	es Rollover Credit Score	Fields Check List	P.	
Customer Id *	🔎 No of Insta	Ilments		Net Principal	
Customer Name	81.1	Unit Bullet 🖌		Loan To Value	
Currency *	Fre	quency	Index E	xchange Rate	
Amount Financed *	Installment St	art Date	💼 Subsid	y Customer Id	
Book Date	Duel	Date On		Calcul	ate Gross Principal
Value Date	matu Matu	ity Type 🛛 Fixed 🐱		Enrich]
Product D	efault Matu	ity Date	B		
Total Principal		Tenor	Edr	t User Defined Element D	etails
factive Date	Lisor Dofined El	mont Values			
Effective Date	User Define	I Element Id User Defined	Element Value Rate	code Code usage	Resolved value
romotions Other Applicants Payme	nt Mode Details Assets Financ	ials Internal Rate of Return	Details MIS Events	General Ledger Query	Inventory
WIFT Message Details Statistics Se	curity Details				
Maker ID	Authorized By	Stat	us		
Date Time	Date Time	Authorization Stat	us		Cancel

|--|

Buttons	Description
Promotions	Click this button to capture promotion details
Other Applicants	Click this button to capture other applicants details
Payment Mode Details	Click this button to capture payment mode details
Assets	Click this button to capture asset details
Financials	Click this button to capture financial details
MIS	Click this button to define MIS details for the Mortgage.



Buttons	Description
General Ledger Query	Click this button to view the GL balances for the various components that are defined for an account.
Internal Rate of Return Details	Click this button to view the IRR value for the chosen component for different effective dates.
Events	Click this button to view the details of the events and accounting entries that a contract involves.
Inventory	Click this button to view installment details
Swift Msg Details	Click this button to view the swift message details pertaining to any transaction on the account
Statistics	Click this button to view account status details
Security Details	Click this button to view security details

Enter valid inputs into all the mandatory fields or you will not be able to save the mortgage contract. After making the mandatory entries for the Mortgage account, save the account details by either clicking save icon in the toolbar or selecting Save from the Actions menu.

A contract that you have entered should be authorized by a user bearing a different Login ID, before the EOD is run.

You have the option to amend all the unauthorized entries made for a Mortgage. However, after authorization, certain fields cannot be amended.

Click 'Exit' or 'Cancel' to go back to the Application Browser.

6.1.1 <u>Specifying Promotions</u>

Invoke the 'Promotions' screen by clicking the 'Promotions' button in the 'Account Details' screen.



				[◀ ◀ 1 of 1 ▶ ▶]	Go to Page
otions					= = =
Promotion Type	Promotion Identification	Benificiary	Priority		<u> </u>
					_

The following details are captured here:

Promotion Type

The system displays the Promotion type to which the original loan is linked. It could be any of the following:

- CONVENIOS
- PROMOTION
- CORFO
- FOGAPE

Promotion ID

The system displays the promotion ID in this field

Beneficiary

The system displays the beneficiary CIF in this field

Priority

The system displays the priority assigned to the promotion.



6.1.2 Viewing Internal Rate of return Details

You can view the internal rate of return details in the 'Internal Rate of Return Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by clicking the 'Internal Rate of Return Details' button in the 'Account Details' screen.

Internal Rate of	Return Details	×
		Go to Page
Internal Rate of Retur	n Details	
Effective Date	Effective Interest Rate	
0		<u>×</u>
		Ok Cancel

6.1.3 Viewing MIS Details of the Mortgage

Click 'MIS' button to view the MIS details screen. This is a view only screen, which provides a MIS details for an account.



♦ MIS					_ ×
Contract Reference *	*	MIS Group	Default	🗌 Link T	o Group
- Input	 Related Reference Related Account 	Related Account Related Reference MIS Head		Rate Code Spread	
- Rate At					
Rate Type	~	Interest Method	~	Cost Code1	
	O Pool Code	Reference Rate		Cost Code2	
	O Contract Level	Pool Code		Cost Code3	
				Cost Code4	
				Cost Code5	
- Transaction MIS		Composite MIS		- Fund MIS	
MIS Group		MIS Group		Fund MIS 1	
Transaction MIS 1		Composite MIS 1		Fund MIS 2	
Transaction MIS 2		Composite MIS 2		Fund MIS 3	
Transaction MIS 3		Composite MIS 3		Fund MIS 4	
Transaction MIS 4		Composite MIS 4		Fund MIS 5	
Transaction MIS 5		Composite MIS 5		Fund MIS 6	
Transaction MIS 6		Composite MIS 6		Fund MIS 7	
Transaction MIS 7		Composite MIS 7		Fund MIS 8	
Transaction MIS 8		Composite MIS 8		Fund MIS 9	
Transaction MIS 9		Composite MIS 9		Fund MIS 10	
Transaction MIS 10		Composite MIS 10			
					Ok Exit

For more details on this screen refer section 'Defining MIS details for an account or contract' in the chapter 'Defining MIS Details for a Customer, Account Class, Account, Product, and Contract' in the 'Management Information System' User Manual.



6.1.4 Viewing Account GL Balance

Click 'General Ledger Query' button to view the GL details screen. This is a view only screen, which provides a single snapshot of the latest GL balances for the various components that are defined for an account.

◆ GL Balance				_ ×
Branch Code *	Product Code			
Account *	Product Category			
Alternate Account Number	Amount Financed			
Customer Id	Currency			
Customer Name	Value Date			
	Maturity Date			
Components				
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I		+ -	- =	
Component Name * Description				
			~	
GL Details				
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I		+ -	- =	
GL Code * GL Type	Status Code * Balance	LCY Balance		
			ī	
			~	
				Exit

The information displayed includes:

Account Details

- Branch Code: The branch code of the account maintained in the valid tables of consumer lending.
- Account No: Applicant's account number, which is auto generated if it is so maintained under the branch parameter.
- Alt Account No: Alternate account number of the applicant.



- Customer Id: Applicant's customer Id
- Product Code: Product code of the product associated with the account, defaulted from Product definition.
- Product Category: The product category availed by the customer.
- Amount Financed: The total mortgage amount
- Currency: Currency in which the transaction will be conducted for the account.
- Value Date: value date for the account.
- Maturity Date: Maturity date for the mortgage account.

Components

- Component Name: Name of the component defined for the product to which the account is linked.
- Description: Component description as defined at the Product level.

GL Details

- GL Code: This is the account head to which the component will be dr / cr. This is defined at the product level.
- Type: GL category as defined in the GL chart of accounts
- Status: GL type as defined in the GL chart of accounts
- Balance: GL balance in terms of the account currency
- Lcy Balance: GL balance in terms of the local currency

6.1.5 Viewing Internal Rate of Return (IRR) Details

Click the 'Internal Rate of Return Details' button and invoke the 'Internal Rate of Return Details' screen. This screen displays the IRR value for the chosen component for different effective dates. The values are displayed in the descending order of the dates.



◆ Internal Rate of Return Details	>
Internal Rate of Return Details	
[4 4 1of1 ▶ ▶] Go	
Effective Date Effective Interest Rate	
	×
	Ok Cancel

The following details are displayed here:

- Effective Date of the interest rate
- The interest rate

6.1.6 Capturing Swift Message Details

You can view the swift message details pertaining to any transaction on the account in the 'Swift Msg Details' button.



Account			Branch Code				
Beneficiary Institution -			Sender To Receiver Information		- Message Details -		
1			1			Cover Requ	ired
2			2		Deven and Datalla		
3			3		- Payment Details	~ T	-
4			4			1	
5			5			2	
	de	10	6			3	
						4	
Charge Details			- Ordering Institution		Ordering Customer -		
Account Currency	-		1			1	
Our Correspondent			2			2	
Receiver			3			3	
Transfer Type		~	4			4	
						10 P	
Remitter - All Charges	 Charges Charges 		5			5	
Remitter - All Charges	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary		Beneficiary Institutio	5	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimburse	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution	*	Ultimate Beneficiary		Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimburser 1 2	Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution	/:	Ultimate Beneficiary	>	– – Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimburser 1 2 3	Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary		– – Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2 3	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimburser 1 2 3 4	Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary 1 2 3 4		– – Beneficiary Institutio	5	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimbursee 1 2 3 4 5	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary 1 2 3		– – Beneficiary Institutio	5 1 2 3 4 5	
Remitter - All Charges	Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary 1 2 3 3 4 5 Account With Institution		Beneficiary Institutio	5 1 2 3 4 5	
Remitter - All Charges	Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary 1 2 3 3 4 5 Account With Institution 1		Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2 3 4 5 1	
Remitter - All Charges	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary 1 2 3 4 5 - Account With Institution 1 2		Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 2	
Remitter - All Charges	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		- Ultimate Beneficiary		Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 3 4 5 5 6 7	
Remitter - All Charges Intermediary Reimburser 1 2 3 4 5 Receiver Correspondenc 1 2 3 4 4 5	Charges Charges Charges Remitter1 ment Institution		Ultimate Beneficiary		Beneficiary Institutio	5 n for Cover 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 3 4 3 4	

The following swift message related details can be viewed in the above screen:

- Branch Code
- Account Number
- Benficiary Institution
- Sender to Receiver Info
- Message Details
- Payment Details
- Charge Details
- Ordering Institution
- Ordering customer
- Intermediary Reim Institution
- Ultimate Beneficiary
- Beneficiary Institution for Cover
- Receiver Correspondence
- Ace with Institution
- Intermediary



Swift messages are not generated in the following situations:

- Settlement Instructions are not maintained
- Settlement Instructions are maintained but 'Payment By' for 'Pay leg' is not 'Message'.
- Settlement Instructions are maintained but the Receiver is not a Bank at the time of saving the account/manual disbursement.
- Settlement Details are changed during manual disbursement to have settlement mode other than CASA.
- The credit settlement account is a GL
- The message is manually suppressed

6.1.7 Viewing Installment Details

Click 'Installment' button to access the Installment query screen. The installment query screen displays the details of the installments for the account. The information displayed includes the account details, installment details and the installment summary.

You can invoke the 'Installment Query' screen by typing 'CLDINSQY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Installment Query				_ ×
- Account Details Branch * Account Number * Amount Maturity Date	Customer Id Customer Name Alternate Account Number Currency Value Date	Applic	ation Number Product Code contract Status	
Installment Summary				
Schedule Number Due Date *		Currency Tol	tal Amount Due	
Installment Detail				$\mathbf{>}$
Component Name	Amount Due	Schedu	ule Status P	
5				~
				Exit



The following installment details are displayed:

Account Details

The following account details are displayed:

- Branch Code: The branch code of the account maintained in the valid tables of consumer lending.
- Customer Id: Applicant's customer Id as maintained in the valid table.
- Account No: Applicant's account number, which is auto generated if it is so maintained under the branch parameter.
- Alt Account No: Alternate account number of the applicant.
- Application No: The application number of the customer.
- Amount Financed: The total mortgage amount as maintained in the valid table.
- Currency: Currency in which the transaction will be conducted for the account.
- Product Code: Product code of the product associated with the account, defaulted from Product definition.
- Maturity Date: Maturity date for the mortgage account.
- Value Date: value date for the account.
- User Defined Status: the user defined status for the account.

Installment Summary

The following installment summary details are displayed:

- Schedule No: Schedule number of the installment.
- Due Date: Installment due date.
- Currency: currency for the installment.
- Total Amount Due: Total amount due for the installment.

Installment Detail

The following installment details are displayed:

- Component Name: Names of all the components that make up a particular installment.
- Amount Due: Amounts due for each of the components of a particular installment.
- Status: Installment status based on the status maintained at the installment level in the product.



6.1.8 Maintaining Payment Mode Details

The debit and credit settlement mode details for the account can be maintained in the 'Settlement Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by clicking the 'Payment Mode' button in the 'Main' tab.

Branch	<u></u>	Account	<u></u>	
Credit Settlement Mode	Debit Settlement Mode			
Credit Payment Mode	CASA			
Credit Product Account	t 🗾 🗾	External Account Number		
Credit Account Branch		External Account Name		
Instrument Number Credi	t	Clearing Bank Code		
Upload Source Credi		Clearing Branch Code		
End Poin		Product Category		28
		Routing Number		
		Clearing Product Code		
		Sector Code		1
GIRO Number		Auto GIRO	 Auto 	
Payer Account			O Manual	
Payer Bank Code		Bank GIRO	Bank GIRO	
Payer Branch			O Plus	
Payer Bank Address 1				
Payer Bank Address 2				
Payer Bank Address 3				
Payer Bank Address 4				

The options for debit mode are CASA, Credit Card, Debit Card, Clearing, External Account, Electronic Pay Order, Internal Check, Instrument, GIRO and Cash/Teller.

The options for credit mode are CASA, Clearing, External Account, Instrument, and Cash/Teller.

You can maintain the following details here:

- CASA:
 - Branch: Click the option list to choose the branch in which the customer account resides. Double click on a branch to select it
- Account: Click the option list to choose the account in the branch selected. Double click on an account to select it. Credit Card / Debit Card
 - Card Number: This field captures either the Credit No or the Debit No details based on the selection

The card must be a valid card whose number can be checked with a modulo logic or maintenance file

Clearing Network



- Clearing Bank Code: Click the option list to select the bank code as per clearing maintenance. Double click on a bank code to select it
- Clearing Branch Code: Click the option list to select the clearing bank branch. Double click on a branch code to select it
- Instrument No: Enter the number on the instrument presented for clearing in this field. Double click on a value to select it
- > Routing No: Enter the routing number of the branch selected for clearing in this field
- Clearing Product Code: Click the option list to choose a product code if the clearing is using an Oracle FLEXCUBE clearing product. Double click on a branch to select it
- > End Point: This field picks up the end point maintained in the clearing system
- Sector Code: Click the option list to choose the clearing sector code. Double click on a sector code to select it
- External Account
 - Clearing Bank Code: Click the option list to choose the external bank code as per clearing maintenance
 - Clearing Branch Code: Click the option list to choose the external bank branch used for clearing
 - > Ext Acc No: Enter the external account number in this field
 - Ext Acc Beneficiary Name: Enter the name of the beneficiary of the external account in this field
- GIRO
 - Auto/Manual GIRO Select Auto GIRO for automatic direct debit or else select Manual
 - Bank/Plus GIRO Select the GIRO clearing system used, which can be either Bank or Plus
 - GIRO Number This is applicable only for corporate customers and not for individual customers. You have to enter the GIRO number
 - > Payer Bank Name Specify the name of the bank from which the amount is paid
 - > Payer Branch Specify the branch from which the amount is paid
 - > Payer Account Specify the account from which the amount is paid
 - > Payer Bank Address Specify the address of the bank from which the amount is paid
- Instrument / Cash / Teller
 - AC Branch: Click the option list to choose branch where the account is serviced. Double click on a branch to select it
 - Product or Account: If the payment mode is Account, this field specifies the CASA / GL account to be debited. If the payment is through Instrument / Cash, it denotes the teller product to be used

6.1.9 Capturing Financial Details

You can capture the income or liability details of the customer in the 'Financials' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Financials' in 'Account Details' tab of the Account Details screen.



6.1.9.1 Financials Tab

You can specify the following details related to the customer's income here:

◆ Financials		×
Branch		Account
Financials Liability Other Incom	S	
Financials		
I 10f1 I I Go		+ - =
Sequence Number Finance Ty	e Finance Source Currency Amount C	Comments
		(c)
		Ok Cancel

The following details are captured here:

Туре

Select the type of the income from the option list provided

Source

Specify the source of the income

Currency

Select the currency associated with the income, from the option list provided

Amount

Specify the amount associated with the income

Comment

Specify any remarks or comments for the income



6.1.9.2 Liability Tab

Here you can specify the following details related to the customer's liability:

• Financials								×
B	ranch				Accoun	t		
Financials Liability	Other Incomes							
Liabilities								
I∢ ∢ 1of1 ▶ ▶I	.Go,						+-=	
Sequence Number	Liability Type	Account Type	Currency	Amount	Frequency	Account Balance	Comments	
							~	
<			110				>	
							Ok Car	ncel

The following details are captured here:

Туре

Select the type of the liability from the option list provided

Account Type

Specify the account type associated with the liability

Currency

Select the currency associated with the liability, from the option list provided

Amount

Specify the amount associated with the liability

Frequency

Select the frequency at which payments are made towards the liability. The following options are possible:



- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly

Balance

Specify the current amount outstanding

Comment

Specify any remarks or comments to be associated with the liability

6.1.9.3 Other Income Tab

You can also capture the details related to other sources of income, if exists

◆ Financials					×
Branch			Account		
Financials Liability Other Incon	es				
Other Income					
🚺 🔍 1of1 🕨 🕅 🛛 👩				+ - =	
Sequence Number Income Ty	e Currency Amoun	t Frequency			
				~	
				Øk Ex	it

The following details are captured here:



Seq No

Specify the sequence number here

Туре

Specify the type of income here. You can also select the income type from the adjoining option list

Currency

Specify the currency of the income here. You can also select the currency from the adjoining option list

Amount

Specify the amount of income here

Frequency

Select the frequency of the income here from the drop-down list

Click Ok to save the details

6.1.10 Viewing Account Status

You can view the current status of an account in the 'Account Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by clicking the 'Statistics' button in the 'Account Details' screen.

Account Details		_ × _
Product Branch Code	Account Alternate Account Number	
I4 4 10f1 ▶ ▶I		+ - =
Component Name	Component Currency Expected Overdue Out Standing Advance	
I		
Month	Highest Outstanding Balance Account Currency	
		Exit



Once you select an Account Number, the system displays the following details pertaining to the current status of the account:

- Component Name
- Expected
- Overdue Amount
- Outstanding Principle
- Advance Amount
- Currency

The Account creation and any other change to an account is updated the audit trail of the record. In the audit trail, the Account status details are also displayed. An Account can be active or uninitiated. Once it is active, it can be reversed, deleted or liquidated based on the operations on it. This is displayed on the screen.

You can view the data collected for the last 12 months including the current month Highest Outstanding balance.

- Month
- Highest Outstanding Balance
- Account Currency

6.1.11 Viewing Security History Details

You can view the securitization details in the 'Security History Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by clicking 'Security Details' button in the 'Account Details' screen.

Security History Details				_ × _
Account Numbe	er			
Security History				
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I				
ESN	Loan Status	Status Changed On	Security Reference	
				~
				Exit



Here the system displays the securitization details such as Securitization Event, Status, Date and Security Reference Number on which the loan contract has been a part.

6.2 <u>Viewing Events Diary Details</u>

An 'event' may be defined as any action starting from application entry to collections. The 'Events Diary' screen captures the details of events applicable to the account. The screen displays both processed and unprocessed events. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDEVTQR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Alternate Account Number Product Code Value Date Customer Id Product Category Maturity Date User Defined Status Amount Financed Application Number Hamish Jiddayah Mount Currency Currency	Events Diary			_ ×
Processed Unprocessed Events Event Code Event Description Advice Name Document Reference Event Fields Entries Entries Account Amount Tag Account Currency Log Foreign Currency Amount Event Foreign Currency Event Foreign Curre	Alternate Account Number Customer Id	Product Code Product Category User Defined Status Application Number	Value Date Maturity Date Amount Financec Hamish Jiddayah Amoun Currency	
Events Advices Event Code Event Description Advice Name Document Reference Entries Image: Advice Name Image: Advice Name Debt#Credit Account Amount Tag Account Event Foreign Currency Amount Event Foreign Currency Amount Event Foreign Currency Event Foreig	Processed Unprocessed			
Debit/Credit Account Armount Tag Account Currency Log Foreign Currency Amount Event Foreign Currency Amount	Events Event Code Event Description Entries I 10f1 J	Advices	The form of the fo	Event Fields
	Debit/Credit Account	Amount Tag Account Curren	ncy Log Foreign Currency Amount Event F	oreign Currency Amount

The following details are displayed here:

- Branch Code: The branch code of the account maintained in the valid tables of consumer lending.
- Account No: Applicant's account number, which is auto generated if it is so maintained under the branch parameter.
- Alt Account No: Alternate account number of the applicant.
- Application Number: The application number captured at the time of mortgage initiation.
- Customer Id: Applicant's customer Id.
- Product Code: Product code of the product associated with the account, defaulted from Product definition.
- Product Category: The product category availed by the customer.


- Amount Financed: The total mortgage amount.
- Currency: Currency in which the transaction will be conducted for the account.
- Down Payment Amount: The amount paid by the customer upfront. This is used for information only.
- Maturity Date: Maturity date for the mortgage account.
- Value Date: value date for the account.
- User defined status: The user defined status for the account.

6.2.1 Processed Tab

The processed events are all the events which have already taken place. This displays the details like the sequence number of the event. The date on which the event was processed, the value date, the event code, the cutoff status, and a brief description of the event. The screen also displays the details of the events according to the events selected.

The following details are displayed here:

Events

- Sequence No: The sequence number for the account.
- Processed Date: The date on which the event takes place. It is the same as system date.
- Value Date: The value date of the events as maintained in the valid table that is captured during application entry.
- Code: Event code.
- Description: Description for the event occurred.

Advices

- DCN: System generated number for reference.
- Message Type: Type of advice generated for the event. This is applicable only if maintained at the product level for the particular event.

Entries

- Dr/Cr: This field indicates if the event occurring is a Debit or Credit event.
- Branch: The branch in which the event occurred. This is defaulted from the Consumer Lending module.
- Account: The number of the account affected by the event as maintained in the valid table.
- Ccy: The currency involved in the event
- Event Fcy Amt: Foreign currency amount involved with the event, if any
- Exch Rate: Exchange rate associated with the account



- Event Lcy Amt: Local currency amount involved with the event, if any. These events are maintained in the Event entries table.
- Value Date: Value date for the event as maintained in the valid date captured during the application entry.
- Trn Date: Event transaction date. It is same as the system date.
- Entry Fcy Amt: Netted entry log for the foreign currency amount. These values are stored in the daily logs.
- Entry Lcy Amt: Netted entry log for the local currency amount. These values are stored in the daily logs.
- Trn Code: Transaction code
- Amount Tag: Amount tag for the transacted amount
- Event Seq Number: Event sequence number
- Event: Event name and identifier
- GAAP indicator: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) applicable for the accounting entry

6.2.1.1 Viewing Event Checklist

Event checklist is a list of items that pops up when an online function is triggered.

🔷 Check List					_ × _
Description					
I	Remark 2	Remark 3	Remark 4	Remark 5	
					Exit



6.2.1.2 Archiving Processed Events

You can archive processed records from the events diary using the 'Retail Lending - Bank Parameters' screen.

🔷 Retail Lending - Bank Para	meters			×
- Bank Details				^
Bank Code *	× 000			
	Include To Date For Interest Calculation		Amount Blocking For Inactive Account	
	Split Offset Leg			
- Archive Processed Records	From Events Diary			
Reference Date	2	Frequency D	Daily 😽	1
Unit				
- Purge Inactive Loan	NS			
Tenor Days		Tenor Years		
Tenor Months				
- Cutoff Transaction				
Cutoff GL	E			~
Fields				
Input By DOC1	Date Time	Modification Number	Authorized	
Authorized By	Date Time	C	Open	

In this screen, you can specify the following parameters to archive processed events:

Reference Date

This is the first date on which the archival will be initiated. If this date is NULL, no archival will be done.

Frequency

This is the frequency for archival. The options in the drop down list are:

- Daily
- Monthly
- Yearly

Unit

This is a numeric value. Let us suppose you select the frequency as Daily and Unit as 5. In this case archival will be done every 5th day.

A batch process will execute the archival by end of day. However, if you do not specify the parameters, archival will not be executed.



A batch process will execute the archival by end of day. However, if you do not specify the above parameters, archival will not be executed.

6.2.2 Unprocessed Tab

The Unprocessed event screen has all the details of the overdue and the Due events for the account.

Events Diary				_ ×
Alternate Account Number Customer Id	Product Code Product Category User Defined Status Application Number	 Ha	Value Date Maturity Date Amount Financed mish Jiddayah Amount Currency	
Processed Unprocessed				
Overdue Events	Execution Date		Components	
Due Events			Components	
Image: Code Event Code Event Code Event Description	Execution Date		Component Name	
				Exit

The following details are displayed:

Overdue Events

An event which has crossed the due date becomes an overdue event. The number of days after the due date is used by the bank to calculate penalty for the event.

The following Overdue event details are displayed:

Overdue Events

- Code: Unique event code
- Date: Date on which event occurred



• Description: Brief event description

Components

Component name: Name of the component affected by the event.

Due Events

The date on which the event is supposed to take place is the due date of the event. In case of repayments, the customer is informed by the bank regarding the due date.

The following details are displayed:

Due Events

- Code: Unique event code.
- Date: Date on which event occurred.
- Description: Brief event description.

Components

Component name: Name of the component affected by the event.

6.2.3 **Querying Account Details**

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to query the following account related details:

- A particular or all accounts of a customer This is done using the 'Customer Summary Query' screen. The records are displayed product wise, module wise, accounting class wise and also based on external account types. You can narrow down the query by double clicking on a record and navigating to its account details.
- Accounting entries for a mortgage account This is done using the 'Customer Account Transaction Query' screen.
- The liability details of a customer or an account or the details of a transaction involving a particular limit line This is done using the 'Liability Query' screen.

6.3 Inactive Mortgages

During Mortgage processing, it is required to capture mortgage details and not initiate till verification of documents, etc. This module creates a mortgage account in an inactive state. Inactive mortgages are input by a separate screen similar to the Accounts screen or by Uploads. After manual verification the account is entered as an inactive account. The account is activated once the requisite documents are received.

To invoke this screen, type 'MODINADT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Inactive Acc	ounts					
					14 4 of	Go to Page
of						
Bran	ch* 000		Product Category	·	Contract Status	
Account Numb	er*	×E	Application Number		User Reference	
P	×E P		Alternate Account Number			
			Derived Status	lo <u>. v</u>		
Main Account Details	Default Check List	Fields	ponents Charges Lini	kages Advice Credit Score		
Account Details						
			Exchange Rate			
Customer Id		×E	Payment Mode	1	Active Account	
Customer Name		R	Default			
2.5.1.1.1.1				Calculate Gross Principal		
Currency 1		X	Bill Reference			
Amount Net Principal			Bill Outstanding	·		
Loan to Value					Asset	
			Amount Available	L	Financials	
Value Date	l. C	- <u>2</u> F w	Commitment Type	O Revolving		
Subsidy Customer Id		7		O Non Revolving		
			Dromotiona			
Maturity Date		2	Disemption Trues	Dramatian Id Provision Basefician	Drinsity	
Maturity Type			Promotion Type	Promotion to Provision Beneficiary	Priority	
	Fixed					
	O Call					
						~
Account Statistics						
Component Name	Expected Overdue	Outstanding	Advance Currency			~
IS GL Balance IRR	Details Events In	stallment SV	WIFT Message Details			
nut By Date Time	Auth	orized ByDa	te Time(Contract Status		
KR1						Cancel

The system captures the following details and generates an inactive account:

- Mortgage Reference Number
- Schedule Dates
- Charges
- Installment Amounts

Modifications are allowed on inactive mortgages even after authorisation and there are no restrictions on inactive mortgages modifications. Mortgage details are handed off to other systems. Messages such as Mortgage advice or Promissory Notes can also be generated.

