Oracle® Fusion Middleware

Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) **E51062-07**

March 2018

Documentation for Oracle Fusion Middleware administrators who wish to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management components to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).



Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management, 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

E51062-07

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Preface

This document describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management components to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server.

Audience

This document is intended for system administrators who are responsible for upgrading existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environments to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) documentation library:

- Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Migration Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Adaptive Access Manager
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Entitlements Server
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Identity Navigator
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Privileged Account Manager
- Oracle Fusion Middleware High Availability Guide
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes

Conventions

Convention	Meaning					
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.					
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.					
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.					

The following text conventions are used in this document:

What's New In This Guide

This section summarizes the new features and significant product changes for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) and provides pointers to additional information.

- New and Changed Features for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
- Other Significant Changes in this Document for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

New and Changed Features for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

The Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) suite includes the following components:

Oracle Access Management

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0, see "Product Enhancements for Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management*.

Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, see "New Features and Enhancements for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3)" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Adaptive Access Manager*.

Oracle Identity Manager

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, see "New and Changed Features for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

Oracle Privileged Account Manager

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0, see "New and Changed Features for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Privileged Account Manager.

Oracle Entitlements Server

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0, see "Features of Oracle Entitlements Server 11gR2" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Entitlements Server*.

Other Significant Changes in this Document for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

This document has undergone many changes for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0). The major updates made to this document includes:

 The automated upgrade procedure for upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools has been added.

For more information about automated upgrade, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

• The procedure for upgrading Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Management, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated highly available environments to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) has been included.

For more information, see Chapter 23, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated Highly Available Environments".

• The Oracle Identity Navigator chapters have been removed from the guide, as Oracle Identity Navigator is deprecated in 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

Part I

Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade

This part includes the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade"
- Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade"
- Chapter 3, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade"

1

Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade

This chapter provides an overview of the upgrade process for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Section 1.1, "Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)"
- Section 1.2, "Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade Overview"
- Section 1.3, "Migration and Coexistence Scenarios"

1.1 Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

Oracle Identity and Access Management components enable enterprises to manage the end-to-end lifecycle of user identities across all enterprise resources - both within and beyond the firewall. With Oracle Identity and Access Management, you can deploy applications faster, apply the most granular protection to enterprise resources, automatically eliminate latent access privileges, and much more.

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) includes the following products:

- Oracle Access Management, which includes the following components:
 - Oracle Access Management Access Manager
 - Oracle Access Management Identity Federation
 - Oracle Access Management Mobile and Social
 - Oracle Access Management Security Token Service
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager
- Oracle Identity Manager
- Oracle Entitlements Server
- Oracle Privileged Account Manager

For information about new features and enhancements for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), see New and Changed Features for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

1.2 Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade Overview

This guide describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server.

Note: 111.1.1.x.x refers to 11.1.1.7.0 and 11.1.1.5.0.

11.1.2.x.x refers to 11.1.2.2.0, 11.1.2.1.0, and 11.1.2.0.0.

Moving from 10g or previous versions to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), and migrating from Sun product to Oracle Identity and Access Management are considered as migration scenarios, and are covered in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Migration Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

If you have deployed Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, then you must use the automated upgrade tool to upgrade your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about the automated upgrade process, topologies supported for upgrade, and the documentation roadmap, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

If you have configured Oracle Identity and Access Management using the Oracle Identity and Access Management Oracle Universal Installer and Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard, then you must use the manual upgrade procedure to upgrade your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about the manual upgrade process and the supported starting points, see Chapter 3, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

1.3 Migration and Coexistence Scenarios

The term **Migration** refers to migrating 10*g* version of Oracle Identity and Access Management components, or Sun products to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0. During migration, you must install a new 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Oracle Home (*IAM_HOME*) and then migrate your configuration data from your previous installation to the new 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Oracle Home.

The following are migration scenarios supported for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0):

- Migrating Oracle Access Manager 10g to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0
- Migrating Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 10g to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0
- Migrating Oracle Single Sign-On 10g to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0
- Migrating Sun OpenSSO Enterprise 8.0 to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0
- Migrating Sun Java System Access Manager 7.1 to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0
- Migrating Oracle Identity Federation to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0

 Migrating the certifications of Oracle Identity Analytics to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0

During migration, you can have both the old and the new deployments coexisting, such that some applications are protected by the old server, and the others are protected by the new server. The coexistence mode allows you to have seamless single sign-on experience when you navigate between applications protected by different servers.

For example, Sun OpenSSO Enterprise 8.0 and Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers can coexist and work together, so that the you have seamless single sign-on experience when you navigate between applications protected by Sun OpenSSO Enterprise 8.0 and Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Servers.

The following are the coexistence scenarios supported in 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0):

- Coexistence of Oracle Access Manager 10g with Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0
- Coexistence of Sun OpenSSO Enterprise 8.0 with Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0
- Coexistence of Sun Java System Access Manager 7.1 with Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0

Note: This guide does not cover the migration and coexistence scenarios.

For information about the migration and coexistence scenarios supported for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), see *Oracle Fusion Middleware Migration Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade

This chapter provides an overview of the automated upgrade process for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 2.1, "Introduction to Automated Upgrade"
- Section 2.2, "Deployment Topologies Supported for Automated Upgrade"
- Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview"
- Section 2.4, "Supported Starting Points for Automated Upgrade"
- Section 2.5, "Documentation Roadmap"

2.1 Introduction to Automated Upgrade

The Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tool can be upgraded to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) using the automated upgrade process.

Note: For information about the Life Cycle Management (LCM) tool used for deploying Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), see *Oracle Fusion Middleware Deployment Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management* in the for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0).

The automated upgrade process involves the following high level tasks:

- Performing the pre-validation checks using preValidate.pl script
- Upgrading binaries and configurations using idmUpgrade.pl script
- Performing post-validation checks using postValidate.pl script

Note: The automated upgrade procedure cannot be used for upgrading the Oracle Identity and Access Management environment that is installed and configured manually using the Oracle Identity and Access Management Oracle Universal Installer and Fusion Middleware Configuration tool.

For information about upgrading manually configured Oracle Identity and Access Management environments, see Chapter 1, "Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade".

2.2 Deployment Topologies Supported for Automated Upgrade

The following topologies are supported for upgrading using the automated upgrade tool:

Single Node Setup

Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology

This topology contains an OIMHOST that hosts Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server (OHS).

Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology

This topology contains an OAMHOST that hosts Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server. This topology can also contain Oracle Adaptive Access Manager if you had extended Oracle Access Manager domain to include Oracle Adaptive Access Manager during 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) deployment.

OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology

This topology contains IDMHOST that hosts Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, Oracle Unified Directory, and Oracle HTTP Server.

 Isolated upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology

For more information about isolated upgrade, see Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview".

Highly Available (HA) Setup

Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology

This topology contains an OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 that host Oracle Identity Manager, and WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 that host Oracle HTTP Server (OHS).

Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology

This topology contains an OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 that host Oracle Access Manager, and WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 that host Oracle HTTP Server (OHS).

OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology

This topology contains OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 that host Oracle Identity Manager, OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 that host Oracle Access Manager, LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2 that host Oracle Unified Directory, and WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 that host Oracle HTTP Server.

Note: The following use cases are supported in Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Bundle Patch 2:

 Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Highly Available (HA) Topology

This is a topology with OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 hosting Oracle Identity Manager, and WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 hosting Oracle HTTP Server.

 Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Highly Available (HA) Topology

This is a topology with OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 hosting Oracle Access Manager, and WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 hosting Oracle HTTP Server.

2.3 Isolated Upgrade Overview

Isolated upgrade refers to upgrading one of the tiers in OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology setup, using the automated upgrade tool, without upgrading the full suite.

For example, you can upgrade only OIM to 11.1.2.3.0, and the rest of the components (OAM, OUD, and OHS) which are on 11.1.2.2.0 will continue to work with the upgraded version of OIM.

Isolated Upgrade Scenarios Supported for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a single node

For OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a single node, the following isolated upgrade scenarios are supported:

- Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) only
- Upgrade Oracle Access Manager (OAM) only
- Upgrade Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) only
- Upgrade Oracle HTTP Server (OHS) only

Note: Isolated upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology is supported on a single node Linux platform only.

Isolated upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a highly available (HA) setup is NOT supported.

2.4 Supported Starting Points for Automated Upgrade

Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools was introduced in Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to install, configure, and deploy the components of Oracle Identity and Access Management. Therefore, Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments deployed using the LCM tool is the only supported starting point for automated upgrade.

2.5 Documentation Roadmap

Table 2–1 lists the scenarios supported for automated upgrade, and points to the respective chapters that describe the upgrade procedure.

Note: For the list of topologies supported for automated upgrade, see Deployment Topologies Supported for Automated Upgrade.

Table 2–1 Automated Upgrade Roadmap

Scenario	For the Upgrade Procedure, see				
Single Node Setup					
Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology	Section 4.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Single Node"				
Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology	Section 4.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Single Node"				
Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology	Section 4.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node"				
Highly Available (HA) Setup					
Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology	Section 5.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only on Multiple Nodes"				
Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology	Section 5.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Suite (OAM) Only on Multiple Nodes"				
Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology	Section 5.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Highly Available (HA) setup"				

Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade

This chapter provides an overview of the manual upgrade process for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Section 3.1, "Introduction to Manual Upgrade"
- Section 3.2, "Scenarios Supported for Manual Upgrade"
- Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade"
- Section 3.4, "Documentation Roadmap"

3.1 Introduction to Manual Upgrade

The Oracle Identity and Access Management environment configured using the Oracle Identity and Access Management Oracle Universal Installer and the Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard can be upgraded to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment is deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade your environment to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For more information about automated upgrade, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

The manual upgrade process involves high level tasks like upgrading ORACLE_HOME, upgrading the Database schemas, and performing any necessary post-upgrade steps.

This guide covers various manual upgrade scenarios. Use the documentation roadmap to navigate to the chapter based on your upgrade scenario.

3.2 Scenarios Supported for Manual Upgrade

The following scenarios are supported for manual upgrade:

 Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Components on a Single Node

- Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Highly Available Environments
- Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Management, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Integrated Highly Available Environments

3.2.1 Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Components on a Single Node

You can upgrade the following Oracle Identity and Access Management components to 11.1.2.3.0, on a single node using the manual upgrade procedure:

- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.2.0
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.7.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.7.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.7.0
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0
- Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x

3.2.2 Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Highly Available Environments

You can upgrade the following Oracle Identity and Access Management highly available environments to 11.1.2.3.0, using the manual upgrade procedure

- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.2.0
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.2.0
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.1.0
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0
- Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) Components
 - Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.5.0
 - Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0

3.2.3 Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments

You can upgrade the Oracle Access Management muti-data center environment using the manual procedure.

3.2.4 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Management, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Integrated Highly Available Environments

You can upgrade the integrated highly available environment with the Following components to 11.1.2.3.0, using the manual upgrade procedure.

- Oracle Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.2.0
- Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0

3.3 Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade

This section describes the supported starting points for Oracle Identity and Access Management upgrade on a single node, on a highly available setup, and on an integrated environment setup.

Table 3–1 lists the supported starting points for Oracle Identity and Access Management manual upgrade.

Supported Start Points for Single Component Node Upgrade		oported Starting nts for Single de Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Highly Available Environment Upgrade		Supported Starting Points for Integrated Environment Upgrade	
Oracle Access Management	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)
	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)		
		Bundle Patch 11.1.2.1.1	•	11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)		
	•	11g Release 2 (11.1.2)				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.2.0.3				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.2.0.2				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.2.0.1				
	•	11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.7.0 OAM-FAREL8-B P				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.7.0 OAM-FAREL7-B P				
	•	11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.5				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.4				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.3				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.2				
		Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.1				

Table 3–1Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access ManagementManual Upgrade
Component	Supported Starting Points for Single Node Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Highly Available Environment Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Integrated Environment Upgrade
Oracle Adaptive Access Manager	■ 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
	All Bundle Patches are supported	 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) 	
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2)		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) 		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	■ 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)		
	Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.1		
	Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.2		

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management

 Manual Upgrade

Component	Supported Starting Points for Single Node Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Highly Available Environment Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Integrated Environment Upgrade
Oracle Identity Manager	 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) 	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
	All Bundle Patches are supported	 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) 	
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2)		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) 		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) 		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	■ 9.1.x.x		
	Bundle Patches 9.1.0.1 and higher		
	If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x, you must first upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) and then to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).		
	Direct upgrade from Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0 is not supported.		

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management

 Manual Upgrade

Component	Supported Starting Points for Single Node Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Highly Available Environment Upgrade	Supported Starting Points for Integrated Environment Upgrade
Oracle Entitlements Server	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	NA
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2)		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	■ 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)		
	Bundle Patch 11.1.1.5.1		
Oracle Privileged Account Manager	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	NA
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
	All Bundle Patches are supported		
	■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2)		
	All Bundle Patches are supported		

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management

 Manual Upgrade

3.4 Documentation Roadmap

Table 3–2 provides the documentation roadmap for all of the manual upgrade scenarios for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

Table 3–2Documentation Roadmap for Oracle Identity and Access ManagementUpgrade

Manual Upgrade Scenario	Chapter
Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.x.x Upgrade on a Single Node	
Upgrading the following versions of Oracle Access Management to 11.1.2.3.0 on a single node:	Chapter 8, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
■ 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
■ 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
■ 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2)	

Manual Upgrad	le Scenario	Chapter
Upgrading the following versions of Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on a single node:		Chapter 9, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
■ 11g Release	2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2)	
Upgrading the Oracle Identity single node:	ollowing versions of Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on a	Chapter 10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
■ 11g Release	2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
■ 11g Release	2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2)	
Upgrading the Oracle Entitlem a single node:	ollowing versions of ents Server to 11.1.2.3.0 on	Chapter 11, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2)	
Upgrading the f Oracle Privilege 11.1.2.3.0 on a si	ollowing versions of d Account Manager to ngle node:	Chapter 7, "Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
■ 11g Release	2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
 11g Release 	2 (11.1.2)	
Oracle Identity 11.1.1.x.x and 9. Node	and Access Management x Upgrade on a Single	
Upgrading the following versions of Oracle Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on a single node:		Chapter 12, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
 11g Release 	1 (11.1.1.7.0)	
 11g Release 	1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
Upgrading the Oracle Adaptiv 11.1.2.3.0 on a si	following versions of e Access Manager to ngle node:	Chapter 13, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
 11g Release 	1 (11.1.1.7.0)	
■ 11g Release	1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
Upgrading the Oracle Identity single node:	ollowing versions of Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on a	Chapter 14, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
 11g Release 	1 (11.1.1.7.0)	
8		Charles 16 UIL and the One de Libert's
 11g Release 	1 (11.1.1.5.0)	Chapter 16, Upgrading Oracle Identity

 Table 3–2 (Cont.) Documentation Roadmap for Oracle Identity and Access Management

 Upgrade

	Chapter
ading the following version of Oracle ements Server to 11.1.2.3.0 on a single	Chapter 15, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) Environment"
1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
e Identity and Access Management Availability Upgrade	
ading the following Oracle Access gement High Availability onments:	Chapter 17, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Highly Available Environments"
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
ading Oracle Access Management -data center environments.	Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments"
ading the following Oracle Adaptive s Manager High Availability onments:	Chapter 19, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Highly Available Environments"
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
ading the following Oracle Identity ger High Availability Environments:	Chapter 20, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Highly Available Environments"
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
ading the following Oracle ements Server High Availability onments:	Chapter 21, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Highly Available Environments"
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)	
ading the following Oracle Privileged ant Manager High Availability onments:	Chapter 22, "Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager Highly Available Environments"
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)	
1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)	
	e Identity and Access Management Availability Upgrade ading the following Oracle Access gement High Availability onments: 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) ading Oracle Access Management data center environments. ading the following Oracle Adaptive s Manager High Availability onments: 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) ading the following Oracle Identity ger High Availability Environments: 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) 1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) ading the following Oracle ements Server High Availability onments: 1g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) 1g Release 1 (11.1.2.2.0) 1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) ading the following Oracle ements Server High Availability onments: 1g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) ading the following Oracle Privileged ant Manager High Availability onments:

 Table 3–2 (Cont.) Documentation Roadmap for Oracle Identity and Access Management

 Upgrade

Part II

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools

This part includes the following chapters:

- Chapter 4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools on a Single Node"
- Chapter 5, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Highly Available Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools"
- Chapter 6, "Tasks Common to Various Automated Upgrade Scenarios"

4

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools on a Single Node

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments that are deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools on a single node, to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) using the automated upgrade procedure.

If you wish to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) highly available (HA) environments that are deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, see Chapter 5, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Highly Available Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools".

Note: The upgrade procedure described in this chapter cannot be used to upgrade the Oracle Identity and Access Management environments that are configured manually, using the Oracle Universal Installer and Fusion Middleware Configuration wizard.

For information about upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management environments that configured manually, see Chapter 1, "Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade".

Before you proceed, review the automated upgrade overview, deployment topologies supported for automated upgrade, and the supported starting points described in Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: For information about any latest patches, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management.*

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 4.1, "Variables Used in This Chapter"
- Section 4.2, "Upgrade Scenarios Covered in this Chapter"

- Section 4.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Single Node"
- Section 4.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Single Node"
- Section 4.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node"
- Section 4.6, "Performing Isolated Upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node"
- Section 4.7, "Troubleshooting"

4.1 Variables Used in This Chapter

Table 4–1 lists the variables used in this chapter.

Variable	Description
SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION	This is the location where you copied the upgrade tool idmUpgrade.zip, and extracted the files.
OIMHOST	This is the host on which Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Suite Only topology is deployed.
	The following components are installed on this host:
	 Oracle Identity Manager
	Oracle HTTP Server
OAMHOST	This is the host on which Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only topology is deployed.
	The following components are installed on this host:
	Oracle Access Manager
	Oracle HTTP Server
IDMHOST	The is the host on which OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology is deployed.
	The following components are installed on this host:
	Oracle Identity Manager
	Oracle Access Manager
	Oracle Unified Directory
	 Oracle HTTP Server

Table 4–1 Variables Used in This Chapter and Their Descriptions

4.2 Upgrade Scenarios Covered in this Chapter

This chapter describes how to upgrade the following Oracle Identity and Access Management topologies deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools:

• Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Single Node

For information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology on a single node, see Section 4.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Single Node".

Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Single Node

For information about upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only topology on a single node, see Section 4.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Single Node".

 OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node

For information about upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node, see Section 4.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node".

 Isolated Upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node

For information about performing isolated upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node, see Section 4.6, "Performing Isolated Upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node".

Note: For more information about isolated upgrade, see Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview".

For the list of scenarios supported for automated upgrade, see Section 2.2, "Deployment Topologies Supported for Automated Upgrade".

4.3 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Single Node

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology on a single node deployed using LCM tool, from 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This topology contains OIMHOST that hosts Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server (OHS).

As part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, the embedded Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) will be installed and configured with Oracle Identity Manager. Therefore, after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you can choose to either use the embedded BI Publisher or continue to use the standalone Oracle BI Publisher. If you choose to use the embedded BI Publisher and discontinue using the standalone BIP, then you must migrate the existing BIP reports to embedded BIP.

To upgrade Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology on a single node, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Completing the Prerequisites
- 2. Obtaining the Software
- 3. Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- 5. Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OIMHOST
- **6.** Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)
- 7. Stopping All Servers on OIMHOST

- 8. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- 9. Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OIMHOST
- 10. Performing Post-Validation Checks on OIMHOST
- **11.** Verifying the Upgrade

4.3.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- **2.** On OIMHOST, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".

4.3.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the zip file to any accessible location on OIMHOST and extract the contents of the zip file. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

4.3.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables on OIMHOST depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

4.3.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on OIMHOST with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

4.3.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OIMHOST

After you update the properties file, you must perform pre-validation checks on OIMHOST for both Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server. To do this, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

4.3.6 Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

For more information about creating schema using RCU, see Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms".

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

4.3.7 Stopping All Servers on OIMHOST

You must stop the following servers on OIMHOST:

- **1.** Oracle HTTP Server
- 2. Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s)
- 3. Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s)
- 4. WebLogic Administration Server

To stop all of the servers on a host, run the following command script from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

4.3.8 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain on OIMHOST. For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

4.3.9 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OIMHOST

You must upgrade binaries and configuration of both Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server on OIMHOST using the idmUpgrade.pl script.

Both binary upgrade and configuration upgrade can be performed together by specifying the value both for the argument -mode while running the script. When you do so, the upgrade script performs the binary upgrade first followed by the configuration upgrade. If you do not specify any value for the argument -mode, the value will be taken as both, as it is the default value. Therefore, -mode is an optional argument when you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager on a single node.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

To upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server on OIMHOST, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script on OIMHOST for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.
- 2. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script on OIMHOST for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

4.3.10 Performing Post-Validation Checks on OIMHOST

After you upgrade binaries and configuration, you must perform post-validation checks on OIMHOST for both Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle HTTP Server using the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks on OIMHOST, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

4.3.11 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade by checking the log files on OIMHOST. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

4.4 Upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Single Node

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only topology on a single node deployed using LCM tool, from 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This topology contains OAMHOST that hosts Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server (OHS). This topology can also include Oracle Adaptive Access Manager if you had extended your Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) domain to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager post-deployment.

Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) has a new feature called Oracle Mobile Security Suite. You can enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite post-upgrade. For an introduction to Oracle Mobile Security Suite, see "Understanding Oracle Mobile Security Suite" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Mobile Security Suite*.

Note: Upgrade is supported on OAM only environment with non-embedded LDAP - Oracle Unified Directory (OUD), Oracle Internet Directory (OID), and Microsoft Active Directory (AD). Upgrading OAM only environment with embedded LDAP is NOT supported.

To upgrade Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only topology on a single node, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Completing the Prerequisites
- 2. Obtaining the Software
- 3. Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- 5. Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OAMHOST
- 6. Stopping All Servers on OAMHOST
- 7. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- 8. Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OAMHOST
- 9. Performing Post-Validation Checks on OAMHOST
- **10.** Verifying the Upgrade

4.4.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- 2. On OAMHOST, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".
- **3.** Verify that the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM) Administration Server is accessible at the following URL:

http://OAM_HOST:OAAM_ADMIN_PORT/oaam_admin

Use the OAAM admin username and OAAM admin password to access the OAAM Administration Server.

For example:

http://identity.example.com:14200/oaam_admin

Username: oaamadminuser

Password: Welcome1

4.4.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the zip file to any accessible location on OAMHOST and extract the contents of the zip file on both the hosts. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

4.4.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables on OAMHOST depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

4.4.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on OAMHOST with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Only topology, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

4.4.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OAMHOST

After you update the properties file, you must perform pre-validation checks for both Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server on OAMHOST, using the preValidate.pl script. To perform pre-validation checks, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

4.4.6 Stopping All Servers on OAMHOST

You must stop the following server(s) on OAMHOST:

1. Oracle HTTP Server

- 2. Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s)
- 3. WebLogic Administration Server

To stop all of the servers on a host, run the following command script from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

4.4.7 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain on OAMHOST. For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

4.4.8 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OAMHOST

You must upgrade binaries and configuration of both Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server on OAMHOST using the idmUpgrade.pl script.

Both binary upgrade and configuration upgrade can be performed together by specifying the value both for the argument -mode while running the script. When you do so, the upgrade script performs the binary upgrade first followed by the configuration upgrade. If you do not specify any value for the argument -mode, the value will be taken as both, as it is the default value. Therefore, -mode is an optional argument when you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager on a single node.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

To upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server on OAMHOST, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script on OAMHOST for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.
- 2. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script on OAMHOST for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

4.4.9 Performing Post-Validation Checks on OAMHOST

After you upgrade binaries and configuration, you must perform post-validation checks on OAMHOST for both Oracle Access Manager and Oracle HTTP Server using the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks on OAMHOST, complete the following steps:

- 1. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

4.4.10 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the Oracle Access Manager upgrade by checking the log files on OAMHOST. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

4.5 Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node

This section describes how to upgrade OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node deployed using LCM tool, from 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This topology contains IDMHOST that hosts Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Unified Directory, and Oracle HTTP Server.

As part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, the embedded Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) will be installed and configured with Oracle Identity Manager. Therefore, after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you can choose to either use the embedded BI Publisher or continue to use the standalone Oracle BI Publisher. If you choose to use the embedded BI Publisher and discontinue using the standalone BIP, then you must migrate the existing BIP reports to embedded BIP.

Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) has a new feature called Oracle Mobile Security Suite. You can enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite post-upgrade. For an introduction to Oracle Mobile Security Suite, see "Understanding Oracle Mobile Security Suite" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Mobile Security Suite*.

Note: Isolated upgrade is supported on Linux. It implies that you can choose to upgrade only one of the tiers in OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology to 11.1.2.3.0. The upgraded tier should function properly with the rest of the tiers which are still at 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0).

For more information about isolated upgrade, see Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview".

For information about performing isolated upgrade, see Section 4.6, "Performing Isolated Upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node".

To upgrade OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node, perform the following tasks:

- **1.** Completing the Prerequisites
- 2. Obtaining the Software
- **3.** Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- 5. Performing Pre-Validation Checks on IDMHOST

- **6.** Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)
- 7. Stopping All Servers on IDMHOST
- 8. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- 9. Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on IDMHOST
- 10. Performing Post-Validation Checks on IDMHOST
- 11. Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
- 12. Verifying the Upgrade

4.5.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- 2. On IDMHOST, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".
- **3.** Verify that the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM) Administration Server is accessible at the following URL:

http://OAM_HOST:OAAM_ADMIN_PORT/oaam_admin

Use the OAAM admin username and OAAM admin password to access the OAAM Administration Server.

For example:

http://identity.example.com:14200/oaam_admin

Username: oaamadminuser

Password: Welcome1

4.5.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the zip file to any accessible location on IDMHOST, and extract the contents of the zip file. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

4.5.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

4.5.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on IDMHOST, with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

4.5.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks on IDMHOST

After you update the properties file, you must perform pre-validation checks on IDMHOST for Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Unified Directory, and Oracle HTTP Server, using the preValidate.pl script.

To perform the pre-validation checks, complete the following tasks on IDMHOST:

- 1. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- **3.** Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- **4.** Run the preValidate.pl script for Oracle Unified Directory by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

Note: If you wish to perform the pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory first, you must copy the files libnnz11.so and libclntsh.so.11.1 to the folder *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/lib on LDAPHOST from one of the following locations:

- IAD_WL_HOME/server/adr
- IGD_WL_HOME/server/adr
- Web_Tier_ORACLE_HOME/lib

IAD_WL_HOME refers to the **IAMAccessDomain** and *IGD_WL_HOME* refers to the **IAMGovernanceDomain**.

After you copy the files, you can perform the pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory.

4.5.6 Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

For more information about creating schema using RCU, see Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms".

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

4.5.7 Stopping All Servers on IDMHOST

You must stop the following server(s) on IDMHOST:

- 1. Oracle HTTP Server.
- 2. Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s)
- **3.** Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s)
- 4. Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s)
- 5. WebLogic Administration Server.
- 6. Oracle Unified Directory

To stop all of the servers on a host, run the following command script from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR/*config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

4.5.8 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain. For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

4.5.9 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on IDMHOST

You must upgrade binaries and configuration of Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Unified Directory, and Oracle HTTP Server, using the idmUpgrade.pl script.

Both binary upgrade and configuration upgrade can be performed together by specifying the value both for the argument -mode while running the script. When you do so, the upgrade script performs the binary upgrade first followed by the configuration upgrade. If you do not specify any value for the argument -mode, the value will be taken as both, as it is the default value. Therefore, -mode is an optional argument when you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager on a single node.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

To upgrade the binaries and configurations on IDMHOST, complete the following steps:

1. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle Unified Directory by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

Note: Before you upgrade the binaries and configuration of Oracle Unified Directory (OUD), ensure that you have stopped the Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager Managed Servers.

- 2. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.
- **3.** Run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

Note: Before you upgrade the binaries and configuration of Oracle Identity Manager, ensure that you have stopped the Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s).

4. Run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries and configurations of Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

4.5.10 Performing Post-Validation Checks on IDMHOST

After you update the properties file, you must perform post-validation checks on IDMHOST for Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Unified Directory, and Oracle HTTP Server, using the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks, complete the following tasks on IDMHOST:

- 1. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle Access Manager by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- 2. Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle Identity Manager by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- **3.** Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- **4.** Run the postValidate.pl script for Oracle Unified Directory by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

4.5.11 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section lists the post-upgrade tasks required for some of the features to work post-upgrade. Perform the post-upgrade tasks based on your requirement.