6.3.1 Operations on Inactive Mortgages

It is possible to modify an inactive mortgage and save it even after authorisation. When the account is activated it will be an unauthorized account and behaves like an account directly created /uploaded into the system. It is possible to delete the same too. The user can change all mortgage account properties.



Click 'Active Account' button to activate the mortgage. This changes the funded status of the mortgage. Once activated, the account cannot be deleted after authorisation and cannot be unlocked after one save.

Accounting entries and limit updates are not called when the mortgage is inactive. Accounts queries do not display inactive accounts and Inactive accounts views do not show active accounts.

If an account is created after its value date, it behaves as a Back valued mortgage entry. If it is created after its maturity date, it behaves like an overdue account.

Inactive mortgages are created with a sequence that is different from the account mask maintained. Upon activation, the account mask is used to create a new account. Hence the account number of an activated account differs from its inactive version.

6.3.1.1 Activating Mortgages and Limit Earmarking

Inactive mortgages are activated by clicking on Activate Account button or through an upload. Upon mortgage activation, Limits Utilizations are updated. Accounting entries are passed for disbursement and for any upfront changes as defined in the product.

The earmarked amount field shows the total earmarking and an earmarking reference number is captured. Upon the actual mortgage initiation, utilization is made on the line and real entries passed.

6.3.1.2 Deleting Inactive Mortgage

Inactive mortgages can be deleted even after the authorisation of Inactive mortgage account. In Bank Parameters, Site specific parameters are provided to control the automatic deletion of Inactive mortgages. An Inactive Mortgage processing supports this deletion.

6.4 Viewing Mortgage Inactive Accounts Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Inactive Accounts, through the 'Mortgage Inactive Accounts Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSINADT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



	A	ccount Numb	er		N			Bran	ch	×E	
		Customer	ld		7		F	Product Co	de	7	
		Value Da	te	2				Maturity D	ate		2
	Ar	mount Finance	d					Curren	су		×E
	User	Defined Statu	IS	7		Alter	rnate Acc	count Num	ber		N E
	1	Account Statu	IS	•			Authori	ization Stat	us	•	
Search A	dvanced (Search	Reset	R	lecords per pag	e 15 💌	14 4	1 of 1	P 91	Go t	o Page
ccount Number	Branch	Customer Id	Product Code	Value Date	Maturity Date	Amount Fin	nanced	Currency	User Define	d Status	Altern
ccount Number	Branch	Customer Id	Product Code	Value Date	Maturity Date	Amount Fin	nanced	Currency	User Define	d Status	Alterne
Account Number	Branch	Customer Id	Product Code	Value Date	Maturity Date	Amount Fin	nanced	Currency	User Define	d Status	Altern
Account Number	Branch	Customer Id	Product Code	Value Date	Maturity Date	Amount Fir	nanced	Currency	User Define	d Status	Alterne

can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

Account Number



- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

6.5 Mortgage Simulation

You can simulate mortgages to answer customer queries especially for new mortgages and prepaid mortgages. The payment schedules of any type of Mortgage Products can be generated while negotiating with clients during the Presale stage.

6.5.1 Simulating a Mortgage

You can use the 'Account Simulation' screen to simulate a mortgage. This screen is similar to the Account Details screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODSIMDT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



mongage Account Simulation	
	of D Go to Page
Branch * 000 Product Category	User Defined Status
Account Number * Application Number	User Reference Number
Product Code P Alternate Account	
Derived Status	
Tele Annual Datable Descuel Constituted Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction	
an Account betails behaut check List Theus Components Charges Linkages Auvices Creat Score	
ccount Details	
Customer id	Create Active Account
Payment Mode	
Default	Create Inactive Account
Currency	orcore modelle modelle
Amount Financed Bill Outstanding	Generate Advice
Net Principal	View Advice
Loan to Value Amount Available	Asset
Value Date 2 P Q Commitment Type @ Revolving	
Subaidy Customer Id	
	اسعاركا
Maturity Date	(+ - i
Promotion Type Promotion Id P Beneficiary Priorit	by .
Fixed	
O Call	
	*
Account Statistics	
Component Name Expected Overdue Outstanding Advance Currency	*
In Cl. Beleves URB Restly Front Vestilland AMUT Marcare Betella	
IIS GL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details	
IIS GL Balance IRR Details Events Installment SWIFT Message Details Aut By Date Time Authorized By Date Time Contract Status	Cancal

Simulation will function in exactly the same way as a regular mortgage input. All warnings and overrides associated with an actual contract save will come in a simulation. For example, if the mortgage results in the overdrawing of the customer's mortgage line, then an Override is thrown up. However, no data will be stored in Oracle FLEXCUBE.

Click 'Create Active Account' button to create a mortgage directly from the simulator. Only users with rights to invoke Oracle FLEXCUBE mortgage creation function will be allowed to create mortgages from the simulation function. The sequence of the Mortgage account thus created is based on the branch level account mask maintained.

Similarly, click 'Create Active Account' button to actually create an inactive account based on the simulated data.

A separate Sequence number is provided to create reference numbers for Simulations. These are one time reference numbers for simulation purposes only and are not used for final mortgage. The User Defined Reference Number facility of Oracle FLEXCUBE is used to create Mortgage Simulation Sequences.

If the simulator is launched from Oracle FLEXCUBE, simulations can be run several times to examine the impact of different parameters on the mortgage. If the simulator is invoked from a channel, all parameters should be specified afresh for each invocation.



Mortgage advices can be printed from the screen based on the mortgage account simulated. This is allowed for mortgage accounts created in the system prior to their being initiated. Subsequently, advices configured through the events screen will be triggered.

6.5.2 Simulating a Commitment

You can use the 'Commitment Simulation' screen to simulate a Commitment. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODSCOMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Create Active account and Create Inactive account buttons are disabled for commitment simulation.

					Id d of	Go to Page
					the second se	
Branch *	000		Product Category		User Defined Status	
Account Number *	•	2	Application Number		User Reference Number	
Product Code	ZE P		Alternate Account		Authorization Status	•
			Number Derived Status			
			Denire claime			
n Account Details	Default Check Lis	Fields Con	nponents Charges Ad	vices Commitment Credit Sc	pre	
count Details						
			Index Exchange Rate		Create Active Account	
Customer Id		25	Payment Mode		Contraction of the state of the	
Customer Name		R	Default			
				Calculate Gross Principal		
Currency		<u>></u>	Bill Reference Number	25		
Amount Financed			Bill Outstanding			
Net Principal					Asset	
Loan to Value			Amount Available		Financials	
Value Date		2 P Q	Commitment Type	Revolving		
Subsidy Customer Id				C Non Revolving		
		<u>~-</u>				
Maturity Date			Promotions			+ - =
matority Date		-2	Promotion Type P	Promotion Id P Beneficiary	Priority	A
turity Type	G Fixed					
	C Call					
						×
count Statistics						
Component Name	Expected Overdue	Outstanding	Advance Currency			A.
S GL Balance IRR	Details Events I	nstallment S	WIFT Message Details			
	CONTRACTOR OF CONT	Charles Contractor Contractor		States and a state of the state of the state		

For field explanations on all tabs except Commitment tab refer section 'Creating a Mortgage Account' in this chapter.

For Commitment tab details refer section 'Viewing Commitment Details' in the 'Account Creation' chapter.



7. Making Manual Disbursements

7.1 Introduction

The Mortgages Module of Oracle FLEXCUBE supports the following modes for disbursements:

- Auto
- Manual

If you select the mode 'Auto', the system will automatically disburse the mortgages based on the disbursement schedule defined for the product.

In the manual mode, disbursement happens on demand. In this case, disbursement schedules need not be maintained for the 'PRINCIPAL' component. Also, you can collect any applicable charges related to the disbursement at the time of making the disbursement. These charges are defined at the product level.

You have to specify the disbursement mode as a preference at the time of setting up a Consumer Lending product in the system.

If a manual disbursal results in a status change for the account, the system will update the current status for the account in the 'Derived Status' field. During end-of-day batch processing, it will update the 'User Defined Status' for the account with the worst status that is available for all accounts and mortgages for this CIF and post the required accounting entries for the change.

Refer the section titled 'Disbursement Mode preferences' in the 'Defining Product Categories and Products' chapter of this User Manual for details.



7.2 Disbursing a Mortgage through the 'Manual' Mode

You can initiate a manual disbursement through the 'Manual disbursement' screen You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODMDSBR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Mortgage Manual	Disbursemen	it							×
Disbursement —	100 Z F			Planter					
Account Numb	er *	×	Component Name	PRINCIPAL					
Bran	ch * 000 🔰	E	Total Amoun						
Value Da	ate	2	Remarks			55			
Execution Da	te 2012-02-2	9 2	Reference Number						
			Charges						
Check List And Re	emaiks		Advice						
Event Fields			SWIFT						
Default									
Event Sequence Numb	er *								
Disbursement Details			T		1		+		
Reversed Sett	lement Modes *	Settlement Currency	Settlement Amount Origin	al Exchange Rate	Exchange Rate	Settlement Currency Equivalent	Settlement Branch	Set _	
								~	
<	2							>	1
nput By Date '	Time	Authorized By	Date Time	Contract Status					
A18162M01								Cano	cel

To begin the disbursement, click on the New icon in the toolbar of the screen or select 'New' from the Actions Menu. The following information gets defaulted to the screen:

Branch Code

The code of the login/sign-on branch is displayed here. However, you can select a different branch from the option list provided. It is the branch where the mortgage account of the customer resides.

Account Number

Select the Mortgage Account of the customer to which the disbursement is made. All valid accounts are available in the option list. Select the appropriate one from this list.

Component Name

All disbursements are made towards the PRINCIPAL component. You cannot change the component.

Value Date

This is the date when the credit entry (for the disbursement amount) is posted to the Cr Settlement Bridge. The current system date is displayed here.



Execution Date

This is the date on which the disbursement is booked in the system. The current system date is displayed here. You may change the date to a date in the future before the maturity date of the mortgage.

Reference Number

This is auto generated and used as a reference to identify the transaction in the system.

Capture the following details in the screen:

Remarks

Capture any additional information about the disbursements, if required.

Total Amount

This displays the sum total of the amount disbursed across the various settlement modes. It gets incremented by the amount settled.

On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit

If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

Specifying Disbursement Details

The following disbursement details have to be captured in the 'Disbursement Details' section of the screen:

Reversed

When you reverse a manual disbursement, the system automatically checks this option to denote that the particular settlement mode has been reversed.

For reversing a disbursal, a different event, REVD (Reverse Disbursement) is triggered.

Settle Mode

You can make disbursements either through a single mode or by using multiple modes of settlement, depending on the customer's requirement.



The settlement details that need to be captured depend on the mode you select. The list of modes and the applicable settlement details are given below:

- CASA
 - > Settlement Branch
 - Settlement Account



≻

- Clearing
 - > Upload Source
 - Instrument Number
 - Clearing Product
 - End Point
 - Routing Number
 - Clearing Bank
 - Clearing Branch
 - > Sector Code
- External Account
 - > Upload Source
 - Product Category
 - > Clearing Bank Code
 - > Clearing Branch Code
 - > External Account Name
 - > External Account Number
- Instrument
 - Instrument Number
 - Settlement Branch
 - Settlement Account
- Cash/Teller
 - > Upload Source
 - Settlement Product

Atleast one mode is mandatory to make a disbursement.

Settle Ccy

After specifying the settlement mode for the disbursement, select the currency in which the disbursement is to be made. The currencies allowed for the branch are available in the option list provided.

Amount Settled

Here, you have to capture the disbursement amount that is to be settled through the selected mode in the selected currency.

The 'Total Amount' gets incremented by the amount settled and displays the sum total of the amount disbursed across the various settlement modes.



Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.

You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

Mortgage Ccy Equiv

As mentioned above, if the Mode Currency and Mortgage Currency are different, the system calculates the Mortgage Currency equivalent using the exchange rate applicable for the currency pair.

Negotiated Cost Rate

Specify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.

Negotiation Reference Number

Specify the reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate in foreign currency transaction. If you have specified the negotiated cost rate, then you need to specify the negotiated reference number also.

Oracle FLEXCUBE books then online revaluation entries based on the difference in exchange rate between the negotiated cost rate and transaction rate.

Branch Profit for Non Negotiated Transactions

There can be two situations in profit calculation of non negotiated transactions:

- Transaction involves two foreign currencies
- Transaction involves a foreign currency and a local currency

Methods of profit calculation are different based on the currencies involved as discussed in the following examples.



Examples

<u>1 - Profit Calculation of Non Negotiated Transactions Involving a Foreign Currency and a Local</u> <u>Currency</u>

Consider a mortgage transaction. The currency of the mortgage is USD and that of the settlement account is AED. The mortgage amount is 10,000 USD and the transaction is booked at an exchange rate of 3.55.

The mid rate for the revaluation rate code for USD-AED pair is maintained as 3.60 in Currency Rates Maintenance with a buy spread of 0.05 and a sell spread of 0.05. Hence, the cost rate for the branch for this transaction will be 1 USD = 3.60 AED.

The system will pass the following accounting entries in this case.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Asset-1	USD	10,000	35500
Cr	Customer-1	AED		35500

As a result of this transaction, the branch has made a profit of 500 AED.

 $10000 \times (3.60 - 3.55) = 500$

The mortgage product used for the contract needs to be configured for online revaluation. This will enable the profit of 500 AED to be booked at the time of creation of the contract itself.

The system will pass the following additional accounting entries.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Asset-1	USD		500
Cr	Income-1	AED		500

You need to maintain the Income/Expense accounts used for booking the branch profit/loss (Income-1, in the above example). As part of the product setup, you need to maintain these general ledgers for online revaluation.

2 - Profit Calculation of Non Negotiated Transactions Involving Two Foreign Currencies

Consider the case of liquidation of an import bill. The currency for the bill is GBP and that of the settlement account is USD.

The system uses USD as the through currency to derive the exchange rate of GBP against AED. The rates of exchange for GBP-USD and USD-AED pairs are maintained in the system as given below:

For GBP-USD pair -

Mid Rate - 1 GBP = 1.5651 USD

Buy Spread = 0.10

Sell Spread = 0.10.

Hence,

Buy Rate = 1.4651



Sell Rate = 1.6651

Similarly, for USD-AED pair -

Mid Rate - 1 USD = 3.60 AED

Buy Spread = 0.05

Sell Spread = 0.05

Hence,

Buy Rate = 3.55

Sell Rate = 3.65

Based on the above details, the system derives the GBP-AED rate as below:

Mid Rate - 1 GBP = 5.6344 AED

Buy Rate = 5.2011

Sell Rate = 6.0776

Consider that a bill for 1000 GBP has been liquidated. The currency of the settlement account is USD and if the transaction rate is 1 GBP = 1.6651 USD. The system will pass the following accounting entries.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	Exchange Rate	LCY Amount
Dr	Customer-Ac-1	USD	1,665.10	3.6499	6077.60
Cr	Nostro-1	GBP	1,000.00	6.0776	6077.60

As part of online revaluation process, the system evaluates the profit/loss as follows.

Transaction Amount x (Transaction Rate - Cost Rate of CCY1) x Revaluation Mid Rate of CCY2

= 1000 x (1.6651 - 1.5651) x 3.6 = 360 AED

The system will pass the following accounting entries in this case.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Nostro-1	GBP		360
Cr	Income-1	AED		360

Branch Profit for Negotiated Transactions

There can be two situations in profit calculation of negotiated transactions:

- Transaction involves two foreign currencies
- Transaction involves a foreign currency and a local currency



Methods of profit calculation are different based on the currencies involved as discussed in the following examples.

Examples

1 - Profit Calculation of Negotiated Transactions Involving a Foreign Currency and a Local Currency

Consider a mortgage transaction. The currency of the mortgage is USD and that of the settlement account is AED. Following are the particulars:

Mortgage Amount = 1,000,000 USD

Mid Rate/Cost Rate - 1 USD = 3.60 AED

Deal Rate - 1 USD = 3.55 AED

Since the amount involved is huge, the customer negotiates with the branch to offer a better exchange rate of 3.60. The profit becomes zero in this case. Hence, the bank negotiates with Treasury to provide a better cost rate. The Treasury will evaluate the transaction and offer a better cost rate (negotiated cost rate) of 3.65. Based on this, the branch will book the transaction at a deal rate of 3.60 with the negotiated cost rate of 3.65.

When you book the transaction, the system derives the profit from the deal based on the difference between the negotiated cost rate and the transaction rate. The system will pass the following accounting entries in this case.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Asset-1	USD	1,000,000	3,600,000
Cr	Customer-1	AED		3,600,000

During online revaluation, the system will pass the following entries.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Asset-1	USD		50,000
Cr	Income-1	AED		50,000

The local currency amount of 50,000 is derived as follows:

(Negotiated Cost Rate - Transaction Rate) x Transaction Amount

EOD Account Revaluation

The system picks up the accounting entries based on the revaluation setup for the branch. Assume that EOD account revaluation happens for the GL used in the above example that involves negotiated cost rate.

During EOD, if the Mid Rate becomes 3.70, the system will pass the following entries.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Asset-1	USD		50,000
Cr	Income-2	AED		50,000

Here, Income-2 is the Income GL maintained in the Account Revaluation Setup.



The profit generated as part of Online Revaluation will remain in Income-1 GL and the Revaluation Profit generated during EOD operations will remain in Income-2 GL.

2 - Profit Calculation of Negotiated Transactions Involving Two Foreign Currencies

Consider the liquidation of an import bill. The currency of the bill is GBP and that of the Settlement Account is USD.

The system uses USD as the through currency to derive the exchange rate of GBP against AED. The rates of exchange for GBP-USD and USD-AED pairs are maintained in the system as given below:

For GBP-USD pair -

Mid Rate - 1 GBP = 1.5651 USD

Buy Spread = 0.10

Sell Spread = 0.10

Hence,

Buy Rate = 1.4651

Sell Rate = 1.6651

Similarly, for USD-AED pair -

Mid Rate - 1 USD = 3.60 AED

Buy Spread = 0.05

Sell Spread = 0.05

Hence,

Buy Rate = 3.55

Sell Rate = 3.65

Based on the above details, the system derives the GBP-AED rate as below:

Mid Rate - 1 GBP = 5.6344 AED

Buy Rate = 5.2011

Sell Rate = 6.0776

Consider that a bill for 1000 GBP has been liquidated. The currency of the settlement account is USD and if the transaction rate is 1 GBP = 1.532 USD. The system will pass the following accounting entries.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	Exchange Rate	LCY Amount
Dr	Customer-Ac-1	USD	1,532.00	3.9671	6077.60



Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	Exchange Rate	LCY Amount
Cr	Nostro-1	GBP	1,000.00	6.0776	6077.60

The Negotiated Cost Rate of the transaction is 1.525.

As part of online revaluation process, the system evaluates the profit/loss as follows.

Transaction Amount x (Transaction Rate - Negotiated Cost Rate) x Revaluation Mid Rate of CCY2

= 1000 x (1.532 - 1.525) x 3.60 = 25.20 AED

The system will pass the following accounting entries in this case.

Dr/Cr	Account	Ссу	FCY Amount	LCY Amount
Dr	Nostro-1	GBP		25.20
Cr	Income-1	AED		25.20

7.2.1 Verifying the Check List Items

To every online event, you can associate check list items through the 'Event Checklist' screen. To view the check list items associated with the 'Disbursement' event (DSBR), click on the 'Check List & Remarks' button.

Check List And Remarks			×
Event Check List Description * Checked			×
-Remarks			
		Ok Cance	1

This screen displays the check list items for DSBR. All check list items have to be verified for successful disbursal of the mortgage. To do this, check the 'Verified' box against each check list item.

You may also capture any additional information/remarks, if required.



Click 'OK' button to Save and return to the 'Manual disbursement' screen.

7.2.2 Capturing values for the event level UDFs

You can enter values for the UDFs that you have associated with the DSBR event in the 'Account Event UDF' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Event Fields' button in the 'Manual Disbursement' screen.

Event Fields			
naracter Fields	Number Fields	Date Fields	
		=2	
2	(P)	-2	
		=2	
	(P)	-2	
	9	2	
		-2	
	P	-2	
	(P)	-2	
	(B)		
	(P)		
	15		
20.00///00///00///00/		one som	and the second second
		Ok	Cancel

The system allows you to enter different values for the same UDF for events that gets repeated for the same mortgage account. For instance, if you have multiple disbursements for a Mortgage Account, you can capture different values for UDFs for different disbursements.

Click Exit button to exit and return to the 'Manual disbursement' screen.



7.2.3 Viewing the Default Details

The defaults are maintained by the bank for the account can be viewed by clicking the 'Default' button. The defaults primarily are based on product definition and the account but it can be overridden.

Disbursement	Number #		Component Nam						
Account	Branch * 000		Total Amou	PRINCIPA					
Va	lue Date 2008 03 3		Remark	ke		8			
Execut	tion Date 2008-03-3	1 2	Reference Numbr	er		-			
Entoon	2000-00-0		Chamas						
Check List A	And Remarks		Advices						
Event Fi	ields		SWIFT						
D	lefault								
Event Sequence	Number *								
Disbursement De	etails	1						+ - =	
Reversed	Settlement Modes *	Settlement Currency	Settlement Amount Excl	hange Rate	Settlement Currency Equivalent	Settlement Branch	Settlement Account	Extern	
4									
∢ nut Rv	Date Time	Authorized Ry	Date Tree	Contract Stat	115			×	

If the Payment By is 'Message' then the settlement mode is defaulted to CASA and the settlement account , branch and currency are defaulted from the Settlement Instructions maintenance.

7.2.4 Viewing the Charge Details Associated with the Event

When making a manual disbursement, you can apply the charges applicable for the event. To do this, click 'Charges' button and invoke the 'Manual disbursement – Charges' screen.





Specify the following details in this screen:

Component Name

Select the charge component from the option list provided. This list displays the components of type 'Charge' that were associated with the event at the time of defining the product.

Settle Mode

You can use multiple modes of settlement for charge settlement also. The list of modes applicable is same as the one allowed for mortgage disbursal.

Settle Ccy

After specifying the settlement mode, select the currency in which the charge is to be collected. The currencies allowed for the branch are available in the option list provided.

Amount Settled

If a formula is maintained for charge calculation at the product level, the system calculates the charge on the amount being disbursed using the formula. The same is then displayed in the here.

Exch Rate and Mortgage Ccy Equiv

This information is applicable if the Mode Currency is different from the Mortgage Currency. The exchange rate that is defaulted from the Standard Exchange Rate Maintenance is used to convert the charge amount to the Mortgage Currency equivalent.



7.2.5 Capturing the Advice Related Details

You can view the advices defaulted which also includes the Payment Message in the 'Advices' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Advices' button on the 'Manual Disbursement' screen. You can also choose to suppress the messages as required.

You can opt to suppress the Payment Message defaulted in case you do not need a credit through swift message .

The deafulted details can be overriden at this stage and if the settlement mode is changed to anything other than CASA, the swift message is automatically suppressed.

Advices					>
Advices			F - III		
Message Type *	Suppress	Priority			
	Yes 🗸	High 💙			
			Y.		
Suppress Advices	+ - =				
Message Type *					
	1220				
					8
				0	k Cancel

System automatically supresses the payment message under the following conditions:

- If the Principal Credit Settlement account is changed to a GL or if the receiver in Swift Msg Details tab is not valid to receive the message i.e, if the Customer Type of the Receiver party is not a Bank
- If the settlement mode for PRINCIPAL component is changed to anything other than CASA

If the Transfer Type is chosen as blank i.e, neither Customer Transfer nor Bank Transfer and if the Receiver is a bank and the credit settlement account is a current account then the PAYMENT_MESSAGE becomes CREDIT_ADVICE by Swift(MT910).

7.2.6 <u>Viewing the Swift Message Details</u>

The swift message details are picked up from the Settlement Instructions maintenance and are displayed in the 'Swift' screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Swift' button on the 'Manual Disbursement' screen..



♦ SWIFT				_ ×
- Charge Details		Sender to Receiver Information	Message Details	
Transfer Type	×	1 🗾 🗾 🗩		Cover Required
Charges Details	 Remitter - All Charges 	2 75 🔊	- Payment Details	
	🔘 Beneficiary - All Charges	3	1	9
	🔘 Remitter - Our Charges	4	2	P
0		5	3	P
Our Correspondent	<u>></u>	6	4	P
Receiver	22			
- Beneficiary Institution -		Ordering Institution	- Ordering Customer	
1	<u></u>	1 7	1	<u></u>
2	<u></u>	2	2	P
3	<u> </u>	3	3	
4		4	4	<u> </u>
5	9	5	5	(P)
- Inter Reimbursement In	stitution	Ultimate Beneficiary	- Beneficiary Institution F	or Cover
1	<u>,</u>	1 🗾 🔎	1	<u></u>
2	9	2	2	P
3	9	3	3	
4	9	4	4	<u> </u>
5	9	5	5	P
- Account With Institution	1	Receiver Correspondent	Intermediary	
1	×= 🗭	1	1	<u>_=</u>
2	<u>, =</u> 🔛	2	2	*
3	9	3	3	P
4	P	4	4	
5	P	5	5	9
				Ok Exit

For more details on Swift message related details refer section 'Capturing Swift Message Details' in the chapter 'Capturing Additional Details for a Mortgage' in this User Manual.



7.3 Viewing Mortgage Manual Disbursement Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Manual Disbursements, through the 'Mortgage Manual Disbursement Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSMDSBR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

				1		1			1
		Account N	lumber		×= (*)		Branc	h 💌	
	Event Se	equence N	lumber		X		Reference Numbe	er [×=
	Aut	horization	Status	×					
Search	Advance	ed Search		Reset	Records per	page 15 🔽 🕅	す 1 of 1 🍞 🅅	Go	to Page
Acco	unt Number	Branch	Event	Sequence Number	r Reference Number	Authorization Statu	s Component Name	Total Amount	Remar
									>
uthoriza	tion Status			mini)			× <
uthoriza - Author	tion Status			mi ontract Status — - Active Account)			8
uthoriza - Author - Unauth	tion Status ized orized			mi ontract Status — - Active Account - Liquidate - Reversed		0			>
uthoriza - Author - Unauth	tion Status ized orized		Co A L V H I-	- Active Account - Liquidate - Reversed - Hold Inactive					>
uthoriza - Author - Unauth	tion Status ized orized		Cc A L· V H I- Y	Distract Status - Active Account - Liquidate - Reversed - Hold Inactive - Uninitiated					× *
uthoriza - Author - Unauth	tion Status ized orized		Cc A L V H I- Y	- Active Account - Active Account - Liquidate - Reversed - Hold Inactive - Uninitiated					>

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Event Sequence Number
- Authorization Status
- Branch
- Reference Number

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch



- Event Sequence Number
- Reference Number
- Authorization Status
- Component Name
- Total Amount
- Remarks
- Value Date

7.4 Saving and Authorizing a Manual Disbursement

After entering the details for manual disbursement in the 'Manual Disbursement Input' screen click Save icon to save the details.

To authorize the manual disbursement, click Authorize icon on the Application toolbar. The account authorization screen is displayed.

Authorization			×
Authorization Details			
Branch Deference Number	 Account Number	- Honoran Domirod	_
Reference Number		Authorized	
lister			
Maker	Maker Date Stamp		-
		Authorize	
			Evit
			EM

The Branch and Account number is defaulted and the Xref number is generated by the system. The following detail needs to be selected as required:

Message Generation

Check this box if you want swift messages to be generatedt either for the customer transfer or the bank transfer along with a cover. The generated message can be biewed in the messages browser. Even if the box is left unchecked you can go to messages browser at a later point of time and generate the message.

If the message generation fails for some reason, the account is authorized and you have to go to the browser to manually generate the swift message.



All other advices related to DSBR event are not generated at this point and you need to go to the message browser to do the same.

After the swift message has been generated, if the mortgage account or the manual disbursement is reversed, no message is sent from CL.

Place the following:

You cannot authorise a transaction from the 'Mortgage Manual Disbursement' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

7.4.1 Accounting Entries

During the disbursement event, the Mortgage Account is debited while the credit entry will depend on the settlement mode(s) selected for disbursal.

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Cr/Dr
LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL	Dr
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL	Cr

The entries will appear as follows:



8. Operations

8.1 Introduction

This chapter explains the various operations that can be performed on a mortgage account; the most prominent being payments and amendments, funding, status change, simulation of payments, rollover etc.

8.2 Mortgage Payments

The 'Mortgage Payment' screen allows you to make payments towards a mortgage. CL module supports Multi Mode settlements. The various payment modes allowed are Cash/Teller, CASA, Clearing, Electronic Pay Order, Credit Card, Debit Card, External Account, Internal Check and Instrument. Multi mode settlement mechanism facilitates payment of mortgage installment.

Payment can be against any or all or a combination of the components due. Prepayments will attract a pre-payment penalty to be charged. The payment computed by the system can be overridden by the amount negotiated by the customer and a subsidy is captured as amount waived. The amount accepted is either waived or capitalized. Depending on the mode selected, additional payment details such as clearing house details, settlement products to be used if the settlement is through another product of Oracle FLEXCUBE, etc are captured.

Penalties on Payment

Prepayment as well as delayed payment of mortgage can attract penalties.

- Prepayment Penalty The customer can choose to prepay the mortgage amount, either partly or as a whole before the due date. This may attract a Prepayment Penalty.
- Penalty on delayed payment In case a customer defaults in paying back the mortgage amount in time, then the amount becomes an over due and a penalty may be applicable. However, the customer is allowed to negotiate with the bank in order to subsidize the amounts due. Once the bank and the customer decide upon a mutually agreeable amount, the actual payable amount is replaced by this new amount and will be used in lieu of the original amount due.

If a mortgage payment results in a status change for the account, the system will update the current status for the account in the 'Derived Status' field. During end-of-day batch processing, it will update the 'User Defined Status' for the account with the worst status that is available for all accounts and mortgages for this CIF and post the required accounting entries for the change.

If there is repayment during one of the schedules, then based on the specified VAMI recomputation option, the system either modifies the EMI, tenor, or the final bullet/balloon payment.

If there no change in the EMI or the tenor, then the 'Balloon Payment' option should be chosen.

The 'Mortgage Payment' screen captures payment details such as Payment Mode, Amount Settled, Settlement Currency and Exchange Rate. The payment is against any of the mortgage components such as principal, interest, late fee etc.



You can invoke the 'Mortgage Payment' screen by typing 'MODPMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

count Details								
							_	
E	Branch *	000		Event Sequence Number *		Populate Due		
Account N	Number *		>	Customer Number	22	Penalty Rates		
Valu	ue Date 2	2012-02-29	2	Main Interest Rate		Allocat	e	
Executio	on Date 2	2012-02-29	2	Limit Date		Check Lis	t.	
Outstanding B	alance Report	_ Installment(s)			Event Helds	2	
Collection A	dent Id		2					
mount to be pai	id back							
Outstandi	ing Amt							
epayment of a Recomputation	Amortize	d Loan			alua Data			
recomputation		Change Eivi		From	alue Date			
ment Details								+ - =
Reversed	Payment M	/lode *	Settlement Currency	Amount Settled	Loan Currency Equivalent	Original Exchange Rate	Exchange Rate	Set Corr
	CASA	*	2					Set
								V
	- IIII							2
nponent Details	5							
nponent Details	S.	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Weived	× ×
nponent Details	s Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Acijustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	>
nponent Details Component N	s Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Acjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	× × + + -
nponent Details Component N	s Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	× +
nponent Details Component N	s Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	× × +
nponent Details Component N	s Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Waived	× · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
nponent Details Component N	S. Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	
mponent Details Component N	S. Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	
mponent Details Component h	S. Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Acjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	
nponent Details Component N mponent Summ	Name *	Currency	Amount Due	Acjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Welved	
mponent Detail: Component N mponent Summ sulate Input By	Name *	Currency e Time	Amount Due Authorized B	Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue	Amount Not Due	Amount Walved	

To make a payment, click New icon in the toolbar and then capture the 'Branch Code', 'Account Number', 'Value Date' and 'Execution Date'.

Click 'Populate Due' button to view the dues against the account. After this, you can enter the payment details. Click 'Allocate' button to allocate the settlement amounts across the various components based on the 'Schedule Order' and 'Liquidation Order'.

Click 'Penalty Rates' to view the UDEs related to Prepayment penalties. The negotiated rates can be overridden. In case of Penal components, you can select the relevant UDEs and modify them. Click View icon to view a list of lending rate codes and their values in the ascending order of rate value.



Account Details

The following details are captured here:

Branch Code

Select the branch code of the account towards which the payment is made, from the adjoining option list. A list of branch codes is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

Account Number

Select the customer's account number by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of values is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

Event Sequence Number

The system displays the event sequence number of the payment in the account's life history.

Value date

Enter the date on which the payment affects the account balance in this field.



The value date can be a Back Valued, Current or Future Date.

Execution Date

This is the application date on which the payment is entered into the system. If the Execution date is in the future, the payment is tanked and released on the Future Value date of the payment; else, it is applied immediately as of the value date of the payment.

By default it is the current system date, but can be modified.

Collection Agent Identification

The collection agent assigned to the mortgage gets defaulted here during liquidation. If the collection agent eligible for the fees is different, you can change the agent name here.

The collection agent assigned through the Assignment screen is still valid and the collection agent assigned here is effective only for this particular liquidation. After Authorization the details of the liquidation is passed into Collections module routines for the calculation of Collection Agent Fee.

Amount to be Paid Back

The system displays the difference amount between the auctioned amount and the mortgage closure amount. On auction of the mortgage property at a higher price than the required amount to close the mortgage, the bank needs to pay the excess amount to the customer/legal heir.



Customer No

The system displays the Customer No of the account in this field.

Main Int. Rate

The rate value for the rate code maintained against the main interest UDE chosen is displayed here.

Limit Date

Select the limit date from the available schedules that can be included as amount due by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of schedule due dates for the account is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

This option is allowed only if the installment option is selected.

Installment(s)

If you select this option then the amount due includes schedules till limit date. If not then the amount due is the same as on the value date.

Prepayment of Amortized Mortgage

The following details are captured here:

Recomputation Basis

You can choose the recomputation basis for prepayment of amortized mortgage. The options available are Recalculated Tenor or Change EMI. Choose the relevant basis from the list for recomputation basis.

Recomputation Effective From

You can choose the date on which the prepayment becomes effective. You can start the prepayment on the Value Date or Next Installment.

Payment Details

The following details are captured here:

Reversed

This option indicates that the settlement is reversed.

This option is disabled in the new payment mode.



Payment Mode

Specify the mode of mortgage payment by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of payment modes is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

The payment modes are CASA, Cash/Teller, Instrument, External Account, Electronic Pay Order, Internal Cheque, Clearing, Debit Card, and Credit Card.

Settlement Currency

Select the currency used for the specific payment mode by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of currencies is displayed. Click on a value to select it.

Amount Settled

Specify the amount paid through the specified mode of payment in terms of the settlement currency in this field.

The amount should be a valid amount and should not exceed the total amounts due; else it is treated as a prepayment.

Mortgage Currency Equivalent

The system displays the amount settled in terms of the local currency in this field.

Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.

You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

For more details on customer specific exchange rates, refer the section titled 'Specifying Pricing Benefit Details' in Relationship Pricing user manual.

Settlement Order

Each settlement is apportioned against a component due based on the Liquidation order. The order in which the settlements are picked is ordinal as entered in the screen. Click 'Set Component' button to view/change the component settlement details in the 'Component Details' screen.



For more details on the 'Component Details' screen refer section titled 'Viewing Component Settlement Details' in this chapter.

During payments, based on the Witholding tax percent specified in the 'Withholding Tax Pct' in the 'Customer Maintenance' screen, system internally calculates the applicable tax portion based on the Settlement Amount and passes the accounting entries for the tax.

For more details on setting up Witholding tax percentage refer 'Maintaining Customer Basic Record' section of 'Maintaining Customer Information Files' chapter of Core Entity User Manual

During MLIQ event, you need to input the Settlement Amount after discounting the tax amount and the system allocates the amount to Interest component after adding the tax amount. In addition, system also tops up the Settlement Amount by the total tax amount applicable.

During ALIQ event, the amount available in the customer's settlement account is taken up as the basis for allocation. In case the settlement account does not have full funds, the amount present is taken up as customer portion and the relevant tax portion is added up on top of that.

The amount tag which is used to pass accounting entries corresponding to the tax portion for MLIQ and ALIQ events is <Component name>_WHLD. For eg. MAIN_INT_WHLD

Settlement Account

Specify the Settlement Account. The adjoining option list displays all the valid account number maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Account Description

The system displays the account description on selecting the Settlement Account. The account description is also displayed if you enter a valid account number and tab out.

Settlement Details

Depending upon the mode of payment the following settlement details are captured:

For 'CASA':

- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Credit Card' and 'Debit Card'

• Card No.

For 'Clearing'

- Upload Source
- Instrument Number
- Clearing Product
- End Point
- Routing Number


- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- Sector Code

For 'External Account'

- Upload Source
- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number

For 'Electronic Pay Order'

- Upload Source
- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number

For 'Internal Check'

- Instrument Number
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Instrument'

- Instrument Number
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Cash/Teller'

- Upload Source
- Settlement Product

After entering the payment details, click 'Save' icon to save the details. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit



If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

On saving a manual payment towards a mortgage component (s), the online liquidation against each such component follows the order of liquidation as specified through the 'Component Liquidation Order' screen.

The system updates this saved transaction as an unauthorised transaction. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.

Wote the following:

You cannot authorise a transaction from the 'Mortagage Payment' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen
- the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

Component Details

The following details are captured here:

Component Name

The system displays the component name in this field.

Currency

The system displays the currency of the component based on Mortgage currency and the account in this field. If the component is based on a flat amount UDE then the UDE currency is displayed.

Amount due

The system displays the amount due for the component in this field. It is generated based on the account and component.



Adjustment Due

Adjustment due happens when there is a revaluation or when there is rate revision, according to increase or decrease of rates.

Amount overdue

Here, the system displays the amount overdue for the component. It is generated based on the account and component.

Amount not due

For the principal amount, Amount not due is the rest of principal that is due after the value date. Hence any payment towards this constitutes a prepayment. This value is system generated based on account and component.

Amount Paid

The system displays the actual amount paid against the component dues in this field.

When payments are allocated across dues, payment details are defaulted from the liquidation order. But these details can be modified as per your preferences.

Amount Waived

Enter the amount waived by the bank after negotiations with the customer in this field.

Amount Capitalized

Enter the amount capitalized in this field.

8.2.1.1 Viewing Component Settlement Details

Each settlement is apportioned against a component due based on the Liquidation order. The order in which the settlements are picked is ordinal as entered in the screen. Click 'Set Component' button to view/change the component settlement details in the 'Component Details' screen.



Component Details		×
		<u></u>
Comp Settled Detail	+	- ==
Component Name * Payment Mode Component Currency Equivalent		<u> </u>
		-
	Ok	Cancel

8.2.2 Partial Payment

Partial payment is required to parameterize partial liquidation during auto liquidation process.

In the 'Mortgage Product Preferences' screen you can indicate whether partial liquidation is allowed during auto liquidation of the mortgage or not. This preference set at the product level gets defaulted at the account creation level also. But this option is allowed only if 'Verify Funds' option is selected. Auto Liquidation will check this option before carrying out partial liquidation viz. before liquidating to the extent of availability during Verify Funds check.

Product Code		Description		
ate/Account Preferences	Account Preferences Ho	liday Preferences		
te		- Liquidation		– Rate Plan Change Frequency
Normal variance		Liquidation Mode	Auto 💙	Tenor
Maximum Variance			Allow Partial Liquidation	Unit
Rate Type	STANDARD		Reset Retry Count for	- Data Dian Window
Middle Rate	Middle Rate		Reversed Auto Liquidation	Tenor
	 Buy/ Sell Rate 	Retries Auto Liquidation Day s		Unit
count Preferences —				
	Pass Book Facility		Track Receivable Auto	ATM Facility
	Liquidate Back Valued			Cheque Book
	Schedules		Amend Past Paid Schedule	Interest Statement
	Back Period Entry Allowed	3	Packing Credit Product	Limits Product
	Special Interest Accrual		Notary Confirmation Required	Schedule Basis 🛞 Broduct
Notice day Basis	Product 🔽		CL Against bill	

If selected, the function proceeds with liquidation, else it is marked as unpaid.



Refer the section titled 'Specifying Product Preferences' in the 'Defining Product Categories and Products' chapter of this User Manual for more details.

8.2.3 Payments Simulation

Mortgage payment simulation calculation function is used to arrive at an agreement with the client. The 'Payment Simulation' screen displays the effect of making payments across components across schedules. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODSIMPT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button. The results are used to arrive at a negotiated amount that can be used to settle outstanding loss.

Mortgage Payment :	Simulation					
count Details						
Branch	h *	Event Ser	quence Number *		Populate Due	
Account Numbe	r*	Cu	stomer Number		Penalty Rates	
Value Date	e	Ma	in Interest Rate	_	Allocate	
Execution Date	e		Limit Date	2	Check List	
	Installment(s)				Event Fields	
Outstanding Balance Repor	e					
Collection Agen Identification	n					
Amount to be paid back	k					
repayment of Amor	tized Loan					
Recomputation Basis	s Change EMI	Recompu	Itation Effective Value Dat From			
ayment Details						TTT
Deversed Davm	ent Mode * Settlement Cr	rrancy Amount Sattler	Loan Currency Equivaler	t Evohanna Data S	Set Component Settlement Branch	Settlement Account
(
component Details						+ = =
Component Name	* Currency Amount D	ue Adjustment Due	Amount Overdue Amount	Not Due Amount Wai	ved Amount Capitalized Amo	unt Paid
						•
imulate						
imulate	Date Time	Authorized By Date	Time Cont	act Status		
imulate Input By	Date Time	Authorized By Date	Time Cont	act Status		

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Mortgage Payment' in this chapter.

You can change specific UDE values to simulate the effect of changing prepayment penalty rates.

Payments can be saved from the simulator. Once the payment simulation is saved, if you enter simulation account number in the payments screen and click on the 'Populate Due' button then the system displays all the details entered in the payment simulation screen.



Only users with rights to input payments are allowed to save payments from the simulator.

Click 'Simulate' button to view the account details after the current payment. An account screen is launched to view the updated account after the payment. You can also print an advice from the simulation screen.

8.2.4 Back Dated Payments

Oracle FLEXCUBE supports back value dating only upto the last payment date. Only those back dated payments whose value date is before the last payment date are allowed.

If the product preference allows for Allow back valued entries, then the following functionalities are relevant:

- Oracle FLEXCUBE supports back dated payments till the Mortgage Initiation / Value date.
- Whenever a back valued event such as Principal Increase, Rate Change or Payment Reversal is made, the system recalculates Interest based on the new conditions and passes the difference as back valued adjustments.
- Back valued Adjustments (accruals and Liquidations) are passed on the same day.
- Entries passed will be as follows:
 - Accrual Adjustments (for a Component COMP)
- Case 1: Favorable Adjustment (Income earned)

Dr Back valued Interest Adjustment GL	COMP_BVADJ_INC
Cr Accrual Adjustment Income	COMP BVRADJ INC

Case 2: Unfavorable Adjustment (Expense)

Dr Accrual Adjustment Expense	COMP_ BVRADJ_EXP
Cr Back valued Interest Adjustment GL	COMP_ BVRADJ_EXP
Liquidation Adjustments	
Dr Settlement AC	COMP_BVADJ_INC
Cr Back valued Interest Adjustment GL	COMP_BVADJ_INC
Dr Back valued Interest Adjustment GL	COMP_BVADJ_EXP
Cr Settlement Account	COMP BVRADJ INC

Back valued Adjustments are passed to the mortgage servicing account maintained at the mortgage level.

8.2.5 Making Bulk Payments against Mortgage or Commitment



The 'BulkPayments' screen is provided to create bulk payments against a limit or commitment for a mortgage account. The mortgage/commitment linked to the mortgage account for which the prioritization rules are maintained, is considered for bulk payment.

Bulk payment is done for the mortgage accounts linked to an L/C for which the buk payment option is checked. The bulk payment is always done for the current branch. The Bulk payment is done only for the CL accounts belonging to the current branch from where bulk payments are made. Bulk payment amount is allocated to the accounts linked to a mortgage/commitment account. This allocation is done based on the Prioritization rules maintained for the L/C selected. If a specific rule is not available for L/C reference for the branch, the ALL option is considered. The payment is triggered based on the amount allocated per the prioritization rules.

To make the bulk payments for the accounts associated under an L/C allocated, invoke the 'BulkPayments' screen by typing 'CLDBLKPT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Bulk				_ ×
Branch Code	Bulk Entity Type	~		
Bulk Payment Reference *	Liability Id			
Currency	Bulk Entity Reference			
Total Payment Amount		Populate Due		
Value Date		Allocate		
Payment Details				
				+ - =
Reversed Account Number * Pa	yment Mode * Settlement Cu	rrency Amount Settled L	ocal Currency Equivalent	Exchange Rate 스
CASA	· · · ·			
<				>
Component Details				
I∢ ∢ 10f1 ▶ ▶I				+ - =
Account Number 🗴 Component Name	Currency Am	ount Due Overdue	Amount Waived	Amount Paid 스
				~
<				
Maker Id	Checker Id	Status		
	Data Otama			Exit
Maker Date Stamp Check	er Date Stamp	Authorized		

The following details are specified for making the bulk payments under a mortgage/commitment account:

Branch Code

This displays a valid branch code for making bulk payments. All the accounts associated to a mortgage/commitment are marked for bulk payments in this branch.



Bulk Payment Reference

Specify the bulk payment refernce number for the particular bulk payment made.

Total Payment Amount

Specify the total payment amount available to be allocated across the due components/accounts under a mortgage/commitment.

Currency

Specify a valid currency to be maitained as part of the bulk payment made. The adjoining option list displays all the valid currency maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Limit Date

Specify the date the limit line is attached to the mortgage/commitment.

Bulk Entity Type

Select the Bulk Entity type from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Limit Line
- Commitment

Specify the type of entity for which bulk payments are made. If the bulk entity type is chosen as limit line, you can then choose the credit line against which the payment needs to be made in the field Bulk Entity. The liability ID linked to this limit is defaulted. Only valid limit lines linked to the mortgage accounts in the current branch are displayed in the option list.

For the bulk entity type 'Commitment' the Commitment reference number is chosen from the option list for the "Bulk Entity". The customer id of the commitment is populated as the liability ID, and the commitment branch is populated as the branch code. The bulk entity option list displays only the commitments defined under the current branch.

Liability ID

The liability ID is defaulted based on the limit type selected as bulk entity. The customer ID of a commitment is populated when the bulk entity type is selected as commitment.

Bulk Entity

Specify the bulk entity. If you have chosen the 'Bulk Entity Type' as 'Commitment' the customer id of the commitment is populated as the liability ID.

After specifying the Bulk Entity details and limit date, click the 'Populate Due' button. Payment Details and Component Details options are enabled to list all active mortgage accounts (linked to the L/C selected) and the component wise amount due respectively.



After providing the bulk payment amount, click 'Allocate' button to display the payment details and component wise details with all the applicable accounts including the total amount due and total amount allocated against each as per the bulk payment preference maintenance.

Payment Details

Specify the following details:

Reversed

You can reverse a payment done for single account involved in bulk payment. Check this box to indicate that this payment should be reversed.

An override message gets displayed.

Account Number

Specify the account number.

Payment Mode

Select the payment mode from the drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- CASA
- Cash Teller
- Clearing
- Instrument
- External Pay Order
- Credit Card
- Debit Card
- External Account Details
- Internal Cheque

Settlement Currency

Specify a valid settlement currency in which payment is to be made. This adjoining options list contains all the valid settlement currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Amount Settled

Specify the amount settled.

Mortgage Currency Equivalent

Specify the mortgage currency equivalent.



Exchange Rate

Specify the exchange rate.

Check list

This contains a check list screen for the bulk payment made. You need to specify the description or any remarks if any.

Checked

Check this box to indicate if the check list details are to be maintained for the bulk payment made

Description

Specify a description of the check list item, which the bulk payment is checked against.

Remark 1

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 2

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 3

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 4

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 5

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 6

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 7

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 8

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Remark 9

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.



Remark 10

Specify remarks for the check list, if any.

Settlement Branch

Specify a valid settlement branch. The adjoining option list displays all the valid settlement branch maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Settlement Account

Specify a valid settlement account. The adjoining option list displays all the valid settlement account maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Settlement Product

Specify the settlement product.

Instrument Number

Specify the instrument number.

End Point

Specify a valid end point. This adjoining option list displays all the valid end point maintained in the system. You can choose appropriate one.

Card Number

Specify the card number

External Account Number

Specify the external account number.

External Account Name

Specify the external account name.

Clearing Bank

Specify a valid clearing bank. This adjoining option list displays all the valid clearing bank maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Clearing Branch

Specify the clearing branch.

Upload Source

Specify a valid upload source. This adjoining option list displays all the upload source maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.



Sector Code

Specify a valid sector code. This adjoining option list displays all the valid sector code maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Routing Number

Specify the routing number.

Settlement Reference Number

Specify the settlement reference number.

Component Details

Specify the following details:

Account Number

Specify the account number.

Component Name

Specify the name of the component.

Component Currency

Specify the component currency.

Amount Due

Specify the amount to be paid.

Amount Paid (Component Currency)

Specify the amount that is paid.

Amount Overdue

Specify the overdue amount.

Amount Waived

Specify the amount that is waived.

You can perform the following operations in this screen:

- Save
- Delete
- Authorize



Against each account populated, settlement fields are enabled to capture the details required for the particular settlement mode that has been chosen against the account. The different modes of payment applicable in the manual mortgage payment screen are made available here as well. Multiple modes of settlement for the same account are not supported.

You can change the allocated amount after the automatic allocation. System validates the data on saving to compare the total payment amount and the sum of amount settled against each component with respect to limit currency.

8.2.5.1 Viewing Summary Records

You can view and amend details of a particular record by using the 'Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLSBLKPT' the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Summary				_ ×
Bulk Payment Reference	×:	Branch Code		> E
Bulk Entity Type	~	Bulk Entity Reference		25
Liability Id	2	Currency		
Value Date				
	Search Advanced			Refresh Reset
15 🗸 🛛 🖌 1 Of 1 🕨 🕅				
Bulk Payment Reference	Branch Code Bulk Entity Type	Bulk Entity Reference Lia	ability Id	Currency Value Date
				~
<				
				Exit

To view a particular record double click on the desired record displayed in the list of records. The required record is enabled for action.

8.3 Viewing Mortgage Payments Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Payments, through the 'Mortgage Payments Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSPMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



◆ Mortgage Payments Summary	×
Account Number 🗾 🚬 Authorize Status	Branch 73
Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 V C 1 of 1 C	Go to Page
Account Number Branch Event Sequence Number Value Date Execution Date Recomputation Basis Recomputation Eff	iective From Installr ≏
	~
	>
Recomputation Basis Recomputation Effective From Authorization Status E - Change EMI V - Value Date A - Authorized T - Reduce Tenor U - Unauthorized	
	Exit

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Authorize Status
- Branch

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Event Sequence Number
- Value Date
- Execution Date
- Recomputation Basis
- Recomputation Effective From
- Installment



8.4 Mortgage Amendments

Once a Mortgage is entered and authorized, financial changes to the Mortgages can be done through the 'Value Dated Amendments' screen. These amendments are based on an effective date and hence are called Value Dated Amendments (VAM). You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODVDAMD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Booking an amendment is called VAMB and Initiating is called VAMI. These are considered as events in the life cycle of the Mortgage.

Value Dated Amendments supports the following functions:

- Modification of currency between UF and CLP. The UF conversion on any date uses the effective date UF rate.
- When the above change in interest rate is completed, the accrual is recomputed. The difference in accruals is accounted for in the current period on the booking date of the change.
- During VAMI, if the principal or rate of interest is increases or decreases, then based on the specified VAMI re-computation option, the system either modifies the EMI, tenor, or the final bullet/balloon payment.

If there no change in the EMI or the tenor, then the 'Balloon Payment' option should be chosen.