This section includes the following topics:

Adding the JAVA System Property if you have Configured OAAM

4.5.11.1 Adding the JAVA System Property if you have Configured OAAM

If you have configured Oracle Adaptive Access Manager in OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology, you must add the JAVA system property -Djava.security.auth.login.config to the setDomainEnv.sh script located in the *IAMAccessDomain*. For more information, see Section 6.13.1, "Adding the Java System Property for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager".

4.5.12 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the upgrade by checking the log files on IDMHOST. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

4.6 Performing Isolated Upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node

If you have deployed OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node using the LCM tool 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), you can choose to upgrade only one of the components without upgrading the entire suite.

In this section, IDMHOST refers to the host on which OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology is deployed.

Note: Isolated upgrade for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology is supported on a single node Linux platform only.

For more information about isolated upgrade, see Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview".

Note: If you wish to upgrade the full suite, that is the OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a single node, follow the instructions described in the section Section 4.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Single Node".

For an OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a single node, the following isolated upgrade scenarios are supported:

- Upgrade only Oracle Identity Manager (OIM)
- Upgrade only Oracle Access Manager (OAM)
- Upgrade only Oracle Unified Directory (OUD)
- Upgrade only Oracle HTTP Server (OHS)

Instructions for Performing Isolated Upgrade

To perform isolated upgrade, complete the following steps:

- 1. Complete the following prerequisites:
 - **a.** Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
 - **b.** On IDMHOST, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".
- 2. Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the zip file to any accessible location on IDMHOST and extract the contents of the zip file. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

- **3.** Set the required environment variables depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Unified Directory. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".
- 4. Update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on IDMHOST with the values for the required parameters depending on the component that you wish to upgrade.

For information about updating the upgrade.properties file, and for the descriptions of these parameters, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

- 5. Perform the pre-validation checks using the preValidate.pl script for the component that you wish to upgrade.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Identity Manager, run the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager on IDMHOST, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Access Manager, run the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager on IDMHOST, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Unified Directory, run the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory on IDMHOST, by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle HTTP Server, run the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server on IDMHOST, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

Note: Before you perform the pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory, copy the files libnnz11.so and libclntsh.so.11.1 to the folder *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/lib on LDAPHOST from one of the following locations:

- IAD_WL_HOME/server/adr
- IGD_WL_HOME/server/adr
- Web_Tier_ORACLE_HOME/lib

IAD_WL_HOME refers to the **IAMAccessDomain** and *IGD_WL_HOME* refers to the **IAMGovernanceDomain**.

After you copy the files, you can perform the pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

6. If you are upgrading only Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

For more information about creating schema using RCU, see Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms".

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

- **7.** Stop the following servers on IDMHOST.
 - **a.** Oracle HTTP Server.
 - **b.** Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s)
 - **c.** Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s)
 - **d.** Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s)
 - e. WebLogic Administration Server.
 - f. Oracle Unified Directory

To stop all of the servers on a host, run the following command script from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

- **8.** Backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain. For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".
- **9.** Upgrade the binaries and configurations of the component that you wish to upgrade, using the idmUpgrade.pl script.

 If you are upgrading only Oracle Unified Directory, run the idmUpgrade.pl script by for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

Note: Before you upgrade the binaries and configuration of Oracle Unified Directory (OUD), ensure that you have stopped the Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager Managed Servers.

- If you are upgrading only Oracle Access Manager, run the idmUpgrade.pl script by for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle Access Manager, by specifying OAM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.
- If you are upgrading only Oracle Identity Manager, run the idmUpgrade.pl script by for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying OIM for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.

Note: Before you upgrade the binaries and configuration of Oracle Identity Manager, ensure that you have stopped the Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s).

- If you are upgrading only Oracle HTTP Server, run the idmUpgrade.pl script by for upgrading the binaries and configurations of Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node and both for the argument -mode.
- **10.** Perform the post-validation checks using the postValidate.pl script for the component that you wish to upgrade.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Identity Manager, run the postValidate.pl script for performing post-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager on IDMHOST, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Access Manager, run the postValidate.pl script for performing post-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager on IDMHOST, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle Unified Directory, run the postValidate.pl script for performing post-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory on IDMHOST, by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
 - If you are upgrading only Oracle HTTP Server, run the postValidate.pl script for performing post-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server on IDMHOST, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

- **11.** Perform the necessary post-upgrade tasks described in Section 6.13, "Post-Upgrade Tasks" depending on the component you upgraded.
- **12.** Verify the upgrade by checking the log files on IDMHOST. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

4.7 Troubleshooting

For any issues that you may encounter during the upgrade process, refer to Section 6.14, "Troubleshooting" for workaround.

For the list of known issues related to automated upgrade and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

5

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Highly Available Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) highly available (HA) environments that are deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) using the automated upgrade procedure.

If you wish to upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments that are deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools on a single node, see Chapter 4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Environments Deployed Using Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools on a Single Node".

Note: The upgrade procedure described in this chapter cannot be used to upgrade the Oracle Identity and Access Management environments that are configured manually, using the Oracle Universal Installer and Fusion Middleware Configuration wizard.

For information about upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management environments that configured manually, see Chapter 1, "Introduction to Oracle Identity and Access Management Upgrade".

Before you proceed, review the automated upgrade overview, deployment topologies supported for automated upgrade, and the supported starting points described in Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: For information about any latest patches, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management.*

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 5.1, "Variables Used in This Chapter"
- Section 5.2, "Upgrade Scenario Covered in this Chapter"
- Section 5.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only on Multiple Nodes"

- Section 5.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Suite (OAM) Only on Multiple Nodes"
- Section 5.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Highly Available (HA) setup"
- Section 5.6, "Troubleshooting"

5.1 Variables Used in This Chapter

Table 5–1 lists the variables used in this chapter.

Variable	Description
SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION	This is the location where you copied the upgrade tool idmUpgrade.zip, and extracted the files.
OAMHOST1	This is the host on which Oracle Access Manager is configured.
OAMHOST2	
OIMHOST1	This is the host on which Oracle Identity Manager is configured.
OIMHOST2	
LDAPHOST1	This is the host on which Oracle Unified Directory is configured.
LDAPHOST2	
WEBHOST1	This is the host on which Oracle HTTP Server is configured.
WEBHOST2	

 Table 5–1
 Variables Used in This Chapter With Their Descriptions

5.2 Upgrade Scenario Covered in this Chapter

This chapter describes how to upgrade the following Oracle Identity and Access Management topologies deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools:

Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only Topology on a Highly Available (HA) Setup

For information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology on a highly available (HA) setup, see Section 5.3, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only on Multiple Nodes".

 Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only Topology on a Highly Available (HA) Setup

For information about upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Suite Only topology on a highly available (HA) setup, see Section 5.4, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Suite (OAM) Only on Multiple Nodes".

 OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Highly Available (HA) Setup

For information about upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a highly available (HA) setup, see Section 5.5, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Highly Available (HA) setup".

Note: Isolated upgrade is not supported for OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a highly available (HA) setup. For information about isolated upgrade, Section 2.3, "Isolated Upgrade Overview".

For the list of scenarios supported for automated upgrade, see Section 2.2, "Deployment Topologies Supported for Automated Upgrade".

5.3 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only on Multiple Nodes

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager only 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) highly available environments to 11.1.2.3.0. As part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, Oracle BI Publisher will be installed and configured with Oracle Identity Manager. Therefore, after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you do not have to use an external standalone Oracle BI Publisher to publish reports.

To upgrade Oracle Identity Manager highly available environments, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Completing the Prerequisites
- 2. Obtaining the Software
- 3. Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- **5.** Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- **6.** Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)
- 7. Stopping All Servers
- 8. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- **9.** Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- Performing Post-Validation Checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- **11.** Verifying the Upgrade

5.3.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- On OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".
- **3.** If you are using the following RAC datasources, then make they are enabled before you start the upgrade:

- ApplicationDB
- soaOIMLookupDB
- opss-dbds
- bip_datasource

To enable the RAC databases, see Converting Single-Instance Oracle Databases to Oracle RAC and Oracle RAC One Node in the *Real Application Clusters Administration and Deployment Guide.*

5.3.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the script to OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. Extract the contents of the zip file on all of the hosts. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

5.3.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

5.3.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) Only topology on multiple nodes, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

5.3.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

After you update the properties file, you must perform pre-validation checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. To perform the pre-validation checks, you must run the pre-Validate.pl script.

To perform the pre-validation checks, do the following:

- On OIMHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify OIM as the value for -node argument.
- On OIMHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks. While running the command, specify OIM as the value for -node argument.

- On WEBHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

5.3.6 Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

For more information about creating schema using RCU, see Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms".

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

5.3.7 Stopping All Servers

You must stop the following server(s):

- **1.** Oracle HTTP Server on WEBHOST2.
- 2. Oracle HTTP Server on WEBHOST1.
- 3. Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST2.
- 4. Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST2.
- 5. Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1.
- 6. Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1.
- 7. WebLogic Administration Server on OIMHOST1.

To stop all servers on a host, you must run stopall.sh script on that host.

Complete the following steps to stop all of the servers:

1. On WEBHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

2. On WEBHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

3. On OIMHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR/*config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

4. On OIMHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

For more information about running the stopall.sh script to stop the servers, see Section 6.12, "Stopping All Servers Using stopall.sh Script".

5.3.8 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain(s). For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

5.3.9 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

You must upgrade binaries and configuration on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2 by running the idmUpgrade.pl script.

The idmUpgrade.pl script must be used for upgrading both binaries and configuration. The argument -mode represents the type of upgrade. You must perform binary upgrade on each of the nodes followed by the configuration upgrade.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

If you do not specify any value for the argument -mode, the value will be taken as both, which is the default value of the -mode argument. In this case, the script performs the binary upgrade first followed by the configuration upgrade. For more information about running the idmUpgrade.pl command, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

If you have shared binaries, you must perform binary upgrade on one node only. For example, if Oracle Identity Manager binaries are shared between OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2, you can perform binary upgrade on either of these hosts. Binary upgrade on both the hosts is not required.

To upgrade binaries and configuration, complete the following tasks:

- 1. On OIMHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and OIM as the value for the -node argument.
- 2. On OIMHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and OIM as the value for the -node argument.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.

3. On WEBHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.

4. On WEBHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2.

- **5.** On OIMHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and OIM as the value for the -node argument.
- **6.** On OIMHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and OIM as the value for the -node argument.
- 7. On WEBHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.
- 8. On WEBHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

5.3.10 Performing Post-Validation Checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

After you upgrade binaries and configuration, you must perform post-validation checks on OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. To perform the post-validation checks, you must run the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks, do the following:

- On OIMHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks. While running the command, specify OIM as the value for -node argument.
- On OIMHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks. While running the command, specify OIM as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

5.3.11 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade by checking the log files on each of the nodes. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

5.4 Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Suite (OAM) Only on Multiple Nodes

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Access Manager only 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) highly available environments to 11.1.2.3.0. If your OAM 11.1.2.2.0 domain contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, then the upgrade script upgrades Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 along with Oracle Access Manager.

Note: Upgrade is supported on OAM only environment with non-embedded LDAP -OUD. Upgrading OAM only environment with embedded LDAP is NOT supported.

To upgrade Oracle Access Manager and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager on multiple nodes, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Completing the Prerequisites
- **2.** Obtaining the Software
- **3.** Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- **5.** Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- **6.** Stopping All Servers
- 7. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- **8.** Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- **9.** Performing Post-Validation Checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2
- **10.** Verifying the Upgrade

5.4.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- **2.** On OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".

5.4.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the script to OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. Extract the contents of the zip file on all of the hosts. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".
Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

5.4.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

5.4.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading Oracle Access Manager (OAM) Only topology on multiple nodes, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

5.4.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

After you update the properties file, you must perform pre-validation checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. To perform the pre-validation checks, you must run the pre-Validate.pl script.

To perform the pre-validation checks, do the following:

- On OAMHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify OAM as the value for -node argument.
- On OAMHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify OAM as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

5.4.6 Stopping All Servers

You must stop the following server(s):

- **1.** Oracle HTTP Server on WEBHOST2.
- 2. Oracle HTTP Server on WEBHOST1.
- **3.** Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s) on OAMHOST2.
- 4. Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s) on OAMHOST1.

5. WebLogic Administration Server on OAMHOST1.

To stop all servers on a host, you must run stopall.sh script on that host.

Complete the following steps to stop all of the servers:

1. On WEBHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

2. On WEBHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR/*config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

3. On OAMHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR/*config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

4. On OAMHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

For more information about running the stopall.sh script to stop the servers, see Section 6.12, "Stopping All Servers Using stopall.sh Script".

5.4.7 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the WebLogic domain(s). For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

5.4.8 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

You must upgrade binaries and configuration on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2 by running the idmUpgrade.pl script.

The idmUpgrade.pl script must be used for upgrading both binaries and configuration. The argument -mode represents the type of upgrade. You must perform binary upgrade on each of the nodes followed by the configuration upgrade.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

If you have shared binaries, you must perform binary upgrade on one node only. For example, if Oracle Identity Manager binaries are shared between OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2, you can perform binary upgrade on either of these hosts. Binary upgrade on both the hosts is not required.

To upgrade binaries and configuration, complete the following tasks:

1. On OAMHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and OAM as the value for the -node argument.

2. On OAMHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and OAM as the value for the -node argument.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.

- **3.** On WEBHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.
- 4. On WEBHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade binaries. While running this command, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2.

- **5.** On OAMHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and OAM as the value for the -node argument.
- 6. On OAMHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and OAM as the value for the -node argument.
- 7. On WEBHOST1, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.
- 8. On WEBHOST2, run idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade configuration. While running this command, specify config as the value for the -mode argument, and WEBTIER as the value for the -node argument.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

5.4.9 Performing Post-Validation Checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2

After you upgrade binaries and configuration, you must perform post-validation checks on OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. To perform the post-validation checks, you must run the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks, do the following:

- Restart the Oracle HTTP Servers on both WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2.
- On OAMHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks. While running the command, specify OAM as the value for -node argument.
- On OAMHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks. While running the command, specify OAM as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks.
 While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.
- On WEBHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks. While running the command, specify WEBTIER as the value for -node argument.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

5.4.10 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the Oracle Access Manager upgrade by checking the log files on each of the nodes. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

5.5 Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) Topology on a Highly Available (HA) setup

This section describes how to upgrade OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a highly available (HA) setup deployed using LCM tool, from 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

This topology contains the following hosts:

- OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 These are the hosts on which Oracle Identity Manager is configured.
- OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 These are the hosts on which Oracle Access Manager is configured.
- LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2 These are the hosts on which Oracle Unified Directory is configured.
- WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2 These are the hosts on which Oracle HTTP Server is configured.

As part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, the embedded Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) will be installed and configured with Oracle Identity Manager. Therefore, after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you can choose to either use the embedded BI Publisher or continue to use the standalone Oracle BI Publisher. If you choose to use the embedded BI Publisher and discontinue using the standalone BIP, then you must migrate the existing BIP reports to embedded BIP.

Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) has a new feature called Oracle Mobile Security Suite. You can enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite post-upgrade. For an introduction to Oracle Mobile Security Suite, see "Understanding Oracle Mobile Security Suite" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Mobile Security Suite*.

To upgrade OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology on a highly available (HA) setup, from 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), perform the following tasks:

- **1.** Completing the Prerequisites
- 2. Obtaining the Software
- 3. Setting the Environment Variables
- 4. Updating the Properties File
- 5. Performing Pre-Validation Checks all of the Hosts
- **6.** Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)
- 7. Stopping All Servers

- 8. Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain
- 9. Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on all of the Hosts
- 10. Performing Post-Validation Checks on all of the Hosts
- 11. Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
- 12. Verifying the Upgrade

5.5.1 Completing the Prerequisites

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- 1. Review the system requirements and certification document and make sure that your existing environment meets all hardware and software requirements necessary for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software. For more information, see Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications".
- 2. On LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2, ensure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical hostnames (fully qualified host names) along with the hostname entry. For more information, see "Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File".
- **3.** Verify that the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM) Administration Server is accessible at the following URL:

http://OAM_HOST:OAAM_ADMIN_PORT/oaam_admin

Use the OAAM admin username and OAAM admin password to access the OAAM Administration Server.

For example:

http://identity.example.com:14200/oaam_admin

Username: oaamadminuser

Password: Welcome1

5.5.2 Obtaining the Software

Obtain the file idmUpgrade.zip that contains the upgrade scripts. Copy the script to any accessible location on LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, OIMHOST2, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2, and extract the contents of the zip file on all of the hosts. For more information about obtaining the zip file, and extracting the contents, see Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool".

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

5.5.3 Setting the Environment Variables

Before you start with the upgrade process, you must set the required environment variables depending on the platform on which you are upgrading Oracle Identity and

Access Management. For more information, see Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade".

5.5.4 Updating the Properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties* on LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2, with the values for the required properties.

For information about the properties that you must update for upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology, see Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File".

5.5.5 Performing Pre-Validation Checks all of the Hosts

After you update the properties file, you must perform the pre-validation checks on WEBHOST1, WEBHOST2, LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, OIMHOST1, and OIMHOST2. To perform the pre-validation checks, you must run the pre-Validate.pl script.

Note: If LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2 have only Oracle Unified Directory installed on them, that is, if LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2 do not have Oracle Identity Manager or Oracle Access Manager installed, then you must do the following:

Copy the files libnnz11.so and libclntsh.so.11.1 from either OAMHOST, or OIMHOST, or WEBHOST to the location *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/lib/ on both LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2.

The following are the locations of the files libnz11.so and libclntsh.so.11.1 on OAMHOST, OIMHOST, and WEBHOST:

- On OAMHOST, the files are located at IDMTOP/products/access/wlserver_10.3/server/adr.
- On OIMHOST, the files are located at IDMTOP/products/identity/wlserver_10.3/server/adr.
- On WEBHOST, the files are located at IDMTOP/products/web/ohs/lib.

To perform the pre-validation checks, do the following:

- On WEBHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- On WEBHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- On LDAPHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying DIRECTORY for argument -node.
- On LDAPHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- On OIMHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.

- On OIMHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- On OAMHOST1, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- On OAMHOST2, run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the preValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script".

5.5.6 Creating BIP Schema for OIM Upgrade (Only on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms)

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

For more information about creating schema using RCU, see Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms".

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

5.5.7 Stopping All Servers

You must stop the following server(s):

- **1.** Oracle HTTP Server on WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2.
- 2. Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s) on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.
- 3. Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.
- **4.** Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.
- **5.** WebLogic Administration Server(s).
- 6. Oracle Unified Directory on LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2.

To stop all the servers on a host, you must run stopall.sh script on that host.

Complete the following steps to stop the servers:

1. On WEBHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

 On WEBHOST1, run the following command from the location SHARED_CONFIG_ DIR/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

- **3.** On OAMHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:
 - ./stopall.sh

4. On OAMHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

5. On OIMHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

6. On OIMHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

7. On LDAPHOST2, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

8. On LDAPHOST1, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

For more information about running the stopall.sh script to stop the servers, see Section 6.12, "Stopping All Servers Using stopall.sh Script".

5.5.8 Backing Up Database and WebLogic Domain

Before you run the upgrade script, you must backup your Database schemas and the file system. For more information, see Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

5.5.9 Upgrading Binaries and Configuration on all of the Hosts

After you back up your existing environment, upgrade the binaries and configuration of Oracle HTTP Server, Oracle Unified Directory, Oracle Identity Manager, and Oracle Access Manager. To do this, you must run the idmUpgrade.pl script.on WEBHOST1, WEBHOST2, LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, OAMHOST1, and OAMHOST2.

The idmUpgrade.pl script must be used for upgrading both binaries and configuration. The argument -mode represents the type of upgrade. You must perform binary upgrade on each of the nodes followed by the configuration upgrade.

Note: Make sure that the Database services are up and running before you run the upgrade script.

If you have shared binaries, you must perform binary upgrade on one node only. For example, if Oracle Identity Manager binaries are shared between OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2, you can perform binary upgrade on either of these hosts. Binary upgrade on both the hosts is not required.

To upgrade binaries and configuration, complete the following tasks in the same order specified:

1. On WEBHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and WEBTIER for the argument -node.

2. On WEBHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and WEBTIER for the argument -node.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2.

- **3.** On LDAPHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- 4. On LDAPHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and DIRECTORY for the argument -node.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between LDAPHOST1 and LDAPHOST2.

- 5. On OAMHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Access Manager, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and OAM for the argument -node.
- 6. On OAMHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Access Manager, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and OAM for the argument -node.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.

- 7. On OIMHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and OIM for the argument -node.
- 8. On OIMHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the binaries of Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying binary for the argument -mode, and OIM for the argument -node.

This step is required only if binaries are not shared between OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.

- **9.** On WEBHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- **10.** On WEBHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- 11. On LDAPHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- **12.** On LDAPHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- **13.** On OAMHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Access Manager, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and OAM for the argument -node.
- 14. On OAMHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Access Manager, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and OAM for the argument -node.

- **15.** On OIMHOST1, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and OIM for the argument -node.
- **16.** On OIMHOST2, run the idmUpgrade.pl script to upgrade the configuration of Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying config for the argument -mode, and OIM for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the idmUpgrade.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script".

5.5.10 Performing Post-Validation Checks on all of the Hosts

After you upgrade binaries and configuration, you must perform post-validation checks on LDAPHOST1, LDAPHOST2, OAMHOST1, OAMHOST2, OIMHOST1, OIMHOST2, WEBHOST1, and WEBHOST2. To perform the post-validation checks, you must run the postValidate.pl script.

To perform the post-validation checks, do the following:

- On LDAPHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- On LDAPHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory, by specifying DIRECTORY for the argument -node.
- On OAMHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- On OAMHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager, by specifying OAM for the argument -node.
- On OIMHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- On OIMHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager, by specifying OIM for the argument -node.
- On WEBHOST1, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.
- On WEBHOST2, run the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server, by specifying WEBTIER for the argument -node.

For general syntax of the postValidate.pl script and for information about running the script, see Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script".

5.5.11 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section lists the post-upgrade tasks required for some of the features to work post-upgrade. Perform the post-upgrade tasks based on your requirement.

This section includes the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service
- Upgrading Server Keystore Certificate if you have Configured Oracle Adaptive Access Manager
- Configuring Reverse Proxy Settings

Adding the JAVA System Property if you have Configured OAAM

5.5.11.1 Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service

Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service are the services provided by the Oracle Access Management suite. The automated upgrade utility does not handle the upgrade of Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service. Therefore, you must manually upgrade Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2. For more information, see Section 6.14.1, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation and Oracle Access Management Security Token Service to 11.1.2.3.0".

5.5.11.2 Upgrading Server Keystore Certificate if you have Configured Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager configured in your setup, you must upgrade the server keystore certificate by running the WLST command upgradeServerKeystoreCertificate() on OAMHOST1 and OAMHSOT2. For more information, see Section 6.14.3, "Upgrading Server Keystore Certificates".

5.5.11.3 Configuring Reverse Proxy Settings

You must configure the reverse proxy settings post-upgrade, for Oracle HTTP Server to front end BI Publisher (BIP). This can be done by protecting the following URLs by adding the required parameters in the respective files located at *WEB_ORACLE_INSTANCE*/config/OHS/component_name/moduleconf/ on WEBHOST1 and WEBHOST2:

- Add the required parameters in the oimadmin_vh.conf file for OIM to protect the URL /xmlpserver.
- Add the required parameters in the idmadmin_vh.conf file for OAM to protect the URL /access.

For more information about configuring reverse proxy settings, see Section 6.14.2, "Configuring Reverse Proxy Settings to Front End Oracle Mobile Security Suite and BI Publisher".

5.5.11.4 Adding the JAVA System Property if you have Configured OAAM

If you have configured Oracle Adaptive Access Manager in OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology, you must add the JAVA system property -Djava.security.auth.login.config to the setDomainEnv.sh script located in the *IAMAccessDomain*. For more information, see Section 6.13.1, "Adding the Java System Property for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager".

5.5.12 Verifying the Upgrade

After you perform the post-validation checks, verify the upgraded environment by checking the log files on each of the nodes. Log files are created at the location you specified for LOG_DIR parameter in the upgrade.properties file.

5.6 Troubleshooting

For any issues that you may encounter during the upgrade process, refer to Section 6.14, "Troubleshooting" for workaround.

For the list of known issues related to automated upgrade and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Tasks Common to Various Automated Upgrade Scenarios

This chapter lists the upgrade tasks that need to be performed as part of the automated upgrade process.

Note: This chapter contains the upgrade tasks that are common to different automated upgrade scenarios. Do not perform all of the tasks described in this chapter.

For the list of supported automated upgrade scenarios and the documentation roadmap, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Section 6.1, "Variables Used in This Chapter"
- Section 6.2, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications"
- Section 6.3, "Backing up the Existing Environment"
- Section 6.4, "Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade"
- Section 6.5, "Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File"
- Section 6.6, "Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool"
- Section 6.7, "Updating the upgrade.properties File"
- Section 6.8, "Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script"
- Section 6.9, "Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms"
- Section 6.10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script"
- Section 6.11, "Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script"
- Section 6.12, "Stopping All Servers Using stopall.sh Script"
- Section 6.13, "Post-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 6.14, "Troubleshooting"

6.1 Variables Used in This Chapter

Table 6–1 lists the variables used in this chapter.

Variable	Description	
SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION	This is the location where you copied the upgrade tool idmUpgrade.zip, and extracted the files.	
OAMHOST	This is the host on which Oracle Access Manager is	
OAMHOST1	installed.	
OAMHOST2		
OIMHOST	This is the host on which Oracle Identity Manager is	
OIMHOST1	installed.	
OIMHOST2		
WEBHOST	This is the host on which Oracle HTTP Server is installed.	
WEBHOST1		
WEBHOST2		
LDAPHOST	This is the host on which Oracle Unified Directory is	
LDAPHOST1	installed.	
LDAPHOST2		

Table 6–1 Variables Used in This Chapter and Their Descriptions

6.2 Reviewing System Requirements and Certifications

Before performing any installation, upgrade, or migration, you should read the system requirements and certification documents to ensure that your environment meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to.

Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications

This document contains information related to hardware and software requirements, minimum disk space and memory requirements, and required system libraries, packages, or patches.

Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations

This document contains information related to supported installation types, platforms, operating systems, databases, JDK, and third-party products.

 For interoperability and compatibility issues that may arise when installing, refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware Interoperability and Compatibility Guide.

This document contains important information regarding the ability of Oracle Fusion Middleware products to function with previous versions of other Oracle Fusion Middleware, Oracle, or third-party products. This information is applicable to both new Oracle Fusion Middleware users and existing users who are upgrading their existing environment.

6.3 Backing up the Existing Environment

Backup the Database and the file system before you start with the upgrade process. In case of any failure during upgrade, you can restore your environment by restoring the Database and file system that you backed up.

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

6.4 Setting the Required Environment Variables Necessary for Upgrade

This section lists the environment variables that you must set before you proceed with the upgrade.

Table 6–2 lists the environment variables to be set. Depending on the platform you are using and the upgrade scenario, set the required environment variables using the command described in the column "Command to be Used".