• Whenever there is a re-computation due to VAMI or Pre-payment, the system adjusts the principal against the final bullet, since there is no change in EMI or Tenor and 'Balloon Payment' is selected. However; if the EMI interest amount increases and is greater than or equal to EMI amount, then the system automatically changes the re-computation method to 'Change Installment' to re-compute EMI.

Example

If the principal is increased by 10000 even before the first schedule date during VAMI and the recomputation basis is 'Change Installment'

Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360



VAMI Re-computation	Change Installment
Principal Increased By	10000

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	EMI	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000	1.00000000 00					30000.00
		000000 0000	000000000 0					
30-Jun-08	91	1.02527 77777	1.02527777 77	1.105309220 6	6468. 31	764.74	5703.57	24296.43
		777800 0000	777800000 0	7044000000				
30-Apr-08	30					250		
31-May-08	31					260.486 1111		
30-Jun-08	30					254.254 0509		
30-Sep-08	92	1.02555 55555	1.05147932 09	1.077766304 0		626.21	5842.1	18454.33
		555600 0000	876500000 0	1235000000	6468. 31			
31-Jul-08	31					209.219 2583		
31-Aug-08	31					211.020 8686		
30-Sep-08	30					205.972 2511		
31-Dec-08	92	1.02555 55555	1.07835045 91	1.050909722 2	6468. 31	475.64	5992.67	12461.66
		555600 0000	906700000 0	2222000000				
31-Oct-08	31					158.912 2861		
30-Nov-08	30					155.110 3524		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
31-Dec-08	31					161.616 3699		
31-Mar-09	90	1.02500 00000	1.10530922 06	1.025555555 5		314.14		
		000000 0000	704400000 0	5556000000	6468. 31		6154.17	6307.49
31-Jan-09	31					107.308 7389		
28-Feb-09	28					97.7586 4575		
31-Mar-09	31					109.074 5969		
30-Jun-09	91	1.02527 77777	1.13324898 15	1.000000000 0	6468. 28	160.79	6307.49	0.00
		777800 0000	262700000 0	0000000000				
30-Apr-09	30					52.5624 1667		
31-May-09	31					54.7671 1803		
30-Jun-09	30					53.4568 2946		
				5.259263024 6				
				827800000				

#	Bullet	Difference	Present	New Basis	New
Iteration	EMI	in EMI	Value	Amount	EMI
1	6485.37	21.07	18.60384325	30018.60384325	6468.31

If the principal is increased by 10000 even before the first schedule date during VAMI and the recomputation basis is 'Balloon Payment'



Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Change Installment
Principal Increased By	10000

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instalment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		1.00000 00000	1.0000000 000					30000
		0000000 000	000000000 0					
30-Jun- 08	91	1.02527 77777	1.0252777 777	1.10530922 06	4312. 2	764.74	3547.46	26452.54
		7778000 000	777800000 0	7044000000				
30-Apr-08	30					250		
31-May- 08	31					260.486 1111		
30-Jun-08	30					254.254 0509		
30-Sep- 08	92	1.02555 55555	1.0514793 209	1.07776630 40	4312. 2	681.78	3630.42	22822.12
		5556000 000	876500000 0	1235000000				
31-Jul-08	31					227.785 7611		
31-Aug- 08	31					229.747 2496		
30-Sep-	30					224.250		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Instalment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
08						6084		
31-Dec- 08	92	1.02555 55555	1.0783504 591	1.05090972 22	4312. 2	588.21	3723.99	19098.13
		5556000 000	906700000 0	2222000000				
31-Oct-08	31					196.523 8111		
30-Nov- 08	30					191.822 0318		
31-Dec- 08	31					199.867 9003		
31-Mar- 09	90	1.02500 00000	1.1053092 206	1.02527777 77	4312. 2	481.44	3830.76	15267.37
		0000000 000	704400000 0	7778000000				
31-Jan-09	31					164.456 1194		
28-Feb- 09	28					149.820 1143		
31-Mar- 09	31					167.162 387		
30-Jun- 09	91	1.02527 77777	1.1332489 815	1.00000000 00	15656 .56	389.19	15267.37	0.00
		7778000 000	262700000 0	0000000000				
30-Apr-09	30					127.228 0833		
31-May- 09	31					132.564 5946		
30-Jun-09	30							
				5.25926302 46				
				8278000000				

If the rate is increased to 15% on 30th Sep 2008, during VAMI and the re-computation basis is 'Balloon Payment'.

Loan Amount

20000



Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment
Rate Changed To	15%
Rate Changed On	30-Sep-2008

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		1.0000 000000	1.00000000 00					20000.00
		000000 0000	000000000 0					
30-Jun- 08	91	1.0252 777777	1.02527777 77	1.10530922 06	4312. 20	509.83	3802.37	16197.63
		777800 0000	777800000 0	7044000000				
30-Apr-08	30					166.666 6667		
31-May- 08	31					173.657 4074		
30-Jun-08	30					169.502 7006		
30-Sep- 08	92	1.0255 555555	1.05147932 09	1.07776630 40	4312. 20	417.48	3894.72	12302.91
		555600 0000	876500000 0	1235000000				
31-Jul-08	31					139.479 5917		
31-Aug- 08	31					140.680 6659		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	EMI	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
30-Sep- 08	30					137.314 9188		
31-Dec- 08	92	1.0255 555555	1.07835045 91	1.05090972 22	4312. 20	477.66	3834.54	8468.37
		555600 0000	906700000 0	2222000000				
31-Oct-08	31					158.912 5875		
30-Nov- 08	30					155.772 7823		
31-Dec- 08	31					162.977 2735		
31-Mar- 09	90	1.0250 000000	1.10530922 06	1.02527777 77	4312. 20	321.55	3990.65	4477.72
		000000 0000	704400000 0	7778000000				
31-Jan-09	31					109.383 1125		
28-Feb- 09	28					100.073 7863		
31-Mar- 09	31					112.088 5974		
30-Jun- 09	91	1.0252 777777	1.13324898 15	1.00000000 00	4649. 65	171.93	4477.72	0.00
		777800 0000	262700000 0	0000000000				
30-Apr-09	30					55.9715		



Pi		nstalln Denom	Installment	Sch Factor	Days	Schedule Date
58.5601 8188	58.5601 8188				31	31-May- 09
57.4031 4602	57.4031 4602				30	30-Jun-09
		.25926 6				
		.25926 6 27800			30	30-Jun-09

If the user makes a pre payment during one of the schedules, then based on the Pre-payment recomputation option specified system would either modify the EMI or modify the tenor.

Loan Amount	20000
Loan Value Date	31-Mar-08
Maturity Date	30-Jun-2009
Rate of Interest	10%
Payment Frequency	Quarterly
Compounding Frequency	Monthly
Interest Method	Actual/360
VAMI Re-computation	Balloon Payment
Prepayment done for Installment	30-Dec-2008
Prepayment Amount	5500

Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	EMI	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		1.0000 000000	1.00000000 00					20000
		000000 0000	000000000 0					
30-Jun- 08	91	1.0252 777777	1.02527777 77	1.10530922 06	4312. 2	509.83	3802.37	16197.63



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
		777800 0000	777800000 0	7044000000				
30-Apr-08	30					166.666 6667		
31-May- 08	31					173.657 4074		
30-Jun-08	30					169.502 7006		
30-Sep- 08	92	1.0255 555555	1.05147932 09	1.07776630 40	4312. 2	417.48	3894.72	12302.91
		555600 0000	876500000 0	1235000000				
31-Jul-08	31					139.479 5917		
31-Aug- 08	31					140.680 6659		
30-Sep- 08	30					137.314 9188		
31-Dec- 08	92	1.0255 555555	1.07835045 91	1.05090972 22	4312. 2	317.09	3995.11	7120.00
		555600 0000	906700000 0	2222000000				
31-Oct-08	31					105.941 725		
30-Nov- 08	30					103.407 0977		
31-Dec- 08	31					107.744 451		
31-Mar- 09	90	1.0250 000000	1.10530922 06	1.02527777 77	4312. 2	179.49	4132.71	2987.29
		000000 0000	704400000 0	7778000000				
31-Jan-09	31					61.3111 1111		
28-Feb- 09	28					55.8546 4198		
31-Mar-	31					62.3200		



Schedule Date	Days	Sch Factor	Installment	Installment Denom	ЕМІ	Interest	Principal	Expected Principal
09						3843		
30-Jun- 09	91	1.0252 777777	1.13324898 15	1.00000000 00	3063. 44	76.15	2987.29	0.00
		777800 0000	262700000 0	0000000000				
30-Apr-09	30					24.8940 8333		
31-May- 09	31					25.9382 5183		
30-Jun-09	30					25.3176 8613		
				5.25926302 46				
				8278000000				

If these changes are required to be effective on a particular date, not maintained previously, a fresh set of rates for that day is required to be maintained.

You can pick any active account from the Value Dated Amendments screen and apply the amendments for that account. You can also view or modify the amendments that are not yet applied for that account.

If the amendments result in a status change for the account, the system will update the current status for the account in the 'Derived Status' field. During end-of-day batch processing, it will update the 'User Defined Status' for the account with the worst status available for all accounts and mortgages for this CIF and post the required accounting entries for the change.

Mortgage Amendments			14 • of P	Go to Page
Branch * Account Number * Product Code	Product Categor Application Numbe Alternate Accou Numbe Derived Statu	y r tt s	User Defined Status User Reference Number Authorization Status	¥.
Amendments Account Details C Modify Unapplied Amendments Effective Date *	Default Check List Fields Components Charge	es Linkages Advices Credit Score	Create New Amendment Effective Date Create New Amendment	
MIS GL Balance IRR Details	Events Installment SWIFT Message Details			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Contract Status		Exit



For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Creating a Mortgage Account' in 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual.

8.4.1 <u>Amendments Tab</u>

The following detail is displayed here:

Effective Date

The effective date of the various amendments done to the Mortgage account is displayed here.

8.4.1.1 Viewing and Modifying Existing Amendments

In order to view or modify existing amendments, query for the required account number.

Select the corresponding effective dates of the amendment and click the 'View/Modify' button. The Account Details tab is displayed where you can view/modify the existing amendments.

8.4.2 Account Details Tab

Specify the account number for which the amendment needs to be done and then 'Unlock' the record. In the New Amendment frame specify the Effective Date. Click the 'Create New Amendment' button in order to make new amendments to mortgages. The Account Details tab is displayed where you can create the new amendment.

endments Acc	ount Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Linkages	Advices	Credit Score				
				1		1				Ł			
Value	Date 200	7-11-28	2			Book Date	2007-11-28	B	2	Cu	rrency GBP		
Maturity	Date 200	8-11-28	-2		Dow	n Payment				Net Pr	incipal	100,000	00
Amount Final	ced	1	00,000.00		Original	Start Date	2007-11-28	в 🗖	2		Asset		
Loan to V	alue				EMI Freq	uency Unit				Fina	ancials		
Minimun	EMI				EMI	Frequency							
Maximun	EMI	*				End Date		-2					
icant Informati ary Applicant Custom	on erid E01	00017			Custon	ner Name	AARIF						
icant Informati ary Applicant Custom r Applicants	on erid <u>E01</u>	100017			Custon	ner Name	AARIF		+ - =	Holiday Periods			+ = 1
icant Informati ary Applicant Custom r Applicants Customer Id *	on er Id <u>E01</u> Custon	100017 ier Name	Responsibility	/*	Custor. Liability	ner Name	AARIF pility Amount	E	+ - III ffective Di	Holiday Periods			+-1
icant Informati ary Applicant Custom r Applicants Customer Id * 201100017	er Id E01 Custon	100017 her Name	Responsibility	/*	Custor Liability	ner Name / % Liat	AARIF Dility Amount	E 0,000.00 20	+ - III ffective Di 007-11-28	Holiday Periods			+ - 1
icant Informati any Applicant Custom r Applicants Customer Id * E01100017	er Id E01 Custon	100017 Yer Name	Responsibilit Borrower	v*	Custor Liability	ner Name /% Liat 100	AARIF Dility Amount 101	E 0,000.00 20	+ - == ffective Di 007-11-28	Holiday Periods			+ - I
icant Informati ary Applicant Custom r Applicants Customer Id * E01100017	er Id E01 Custon E AARIF	100017 her Name	Responsibility Borrower	y*	Custor Liability	ner Name /% Liat 100 Details	AARIF Sility Amount 101	E 0,000.00 20	ffective Di	Holiday Periods			+

From this screen, you can modify the amount financed, which specifies the increase in amount, Rate or Principal effective a value date, and also the maturity date. On saving the transaction after entering all the required details in the system, the system validates the value of the transaction amount against the following:

- Product transaction limit
- User Input limit



If the transaction currency and the limit currency are different, then the system converts the amount financed to limit currency and checks if the same is in excess of the product transaction limit and user input limit. If this holds true, the system indicates the same with below override/error messages:

- Number of levels required for authorizing the transaction
- Transaction amount is in excess of the input limit of the user

Once you specify the amendments, the relative changes with regard to the same can be viewed in the other tabs of the Screen.

You can also select the re-computation basis for amendments from this screen. For example, if the re-computation basis is Change Installment, the amendments are applied by changing the Equated Monthly Installments keeping the tenor constant. If re-computation basis is Change Tenor, then the tenor is varied by keeping Installment constant.

Following are the amendments to the Value date effective mortgages accounts that you can perform through this screen:

- Value Date based changes to the Principal
- Value Date based changes to the Rates
- Value Date based changes to the Tenor of the Mortgage
- Changes to other parameters

You can change the Mortgage Tenor, Rate or Principal effective a Value Date from these screens. It also displays the schedules of the account.

The following information is captured:

Effective Date

This is the date as of which the changed values should be applicable.

Main Int Rate

The rate value for the rate code maintained against the main interest UDE chosen is displayed here.

Amount Waived

Specify the amount which can be provided as the discount to the customer. This will be waived from the charge computed. This amount can not be greater than the charge amount.

Click view icon to view a list of lending rate codes and their values in the ascending order of rate value.

8.4.3 Default Tab

Default maintained for the account are displayed here.



Mortgage	Amendments											
										14 4 2 of 2	N	Go to Page
	Branch * 00	4			Product	Category	RETAIL			Contract Status	NORM	
4	ccount Number * 00	1EXR1112	480001		Application	n Number				User Reference	AE002-CASE-1	
	P EXR1	"P"			Alternate	Account	001EXR1112	2460001		Auth Status	Unauthorized 💌	
					Derive	Number ed Status						
Amendment	Account Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Linkages	Advice	Credit Score			
										Rollover		
	Ch	eque Book									 Auto 	
	An	end Past P	aid Schedule								O Manual	
	TAT	M Facility								UDE Rollover	O Product	
	- Pa	ssbook									 Contract 	
		uidate Baci	Valued							Schedule Basis	O Product	
	Sc	hedules	A VINCO								 Contract 	
	□ Str	n Dishurse	ment									
MIS GL Ba	lance IRR Details	Events	Installmen	t SWI	FT Message D	etails						
nput By A29460A01	Date Time 2011-09-30 16:4	1:29	Authorized By	Date	Time	Cor	ntract Status tive					Cancel

You can modify the following details:

Liquidation Mode

Specify the mode of liquidation from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual
- Component

8.4.4 Components Tab

Components maintained for the account are displayed here.



										14 4 2 of 2	G	o to Page
	Branch * 00	1		Product Category		RETAIL		Contract Status	NORM			
Ac	count Number * 00	IEXR1112	480001		Application	Number				User Reference	AE002-CASE-1	
	P EXR1	"P"			Alternate	Account Number ed Status	001EXR1112	480001		Auth Status	Unauthorized M	
Amendments	Account Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Linkages	Advice	Credit Score			
					De	scription	MAIN_INT			Penal Basis Component		
81 B.T.		Local Land			Component (Currency	USD			Service Branch	E	
IN_PNLTY					Special Interest	t Amount	CPD T			Service Account	N	
PR_PNLTY					Settlement	currency	GBP NE			Calculation Type	Formula With Schedule	
PENALIT				F	Debit Mode	Details	1		[Credit Mode Details	-	
					Debit Payme	ent Mode	CASA		-	Credit Payment Mode	CASA 🗸	
S GL Balar	nce IRR Details	Events	Installme	nt SWI	FT Message D	etails						
it By	Date Time		Authorized By	y Date	Time	Cor	tract Status					
and the second second	2011 00 20 16:44	-20					tive					Cance

In this tab you can modify the schedule preferences of your account. Select the components that you wish to modify from the list provided. You can amend the details of the selected component, after you click the 'Edit' button. The schedules are defaulted from Product maintenances at the time of account opening.

While making modification to schedule, follow the steps given below:

- Bullet schedule as well as end dates of schedules should be deleted before any amendment.
- If you want to use irregular schedule amounts instead of normal linear flow you need to maintain each schedule date separately.
- If you insert any schedule do not add end date.
- If number of schedules is '1' for the particular schedule record, then the frequency should be 'daily'.

Click 'Explode' button once you finalize your changes on the schedule. System calculates the missing parameters based on Product preferences.

You can modify future dated schedules only.

Liquidation Mode

The system defaults the mode of liquidation from the product level. However you can modify the same to indicate the mode of liquidation of the component from the drop-down list. The following options are available for selection:

- Auto
- Manual



This is applicable only if 'Liquidation mode' is selected as 'Component' at the account preference level.

8.4.4.1 Amending Payment Mode Details

You can view and amend the payment mode details during value dated amendment of mortgage accounts. Click 'Payment Mode Details' button from the Components tab.

You can modify the credit settlement mode details as given below:

				_	
One of the Development of American	00100010500	External Account Number		_	
Credit Product Account	00100010505	External Account Name			
Credit Account Branch	001	Clearing Bank Code		×=	
Instrument Number Credit		Clearing Branch Code		× =	
Upload Source Credit		Product Category		> E	
Exchange Rate	1	.8 Routing Number			
Negotiated Cost Rate	1	.4 Clearing Product Code		> E	
Negotiated Reference No	NEGOTIATION2	Sector Code		×E	
		End Point		× 1	
			-		
GIRO Number		Giro Mode	Auto Giro		
GIRO Number Payer Account		Giro Mode	 Auto Giro Manual GIRO 		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name		Giro Mode	 Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO 		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name Payer Branch		Giro Mode	Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO Plus GIRO		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name Payer Branch Payer Bank Address 1		Giro Mode	Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO Plus GIRO		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name Payer Branch Payer Bank Address 1 Payer Bank Address 2		Giro Mode	Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO Plus GIRO		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name Payer Bank Address 1 Payer Bank Address 2 Payer Bank Address 3		Giro Mode	 Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO Plus GIRO 		
GIRO Number Payer Account Payer Bank Name Payer Bank Address 1 Payer Bank Address 2 Payer Bank Address 3		Giro Mode	 Auto Giro Manual GIRO Bank GIRO Plus GIRO 		

You can modify the following credit settlement mode details:

Exchange Rate

You can modify the exchange rate. For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

Negotiated Cost Rate

You can modify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.



Negotiated Reference No

You can modify the reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate, in foreign currency transaction. If you have specified the negotiated cost rate, then you need to specify the negotiated reference number also.

	4 P +	_			
		External Account Number			
Debit Product Account	00100010509	External Account Name			
Debit Account Branch	001	Clearing Bank Code		×3	
Card Number		Clearing Branch Code		×Ξ	
Instrument Number Debit		Product Category		×E.	
Upload Source Debit	×=	Routing Number			
Exchange Rate	1.8	Clearing Product Code		× =	
Negotiated Cost Rate	1.4	Sector Code		× 1	
Negotiated Reference No	NEGOTIATION1	End Point		× 1	
GIRO Number		Giro Mode	Auto Giro		
Paver Account	GIRO Number		Manual GIRO		
Payer Rank Nama		CIRO Service	Real-CIRO		
Payer bank Name		GIRO Service	Bank Giro		
Payer Branch			O Plus GIRO		
Payer Bank Address 1					
Payer Bank Address 2					
Payer Bank Address 3					
Payer Bank Address 4					

You can view and modify the debit settlement mode details as given below:

You can modify the following debit settlement mode details:

- Exchange Rate
- Negotiated Cost Rate
- Negotiated Reference Number

For further details on these fields, refer to the details given above on credit settlement mode amendment.

8.4.5 Charges Tab

In order to calculate the charges that we would like to levy on an account, we have to specify the basis on which we would like to apply charges.

The Charges tab is displayed where you can view/modify the charges to be levied on the account.



Pro	Product Code MO04			Alternate Account I Number Derived Status		E01MO04073320003		Authorization Status	Unauthorized ⊻			
Amendments	Account Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Linkages	Advices	Credit Score			
					c)escription	ADHOC CH	ARGE		Calculation Type	No Schedule No Formula	8
	ADO	.H_CHG	*		Componen	t Currency	GBP			Settlement Currency	GBP 7	
					Debit Payr	ment Mode	CASA	8		Credit Payment Mode	CASA	
Servi	ce Branch	»E				Due Date			2		Funded During INIT	
Servic Effe	e Account ctive Date 2007	-11-28	2		A Amou	mount Due int Waived					Funded During Rollover	
Details												
Event Cod	e* Component I	lame* Am	nount Due	Amount S	ettled Sched	ule Due Dat	e* Waive					~
MIS GL Bala	nce IRR Detail	s Events	Installme	ent SW	IFT Message	Details						
nput By	Date Time		Authorized E	By Date	e Time	Co	ntract Status		Authorized			

You can capture the following details in this screen:

Amt. Waived:

The amount displayed here is the amount that needs to be waived as the discount offered to the customer.

For more details and the field explanation of each tab, refer to the section 'Creating a Mortgage Account' in 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual.

8.4.6 Saving and Authorising Mortgage/Commitment Account

You have to save an amended mortgage account after entering all the required details in the system. Click Save icon on the Toolbar or choose 'Save' from the Actions menu to save an account. The system updates this as an unauthorised account. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.

Note the following:

You cannot authorise a transaction from the 'Mortagage Amendments' screen in the following cases:

- the contract has multilevel of authorization pending, the same will be done using the 'Multilevel Authorization Detailed' screen
- the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N'
- the 'Nth' or the final level of the users authorisation limit is less than the difference between amount financed and sum of the limits of all the users involved in authorizing a transaction, this case holds good when the 'Cumulative' field is checked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen



 the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser's authorisation limit if the 'Cumulative' field is unchecked in the 'Product Transaction Limits Maintenance' screen

8.5 Amending Commitments

Once a Commitment is entered and authorized, changes to the Commitment account can be done through the 'Commitment Amendments' screen. These amendments are based on an effective date and hence are called Value Dated Amendments (VAM). You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODCOMVD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Mortgage Commitment Amendments		of p	Go to Page
of Branch * Account Number * PP	Product Category Application Number Alternate Account Number Derived Status	Contract Status User Reference Auth Status	×
Amendments Account Details Default Check Modify Unapplied Amendments Effective Date *	List Fields Components Charges Advice	Commitment Credit Score Create New Amendment Create New Amendment Create New Amendment	
MIS GL Balance IRR Details Events In	staliment SWIFT Message Details		×.
Input By Date Time Authori	zed By Date Time Contract Status		Exit

On saving the amended transaction, the amount financed is validated against the product transaction limit and the user input limit maintained in the system. The system displays an appropriate override/error message if the amount exceeds the allowed input limit. It also indicates the level of authorisation required if the amount financed is in excess of the transaction limit maintained.

The system converts the amount financed using the standard mid rate to the transaction limit currency and check against the transaction limit amount maintained for the product if the transaction currency is different from the transaction limit currency.

The system updates this amended commitment as an unauthorised transaction. To authorize an account, click 'Authorize' icon on the Application toolbar.



You cannot authorise a transaction from the 'Mortagage Commitment Amendments' in the following cases:



- If the account has multilevel of authorization pending
- if the level of authorization is greater than or equal to 'N' and if the authorisation limit of the authoriser is less than the difference of account value and sum of authorisation limit of authorisers (if multiple users are authorizing the account) involved in authorization.
- If the transaction amount is greater than the authoriser limit in case of single authoriser.

For more details on the field explanation of each tab refer section 'Creating a Commitment Account' in the 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual.

8.5.1 <u>Viewing Mortgage Commitment Amendments Summary</u>

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Commitment Amendments, through the 'Mortgage Commitment Amendment Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSCOMVD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Mortgage Commitment Amend	ments Summary			>
Account N Custo Value A Contract : Account :	umber imer Id e Date imount Status Status	7 7 2 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	Branch P Maturity Date Currency 1 Atternate Account Number Auth Status	
Search Advanced Search	Reset Export	Records per page 15 🗸	1 of 1	Go to Page
Account Status A - Active Account L - Liquidate V - Reversed H - Hold I - Inactive Y - Uninitiated	Auth status A - Authorize U - Unauthorized			
				Exit

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id



- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

8.6 VAMI Simulation

Value Dated Amendment simulation calculation function is used to get the details of the VAMI charge before applying the same. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODSIMVD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Value Dated Amer	idments Simulation			×
			of Di Go to Page	
Branch * Account Number * Product Code	Product Category Application Number Alternate Account Number Derived Status		User Defined Status User Reference Number Authorization Status	
Amendments Account Details	Default Check List Fields Components Charge	Es Linkages Advices Credit Score	1	
Modify Unapplied Amendments Effective Date *	View/Modify	-	Create New Amendment Effective Date Create New Amendment	-
MIS GL Balance IRR Details	Events Installment SWIFT Message Details			7
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time C	iontract Status		Exit

The Value Dated Amendment Simulation screen is similar to 'Amendments' screen.

For more details on the field explanation refer section 'Creating a Mortgage Account' in 'Account Creation' chapter of this User Manual. Also refer 'Mortgage Amendments' section in this chapter.

8.6.1.1 Maturity Date Change

The Amendment of the Mortgage account maturity date, effective on a certain date can be performed through this function. Future schedules are affected based on the effective date. This assists in providing schedules as per the customer's choice. Hence, even if an extension is sought, the interest increase in the installment can be postponed till a certain period to facilitate customer's liquidity situation.

8.6.1.2 Version Creation

Version numbers are created for a mortgage account during any one of the following three instances:

- When amendments made to the Account parameters Principal, Rate and Tenor
- Status change of the product
- Rollover of the Mortgage product

8.7 Viewing Mortgage VAMI Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage VAMIs, through the 'Mortgage VAMI Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSVDAMD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Value Date Maturity Date Maturity Date Currency 1 Contract Status Account Status Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 Contract Status Atternate Account Number Contract Status Attern	2
Arount Contract Status Account Status Account Status V Auth Status V Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 V , 1 of 1 , 0 ot t count Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Customer Id P Value Date Branch Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Number Branch Currency 1 Contract Status Alter	
Contract Status Account Number Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 1 of 1 0 Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 1 of 1 Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 I	×E
Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 1 of 1 0 <t< th=""><th>×E</th></t<>	×E
Search Advanced Search Reset Export Records per page 15 1 of 1	
Account Number Branch Customer Id P Value Date Maturity Date Amount Currency 1 Contract Status Alternate Account Num	o Page
	per A
	~
	>
Account Status	
A - Active Account A - Authorize	
L - Liquidate U - Unauthorized	
V - Reversed	
H - Hold	
I - Indexident	

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status


Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

8.8 Mortgage Reassignment

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to change the main debtor of a mortgage through the process of reassignment. You can achieve this through the 'Reassignment' screen. This screen is similar to the 'Account Details' screen. To invoke the screen, type 'MODNOVDT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Reassignn	nent										
								14 4	of	ÞI	Go to Page
Branch : Account Number :	*		Pr	oduct Categor lication Numbe	У		U	User Defi ser Referen	ned Status ce Number	 	
Product Code	P		Alt	ernate Accour Numbe Derived Statu	nt er s		_	Authoriza	tion Status	Y	
ain Account Details	Default Che	eck List Fields	Components	Charges Li	nkages Advices	Credit Scor	e				
count Details											
oount botting			Index	Exchange Rat	e						
Customer Id			Pav	nent Morie							
Customer Name	-	R		Default	1						
Currency					Calculate G	ross Principal					
Amount Financed			Bill Ref	erence Numbe	er						
Net Principal				Bill Outstandin	g						
Loan to Value									Asset		
Value Date		PQ	A	mount Availab Immitment Typ	e 🙆 Revolving	50		Fir	ancials		
Subsidy Customer Id					C Non Revolu	ing					
			Promotion	18							+ - =
Maturity Date	<u></u>	22	Prom	iotion Type	Promotion Id P	Beneficiary	Priority				ć.
laturity Type	Call										
account Statistics											II
Component Name	Expected 0	verdue Outstan		Currency							~
					_						
AIS GL Balance IRR	Details Ever	nts Installmen	t SWIFT Mess	age Details							
put By Date Time	8	Authorized By	Date Time		Contract Status						E

In this screen, you need to clear all details by pressing F7. Then you can specify the account number and click on F8. The system displays all the account details of the chosen account. You can change the Customer Id of the primary applicant in the 'Reassignment – Account Details' screen.

Customer ID (Primary Applicant)

The CIF ID of the primary debtor of the mortgage account is displayed here. You can change it by selecting another CIF ID from the option list. This in effect means the debtor will be changed.

Customer ID (Other Applicants)

The CIF IDs of the co-applicants for the original mortgage are displayed here. You can change them by selecting other CIF IDs from the option list.

In the 'Reassignment – Linkages' screen, you can change the following details:

• Linkage Type



- Customer ID
- Linked Reference Number
- Linkage Amount
- Secured Portion

All these details get displayed in the corresponding fields. You can modify the same.

8.8.1 Amendment

During Value Dated amendments, you can also change the following data:

- Maturity Date
- Interest Rate
- Installment Dates

However, you cannot change the Mortgage Account Number.

As a result of reassignment, limit utilizations against the old customer will be reduced and those towards the new customer will be increased by altering the utilizations.

8.9 Viewing Mortgage Reassignment Summary

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Reassignments, through the 'Mortgage Reassignment Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSNOVDT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



		Account Numb Customer	er 📃		2]		Bra	anch P	R R	
		Value Da	te		2			Maturity	Date		=2
		Contract Statu	15		73		Alte	ernate Account Nur	mber		25
		Account Statu	is 📃		*			Auth St	tatus	~	•
Search	Advanc	ed Search	Reset	Export	Reco	rds per page	15 👻	1 of 1		Go	o to Page
Account Nu	mber Brand	h Customer Id	P Va	lue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Cu	rrency 1	Contract Status	Alternate	Account Nu	mber A(
					Ш						

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Account Number
- Customer Id
- Value Date
- Amount Financed
- User Defined Status
- Account Status
- Branch
- Product Code
- Maturity Date
- Currency
- Alternate Account Number
- Authorization Status



Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Account Number
- Branch
- Customer Id
- Product Code
- Value Date
- Maturity Date
- Amount Financed
- Currency
- User Defined Status
- Alternate Account

8.10 Mortgage Renegotiation

The customer can ask for re-negotiation of the written-off mortgage. Or when an account becomes delinquent, the bank may negotiate with the customer. Negotiation may result in any of the following:

- The customer may repay the mortgage.
- The mortgage is negotiated completely. In this case a new mortgage may be opened.
- The customer may pay the partial mortgage amount and the bank may condone the rest.
- The customer and bank may renegotiate part of the mortgage and the rest may be condoned.
- In the worst case scenario, if the customer is unable to pay back any portion the mortgage amount, the bank may consider it as Condonation and close off the mortgage.

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, renegotiation is treated as a separate manual operation. Whenever a mortgage is renegotiated, it results in the creation of a new version of the existing mortgage. The system then recalculates the schedules. If the customer makes any payment towards the written-off mortgage, they are also considered.

Once the mortgage gets transformed into a new mortgage, it is affected by maintaining Bridge GLs.

Renegotiation can result in just varying interest rates or maturity dates of the original mortgage along with capitalization of the outstanding interest.

You can perform mortgage renegotiation through the 'Re-Negotiation' screen. To invoke the screen, type 'MODRENOG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Renegotiation				14 4	of P	Go to Page
Branch * 001 Account Number * P	Ξ.P.	Product Category Application Number Alternate Account Number Derived Status		Contr User f A	act Status Reference Uth Status	V
ollover/Renegotiation Account Deta	ails Default Check List Fie	lds Components Charg	es Linkages Advice	Credit Score		
Execution Date Value Date	- Spe	Currency 1	ai Ai	a	ustomer Id	Ξĸ
Component Details	Amount Outstanding	Liquidation Amount	Principal Increase A	Am Populat	e Outstanding	
	1		1	8	Default	
<	101			>		
Hebit Details Mode * Currency A CASA	mount Settled * Loan Cu	rrency Equivalent Origina	al Exchange Rate Exc	hange Rate	Settlement Branch	
<						>
redit Details						+ = =
Mode * Currency A	mount Settled * Loan Cu	rrency Equivalent Origina	al Exchange Rate Exc	hange Rate	Settlement Branch	
						~
CI Rolonao IDD Detaile	Fuente Installment Chiller	Magazara Dataila				2
VIIS GL Balance RR Details I put By Date Time AL	Events Installment SWIF1 Authorized By Date Time	Message Details Contract	Status			Can

This screen is similar to the one used for manual rollover.

8.11 Viewing Account Version History and Reversal

Multiple versions created for a mortgage account can be viewed through the 'Account–View History' screen. Reversal of operations to previous version is supported for Rollovers and Amendments that create a new version. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDACHST' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



Account History												_			
										14 4	of	1			Go to Page
Branch	*				Product Cate	egory				User Defi	ned Status				
Account Number	*			A	pplication Nu	mber				User Referen	ce Number				
Product Code		P		+	Alternate Acc	count				Authoriza	tion Status	<u>.</u>		7	
					Derived S	tatus									
						1998 1997									
Iain Account Details	Default	Check List	Fields	Components	Charges	Linkages	Advices	Credit Scor	re						
ccount Details															
				Inde	ex Exchange	Rate									
Customer Id				P	wment Mode	_									
Customer Name			R		Defa	ult									
12 (1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1					10000000		Calculate Gr	oss Principal							
Currency	-			Bill R	eference Nu	mber									
Amount Financeo					Bill Outsta	nding									
Loan to Value	8		0								Asset				
Louis to Pado		F	e o		Amount Ava	ilable				Fin	ancials				
value Date	<u></u>				Commitment	Туре 🌀	Revolving								
Subsidy Customer Id						0	Non Revolvi	ng							
Naturby Data				Promot	ions										+-=
maturity Date	8			Pri Pri	omotion Type	e Promo	otion Id P	eneficiary	Priority						4
Maturity Type	C Fixed														
	C Call														
														_	*
Account Statistics															
Component Name	Expected	Overdue	Outstand	ing Advand	ce Curren	су									<u>~</u>
VIS GL Balance IPP	Details	Events In	stallment	SWIFT Me	ssage Deta	ils									
			annent	Jun 1 Me	aaaye beta				1100111111			00000	00000	THE	
put By Date Time	e	Auth	orized By	Date Time		Contra	act Status								-
															E

The CL module has the following features:

- Oracle FLEXCUBE CL module Mortgage accounts have in-built versioning features.
- Contract parameters and hence the mortgage behaviour are modified based on operations such as Value dated amendments, manual status changes, Contract amendments, Rollovers etc, thus creating a new version.
- Any version of the mortgage can be backtracked sequentially to a previous configuration by saving the versions in history and by changing the events diary appropriately.
- This can be viewed by scrolling to the appropriate version number.
- Oracle FLEXCUBE supports an incremental reversal of contract version. While reversing, all the events will be reversed and the balances are appropriately affected. This is, however, not applicable to versions created due to manual status changes.
- When you click Reversal icon in the toolbar, the options presented are Entire Contract and Current Version.



- For a single step reversal, all authorized entries and maintenances are reversed through this operation. A new version is created and a new event REVV – Reverse Version is triggered.
- · It is also possible to forward track the same changes after back tracking
- If the entire contract is to be reversed, REVC fires when the version to be reversed is the First version.

Refer the 'General Maintenance' Chapter of this User Manual for further information on the 'Account Details Screen' and 'Version Control'.

8.12 Manual Status Change

The status change can also be triggered manually. The status change can also be done with a value date which can even be in the past.

You can invoke the 'Manual Installment Status Change' screen by typing 'MODMSTCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

◆ Mortgage	e Manual Status Chan Branch * 00 Effective Date * 20	je 1 11-09-30 2	Account Number *	>
Input By PAL	Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Contract Status	Cancel

The following details are captured here:

Branch Code

Enter the branch code of the account for which the status will be manually changed in this field.

Account Number

Select the account number of the account which needs a status change in this field by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of values is displayed. Double click on a value to select it.

Current Status

The system displays the current status of the Account in this field.

New Status

Select the new status of the account by clicking the adjoining option list. A list of values appears. Double click on a value to select it.

The valid values are active, dormant, closed and so on.





Effective Date

Enter the date of the new status for the account comes into effect in this field. This is a mandatory input.

When a change in status is done manually for an account, the system will post the required accounting entries for the change immediately.

8.12.1 Changing Mortgage Installment Status

You can manually change the status of mortgage installments using 'Mortgage Manual Installment Status Change' screen. To invoke the screen, type 'MODISTCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.

♦ Mortgage Manual Installment Status Change	<
Branch Code * Account Number * Component Name * Schedule Due Date *	
Effective Date * 2 Current Status New Status * 7 Charges	
Input By Date Time Authorized By Date Time	

You can capture the following details on this screen:

Branch Code

The system displays the branch code to which you have logged in. You cannot modify this.

Account Number

Specify the mortgage account number which requires installment status change. The option list displays all valid account numbers applicable. Choose the appropriate one.

Component Name

Specify the name of the component.

Schedule Due Date

Specify the due date of the current schedule. Click the adjoining option list to choose one.



Effective Date

The system displays the effective date of the new status. However, you can modify this. Click the adjoining date button to choose the effective date from the calendar.

Current Status

The system displays the current installment status.

New Status

Specify the new installment status. The option list displays all valid statuses applicable. Choose the appropriate one.

Once you have captured the details, click 'Change' button. The system updates the status of the installment for the selected account.

8.13 Linking Mortgage to Savings Account

Using Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can offset the balance in the savings account of a customer against the amount owed on his / her mortgage mortgage account. In effect, interest is charged on the difference amount only.

For example, a customer has a balance of £20,000 in savings account. He also has a mortgage of £100,000. This customer may apply for an offset mortgage UK account. If granted, the customer needs to pay interest only for an amount of £80,000, which is the difference of the mortgage amount and the savings account balance.

In order to manage this feature, you need to link the mortgage account to a savings account of the same customer. Initially, define a simple interest component 'Savings' with 'CUSTAC_BAL' as its basis element. Choose 'INTEREST_RATE' as the Rate to Use. The formula for the component needs to be set as given below:

@SIMPLE (CUSTAC_BAL, (INTEREST_RATE), DAYS, YEAR, COMPOUND_VALUE)

The system uses the calculation type 'Savings' at the retail lending product level for interest calculation on the value dated balance of the savings account.

The system computes EMI for the mortgage account based on the actual amount financed, applying regular interest rate. Apportionment of Principal and Interest is based on the savings amount, i.e. the interest earned by the CASA account based on the value dated balance. Precisely, the system computes interest for the difference between actual mortgage amount and the savings account balance.

<u>Example</u>

Consider a mortgage with the following details:

Mortgage Amount 4500000 USD



Rate of Interest	10%
Tenor	240 months

EMI computed based on the above details = 43426 USD

Interest for 450000 USD for the first month = 37500 USD

Principal for the first month = 5926 USD

Now, assume that the balance in CASA account is 5000 USD in the first month of repayment.

Interest earned by the savings amount @ 10% = 42 USD

In case of manual liquidation, apportionment of principal and interest will happen as shown below:

The interest amount is offset with the interest earned by the savings component. That is -

INTEREST = 37500 - 42

= 37458 USD

Principal is inflated by the interest earned by the savings component thereby retaining the EMI amount as shown.

PRINCIPAL = EMI – INTEREST

= 43426 - 37458

= 5968 USD (or 5926 +42 = 5968 USD)

In case of auto liquidation, system settles the dues of interest and principal components. The system will further internally trigger an additional payment based on the CASA accrued amount and thereby pre-paying the principal, which leads to the regeneration of future schedules. Observe the following illustration.

EMI computed based on the details = 43426 USD

Interest on 450000 for the first month = 37500 USD

Principal for the first month = 5926 USD

Assume that the CASA account balance for the first month is 5000 USD.

The interest earned by the savings amount @ 10% = 42 USD

Here, Interest amounts to 37500 USD and Principal amounts to 5926 USD.

Now, 42 USD will be paid as the Principal Pre-payment.



The principal component paid is inflated because of the balance in the CASA account. Hence, subsequent schedules will also be impacted. On re-computation, the system reschedules the maturity of the mortgage to an earlier date.

Accounting entry for the above transaction is as follows:

ACCR

•	MAIN_INT Dr Receivable Cr Income	: 37500 : 37500
•	Savings Dr Income Cr Receivable	: 42 : 42

During liquidation, the netted balance in the general ledgers will be as shown below:

Income Cr Balance	: 37458
Receivable Dr Balance	: 37458

Liquidation amount of 43426 USD will be taken as the EMI amount. Entries in case of manual liquidation will be as shown:

Dr Customer Account	: 43426
Cr Receivable	: 37458 (37500 - 42)
Cr Asset	: 5968 (5926 + 42)

In case of auto liquidation, entries will be as shown:

- Dr Customer account 43426 Cr Receivable 37500
- Cr Asset 5968 (5926 + 42)

Excess principal paid (42 USD) will be treated as prepayment towards the principal. The system will recompute the schedule accordingly at the time of liquidation.

The system allows you to set only one savings component for a product, which is taken as the offset of main interest component. Debit settlement details of the savings component are the place holders for the linked CASA account.

You cannot link accounts with overdraft facility to the savings component. However, overdraft facility can be specified at the account class level. The account folding under such account class inherits the attribute.

The liquidation order at the product level does not list savings components. However, accrual is required for the savings component also. It does not have any schedules as well. On the liquidation date, the system frames schedules for the savings component, based on the accrual till date.



For manual payments, entire prepayment impact including savings component contribution is based on the prepayment re-computation basis specified at the time of payment. For automatic liquidation, re-computation is set as 'Change Tenor' by default.

Retrospective benefits are passed to the customer in the current liquidation cycle. This will not impact the liquidated schedules. The system accounts back-value dated entries to the savings account in the current liquidation schedule itself. For instance, if there is a back dated credit to the savings account which results in an increase in the interest earned by savings, the system considers the additional interest during liquidation of the current schedule.

Similarly, for non amortized mortgages, the interest earned by the savings account is applied as a payment towards the principal component.

During value dated amendments of an account, you cannot change the debit settlement details of the savings component. Also, a CASA account linked to a loan account cannot be closed unless the loan account is liquidated.

The system will not allow you to link the same CASA account to more than one loan accounts. You can link a CASA account and a loan account only if they belong to the same customer. However, these accounts can be in different currencies also.

System will calculate the savings interest only on the minimum of PRINCIPAL_EXPECTED and value dated balance of the CASA account.

For details on maintaining system data elements, please refer to the chapter 'Maintaining System Data Elements' in 'Interest and Charges' user manual.

8.14 Checking Customer Existence Details of Mortgages

On authorizing a 'Reverse Mortgage Loan' creation, the details of the authorized contract will be displayed in the 'Customer Existence Check' screen. For an authorized contract, the Till Date will be same as the value date of the reverse mortgage loan. You can check the customer existence details of a mortgage in the 'Mortgage Customer Existence Check' screen. In this screen, you can verify whether the customer is alive or not before the disbursement. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODCUSCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Mortgage Customer Existence Chec	k		_ ×
Branch Code *			
Account *			
Till Date			
Remarks			
Fields			
Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	
Checker	Date Time:	Record Status	Exit
		Authorization Status	

You can specify the following details:

Branch Code

Specify the branch code of the bank.

Account

Specify the account for which the customer existence check has to be done.

Till Date

Specify the date till the disbursement should be allowed. Till date should be greater than the disbursement date.

Last *n* annuities are not disbursed in a given reverse mortgage loan contract if the 'Stop Disbursement' option is checked or 'Till Date' is not updated due to lack of information or proof. And, if the 'Stop Disbursement' option is unchecked in Value dated amendment or 'Till Date' is changed to some future date, then the system will disburse all *n* annuities in the EOD or BOD.

Remarks

Specify the remarks about the customer verification.



8.15 Viewing Mortgage Account Details

You can view a summary of all Mortgage Customer Existence Check Summary, through the 'Mortgage Customer Existence Check Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MOSCUSCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Summa	ry			_ ×
	Authorization Status Account	×	Record Status [Branch Code [× *
		Search Advanced		Refresh Reset
15 💌	1 Of 1			
	Authorization Status	Record Status	Account Branch Co	de 🛛 Till Date 🔷
				~
<		Ш		>
				Exit

You can query based on all or any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Account
- Record Status
- Branch Code

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Account
- Branch Code
- Till Date

8.15.1 Calculating Commission on Highest Debit Balance

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to calculate a commission on the Highest Debit Balance of the month from the customer. Bank debits commission from the customer account and credit the same on HDB GL. Data is collected for the Highest Outstanding Balance for mortgages and displayed in the account screen.

You need to maintain a User Data element in the product for the HDB commission rate which gets defaulted to the Account Screen and you can mention HDB commission rate. To waive the HDB commission for an account the Commission rate should be 0.

For calculating the commission on highest debit balance in mortgage module, you have to define a user defined event and Charge component with "HIGH_OUT_BAL" as basis element should be linked to the HDBC event. Accounting entries for the charges should also be defined in the HDBC event.

Charge component are linked with HDBC event with formula as,

(HIGH_OUT_BAL* DR_COM_RATE)/(100)

But bank can define its own formula to calculate the commission on HDB using the SDE "HIGH_OUT_BAL".

8.16 Rollover Operations for Mortgage Account

The rollover preferences and rollover type for a mortgage account are specified at the time of setting up a product. In the product screen, you have the option to rollover the account manually or instruct the system to do an automatic rollover. You can also specify the type of rollover; the options available are custom and special. When a mortgage is rolled over, a schedule is defaulted depending upon the UDE type and the schedule basis specified in the product screen.

Refer to the Products Chapter for more details on rollover specifications for mortgage accounts.

The rollover preferences specified at the product level are defaulted in the accounts screen at the time of mortgage account creation.

Refer to the Account Creation chapter for more details on rollover specifications for mortgage accounts.

CL module has a special operations screen to support manual Rollover of accounts. This screen provides facility to pay off dues on the mortgage and also options to rollover the unpaid amounts for a new tenor with new mortgage terms.

If the Rollover is a simple maturity extension with or without components (Outstanding Principal, Interest etc) capitalized, then the ROLL event is fired. However, if the Rollover is a result of Renegotiation and Restructuring of the mortgage then the respective events are fired.

Special Rollovers involve a change in the Mortgage currency, reassignment of the Mortgage customer, creation of a new mortgage with same reference number as the original mortgage and waiver of outstanding mortgage. These are supported by events that fire the respective accounting entries.



The special Rollover Event is SROL and Renegotiation of a mortgage is RNOG. The event entries to be maintained are displayed in the product defaulting.

8.16.1 Capturing Manual Rollover Details

You can invoke the 'Manual Rollover' screen by typing 'MODMROLL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

◆ Mortgage Manual Rollover					
			14 4	of 🕨 🕅	Go to Page
Branch * 001 Account Number *	Product Category Application Number Alternate Account Number Derived Status		Cont User /	ract Status Reference Auth Status	
Rollover/Renegotiation Account Details D	efault Check List Fields Components	Charges Linkages Ac	Vice Credit Score		
Execution Date	- Special Rollover P Currency 1	×E ×E		Customer Id	7
Component Details		3			
Component Name *	Amount Outstanding Liquidation Am	ount Principal Incre	ase Am Popula	te Outstanding	
				Allocate	
< [Default	
Debit Details					+-=
Mode * Currency Amount S	Settled * Loan Currency Equivalent	Original Exchange Rate	Exchange Rate	Settlement Branch	
					~
Could Dataile					
Mode * Currency Amount S	Settled * Loan Currency Equivalent	Original Exchange Rate	Exchange Rate	Settlement Branch	
CASA V					
<					>
MIS GL Balance IRR Details Events	Installment SWIFT Message Details				
Input By Date Time Ai PAL	uthorized By Date Time C	ontract Status			Cancel

Query for the account number that needs to be rolled over and then click New icon in the toolbar. Then, click on the 'Populate Outstanding' button. The system will display the outstanding against each component for the account. You can then specify the rollover details such as 'Liquidation Amount', 'Settlement Details' etc. Then, click 'Allocate' button to actually allocate the settlements against the components involved.

8.16.1.1 Rollover Renegotiation Tab

You can specify the following details in the Manual Rollover screen:



Exec Date

Select the transaction date of the rollover in this field.

Value Date

Select the value date of the rollover in this field.

Product code

Select the new product of the account due to Special Rollover, from the adjoining option list. Double click on a value to select it.

Currency

Select the new currency of the account due to Special Rollover from the adjoining option list. Double click on a value to select it.

Customer ID

Select the customer Id from the list of values provided. Double click on a value to select it.

Component Details

The following details are captured here:

Component Name

The system displays the name of the component that is being rolled over / paid in this field.

Amount Outstanding

The system displays the outstanding portion of the component in this field.

Liquidation Amount

Enter the amount that is paid as part of the Rollover in this field.

Principal Increase Amount

Enter the amount that is rolled over for the component in this field.

Waive Amount

Enter the amount that is waived for the component as part of the rollover in this field.

Debit Details/Credit Details

The following details are captured here:



Mode

Select the mode in which the settlement should be done from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- CASA
- Credit Card
- Clearing
- Cash/Teller

Settlement Mode Ccy

Select the currency in which a particular settlement is to be made from the adjoining option list. Double click on a value to select it.

The options include list of currencies allowed for the product, branch and category.

Amount Settled

Enter the amount to be disbursed in this mode as a part of the disbursement.

The amount should be less than the difference between Disbursement amount and the amount settled through other modes. The amount should be in terms of the mode currency.

Mortgage Ccy Equiv

The system displays the amount in terms of the mortgage currency in this field.

Original Exchange Rate

The base or actual exchange rate between the account currency and settlement currency gets displayed here.

Exchange Rate

For a customer availing any Relationship Pricing scheme, the customer specific exchange rate derived by adding the original exchange rate and the customer spread maintained for the relationship pricing scheme gets displayed here.

You can change the defaulted rate provided the change is within the variance level maintained for the underlying product.

If Relationship Pricing is not applicable, Exchange Rate will be the same as the Original Exchange Rate.

For more details on customer specific exchange rates, refer the section titled 'Specifying Pricing Benefit Details' in Relationship Pricing user manual.

For Dr Settlement, the following details can be captured depending on the settlement mode:



For 'CASA'

- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Credit Card' and 'Debit Card'

• Card No.

For 'Clearing'

- Upload Source
- Instrument Number
- Clearing Product
- End Point
- Routing Number
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- Sector Code
- Clearing House

For 'External Account'

- Upload Source
- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number
- Clearing House

For 'Electronic Pay Order'

Instrument Number

For 'Internal Check'

- Instrument Number
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Instrument'

- Instrument Number
- Routing Number
- End Point



For 'Cash/Teller'

• Upload Source

For Cr Settlement, the following details can be captured depending on the settlement mode:

For 'CASA'

- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account

For 'Clearing'

- Upload Source
- Instrument Number
- Clearing Product
- End Point
- Routing Number
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- Sector Code
- Clearing House

For 'External Account'

- Upload Source
- PC Category
- Clearing Bank
- Clearing Branch
- External Account Name
- External Account Number
- Clearing House

For 'Instrument'

- Instrument Number
- Routing Number
- End Point

For 'Cash/Teller'

Upload Source



Negotiated Cost Rate

Specify the negotiated cost rate that should be used for foreign currency transactions between the treasury and the branch. You need to specify the rate only when the currencies involved in the transaction are different. Otherwise, it will be a normal transaction.

The system will display an override message if the negotiated rate is not within the exchange rate variance maintained at the product.

Negotiated Reference Number

Specify the reference number that should be used for negotiation of cost rate, in foreign currency transaction. If you have specified the negotiated cost rate, then you need to specify the negotiated reference number also.

Oracle FLEXCUBE books the online revaluation entries based on the difference in exchange rate between the negotiated cost rate and transaction rate.

The CL Module supports the following rollover functions:

Special Rollover

Only manual product and/or currency modifications are allowed during rollover. This is termed as Special rollover.

Following are the two events for special rollover:

SROL – Special Rollover Liquidation

This event has normal liquidation entries as well as the entries to liquidate the amount to be rolled over into suspense.