Variable	Applicable for Platforms	Description	Command to be Used
JAVA_HOME	All platforms	Specify the absolute	On OAM/OIM/OHS nodes:
		path to the JDK	■ JAVA_HOME= <i>MW_HOME</i> /jdk6
		location.	 export JAVA_HOME
LIBPATH	AIX	Specify the absolute	On OAM/OIM/OUD/OHS nodes:
		where Sybase IQ shared libraries are located.	 LIBPATH=IDM_UPGRADE_ HOME/lib:REPOS_ HOME/perl/lib/site_ perl/5.10.0/aix-thread-multi-6 4all/auto/XML/Parser/Expat
			 export LIBPATH
LD_	Solaris.Sparc6	Specify the absolute	On OAM/OIM/OUD/OHS nodes:
LIBRARY_ 4 PATH Solaris.x64		path to the directories where Sybase IQ	On Solaris.Sparc64, run the following commands:
	HPUX.IA64	shared libraries are located.	 LD_LIBRARY_PATH=IDM_UPGRADE_ HOME/lib:REPOS_ HOME/perl/lib/site_ perl/5.10.0/sun4-solaris-threa d-multi-64/auto/XML/Parser/Exp at
			 export LD_LIBRARY_PATH
			On Solaris.x64, run the following commands:
			 LD_LIBRARY_PATH=IDM_UPGRADE_ HOME/lib:REPOS_ HOME/perl/lib/site_ perl/5.10.0/i86pc-solaris-thre ad-multi-64/auto/XML/Parser/Ex pat
			 export LD_LIBRARY_PATH
			On HPUX.IA64, run the following commands:
			 LD_LIBRARY_PATH=IDM_UPGRADE_ HOME/lib:REPOSI_ HOME/perl/lib/site_ perl/5.10.0/IA64.ARCHREV_ 0-thread-multi-LP64/auto/XML/P arser/Expat
			 export LD_LIBRARY_PATH

 Table 6–2
 Environment Variables to be Set

Variable	Applicable for Platforms	Description	Command to be Used
PERL5LIB	All platforms	Specify the perl	On OAM/OIM/OHS nodes:
		location.	 PERL5LIB=REPOS_ HOME/perl/lib/site_ perl/5.10.0:REPOS_ HOME/perl/lib/5.10.0
			 export PERL5LIB
			In the above command, <i>REPOS_HOME</i> refers to the absolute path to 11.1.2.3.0 repository location.
PATH	All platforms	Set the PATH variable to point to JAVA_ HOME/bin & <i>REPOS_</i> <i>HOME</i> /perl/bin to use the 64-bit perl version	On OAM/OIM/OHS nodes:
			 PATH=JAVA_HOME/bin:REPOS_ HOME/perl/bin:\$PATH
			 export PATH
		5.10.0.	In the above command, <i>REPOS_HOME</i> refers to the absolute path to 11.1.2.3.0 repository location.
SKIP_	AIX	Set the SKIP_ROOTPRE	On OHS node:
ROOTPRE		environment variable to TRUE to ensure that the installer does not prompt you while performing checks.	 SKIP_ROOTPRE=TRUE
			 export SKIP_ROOTPRE

Table 6–2 (Cont.) Environment Variables to be Set

6.5 Verifying Hostnames in the Hosts File

Make sure that the /etc/hosts file contains both canonical host name (fully qualified host name) along with the host name entry. To verify this, run the following command:

more /etc/hosts

The following is the sample output of this command:

192.0.2.1 myhost.example.com myhost

If the /etc/hosts file does not contain fully qualified host names, then add the host names, and reboot the system or restart the network system. For example, /etc/rc.d/init.d/network restart.

6.6 Obtaining the Automated Upgrade Tool

You must download the upgrade tool and copy it to any location on the host where you will be performing the upgrade. To do this, complete the following steps:

- 1. Download the automated upgrade tool from Oracle Technology Network (OTN). The upgrade tool is available in a zip file named idmUpgrade.zip as part of the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 shiphome. For information about obtaining 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) software, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe.
- **2.** Copy the upgrade tool to any location on the host where you will be performing the upgrade. This location is referred to as *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION* in this document.

3. Extract the contents of the idmUpgrade.zip file by running the following command:

cd SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION; unzip -q idmUpgrade.zip

This command creates a new folder named r2ps3 which contains the script file.

Note: The instructions for performing an automated upgrade of Oracle Identity and Access Management to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) assume you have applied the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade Tool Bundle Patch 2 (11.1.2.3.2). To download this patch, go to the following URL:

https://updates.oracle.com/download/21419345.html

6.7 Updating the upgrade.properties File

You must update the upgrade.properties file located at *SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties with the values for the properties required for your upgrade scenario. The upgrade script uses the values that you specify in this properties file.

To update the upgrade.properties file, complete the following steps:

- Open the upgrade.properties file located at SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties, in a text editor.
- 2. Set the values for the properties required for your upgrade.

Table 6–3 lists all the properties present in the upgrade.properties file, their description, default values, and information about when to use this property.

Property	Description	When Upgrading	Sample Value
LOG_DIR	This is the location where logs files are created.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/IDM/BASEDIR/logs
WALLET_DIR	This is the location where cwallet.sso file is created. An Oracle wallet is a container that stores your credentials, such as certificates, trusted certificates, certificate requests, and private keys.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/patchAutomation
	cwallet.sso is an auto-login wallet.		

Table 6–3 Properties to be Updated in the upgrade.properties File

Property	Description	When Upgrading	Sample Value
LCMCONFIG_HOME	This is the location of topology.xml which was created when the setup was deployed using the Deployment tool. The topology.xml file contains environment related properties.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/IDMTOP/lcmdir/prov isioning/phaseguard s/lcmconfig
	The topology.xml file is located at <i>LCMCONFIG_</i> <i>HOME</i> /topology/topolo gy.xml.		
START_STOP_ SCRIPT_WORKING_ DIR	This is the location where IDM Start, Stop scripts are present.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/IDMTOP/config/scri pts
IDMLCM_HOME	This is the location where IDM LCM library files are present. The IDM LCM library files are used to parse topology.xml file.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/BASEDIR/idmlcm
	The location of the IDM LCM library files is IDMLCM_ HOME/common/lib.		
JAVA_HOME	This is the location of the Java home.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/IDM/BASEDIR/jdk6
DB_SYS_PASSWORD	This is the Database sys password.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	Passwordl
PATCHCONFLICT_ TOOL_INSTALLER_ LOC	This is the location where you downloaded Patch Conflict Manager.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	/patchConflict_ tool_ installer/PCMv6
OAM_ADMIN_USER_ NAME	This is the username of the OAM administrator.	OAMOIM-OAM-OUD	oamadmin
OAM_ADMIN_USER_ NAME_PASSWORD	This is the password of the OAM administrator.	OAMOIM-OAM-OUD	Password1
LDAP_ADMIN_USER	Specify the LDAP Admin user.	OAMOIM-OAM-OUD	oudadmin
LDAP_ADMIN_ PASSWORD	Specify the LDAP Admin password.	OAMOIM-OAM-OUD	passwordl
IDSTORE_ADMIN_ PASSWD	Specify the ID store administrator password.	OIMOAMOIM-OAM-OUD	password1

 Table 6–3 (Cont.) Properties to be Updated in the upgrade.properties File

Property	Description	When Upgrading	Sample Value
OAAM_ADMIN_USER	Specify the username of the Oracle Adaptive	OAMOIM-OAM-OUD	oaamadminuser
	administrator.		
OAAM_ADMIN_	Specify the Oracle	 OAM 	password1
PASSWORD	Adaptive Access Manager administrator password.	 OIM-OAM-OUD 	
BIP_SERVER_PORT	This is the plain port of	 OIM 	9704
	Oracle BI Publisher.	 OIM-OAM-OUD 	
BIP_SERVER_SSL_	This is the SSL port of	 OIM 	9804
PORT	Oracle BI Publisher.	 OIM-OAM-OUD 	
POLICY_MGR_PORT	Specify the port for	 OAM 	14150
	Oracle Access Management Policy Manager Managed Server.	 OIM-OAM-OUD 	

Table 6–3 (Cont.) Properties to be Updated in the upgrade.properties File

6.8 Performing Pre-Validation Checks Using preValidate.pl Script

To perform the pre-validation checks, run the following command from the location SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/:

perl preValidate.pl -node=node -prop=location_of_upgrade.properties

In this command,

- node refers to the component for which you running this script. Specify one of the following values depending on the component you are upgrading:
 - WEBTIER: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server.
 - DIRECTORY: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory.
 - OIM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the preValidate.pl script for performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager.
 - OAM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the preValidate.pl script or performing pre-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager.
- location_of_upgrade.properties refers to the absolute path to the upgrade.properties file.upgrade.properties file is located at SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties.

The preValidate.pl script performs a set of pre-validation checks. If any validation fails, you must check the logs generated at the location that you specified for LOG_DIR property in the upgrade.properties file.

To verify that the pre-validation checks were performed successfully, check for the following SUCCESS string in the log file:

SUCCESS: All upgrade properties passed during preValidation process.

If you find the following ERROR string in the log file, it implies that the pre-validation checks were failed. You must investigate the failed plugins, resolve the issue, and re-run the pre-validation checks.

ERROR: SOME PREVALIDATE TESTS FAILED

6.9 Creating BIP Schema for Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade on Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium Platforms

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on platforms such as Solaris, IBM AIX, and HP Itanium using the automated upgrade tool, you must create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIPLATFORM) schema manually using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0 from the machine that is running Linux or Windows operating system.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on Linux, skip this step, as the automated upgrade tool creates the BIPLATFORM schema on Linux.

To create the database schemas using RCU, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Obtaining Repository Creation Utility
- 2. Starting Repository Creation Utility
- 3. Creating Schemas

6.9.1 Obtaining Repository Creation Utility

Download the Repository Creation Utility 11.1.2.3.0. For information about obtaining Repository Creation Utility, see "Obtaining RCU" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

6.9.2 Starting Repository Creation Utility

Start the Repository Creation Utility 11.1.2.3.0 from the location where you downloaded it. For information about starting Repository Creation Utility, see "Starting RCU" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

6.9.3 Creating Schemas

Create the necessary schemas using Repository Creation Utility. For information about creating schemas, see "Creating Schemas" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

Note: Select only **BIPLATFORM** schema on the **Select Components** (for Create Operation) screen.

6.10 Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries and Configuration Using idmUpgrade.pl script

The script idmUpgrade.pl can be used to upgrade both binaries and configurations. The value specified for the argument -mode while running the script determines if the script is run to upgrade binaries or configuration.

To upgrade Oracle Identity and Access Management binaries or configurations or both, run the following command from the location *SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION*/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/:

perl idmUpgrade.pl -node=node -repoLocs=repo_location -props=location_of_
upgrade.properties -mode=mode

In this command,

- node refers to the component for which binary and/or configuration upgrade is performed. Specify one of the following values depending on the component you are upgrading:
 - WEBTIER: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the idmUpgrade.pl script for Oracle HTTP Server.
 - DIRECTORY: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the idmUpgrade.pl script for Oracle Unified Directory.
 - OIM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the idmUpgrade.pl script for Oracle Identity Manager.
 - OAM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are upgrading running the idmUpgrade.pl script for Oracle Access Manager.
- repo_location refers to the absolute path to 11.1.2.3.0 repository location. You can
 pass a maximum of two repository locations in the command line argument,
 separated by comma. For example, repo and post-repo locations.
- location_of_upgrade.properties refers to the absolute path to the upgrade.properties file.upgrade.properties file is located at SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties.
- mode refers to the type of upgrade you want to perform.

For binary upgrade, specify binary as the value for the -mode argument.

For configuration upgrade, specify config as the value for the -mode argument.

For performing both binary and configuration upgrade, specify both as the value for the -mode argument. This can be used in case of single node upgrade. If you specify both as the value for the -mode argument, the upgrade script performs binary upgrade first followed by the configuration upgrade.

If you do not specify any value for the argument -mode, the value will be taken as both, and the script will upgrade the binaries first followed by the configuration.

6.11 Performing Post-Validation Checks Using postValidate.pl Script

After you perform binary upgrade and configurations, you must perform the post-validation checks by running the following command:

perl postValidate.pl -node=node -prop=location_of_upgrade.properties

In this command,

- node refers to the component for which the post-validation checks are performed. Specify one of the following values depending on the component you are upgrading:
 - WEBTIER: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle HTTP Server.
 - DIRECTORY: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Unified Directory.
 - OIM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Identity Manager.
 - OAM: Specify this value for the -node argument if you are running the postValidate.pl script to perform post-validation checks for Oracle Access Manager.
- location_of_upgrade.properties refers to the absolute path to the upgrade.properties file.upgrade.properties file is located at SCRIPT_FILE_ LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/upgrade.properties.

The postValidate.pl script performs a set of post-validation checks. If any validation fails, you must check the logs generated at the location that you specified for LOG_DIR property in the upgrade.properties file.

To verify that the post-validation checks were performed successfully, check for the following SUCCESS string in the log file:

SUCCESS: All upgrade properties passed during postValidation process.

If you find the following ERROR string in the log file, it implies that the post-validation checks were failed. You must investigate the failed plugins, resolve the issue, and re-run the post-validation checks.

ERROR: SOME POSTVALIDATE TESTS FAILED

6.12 Stopping All Servers Using stopall.sh Script

You can use the script stopall.sh located at *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts directory to stop all of the servers in the environment. The script stops the components which are installed on a given host in the following order. What is stopped depends on what is installed on the host on which the script is running:

- 1. Oracle HTTP Server
- **2.** Oracle Access Manager Managed Server(s)
- 3. Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s)
- 4. Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s)
- **5.** WebLogic Administration Server
- 6. Node Manager
- 7. Oracle Unified Directory

To stop all of the servers on a host, run the following command from the location *SHARED_CONFIG_DIR*/config/scripts:

./stopall.sh

Specify the WebLogic and Node Manager administrator passwords when prompted.

6.13 Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes the post-upgrade tasks. You must perform only those tasks that are applicable to your upgrade scenario.

This section contains the following topics:

Adding the Java System Property for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

6.13.1 Adding the Java System Property for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

If you upgraded OIM-OAM Integrated with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) topology that has Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM) configured, you must add the following JAVA system property to the *IAMAccessDomain*/bin/setDomainEnv.sh script:

```
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=${ORACLE_
HOME}/designconsole/config/authwl.conf
```

After you update the JAVA system property in the setDomainEnv.sh file, restart the OAAM Managed Server (for example, wls_oaam1).

6.14 Troubleshooting

This section describes the some of the common issues that you might encounter during the upgrade process, and their workaround. This section includes the following topics:

- IDM URL Access Issues When Performing Pre-Validation and Post-Validation Checks on HP-UX Itanium
- Autologin to OIM Console Fails After Resetting User Password Post OIM/OAM Isolated Upgrade on AIX
- Perl Undefined Symbol Error While Running preValidate.pl Script
- /xmlpserver and /access URLs not Accessible via OHS Port After Isolated Upgrade

6.14.1 IDM URL Access Issues When Performing Pre-Validation and Post-Validation Checks on HP-UX Itanium

When you perform pre-validation and post-validation checks on HP-UX Itanium by running the preValidate.pl and postValidate.pl scripts respectively, you might encounter failures related to "Checking Web Pages" during IDM urls access checks in Access Manager or Oracle Identity Manager domains. Ignore these messages.

The workaround for this issue is to manually check and confirm the IDM URLs accessibility from the browser.

6.14.2 Autologin to OIM Console Fails After Resetting User Password Post OIM/OAM Isolated Upgrade on AIX

After you perform OIM or OAM isolated upgrade on AIX, autologin to OIM console fails with the following system error message:

System error. Please re-try your action. If you continue to get this error, please

contact the Administrator.

The workaround for this issue is to use the new user credentials to log in to the OIM console.

6.14.3 Perl Undefined Symbol Error While Running preValidate.pl Script

If your perl version is 5.10.1, the following error is seen when you run the preValidate.pl script to perform pre-validation checks:

```
Checking webpage $OAM_ADMIN_LBRURL/console
Making request to http://host.example.com:port/console...
perl: symbol lookup error:
/upgrade_script/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/auto/Crypt/SSLeay/SSLeay.so:
undefined symbol: Perl_Tstack_sp_ptr
```

The workaround for this issue is to delete the SSLeay. so file from the directory SCRIPT_FILE_LOCATION/r2ps3/idmUpgrade/auto/Crypt/SSLeay/ before you run the automated upgrade script.

6.14.4 /xmlpserver and /access URLs not Accessible via OHS Port After Isolated Upgrade

After you perform isolated upgrade, that is, upgrading Oracle Identity Manager only or Oracle Access Management only in an environment that is deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) tools, the following URLs are not accessible via Oracle HTTP Server port:

- http://host:port/xmlpserver
- http://host:port/access

The workaround for this issue is as follows:

If you have upgraded Oracle Identity Manager only, add the following lines to the *OHS_INSTANCE_HOME*/moduleconf/idm.conf file, to resolve this issue:

```
# Oracle BIP console
<Location /xmlpserver>
SetHandler weblogic-handler
WLCookieName JSESSIONID
WebLogicHost host.example.com
WebLogicPort wls_port
WLLogFile "${ORACLE_INSTANCE}/diagnostics/logs/mod_wl/oim_component.log"
</Location>
```

If you have upgraded Oracle Access Management only, add the following lines to the OHS_INSTANCE_HOME/moduleconf/idm.conf file:

```
<Location /access>
SetHandler weblogic-handler
WebLogicHost host.example.com
WebLogicPort wls_port
WLCookieName OAMSESSIONID
</Location>
```

Part III

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This part includes the following chapters:

- Chapter 8, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 9, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 11, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 7, "Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments"

7

Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager (OPAM) 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2) environments to Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments as 11.1.2.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 7.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Privileged Account Manager"
- Section 7.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 7.3, "Exporting the Pre-Upgrade Data"
- Section 7.4, "Stopping the Administration Servers and the Managed Server(s)"
- Section 7.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6"
- Section 7.6, "Updating Oracle Privileged Account Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 7.7, "Upgrading the Database Schemas"
- Section 7.8, "Start the Administration Server and the Managed Server(s)"
- Section 7.9, "Redeploying the Applications"
- Section 7.10, "Enabling TDE or Non-TDE Mode in OPAM Data Store"
- Section 7.11, "Importing the Pre-Upgrade Data"
- Section 7.12, "Clearing Pre-Upgrade OPSS Artifacts"

- Section 7.13, "Optional: Configuring the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Session Manager"
- Section 7.14, "Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on OPAM Managed Server"
- Section 7.15, "Verifying the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Upgrade"

7.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Privileged Account Manager

Table 7–1 lists the tasks to be performed to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.x.x to Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

Table 7–1Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.x.x to11.1.2.3.0

SI No	Task	For More Information
1	Complete the necessary pre-upgrade tasks before you begin with the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must export the pre-upgrade data.	See, Section 7.3, "Exporting the Pre-Upgrade Data"
	If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0 to Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.	
3	Stop the Administration Server and all the Managed Servers.	See, Stopping the Administration Servers and the Managed Server(s)
4	If you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, and you must upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6.	See, Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
5	Upgrade the Oracle Privileged Account Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Updating Oracle Privileged Account Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0
6	Upgrade the 11.1.2.x.x Database schemas.	See, Upgrading the Database Schemas
7	Start all the servers.	See, Start the Administration Server and the Managed Server(s)
8	Redeploy the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application, Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications, and Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager application.	See, Redeploying the Applications
9	If your starting point is 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), complete the following tasks:	See: Fnabling TDE or Non-TDE Mode in
	1. Set up either TDE mode or non-TDE mode in the OPAM Data Store	OPAM Data Store
	 Import the pre-upgrade data 	 Importing the Pre-Upgrade Data
	 Grant and pre-upgrade OPSS artifacts 	 Clearing Pre-Upgrade OPSS Artifacts
	If your starting point is 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), skip the above tasks.	

SI No	Task	For More Information
10	 If your starting point is 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), complete the following tasks: Configure the Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager (if required) Configure the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application (if required). 	 See: Optional: Configuring the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Session Manager Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on OPAM Managed Server
11	Verify the upgrade.	See, Verifying the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Upgrade

 Table 7–1 (Cont.) Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.x.x

 to 11.1.2.3.0

7.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

7.3 Exporting the Pre-Upgrade Data

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must export the pre-upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager data before you start the upgrade process.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.

You must export the pre-upgrade OPAM data such as targets, accounts, and users, before you upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0. The steps provided in this section describes the process to export the OPAM data to an XML file. A manual export is required because the back end data store will be moved from the OPSS schema to a native OPAM data store in the new version.

Use the following procedure to export the OPAM data:

1. Set the following environment variables:

Variable	Description
ORACLE_HOME	Where Oracle Privileged Account Manager is installed.
JAVA_HOME	Location of JDK used for the WebLogic installation.

- 2. Navigate to ORACLE_HOME/opam/bin.
- **3.** Execute the following command with all the parameters mentioned:

On UNIX:

```
./opam.sh
[-url <OPAM server url>]] (defaults to https://localhost:18102/opam)
-u [user name] (the user should have OPAM_SECURITY_ADMIN and OPAM_USER_MANAGER
roles)
-p <password>
-x export -f [export xml file]
[-encpassword <encryption/decryption password>] (provide a value for
encpassword for better security)
[-enckeylen <Key Length for encryption/decryption of password>] (defaults to
128)
[-log <log file Location>] (defaults to opamlog_<timestamp>.txt)
```

On Windows:

```
./opam.bat
[-url <OPAM server url>]] (defaults to https://localhost:18102/opam)
-u [user name] (the user should have OPAM_SECURITY_ADMIN and OPAM_USER_MANAGER
roles)
-p <password>
-x export -f [export xml file]
[-encpassword <encryption/decryption password>] (provide a value for
encpassword for better security)
[-enckeylen <Key Length for encryption/decryption of password>] (defaults to
128)
[-log <log file Location>] (defaults to opamlog_<timestamp>.txt)
```

Note: If the data was exported without an encryption password, then specify this with the parameter "-noencrypt true" while importing the data.

7.4 Stopping the Administration Servers and the Managed Server(s)

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. So, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about stopping the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

7.5 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11*g* Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Privileged Account Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

7.6 Updating Oracle Privileged Account Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

To update Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.x.x binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.2.x.x Oracle Privileged Account Manager Middleware Home. Your Oracle Home is upgraded from 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about updating the Oracle Privileged Account Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

7.7 Upgrading the Database Schemas

Upgrade the following schemas using the Patch Set Assistant.

- OPAM
- OPSS OPSS is selected as a dependency when you select OPAM.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

After you upgrade the OPAM and OPSS schemas, the version of the OPAM schema will be 11.1.2.3.0.

7.8 Start the Administration Server and the Managed Server(s)

After you upgrade the schemas, start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

7.9 Redeploying the Applications

After you start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers, you must redelpoy the Oracle Privileged Account Manager console and Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications. To do this, complete the following tasks:

- Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application
- Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Application
- Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager Application

7.9.1 Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application

Updating oinav.ear redeploys Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application. There are two ways of updating the oinav.ear - using the WebLogic Administration console, and using the WebLogic Scripting Tool.

Redeploy Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console applications using one of the following ways:

- Redeploying OPAM Console Application Using WebLogic Server Administration Console
- Redeploying OPAM Console Application Using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

Redeploying OPAM Console Application Using WebLogic Server Administration Console

Complete the following steps to redeploy Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application through the WebLogic Administration console:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration console:

http://admin_server_host:admin_server_port/console

- 2. Under Domain Structure, click Deployments.
- 3. Select **oinav (11.1.1.3.0)** from the **Name** table.
- **4.** Click **Update** and click **Finish** in the **Update Application Assistant** screen after verifying the source path.

Note: If WebLogic is running in production mode, click **Lock & Edit** before clicking **Update**.

Redeploying OPAM Console Application Using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

Complete the following steps to redeploy Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application through the WLST console:

On UNIX

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *MW_HOME*/wlserver_10.3/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

redeploy('oinav#11.1.1.3.0')

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

7.9.2 Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Application

Note: The OPAM application version number is 11.1.2.0.0 while the actual Oracle Privileged Account Manager version number should be 11.1.2.3.0.

This is not an error. The discrepancy is caused by a difference between how OPAM and Identity Access Management releases are tracked internally.

Updating opam.ear redeploys Oracle Privileged Account Manager. There are two ways of updating the opam.ear - using the WebLogic Administration console, and using the WebLogic Scripting Tool.

Redeploy Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications using one of the following ways:

- Redeploying OPAM Applications Using WebLogic Server Administration Console
- Redeploying OPAM Applications Using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

Redeploying OPAM Applications Using WebLogic Server Administration Console

Complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager through the WebLogic Administration console:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration console:

http://admin_server_host:admin_server_port/console

- 2. Under Domain Structure, click Deployments.
- 3. Select opam (11.1.2.0.0) from the Name table.
- **4.** Click **Update** and click **Finish** in the **Update Application Assistant** screen after verifying the source path.

Note: If WebLogic is running in production mode, click **Lock & Edit** before clicking **Update**.

Redeploying OPAM Applications Using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

Complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager through the WLST console:

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *MW_HOME/*wlserver_10.3/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

redeploy('opam#11.1.2.0.0')

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

7.9.3 Redeploying Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager Application

Updating opamsessionmgr.ear redeploys Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager. There are two ways of updating the opamsessionmgr.ear - using the WebLogic Administration console, and using the WebLogic Scripting Tool.

Redeploy Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager applications using one of the following ways:

- Redeploying OPAM Session Manager Using WebLogic Server Administration Console
- Redeploying OPAM Session Manager Using WebLogic Server Administration Console

Redeploying OPAM Session Manager Using WebLogic Server Administration Console

Complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager through the WebLogic Administration console:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration console:

http://admin_server_host:admin_server_port/console

- 2. Under Domain Structure, click Deployments.
- 3. Select **opamsessionmgr** from the **Name** table.
- **4.** Click **Update** and click **Finish** in the **Update Application Assistant** screen after verifying the source path.

Note: If WebLogic is running in production mode, click **Lock & Edit** before clicking **Update**.

Redeploying OPAM Session Manager Using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

Complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager through the WLST console:

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *MW_HOME/*wlserver_10.3/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

redeploy('opamsessionmgr')

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

7.10 Enabling TDE or Non-TDE Mode in OPAM Data Store

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must enable TDE or non-TDE mode in the Oracle Privileged Account Manager data store.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.

Oracle Privileged Account Manager can operate with Oracle Database TDE (Transparent Data Encryption) mode. You can choose to either enable or disable the TDE mode. Oracle strongly recommends to enable the TDE mode for enhanced security. Depending upon what mode you wish to enable, complete one of the following tasks:

- Configuring TDE Mode in Data Store
- Configuring Non-TDE Mode in Data Store

7.10.1 Configuring TDE Mode in Data Store

To enable TDE mode in Oracle Privileged Account Manager data store, complete the following steps:

- 1. Enabling TDE in the Database
- 2. Enabling Encryption in OPAM Schema

7.10.1.1 Enabling TDE in the Database

For information about enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) in the database for Oracle Privileged Account Manager, see "Enabling Transparent Data Encryption" in the Oracle Database Advanced Security Administrator's Guide.

For more information, see "Securing Stored Data Using Transparent Data Encryption" in the Oracle Database Advanced Security Administrator's Guide

After enabling TDE in the database for Oracle Privileged Account Manager, you must enable encryption in OPAM schema, as described in "Enabling Encryption in OPAM Schema" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

7.10.1.2 Enabling Encryption in OPAM Schema

To enable encryption in the OPAM schema, run the <code>opamxencrypt.sql</code> script with the OPAM schema user, using sqlplus or any other client.

IAM_HOME/opam/sql/opamxencrypt.sql

Example:

sqlplus DEV_OPAM/welcome1 @IAM_HOME/opam/sql/opamxencrypt.sql

7.10.2 Configuring Non-TDE Mode in Data Store

Note: This step is only necessary if you did not enable TDE as described in Section 7.10.1, "Configuring TDE Mode in Data Store".

While it is not recommended, if non-TDE mode is required by the user, the flag "tdemode" must be set to false. For more information, see "Setting Up Non-TDE Mode" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

Caution: Oracle recommends that you always use Transparent Data Encryption(TDE). Without TDE, your data is not secure.

For more information on switching between the two modes, see "Securing Data On Disk" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Privileged Account Manager.

7.11 Importing the Pre-Upgrade Data

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must export the pre-upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager data after you upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.

To import the pre-upgrade OPAM data, do the following:

1. Set the following environment variables:

Variable	Description	
ORACLE_HOME	Oracle Privileged Account Manager is installed.	
JAVA_HOME	Location of JDK used for the WebLogic installation.	

- 2. Navigate to ORACLE_HOME/opam/bin.
- **3.** Execute the opam.sh script with the following parameters:

```
./opam.sh
-url <OPAM server url> (defaults to https://localhost:18102/opam)
-u <user name> (the user should have OPAM_SECURITY_ADMIN and OPAM_USER_MANAGER
roles)
-p <password>
-x import -f <import xml file>
-encpassword <encryption/decryption password>
-enckeylen <Key Length for encryption/decryption of password> (Defaults to 128)
-log <log file Location> (defaults to opamlog_<timestamp>.txt)
```

7.12 Clearing Pre-Upgrade OPSS Artifacts

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must clear the pre-upgrade OPSS artifacts after you upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.

To clear the OPSS artifacts of the pre-upgrade instance, do the following:
On UNIX:

\$ORACLE_HOME/common/bin/wlst.sh \$ORACLE_HOME/opam/config/clean-opss.py <WebLogic
Administrator Username> <WebLogic Administrator Password>
<t3://<adminserver-host>:<adminserver-port>

On Windows:

\$ORACLE_HOME\common\bin\wlst.cmd \$ORACLE_HOME\opam\config\clean-opss.py <WebLogic
Administrator Username> <WebLogic Administrator Password>
<t3://<adminserver-host>:<adminserver-port>

7.13 Optional: Configuring the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Session Manager

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11.1.2.3.0, this step is not required.

If you wish to configure the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 session manager, complete the following steps:

1. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers.

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 7.4, "Stopping the Administration Servers and the Managed Server(s)".