Amount Tag

<component_name>_SROL

Accounting Role

SROL_SUSPENSE

The entries defined are:

Dr/Cr	Role	Amount Tag
Dr	DR_SETTLE_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD
Cr	LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_LIQD



Dr/Cr	Role	Amount Tag
Dr	DR_SETTLE_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_LIQD
Cr	MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_LIQD
Dr	SROL_SUSPENSE	PRINCIPAL_SROL
Cr	LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_SROL
Dr	SROL_SUSPENSE	MAIN_INT_SROL
Cr	MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_SROL

REOP - Re-Opening of Mortgage Account with new product and/or currency

This event has entries to Dr Mortgage Account and Cr the Dr Settlement suspense. The PRINCIPAL amount tag is used for these entries.

The entries defined are:

Dr/Cr	Role	Amount Tag
Dr	LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL
Cr	SROL_SUSPENSE	PRINCIPAL
Dr	LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_INCR
Cr	CR_SETTLE_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_INCR

The above two events are triggered whenever Product and/or currency is changed during manual rollover.

The manual rollover screen is used to carry out special rollover. The current product code and currency are shown on the manual rollover tab. If any of this were modified then SROL event is triggered, which in turn triggers REOP, else, a normal ROLL event is triggered.

In case of Product Change, SROL event of the previous product is triggered and REOP event of the new product is fired. Hence the SROL_SUSPENSE maintained should be same across all products.



Pre Mature Rollover

During manual rollover a Rollover Value Date is captured, which is a date prior to the maturity date to pre maturely rollover the mortgage. The interest is calculated up to the rollover value date. You can choose to liquidate or roll any component. Special Rollover is also allowed.

Back Value dated Rollover

The rollover value date may be used to input back valued rollovers.

Rollover Booking

The ROLB (Rollover Book) event facilitates processing of future dated rollover instructions. A manual rollover, to be executed in the future can be created by giving a future execution date. For such rollover instructions, the ROLB event is fired. The rollover instructions are applied on the execution date. All the settlement entries are passed on the execution date with the rollover value date.

Rollover Tenor

Select any of the following values:

• Days – The Tenor for the Rolled Contract would be taken in terms of days.

Example: Value Date: 01-Jan-2005; Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2005; Tenor: 90 days

New Rolled Maturity Date: 30-Jun-2005

• Months – In Terms of Months

Example: Value Date: 01-Jan-2005; Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2005; Tenor: 3 Months

New Rolled Maturity Date: 01-Jul-2005

• Quarters – In Terms of Quarters

Example: Value Date: 01-Jan-2005; Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2005; Tenor: 3 Months (1 Quarter)

New Rolled Maturity Date: 01-Jul-2005

• Semiannual – In Terms of Semi Annuals

Example: Value Date: 01-Jan-2005; Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2005; Tenor: 6 Months (Semi Annual)

New Rolled Maturity Date: 01-Oct-2005

Year – In Terms of Years

Example: Value Date: 01-Jan-2005; Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2005; Tenor: 12 Months (Year)

New Rolled Maturity Date: 01-Apr-2006



The same field is available on the Account screen and the values are defaulted from product. The defaulted values can be amended.

During rollover of an auto-disbursed mortgage, swift message is sent if the Principal increase through credit settlement happens. If the credit settlement mode is chosen as CASA, the settlement account, currency and branch along with the Swift message details are defaulted from the account.

In case you change the customer, currency or the product during rollover, system picks up the settlement details again from Settlement Instruction maintenance corresponding to the new parameters. The swift message, if applicable, is generated during authorization similar to manual disbursement.

8.16.2 Capturing Split Rollover Details

You can create multiple draw down contracts out of the original draw down contract using the Split rollover method. For each rolled over contract, the system generates a split number. You must indicate preferences for these rolled over contracts in the 'Split Rollover' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDSROLL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Split rollover				_ ×
Split Transaction Reference Account Number *		Value Date Branch Code *	UDE Basis	
UDE Effective Date	UDE Val	ues		
Effective Date		er Defined Element Id UDE Value	Rate Code Rate Usage	
<	× ×		3	>
Split Rollover				
Sequence Number	Split Account Number	Maximum Rollover Amt Sched	ule Basis Maturity Date	Q Q
<				>
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Contract Authorized Status		Exit

You need to specify the following details here:



Split Ref No

A unique Split Transaction Reference number is generated by the system to identify the transaction uniquely whenever a new split preference is displayed here.

Account Number

Select a valid mortgage account for which the split rollover has to be done. All valid mortgage accounts created using the 'Account Details' screen will be available for selection in the option list.

Value Date

Select the value date for the split rollover operation.

Walue Date cannot be less than the date of 'ALIQ','MLIQ','REVN', 'VAMI', 'DSBR' events.

Branch Code

The branch code of the mortgage account for which the split rollover preference is maintained is displayed here.

UDE Basis

Select the UDE basis for the split mortgage accounts from the drop down list. The UDE for the split mortgages can be defaulted from the product, parent account or user defined maintenance.

If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the UDE details.

Effective Date

Select the effective date for UDE maintenance.

UDE Values

The following details are captured here:

UDE ID

Specify the UDE id here.

UDE Value

Specify the UDE rates here.

Rate Code

Select the rate code to be used for the UDE.



Rate Usage

Select whether the rate code should be periodic or automatic. If you select the rate code usage as periodic, the rate revision schedules will be defaulted from parent mortgage account. In case rate revision schedule is not maintained at the parent account, then rate revision schedules will be same as the payment schedules.

Split Details

The following details are captured here:

Sequence No

Specify a unique sequence number for each split record.

Split Account No

The split account no which is generated when split rollover operation is done is displayed here. This is generated by the system.

Max Roll Amount

Specify the maximum rollover amount applicable for a split mortgage account. Among all the splits, the last split sequence no. will have the max roll amount as Null, which is later considered as the remaining principal + interest of the parent mortgage.

Schedule Basis

Select whether the schedules of the new mortgage account should be defaulted from the product or the mortgage account.

Maturity date

Select the maturity date of the split mortgage account. You can calculate the maturity date using the 'Q' button.

On saving a split rollover the status of the rollover is marked as 'U'- unprocessed. This split operation is performed during authorization of split rollover or during CL batch.

In the parent account a new version is created and the account status is marked as Liquidated. For each of the split detail record, a new CL Mortgage account is created with the amount as the max rollover amount. The new account will have UDE values, Schedules and Maturity date as per the given preferences for each detail record. For the last split detail record, a new CL Mortgage account is created with the balance rollover amount.

In some cases due to some prepayment done in the parent account the total amount during rollover is exhausted before the last split account is created. In such a case the new mortgage account is created only for the available rollover amount. All the newly created Split mortgage accounts will be made active by the system. The new account numbers generated is updated and displayed in the 'Split Account No' field.

The following events are fired during the different stages:



- ROBK event is fired in all the split accounts
- ROLL event is fired in the parent account to trigger the LIQD and ROLL accounting entries.
- ROSL (Rollover Split) event is fired in the parent mortgage at split rollover

8.16.3 Capturing Consolidated Rollover Details

You can consolidate several mortgage accounts into a single mortgage account as part of the rollover operation using the 'Consolidated Rollover' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDCROLL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Consolidated Rollover			_
Branch Value Date MIS Basis UDF Basis Settlement Basis	Consol Transaction Reference Consol Roll Acc UDE Basis Schedule Basis		Customer *
UDE Effective Date	UDE Values		
	+ - =		+ - =
Effective Date	User Defined Eleme	nt Id UDE Value	Rate Code RATE Usage
Consolidated Details			
		уре	
KIIS Fields Settlement Details			
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Contract Authorized Status	Exit

You need to specify the following details here:

Branch

The branch code of the mortgage account for which the consolidated rollover preference is maintained is displayed here.



Value Date

Select the value date for the consolidation operation.

MIS Basis

Select the option from the drop-down list to indicate from where the MIS details of the consolidated account should be defaulted. The MIS details can be defaulted from the account or user defined maintenance.

If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the MIS details by clicking the 'MIS' button.

UDF basis

Select the option from the drop-down list to indicate from where the user defined fields of the consolidated account should be defaulted. The UDF can be defaulted from the product, account or user defined maintenance.

If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the UDF details by clicking the 'UDF' button.

Settlement Basis

Select the option from the drop-down list to indicate from where the settlement details of the consolidated account should be defaulted. The Settlement details can be defaulted from the account or user defined maintenance.

If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the settlement details by clicking the 'Settlement Details' button.

Consol Txn Ref No

A unique system-generated consolidated Txn Reference number to identify the transaction is displayed here.

Consol Roll Acc

A system generated consolidated mortgage account number is displayed here after the rollover operation is done.

UDE Basis

Select the option from the drop-down list to indicate from where the UDE details of the consolidated account should be defaulted. The UDE details can be defaulted from the product, account or user defined maintenance.

If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the UDE details.



Schedule Basis

Select the option from the drop-down list to indicate from where the schedule details of the consolidated account should be defaulted. The schedule details can be defaulted from the product, account or user defined maintenance.

 ${igsimus}$ If you select user defined maintenance, then you need to specify the schedule details.

Customer

Select the customer name whose multiple CL or LS mortgage accounts have to be consolidated from the option list.

Currency

Select a currency code for the consolidation operation from the option list. All participating mortgages should belong to the same currency.

Product Code

Select a valid CL or LS module product code from the option list. All the mortgage accounts that are chosen for rollover consolidation should belong to this product.

Rollover Amt

Specify the additional amount which would be added to the consolidated mortgage.

Maturity Date

Select the maturity date of the consolidated mortgage account. You can calculate the maturity date using the 'Q' button.

Effective Date

Select the effective date for UDE maintenance.

UDE Id

Specify the UDE ID here.

UDE Value

Specify the UDE rates here.

Rate Code

Specify the rate code to be used for the UDE.



Rate Usage

Select the rate code usage from the drop-down list. The rate code usage can be either periodic or automatic. If the rate code usage is periodic, the rate revision schedules will be defaulted from the driver mortgage account. In case the rate revision schedule is not maintained at the driver mortgage account, then rate revision schedules will be same as the payment schedules.

Account Number

Select the mortgage account no for consolidation from the option list.

Rollover Amount Type

Select the amount which has to be rolled over from the drop-down list. You can choose to rollover the Principal or Principal + other components. If the rollover amount type is specified as the Principal, then all other components would be liquidated during the consolidation in respective mortgage accounts.

Driver Contract

Select 'Yes' from the drop-down to indicate that the selected account is a driver account. The details for the consolidated mortgage are defaulted from this driver account. There can be only one driver contract.

On saving a consolidated rollover the status of the rollover is marked as 'U'- Unprocessed.

This consolidation operation is performed during authorization of split rollover or during CL batch.

In the participant accounts a new version would be created and the account status of each mortgage would be marked as liquidated 'L'.

A new consolidated mortgage account is created by consolidating all the amount preferences specified for individual participant mortgages. The new account will have UDE values, settlement details and MIS basis as per the given preferences.

The newly created consolidated mortgage account will be active. The status of consolidated rollover record would then be marked as 'P' – Processed and the generated consolidated mortgage account number is updated in the consolidated 'Consol Roll Acc' field.

The following events are fired at different stages:

- ROLL event is fired in all the participant mortgage accounts to fire LIQD and ROLL accounting entries.
- ROCL event is fired in all the participant mortgage accounts which are selected for consolidation.
- · ROBK event is fired in the consolidated account
- DSBR event is fired in the consolidated account if any special rollover amount is specified.

8.16.4 Capturing Inactive Rollover Details



This function is provided to save Inactive rollover instructions. Click on the 'Activate' button on the Inactive Rollover screen to activate the inactive rollover instructions.

When an Inactive instruction is saved, no events are processed. And when activated, all the applicable events are fired.

This screen captures payment details such as Value date of the payment, Amount Settled, Payment Mode, Related Payment Products and Settlement Account. The payment is against any of the mortgage components such as principal, interest etc.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODIMROL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The procedure to create an Inactive Rollover is similar to the Manual Rollover process. However, you have the additional facility to activate the rollover by clicking on the 'Activate Rollover' button.

Mortgage Inactive Ro	llover	_	_					975. AM. M.		
							1	of		Go to Page
Branch	*			Product Category	u .		1	eer Defined Statue		
Account Number	*			Application Number	r		User	Reference Number		
Product Code	P			Alternate Account	t		A	uthorization Status	v	
				Number Derived Status	r e				-	
				Dontoo claroo						
Rollover/Renegotiation	Account Details	Default Ch	heck List Fie	elds Components	Charges	Linkages A	dvices Credit Sco	re		
			- Spei	cial Rollover						
Execution Date				Product Code	•			Customer Id		
Value Date				Currency	(
Component Details						+				
Component Name*	Amount Outstan	ding Liquida	ation Amount	Principal Increase	Amount	Waive Amount	-	Populate Outstanding		
								Allocate		
								the Ballaces		
								Default		
								L'EIBURT		
Nehit Detaile										+ - =
Unde * Curreneu	Amount Settled	* Long Curre	na au Eauivelea	t Original Evena	nes Data	Evolution Data	Cattlement Branch	Cattlement & secur	at Cattlement Dra	
mode Currency	Amount Settled	Luair Curre	ancy Equivalent	t Original Excita	lige Rate	Excitative Rate	Settlement branci	1 Settlement Accourt	ni Settlement Pro	iduct III
										T
ا										•
Credit Details										+ - =
Mode* Currency	Amount Settled	* Loan Curre	ency Equivalen	it Original Exchan	nge Rate	Exchange Rate	Settlement Branch	Settlement Accourt	nt Settlement Pro	duct In
										×
		1								
MIS GL Balance IRR	Details Events	s Installme	Int SWIFT N	lessage Details						
nput By Date Tim	e	Authorized B	by Date Time	•	Contract Stat	tus				
										Ex

The 'Inactive Rollover' screen is identical to the 'Manual Rollover' screen.



For more details on the field explanations refer section 'Capturing Manual Rollover Details 'in this chapter.

8.17 Calculating EMI for Personal and Auto Loans

You can calculate the EMI for amortized products in the 'Equated Monthly Installment' screen. Oracle FLEXCUBE stimulates the loan creation in this screen and calculates the EMI. Oracle FLEXCUBE deletes the stimulated loan during the batch process.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'MODEMINT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Account Details					_ ×
Product		Branch Code		User Reference	
Product Category		Account	*	User Defined Status	
Application Number		Alternate Account Number		Derived Status	
Main Preferences Co	omponents Charges				
Customer Id *	K	No of Installments		Net Principal	
Customer Name		Unit	Bullet 🗸	Loan To Value	
Currency *	k	Frequency		Index Exchange Rate	
Amount Financed		Installment Start Date		Subsidy Customer Id	
Book Date		Due Date On			Calculate Gross Principal
Value Date		Maturity Type	Fixed 😒		Enrich
Salary Income of		Maturity Date		Edit Lloor Dofined	Iomont Dotails
Applicant	Insurance Financed		Generate Advice	Edit Oser Delified t	Liement Details
	Product Default		View Advice		
Effective Date		User Defined Element Va	lues		
📢 🖣 10f1 🕨 🕅	+ - =	🚺 🖣 10f1 🕨 🕅			+ - =
Effective Date		User Defined Eleme	User Defined Elem	nent Value Rate Code	Code usage Resolved
	V	<	Ш		
Maker ID Date Time	Autho Da	rized By te Time	Status Authorization Status		Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Product

Specify the code of the product for which the EMI should be calculated. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Product Category

The system displays the product category of the selected product.



Application Number

Specify the application number.

Branch Code

The system displays the branch code.

Account

Specify the number of the account that should be linked with the specified product.

Alternate Account Number

Specify the alternate account number that should be used as the secondary account.

User Reference Number

Specify the reference number of the user who is included in this contract.

User Defined Status

Based on the product selected, the system defaults the user defined status.

Derived Status

Specify the derived status.

8.17.1 Main Tab

You can specify the following details:

Customer ID

Specify the unique identification of the customer. The adjoining option list displays all valid customers IDs maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Customer Name

The system displays the name of the customer whose customer ID is specified above.

Currency

Specify the code of currency that should be maintained in the product. The adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Amount Financed

Specify the amount that should be financed.

Book Date

Based on the product code selected, the system defaults the book date.



Value Date

Specify the value date. You can select the date from the adjoining calendar.

Salary Income of applicant

Specify the income of the loan applicant.

Insurance Financed

Check this box to indicate whether insurance finance is required.

Number of Installments

Specify the number of installments that should be allowed for the repayment of loan through EMI.

Unit

Select the unit from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly
- Bullet

Frequency

Specify the frequency of the installment.

Installment Start Date

Specify the installment start date. You can select the appropriate date from the adjoining calendar.

Due Date On

Specify the date on which the installment should be on due.

Maturity Type

Select the type of the maturity from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Fixed
- Call



Maturity Date

Specify the date on which the installment should be matured. You can select the appropriate date from the adjoining calendar.

Net Principal

Specify the net principal amount of the loan.

Loan To Value

Specify the loan to value.

Index Exchange Rate

Specify the exchange rate of the index.

Subsidy Customer ID

Specify the unique ID of the subsidy customer.

Calculate Gross Principal

Check this box to indicate that the gross principal should be calculated.

Effective Date

Specify the effective date from the adjoining calendar.

User Defined Element Values

You can specify the user defined element values details in the following fields:

User Defined Element ID

Specify the unique identification for the user defined element. The adjoining option list displays all valid IDs maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

User Defined Element Value

Specify the value for the user defined element.

Rate Code

Specify the rate code. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Code Usage

Select the type of code usage from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

• Periodic


• Automatic

Resolved Value

When you click Enrich button, the system calculates the resolved value.

8.17.1.1 Generating and Viewing Advices

The system will generate advices by clicking 'Generate Advice' button. The message type for the simulation advice is CL_LOAN_CLC_ADV. Similarly, you can also view advices by clicking the 'View Advice' button.

8.17.2 Preferences Tab

You can specify the preferences details in the 'Preference' tab in the 'Equated Monthly Installment' screen.

Account Details					_ ×
Product Product Category Application Number Main Preferences (components Charges	Branch Code Account * Alternate Account Number	·	User Reference User Defined Status Derived Status	
Edit Holiday Periods Holiday Periods Period Loan Statements	Cheque Book Facility Passbook Facility ATM / Debit Card Liquidate Back Valued Schedules Allow Bulk Payment Amend Past Paid Schedules	Intermediate Intermediary Code UDE Rate Plan I	Stop Disbursement Recalculate Annuity On Disbursement Packing Credit Use guarantor for Repayment Loan Statement Required Intermediary Initiated End Date	 Liquidation Retries Auto Liquidation Days Track Receivable Bill Details Trade Reference Bill Due Amount Amount Available 	Auto Liquidation Reset Retry Count for Reversed Auto Liquidation Partial Liquidation Auto Liquidation Manual Liquidation
Maker ID Date Time	Author Dat	ized By e Time	Status Authorization Status		Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Cheque Book Facility

Check this box to indicate that the cheque book facility should be allowed to loan account.



Passbook Facility

Check this box to indicate that the pass book facility should be allowed to loan account.

ATM/Debit Card

Check this box to indicate that the ATM/Debit card should be provided to the account holder.

Liquidate Back Valued Schedules

Check this box to indicate that the back valued schedules should be liquidated.

Allow Bulk Payment

Check this box to indicate that the bulk payment should be allowed.

Amend Past Paid Schedules

Check this box to indicate that the past paid schedules should be amended.

Stop Disbursement

Check this box to indicate that the disbursement should be stopped.

Recalc Annuity On Disbursement

Check this box to indicate that the annuity on disbursement should be recalculated.

Use Guarantor for Repayment

Check this box to indicate that the repayment should be done by the guarantor.

Loan Statement Required

Check this box to indicate that the loan statement should be generated.

Liquidation

You can specify the liquidation details in the following fields:

Auto Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the liquidation should be automated.

Reset Retry Count For Reversed Auto Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the retry count for reversed auto liquidation should be reset.

Partial Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the partial liquidation should be allowed.



Retries Auto Liquidation Days

Check this box to indicate that the auto liquidation days should be retried.

Intermediate

You can specify the intermediate details in the following fields:

Intermediary Initiated

Check this box to indicate that the intermediary should be initiated.

Intermediary Code

Specify the unique code of intermediary. The adjoining option list displays all valid codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Track Receivable

You can specify the track receivable details in the following fields:

Auto Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the liquidation should be automated.

Manual Liquidation

Check this box to indicate that the liquidation should be done manually.

Bill Details

You can specify the bill details in the following fields:

Bill Reference Number

Specify the reference number of the bill. The adjoining option list displays all valid reference numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Bill Due Amount

Specify the due amount of the bill.

Amount Available

Specify the available amount.

Holiday Periods

You can specify the holiday periods detail in the following field:



Period

Specify the period of the holiday. The adjoining option list displays all valid periods maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

UDE Rate Plan

You can specify the UDE rate plan details in the following fields:

Start Date

Select the start date from the adjoining calendar.

End Date

Select the end date from the adjoining calendar.



8.17.3 Components Tab

You can specify the component details in the 'Components' tab in the Equated Monthly Installment' screen.

Account Details					-
Product Product Category Application Number	Alternat	Branch Code Account * te Account Number		User Reference User Defined Status Derived Status	^
Main Preferences C	omponents Charges				
Component Name Calculation Type Formula With Schedule Component Currency Special Interest Amt	Penal I Penal I Se Waive Main Component Verify Funds Capitalized	Basis Component Service Branch Service Account Ittlement Currency S S F F F	nternal Rate of Return Applicable Special Component Funded During Initiation Funded During Rollover	Payment Mode Details	10f1 Revisions Disbursals Edit Schedules Explode Schedules Schedule Details Guarantor Details
Schedule Definition					
Schedule Type Payment	Schedule Flag Formula	First Due Date	No of Schedules	Frequency Units Daily	Due Date
Maker ID	Authorized By		Status		
Date Time	Date Time	A	Authorization Status		Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Component Name

Specify the name of the component.

Calculation Type

The system displays the calculation type based on the component maintenance at the product level.

Component Currency

Specify the currency in which the component should be maintained.

Special Interest Amt

Specify the special interest amount for the component.



Waive

Check this box to indicate that the interest amount should be waived.

Main Component

Check this box to indicate that the specified component should be main component.

Verify Fund

Check this box to indicate that the fund should be verified.

Capitalized

Check this box to indicate that the component should be capitalized.

Penal Basis Component

Specify the penal basis component.

Service Branch

Specify the service branch of the component. The adjoining option list displays all valid service branches maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Service Account

Specify the service account for the component. The adjoining option list displays all valid accounts maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Settlement Currency

Specify the code of the currency that should be used for settlements. The adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Internal Rate of Return Applicable

Check this box to indicate that the internal rate of return should be applicable for the component.

Special Component

Check this box to indicate that the component should be considered as special component.

Funded During Initiation

Check this box to indicate that the funding should be done during the initiation.

Funded During Rollover

Check this box to indicate that the funding should be done during the rollover.

Schedule Definition

You can specify the schedule definition details in the following fields:

Schedule Type

Select the type of the schedule from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Payment
- Revision
- Disbursement

Schedule Flag

Select the schedule flag from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Normal
- Moratorium

Formula

Specify the formula. The adjoining option list displays all valid formulae maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

First Due Date

Select the first due date from the adjoining calendar.

Number of Schedules

Specify the number of schedules.

Frequency

Specify the frequency of the schedule.

Units

Select the unit from the adjoining drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Half Yearly
- Yearly
- Bullet



Due Date On

Specify the due date of the schedule.

End Date

Specify the end date of the schedule.

Amount

Specify the schedule amount.

EMI Amount

Specify the EMI amount that should be paid during the schedule.

EMI Percentage of Salary

The system displays what percentage of salary the EMI constitutes of the loan applicant.

Compound Days

Specify the number of compound days.

Compound Months

Specify the number of compound months.

Compound Years

Specify the number of compound years.

Days in Month

Specify the number of days that would constitute a month for calculation. You can have 30 or 31 days in a month for this purpose.

Years

Specify the number of days that would constitute a year for calculation.

Capitalized

Check this box to indicate that the amount should be capitalized.

Waive

Check this option to indicate that the component needs to be waived off. This is applicable to those components which do not have any schedule.

8.17.4 Charges Tab



You can specify the charge details in the 'Charges' tab in the Equated Monthly Installment' screen.

Account Details					_ ×
Product Product Category Application Number		Branch Code Account * Alternate Account Number	R	User Reference User Defined Status Derived Status	
Main Preferences C Component Name Calculation Type Component Currency Service Branch Service Account Settlement Currency Effective Date	omponents Charges	Due Date Amount Due Amount Waived	Funded During Initiation Funded During Rollover Waive	Payment Mode Details	€ 10f1
Details	Amount Settled	Schedule Date *			
Maker ID Date Time	,	Authorized By Date Time	Status Authorization Status		Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Component Name

Specify the name of the component.

Calculation Type

The system displays the calculation type based on the component maintenance at the product level.

Component Currency

Specify the currency in which the component should be maintained.

Service Branch

Specify the service branch.

Service Account

Specify the service account.



Settlement Currency

Specify the currency in which the settlement should be done.

Effective Date

Specify the effective date.

Funded During Initiation

Check this box to indicate that the funding should be done during initiation.

Funded During Rollover

Check this box to indicate that the funding should be done during rollover.

Waive

Check this box to indicate that the charges should be waived.

Due Date

Specify the due date.

Amount Due

Specify the due amount.

Amount Waived

Specify the amount that should be waived.

Event Code

The system displays the event code.

Amount Settled

The system displays the settled amount.

Schedule Date

The system displays the schedule date.

8.18 Processing Write-Off Status

Oracle FLEXCUBE handles 'Write-off' as a separate 'Status' with highest adversity level. If the status change has to be on a specific date, then you can manually change the status and move the account to 'Write-off' status. The system also maintains accounting entries for the transfer of the balance from the normal/real GLs to the contingent GLs. When status changes to 'Write-off', 'Contingent Accrual' option is selected for 'Accrual Preferences' to stop the accrual on the normal/real GL and continue the accrual on the contingent GL.



Oracle FLEXCUBE maintains an appropriate rule for the Status Change, Payment, and Accrual events based on the accounting entries and appropriate 'Role to Head Mapping' for the accounting roles, to enter the Real or the Contingent GL based on Contract Status.

8.18.1 Processing Recovery

If there is a payment to an account in 'Write-off' status and interest income is reversed, then you can recover the amount at the 'Manual Disbursement' level. After recovery of the amount, if appropriate accounting entries are maintained with 'Split Balance', then the system automatically updates the balance in different GLs, maintained based on the amount paid or recovered.