2. Run the WLST script configureSessionManager.py from the location ORACLE_ HOME/opam/tools as shown in the following example:

On UNIX:

./wlst.sh ORACLE_HOME/opam/tools/configureSessionManager.py -d <Path_ to_WebLogic_Domain_Directory> -o <Path_to_Oracle_Home_Directory>

On Windows:

wlst.cmd ORACLE_HOME\opam\tools\configureSessionManager.py -d <Path_ to_WebLogic_Domain_Directory> -o <Path_to_Oracle_Home_Directory>

7.14 Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on OPAM Managed Server

If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to 11.1.2.3.0, this step is not required.

If you wish to configure Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application on the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server(s). For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".
- 2. Run the following WLST command from the location *MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin:

On UNIX:

./wlst.sh ORACLE_HOME/opam/tools/configureOPAMConsole.py -d DOMAIN_HOME
-o ORACLE_HOME

On Windows:

wlst.cmd ORACLE_HOME/opam/tools/configureOPAMConsole.py -d DOMAIN_HOME
-o ORACLE_HOME

7.15 Verifying the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Upgrade

Verify the Oracle Privileged Account Manager upgrade by doing the following:

1. Log in to the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 console using the following URL:

http://adminserver_host:adminserver_port/oinav/opam

If you have configured Oracle Identity Navigator on the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server, you can also use the following URL to log in to the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 console:

http://opamserver_host:opamserver_nonssl_port/oinav/opam

2. Verify that the pre-upgrade data, targets, accounts, grants are present, and working as expected.

Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade your existing Oracle Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2) environments to Oracle Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0). For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

If you wish to upgrade Oracle Access Management multi-data center environments, refer to Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments as 11.1.2.x.x.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 8.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Access Management"
- Section 8.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 8.3, "Upgrading Oracle Home"
- Section 8.4, "Creating OMSM Schema"
- Section 8.5, "Upgrading the Database Schemas"
- Section 8.6, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 8.7, "Copying Modified System mbean Configurations"
- Section 8.8, "Undeploying coherence#3.7.1.1 Library"
- Section 8.9, "Restarting the Servers"
- Section 8.10, "Upgrading System Configuration"

- Section 8.11, "Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager"
- Section 8.12, "Starting the Servers"
- Section 8.13, "Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 8.14, "Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade"
- Section 8.15, "Troubleshooting"

8.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Access Management

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Access Management upgrade may not be successful.

Table 8–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.x.x environments to 11.1.2.3.0.

Task No.	Task	For More Information
1	Complete the pre-upgrade tasks before you start the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	Upgrade Oracle Home by upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 (if you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6), applying mandatory patches for Oracle Access Manager, and upgrading Oracle Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Home
3	Create Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema, if you wish to configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite post upgrade.	See, Creating OMSM Schema
4	Upgrade the following schemas using the Patch Set Assistant:	See, Upgrading the Database Schemas
	 Oracle Access Manager (OAM) schema 	
	 Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema 	
	 Audit Services (IAU) schema 	
	When you select Oracle Access Manager (OAM) schema, the OPSS and IAU schemas are also selected.	
5	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS). It is highly recommended that you perform this step.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

Table 8–1 Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

Task No.	Task	For More Information
6	If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must copy the modified system or domain mbean configurations.	See, Copying Modified System mbean Configurations
	If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.1.0 or 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this task.	
7	Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s).	See, Restarting the Servers
8	Undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library.	See, Undeploying coherence#3.7.1.1 Library
9	Upgrade the system configuration of Oracle Access Management. This step is required for the 11.1.2.3.0 features to work.	See, Upgrading System Configuration
	If you do not perform this step, the upgraded environment will still work, as compatibility mode is supported for Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.x.x upgrade.	
10	Extend the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager.	See, Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager
11	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Access Management Access Manager (Access Manager) Managed Server(s).	See, Starting the Servers
12	Perform the required post-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
13	Verify the Oracle Access Management upgrade.	See, Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade

 Table 8–1 (Cont.) Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.x.x to

8.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

- If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.0, 11.1.2.1, 11.1.2.2) environments and/or if this was upgraded from 11g Release 1, then check whether the upgrade.properties file exists under DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig. If it does, then rename the file to some other name, before you start with the upgrade.
- Back up all files under the DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig directory.
- Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 has additional components configured in its Administration Server. Therefore, ensure that the WebLogic domain memory settings are updated to suite the machine configurations.

If the servers are started using command line, you must update the memory settings in the setDomainEnv.sh file. If the servers are started using Node Manager, you must update the memory settings using the WebLogic Administration console. It is recommended to do both.

To update the memory settings in the setDomainEnv.sh file, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to the DOMAIN_HOME/bin directory.
- 2. Take a backup of file setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows).
- 3. Open the setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows) in an editor, and search for the following lines:

On UNIX:

```
# IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL
# MEM_ARGS values
```

```
if [ "${USER_MEM_ARGS}" != "" ] ; then
MEM_ARGS="${USER_MEM_ARGS}"
export MEM_ARGS
fi
```

On Windows:

<code>@REM IF USER_MEM_ARGS</code> the environment variable is set, use it to override <code>ALL MEM_ARGS</code> values

```
if NOT "%USER_MEM_ARGS%"=="" (
set MEM_ARGS=%USER_MEM_ARGS%
)
```

4. Add the USER_MEM_ARGS settings as shown in the following example:

On UNIX:

IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL MEM_ARGS values

Added for OAM 11.1.2.3 upgrade
USER_MEM_ARGS="-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m"

export USER_MEM_ARGS

if ["\${USER_MEM_ARGS}" != ""] ; then MEM_ARGS="\${USER_MEM_ARGS}" export MEM_ARGS fi

On Windows:

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}\xspace{\mathsf{REM}}$ IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL MEM_ARGS values

@REM Added for OAM 11.1.2.3 upgrade
set USER_MEM_ARGS=-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m

```
if NOT "%USER_MEM_ARGS%"=="" (
set MEM_ARGS=%USER_MEM_ARGS%
)
```

5. Save the changes to the file

To update the memory settings using the WebLogic Administration console, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- **2.** Click **Servers** on the left navigation pane.
- **3.** Select the OAM Server.
- 4. Go to the Server Start tab.
- 5. Click Arguments.
- 6. Set the value of JVM arguments for the OAM Server. For example:

-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m

7. Save the changes.

For more information about the memory requirements for Oracle Identity and Access Management, see "Memory and Space Requirements for Oracle Fusion Middleware and Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2).

- Shut down the WebLogic Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers. For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".
- Back up the following before you proceed with the upgrade:
 - MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
 - Domain Home directory
 - Oracle Access Manager schemas
 - MDS schemas
 - Audit and any other dependent schemas
 - Database instance using Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN). For more information about backing up the database instance as repository database

backup, see Overview of the Backup Strategies in the *Fusion Middleware* Administrator's Guide.

For information about backing up the Middleware Home and schemas, see Section 24.1.2, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

8.3 Upgrading Oracle Home

This section describes the tasks to be completed to upgrade the existing Oracle home.

This section includes the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
- Applying Mandatory Patches for Oracle WebLogic Server
- Upgrading Oracle Access Management Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

8.3.1 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Access Management environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

8.3.2 Applying Mandatory Patches for Oracle WebLogic Server

Ensure that you apply some mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

8.3.3 Upgrading Oracle Access Management Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

Upgrade the Oracle Access Management binaries using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Access Management Middleware Home.

Note: Before upgrading the Oracle Access Management binaries to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), you must ensure that the OPatch version in *ORACLE_HOME* and *MW_HOME/*oracle_common is 11.1.0.10.3. Different OPatch version might cause patch application failure. If you have upgraded opatch to a newer version, you will have to roll back to version 11.1.0.10.3.

For information about upgrading Oracle Access Management binaries to Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

8.4 Creating OMSM Schema

If you wish to configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) post-upgrade, you must create Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema using the Repository Creation utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0.

For information about creating schemas using Run Repository Creation utility, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

8.5 Upgrading the Database Schemas

After you upgrade Oracle Access Management binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must upgrade the following schemas by running the Patch Set Assistant (PSA):

- Oracle Access Manager (OAM) schema
- Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema
- Audit Services (IAU) schema
- Oracle Metadata Services (MDS) schema

When you run the PSA to upgrade schemas, select Oracle Access Manager (OAM) schema. This automatically selects Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema and Audit Services (IAU) schema. Once you upgrade these schemas, run the PSA again to upgrade Oracle Metadata Services (MDS) schema.

Note: Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) requires Oracle Metadata Services (MDS) schema. Therefore, to configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) post-upgrade, you must upgrade the Oracle Metadata Services (MDS) schema.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

8.6 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

After you upgrade schemas, it is highly recommended that you upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"

8.7 Copying Modified System mbean Configurations

If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2 to Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0, you must copy the modified system or domain mbean configurations from the *OAM_ORACLE_HOME* to the *DOMAIN_HOME*, after you update the Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.2.0 or 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, skip this section.

To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *\$ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX:wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Run the following command:

copyMbeanXmlFiles('DOMAIN_HOME','OAM_ORACLE_HOME')

In this command, *DOMAIN_HOME* is the absolute path to the Access Manager WebLogic domain, and *OAM_ORACLE_HOME* is the absolute path to the OAM Oracle home. The second parameter *OAM_ORACLE_HOME* is optional.

For example:

On UNIX:

copyMbeanXmlFiles('/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_ domain','/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_IDM1')

On Windows:

copyMbeanXmlFiles('C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\user_projects\domains\\base_ domain','C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\Oracle_IDM1')

3. If the modified system or domain mbean configurations are copied successfully, the following status is displayed on the command line:

```
STATUS: SUCCESS
The mbean xml files have been upgraded to new version.
The original mbean xml is saved in "<domain_directory>/output/upgrade".
Please restart the admin and oam servers.
```

If the STATUS shows SUCCESS, start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

8.8 Undeploying coherence#3.7.1.1 Library

After you upgrade the system configurations, you must undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library, as it is not shipped with Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0. You can undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library either by running the WLST command undeploy() or using the WebLogic Administration console.

Note: The deployments for any application that references this library must be stopped and deleted before you undeploy the library.

For the list of applications that reference this library, log in to the WebLogic Administration Console, navagate to **Deployments** in the **Domain Structure**, click **coherence(3.7.1.1,3.7.1.1)**, and go to the **Overview** tab. The applications that reference this library are listed at the bottom of the page.

To undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library using the WLST command, complete the following steps:

1. Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s), if you have not done already.

For more information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

2. Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

3. Connect to the WebLogic Administration Server by running the following command:

connect('wls_admin_username','wls_admin_password','t3://hostname:port')

In this command,

wls_admin_username is the username used to connect to the WebLogic Administration Server.

wls_admin_password is the password used to connect to the WebLogic Administration Server.

hostname is the host on which the WebLogic Administration Server is running.

port is the port of the WebLogic Administration Server.

4. Run the following command to undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library:

undeploy('coherence#3.7.1.1@3.7.1.1')

To undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library using the WebLogic Administration Console, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. In the Change Center of the Administration Console, click Lock & Edit.
- 3. Click **Deployments** under **Domain Structure** on the left navigation pane.
- 4. Select **coherence**(3.7.1.1,3.7.1.1) library, and click **Delete**.
- 5. Click Activate Changes.

Note: Before you restart the servers, add the oam_server and oam_admin servers after you have upgraded coherence.

8.9 Restarting the Servers

Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

8.10 Upgrading System Configuration

For the Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 features to work, you must run the upgradeConfig() utility on the machine that hosts Administration Server. This utility

upgrades the system configuration and policy store of Oracle Access Management to 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, then you must do the following before running the upgradeConfig.sh command:

- 1. Go to the directory ORACLE_HOME/common/script_handlers.
- Remove all the .class files by running the following command: rm *.class

To upgrade the system configuration of Oracle Access Management, do the following:

- 1. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s). For more information, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".
- 2. The upgradeConfig command needs to be run using the IPv4 stack. Therefore, you must add the following property to the wlst.sh file (on UNIX) or wlst.cmd file (on Windows) located at ORACLE_HOME/common/bin:

-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true

To do this, open the wlst.sh or wlst.cmd file in a text editor, add the property, and save the file.

3. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

4. Before you run the upgradeConfig() command, ensure that the output of upgradeConfig command is captured in a log file, for review in case of upgrade issues. To do this, run the following command:

redirect('outputFile')

In this command, *outpufFile* is the name of the log file.

For example:

redirect('wlst.log')

5. Run the following command in offline mode:

```
upgradeConfig("domain_home", "sysdbaUser", "sysdbaPwd",
"oamSchemaOwner", "oamdbJdbcUrl")
```

In this command,

- domain_home is the absolute path to the Oracle Access Management WebLogic domain.
- sysdbauser is the database username having sysdba privileges.
- sysdbapwd is the password of the database user having sysdba privileges.
- oamSchemaOwner is the database username for OAM schema.
- oamdbjdbcUrl is the JDBC URL to connect to the Access Manager database. The JDBC URL must be in specified in the format
 "jdbc:oracle:thin:@<server_host>:<server_port>/<service_name>".

For example:

On UNIX:

```
upgradeConfig("/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_domain",
    "sys", "pwd", "PREFIX_OAM", "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521/orcl")
```

On Windows:

```
upgradeConfig("C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\user_projects\\domains\\base_
domain", "sys", "pwd", "PREFIX_OAM",
"jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521/orcl")
```

8.11 Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager

Extend the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager. Using the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite is optional. However, you must perform this step to enable the Policy Manager.

For more information, see Section 24.3.1, "Extending the 11.1.2.3.0 Access Manager Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager".

8.12 Starting the Servers

Before you start the servers, restore the **.oamkeystore** file that you had backed up from the *DOMAIN_HOME*/config/fmwconfig directory before starting the upgrade.

Start the WebLogic Administration Server, Oracle Access Management Access Manager Managed Server(s), and the OMSS Server.

For more information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

8.13 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes the post-upgrade tasks required to enable the features of Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0. These tasks are optional.

This section includes the following topics:

- Optional: Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite
- Optional: Upgrading Oracle Access Management Mobile and Service
- Optional: Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation
- Assigning Necessary Roles to Admin

8.13.1 Optional: Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite

If you wish to use the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite after extending the Oracle Access Management domain with Oracle Mobile Security Suite component.

For more information, see Section 24.3.2, "Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite".

8.13.2 Optional: Upgrading Oracle Access Management Mobile and Service

If you are using the Social Identity feature in Oracle Access Management Mobile and Service, you must update the Social Identity configuration by running the msUpgrade() command. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *\$ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Run the following command to update the Social Identity configuration:

msUpgrade()

8.13.3 Optional: Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation

If you have configured Oracle Access Management Identity Federation, you must upgrade Oracle Access Management Identity Federation to 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information about upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.3.3, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation".

8.13.4 Assigning Necessary Roles to Admin

Ensure that you assign necessary roles to the global role **Admin**, by setting the role conditions as **IDM Administrators**, **Administrators**, or **OAMAdministrators**.

For more information about creating and managing global security roles, see "Create global security roles" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help* for 11g Release 1 (10.3.6).

8.14 Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade

Verify the Oracle Access Management upgrade by accessing the Oracle Access Management Administration Console 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

If you have enabled Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) and wish to use the functionality of OMSS, use the following URL to access the Oracle Access Management Administration Console:

http://<oam_admin_server_host>:<oam_admin_server_port>/access

If you have not enabled Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS), use the following URL to access the Oracle Access Management Administration Console:

http://<oam_admin_server_host>:<oam_admin_server_port>/oamconsole

8.15 Troubleshooting

For the list of common issues that you might encounter during the Oracle Access Management upgrade process, and their workaround, see Section 25.2, "Troubleshooting Oracle Access Management Upgrade Issues".

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2) environments to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2) and 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) environments as 11.1.2.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 9.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager"
- Section 9.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 9.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers"
- Section 9.4, "Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x"
- Section 9.5, "Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server"
- Section 9.6, "Updating Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 9.7, "Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas"
- Section 9.8, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 9.9, "Starting the Servers"
- Section 9.10, "Redeploying Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Applications"
- Section 9.11, "Restarting the Servers"
- Section 9.12, "Verifying the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Upgrade"

Section 9.13, "Troubleshooting"

9.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade may not be successful.

Table 9–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager.

Table 9–1Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x to11.1.2.3.0.

SI No	Task	For More Information
1	Perform the required pre-upgrade tasks before you start with the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s) before you start the upgrade process.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers
3	Back up your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x Environment.	See, Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x
4	Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, if necessary.	See, Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server
5	Update the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Updating Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0
6	Upgrade the OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas using Patch Set Assistant.	See, Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas
7	Upgrade the Oracle Platform Security Services.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services
8	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s).	See, Starting the Servers
9	If you are upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must redeploy the applications after you start the servers.	See, Redeploying Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Applications
10	Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s).	See, Restarting the Servers
11	Verify the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade.	See, Verifying the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Upgrade

9.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

9.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers.

For more information about stopping the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

9.4 Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x

You must back up your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x environment before you upgrade to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

After stopping the servers, you must back up the following:

- MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Domain Home directory
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schema
- IAU schema, if it is part of any of your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x schema
- MDS schema

For more information about backing up the Middleware Home and the schemas, see Section 24.1.2, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

9.5 Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6. **Note:** If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

9.6 Updating Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

To update the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.2.x.x Middleware Home. Your Oracle Home is upgraded from 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about updating the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

9.7 Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas

You must upgrade the following schemas using Patch Set Assistant:

- OAAM schema
- MDS schema
- OPSS schema
- IAU schema (You must upgrade Audit schema (IAU) only if it is part of your 11.1.2.x.x schemas)

Note: When upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, you must select **OAAM** or **OAAM_PARTN** as appropriate, and provide details on all screens to complete the upgrade.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

9.8 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

After you upgrade schemas, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores. For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

9.9 Starting the Servers

Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

9.10 Redeploying Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Applications

After you start the servers, you must redeploy your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager applications on the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers.

You can redeploy the application using command line or using the WebLogic Administration console. Complete the following steps described in one of the following sections to redeploy applications:

- Redeploying Applications Using Command Line
- Redeploying Applications Using WebLogic Administration Console

Redeploying Applications Using Command Line

To redeploy applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers using command line, do the following:

1. Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the following command from the location *IAM_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

```
connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')
```

For example:

connect('wlsuser','wlspassword','localhost:7001')

- **3.** Stop the applications by running the following commands:
 - stopApplication('oaam_admin')
 - stopApplication('oaam_server')

Note: If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, run the stopApplication() command to stop 'oaam_ offline' too.

- **4.** Redeploy the applications by running the following commands:
 - redeploy('oracle.oaam.extensions')
 - redeploy('oaam_admin')
 - redeploy('oaam_server')

Note: If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, run the redeploy() command to redeploy applications on 'oaam_offline' too.

- **5.** Start the applications by running the following commands:
 - startApplication('oaam_admin')
 - startApplication('oaam_server')

Note: If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, run the startApplication() command to stop 'oaam_ offline' too.

6. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

For more information about using the redeploy command, see "redeploy" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference.

Redeploying Applications Using WebLogic Administration Console

To redeploy applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers using the WebLogic Administration console, do the following

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://admin_host:admin_port/console

- **2.** Go to the **Deployments** tab.
- 3. Click lock and Edit on the left panel.
- 4. Stop the oaam_admin and oaam_server applications. If oaam_offline is available in your environment, stop it too.
- 5. Select oaam_extension_library.
- 6. Click Update.
- **7.** The console shows the location of the .ear file. Confirm if that is the correct location of the .ear file that you wish to deploy; Otherwise, change the location.
- 8. Click Finish.
- 9. When the deployment is completed, click **Release configuration**.
- **10.** Repeat the procedure for OAAM_ADMIN, OAAM_SERVER, and OAAM_OFFLINE as applicable.

9.11 Restarting the Servers

After you redeploy the applications, restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s).

Note: After redeploying the applications, when you stop the servers for the first time, the following exception might be displayed:

<Error> <oracle.oaam> <BEA-000000> <Exception</pre> writing monitor data: java.lang.IllegalStateException: Attempting to execute an operation on a closed EntityManagerFactory. at org.eclipse.persistence.internal.jpa.EntityManagerFactoryDelegate.v erifyOpen(EntityManagerFactoryDelegate.java:305) at org.eclipse.persistence.internal.jpa.EntityManagerFactoryDelegate.c reateEntity ManagerImpl(EntityManagerFactoryDelegate.java:276) at org.eclipse.persistence.internal.jpa.EntityManagerFactoryImpl.creat eEntityManagerImpl(EntityManagerFactoryImpl.java:294) at org.eclipse.persistence.internal.jpa.EntityManagerFactoryImpl.creat eEntityManager(EntityManagerFactoryImpl.java:272) at com.bharosa.common.toplink.TopLink11gDBMgr.createSession(TopLink11g DBMgr.java: 313) at com.bharosa.common.db.BharosaDBMgr.beginSession(BharosaDBMgr.java:1 66) at com.bharosa.common.dataaccess.DataAccessMgr.beginSession(DataAccess Mgr.java:95) at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:662) > <Nov 24, 2014 2:43:22 AM PST> <Error> <oracle.oaam> <BEA-000000> <Session not found in endSession for database default. This is not okay. refCount=null java.lang.Throwable at com.bharosa.common.db.BharosaDBMgr.endSession(BharosaDBMgr.java:245) at com.bharosa.common.dataaccess.DataAccessMgr.endSession(DataAccessMg r.java:137) at com.bharosa.common.monitoring.Monitor.run(Monitor.java:113) at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:662) >

This is a one time exception, seen the first time you stop the servers after upgrade. You can ignore this exception.

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers". For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

9.12 Verifying the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Upgrade

To verify the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade, do the following:

- Verify the log file at the location MW_HOME/oracle_common/upgrade/logs to ensure that the upgrade was successful.
- Verify the version of the OAAM schema by connecting to the OAAM schema as OAAM_schema_user, and running the following query:

select version,status,upgraded from schema_version_registry where owner=<OAAM_SCHEMA_NAME>;

Ensure that the version number is 11.1.2.3.0.

Log in to the OAAM Administration console using the following URL:

http://oaam.example.com:<admin_port>/oaam_admin

Verify if the version number of Oracle Adaptive Access Manager is 11.1.2.3.0.

9.13 Troubleshooting

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) environments to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments as 11.1.2.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager
- Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
- Upgrading Oracle Home
- Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading Existing Schemas
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier
- Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components
- Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
- Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade
- Troubleshooting

10.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager

The procedure for upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0 involves the following high-level steps

- 1. **Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks**: This step involves the necessary pre-upgrade tasks like reviewing system requirements and certification, generating the pre-upgrade report, analyzing the report and performing the necessary pre-upgrade tasks described in the report, backing up the existing 11.1.2.x.x environment.
- **2. Upgrading the Oracle Home**: This step involves tasks like upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0, and upgrading Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.
- **3.** Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas: This step involves tasks like creating Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema using Repository Creation Utility 11.1.2.3.0, and upgrading the existing schemas using the Patch Set Assistant.
- **4. Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier**: This step involves upgrading Oracle Identity Manager middle tier.
- **5.** Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components: This step involves tasks like upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manger to 11.1.2.3.0.
- **6. Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks**: This step involves any post-upgrade tasks, and the steps to verify the upgrade.

Table 10–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

SI No	Tas	sk	For More Information
1	Complete the following pre-upgrade tasks:		See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
	1.	Review the news features of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.	
	2.	Review system requirements and certifications.	
	3.	Ensure that you are using a supported JDK version.	
	4.	Review the customizations that are lost or overwritten as part of the upgrade process.	
	5.	Generate the pre-upgrade report, analyze the information provided in the report, and perform the necessary tasks described in the report before you proceed with the upgrade process.	
	6.	Stop all the servers. This includes the Node Manager, WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Server(s), and Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s).	
	7.	Back up your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x environment.	

 Table 10–1
 Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0

SI No	Task	For More Information
2	Upgrade the Oracle Home by completing the following tasks:	See, Upgrading Oracle Home
	1. Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 if you are using a previous version.	
	2. Upgrade Oracle SOA suite to 11 <i>g</i> Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).	
	3. Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	
3	Create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU), and upgrade your existing database schemas using the Patch Set Assistant (PSA).	See, Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading Existing Schemas
4	Upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier. This is done by running the OIM middle tier upgrade utility OIMUpgrade.sh or OIMUpgrade.bat in offline and online mode.	See, Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier
5	Upgrade other Oracle Identity Manager installed components like Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components
6	Complete the required post-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
7	Verify the upgraded environment.	See, Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade

Table 10–1 (Cont.) Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to

10.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes all the pre-upgrade steps that you must complete before you start upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x environment. This section includes the following topics:

- Feature Comparison
- Reviewing System Requirements and Certification
- Ensuring that you are Using a Certified JDK Version
- Reviewing the Customizations that are Lost or Overwritten as Part of Upgrade
- Generating and Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report
- Backing Up Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x Environment
- Shutting Down Node Manager, Administration Server and Managed Server(s)

10.2.1 Feature Comparison

Table 10–2 lists the key differences in functionality between Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) and Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 uses Skyros skin.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses Alta skin which is business friendly (mobile, cloud). Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has new Home page, new My Profile page with user friendly Inbox.
	Most of the UI customizations need to be redone post upgrade, to match the look and feel of 11.1.2.3.0.
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2, the Access Catalog was introduced to provide meaningful and contextual information to end users during the request and access review.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has a new advanced search catalog, where UDFs that are marked as searchable will automatically be part of advance search form.
	You can also customize the search form. Attributes can be used to search catalog items. The catalog includes enhanced pagination and categories to simplify resource searches.
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.1.0, certification was introduced and the workflow supported one level of access in each phase. Certification workflow in 11.1.2.2.0 enables business to define more robust processes for compliance, enabling more granular oversight of "who has access to what". Certification reviews can mirror access request workflow, where they can be reviewed or approved by multiple sets of business and IT owners before they are deemed complete in each phase. This ensures improved visibility of user access privileges, and all review decisions are captured in a comprehensive audit trail that is recorded live during the certification as well as in reports.	Certification feature of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses the Alta UI and has been enhanced to provide inline SoD violation checks.
Till 11.1.2.2.0, BI Publisher was a separate standalone Managed Server.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has embedded BI Publisher, and therefore all BI reports are embedded in OIM.
	A business user now can launch a custom report from within OIM Self Service Console.

 Table 10–2
 Features Comparison

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.0.0 had to be integrated with Oracle Identity Analytics (OIA) to leverage the advanced access review capabilities. In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.1.0 and 11.1.2.2.0, the advanced access review	OIA functionality is now ported into Oracle Identity Governance (OIG). Customers can define and manage identity audit policies based on IDA rules. Customers can define owners and remediators for a policy, which can be a specific user, a list of users or an OIM role
capabilities of OIA were converged into OIM to provide a complete identity governance platform that enables an enterprise to do enterprise grade access request, provisioning,	Customers can use preventive and detective scan capabilities which can create actionable policy violations.
and access review from a single product.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has comprehensive role lifecycle management and workflow approval capabilities with direct involvement from business, featuring a business friendly UI.
	It also includes detailed Role Analytics to aid with the composition and modifications of roles.
Till Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0, policies were implemented and customized using OIM plug-in and pre-pop adapters implemented via plug-in framework, which required writing custom java code to extend and customize OOTB policies.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 introduces declarative policies that enable you to define and configure various policy types that are evaluated at run time. Policy is configured via a UI/API rather than customized via Java plug-in or pre-pop adapter.
The existing 11.1.2.x.x certification feature provides certifier selection based on User Manager, Organization Manager, Catalog Owner, and Selected User.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 introduces additional certifier selection where role can be used to define certifiers. All members of a certifier role can see the certification in their inbox, but the first member who claims the certification will be the primary reviewer for that certification.
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x, the concept of request profile was introduced. You could draft and save the request. Request has	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 includes a number of enhancements to the request workflow.
to go through two levels of approval process.	Temporal grants allow the requester to specify the start and end date (grant duration) of the role, account, and entitlements at the time of assignment.
	Administrators can configure approvals by creating workflow policy rules instead of approval policies.
	It also supports role requests (create, modify, delete etc). In 11.1.2.3.0, enabling SOA is optional.
Till Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0, only out-of-the box admin roles were available.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides a fine grained authorization engine to help you create various admin roles. For example, by using attributes to define membership, you can restrict an administrator to managing home organization members only.

Table 10–2 (Cont.) Features Comparison

10.2.2 Reviewing System Requirements and Certification

Before you start the upgrade process, review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System *Configurations* documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".

10.2.3 Ensuring that you are Using a Certified JDK Version

Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

10.2.4 Reviewing the Customizations that are Lost or Overwritten as Part of Upgrade

This section lists the customizations that will be lost or overwritten as part of the upgrade process.

The following customizations will be lost or overwritten as part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process:

- The configuration files like web.xml that are directly manipulated for changing the session time out will be overwritten as part of the binary upgrade.
- The custom JARs included in the OIM Home will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- Oracle Identity Manager Design Console configuration settings will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager configuration settings will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- UI war file oracle.iam.ui.custom-dev-starter-pack.war that is used for custom UI will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- Customization done to Email Validation Pattern will be overwritten as part of the upgrade process.
- The following scripts will be modified as part of the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline.
 - Startup scripts startWebLogic.sh and startManagedWebLogic.sh located at DOMAIN_HOME/bin/ (on UNIX), startWebLogic.cmd and startManagedWebLogic.cmd located at DOMAIN_HOME\bin\ (on Windows)
 - Domain environment script setDomainEnv.sh located at DOMAIN_ HOME/bin/(on UNIX), setDomainEnv.bat located at DOMAIN_HOME\bin\ (on Windows)
 - Unprotected Metadata files

For the list of protected metadata files for which the customizations will be retained after upgrade, see Section 24.2.1, "Protected Metadata Files for Which Customization will be Retained After Upgrade".

Any manual edits done to these scripts will be overwritten. Therefore, you must revisit these after middle tier upgrade offline.

 If you have SSL configured environment, the file ORACLE_ HOME\designconsole\config\x1.policy will be overwritten as part of the Oracle Identity Manager binary upgrade. Therefore, backup the x1.policy file if you have customized it, before you begin with the upgrade process.

10.2.5 Generating and Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report

You must run the pre-upgrade report utility before you begin the upgrade process, and address all the issues listed as part of this report with the solution provided in the report. The pre-upgrade report utility analyzes your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x environment, and provides information about the mandatory prerequisites that you must complete before you upgrade the existing Oracle Identity Manager environment.

The information in the pre-upgrade report include challenge questions localization, authorization feature data upgrade, event handlers that are affected by upgrade, mandatory database components or settings, cyclic groups in LDAP that need to be removed, certification records processed during the upgrade, and the potential application instance creation issues.

For information about generating the pre-upgrade report, and analyzing it, see Section 24.2.2, "Generating and Analyzing Pre-Upgrade Report for Oracle Identity Manager".

Note: Run this report until no pending issues are listed in the report.

It is important to address all the issues listed in the pre-upgrade report, before you can proceed with the upgrade, as upgrade might fail if the issues are not fixed.

10.2.6 Shutting Down Node Manager, Administration Server and Managed Server(s)

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s), SOA Managed Server(s), WebLogic Administration Server, and the Node Manager.

For information about stopping the WebLogic Administration Server, Managed Server(s), and the Node Manager, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

Note: If you are upgrading highly available environment, you must shut down the servers on all of the hosts.

10.2.7 Backing Up Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x Environment

You must back up your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x environment before you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

After stopping the servers, back up the following:

- *MW_HOME* directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Domain Home directory
- Oracle Identity Manager schema
- MDS schema
- ORASDPM schema
- SOAINFRA schemas
- OPSS schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

Note: If you are upgrading highly available environment, you must back up the Oracle Home directories and the domain home directories on all of the hosts.

10.2.8 Disabling OIM Materialized-View Creation

Before you upgrade the OIM schemas, disable the materialized view 'OIM_RECON_ CHANGES_BY_RES_MV' view. This view is created by the oim_mview_recon_changes_by_ res.sql script, and is used for the "Fine Grained Exception by Resource" report.

To disable the view creation:

- 1. Stop the Oracle Fusion Middleware Patch Set Assistant.
- 2. Comment the reference to oim_mview_recon_changes_by_res.sqlfrom the sequence.properties file. The sequence.properties file is located at: OIM_ORACLE_HOME/server/db/oim/oracle/StoredProcedures/MaterializedViews.
- 3. Start the Oracle Fusion Middleware Patch Set Assistant.

After the OIM schema upgrade is complete, restore the reference to oim_mview_recon_ changes_by_res.sqlfrom the sequence.properties file.

10.3 Upgrading Oracle Home

This section describes the tasks to be completed to upgrade the existing Oracle home.

Note: Before you begin with the upgrade process, make sure that you have read and write permission to the domain including the /security/SerializedSystemIni.dat file.

This section includes the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
- Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

10.3.1 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11*g* Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Identity Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or the earlier version, you must upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

10.3.2 Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0. Therefore, you must upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0 if you are using any earlier version of Oracle SOA Suite.

For information about upgrading Oracle SOA Suite, see Section 24.2.3, "Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0)".

10.3.3 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

You must upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x binaries Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.2.x.x Middleware Home. This upgrades the Oracle Identity Manager binaries 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: Before upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), you must ensure that the OPatch version in *ORACLE_HOME* and *MW_HOME/*oracle_common is 11.1.0.10.3. Different OPatch version might cause patch application failure. If you have upgraded opatch to a newer version, you will have to roll back to version 11.1.0.10.3.

For information about updating Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

After the binary upgrade, check the installer logs at the following location:

On UNIX: ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION/logs

To find the location of the Oracle Inventory directory on UNIX, check the file ORACLE_HOME/oraInst.loc.

On Windows: ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION\logs

The default location of the Oracle Inventory Directory on Windows is C:\Program Files\Oracle\Inventory\logs.

The following install log files are written to the log directory:

- installDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- installDATE-TIME_STAMP.out
- installActionsDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- installProfileDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- oraInstallDATE-TIME_STAMP.err
- oraInstallDATE-TIME_STAMP.log

10.4 Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading Existing Schemas

You must create new Oracle BI Publisher schema by running the Repository Creation Utility (RCU). Also, you must upgrade the existing database schemas using the Patch Set Assistant (PSA). To do this, complete the following steps:

- Creating Oracle BI Publisher Schema
- Upgrading Existing Schemas

10.4.1 Creating Oracle BI Publisher Schema

You must create Oracle BI Publisher schema 11.1.1.9.0 using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.2.3.0. For information about creating schemas using RCU, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

Note: When you create schema using Repository Creation Utility, select only **Business Intelligence Platform (BIPLATFORM)** under **Oracle Business Intelligence** on the **Select Components** screen.

Do not select any other schema.

10.4.2 Upgrading Existing Schemas

After you update Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must upgrade the following schemas using Patch Set Assistant (PSA):

- Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema
- Metadata Services (MDS) schema
- Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) schema
- ORASDPM schema
- SOA Infrastructure (SOAINFRA) schema

Note: If the you Oracle Identity Manager database access policies, you must complete the following steps before you upgrade the existing schemas:

- Open the oim_upg_R2PS2_R2PS3_common_policy_engine.sql file located at OIM_HOME/server/db/oim/oracle/Upgrade/oim11gR2PS2_2_R2PS3, in a text editor.
- **2.** Replace the line# 280:

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstr USING v_pol_owner(idx);

with

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstr USING v_pol_owner_type(idx);

3. Save the modified file.

When you select the Oracle Identity Manager schema on the PSA screen, it automatically selects all dependent schemas and upgrades them too.

For information about upgrading schemas using the Patch Set Assistant, see Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant.

After you upgrade schemas, verify the upgrade by checking the version numbers of the schemas as described in Version Numbers After Upgrading Schemas.

Version Numbers After Upgrading Schemas

Connect to oim schema as *oim_schema_user*, and run the following query:

select version,status,upgraded from schema_version_registry where
owner=<SCHEMA_NAME>;

Ensure that the version numbers are upgraded, as listed in Table 10–3:

Component	Version No.	
OPSS	11.1.1.9.0	
MDS	11.1.1.9.0	
OIM	11.1.2.3.0	
ORASDPM	11.1.1.9.0	
SOAINFRA	11.1.1.9.0	

Table 10–3 Component Version Numbers After Upgrading the Schemas

10.5 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier

To upgrade Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, you must run the middle tier upgrade utility OIMUpgrade in offfine and online mode. For more information about upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, see Section 24.2.4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier".

10.6 Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components

After you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, you must upgrade the other Oracle Identity Manager installed components like Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager, see Section 24.2.5, "Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components".

10.7 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, you must perform the following post-upgrade tasks described in Section 24.2.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks":

- Enabling Oracle BI Publisher
- Reviewing Performance Tuning Recommendations
- Creating PeopleSoft Enterprise HRMS Reconciliation Profile
- Reviewing OIM Data Purge Job Parameters
- Reconfiguring Lookup Based UDF Field
- Reviewing Connector Certification
- Verifying the Functionality of Connectors
- Rebuilding the Indexes of Oracle Identity Manager Table to Change to Reverse Type
- Reviewing System Property
- Updating the URI of the Human Task Service Component with Oracle HTTP Server Details
- Migrating Approval Policies to Approval Workflow Rules
- Disabling Oracle SOA Suite Server
- Adjusting the Width of UDF Components
- Enabling Certification Using the System Property OIG.IsIdentityAuditorEnabled
- Observing the UI Changes in the Catalog Page
- oimclient.jar Needs Update and ipf.jar for Some passwordmgmt VOs

10.8 Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade

To verify your Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, perform the following steps:

1. Verify that Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is running using the following URLs:

http://<oim_host>:<oim_port>/sysadmin

http://<oim_host>:<oim_port>/identity

where

<oim_host> is the host on which Oracle Identity Manager is running.
<oim_port> is the port number.

2. Verify that Oracle BI Publisher 11.1.1.9.0 is running using the following URL:

http://<bip_host>:<bip_port>/xmlpserver

where

<bip_host> is the host on which Oracle BI Publisher is running.

<bip_port> is the port number. The default http port for BI Publisher is 9704, if not changed during upgrade.

3. Use Fusion Middleware Control to verify that Oracle Identity Manager and any other Oracle Identity Management components are running in the Oracle Fusion Middleware environment.

Note: SOA composites DefautlRequestApproval and DefaultOperationApproval are available twice with versions 1.0 and 3.0 on Oracle Enterprise Manager, after you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2 or 11.1.2.1.0 to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. The 1.0 composites are required for processing requests generated before upgrade, or any other functionality.

10.9 Troubleshooting

For the list of common issues that you might encounter during the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process, and their workaround, see Section 25.1, "Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues".

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.
Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) and 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) environments to Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) environments as 11.1.2.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.x.x Administration Server
- Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.x.x Client

11.1 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.x.x Administration Server

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server to 11.1.2.3.0.

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 11.1.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server"
- Section 11.1.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 11.1.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers"

- Section 11.1.4, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server"
- Section 11.1.5, "Updating Oracle Entitlements Server Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 11.1.6, "Deleting all py.class Files"
- Section 11.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema"
- Section 11.1.8, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 11.1.9, "Deleting Certain Directories From the Domain"
- Section 11.1.10, "Starting the Administration Server and the Managed Servers"
- Section 11.1.11, "Verifying the Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server Upgrade"

11.1.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server

Table 11–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server upgrade.

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server upgrade may not be successful.

 Table 11–1
 Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server

 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0
 11.1.2.3.0

SI No	Task	For More Information
1	Complete the pre-upgrade steps before you begin with the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	Stop the Administration Server and all the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers
3	Upgrade your existing Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 (if necessary).	See, Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server
4	Upgrade the Oracle Entitlements Server binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Updating Oracle Entitlements Server Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0
5	Delete all the py.class files in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home.	See, Deleting all py.class Files
6	Upgrade the Oracle Platform Security Services schemas.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema
7	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services to 11.1.2.3.0. This task is optional but is recommended.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services
8	Delete the tmp, cache, and stage directories from the domain.	See, Deleting Certain Directories From the Domain
9	Start all the servers.	See, Starting the Administration Server and the Managed Servers
10	Verify the Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server upgrade.	See, Verifying the Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server Upgrade

11.1.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

11.1.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Server(s) and the WebLogic Administration Server.

For information about stopping the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

11.1.4 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Entitlements Server environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

11.1.5 Updating Oracle Entitlements Server Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

To upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.2.x.x Middleware Home.

For information about updating the Oracle Entitlements Server binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

11.1.6 Deleting all py.class Files

After you upgrade the Oracle Entitlements Server binaries, delete all the files with postfix py.class in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home (*MW_HOME/ORACLE_HOME/*).

11.1.7 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema

Upgrade the Oracle Platform Security Services schemas using Patch Set Assistant.

For more information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

11.1.8 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

After you upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services schemas, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS). This task is optional; however, it is recommended that you perform this task.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services if Audit schema is installed. This step is required to upgrade the policy store to include the new 11.1.2.3.0 audit policies.

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Entitlements Server to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

11.1.9 Deleting Certain Directories From the Domain

Delete the following directories from the location DOMAIN_HOME/servers/ServerName:

- ∎ tmp
- cache
- stage

11.1.10 Starting the Administration Server and the Managed Servers

After the upgrade is complete, start the WebLogic Administration Server, and the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Server(s).

For information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Server(s), see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

11.1.11 Verifying the Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server Upgrade

To verify the Oracle Entitlements Server upgrade, do the following:

• Verify the schema version in the policy store by running the following SQL query:

select attrval from jps_attrs where attrname='orclProductVersion' and rownum = 1;

Ensure that the schema version is 11.1.1.9.0.

• The application MAPI works with both old and new functionality.

Create a new policy to see if CRUD operations on the policy store artifacts, using their entity managers, are working.

For more information, see "Creating Fine Grained Elements for a Simple Policy" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server*.

The Application Runtime Authorization continues working.

To verify, create an authorization, as mentioned in "Using the PEP API" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server*, and see if it works correctly.

11.2 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.x.x Client

This section descries how to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server client server to 11.1.2.3.0.

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 11.2.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Client"
- Section 11.2.2, "Stopping all Security Module Instances"
- Section 11.2.3, "Upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 11.2.4, "Deleting all py.class Files"
- Section 11.2.5, "Starting the Security Modules"
- Section 11.2.6, "Verifying Oracle Entitlements Server Client Upgrade"

11.2.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Client

Table 11–2 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade.

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade may not be successful.

 Table 11–2
 Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11.1.2.x.x to

 11.1.2.3.0
 Instant Server Client 11.1.2.x.x

SI No	Task	For More Information
1	Stop all the security module instances, and the servers.	See, Stopping all Security Module Instances
2	Upgrade the Oracle Entitlements Server Client to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client to 11.1.2.3.0

SI No	Task	For More Information
3	Delete all the py.class files in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home.	See, Deleting all py.class Files
4	Start the security modules.	See, Starting the Security Modules
5	Verify the Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade.	See, Verifying Oracle Entitlements Server Client Upgrade

Table 11–2 (Cont.) Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0

11.2.2 Stopping all Security Module Instances

Bring down all security module instances, Administration Server, and Managed Servers.

The security module instances shuts down when the Administration Server and Managed Servers are shut down.

To stop the servers, see Section 11.1.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers".

11.2.3 Upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client to 11.1.2.3.0

To upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client, you must use the 11.1.2.3.0 installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.2.x.x Oracle Entitlements Server Client Middleware Home. This upgrades your Middleware Home and Oracle Home from 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

This section contains the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- Obtaining the Software
- Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
- Verifying the Installation

11.2.3.1 Prerequisites

You must install and configure Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server, as described in Section 11.1.5, "Updating Oracle Entitlements Server Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0".

11.2.3.2 Obtaining the Software

For more information on obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g software, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe.

11.2.3.3 Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

For more information on installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11.1.2.3.0, see "Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

11.2.3.4 Verifying the Installation

To verify that your Oracle Entitlements Server Client install was successful, go to your Oracle Home directory which you specified during installation and verify that the Oracle Entitlements Server Client installation files are created.

11.2.4 Deleting all py.class Files

After you upgrade the Oracle Entitlements Server Client, delete all the files with postfix py.class in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home (*MW_HOME/ORACLE_HOME/*).

11.2.5 Starting the Security Modules

Start the Security Modules. Prior to starting the security modules, ensure that you have started WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers.

To start the servers, see Section 11.1.10, "Starting the Administration Server and the Managed Servers".

Note: When starting the Oracle Service Bus Security Module, you must use the parameter

-Doracle.oes.osbresource.converter.distinguishtransportprivi lege=false while running the script.

11.2.6 Verifying Oracle Entitlements Server Client Upgrade

To verify, create an authorization, as mentioned in "Using the PEP API" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server*, and see if it works correctly.

The Application Runtime Authorization continues working.

Part IV

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) and 9.x Environments

This part includes the following chapters:

- Chapter 12, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 13, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 14, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments"
- Chapter 15, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) Environment"
- Chapter 16, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x Environments"

Upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade your existing Oracle Access Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments to Oracle Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0). For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

If you wish to upgrade Oracle Access Management multi-data center environments, refer to Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments as 11.1.1.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 12.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Access Manager"
- Section 12.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 12.3, "Upgrading Oracle Home"
- Section 12.4, "Creating Necessary Schemas"
- Section 12.5, "Extending Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Domain with Oracle Platform Security Services Template"
- Section 12.6, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 12.7, "Configuring Oracle Platform Security Services Security Store"
- Section 12.8, "Exporting Access Data"
- Section 12.9, "Importing Access Data"
- Section 12.10, "Copying Modified System mbean Configurations"

- Section 12.11, "Ensuring that the Newly Created OAM Policy Schema is in Use"
- Section 12.12, "Starting the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers"
- Section 12.13, "Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries"
- Section 12.14, "Stopping the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers"
- Section 12.15, "Deleting Folders"
- Section 12.16, "Upgrading System Configuration"
- Section 12.17, "Starting the Servers"
- Section 12.18, "Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager"
- Section 12.19, "Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 12.20, "Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade"
- Section 12.21, "Troubleshooting"

12.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Access Manager

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Access Manager upgrade may not be successful.

Table 12–1 lists the tasks that you must complete to upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments.

Task No.	Task	For More Information
1	Complete the necessary prerequisites before you upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	Upgrade Oracle Home by upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, applying mandatory patches for Oracle Access Manager, and upgrading Oracle Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Home
3	Create Oracle Access Manager (OAM) and Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema using the Repository Creation Utility.	See, Creating Necessary Schemas
4	Upgrade 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Home to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0
5	Extend your Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain with the OPSS template.	See, Extending Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Domain with Oracle Platform Security Services Template
6	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

Table 12–1Upgrade Flow

Task No.	Task	For More Information
7	Run the configuresecuritystore.py script to configure policy stores.	See, Configuring Oracle Platform Security Services Security Store
8	Export access data.	See, Exporting Access Data
9	Import access data.	See, Importing Access Data
10	Copy infrastructure mbean jar and configuration files	See, Copying Modified System mbean Configurations
11	Start the Administration Server and Oracle Access Management Access Manager Managed Servers.	See, Starting the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers
12	Redeploy Access Manager servers and shared libraries.	See, Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries
13	Stop the Administration Server and Oracle Access Management Access Manager Managed Server.	See, Stopping the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers
14	Delete the tmp and stage folders.	See, Deleting Folders
15	Upgrade the system configuration of Oracle Access Management. This step is required for the 11.1.2.3.0 features to work.	See, Upgrading System Configuration
	This step is mandatory as compatibility mode is not supported for Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade.	
16	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Access Management Access Manager Managed Server(s).	See, Starting the Servers
17	Extend the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager.	See, Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager
18	Perform the required post-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
19	Verify the Oracle Access Management upgrade.	See, Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade

Table 12–1 (Cont.) Upgrade Flow

12.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

- Ensure that the following artifacts are present in your environment:
 - oamclient-truststore.jks

This file is located at DOMAIN_ HOME/output/webgate-ssl/oamclient-keystore.jks.

- oamclient-keystore.jks

This file is located at DOMAIN_ HOME/output/webgate-ssl/oamclient-truststore.jks.

If the artifacts are not present, generate them using the keytool command. For information about creating these artifacts, see "Creating Oracle Access Manager Key Store" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Enterprise Deployment Guide for Oracle Identity Management* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0).

When you generate these files, they are created in the directory where the command for creating them is run. You must copy these files to the location *DOMAIN_HOME*/output/webgate-ssl/ and rename them as mentioned.

 Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 has additional components configured in it's Administration Server. Therefore, ensure that the WebLogic domain memory settings are updated to suite the machine configurations.

If the servers are started using command line, you must update the memory settings in the setDomainEnv.sh file. If the servers are started using Node Manager, you must update the memory settings using the WebLogic Administration console. It is recommended to do both.

To update the memory settings in the setDomainEnv.sh file, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to the DOMAIN_HOME/bin directory.
- 2. Take a backup of file setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows).
- 3. Open the setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows) in an editor, and search for the following lines:

On UNIX:

IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL
MEM_ARGS values

```
if [ "${USER_MEM_ARGS}" != "" ] ; then
MEM_ARGS="${USER_MEM_ARGS}"
export MEM_ARGS
fi
```

On Windows:

@REM IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override

```
ALL MEM_ARGS values

if NOT "%USER_MEM_ARGS%"=="" (

set MEM_ARGS=%USER_MEM_ARGS%

)
```

4. Add the USER_MEM_ARGS settings as shown in the following example:

On UNIX:

IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL MEM_ARGS values

Added for OAM 11.1.2.3 upgrade USER_MEM_ARGS="-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m" export USER_MEM_ARGS

```
if [ "${USER_MEM_ARGS}" != "" ] ; then
MEM_ARGS="${USER_MEM_ARGS}"
export MEM_ARGS
fi
```

On Windows:

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{QREM}}$ IF USER_MEM_ARGS the environment variable is set, use it to override ALL MEM_ARGS values

```
@REM Added for OAM 11.1.2.3 upgrade
set USER_MEM_ARGS=-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m
```

```
if NOT "%USER_MEM_ARGS%"=="" (
set MEM_ARGS=%USER_MEM_ARGS%
)
```

5. Save the changes to the file

To update the memory settings using the WebLogic Administration console, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Servers on the left navigation pane.
- **3.** Select the OAM Server.
- 4. Go to the Server Start tab.
- **5.** Click Arguments.
- 6. Set the value of JVM arguments for the OAM Server. For example:

-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m

7. Save the changes.

For more information about the memory requirements for Oracle Identity and Access Management, see "Memory and Space Requirements for Oracle Fusion Middleware and Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2).

 Verify the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema and credentials. To verify the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema, check the schema name in the DOMAIN_ *HOME*/config/jdbc/oam-db-jdbc.xml file or verify the OAM datasource on the WebLogic Administration console by doing the following:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click **Services** on the left navigation pane.
- 3. Click **Data Sources**, and then select **oamDS**.
- 4. Click **Connection pool** and verify the OAM data source.

To verify the schema credentials, use the schema name and password to connect to the database.

- Shut down the WebLogic Administration Server and Oracle Access Manager Managed Servers. For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".
- Back up the following before you proceed with the upgrade:
 - MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
 - Domain Home directory
 - Oracle Access Manager schemas
 - MDS schemas
 - Audit and any other dependent schemas

For information about backing up the Middleware Home and schemas, see Section 24.1.2, "Backing up the Existing Environment".

12.3 Upgrading Oracle Home

This section describes the tasks to be completed to upgrade the existing Oracle home.

This section includes the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
- Applying Mandatory Patches for Oracle WebLogic Server
- Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

12.3.1 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Access Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

12.3.2 Applying Mandatory Patches for Oracle WebLogic Server

Ensure that you apply some mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

12.3.3 Upgrading Oracle Access Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

Upgrade the Oracle Access Manager binaries using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Access Manager Middleware Home.

Note: Before upgrading the Oracle Access Manager binaries to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), you must ensure that the OPatch version in *ORACLE_HOME* and *MW_HOME*/oracle_common is 11.1.0.10.3. Different OPatch version might cause patch application failure. If you have upgraded opatch to a newer version, you will have to roll back to version 11.1.0.10.3.

For information about upgrading Oracle Access Manager binaries to Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

12.4 Creating Necessary Schemas

You must create the following schemas by running Repository Creation utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0:

- Oracle Access Manager (OAM) schema
- Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema
- Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema (If you wish to configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite)
- Oracle Metadata Services (MDS) schema

For information about creating schemas using Run Repository Creation utility, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

Note: Even if you are creating new schemas, do not delete your Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schemas and do not use the old schema name, as you will need the old schema credentials while "Exporting Access Data".

12.5 Extending Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Domain with Oracle Platform Security Services Template

Oracle Access Management Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses the database to store policies. This requires extending Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain to include the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) data source.

To extend your Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain with the OPSS template, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command:

On UNIX:

./config.sh

It is located in the <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_IDM1>/common/bin directory.

On Windows:

config.cmd

It is located in the <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_IDM1>\common\bin directory.

- 2. On the Welcome screen, select the Extend an existing WebLogic domain option. Click Next.
- **3.** On the **Select a WebLogic Domain Directory** screen, browse to the directory that contains the WebLogic domain in which you configured Oracle Access Manager. Click **Next**. The **Select Extension Source** screen appears.
- 4. On the Select Extension Source screen, select the Oracle Platform Security Service - 11.1.1.0 [Oracle_IDM1] option. After selecting the domain configuration options, click Next. The Configure JDBC Component Schema screen appears.
- 5. On the Configure JDBC Component Schema screen, do the following:
 - Select **OAM Infrastructure**, and update the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema information with the Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 schema details.
 - Select **OPSS Schema**, and specify the values for Schema Owner, Schema Password, Database and Service, Host Name, and Port.
 - Click Next.

The **Test JDBC Component Schema** screen appears. After the test succeeds, the **Select Optional Configuration** screen appears.

- **6.** On the **Select Optional Configuration** screen, you can configure Managed Servers, Clusters, and Machines and Deployments and Services. Do not select anything as you have already configured your Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment. Click **Next**.
- **7.** On the **Configuration Summary** screen, review the domain configuration, and click **Extend** to start extending the domain.

Your existing Oracle Access Manager domain is extended to support Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS), and Oracle Access Manager is configured to use the newly created 11.1.2.3.0 OPSS policy schema.

12.6 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

You must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) by running upgradeOpss command.

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"

12.7 Configuring Oracle Platform Security Services Security Store

You must configure the Database Security Store as it is the only security store type supported by Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information on configuring Oracle Platform Security Services, see "Configuring Database Security Store for an Oracle Identity and Access Management Domain" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

12.8 Exporting Access Data

Policy information from Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema needs to be extracted before importing it to the Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 schema. The exportAccessData WLST command exports the Access Manager policy and configuration information from the 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Access Manager domain. You must export Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x configuration details, policy stores, keys, and CSF Passwords.

Note: Make sure to shutdown all WebLogic Server processes (administration server, Oracle Access Manager managed server, and node manager) before executing these export commands.

Complete the following steps to export data:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_ IDM1>/common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_IDM1>/common/bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

./wlst.sh

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

exportAccessData("<UPGRADE_PROPERTIES_FILE>")

For example:

exportAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_ properties/oam_upgrade.properties")

See Table 12–3 for sample properties and description.

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_ IDM1>\common\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_IDM1>\common\bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

wlst.cmd

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

```
exportAccessData("<UPGRADE_PROPERTIES_FILE>")
```

For example:

exportAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>\\oam\\server\\wlst\\scripts\\sample_
properties\\oam_upgrade-windows.properties")

See Table 12–3 for sample properties and description.