9. Batch Processes

9.1 Introduction

The events that are to take place automatically are triggered off during what is called the Batch Process. The batch process is an automatic function that is run as a mandatory Beginning of Day (BOD) and/or End of Day (EOD) process. During EOD, the batch process should be run after end-of-transaction-input (EOTI) has been marked for the day, and before end-of-financial-input (EOFI) has been marked for the day.

9.2 Configuring the Mortgage Batch Processes

You have the facility to configure the batch processes to be executed either at EOD or BOD or both, as per the bank's requirement. This is achieved through the 'Automatic Process Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CLDTPROC' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Automatic					_ × _
Automatic Process De	etail				
				+ -	·
Process Name*	Process Description	Sequence	Invoke During BOD	Invoke During EOD	
					~
<					>
Input By	Authorized	Ву	Modification	Authorized	Evit
Date Time	Date Tin	ne	Number	Open	EXIT

In this screen, you can amend the order of the various operations in the Mortgage batch and choose to trigger them at EOD or BOD or both.

Batch OperationBOD/EODForward Init of Mortgage AccountsBODCalculationEOD/BOD

The default configuration is given below:



Batch Operation	BOD/EOD
Accruals	EOD/BOD
Auto Liquidations	EOD/BOD
Auto Disbursements	BOD
Rate Revisions	BOD
UDE Cascade	EOD
Maturity processing – Rollovers , Auto Closures	BOD/EOD
Automatic Status Change Processing	BOD
FEES	BOD
INTP (Interest Posting)	BOD
Billing & Payment Notices	BOD
Statements generation	EOD
Penalty Computation	BOD
Forward VAMIs	BOD
Revaluation	EOD
Readjustment	EOD

These batch processes are factory shipped for your bank. Note that you need to set the 'UDBATEVT' batch as a predecessor to the Mortgages batch 'MODBATCH'.

9.2.1 Defining Batch Processes

The Mortgage batch processes are explained briefly:

Forward Init of Mortgage Accounts

Mortgage accounts maintained in the system are classified into two types:

- Active
- Inactive

When mortgage accounts become Active, the BOOK event is triggered for the Mortgage and you can specify a Value Date for the mortgage during this event.



This batch identifies all the accounts that are due for initiation on that day, at BOD and the INIT event is triggered for these accounts. The current system date will be taken as the value date for these accounts.

Re-Calculation

Mortgage parameter alterations directly affect the computation of accruals. This batch identifies such changes made to mortgage accounts, both at BOD and EOD. Further, it recalculates the accruals based on the altered mortgage components.

Accruals

This batch passes all the recalculated accrual changes required for the components. It is triggered, both at BOD and EOD.

Auto Liquidations

This batch processes the payments that are configured as auto payments and is triggered both at BOD and EOD.

Auto Disbursements

Disbursement schedules are maintained for products. As part of BOD process, the DSBR events for the accounts will be triggered.

This batch processes these schedules at BOD, which enables the DSBR events of the accounts to be initiated.

Rate Revision

As part of BOD program, this batch processes the Floating Rate revision schedules for products.

UDE Cascade

This batch is triggered at EOD in case of UDE value changes. The changes in UDE values are applied to all the affected accounts.

In case, a single account requires a UDE Change/Cascade, it can be performed online for that account alone. Such accounts are then excluded from this batch.

Maturity Processing

Maturity processing of mortgages is performed if the maturity date falls at BOD of a particular day. This results in either Auto Closure or Rollover of mortgages.

- Auto Closure: Mortgages that are liquidated on maturity are subject to Auto Closure, during maturity processing.
- Rollover: Mortgages that have auto rollover maintained are rolled over during maturity processing.



Status Change Processing

Certain accounts have automatic status changes, wherein the SDEs required for status change are evaluated. In such cases, this batch detects status changes at BOD. Once this is done, appropriate status change activities are triggered.

Notice Generation - Billing, Payments

For each mortgage, the number of days prior to which a Notice is to be generated is evaluated. In case of mortgages that carry dues, the Notice is generated as specified in the notice days maintained for the product. This batch is processed at BOD.

Statement Generation

At EOD, the statement is generated depending on the statement frequency and other statement based maintenance actions specified.

Forward VAMI

At BOD, this batch processes all value dated amendments that are booked with the date as Value Date.

Penalty

Penalty computations are evaluated at BOD by this batch. Any grace period maintained will have to be considered during this calculation. On completion of the grace period, the penalty components are computed from the due date till the current date.

Revaluation

At EOD, revaluation of assets and liabilities to the LCY are carried out.

Readjustment

This batch is processed at EOD. It is triggered in the presence of Index currencies that are not treated as a part of revaluation. It handles readjustments based on new index rates.

9.2.2 Initiating the Batch Process

If you have opted to trigger the Mortgage batch programs at EOD, the same will be executed as part of the 'End of Cycle Operations' after marking the 'EOTI' for the day. If the trigger is maintained as 'BOD', the programs will be executed before the start of 'Transaction Input'. However, the programs will be triggered both at EOD and BOD if you opt to trigger it at both the instances.

You also have the option to execute the batch programs through the 'Mortgage Batch' screen. You can also invoke this screen by typing 'MODBATCH' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



◆ Mortgage Batch	×
- Automatic Daily Function	
C Run Sequentially	
Run	Cancel
	Cancel

Run Sequentially

Check this box to opt to execute the processes as per the sequence maintained in the 'Automatic Process Definition' screen.

Click 'Run' button to run the batch process. Click 'Cancel' button to cancel the batch execution.

For the accounts wherein notary confirmation is required and yet to be received, the system will check if NCON event has been triggered or not, before initiating the mortgage. For accounts wherein confirmation has been received before mortgage creation, the system will trigger initiation and disbursement without any check of the NCON event.

9.2.3 Multi-threading of Batch Processes

The Mortgage Batch process handles multi threading. The number of parallel processes and the interval between processes is maintained as part of 'MO Branch Parameters'.

Refer the section titled 'Maintaining Branch Parameters' in the 'Maintenances and Operations' chapter of this User Manual for details.

The accounts are split into multiple groups which can be processed in parallel for a particular sub process. Hence, all non conflicting parallel groups will complete the sub process after which the next sub process is taken up and so on. There is also an option to run it purely sequentially as shown above.

9.2.4 Excess Amount Allocation Batch

The Excess Amount Allocation batch is run to allocate the transfer amount available for each member against the outstanding balance in the corresponding mortgage accounts.

A member account is owned by a single member, but a mortgage account can be co-owned by several members in a certain ratio. Each member could be a borrower in multiple mortgages. For these reasons the amount allocations are necessitated.



The allocation process considers the following important parameters:

- % liability of each member in each mortgage where he is the borrower
- Transfer amount available per member
- Amount due (based on % liability) per member

To enable this fund allocation the rebate batch is run at the bank level. Common Settlement Account maintained in 'Rebate Account Preferences' screen is used as the 'Common Bridge Account'. This will have the combined balance of all the member accounts, which can be utilized for mortgage re-payment. The Rebate account processing batch will provide the details like the member account number (CASA account), the member (CIF number) and the excess amount for the member. This data will act as the input for this batch program.

The batch does the following operations:

- It will get the due details for the next schedule of each mortgage, along with the Liability Split %. This will include the overdue amount, if any.
- Allocate the excess amount of each member to his mortgages, with the earliest unpaid schedule first.
- The due date of the schedule will be considered by the allocation batch for allocating the payments. The batch will ensure that the available amount is used to make advance payment for the immediate next component due before considering the next.
- While allocating the amount for the next schedule, the available amount will be available amount minus the amount already allocated against the previous schedule.
- With this info, CL payment will be triggered for each mortgage account. This will be an advance payment (not Pre payment) for an aggregate amount and will be initiated according to the liquidation order maintained for the components.
- On successful payment, process status will be changed to 'P' for all the records with this Mortgage account number.
- Status will be changed to 'E', in case of any error during the payment. As per the current functionality, the error details will be available in the exception table.
- After correcting the errors, you can re-initiate the process which will exclude the already processed mortgage accounts.
- Further generation of Payment advice will derive the amount after considering the amount paid through this batch process.

9.2.5 Status Change Batch Processing (CSDSTBTC)

For the MO module the Status change batch will be run along with the customer/Group and apply worst status change for the customer. This batch will use the status change events.

You can trigger the batches to run before the Common Status Change batch (CSDSTBTC). The following given batches can be run in any order:

- LCEOD
- BCAUSTCH



- CLBATCH
- ICEOD
- CIDBATCH
- MODBATCH
- CASABAT
- IAAUTDLY
- CSDSTBTC
- ICEOD
- CLDPROV
- MODPROV
- CIDPROV

The Process of Provisioning is handled by the following batches for CL, MO and CI modules respectively:

- CL provisioning batch (CLDPROV)
- Mortgage provisioning batch (MODPROV)
- Islamic loan provisioning batch (CIDPROV)

The provisioning process is detached from the CLBATCH, MODBATCH and CIDBATCH.

If 'Status Processing' is at Individual Contract Level, then system will trigger status change based on the Customer Credit rating for the customer of the Contract /Account booked. The other contracts of the customers in the same Group will not be impacted. However if the 'Status Processing' is at CIF/Group level individual module (LC,CL, CI, MO, CA, IA and BC) batches will be updating common storage with the derived status of each contract and CIF/Group level status will be triggered by the common status change batch. The common status change batch will call the individual module function for status change processing.

9.2.6 Interest Posting (INTP Event)

You need to make a provision to post an income into a separate GL. This income is the interest which you pay to the customer who has a mortgage account. On the interest posting date, a transaction occurs to move the receivable and the income from one GL to another. This transaction distinguishes between receivables from the income which is due and not due. Also, this interest posting is applicable for the main interest component only.

The INTP event runs at the BOD for a mortgage product against which it has been defined.

The following points are noteworthy:



- You can pick the INTP event during the mortgage product definition and maintain the accounting entries against this event. To recall, you need to click on the 'Events' tab in the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen where you specify the various events which need to be run.
- At the time of mortgage account creation, Oracle FLEXCUBE populates the events diary with one record of the INTP event for each schedule due date. This has the status as 'Unprocessed'. This is done for the main interest component schedule only.
- The system also creates a record for the end of each calendar quarter during the moratorium period in the case of amortized mortgage products.
- Any rebuilding of repayment schedules results in the rebuilding of records in the events diary.
- The batch process picks up all the unprocessed INTP records from the events diary having the execution date on or before the current application date. The process is limited to the active accounts belonging to the current branch.
- The amount and date of due for the main interest component is fetched from the component schedule due details.
- The accounting entries get passed on the schedule due date or the calendar quarter end, as defined for the event INTP through the 'Consumer Lending Product' screen under the 'Events' tab pertaining to a mortgage product maintenance.
- For term mortgages, the transaction posting date is the same as schedule due date of the main interest component. The same is followed for amortized mortgages also.
- For an amortized mortgage with a moratorium period, the transaction posting date is the end of the calendar quarter and the end of the moratorium period. If the moratorium period is different from the end of the calendar quarter, the entries passed will not tally with the actual amount due. This difference gets passed on the schedule due date of the moratorium period.
- There are no changes in the INTP event execution behaviour in case of a partial prepayment.
- If a mortgage is getting pre-closed with a complete settlement, the system does not wait till the schedule due date or calendar quarter end for passing the INTP entries. It posts the interest accrued till the current date on the date of the pre-closure.
- In case of any failures during the INTP batch process, the system logs the error details for the account and processes the subsequent accounts.

9.2.7 Excess Amount Allocation Batch

The Excess Amount Allocation batch is run to allocate the transfer amount available for each member against the outstanding balance in the corresponding mortgage accounts.

A member account is owned by a single member, but a mortgage account can be co-owned by several members in a certain ratio. Each member could be a borrower in multiple mortgages. For these reasons the amount allocations are necessitated.

The allocation process considers the following important parameters:

• % liability of each member in each mortgage where he is the borrower



- Transfer amount available per member
- Amount due (based on % liability) per member

To enable this fund allocation the rebate batch is run at the bank level. Common Settlement Account maintained in 'Rebate Account Preferences' screen is used as the 'Common Bridge Account'. This will have the combined balance of all the member accounts, which can be utilized for mortgage re-payment. The Rebate account processing batch will provide the details like the member account number (CASA account), the member (CIF number) and the excess amount for the member. This data will act as the input for this batch program.

The batch does the following operations:

- It will get the due details for the next schedule of each mortgage, along with the Liability Split %. This will include the overdue amount, if any
- Allocate the excess amount of each member to his mortgages, with the earliest unpaid schedule first
- The due date of the schedule will be considered by the allocation batch for allocating the payments. The batch will ensure that the available amount is used to make advance payment for the immediate next component due before considering the next.
- While allocating the amount for the next schedule, the available amount will be available amount minus the amount already allocated against the previous schedule.
- With this info, CL payment will be triggered for each mortgage account. This will be an advance payment (not Pre payment) for an aggregate amount and will be initiated according to the liquidation order maintained for the components.
- On successful payment, process status will be changed to 'P' for all the records with this Mortgage account number
- Status will be changed to 'E', in case of any error during the payment. As per the current functionality, the error details will be available in the exception table.
- After correcting the errors, you can re-initiate the process which will exclude the already processed mortgage accounts

Further generation of Payment advice will derive the amount after considering the amount paid through this batch process.

9.2.8 Processing the Mortgage Batch

When prioritization rule is maintained for a L/C linked to the mortgage account, then bulk liquidation takes a different route during Mortgage batch processing. Liquidation is triggered based on the preference rule defined for L/C. This is treated as a normal payment once the respective component, schedule of the mortgage is identified for the payment. During the batch process prioritization for account liquidation takes place.

The batch process for liquidation takes place as follows

• Sub-process named as 'BLIQ' is used for Bulk Payment which runs before the 'ALIQ' Process. Event code used for this Prioritized liquidation is ALIQ.



- Accounts linked with L/C are grouped and liquidation process is done on the group.
- For the L/C linked to the mortgage account, if a prioritization rule is set, the same is considered for Bulk Payment. If prioritization rule is not maintained, the liquidation happens as part of 'ALIQ'.
- When the bulk payment happens as part of batch, the prioritization rule determines which account is to be liquidated first. The account is attempted like any other ALIQ except for the component prioritization.
- Liquidation order is as per the prioritization rules defined for L/C.

9.3 Triggering User Defined Events

You can use the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen to manually trigger the user defined events for mortgage accounts. You can this screen by typing 'UDDCLEVT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Main Screen			_ × _
Account Number * Branch Code * Event Sequence Number * Event Code Default	<u>∧≡</u> 	Status Counter Party Currency Value Date Payment Remarks	
Amount Details Amount Tag Description	Currency Amount Paid	Settlement Branch Settlement A	ccount
<			>
MIS Events Charge Event Fields			_
Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time	Contract Authorized Status	
Reversal Input By Date Time	Authorized By Date Time		Exit

Here you need to specify the following details:



Account Number

Specify the account for which you want to trigger the user defined event. The adjoining option list displays all valid account numbers available in the system. You can select the appropriate one.

Branch Code

The system displays the code of the branch where the account resides.

Click 'Default' button. The system fetches values for the following fields based on the selected contract and displays them:

- Counter Party
- Currency
- Status

Event Sequence Number

The system displays the event sequence number.

Event Code

Specify the event that needs to be triggered for the selected account. The adjoining option list displays all events linked to the account. You can select the appropriate one.

Value Date

If the value date derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will calculate the value date and display it here. However, you can change it.

Payment Remarks

Specify remarks pertaining to the payment on the account.

Amount Details

Specify the following details.

Amount Tag

The amount tag is displayed based on the product-level maintenance of the specified account.

Description

The system displays a brief description of the amount tag.

Currency

If a derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will derive the currency as per the rule and display it here. However, you can change it.



Amount Paid

If a derivation rule has been maintained for the event code, the system will derive the amount as per the rule and display it here.

Settlement Branch

Specify the branch where the settlement account resides. The adjoining option list displays all valid branch codes maintained in the system. You can select the appropriate one. Alternatively, if you have specified the settlement account, the system will display the corresponding branch code here.

Settlement Account

Specify the account that should be debited or credited. The adjoining option list displays all valid accounts maintained in the system. If you have specified the settlement branch, the option list will display all accounts available in that branch. You can select the appropriate one.

9.3.1 Viewing MIS Details

Click 'MIS' button the screen and invoke the 'MIS' screen.

♦ MIS				_ ×
Contract Reference	*	MIS Group	E	🗹 Link To Group
- Input	 Related Reference Related Account 	Related Reference Related Account MIS Head		- Floating Rate Rate Code Spread
Rate At Rate Type	Pool Code Contract Level	Interest Method Pool Code Reference Rate	× 	
Transaction MIS Code	Composite MIS Code	Funds MIS Code		
MIS Group				
Rate Amendment Rate	e Change Log Baland	ce Transfer Log		
				Ok Exit

You can view the following details:

Contract Reference



- MIS Group
- Link to Group
- Input preference Related reference/Related Account
- Related Account Number
- Related Reference Number
- MIS Head
- Floating Rate Code
- Floating Rate Spread
- Rate Type
- Rate at Pool Code/Contract Level
- Interest method
- Pool Code
- Reference Rate
- Cost Codes

The 'Transaction MIS' tab opens by default.

Here you can view the transaction MIS codes.

9.3.1.1 Composite MIS Code Tab

Click this tab to view composite MIS codes.



MIS				-
Contract Reference *	k	MIS Group		🗹 Link To Group
nput	 Related Reference Related Account 	Related Reference Related Account MIS Head	<u>تم</u> <u>تم</u> <u>تم</u>	- Floating Rate Rate Code
Rate At Rate Type	Pool Code Contract Level	Interest Method Pool Code Reference Rate		
Fransaction MIS Code	Composite MIS Code	Funds MIS Code		
MIS Group			Image: Constraint of the second se	
ate Amendment Rate	e Change Log Balanc	e Transfer Log		
				Ok Exit

9.3.1.2 Fund MIS Tab

Click this tab to view fund MIS codes.



♦ MIS				_ ×
Contract Reference *		MIS Group	<u></u>	Link To Group
- Input	 Related Reference Related Account 	Related Reference Related Account MIS Head		- Floating Rate Rate Code Spread
Rate At Rate Type	Pool Code Contract Level	Interest Method Pool Code Reference Rate		
Transaction MIS Code	Composite MIS Code	Funds MIS Code		
Rate Amendment Rate	Change Log Balanc	e Transfer Log		
				Ok Exit

9.3.2 Viewing Rate Details

Click 'Rate' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.

◆ Rate Details	_	×
Contract Reference *		X
Refinance Rates		=
Booking Date Effective Date* Refinance Rate		×
		T
	Ok	Cancel

Here you can view the following details:

Contract Reference Number



- Booking Rate
- Effective Date
- Refinance Rate

9.3.2.1 Viewing Amendment Rate Details

Click 'Amendment Rate' button and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.

♦ Rate Details		-	×
- Amendment Rate			
Rate Type			
Rate Code			
Spread			
Contract Reference *			
Rate			
	Ok	Exit	

Here you can view the following details:

- Rate Type
- Rate Code
- Spread
- Contract Reference

9.3.2.2 Viewing Rate Details

Click 'Rate' button on the 'Rate Details' screen and invoke the 'Rate Details' screen.



♦ Rate Details			_ ×
Contract Reference *			
Refinance Rates			
Booking Date	Effective Date *	Refinance Rate	
	2		
			~
<			>
			Ok Exit

Here you can view the following details:

- Contract Reference Number
- Booking Rate
- Effective Date
- Refinance Rate

9.3.2.3 Viewing Change Log

Click 'Change Log' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Change Log' screen.



Change Log				_ ×
Change Log				
MIS Class *	Transaction Date*	Old MIS	New MIS	
<				>
				Ok Exit

If MIS reclassification occurs, through changing the MIS codes for transaction or composite classes, the System stores the changes made, in a Contract MIS Change Log. The following details are stored in the Contract MIS Change Log for the contract in respect of which the MIS reclassification occurred:

- Contract Reference Number
- MIS Class that was changed
- Date on which the change was made.
- The old code for the changed MIS Class (this information is stored only for the first amendment during a day)
- The new MIS code for the changed MIS class.

9.3.2.4 Viewing Balance Transfer Log

Click 'Balance Transfer Log' button on the 'MIS' screen and invoke the 'Balance Transfer Log' screen.



Balance Transfer Log						_ ×
Contract Reference *						
Balance Transfer Log						
Branch Period Financial Year	GL Code Tra	ansfer Indicator	MIS Class	Transaction Date	Old MIS N	lev
						_
						~
<						>

When an MIS reclassification occurs in respect of a the account, the balances in a GL associated with the old MIS code in each case are transferred to the GL for the new MIS code, if the option of transferring MIS balances upon reclassification has been set in the 'Chart of Accounts' screen for the GL.

You can view the following details:

- Contract Reference
- Branch
- Period
- Financial year
- Transfer Indicator
- MIS Class
- Transaction Date
- Old MIS
- New MIS
- Currency
- Amount
- Exchange Rate

9.3.3 Viewing Charge Details

Click 'Charge' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Charges' screen.



◆ Charges					_ ×
Charge Details					
Component Name *	Settlement CCY	Settlement Branch	Settlement Account	Settlement Amount	
	<u>×</u>	<u></u>		<u></u>	
<					>
				Ok	Exit

You can view the following details:

- Component Name
- Settlement Currency
- Settlement Branch
- Settlement Account
- Settlement Amount

9.3.4 Viewing Event Details

Click 'Events' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Events Diary' screen.



V Events Diary	- ^
Branch * Product Code	Value Date
Account Number* Product Category	Maturity Date
Alternate Account User Defined Status	Amount Financed
Application Number	Hamish Jiddayah
	Amount
	Page
	Total Pages
Previous	
Brocessed Lingrocessed	
Events	Advices
Sequence Number Processed Date Execution Due Date* Code* Description Cutoff S	Document Number Message Type* View Me
	View
Checklist and Remarks Event Fields	
Entrice	
chules	
Debit/Credit Branch Account Number Account Currency Event Foreign Currency Amount	Exchange Rate Event Local Currency Amount
	Exit

9.3.4.1 Unprocessed Tab

Click this tab to view the unprocessed event details.



• Events Diary				_ ×
Branch * Account Number * Alternate Account Number Customer Id Customer Name	Product Code Product Category User Defined Status Application Number		Value Date Maturity Date Amount Financed Hamish Jiddayah Amount Currency Page Total Pages	
Previous	Next			
Processed Unprocessed				
Overdue Events			Components	
Event Code KExecution Date KEXECUTION Date	Event Description		Component Name*	
		~		~
<		>	<	×
Due Events			Components	II
Event Code Execution Date	Event Description		Component Name*	
			Z	~
				Exit

Refer the section 'Events Diary' in the chapter titled 'Account Creation' in this User Manual for details about the 'Events Diary' screen.

9.3.5 Viewing Event Fields

Click 'Event Fields' button on the 'CL User Defined Events Triggering' screen and invoke the 'Fields' screen.



◆ Fields				_ :
]	9	С	
]	9	C	
		<u> </u>	c	
]	P	C	
		<u> </u>	C	
		9	c	
]		c	
]	9	С	
]	9	C	
]	9	c	
]	P	С	
]	<u> </u>	c	
]		C	
]		С	
]		C	
		<u></u>	C	
]		Ν	
]		N	
]		N	
			N	
			N	
]		N	
]		N	
]		N	
]		N	
]		N	
	1		N	
]		N	
]		N	
]		N	
]		N	
			N	
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	2			
	=2			
				Ok Exit

Here you can view the UDFs and their values linked to the account.



Click save icon after specifying the details in order to trigger the event for the specified account. This record needs to be authorized for the event to be triggered.

Note that, you will not be able to perform any operation on the account on which there is an unauthorised event triggering record.

9.3.6 Processing Commission on Highest Debit Balance

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to calculate commission for the Highest Debit Balance of a particular month from the customer. Bank debits commission from the customer account and credit the same on HDB GL. System collects data for the Highest Outstanding Balance for mortgages and displayed in the account screen.

You need to maintain a User Data element in the product for the HDB commission rate which gets defaulted to the Account Screen and you can mention HDB commission rate. To waive the HDB commission for an account the Commission rate should be 0.

For calculating the commission on highest debit balance, you have to define a user defined event and Charge component with "HIGH_OUT_BAL" as basis element should be linked to the HDBC event. Accounting entries for the charges should also be defined in the HDBC event. The event trigger can be either auto or manual.

9.3.6.1 Processing Commission Automatically at Month End

During post-EOTI batch programs; HDBC event gets trigged which is run only on month-ends (last working day for the month).

Charge component is linked with HDBC event with formula as,

(HIGH_OUT_BAL* DR_COM_RATE)/ (100)

But bank can define its own formula to calculate the commission on HDB using the SDE "HIGH_OUT_BAL".

During parameterization the HDB commission GL should be the same for all IC and Loan/Mortgage products which system does not validate.

9.3.6.2 Processing Commission Automatically on Maturity

If the maturity date of the account is today, the commission on Highest Outstanding balance for that mortgage account is collected using another process in CL batch. You can maintain it in auto CL automatic process table. This process runs daily before the ALIQ process in CL batch. If the Automatic Liquidation (ALIQ) fails for an account, then the reversal of commission on Highest Outstanding balance should be done manually.



9.3.6.3 Processing Commission Manually

You can manually liquidate the commission for Highest Outstanding balance for a mortgage account using the 'Event Triggering' screen. Before doing a full liquidation, you have to manually trigger the HDBC event.

9.3.7 Processing Stamp Duty Tax

Oracle FLEXCUBE allows you to process Stamp Duty taxation through SDTX event. This event is triggered as part of a process in the CL batch running during post-EOTI. The process runs only on calendar quarter end days (last working day of the quarter).

9.3.7.1 Processing Stamp Duty Tax Manually

You can manually liquidate the stamp duty tax using the 'User Defined Event Triggering' screen. Before doing a full liquidation, you have to manually trigger the STDX event.

9.3.7.2 Processing Stamp Duty Tax Automatically

If the maturity date of the account is today, the Stamp Duty Tax on the outstanding debit balance loan and mortgage accounts which are getting fully liquidated is collected using another process in CL batch. You can maintain it in auto CL automatic process table. This process runs daily before the ALIQ process in CL batch. If the Automatic Liquidation (ALIQ) fails for an account, then the reversal of stamp duty tax is done manually.


10. Annexure A

10.1 Accounting Entries

This section contains details of the suggested accounting entries that can be set up, for the Mortgages module of Oracle FLEXCUBE. The details of the suggested accounting entries are given event-wise.