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

Table 12–2 describes the parameters you must specify on the command line:

Table 12–2 Parameters for Exporting Data

Parameter	Description	
properties_location	Specify the path to the oam_upgrade.properties file in the Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x installation. The following example shows the complete path:	
	On UNIX, it is located in the <oracle_ HOME>/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_properties/oam_ upgrade.properties directory.</oracle_ 	
	On Windows, it is located in the <oracle_ HOME>\oam\server\wlst\scripts\sample_properties\oam_ upgrade-windows.properties directory.</oracle_ 	

Table 12–3 lists the properties of oam_upgrade.properties:

Properties	Description
MIDDLEWARE_HOME	Specify the complete path to the Middleware Home.
	For example:
	On UNIX: /Oracle/Middleware
	On Windows: Oracle\\Middleware
ORACLE_HOME	This property refers to the location of the Oracle Identity and Access Management software.
	For example:
	On UNIX: /Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_IDM1
	On Windows: <mw_home>\\Oracle_IDM1</mw_home>
OAM_DOMAIN_HOME	This property refers to the existing Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain home.
	For example:
	On UNIX:/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/oam_ domain
	On Windows: <mw_home>\\user_projects\\domains\\<oam_ domain> directory.</oam_ </mw_home>
ORACLE_COMMON_HOME	This property refers to the common components home. The following example shows the complete path:
	On UNIX, it is located in the <mw_home>/oracle_common directory.</mw_home>
	On Windows, it is located in the <mw_home>\\oracle_common directory.</mw_home>

Table 12–3 List of Properties Specified in oam_upgrade.propert	es F	-ile
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Properties	Description
OAM_DEST_ARTIFACTS_ LOCATION	This property refers to the location where you want to place the upgrade artifacts, such as Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x configuration and policy files.
	Note: Make sure that the artifacts folder has read/write access.
OAM_TYPE_OF_UPGRADE	This is an InPlace upgrade.
OAM_IS_INCREMENTAL	This property is used to specify if you run the upgrade in an incremental mode.
	Incremental form of upgrade is not supported in Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0. Therefore, set the value as False.
OAM_POLICY_UPGRADE_ OPTIMIZATION	As a part of the Oracle Access Manager policy upgrade, the changes to the out of the box Access Manager policies are applied on top of the existing (11.1.1.x.x) out of the box policies. This process involves a three way merge of the Access Manager policies. This is a time consuming process (takes about 30 minutes).
	If you want to proceed with the merge, set the property to false.
	If you want to replace the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x out of the box policies with the new ones, without the merge process, set this property to true.
OAM_PS1_SCHEMA_OWNER	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema owner.
OAM_PS1_SCHEMA_CRED	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schema credentials.
OAM_PS1_CREDENTIAL_ALIAS	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Entitlements Server database credential alias as:
	OESDBCredentialAlias
OAM_PS1_JDBC_CONN_STRING	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the JDBC connection string in the following format:
	jdbc:oracle:thin:@dbhost:dbport/sid
OAM_PS1_JDBC_DRIVER_ CLASS	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the JDBC driver class in the following format:
	oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver
OAM_PS1_ROOT_DN	Use this property to connect to the 11.1.1.x.x policy store. Specify the properties as:
	cn=farm,cn=JPSContext,cn=jpsroot
OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE	This property refers to the absolute path to the XML file where extracted 11.1.1.x.x policy needs to be saved. Specify the path where you want to save the extracted Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x policies.
	For example:
	On UNIX, specify the following path:
	OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE= <upgrade_atrifacts_ DIR>/oam-policy-ps1.xml</upgrade_atrifacts_
	On Windows, specify the following path:
	OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE= <upgrade_atrifacts_ DIR>\\oam-policy-ps1.xml</upgrade_atrifacts_

 Table 12–3
 (Cont.) List of Properties Specified in oam_upgrade.properties File

Properties	Description
OAM_PS1_POLICY_JARS	Upgrade frameworks loads version specific jars for Exporting and Importing data. This property refers to the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x policy jars available at the following path:
	On UNIX, it is located in the \$ <oracle_ HOME>/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps1-policy directory.</oracle_
	On Windows, it is located in the <oracle_ HOME>\\oam\\server\\lib\\upgrade\\ps1-policy directory.</oracle_
OAM_PS1_CONFIG_FILE_LOC	This property refers to the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x configuration files available in the following location:
	On UNIX, it is located in the < <domain_ HOME>/config/fmwconfig/oam-config.xml directory.</domain_
	On Windows, it is located in the <domain_ HOME>\\config\\fmwconfig\\oam-config.xml directory.</domain_
OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE_TEMP	This property refers to the absolute path to the temporary policy XML. This temporary XML will be used for policy transformation.
	Specify the temporary location of the XML file.
	For example:
	On UNIX, specify the following path:
	OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE_TEMP= <upgrade_atrifacts_ DIR>/oam-policy-ps1_temp.xml</upgrade_atrifacts_
	On Windows, specify the following path:
	OAM_PS1_POLICY_FILE_TEMP= <upgrade_atrifacts_ DIR>\\oam-policy-ps1_temp.xml</upgrade_atrifacts_
OAM_R2_POLICY_JARS	Upgrade frameworks loads version specific jars for exporting and importing data. This property refers to the Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 policy jars available at the following location:
	On UNIX, it is located in the \$ <oracle_ HOME>/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps2-policy directory.</oracle_
	On Windows, it is located in the <oracle_ HOME>\\oam\\server\\lib\\upgrade\\ps2-policy directory.</oracle_
OAM_R2_CONFIG_FILE_LOC	This property refers to the Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 configuration files available at the following location:
	On UNIX, it is located in the \$ <oracle_ HOME>/oam/server/config/oam-config.xml directory.</oracle_
	On Windows, it is located in the <oracle_ HOME>\\oam\\server\\config\\oam-config.xml directory.</oracle_
OAM_SOURCE_VERSION	Specify the source version of Oracle Access Manager.
	If the source version is 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), specify 11.1.1.7.0. If the source version is 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), specify 11.1.1.5.0.
	If you have applied bundle patches, the minor bundle patch version should not be specified. For example, 11.1.1.5.2.
OAM_TARGET_VERSION	The Oracle Access Manager target version is 11.1.2.0.0.
OAM_OFFLINE_POLICY_ MIGRATION	This property is used for the offline redeployment feature of the upgrade. This feature is not supported in this release. Therefore, the value of this property must be set to false.

 Table 12–3 (Cont.) List of Properties Specified in oam_upgrade.properties File

Note: The variables listed in Table 12–3 are not environment variables. These variables must be defined in the oam_upgrade.properties file.

When you specify paths to any files in the oam_upgrade.properties file, make sure it is in the format specified in the following example:

- On UNIX: /directory_1/directory_2/file
- On Windows: \\directory_1\\directory_2\\file

Sample Output of exportAccessData

wls:/offline> exportAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_ properties/oam upgrade.properties") Jul 7, 2012 1:37:30 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.WLSTExecutor executeCommand INFO: EXPORT_DATA_COMMAND Jul 7, 2012 1:37:30 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTExportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: OAAM PRODUCT Jul 7, 2012 1:37:30 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTExportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: OAM PRODUCT Jul 7, 2012 1:37:30 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTExportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: oamPlugin.getName() = oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.UpgradeFactory Jul 7, 2012 1:37:30 AM oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.util.UpgradeUtil exportConfiguration INFO: Copying configuration file.... oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.OAMVersionSpecificClassLoader@1e33 0f43 [EL Info]: 2012-07-07 01:37:32.849--ServerSession(503497062)--EclipseLink, version: Eclipse Persistence Services - 1.1.0.r3634 [EL Info]: 2012-07-07 01:37:35.212--ServerSession(503497062)--file:\$ORACLE_ HOME/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps1-policy/oes-d8/jps-internal.jar-JpsDBDataManager login successful Jul 7, 2012 1:37:39 AM com.tangosol.coherence.component.util.logOutput.Jdk log INFO: 2012-07-07 01:37:39.026/135.466 Oracle Coherence 3.5.3/465p2 <Info> (thread=Main Thread, member=n/a): Loaded operational configuration from resource "jar:file:\$ORACLE_ HOME/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps1-policy/coherence.jar!/tangosol-coherence.xml" Jul 7, 2012 1:37:39 AM com.tangosol.coherence.component.util.logOutput.Jdk log INFO: 2012-07-07 01:37:39.035/135.474 Oracle Coherence 3.5.3/465p2 <Info> (thread=Main Thread, member=n/a): Loaded operational overrides from resource "jar:file:SORACLE HOME/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps1-policy/coherence.jar!/tangosol-coherence-overridedev.xml" . WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration. Jul 7, 2012 1:37:47 AM oracle.security.am.common.audit.AuditHandler getAuditor WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration. Jul 7, 2012 1:37:47 AM oracle.security.am.common.audit.AuditHandler getAuditor WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration. Jul 7, 2012 1:37:47 AM oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.UpgradeFactory exportData INFO: Extraction Done!! Jul 7, 2012 1:37:47 AM oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.util.UpgradeCommonUtil removeDirectory INFO: Deletion of Directory: true path: \$0AM_ARTIFACTS_DIRECTORTY/temp.zip

```
Jul 7, 2012 1:37:47 AM
oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.UpgradeFactory exportData
INFO: Export completed successfully!
```

12.9 Importing Access Data

It is necessary to import the extracted Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x data to the Access Manager 11.1.2 schema. The Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain configuration is also merged with the Access Manager 11.1.2 configuration.

Note: Make sure to shutdown all WebLogic Server processes (administration server, Oracle Access Manager managed server, and node manager) before executing these import commands.

To import Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x configuration data into Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_ IDM1>/common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_IDM1>/common/bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

./wlst.sh

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

importAccessData("<UPGRADE_PROPERTIES_FILE>")

For example:

```
importAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_
properties/oam_upgrade.properties")
```

See Table 12–3 for sample properties and description.

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_ IDM1>\common\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

```
cd <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_IDM1>\common\bin
```

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

wlst.cmd

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

importAccessData("<UPGRADE_PROPERTIES_FILE>")

For example:

```
importAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>\\oam\\server\\wlst\\scripts\\sample_
properties\\oam_upgrade.properties")
```

See Table 12–3 for sample properties and description.

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit () command.

Table 12–4 describes the parameters you need to specify on the command line:

Table 12–4 Parameters for Importing Data

Parameter	Description
properties_location	Specify the path to the oam_upgrade.properties file in the Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x installation. The following example shows the complete path:
	On UNIX, it is located in the IDM_ HOME/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_properties/oam_ upgrade.properties directory.
	On Windows, it is located in the IDM_ HOME\oam\server\wlst\scripts\sample_properties\oam_ upgrade.properties directory.

Sample Output of importAccessData

wls:/offline> importAccessData("<ORACLE_HOME>/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_ properties/oam_upgrade.properties") LOGGER intialised java.util.logging.Logger@1e26e4b1 Jul 7, 2012 1:38:25 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.WLSTExecutor executeCommand INFO: IMPORT_DATA_COMMAND Jul 7, 2012 1:38:25 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTImportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: OAAM PRODUCT IMPORT DATA Jul 7, 2012 1:38:25 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTImportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: OAM PRODUCT Jul 7, 2012 1:38:25 AM oracle.security.access.upgrade.util.WLSTImportDataUtil executeCommand INFO: oamPlugin.getName() = oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.UpgradeFactory Jul 7, 2012 1:38:27 AM oracle.security.am.common.policy.admin.provider.xml.XMLStore <init> INFO: Loading policy store file: \$OAM_ARTIFACTS_DIRECTORTY/oam-policy.xml. Jul 7, 2012 1:38:30 AM com.tangosol.coherence.component.util.logOutput.Jdk log INFO: 2012-07-07 01:38:30.069/17.816 Oracle Coherence 3.7.1.1 <Info> (thread=Main Thread, member=n/a): Loaded operational configuration from "jar:file:\$MIDDLEWARE_ HOMEoracle_common/modules/oracle.coherence/coherence.jar!/tangosol-coherence.xml" Jul 7, 2012 1:38:30 AM com.tangosol.coherence.component.util.logOutput.Jdk log INFO: 2012-07-07 01:38:30.103/17.850 Oracle Coherence 3.7.1.1 <Info> (thread=Main Thread, member=n/a): Loaded operational overrides from "jar:file:\$MIDDLEWARE_ HOMEoracle common/modules/oracle.coherence/coherence.jar!/tangosol-coherence-override-dev.xml Jul 7, 2012 1:38:30 AM com.tangosol.coherence.component.util.logOutput.Jdk log INFO: 2012-07-07 01:38:30.107/17.854 Oracle Coherence 3.7.1.1 < Info> (thread=Main Thread, member=n/a): Loaded operational overrides from "jar:file:\$ORACLE_ HOME/oam/server/lib/upgrade/ps2-policy/mapstore-coherence.jar!/tangosol-coherenceoverride.xml" Jul 7, 2012 1:38:36 AM oracle.security.am.common.audit.AuditHandler getAuditor WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration. Jul 7, 2012 1:38:36 AM oracle.security.am.common.audit.AuditHandler getAuditor WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration. Jul 7, 2012 1:38:36 AM oracle.security.am.common.audit.AuditHandler getAuditor WARNING: Cannot load audit configuration.

```
Jul 7, 2012 1:38:38 AM
oracle.security.am.upgrade.plugin.upgradehelper.UpgradeFactory importData
INFO: Import completed successfully!!
```

Note: When you execute the importAccessData() command, the output might include additional text after the line INFO: Import completed successfully!!. The additional text has no impact on the result and can be ignored.

12.10 Copying Modified System mbean Configurations

After updating the Oracle Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0 you must copy the modified system or domain mbean configurations from the <code>OAM_ORACLE_HOME</code> to the <code>DOMAIN_HOME</code>.

On UNIX:

1. Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME><Oracle_IDM1>/common/bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

./wlst.sh

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

copyMbeanXmlFiles('DOMAIN_HOME', 'OAM_ORACLE_HOME')

For example:

copyMbeanXmlFiles('/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_ domain','/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_IDM1')

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

On Windows:

1. Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\common\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_IDM1>\common\bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST): wlst.cmd

visc.cma

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following script:

```
copyMbeanXmlFiles ('<domain_name>',' 'Oracle_IDM')
```

For example:

```
copyMbeanXmlFiles('C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\user_projects\domains\\base_
domain','C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\Oracle_IDM1')
```

4. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

12.11 Ensuring that the Newly Created OAM Policy Schema is in Use

Verify the database details to check if the newly created 11.1.2.3.0 OAM policy schema is in use. This can be done using the WebLogic Administration console or by checking

the DOMAIN_HOME/config/jdbc/oam-db-jdbc.xml file. Ensure that the following tag in the oam-db-jdbc.xml file contains the name of the newly created 11.1.2.3.0 OAM Policy schema:

<name>oamDS</name>

12.12 Starting the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers

Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Servers. For more information, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

Note: When you start the servers, you may see the following exception: <Error> <oracle.idaas.common> <BEA-000000> <ORA-00942: table or</pre> view does not exist java.sql.SQLSyntaxErrorException: ORA-00942: table or view does not exist at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4CTTIoer.processError(T4CTTIoer.java:462) at. oracle.jdbc.driver.T4CTTIoer.processError(T4CTTIoer.java:405) at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4C80all.processError(T4C80all.java:931) at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4CTTIfun.receive(T4CTTIfun.java:481) at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4CTTIfun.doRPC(T4CTTIfun.java:205) at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4C80all.doOALL(T4C80all.java:548) at oracle.jdbc.driver.T4CPreparedStatement.doOal18(T4CPreparedStatemen t.java:217)

Ignore this warning and proceed.

12.13 Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries

You must redeploy Oracle Access Management Access Manager server applications for the following reasons:

- To uptake new shared libraries that Access Manager servers are dependent on.
- To uptake newer versions of Oracle Access Management Administration and Managed Server applications.

Access Manager Server applications can be redeployed using the WLST command redeployOAM.

Note: Before you run the redeployOAM command, ensure that the Access Manager Managed Server(s) are in RUNNING state and not in the ADMIN state.

If the servers are in ADMIN state, do the following:

- Log in to the WebLogic Administration Server using the following URL: http://host:port/console
- 2. Click Deployments.
- 3. Click oam_server(11.1.2.0.0) on the Summary of Deployments page.
- 4. Click OAM_SERVER on the Summary of Servers page.
- 5. Go to the **Control** tab and click **RESUME**.

To redeploy Access Manager server applications and shared Access Manager libraries, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *\$MW_HOME/ORACLE_HOME/*common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

```
connect('<weblogic_username>','<weblogic_password>','<weblogic_
host>:<port>')
```

3. Run the following command to redeploy the applications and shared libraries:

redeployOAM("ORACLE_HOME", "ORACLE_COMMON_HOME", adminTarget="Admin_
server_name", serverTarget="oam_server")

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Access Manager high availability environments, specify the oam_cluster for the argument serverTarget while running redeployOAM command.

Table 12–5 describes the parameters you need to specify on the command line:

Parameter	Description
ORACLE_HOME	Specify the absolute path to the Oracle Home.
	For example:
	On UNIX, it is located at Oracle/Middleware directory.
	On Windows, it is located at Oracle\Middleware directory.
ORACLE_COMMON_HOME	Specify the absolute path to the Oracle common home.
	For example:
	On UNIX, it is located in the Oracle/Middleware/Common_home directory.
	On Windows, it is located in the Oracle\Middleware\Common_ home directory.
adminTarget	Specify the Administration Server name you had specified while configuring Access Manager.

Table 12–5 Parameters to be Specified When Running redeployOAM Command

Table 12–5	(Cont.)	Parameters to l	be Specified	When Rur	nning red	eployOAN	l Command
------------	---------	-----------------	--------------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------

Parameter	Description		
serverTarget	Specify the name of the Access Manager Server you had specified while configuring Access Manager Server.		

For example:

```
redeployOAM("/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_
IDM1","/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/oracle_
common",adminTarget="AdminServer",serverTarget="OAM_SERVER")
```

Note:

 You might see the following exception after the Access Manager server deployment. This is because tmp and stage directories still exist. You can ignore the errors:

HTTP:101216]Servlet: "AMInitServlet" failed to preload on startup in Web application: "oam". java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:222) at oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.AbstractSessionAdapterIm pl.checkAndInit(AbstractSessionAdapterImpl.java:97) at oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.AbstractSessionAdapterIm pl.<init>(AbstractSessionAdapterImpl.java:75) at oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.MultipleUserSessionAdapt erImpl.<init>(MultipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.java:56 at oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.MultipleUserSessionAdapt erImpl.<clinit>(MultipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.java:45) at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method) at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200) at oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.SessionManagementAdapter Factory.getAdapter(SessionManagementAdapterFactory.java:46 Caused by: oracle.security.am.common.utilities.exception.AmRuntimeExceptio n:OAM Server Key initialization failed Caused by: javax.crypto.BadPaddingException: Given final block not properly padded

 When you execute the redeployOAM command, the following warning may be displayed:

"*************************** Performing OAM Admin server deployment and Data Migration. This operation will take some time. Please wait until it completes.******"

Note that redeployment takes approximately 30 minutes to complete due to policy migration. In addition, note that the time for completion of redeployment also depends on the amount of data present in the Oracle Access Manager system that is being upgraded. **4.** Exit the WLST console using the exit () command.

The deployment may fail if the SDP library is already installed as a part of the SOA or OIM deployments. For recovery procedure, see Section 25.2.3, "Exception While Deploying Application".

Note: .

After redeploying Oracle Access Management Access Manager, you must verify that the following libraries and applications are deployed to Access Manager cluster (OAM_CLUSTER):

Libraries

- oracle.oaam.libs (11.1.2.0.0)
- oracle.sdp.client (11.1.1)
- coherence (3.7.1.1)
- oracle.idm.ids.config.ui (11.1.2,11.1.2)
- oracle.idm.ipf (11.1.2,11.1.2)

Applications

- oamsso_logout (11.1.2.0.0)
- oam_server (11.1.2.0.0)

12.14 Stopping the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers

Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s). For more information, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

12.15 Deleting Folders

This step is required to uptake new version of the Access Manager Managed Server. The redeploy command does not delete the tmp directories.

In order to deploy Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x server content and applications to Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must delete all folders in the following location:

On UNIX:

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>

On Windows:

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>

12.16 Upgrading System Configuration

For the Oracle Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 features to work, you must run the upgradeConfig() utility on the machine that hosts Administration Server. This utility upgrades the system configuration and policy store of Oracle Access Management to 11.1.2.3.0. This step is mandatory for the upgraded environment to work.

Note: Compatibility mode is not supported for Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade. Therefore, it is mandatory to upgrade the system configurations in order to complete the Access Manager upgrade process.

To upgrade the system configuration of Oracle Access Management, do the following:

- 1. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s). For more information, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers"
- 2. The upgradeConfig command needs to be run using the IPv4 stack. Therefore, you must add the following property to the wlst.sh file (on UNIX) or wlst.cmd file (on Windows) located at ORACLE_HOME/common/bin:

-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true

To do this, open the wlst.sh or wlst.cmd file in a text editor, add the property, and save the file.

3. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) from the location *\$ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

4. Run the following command in offline mode:

```
upgradeConfig("domain_home", "sysdbaUser", "sysdbaPwd",
"oamSchemaOwner", "oamdbJdbcUrl")
```

In this command,

- domain_home is the absolute path to the Access Manager WebLogic domain.
- *sysdbauser* is the database username having sysdba privileges.
- sysdbapwd is the password of the database user having sysdba privileges.
- oamSchemaOwner is the database username for OAM schema.
- oamdbjdbcUrl is the JDBC URL to connect to the Access Manager database. The JDBC URL must be in specified in the format "jdbc:oracle:thin:@<server_host>:<server_port>/<service_name>".

For example:

On UNIX:

upgradeConfig("/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_domain",
"sys", "pwd", "PREFIX_OAM", "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521/orcl")

On Windows:

```
upgradeConfig("C:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\user_projects\\domains\\base_
domain", "sys", "pwd", "PREFIX_OAM",
"jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521/orcl")
```

12.17 Starting the Servers

Start the WebLogic Administration Server, Access Manager Managed Server(s), and the OMSS server. For more information, see Section 12.12, "Starting the Administration Server and Access Manager Managed Servers".

12.18 Extending the Oracle Access Management Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager

Extend the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) and Policy Manager. Using the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite is optional. However, you must perform this step to enable the Policy Manager.

For more information, see Section 24.3.1, "Extending the 11.1.2.3.0 Access Manager Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager".

Note: To start using the features of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite as described in Section 12.19.1, "Optional: Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite".

12.19 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes the post-upgrade tasks required to enable the features of Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0. These tasks are optional.

This section includes the following topics:

- Optional: Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite
- Assigning Necessary Roles to Admin

12.19.1 Optional: Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite

If you wish to use the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite after extending the Access Manager domain with Oracle Mobile Security Suite component.

For more information, see Section 24.3.2, "Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite".

12.19.2 Assigning Necessary Roles to Admin

Ensure that you assign necessary roles to the global role **Admin**, by setting the role conditions as **IDM Administrators**, **Administrators**, or **OAMAdministrators**.

For more information about creating and managing global security roles, see "Create global security roles" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help* for 11g Release 1 (10.3.6).

12.20 Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade

Verify the Oracle Access Management upgrade by accessing the Oracle Access Management Access Manager Administration Console 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

If you have enabled Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS) and wish to use the functionality of OMSS, use the following URL to access the Access Manager Administration Console:

http://<oam_admin_server_host>:<oam_admin_server_port>/access

If you have not enabled Oracle Mobile Security Suite (OMSS), use the following URL to access the Access Manager Administration Console:

http://<oam_admin_server_host>:<oam_admin_server_port>/oamconsole

Note: This note is applicable only to users who currently have Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager components integrated in 11*g* R1 (11.1.1.5.1) or earlier versions, and are upgrading both Oracle Identity Manager and Access Manager to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

After upgrading the components to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), see "Using the idmConfigTool Command" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite.

12.21 Troubleshooting

For the list of common issues that you might encounter during the Oracle Access Management upgrade process, and their workaround, see Section 25.2, "Troubleshooting Oracle Access Management Upgrade Issues".

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments as 11.1.1.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 13.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager"
- Section 13.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 13.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers"
- Section 13.4, "Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x)"
- Section 13.5, "Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server"
- Section 13.6, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)"
- Section 13.7, "Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas"
- Section 13.8, "Extending Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Component Domains with OPSS Template"
- Section 13.9, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 13.10, "Configuring OPSS Security Store"

- Section 13.11, "Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers"
- Section 13.12, "Redeploying the Applications"
- Section 13.13, "Deleting Folders"
- Section 13.14, "Restarting the Servers"
- Section 13.15, "Verifying the Upgrade"

13.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade may not be successful.

Table 13–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager.

Table 13–1 Upgrade Flow

	Task	For More Information	
1	Complete the prerequisites before you begin with the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks	
2	Shut down all servers. This includes both Administration Server and Managed Servers.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers	
3	Back up your environment.	See, Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x)	
4	Optional - Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.	See, Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server	
5	Upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)	
6	Upgrade the OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas using Patch Set Assistant.	See, Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas	
7	Extend your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x domain with the OPSS template.	See, Extending Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Component Domains with OPSS Template	
8	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services, if required.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services	
9	Run the configuresecuritystore.py script to configure policy stores.	See, Configuring OPSS Security Store	
10	Start the Administration and Managed Servers.	See, Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers	
11	Redeploy the applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Servers.	See, Redeploying the Applications	
12	Delete the tmp and stage folders.	See, Deleting Folders	
13	Restart the servers.	See, Restarting the Servers	
Table 13–1 (Cont.) Upgrade Flow			
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	Task	For More Information	
14	Verify the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade.	See, Verifying the Upgrade	

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13.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the Oracle *Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

13.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers.

For more information about stopping the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

13.4 Backing Up Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x)

You must back up your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment before you upgrade to Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

After stopping the servers, you must back up the following:

- *MW_HOME* directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Domain Home directory
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schemas
- IAU schema, if it is part of any of your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x schemas
- MDS schemas

13.5 Optional: Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

13.6 Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

To upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.x.x Middleware Home. Your Oracle Home is upgraded from 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x), see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

13.7 Upgrading OAAM, MDS, IAU, and OPSS Schemas

You must upgrade the following schemas using Patch Set Assistant:

- OAAM schema
- MDS schema
- OPSS schema

Note: If OPSS schema is not part of the source, a new OPSS schema must be created first, using 11.1.1.9.0 RCU, and only then can it be upgraded. You must create Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema because Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade process involves OPSS schema policy store changes. Keys, roles, permissions, and other artifacts used by the applications must migrate to the policy store.

Run the Repository Creation utility (RCU) to create the OPSS schema. For more information, see "Creating Schemas" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*. IAU schema (You must upgrade Audit schema (IAU) only if it is part of your 11.1.1.x.x schemas.

Note: When upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, you must select **OAAM** or **OAAM_PARTN** as appropriate, and provide details on all screens to complete the upgrade.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

13.8 Extending Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x Component Domains with OPSS Template

Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses the database to store policies. This requires extending the 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Adaptive Access Manager domain to include the OPSS data source.

To do so, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command to launch the Oracle Fusion Middleware configuration wizard:

On UNIX:

./config.sh

It is located in the <MW_HOME>/<Oracle_IDM1>/common/bin directory.

On Windows:

config.cmd

It is located in the <MW_HOME>\<Oracle_IDM1>\common\bin directory.

- On the Welcome screen, select the Extend an existing WebLogic domain option. Click Next.
- **3.** On the **Select a WebLogic Domain Directory** screen, browse to the directory that contains the WebLogic domain in which you configured the components. Click **Next**. The **Select Extension Source** screen is displayed.
- On the Select Extension Source screen, select the Oracle Platform Security Service - 11.1.1.0 [Oracle_IDM1] option. After selecting the domain configuration options, click Next.
- The Configure JDBC Data Sources screen is displayed. Configure the opssDS data source, as required. After the test succeeds, the Configure JDBC Component Schema screen is displayed.
- 6. On the **Configure JDBC Component Schema** screen, select the **Oracle Platform Security Services** schema.

You can set values for Schema Owner, Schema Password, Database and Service, Host Name, and Port. Click **Next**.

The **Test JDBC Component Schema** screen is displayed. After the test succeeds, the **Select Optional Configuration** screen is displayed.

7. On the **Select Optional Configuration** screen, you can configure Managed Servers, Clusters, and Machines and Deployments and Services. Do not select

anything as you have already configured in your Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.1.x.x environment. Click **Next**.

8. On the **Configuration Summary** screen, review the domain configuration, and click **Extend** to start extending the domain.

Your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager domain is extended to support Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

13.9 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

Note: The upgrade steps need to be performed only if OPSS has already been configured.

After you upgrade schemas, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

13.10 Configuring OPSS Security Store

Note: You need to configure OPSS Security Store only if it was not configured during the previous installation. If it has already been configured, perform the steps to upgrade OPSS. For more information, see Section 13.9, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

You must configure the database Security Store as it is the only security store type supported by Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For more information on configuring Oracle Platform Security Services, see "Configuring Database Security Store for an Oracle Identity and Access Management Domain" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

13.11 Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers

Note: When you start the Administration Server and the Managed Servers, the Adaptive Access Manager Administration console application and the Access Manager Managed server application may start with a number of errors and exceptions. This is expected and can be ignored. These issues are resolved by the subsequent redeployment process.

The redeploy command is an online WLST command. Therefore, you must start the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Administration and Managed Servers before running the redeploy command.

For information about starting the Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed servers, see "Starting the Servers" on page 24-11.

13.12 Redeploying the Applications

You must redeploy changes to the applications in the domain after upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0. Redeploy your 11.1.1.x.x application on the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers.

You can redeploy the application using command line or using the WebLogic Administration console. Complete the following steps described in one of the following sections to redeploy applications:

- Redeploying Applications Using Command Line
- Redeploying Applications Using WebLogic Administration Console

Redeploying Applications Using Command Line

To redeploy applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers using command line, do the following:

 Run the following command from the location IAM_HOME/common/bin to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

```
connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')
```

For example:

connect('wlsuser','wlspassword','localhost:7001')

3. Run the following command to undeploy OAAM:

```
undeploy('oaam_admin')
undeploy('oaam_server')
```

undeploy('oracle.oaam.extensions')

Note: If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, run the undeploy() command to undeploy 'oaam_ offline' too.

For more information about using the undeploy command, see "undeploy" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference*.

4. Deploy the oaam.extension library application by running the following command:

deploy('oracle.oaam.extensions','\$IAM_HOME/oaam/oaam_ extensions/generic/oracle.oaam.extensions.war','oaam_admin_ server1,oaam_server_server1','nostage',libraryModule='true') **Note:** If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, add oaam_offline_server1 to the list of targets while deploying oaam.extension library.

For more information about using the deploy command, see "deploy" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference.

5. Deploy the OAAM applications by running the following commands:

deploy('oaam_admin','\$IAM_HOME/oaam/oaam_admin/ear/oaam_ admin.ear','oaam_admin_server1','nostage')

```
deploy('oaam_server','$IAM_HOME/oaam/oaam_server/ear/oaam_
server.ear','oaam_server_server1','nostage')
```

The target servers for each deployments are as follows:

- oaam_admin Target: oaam_admin_server1
- oaam_server Target: oaam_server_server1

Note: If you have Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server in your setup, deploy 'oaam_offline' to the target 'oaam_offline_ server1' by running the deploy() command.

For more information about using the deploy command, see "deploy" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference.

6. Optional: If you had deployed the OAAM shared library, run the following command to redeploy it:

redeploy('oracle.oaam.libs')

7. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

Redeploying Applications Using WebLogic Administration Console

To redeploy applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 servers using WebLogic Administration console, do the following:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://admin_host:admin_port/console:

- **2.** Go to the **Deployments** tab.
- 3. Select oaam_admin, oaam_server and oracle.oaam.extensions from Deployments and click Delete.
- 4. Deploy the following applications by clicking Install:
 - oracle.oaam.extensions Target should be oaam_server_server1, oaam_ admin_server1.

Note: Ensure that oracle.oaam.extensions is deployed before you deploy other applications.

- oaam_admin Target should be oaam_admin_server1.
- oaam_server Target should be oaam_server_server1.

13.13 Deleting Folders

To deploy Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x server content and applications in Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must delete all content of folders in the following locations:

On UNIX:

Deleting tmp:

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_ADMIN_SERVER_ NAME>/tmp

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>/tmp

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_OFFLINE_SERVER_ NAME>/tmp

Deleting stage:

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_ADMIN_SERVER_ NAME>/stage

<Mw_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>/stage

<MW_Home>/user_projects/domains/domain_home/servers/<OAAM_OFFLINE_SERVER_ NAME>/stage

On Windows:

Deleting tmp:

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_ADMIN_SERVER_ NAME>\tmp

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>\tmp

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_OFFLINE_SERVER_ NAME>\tmp

Deleting stage:

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_ADMIN_SERVER_ NAME>\stage

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_MANAGED_SERVER_ NAME>\stage

<MW_Home>\user_projects\domains\domain_home\servers\<OAAM_OFFLINE_SERVER_ NAME>\stage

13.14 Restarting the Servers

To restart the Administration Server or Managed Servers, you must stop the running Administration Server or Managed Servers first before starting them again.

To stop the servers, see Section 13.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers".

To start the servers, see Section 13.11, "Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers".

Note: After all the upgrade steps are complete, check to make sure that the custom extensions (if any) are working correctly.

13.15 Verifying the Upgrade

Use the following URL in a web browser to verify that Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is running:

http://<oaam_host>:<oaam_port>/oaam_admin

Assign the investigator role and verify to see the investigator UI.

Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments to Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: This chapter refers to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) environments as 11.1.1.x.x.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 14.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager"
- Section 14.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 14.3, "Upgrading Oracle Home"
- Section 14.4, "Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas"
- Section 14.5, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier"
- Section 14.6, "Upgrade Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components"
- Section 14.7, "Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 14.8, "Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade"
- Section 14.9, "Troubleshooting"

Note: Oracle Identity Manager upgrade scripts from 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0 create application instances during the upgrade process. The application instances that are created will be based on the existing accounts and their data. For active accounts that have an IT Resource field on the process form, whose value is populated on the process form, corresponding application instances will be created for the specific Resource Object+ITResource combination.

14.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager

The procedure for upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0 involves the following high-level steps:

- 1. **Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks**: This step involves tasks like generating the pre-upgrade report, analyzing the report and performing the necessary pre-upgrade tasks described in the report, shutting down the servers, backing up the 11.1.1.x.x environment and so on.
- 2. Upgrading Oracle Home: This step involves tasks like upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0, and upgrading Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.
- **3.** Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas: This step involves tasks like creating necessary schemas like Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema and Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema using Repository Creation Utility 11.1.2.3.0, and upgrading the existing schemas using the Patch Set Assistant.
- 4. Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier: This step involves tasks like upgrading Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, starting the servers, patching the Oracle Identity Manager MDS metadata and so on.
- 5. Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components: This step involves tasks like upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console, Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manger, and configuring BI Publisher Reports.
- 6. Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks: This step involves the post-upgrade tasks like enabling Oracle Identity Manager Oracle Access Manager integration, upgrading user UDF, customizing event handlers, upgrading SOA composites and so on.

Table 14–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x.

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Identity Manager upgrade may not be successful.

SI No	Tas	k	For More Information
1	Complete the following pre-upgrade tasks.		See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
	1.	Review the new features of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.	
	2.	Review system requirements and certifications.	
	3.	Ensure that you are using a supported JDK version.	
	4.	Review the Oracle Identity Manager customizations that are lost or overwritten as part of the upgrade.	
	5.	Generate the pre-upgrade report by running the PreUpgradeReport utility.	
	6.	Ensure that getPlatformTransactionManager() method is not used in custom code.	
	7.	Empty the oimProcessQueue JMS queue to ensure that JMS messages are processed before you start upgrading.	
	8.	Complete the other pre-requisite tasks.	
	9.	In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, if you do not have at least one reconciliation field of type IT Resource, then you must create one for all account type profiles.	
	10.	Stop all the servers. This includes the Node Manager, WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Server(s), and Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s).	
	11.	Back up your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment.	
2	Up; the	grade the Oracle Home by complete following tasks:	See, Upgrading Oracle Home
	1.	Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.	
	2.	Upgrade Oracle SOA suite to $11g$ Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).	
	3.	Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.	

Table 14–1 Upgrade Roadmap

SI No	Task	For More Information
3	Create the Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema and Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU), and upgrade your existing database schemas using the Patch Set Assistant (PSA).	See, Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas
4	Upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier. This is done by running the OIM middle tier upgrade utility OIMUpgrade.sh or OIMUpgrade.bat in offline and online mode.	See, Upgrade Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components
5	Upgrade other Oracle Identity Manager installed components like Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrade Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components
6	Complete the required post-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks
7	Verify the upgraded environment.	See, Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade

Table 14–1 (Cont.) Upgrade Roadmap

14.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes the pre-upgrade tasks that you must complete before you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments:

- Comparing the Features of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x and 11.1.2.3.0
- Reviewing System Requirements and Certification
- Ensuring that you are Using a Certified JDK Version
- Reviewing the Customizations that are Lost or Overwritten as Part of Upgrade
- Generating and Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report
- Ensuring That getPlatformTransactionManager() Method is Not Used in Custom Code
- Emptying the oimProcessQueue JMS Queue
- Other Prerequisites
- Creating Reconciliation Field of Type IT Resource
- Shutting Down Node Manager, Administration Server and Managed Servers
- Backing Up Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x)

14.2.1 Comparing the Features of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x and 11.1.2.3.0

Table 14–2 lists the key differences in functionality between Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x and Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0	
Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x provided separate interfaces for end user self-service and delegated administration.	In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, the end user self-service and delegated administration consoles are unified into a single self-service console to simplify	
customization model where developers would edit the back end code, deploy it to an application server, and finally validate the changes from a browser. This was required for minor changes such as changes to logos, label, font, button, etc.	administration and self service. Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses the Alta skin which is business (mobile, cloud) friendly. OIM 11.1.2.3.0 has a new Home page, new my profile page with user friendly inbox.	
	UI customization is simplified using Sandboxing and web composer.	
	Most of the customizations need to be redone to match the look and feel of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.	
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, administrators configured request templates to control what an end user could request. End users have to navigate through a series of menus to select entitlement before they can submit and access request. An end user's access to request templates was controlled by his/her role memberships.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides a new user interface with a shopping cart-type request model through which end users can search and browse through the catalog, and directly request any item such as roles, entitlements, or applications, without having to navigate through a series of menus. In addition to this, several business-friendly metadata such as description, audit objective, tags, owner, approver, technical glossary, and so on, can be associated to each access item, to display business-friendly and rich contextual information to a business user at the time of self service access request and access review.	
	UDFs which are marked as searchable will automatically be part of advance search form.	
	You can customize the search form. Attributes can be used to search catalog items. Catalog as single point for managing access.	

 Table 14–2
 Features Comparison

Table 14–2	(Cont.)	Features	Comparison
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Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, Resource and IT resource names are named in a manner such that it is easy for the IT users to manage them. The problem with this approach is that, if a business user has to request access, the resource name will not make sense to the user. These incomprehensible Resource and IT resource names make the access request process non-intuitive.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides an abstraction entity called Application Instance. It is a combination of IT resource instance (target connectivity and connector configuration) and resource object (provisioning mechanism). Administrators can assign business friendly names to Application instances and map them to corresponding IT resources and Resource Objects.
	End users who request for accounts through the catalog will search for an account by providing the business friendly Application Instance Name.
	Application instances are automatically created as part of the upgrade procedure. Administrators are expected to define organization publishing for these Application Instances to control who has access to request for access to the application.
Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x had to be integrated with Oracle Identity Analytics (OIA) to leverage the advanced access review capabilities.	In 11.1.2.3.0, the functionality of Oracle Identity Analytics is ported into Oracle Identity Governance (OIG). You can define and manage identity audit policies based on IDA rules. You can define owners and remediators for a policy, which can be a specific user, a list of users, or an OIM role.
	You can use preventive and detective scan capabilities which can create actionable policy violations.
	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has comprehensive role lifecycle management and workflow approval capabilities with direct involvement from business, featuring a business friendly User Interface. It also includes detailed Role Analytics to aid with the composition and modifications of roles.
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, authorization policies were used to control a user's access to the functions within Oracle Identity Manager. Policy administration was done through a UI that was built specifically for Oracle Identity Manager	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides a fine grained authorization engine to help you create various admin roles. For example, by using attributes to define membership, you can restrict an administrator to managing home organization members only.
The existing 11.1.1.x.x certification feature provides certifier selection based on User Manager, Organization Manager, Catalog Owner and Selected User.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 introduces additional certifier selection where role can be used to define certifiers. All members of a certifier role can see the certification in their inbox, but the first member who 'claims' the certification will be the primary reviewer for that certification.
Till Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, policies were implemented and customized using OIM plug-in, and pre-pop adapters implemented via plug-in framework, which required writing custom java code to extend and customize OOTB policies.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 introduces declarative policies that enable you to define and configure various policy types that are evaluated at run time. Policy is configured via a UI/API rather than customized via Java plug-in or pre-pop adapter.

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x had SOA based approval workflows. Request templates are provided to create various request.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 includes a number of enhancements to the request workflow.
	Temporal grants allow the requester to specify the start and end date (grant duration) of the role, account and entitlements at the time of assignment.
	Administrators can configure approvals by creating workflow policy rules instead of approval policies. It also supports role requests (create, modify, delete etc).Also, now enabling SOA is optional.
In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, Lookup queries were supported.	In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, Lookup queries are not supported.

 Table 14–2 (Cont.) Features Comparison

14.2.2 Reviewing System Requirements and Certification

Before you start the upgrade process, review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".

14.2.3 Ensuring that you are Using a Certified JDK Version

Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

14.2.4 Reviewing the Customizations that are Lost or Overwritten as Part of Upgrade

This section lists the customizations that will be lost or overwritten as part of the upgrade process.

The following customizations will be lost or overwritten as part of the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process:

- The configuration files like web.xml that are directly manipulated for changing the session time out will be overwritten as part of the binary upgrade.
- The custom JARs included in the OIM Home will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.

- Oracle Identity Manager Design Console configuration settings will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager configuration settings will be lost as part of the binary upgrade.
- Customizations done to Email Validation Pattern will be overwritten as part of the upgrade process.
- All UI customizations will be lost as Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses a different UI model compared to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x.
- The following scripts will be modified as part of the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline.
 - Startup scripts startWebLogic.sh and startManagedWebLogic.sh located at DOMAIN_HOME/bin/ (on UNIX), startWebLogic.cmd and startManagedWebLogic.cmd located at DOMAIN_HOME\bin\ (on Windows)
 - Domain environment script setDomainEnv.sh located at DOMAIN_ HOME/bin/(on UNIX), setDomainEnv.bat located at DOMAIN_HOME\bin\ (on Windows)
 - Unprotected Metadata files

For the list of protected metadata files for which the customizations will be retained after upgrade, see Section 24.2.1, "Protected Metadata Files for Which Customization will be Retained After Upgrade".

Any manual edits done to these scripts will be overwritten. Therefore, you must revisit these after middle tier upgrade offline.

 If you have SSL configured environment, the file ORACLE_ HOME\designconsole\config\xl.policy will be overwritten as part of the Oracle Identity Manager binary upgrade. Therefore, backup the xl.policy file if you have customized it, before you begin with the upgrade process.

14.2.5 Generating and Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report

You must run the pre-upgrade utility before you begin the upgrade process, and address all the issues listed as part of this report with the solution provided in the report.

The pre-upgrade utility analyzes your existing Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment, and provides information about the mandatory prerequisites that you must complete before you upgrade environment. The information in the pre-upgrade report is related to the invalid approval policies, requests and event handlers that are affected by the upgrade, list of mandatory Database components that need to be installed before upgrade, cyclic groups in LDAP directory, deprecated authorization policies, and issues in creating potential application instance.

For information about generating the pre-upgrade report, and analyzing it, see Section 24.2.2, "Generating and Analyzing Pre-Upgrade Report for Oracle Identity Manager".

Note: It is important to address all the issues listed in the pre-upgrade report, before you can proceed with the upgrade, as upgrade might fail if the issues are not fixed.

Run this report until no pending issues are listed in the report.

14.2.6 Ensuring That getPlatformTransactionManager() Method is Not Used in Custom Code

Ensure that the method getPlatformTransactionManager() is not used in the custom event handler code, as this method is not available in 11.1.2.3.0.

If you are using the method getPlatformTransactionManager() in the custom event handler code, set the attribute tx to TRUE in the event handler XML definition.

For more information on setting the attributes in the event handler XML definition, see "Defining Custom Events Definition XML" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager*.

14.2.7 Emptying the oimProcessQueue JMS Queue

Offline Provisioning is not supported in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, as it is no longer needed on Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

Empty the oimProcessQueue JMS queue to ensure that JMS messages are processed before you start upgrading. To do so, complete the following:

- 1. Shut down applications to disable accessing of Oracle Identity Manager offline provisioning by end-users, SPML, and API clients.
- 2. Monitor the oimProcessQueue JMS queue from the WebLogic Administration Console and allow Oracle Identity Manager to run, till oimProcessQueue JMS queue is empty.

14.2.8 Other Prerequisites

This is a list of checks you must run and set before you begin upgrading:

 The OOTB applications in Oracle Identity Manager are deployed in NO_STAGE mode. Check if oracle.idm.uishell is in No Stage mode. If oracle.idm.uishell is in Stage mode, you must re-deploy it to NO_STAGE mode.

Complete the following steps to change the mode to No Stage:

- **1.** Set the *WL_HOME* and *OIM_HOME*.
- 2. Undeploy oracle.idm.uishell by running the following command:

java -cp \$WL_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar weblogic.Deployer -adminurl t3://localhost:8005 -username weblogic -password weblogic1 -undeploy -name oracle.idm.uishell

3. Deploy oracle.idm.uishell in stage mode by running the following command:

java -cp \$WL_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar weblogic.Deployer -adminurl t3://localhost:8005 -username weblogic -password weblogic1 -deploy -name oracle.idm.uishell -source \$OIM_ HOME/modules/oracle.idm.uishell_11.1.1/oracle.idm.uishell.war -nostage -library -targets AdminServer,\$OIM_SERVER_NAME

- In case of a migrated, upgraded, or restored database in the Oracle Identity Manager environment, you must synchronize all the Oracle Identity Manager Schema Privileges (SYSTEM and OBJECT Grants) from the source to the target (restored) schema by doing the following:
 - 1. Capture the OIM Database Schema user constituent grants from the source schema by executing the following SQLs as SYS database user:

- SELECT DBMS_METADATA.GET_GRANTED_DDL ('SYSTEM_GRANT', '<OIM_ Schema_Name>') FROM DUAL;
- SELECT DBMS_METADATA.GET_GRANTED_DDL ('OBJECT_GRANT', '<OIM_ Schema_Name>') FROM DUAL;
- **2.** In the schema restoration phase prior to schema upgrade, execute the grants output of the SQLs captured in step-1, as post schema restoration step.
- **3.** Recompile any INVALID objects in the OIM schema using the following steps:

a. Identify INVALID schema objects as SYS user by running the following SQL:

SELECT owner,object_type,object_name,status FROM dba_objects WHERE
status = 'INVALID' AND owner in ('<OIM_Schema_Name1>') ORDER BY
owner, object_type, object_name;

b. Compile the INVALID schema objects using any appropriate method. The following is an example of compiling INVALID schema objects by executing the method UTL_RECOMP as SYS user for the OIM schema:

```
BEGIN
UTL_RECOMP.recomp_serial('<OIM_SCHEMA_NAME>');
END
```

Note: For information on schema backup and restoration using Data Pump Client Utility for Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 1, see My Oracle Support document ID 1359656.1.

For information on schema backup and restoration using Data Pump Client Utility for Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2, see My Oracle Support document ID 1492129.1.

14.2.9 Creating Reconciliation Field of Type IT Resource

All account reconciliation Field Mapping configurations must have at least one Reconciliation field of type ITResource defined. This can be done by adding a mapping from the Oracle Identity Manager Design Console. Complete the following steps for those resource objects which do not have ITResource filed in reconciliation field mapping:

- 1. Create reconciliation field of type IT Resource by doing the following:
 - **a.** Log in to the Oracle Identity Manager Design Console by running the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/designconsole/:

On UNIX: ./xlclient.sh

On Windows: xlclient.cmd

- b. Expand Resource Management.
- c. Click Resource Objects.
- d. Search for and select the Resource Object that you wish to modify.
- e. Go to the **Object Reconciliation** tab.
- f. Click Add Field under Reconciliation Fields tab.
- g. Enter the Field Name, and select IT Resource as the Field Type.
- h. Click Save icon.

- **2.** Define mapping for the field ITResource by doing the following:
 - **a.** On the Oracle Identity Manager Design Console, expand **Process Management** on the left navigation pane.
 - **b.** Click **Process Definition**.
 - **c.** Go to the **Reconciliation Field Mapping** tab in the **Process Definition** form.
 - d. Search for the Resource Object.
 - e. Define mapping for the field IT Resource.
 - **f.** Save the form.

Note: This step is required if you are using connector for account reconciliation or if you wish to use connector for account reconciliation after you upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0.

14.2.10 Shutting Down Node Manager, Administration Server and Managed Servers

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the Managed Servers, Administration Server, and the Node Manager.

Note: When shutting down the servers, the following error message might be displayed:

It is recommended that you open a new command prompt and then run the commands for shutting down the servers.

Note: If you are upgrading highly available environment, you must shut down the servers on all of the hosts.

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

14.2.11 Backing Up Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x)

You must back up your old Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment before you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

After stopping the servers, back up the following:

- MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Domain Home directory
- Oracle Identity Manager schemas
- MDS schema

- ORASDPM schema
- SOAINFRA schemas

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

Note: If you are upgrading highly available environment, you must back up the Oracle Home directories and the domain home directories on all of the hosts.

14.3 Upgrading Oracle Home

This section describes the tasks to be completed to upgrade the existing Oracle home.

Note: Before you begin with the upgrade process, make sure that you have read and write permission to the domain including the /security/SerializedSystemIni.dat file.

This section includes the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
- Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

14.3.1 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Identity Manager environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

14.3.2 Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0. Therefore, you must upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0 if you are using any earlier version. For information about upgrading Oracle SOA Suite, see Section 24.2.3, "Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0)".

14.3.3 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Binaries to 11.1.2.3.0

To upgrade Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.x.x Middleware Home. Your Oracle Home is upgraded from 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

Note: Before upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), you must ensure that the OPatch version in *ORACLE_HOME* and *MW_HOME/*oracle_common is 11.1.0.10.3. Different OPatch version might cause patch application failure. If you have upgraded opatch to a newer version, you will have to roll back to version 11.1.0.10.3.

For information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x), see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

After the binary upgrade, check the installer logs at the following location:

On UNIX: ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION/logs

To find the location of the Oracle Inventory directory on UNIX, check the file ORACLE_HOME/oraInst.loc.

On Windows: ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION\logs

The default location of the Oracle Inventory Directory on Windows is C:\Program Files\Oracle\Inventory\logs.

The following install log files are written to the log directory:

- installDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- installDATE-TIME_STAMP.out
- installActionsDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- installProfileDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- oraInstallDATE-TIME_STAMP.err
- oraInstallDATE-TIME_STAMP.log

14.4 Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas

This section describes the tasks to be completed to upgrade Database schemas.

This section includes the following topics:

- Creating Necessary Database Schemas
- Upgrading Existing Schemas

14.4.1 Creating Necessary Database Schemas

You must create the following database schemas using Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0.

- Oracle Platform Security Store (OPSS) schema
- Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema

Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process involves OPSS schema policy store changes. Keys, roles, permissions, and other artifacts used by the applications must migrate to the policy store.

For more information about creating schemas, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

Note: When you create schemas using Repository Creation Utility, select only Oracle Platform Security Store (OPSS) and Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schemas on the **Select Components** screen.

Do not select any other schema.

14.4.2 Upgrading Existing Schemas

You must upgrade the existing Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) schema using Patch Set Assistant (PSA). When you select the Oracle Identity Manager Schema, it automatically selects all dependent schemas and upgrades them too.

For information about upgrading schemas using the Patch Set Assistant, see Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant.

After you upgrade schemas, verify the upgrade by checking the version numbers of the schemas as described in Version Numbers After Upgrading Schemas.

14.4.2.1 Version Numbers After Upgrading Schemas

Run select version, status, upgraded from schema_version_registry where owner=<SCHEMA_NAME>; and ensure that the version numbers are upgraded, as listed in Table 14-3:

Component	Version No.
OPSS	11.1.1.9.0
MDS	11.1.1.9.0
Oracle Identity Manager	11.1.2.3.0
ORASDPM	11.1.1.9.0
SOAINFRA	11.1.1.9.0 (Make sure that you have upgraded SOA schemas as described in Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant")

Table 14–3 Component Version Numbers After Upgrading the Schemas

14.5 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier

To upgrade Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, you must run the middle tier upgrade utility OIMUpgrade in offline and online mode. For more information about upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, see Section 24.2.4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier".

14.6 Upgrade Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components

After you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, you must upgrade the other Oracle Identity Manager installed components like Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager, see Section 24.2.5, "Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components".

14.7 Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, you must perform the following post-upgrade tasks described in Section 24.2.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks":

- After You Upgrade
- Enabling Oracle BI Publisher
- Reviewing Performance Tuning Recommendations
- Validating the Database Objects
- Impact of Removing Approver-Only Attribute in Request Data Set
- Changes to Request API After Upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
- Verifying the Compatibility of Oracle Identity Manager Integrated with Oracle Access Manager
- Running the Entitlement List Schedule
- Running the Evaluate User Policies Scheduled Task
- Running Catalog Synchronization
- UMS Notification Provider
- Upgrading User UDF
- Upgrading Application Instances
- Re XIMDD
- Re SPML-DSML
- Customizing Event Handlers
- Upgrading SOA Composites
- Authorization Policy Changes
- Creating Password Policies
- Creating PeopleSoft Enterprise HRMS Reconciliation Profile
- Reviewing OIM Data Purge Job Parameters
- Migrating Customized Oracle Identity Manager Reports Built on BI Publisher 10g to BI Publisher 11g
- Reviewing Connector Certification
- Verifying the Functionality of Connectors
- Updating the Provider URL For ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA

- Rebuilding the Indexes of Oracle Identity Manager Table to Change to Reverse Type
- Reviewing System Property
- Updating the URI of the Human Task Service Component with Oracle HTTP Server Details
- Migrating Approval Policies to Approval Workflow Rules
- Disabling Oracle SOA Suite Server
- Adjusting the Width of UDF Components

14.8 Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade

To verify your Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, perform the following steps:

1. Verify that Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is running using the following URL:

http://oim_host:oim_port/sysadmin

http://oim_host:oim_port/identity

where

oim_host is the host on which Oracle Identity Manager is running.

oim_port is the port number.

2. Verify that Oracle BI Publisher 11.1.1.9.0 is running using the following URLs:

http://bip_host:bip_port/xmlpserver

where

bip_host is the host on which Oracle BI Publisher is running.

bip_port is the port number. The default HTTP port for BI Publisher is 9704, if not changed during upgrade.

3. Use Fusion Middleware Control to verify that Oracle Identity Manager and any other Oracle Identity Management components are running in the Oracle Fusion Middleware environment.

14.9 Troubleshooting

For the list of common issues that you might encounter during the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process, and their workaround, see Section 25.1, "Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues".

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) Environment

This chapter describes how to upgrade your existing Oracle Entitlements Server 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) environment to Oracle Entitlements Server 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 15.1, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server"
- Section 15.2, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server"

15.1 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 15.1.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server"
- Section 15.1.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 15.1.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers"
- Section 15.1.4, "Backing Up Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)"
- Section 15.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6"
- Section 15.1.6, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)"
- Section 15.1.7, "Creating Oracle Platform Security Service Schema"
- Section 15.1.8, "Executing R2_Upgrade.sql"
- Section 15.1.9, "Creating New Oracle Entitlements Server Domain"
- Section 15.1.10, "Exporting Encryption Key"

- Section 15.1.11, "Re-Associating Policy Stores"
- Section 15.1.12, "Deleting all py.class Files"
- Section 15.1.13, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"
- Section 15.1.14, "Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers"
- Section 15.1.15, "Redeploying APM"
- Section 15.1.16, "Verifying the Upgrade"

15.1.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server upgrade may not be successful.

Table 15–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server upgrade.

Task No.	Task	For More Information
1	Review system requirements and certifications.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
2	Shut down all servers. This includes both Administration Server and Managed Servers.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers
3	Back up your environment.	See, Backing Up Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)
4	Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.	See, Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6
5	Upgrade 11.1.1.5.0 Oracle Home to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
6	Create new Oracle Platform Security Services schema.	See, Creating Oracle Platform Security Service Schema
8	Execute R2_Upgrade.sql	See, Executing R2_Upgrade.sql
9	Create new Oracle Entitlements Server domain.	See, Creating New Oracle Entitlements Server Domain
10	Using the exportEncryptionKey(), extract the encryption key.	See, Exporting Encryption Key
11	Run the configuresecuritystore.py script to re-associate policy stores.	See, Re-Associating Policy Stores
12	Delete all the py.class files in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home.	See, Deleting all py.class Files
13	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

Table 15–1 Upgrade Flow

Task No.	Task	For More Information
14	Start the Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed servers.	See, Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers
15	Redeploy APM.	See, Redeploying APM
16	Verify the Oracle Entitlements Server upgrade.	See, Verifying the Upgrade

Table 15–1 (Cont.) Upgrade Flow

15.1.2 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications and Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

15.1.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers

The upgrade process involves changes to the binaries and to the schema. Therefore, before you begin the upgrade process, you must shut down the Administration Server and Managed Servers.

For information about stopping the servers, see "Stopping the Servers" on page 24-13.

15.1.4 Backing Up Oracle Entitlements Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0)

You must back up your Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 environment before you upgrade to Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0.

After stopping the servers, back up the following:

- MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Domain Home directory
- Oracle Entitlements Server schemas

15.1.5 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1 (10.3.6). Therefore, if your existing Oracle Entitlements Server environment is using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.5 or any earlier version, you must upgrade it to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

Note:

 If you upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server from 10.3.5 to 10.3.6, weblogic.policy will be overwritten. Hence, you must backup/restore some of the policies in weblogic.policy.