10.2 Events

The following is an exhaustive list of events that can take place during the lifecycle of a contract. In the subsequent paragraphs we shall examine the accounting entries and advices for each of the events listed below.

Event Code	Event Description
ACCR	Accrual
ADCH	ADHOC charge application
ALIQ	Auto liquidation
ARVN	Automatic Rate Revision
BADJ	Back Dated Adjustment
BNTC	Billing Notice Event
воок	Booking Of Contract
CAMD	Contract Amendment
CLOS	Closure for off balance sheet comp
CLOC	Closure of Commitment
DLINK	Payment made against a mortgage linked to a revolving commitment contract
DNTC	Delinquency Notice Event
DSBR	Disbursement
INIT	Contract Initiation
ISTM	Interest Statement Event
LCYP	LCY update processing
LIQB	Liquidation Tanking



Event Code	Event Description
LSTM	Mortgage Statement Event
LINK	Linking a Commitment to a mortgage account
MLIQ	Manual Liquidation
NOVA	Novation
PROV	Provisioning
READ	Readjustment Processing
REOP	Reopen of mortgage account
REVC	Reversal Of Contract
REVD	Reversal Of Disbursement
REVN	Rate Revision
REVP	Reversal Of Payment
RNOG	Re-Negotiation
ROLB	Roll Over Booking
ROLL	Roll Over Of Contract
REVL	Reversal of Linked Mortgage Account
SROL	Special Roll over
STSH	Installment Status Change
ТАХС	Specific Tax Calculation
UDCN	UDE Cascade Change
USGR	Un-Secured GL Transfer Reversal
USGT	Unsecured GL Transfer
VAMB	Value Dated Amendment Booking
VAMI	Value Dated Amendment Initiation



Event Code	Event Description
YACR	Yield to Maturity based Discount Accrual
NCON	Notary Confirmation
INLQ	Intermediary Liquidation
IMST	Intermediary Statement
NREJ	Notary Rejection
SCHR	Schedule Regeneration in Linked Mortgage Contracts
SDTX	Total Outstanding Balance of an Account

10.3 Accounting Roles

-

In this section we have provided a list of sample accounting roles.

Accounting Role	Description
ASSETGL	The Customer GL to which the Mortgage Account movements are reported.
PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Principal Liquidated
PRINCIPAL_INCR	Principal Increased
COMPONENT _INC	Component Income
COMPONENT EXP	Component Expense
COMPONENT RIA	Component Received in Advance
COMPONENT PAY	Component Payable
COMPONENT REC	Component Receivable
COMPONENT PIA	Component Paid in Advance
BRIDGE GL	Intersystem Bridge GL
SETTLEMENT ACCOUNT	Customer Account Settled From / To
FEES_REC	Fees Receivable
CHARGES_REC	Adhoc Charges Receivable
IN_INTER_STMT	Intermediary Statement

Accounting Roles for the YACR Event

SI No	Accounting Role	Acquisition Type	Role Type
1.	EIMDISCRIA	Discount	Asset
2.	EIMDISCINC	Discount	Asset
3.	EIMPREMPIA	Premium	Asset
4.	EIMPREMEXP	Premium	Asset
5.	EIMINTADJREC	Par	Asset
6.	EIMINTADJINC	Par	Asset

10.4 Event-wise Advices

In this section we will discuss the suggested events and advices that should be generated for that particular event in the life cycle of Consumer Lending.

<u>BOOK</u>

The system uses this event to enter details of a mortgage account. However, at this stage the account is not initialized thus there will not be a change in the balance but you can perform other activities (processing fee etc) for the mortgage account. The accounting entries passed will be either Contingent Entries for disbursement or component liquidations entries.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CL_CONT_ADV	Contract Advice	CL_CONTR_STMT

On BOOK event of a commitment contract the following accounting entries are passed:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr./Cr. Indicator
CONTGL	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Debit
CONTOFF	PRINCIPAL_FWD	Credit

<u>INIT</u>

The system uses this event to initiate a mortgage with a value date as the date of initiation. However, you can not disburse the mortgage under this event.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
-------------	-------------	-------------



Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CL_INIT_ADV	Initiation Advice	CL_INIT_ADV
CL_CAP	Capitalization Advice	CL_CAP_ADV
CL_CONT_ADV	Contract Advice	CL_CONTR_STMT
CLST_SUMMARY	Mortgage Summary Statement Advice	CL_LOAN_SUMMARY
COUPON	Coupon Advice	ADV_COUPON

<u>DSBR</u>

This event is marked by the disbursement of the mortgage amount. The disbursement may be done manually or can be triggered by a disbursement schedule. The mortgage account will have debit balances after total disbursement.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CR_ADV	Credit Advice	CL_CR_ADV
CLST_DETAILS	Mortgage Detailed Statement Advice	CL_LOAN_DETAIL
CLST_SUMMARY	Mortgage Summary Statement Advice	CL_LOAN_SUMMARY
TAX_ADVICE	Tax Advice	CL_TAX_ADVICE

The entries passed are:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL	Dr
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL	Cr

Wote the following:

- The mortgage account of the customer reports to an internal GL of the bank, determined by the Role to Head mapping done at the product level.
- A settlement bridge account is used since there is a probability of the customer account being present in another system which is capable of interfacing with Oracle FLEXCUBE. During the reconciliation process, the appropriate customer account in the relevant system is credited with the mortgage amount.



<u>ACCR</u>

The accrual of the various components will be triggered based on the accrual parameters you maintain at the product level.

The following accounting entries are passed for this event:

For Interest Accrual

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
INT_REC	INT_ACCR	Dr
INT_INC	INT_ACCR	Cr

For Penalty Interest Accrual

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
PENAL_INT_REC	PENAL_INT_ACCR	Dr
PENAL_INT_INC	PENAL_INT_ACCR	Cr

<u>NCON</u>

This event is triggered when the 'Notary Pre Confirmed' check box is checked at the account level or when the Notary Status is selected as 'Confirmed' in 'Manual Notary Confirmation' screen.

<u>NREJ</u>

This event is triggered when the 'Notary Pre Confirmed' check box is unchecked at the account level and Notary status is selected as 'Reject' in 'Manual Notary Confirmation' screen.

<u>INLQ</u>

This event is triggered as a batch process for the Intermediary Liquidation based on the product event advice maintenance. It provides basic information about the Intermediary and the corresponding commission settlement.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
'IN_INTER_CR	Intermediary Credit	INTER_CR_ADV



<u>INCH</u>

This event is triggered as a batch process for the Intermediary Liquidation based on the product event class maintenance. It provides basic information about the Intermediary and charge collected because of pre-payment and late payment by the customer.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
IN_INTER_DR	Intermediary Debit	INTER_DR_ADV

<u>IMST</u>

This event is triggered as per the statement frequency maintained at the Intermediary Level. It provides basic information about the Intermediary and the corresponding commission/charge settlements.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
IN_INTER_STMT	Intermediary Statement	IN_INTER_STMT

ALIQ and MLIQ

Depending on the mode of liquidation opted for, whether automatic or manual, the appropriate event is triggered. A batch process will be triggered at EOD for payments that are marked for auto liquidation.

ALIQ

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
DR_ADV	Debit Advice	CL_DR_ADV
DELINQYADV	Delinquency Advice	CL_DELQ_ADV

MLIQ

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
BILNOTC	Billing Advice	CL_BILL_ADVC
DELINQYADV	Delinquency Advice	CL_DELQ_ADV
PAYMENT_ADVICE	Payment Advice	CL_PMT_ADV

The accounting entries for these events will be as follows:



Principal Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Dr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Cr

Interest Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	INT_LIQD	Dr
INT_REC	INT_LIQD	Cr
INTERNAL_GL	MAIN_INT_WHLD	Dr
MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_WHLD	Cr

Penalty Interest Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PENAL_INT_LIQD	Dr
PENAL_INT_REC	PENAL_INT_LIQD	Cr

Following are the accounting entries passed for the manual repayment of mortgage by cash:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	DR
LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	CR
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_LIQD	DR
LOAN_ACCOUNT	MAIN_INT_LIQD	CR

LINK

This event is triggered when a commitment is linked to a consumer lending mortgage account. LINK event increases the utilization of the commitment amount and the contingent entries passed at the time of INIT is reversed upto the extent of linked amount.

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr./Cr. Indicator
ASSETGL	COMMUTIL_INCR	Credit



Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr./Cr. Indicator
ASSETOFF	COMMUTIL_INCR	Debit

DLNK (Delink)

This event is triggered when payment is made against a mortgage, which is linked to a revolving commitment contract, Delink decreases the utilization of commitment amount.

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr./Cr. Indicator
ASSETGL	COMMUTIL_DECR	Debit
ASSETOFF	COMMUTIL_DECR	Credit

<u>STCH</u>

This event is triggered when a status change occurs. It could be a Forward Status Change (FSTC) where the mortgage moves from one adverse status to another or a Backward Status Change (BSTC) wherein, on repayment of overdue installments, a reversal of status takes place. The status derivation rule is used to resolve the status. The change may occur due to a status rule being activated. If the number of days by which a component becomes overdue, exceeds the allowed number of days (may be referred to as the grace period), the component can undergo a status change if a status rule is defined with such a criteria. A status change is triggered if any condition defined for the rule is satisfied.

The accounting entries, if maintained for the events (FSTC and BSTC) will be triggered. The accounting role provided will be the same for all the changes. However, the Role to Head mapping rules will resolve the entries to the appropriate accounts for each status.

Interest accrual for status 'ACTIVE'

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
INT_REC (Mapped to a Real Asset)	INT_ACCR	Dr
INT_INC (Mapped to a Real Income GL)	INT_ACCR	Cr

Interest accrual for status 'PAST DUE'

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
INT_REC (Mapped to a Contingent Asset)	INT_ACCR	Dr
INT_INC (Mapped to a Contingent Liability)	INT_ACCR	Cr



CAMD, VAMB and VAMI

These statuses are triggered as a result of making amendments to a mortgage.

CAMD (Account Amendment)

Any amendment to the parameters of the account will create a new version of the mortgage. These changes will not have any implications on the financial attributes of the mortgage.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV

VAMB (Booking of a Value Dated Amendment)

This event is triggered when you book a value dated amendment.

You can book for an amendment of the following:

- Maturity date
- Principal Increase
- Rate change

The batch program will identify the changes booked and the same is triggered appropriately on the value date by the VAMI event.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV

VAMI (Initiation of a Value Dated Amendment)

This event will pick up the future dated VAMBs and on the value date, initiate the same.

The accounting entries for an increase in principal will be as follows:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_INCREASED	Dr
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_INCREASED	Cr

Any change to Rate and Tenor (Maturity Date) will alter the original mortgage schedules.



<u>ROLL</u>

This event is triggered when a mortgage is renewed with new terms. Rollover will have either a combination of liquidation and rollover of Principal. It can also have liquidation of Interest and penalty Interest.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV
CL_ROLL_ADV	Rollover Advice	CL_ROLL_ADV
PAYMENT_ADVICE	Payment Advice	CL_PMT_ADV

The entries passed for rollover of the Principal are as follows:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_ROLL	Cr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_ROLL	Dr

For liquidation of Principal, the following entries are passed:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Dr
LOAN_AC	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Cr

For liquidation of Interest and Penalty Interest, the entries are:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	LIQD_AMT	Dr
INT_REC	INT_LIQD	Cr
PENAL_INT_REC	PENAL_INT_LIQD	Cr
INTERNAL_GL	MAIN_INT_WHLD	Dr
MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_WHLD	Cr

You may encounter the following cases:

Case 1: Rollover only Principal Outstanding; Pay Interest & Penalty Outstanding



In this case, both 'PRINCIPAL_LIQD' and 'PRINCIPAL_ROLL' will be zero and hence the 'LOAN ACCOUNT' balance is not affected.

The Outstanding Interest and Principal will be liquidated. Referring to the accounting entries above,

- INT_LIQD = Interest Outstanding
- PENAL_INT_LIQD = Penalty Interest Outstanding
- LIQD_AMT = INT_LIQD + PENAL_INT_LIQD (If Netting is 'ON' and both have the same Settlement Account).

Case 2: Rollover Principal + Interest Outstanding; Pay Penalty Outstanding

In this case,

- PRINCIPAL_LIQD = 0,
- PRINCIPAL_ROLL = INT_ROLL (which is the Interest Rolled over as Principal);
- PENAL_INT_LIQD = Penalty Interest Outstanding
- LIQD_AMT = PENAL_INT_LIQD (If Netting is on and both have the same Settlement Account).

Case 3: Rollover Principal + Interest + Penalty Outstanding

PRINCIPAL_ROLL = INT_ROLL + PENAL_INT_ROLL

 $LIQD_AMT = 0$

Case 4 - a: Rollover Special Amount, Amount > Principal Outstanding

This is in effect a disbursement. Therefore,

PRINCIPAL_ROLL = SPECIAL_AMOUNT – PRINCIPAL_OUTSTANDING

Since the rolled over amount is greater than the outstanding principal, it will be positive and hence an increase in the mortgage amount is registered.

Case 4 – b: Rollover Special Amount, Amount < Principal Outstanding

This results in a decrease in Principal and hence

PRINCIPAL_ROLL = SPECIAL_AMOUNT – PRINCIPAL_OUTSTANDING will lead to a negative amount which will reduce the Dr Balance on the Mortgage Account.



SROL – Special Roll-over

This event is triggered when a roll-over is done and it involves a change in the currency, product and customer.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV
CL_ROLL_ADV	Roll-over Advice	CL_ROLL_ADV

RNOG – Re-negotiation

This event is triggered when a customer is not being able to honor the terms and conditions of the credit. In such a situation, the client re-negotiates the terms and conditions of the credit before maturity date.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV
PAYMENT_ADVICE	Payment Advice	CL_PMT_ADV

NOVA – Novation

This event is triggered when a primary customer is changed.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CLAMDADV	Amendment Advice	CL_AMD_ADV

<u> REVC – Mortgage Reversal</u>

This event is triggered when a mortgage is withdrawn. This will pass the DSBR entries with a reversal of signs (-ve) for the amounts, as follows:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
LOAN_AC	- PRINCIPAL	Dr
CR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	- PRINCIPAL	Cr

REVP - Payment Reversal

The latest payment made, both auto and manual, will be reversed during this event. This will pass the ALIQ or MLIQ event selected with a reversal of signs for the amounts.



Reversal of Principal Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	- PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Dr
LOAN_AC	- PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Cr

Reversal of Interest Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	- INT_LIQD	Dr
INT_REC	- INT_LIQD	Cr

Reversal of Penalty Interest Repayment

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTLEMENT_BRG	- PENAL_INT_LIQD	Dr
PENAL_INT_REC	- PENAL_INT_LIQD	Cr

REVN – Periodic Rate Revision

This will change the Floating Interest Rates based on the periodicity that you maintain.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CL_INT_STMT	Interest Statement Advice	CL_INT_STMT
RATECH_ADV	Rate Change Advice	CL_RTCH_ADV



ARVN – Automatic Rate Revision

This will change the Floating Rate as and when the rate changes.

Advice Name	Description	Format Name
CL_INT_STMT	Interest Statement Advice	CL_INT_STMT
RATECH_ADV	Rate Change Advice	CL_RTCH_ADV

UDCH – User Defined Element Value Changes

This event will be triggered whenever there is a change in the UDE values. This will be required to have Rate revision advices sent to the customers.

YACR – Yield to Maturity Discount Accrual

This event will be triggered for the computation of IRR. The following accounting entries will be passed:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
EIMDISCRIA	EIM_ACCR	Dr
EIMDISCINC	EIM_ACCR	Cr
EIMPREMEXP	EIM_ACCR	Dr
EIMPREMPIA	EIM_ACCR	Cr

If refunding needs to be done as part of with complete pre-payment, the following entries should be passed in addition to the ones specified above:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
<charge comp="">_RIA</charge>	EIM_ADJ	Dr
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	EIM_ADJ	Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	EIM_ADJ	Dr
<charge comp="">_PIA</charge>	EIM_ADJ	Cr

CLIQ – Charge Liquidation

This event triggers the liquidation of charges applicable to the mortgage accounts. You need to set up the following entries for this event:

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
-----------------	------------	--------



Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr /Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<charge comp="">_LIQD</charge>	Dr
<charge comp="">_RIA</charge>	<charge comp="">_LIQD</charge>	Cr
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	<charge comp="">_LIQD</charge>	Dr
<charge comp="">_PIA</charge>	<charge comp="">_LIQD</charge>	Cr

CLOC Event

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr./Cr. Indicator
CONTGL	COMM_UNUTIL	Credit
CONTOFF	COMM_UNUTIL	Debit

Accounting Entries for RML – Reverse Mortgage Loan

DSBR Event

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL	Dr
CR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL	Cr

ACCR Event

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_ACCR	Dr
MAIN_INTINC	MAIN_INT_ACCR	Cr

MLIQ/ALIQ Event

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Dr
LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_LIQD	Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	PRINCIPAL_EXCESS	Dr
PRINCIPALPAY	PRINCIPAL_EXCESS	Cr



Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr
PRINCIPALEXP	PRINCIPAL_WAVD	Dr
LOAN_ACCOUNT	PRINCIPAL_WAVD	Cr
DR_SETTL_BRIDGE	MAIN_INT_LIQD	Dr
MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_LIQD	Cr
MAIN_INTEXP	MAIN_INT_WAVD	DR
MAIN_INTREC	MAIN_INT_WAVD	CR



11. Glossary

11.1 Important Terms

Product

An identifier, in FLEXCUBE, for any type of service that a bank offers to its customers. A set of attributes and preferences are maintained for the product, which will apply to the processing of any contracts, transactions or deals involving the product (service).

Product Group

A group under which a product is logically classified, under which logically similar products are placed together.

Product Remarks

Descriptive text about a product.

Product Slogan

Text or phrase that could be used as a declaration or an announcement of the product, to customers.

Accounting Head

The specific GL created in any module of the FLEXCUBE system into which the accounting entry would be posted.

Accounting Role

The general ledgers and sub-ledgers maintained as a chart of accounts in FLEXCUBE may be classified logically under different categories, each of which is called an accounting role.

Amount Item

The amount entry that is passed into a general ledger / sub ledger in the chart of accounts for each transaction.

Netting

Summing of two or more accounting entries passed to an account for the same event, so as to arrive at a net figure for posting.

Trigger

The occurrence or process that initiates the generation of an advice during the processing of a contract in FLEXCUBE.



Transaction Code

An identifier for each accounting entry that is used to track the transaction.

Rekey Options

The fields that are to be keyed in by an authorizer of a transaction, for the purpose of crosschecking, when the transaction is being authorized. Complete details of the transaction will only be displayed when the authorizer 'rekeys' the values for these fields.

Payment Method

The manner in which the main interest payable on a loan contract is reckoned. The methods could be Bearing, Discounted or True Discounted.

Schedule Type

The kind of repayment schedule defined for a loan contract. It could be amortized, normal or capitalized.

Schedule Frequency

The frequency at which the repayment of the loan amount will be amortized in equated installments over the tenor of the contract.

Accrual Frequency

The frequency at which components of a loan contract such as interest, charges or commissions must be accrued over the tenor of the contract.

Tenor

The default period during which a contract is effective. The default Maturity Date of a contract is calculated from tenor.

Rate Variance

The difference between the default value and the changed value of an exchange rate employed for currency conversion. Permissible limit can be set for the variance.

Amortization Type

The method according to which amortization is applied on a loan contract for which the type of schedule defined is amortization. It could be any of two types, Reducing Balance or Rule 78.

Cascading Schedules

A schedule falling due on a holiday can be moved backward or forward, based on the Mover Forward or Move Backward preference. By cascading, the subsequent schedules are also moved forward or backward accordingly. If schedules are not cascaded the frequency will be reckoned from the schedule due date of the previous month before moving forward or backward.



Maturity Type

The manner in which the maturity of a loan contract is reckoned. There are three possible types – Fixed, Call or Notice Days.

Commitment Type

An attribute of a commitment contract, which determines whether the amount of the contract is reinstated when a loan linked to the contract, is paid. If the commitment is revolving, the contract amount is reinstated, and if it is non-revolving, the contract amount is not reinstated.

Verify Funds

The check for availability of funds in a customer account before it is debited for the purpose of liquidation of any of the components of a loan contract. If not specified for a contract, this check is not performed in the system.

Cluster ID

A unique identifier for a cluster defined for a deposit product. A cluster deposit is a deposit contract involving a deposit product for which a cluster has been defined.

Reducing Balance

A method of calculation of interest component for amortized type of repayment. The interest is calculated on the outstanding principal for the current period.

Rule 78

A method of calculation of interest component for amortized type of repayment. The interest is calculated on the outstanding principal based on remaining tenor divided by total tenor.

Holiday Currency

The currency of a loan contract, for which the holiday table of the currency must be checked, before the payment schedule is drawn up. By default, the currency that is checked is the loan currency. If any other currency is specified, then both are checked.

Liquidation Type

For a loan, the liquidation type indicates whether the loan is liquidated manually or automatically on maturity.

Mode of Liquidation

The manner in which the payable components of a loan contract are to be settled in FLEXCUBE. The modes available are automatic and manual.

Interest Rate Revision Schedule

The schedule defined for the refreshing of interest rates from the Floating Rates table, for floating rates applicable on a loan contract.



Interest Rate Revision Frequency

The frequency specified for the rate revision schedule defined for floating rates applicable on a loan contract.

Pre-Payment

Repayment of principal (whole or part) of a loan contract before the repayment schedule falls due. Prepayment involves a re-computation of subsequent interest schedule amounts.

Main Interest

When more than one interest component is applicable on a contract involving a product, one of the components may be designated as the main interest component for the contract. It helps identify and differentiate the different interest components applicable for the component.

Interest Application Method

The basis upon which interest on a loan contract is applied. Interest on a contract could be applied as an amount, or a fixed rate, or floating rate.

Interest Collection Method

The manner in which the main interest payable on a loan contract is collected or liquidated. The methods could be Bearing, Discounted or True Discounted.

Repayment Type

The kind of repayment schedule defined for a loan contract. It could be amortized, normal or capitalized.

Mode of Rollover

The manner in which a loan contract is renewed or rolled over. IT could be automatic or manual.

Residual Amount

A limit placed on the residual payables on any pending component that has not been liquidated, of a loan for which the principal is to be liquidated. A check is made that the residual pending payables for any component other than the principal, must be individually less than or equal to the residual amount specified. The loan is liquidated only if this check is successful.

Billing Advice

The reminder sent to the customer of a loan contract a stipulated number of days before the repayment date of a schedule, intimating that a payment is due.

Delinquency Notice

The intimation to the customer of a loan contract that a payment in the repayment schedule is overdue.



Automatic Renewal

Rolling over a loan automatically, on maturity. The old loan is automatically liquidated and a new one initiated.

Cluster Deposit

A cluster deposit involves the input of a deposit as a multiple of specific units of a certain currency. All operations concerning the principal, like drawing up payment schedules for the principal, change in principal, etc., must be in multiples of the cluster size specified for the deposit.



12. Screen Glossary

12.1 Function ID List

The following table lists the function id and the function description of the screens covered as part of this User Manual.

Function ID	Function Description
CFDFLTRT	LD MM Floating Rate Input
CLDACHST	Account History
CLDADCMT	Ad-hoc Charge Type
CLDBKPMT	Lending Bank Parameters
CLDBLKPT	Bulk Payment
CLDBPPRF	Bulk Payment Preference
CLDCHKMT	Check List Maintenance
CLDCROLL	Consolidated Rollover
CLDEVTQR	Events Dairy
CLDHOLMT	Holiday Period Maintenance
CLDINSQY	Account
CLDPOLMT	Policy Maintenance
CLDPROMT	Promotions Details
CLDSDEMT	System Data Elements
CLDSROLL	Split rollover
CLDSTDPL	Standard Policies
CLDTPROC	Automatic Process Definition
CLDUDCMT	User Defined Element Cascade
CLDUDRMT	User Defined Element Rule
CLDUDVMT	User Defined Element Values Maintenance
CLSBLKPT	Bulk Payment Summary



Function ID	Function Description
CLSBPPRF	Bulk Payment Preference Summary
CLSENTTY	Commitment/Limits Summary
MODACCNT	Mortgage Account Details
MODADCHG	Mortgages Ad-hoc Charges
MODBATCH	Mortgage Batch
MODBRPMT	Mortgage Branch Parameters
MODCOMIT	Mortgage Commitment Account Details
MODCOMVD	Mortgage Commitment Amendments
MODCUSCH	Mortgage Customer Existence Check
MODEMINT	Equated Monthly Installment
MODIMROL	Mortgage Inactive Rollover
MODINADT	Mortgage Inactive Accounts
MODISTCH	Mortgage Manual Installment Status Change
MODLSTMT	Loan Statement
MODMDSBR	Mortgage Manual Disbursement
MODMROLL	Mortgage Manual Rollover
MODMSTCH	Mortgage Manual Status Change
MODNOCON	Mortgage Manual Notary Confirmation
MODNOVDT	Mortgage Reassignment
MODPMNT	Mortgage Payment
MODPRMNT	Mortgage Product
MODRENOG	Mortgage Renegotiation
MODSCOMT	Mortgage Commitment Account Simulation
MODSIMDT	Mortgage Account Simulation
MODSIMPT	Mortgage Payment Simulation
MODSIMVD	Mortgage Value Dated Amendments Simulation



Function ID	Function Description
MOSACCNT	Mortgage Account Summary
MOSADCHG	Mortgage Ad-hoc Charges Summary
MOSBRPMT	Mortgages Branch Parameters Summary
MOSCOMIT	Mortgage Account Details
MOSCOMVD	Mortgage Commitment Amendments Summary
MOSCUSCH	Mortgage Customer Existence Check Summary
MOSINADT	Mortgage Inactive Accounts Summary
MOSMDSBR	Mortgage Manual Disbursement Summary
MOSNOCON	Mortgage Manual Notary Confirmation Summary
MOSNOVDT	Mortgage Reassignment Summary
MOSPMNT	Mortgage Payments Summary
MOSPRMNT	Mortgage Product Summary
MOSVDAMD	Mortgage VAMI Summary
STDMOHEI	Legal Heir Maintenance
UDDCLEVT	CL User Defined Events Triggering





Mortgages

[April] [2014] Version 11.3.83.02.0

Oracle Financial Services Software Limited

Oracle Park

Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax:+91 22 6718 3001 www.oracle.com/financialservices/

Copyright © 2005, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are 'commercial computer software' pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate failsafe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information on content, products and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services.