After the upgrade procedure, add the following WebLogic Server SM policy:

```
grant codeBase "file:${oes.client.home}/-" {
permission java.security.AllPermission;
};
```

In addition, if you had added any policies in 11.1.1.5.0, these policies must be backed up and restored after upgrading to 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about upgrading to Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

15.1.6 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

To upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.5.0 Middleware Home. Your Oracle Home is upgraded from 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

15.1.7 Creating Oracle Platform Security Service Schema

Note: You must preform the following task only if your policy store is database.

Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 schema is bound with APM. From Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2 release onwards, Oracle Entitlements Server security store relies on Oracle Platform Security Services for database. In order to access the Oracle Platform Security Services database, you need to create OPSS schema.

To create Oracle Platform Security Store (OPSS) schema, run the Repository Creation utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0. For more information, see "Creating Schemas" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

15.1.8 Executing R2_Upgrade.sql

Complete the following steps to migrate data from old store to new store.

- **1.** Log in to the database as SYS.
- **2.** Go to the following path:

On UNIX:

<IAM_HOME>/oes/upgrade/sql

ON Windows:

<IAM_HOME>\oes\upgrade\sql

3. Run the following SQL script. Note that when you run this script, you must provide the 11.1.2.3.0 opss schema and 11.1.1.x.x APM schema details.

R2_Upgrade.sql

This SQL script copies the user data from Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 to Oracle Platform Security Services.

Note: In order to execute the R2_Upgrade.sql command, you need to install a database client or execute the script in another computer that has a database client installed on it.

15.1.9 Creating New Oracle Entitlements Server Domain

Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 Administration applications requires a JRF domain. But Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 does not support JRF. Therefore, in order to deploy Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 applications, you must create a new Oracle Entitlements Server domain.

For more information, see "Configuring Oracle Entitlements Server in a New WebLogic Domain" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

15.1.10 Exporting Encryption Key

Credential data are encrypted and stored in the database. The encryption key is domain specific. Since you are moving to Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 domain

from Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 domain, you must export the key to a keyfile and then import the key to the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 domain.

You must run the exportEncryptionKey() command to extract the encryption key from Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 domain's bootstrap wallet.

Run the following command:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/oracle_ common/common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

```
cd <MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin
```

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

./wlst.sh

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

```
exportEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="<domaindir>/config/fmwconfig/jps-con
fig.xml",keyFilePath="/tmp/key",keyFilePassword="<password>")
```

where

<domaindir> is the complete path of the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 domain location.

<password> is the key file password.

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\oracle_ common\common\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>\orcle_common\common\bin

2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

wlst.cmd

3. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

```
exportEncryptionKey(jpsConfigFile="<domaindir>\config\fmwconfig\jps-con
fig.xml",keyFilePath="C:\\tmp\key",keyFilePassword="<password>")
```

Where

<domaindir> is the complete path of the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.1.5.0 domain location.

<password> is the key file password.

15.1.11 Re-Associating Policy Stores

You must re-associate policy stores to make the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 domain uptake the security store which is based on the Oracle Platform Security Services schema. Run the configuresecuritystore.py script to re-associate policy stores as follows:

15.1.11.1 Policy Store is DB

If the policy store in 11.1.1.5.0 is DB, perform the following steps to re-associate to DB based policy store and import the encryption key to the 11.1.2.3.0 domain.

On UNIX:

Run the following WLST command:

<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_ HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir> -m join -j <OES_11.1.1.5.0 jpsroot> -f <OES_11.1.1.5.0 farmname> -p <OPSS schema password> -t <policy store type> -k <keyFilePath> -w <keyFilePassword> --create_diagnostic_data

For example:

<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_ HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <MW_HOME>/user_ projects/domains/<oes_domain> -m join -j cn=jpsroot -f <oes_domain> -p welcome1 -t DB_ORACLE -k /tmp/key -w myKeyPwd --create_diagnostic_data

On Windows:

Run the following WLST command:

<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_ HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir> -m join -j <OES 11.1.1.5.0 jpsroot> -f <OES 11.1.1.5.0 farmname> -p <OPSS schema password> -t <policy store type> -k <keyFilePath> -w <keyFilePassword> --create_diagnostic_data

For example:

<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_ HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <MW_HOME>\user_ projects\domains\<oes_domain> -m join -j cn=jpsroot -f oes_domain -p welcome1 -t DB_ORACLE -k C:\\tmp\key -w myKeyPwd --create_diagnostic_data

Note: For help on the command, run the following:

On UNIX:

```
<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_
HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir>
-help
```

On Windows:

<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_ HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir> -help

Table 15–2 describes the parameters you need to specify on the command line.

Parameter	Description
MW_HOME	Specify the absolute path to the Oracle Middleware home. For example:
	On UNIX: /scratch/oracle/Middleware
	On Windows: C:\oracle\Middleware

Table 15–2 Parameters for Reassociating Policy Stores

Parameter	Description		
IAM_HOME	Specify the absolute path to the Oracle Identity and Access Manager Home. For example:		
	On UNIX: /scratch/oracle/Middleware/Oracle_IDM1		
	On Windows: C:\oracle\Middleware\Oracle_IDM1		
domaindir	Specify the path to the Identity and Access Manager's domain location. The following example shows the complete path:		
	On UNIX, it is located in the <mw_home>/user_ projects/domains/base_domain directory.</mw_home>		
	On Windows, it is located in the <mw_home>\user_ projects\domains\base_domain directory.</mw_home>		
-m	The following are the two options available for the argument -m:		
	• create		
	-m create option creates a new security store. This option is applicable for fresh installation.		
	■ join		
	-m join option uses an existing database security store for the domain. Since this is an upgrade, you must use -m join option while running the configureSecurityStore.py command.		
OPSS_schema_ password	Specify the password of OPSS schema.		
-t	Specify the policy store type. For example: DB_ORACLE, DB_DERBY, or OID.		
-k	Specify the path to the KeyFile.		
-w	Specify the KeyFile password.		

Table 15–2 (Cont.) Parameters for Reassociating Policy Stores

15.1.11.2 Policy Store is OID

If the policy store in 11.1.1.5.0 is OID, perform the following steps to re-associate to OID based policy store and import the encryption key to the 11.1.2.3.0 domain:

1. Remove the py.class files from the oracle_common directory by running the following command from the location *MW_HOME*/oracle_common:

find . -name "*py*class" | xargs rm

2. Run the following WLST command to re-associate the policy store:

On UNIX:

```
<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_
HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir> -m join -j
cn=reassociate_r1ps1_oes_domain -f <OES_11.1.1.5.0 farmname> -t OID -a
cn=orcladmin -p <OPSS schema password> -l ldap://oim.example.com:18686
--create_diagnostic_data
```

For example:

```
<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_
HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <MW_HOME>/user_
projects/domains/<oes_domain> -m join -j cn=jpsroot -f <oes_domain> -t
OID -a cn=orcladmin -p welcome1 -l ldap://oim.example.com:18686
--create diagnostic data
```

On Windows:

Run the following WLST command:

```
<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_
HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir> -m join -j
cn=reassociate_r1ps1_oes_domain -f <OES 11.1.1.5.0 farmname> -t OID -a
cn=orcladmin -p <OPSS schema password> -l ldap://oim.example.com:18686
--create_diagnostic_data
```

For example:

```
<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_
HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <MW_HOME>\user_
projects\domains\<oes_domain> -m join -j cn=jpsroot -f oes_domain -t
OID -a cn=orcladmin -p welcome1 -l ldap://oim.example.com:18686
--create_diagnostic_data
```

Note: For help on the command, run the following:

On UNIX:

```
<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh <IAM_
HOME>/common/tools/configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir>
-help
```

On Windows:

```
<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\common\bin\wlst.cmd <IAM_
HOME>\common\tools\configureSecurityStore.py -d <domaindir>
-help
```

	Table 15–3 describes th	e parameters you nee	d to specify on t	the command line.
--	-------------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-------------------

Parameter	Description	
MW_HOME	Specify the path to the Oracle Identity and Access Manager's Middleware Home.	
	For example:	
	On UNIX: /oracle/Middleware	
	On Windows: C:\\oracle\Middleware	
IAM_HOME	Specify the path to the Oracle Identity and Access Manager Home. The following example shows the complete path:	
	On UNIX, it is located in the /oracle/Middleware/Oracle_IDM1 directory.	
	On Windows, it is located in the \oracle\Middleware\Oracle_ IDM1 directory.	
domaindir	Specify the path to the Identity and Access Manager's domain location. The following example shows the complete path:	
	On UNIX, it is located in the <mw_home>/user_ projects/domains/base_domain directory.</mw_home>	
	On Windows, it is located in the <mw_home>\user_ projects\domains\base_domain directory.</mw_home>	

Table 15–3 Parameters	for	Reassociating	Polic	v Stores
-----------------------	-----	---------------	-------	----------

Parameter	Description	
-m	The following are the two options available for the argument -m:	
	■ create	
	-m create option creates a new security store. This option is applicable for fresh installation.	
	∎ join	
	-m join option uses an existing database security store for the domain. Since this is an upgrade, you must use -m join option while running the configureSecurityStore.py command.	
OPSS_schema_password	Specify the password of OPSS schema.	
-k	Specify the path to the KeyFile.	
-f	Specify the security store farm name.	
-j	Specify the distinguished name of jpsroot.	
-t	Specify the policy store type. For example: DB_ORACLE, DB_DERBY, or OID.	
-a	Specify the administrator username for OID.	
-1	Specify the url for OID.	

 Table 15–3 (Cont.) Parameters for Reassociating Policy Stores

15.1.12 Deleting all py.class Files

Delete all the files with postfix py.class in the newly installed Oracle Entitlements Server home.

15.1.13 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

After you upgrade schemas, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) of the new Oracle Entitlements Server domain.

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Entitlements Server to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services"

15.1.14 Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers

After the upgrade is complete, start the WebLogic Administration Server, the Administration Server for the domain that contains Oracle Entitlements Server, and the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Server. For more information, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

15.1.15 Redeploying APM

To get the latest APM policies into the policy store, you must redeploy the APM applications.

Complete the following steps to redeploy APM:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/wlserver_ 10.3/common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>/wlserver_10.3/common/bin

- Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST): ./wlst.sh
- **3.** Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

4. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')

5. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\wlserver_ 10.3\common\bin by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>\wlserver_10.3\common\bin

- 2. Run the following command to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST): wlst.cmd
- **3.** Connect to the Administration Server using the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

4. At the WLST prompt, run the following command:

<domaindir>\serverConfig\redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')

where

<domaindir> is the complete path to the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 domain.

For example:

<MW_HOME>\user_projects\domains\<oes_domain>\serverConfig\ redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')

5. Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

15.1.16 Verifying the Upgrade

To verify the Oracle Entitlements Server upgrade, do the following:

- Log in to LDAP or database and verify the schema version in the Policy Store. The OPSS schema version should be 11.1.1.9.0.
- The application MAPI works with both old and new functionality.

Create a new policy to see if CRUD operations on the policy store artifacts, using their entity managers, are working.

For more information, see "Creating Fine Grained Elements for a Simple Policy" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server.

The Application Runtime Authorization continues working.

To verify, create an authorization, as mentioned in "Using the PEP API" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server*, and see if it works correctly.

15.2 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 15.2.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server"
- Section 15.2.2, "Stopping all Security Module Instances"
- Section 15.2.3, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)"
- Section 15.2.4, "Changing Username and Password for the New Schemas"
- Section 15.2.5, "Starting the Security Modules"
- Section 15.2.6, "Verifying the Upgrade"

15.2.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server

Note: If you do not follow the exact sequence provided in this task table, your Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade may not be successful.

Table 15–4 lists the steps for upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade.

SI. No.	Task	For More Information
1	Shut down all security modules. This includes shutting down the Administration Server and Managed Servers too.	See, Stopping all Security Module Instances
2	Upgrade 11.1.1.5.0 Oracle Home to 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
3	Change the username and password.	See, Changing Username and Password for the New Schemas
4	Start the security modules.	See, Starting the Security Modules
5	Verify the Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server upgrade.	See, Verifying the Upgrade

Table 15–4 Upgrade Flow

15.2.2 Stopping all Security Module Instances

Bring down all security module instances, Administration Server, and Managed Servers.

The security module instances shuts down when the Administration Server and Managed Servers are shut down.

To stop the servers, see Section 15.1.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers".
15.2.3 Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Client 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

To upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server, you must use the 11.1.2.3.0 installer. During the procedure, point the Middleware Home to your existing 11.1.1.5.0 Oracle Entitlements Server Middleware Home. This upgrades your Middleware Home and Oracle Home from 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0.

This section contains the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- Obtaining the Software
- Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
- Verifying the Installation

15.2.3.1 Prerequisites

You must install and configure Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server, as described in Section 15.1.6, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Administration Server 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

15.2.3.2 Obtaining the Software

For more information on obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g software, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe.

15.2.3.3 Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

For more information on installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client Server 11.1.2.3.0, see "Installing Oracle Entitlements Server Client" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

15.2.3.4 Verifying the Installation

To verify that your Oracle Entitlements Server Client install was successful, go to your Oracle Home directory which you specified during installation and verify that the Oracle Entitlements Server Client installation files are created.

15.2.4 Changing Username and Password for the New Schemas

If Oracle Entitlements Server client is running in a controlled-pull mode or in an uncontrolled mode, the jps-config.xml of the Security Module instance must be changed to reflect the schema changes done during the Administration Server upgrade.

Before running the oessmconfig.sh command, you need to modify jps-config.xml of the controlled-pull or uncontrolled security module.

Note: For Java, RMI and Web Service security modules, jps-config.xml is located at:

<OES_CLIENT_HOME>/oes_sm_instances/<SM_NAME>/config

For Oracle WebLogic Server security module, jps-config.xml is located at:

<WLS_DOMAIN_HOME>/config/oeswlssmconfig/<SERVER_NAME>

Note: For controlled-push security module, you do not have to add any parameters to the pdp.service instance.

Controlled-Pull Security Module

For controlled-pull security module, add the following to the pdp.service instance:

<property name="oracle.security.jps.runtime.pd.client.SMinstanceType" value="<sm_type>"/>

Replace "<sm_type>" with the actual type.

For example:

"java"

Uncontrolled Security Module

For uncontrolled security module, add the following to the pdp.service instance:

```
<property
name="oracle.security.jps.runtime.pd.client.policyDistributionMode"
value="non-controlled"/>
```

<property name="oracle.security.jps.runtime.pd.client.sm_name" value="<sm_ name>"/>

```
<property name="oracle.security.jps.runtime.pd.client.SMinstanceType" value="<sm_type>"/>
```

Replace "<sm_name>" "<sm_type>" with the actual values.

Do the following to change the username and password of the new schemas:

1. Go to the following path:

On UNIX, <CLIENT_HOME>/oesclient/oessm/enroll/bin

On Windows, <CLIENT_HOME>\oesclient\oessm\enroll\bin

2. Run the following command:

On UNIX:

./oessmconfig.sh -jpsconfig <path to the jps-config.xml>

On Windows:

oessmconfig.cmd -jpsconfig <path to the jps-config.xml>

- **3.** A Graphic User Interface displays. See Figure 15–1.
- 4. Click SM Configuration.
- 5. Click the **Policy Store** sub-tab.
- 6. Enter the new schema user name and password.
- 7. Click Test Connection
- **8.** When you get the successful security module test message, click **Save & Close**.

OES SM Config Tool	Oracle Fr
scratch/palrao/client_oracle/oesclient/oes_sm_instances/mySM_lava_Controlled_pull/config/jps-config.xml	oracic Li
SM Configuration Advanced PIP Parameters	
* SM Name mySM_java_Controlled_pull * Policy Distribution Mode controlled-pull Distribution Parameters Client Configuration Policy Store	Description Press this to test t parameters
Policy Store Type DB 💌	
Database Configuration through URL O Database Configuration through JNDI Name	Status Optional tyou may the values without
* JDBC URL hin: @tocalhost:1521:rdbm3 * JDBC Driver lie_jdbc.driver.OracleDriver	Accepted Values
* Username PS2_OPSS * Password •••••••	
Test Connection	
Connection successful	
* Maximum Search Filter Length 0	
* Farm Name <u>cn-dw_domain</u> Resource Type Enforcement Mode strict v	
Revert [VNC config]	ŝave Save & O

Figure 15–1 Java Security Module

15.2.5 Starting the Security Modules

You must start the security modules by starting the Administration Server and Managed Servers.

To start the servers, see Section 15.1.14, "Starting the Administration Server and Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers".

Note: When starting the Oracle Service Bus Security Module, you must use the parameter

-Doracle.oes.osbresource.converter.distinguishtransportprivi lege=false while running the script.

15.2.6 Verifying the Upgrade

To verify, create an authorization, as mentioned in "Using the PEP API" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Entitlements Server*, and see if it works correctly.

The Application Runtime Authorization continues working.

Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 involves two major tasks:

- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0)
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 16.1, "Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager"
- Section 16.2, "Feature Comparison"
- Section 16.3, "Reviewing System Requirements and Certification"
- Section 16.4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.2.0"
- Section 16.5, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0"

16.1 Upgrade Roadmap for Oracle Identity Manager

Table 16–1 lists the tasks to be completed to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0.

SI No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the changes in the features of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.	See, Feature Comparison
2	Review system requirements and certifications.	See, Reviewing System Requirements and Certification
3	Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x environments to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0).	See, Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.2.0
4	Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	See, Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0

 Table 16–1
 Roadmap for Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0

16.2 Feature Comparison

Table 16–2 lists key differences in functionality between Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x and Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
The Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x User Interface is built on the struts framework. It provides basic self service interfaces.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 uses Alta skin which is business (mobile, cloud) friendly. Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has new Home page, and new my profile page with user-friendly inbox.
	Most of the UI customizations need to be re done post upgrade, to match the look and feel of 11.1.2.3.0.
Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x provides basis self service capabilities such as password reset and account request.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides a new user interface with a shopping cart-type request model through which end users can search and browse through the catalog and directly request any item such as roles, entitlements, or applications without having to navigate through a series of menus.
	In addition to this, several business-friendly metadata such as description, audit objective, tags, owner, approver, and technical glossary and so on can be associated to each access item, to display business-friendly and rich contextual information to a business user at the time of self service access request and access review.
	UDFs which are marked as searchable will automatically be part of advance search form.
	You can customize the search form. Attributes can be used to search catalog items. Catalog is the single point for managing access.

Table 16–2Features Comparison

Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x provides Identity Attestation to periodically review a user's access. For advanced access review capabilities such as role or data owner certification, OIM 9.1.x.x had to be integrated with Oracle Identity Analytics (OIA).	OIA functionality is now ported into Oracle Identity Governance (OIG). Customers can define and manage identity audit policies based on IDA rules. Customers can define owners and remediators for a policy, which can be a specific user, a list of users or an OIM role.
	Customers can use preventive and detective scan capabilities which can create actionable policy violations.
	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has comprehensive role lifecycle management and workflow approval capabilities with direct involvement from business, featuring a business friendly UI.
	It also includes detailed Role Analytics to aid with the composition and modifications of roles.
In Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.0.x, users are assigned to organizations by specifying an organization name in the Organization attribute of the user details. This is a static organization membership. A user can only be a member of one organization.	In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, in addition to the existing feature, you can dynamically assign users to organizations based on user-membership rules, which you can define in the Members tab of the organization details page.
	All users who satisfy the user-membership rule are dynamically associated with the organization, irrespective of the organization hierarchy the users statically belong to. With this new capability, a user can gain membership of one home organization via static membership and multiple secondary organizations via user-membership rules that are dynamically evaluated.
In Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x Resource and IT resource names are named in a manner such that it is easy for the IT users to manage them. The problem with this approach is that if a business user has to request access, the resource name will not make sense to the user. These incomprehensible Resource and IT resource names make the access request process non intuitive.	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 provides an abstraction entity called Application Instance. It is a combination of IT resource instance (target connectivity and connector configuration) and resource object (provisioning mechanism). Administrators can assign business friendly names to Application instances and map them to corresponding IT resources and Resource Objects.
	End users who request for accounts through the catalog will search for an account by providing the business friendly Application Instance Name.
	Application instances are automatically created as part of the Upgrade procedure. Administrators are expected to define organization publishing for these Application

 Table 16–2 (Cont.) Features Comparison

Instances to control who has access to request

for access to the application.

Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
In Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x, policies are implemented and customized using OIM plug-in and pre-pop adapters implemented via plug-in framework, which required writing custom java code to extend and customize OOTB policies	Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 has introduced declarative policies that enable customers to define and configure various policy types that are evaluated at run time. Policy is configured via a UI/API rather than customized via Java plug-in or pre-pop adapter.

Table 16–2 (Cont.) Features Comparison

16.3 Reviewing System Requirements and Certification

Before you start the upgrade process, you must read the system requirements and certification document to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".

16.4 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.2.0

In order to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x environments to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), you must first upgrade to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0). For information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0, see "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x Environments" in the *Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management* for 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0).

16.5 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x to 11.1.2.2.0, you must upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0. For information about upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0 to 11.1.2.3.0, see Chapter 10, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments".

Part V

Upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management High Availability Environments

This part includes the following chapters:

- Chapter 17, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments"
- Chapter 19, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 20, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 21, "Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 22, "Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 23, "Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated Highly Available Environments"
- Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments"

17

Upgrading Oracle Access Management Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Access Management highly available environments to Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0). For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

If you wish to upgrade Oracle Access Management multi-data center environments, refer to Chapter 18, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments".

Note: Before you proceed, check if your existing Oracle Access Management version is supported for high availability upgrade. For more information on supported starting points for high availability upgrade, see Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 17.1, "Understanding Oracle Access Management High Availability Upgrade Topology"
- Section 17.2, "Upgrade Roadmap"
- Section 17.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2"
- Section 17.4, "Backing Up the Existing Environment"
- Section 17.5, "Upgrading OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 17.6, "Updating Component Versions on OAMHOST1"
- Section 17.7, "Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Access Manager on OAMHOST2"

- Section 17.8, "Replicating Domain Configuration on OAMHOST2"
- Section 17.9, "Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries on OAMHOST1"
- Section 17.10, "Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2"

17.1 Understanding Oracle Access Management High Availability Upgrade Topology

Figure 17–1 shows the Oracle Access Management cluster set up that can be upgraded to 11.1.2.3.0 by following the procedure described in this chapter.

Figure 17–1 Oracle Access Management High Availability Upgrade Topology

OAMHOST1	OAMHOST2
OAM_(CLUSTER
WLS_OAM1	WLS_OAM2
Access Server	Access Server
WLS Admin Server	WLS Admin Server
WLS Admin Server OAM Console	WLS Admin Server OAM Console

On OAMHOST1, the following installations have been performed:

- An Oracle Access Management Access Manager instance has been installed in the WLS_OAM1 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server has been installed. Under normal operations, this is the active Administration Server.

On OAMHOST2, the following installations have been performed:

- An Oracle Access Management Access Manager instance has been installed in the WLS_OAM2 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server has been installed. Under normal operations, this is the passive Administration Server. You make this Administration Server active if the Administration Server on OAMHOST1 becomes unavailable.

The instances in the WLS_OAM1 and WLS_OAM2 Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 are configured in a cluster named OAM_CLUSTER.

17.2 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 17–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Access Management high availability environment illustrated in Figure 17–1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

Task No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the Oracle Access Management high availability upgrade topology, and identify OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 on your setup.	See, Understanding Oracle Access Management High Availability Upgrade Topology
2	Shut down the Administration Server and all the Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2
3	Back up the existing environment.	See, Backing Up the Existing Environment
4	Upgrade OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0. This is the host with active Administration Server running on it.	See, Upgrading OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0
5	If your starting point is Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), you must upgrade the OAM packages to 11.1.2.3.0 on OAMHOST1.	See, Updating Component Versions on OAMHOST1
6	Update the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server and Access Manager on OAMHOST2.	See, Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Access Manager on OAMHOST2
7	If your starting point is Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0, after you upgrade OAMHOST1, you must replicate the configurations on OAMHOST2 by packing the domain on OAMHOST1 and unpacking it on OAMHOST2.	See, Replicating Domain Configuration on OAMHOST2
8	If you are upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0 environments, redeploy Access Manager Server applications and shared libraries on OAMHOST1 to target them to OAM_ CLUSTER.	See, Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries on OAMHOST1
9	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.	See, Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2

Table 17–1 Oracle Access Management High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

17.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2

Before you begin the upgrade process, you must stop the WebLogic Administration Server and all of the Access Manager Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. Stop the Access Manager Managed Servers on both OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.
- 2. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server on OAMHOST1.

For information about stopping the Managed Server, see Section 24.1.9.1, "Stopping the Managed Server(s)".

For information about stopping the Administration Server, see Section 24.1.9.2, "Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server".

17.4 Backing Up the Existing Environment

After stopping all the servers, you must back up the following before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- MW_HOME directory (Middleware home directory), including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home on both OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.
- Oracle Access Management Domain Home directory on both OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.
- Following Database schemas:
 - Oracle Access Manager schema
 - MDS schema
 - Audit and any other dependent schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

17.5 Upgrading OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0

In order to upgrade the Oracle Access Management high availability environment to 11.1.2.3.0, you must first upgrade OAMHOST1 which has the active Administration Server. The following are some of the important tasks involved in upgrading OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 if you are using a previous version.
- Upgrading Oracle Access Management binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.
- Upgrading the database schemas.
- Copying the modified domain mbean configurations.
- Upgrading the system configuration.

The procedure to upgrade OAMHOST1 depends on your starting point.

- If your starting point is Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), follow the instructions described in Chapter 8, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments" to upgrade OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0.
- If your starting point is Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), follow the instructions described in Chapter 12, "Upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments" to upgrade OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

17.6 Updating Component Versions on OAMHOST1

If your starting point is Oracle Access Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) and if you are using Oracle Access Manager - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated setup, you must upgrade the following packages from 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0):

- oracle.dogwood.top
- oracle.oam.server
- oracle.idm.oinav
- oracle.sdp.client

- oracle.oaam.suite
- oracle.oaam.oaam_admin
- oracle.oaam.oaam_server
- oracle.oaam.oaam_offline

Note: If your starting point is Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), skip this task.

To upgrade the packages, you must run the domain updater utility (com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar) on OAMHOST1 which updates the domain-info.xml.OAMHOST1 is the host on which Administration Server is running.

To upgrade the necessary Oracle Access Manager packages to 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps on OAMHOST1:

- 1. Go to the directory *\$ORACLE_HOME*/oaam/upgrade. The domain updater utility com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar file is located in this directory.
- **2**. Upgrade the packages using the following command:

```
java -cp MW_
```

```
HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.oracle.cie.domain-update
_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater 
cpackage_name>:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

In this command, <DOMAIN_HOME> refers to the absolute path to the Oracle Access Management domain, and <package_name> refers to the package that you are upgrading.

Run this command for all of the following packages:

- oracle.dogwood.top
- oracle.oam.server
- oracle.idm.oinav
- oracle.sdp.client
- oracle.oaam.suite
- oracle.oaam.oaam_admin
- oracle.oaam.oaam_server
- oracle.oaam.oaam_offline

17.7 Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Access Manager on OAMHOST2

After you upgrade the Access Manager environment on OAMHOST1, you must update the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server on OAMHOST2 (if you are using any previous version). Also, you must update the binaries of Oracle Access Manager to11.1.2.3.0 on OAMHOST2 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

For information about upgrading Oracle Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

17.8 Replicating Domain Configuration on OAMHOST2

This step is applicable if you are upgrading Oracle Access Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to 11.1.2.3.0.

After you upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0 on OAMHOST1, you must replicate the configurations on OAMHOST2. This task involves packing the upgraded domain on OAMHOST1 and unpacking it on OAMHOST2.

Note: Make sure that the Managed Servers are stopped before you perform this step. Do not start the Managed Servers until you complete this task.

To do this, complete the following steps:

1. On OAMHOST1, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to pack the upgraded domain:

On UNIX:

sh pack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OAM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_to_be_created> -template_name="OAM Domain" -managed=true

On Windows:

pack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OAM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_needs_to_be_created> -template_name="OAM Domain" -managed=true

- **2.** Copy the domain configuration jar file created by the pack command on OAMHOST1 to any accessible location on OAMHOST2.
- **3.** On OAMHOST2, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to unpack the domain:

On UNIX:

sh unpack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OAM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OAMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

On Windows:

unpack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OAM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OAMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

17.9 Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries on OAMHOST1

If you are upgrading Oracle Access MAnager 11.1.1.5.0 on OAMHOST1, then you must redeploy Access Manager server applications and shared libraries, and target the applications and shared libraries to OAM_CLUSTER, for the following reasons:

- To uptake new shared libraries that Access Manager server applications are dependent on.
- To uptake newer versions of Access Manager Administration and Managed Server applications.

For information about redeploying Access Manager server applications and shared libraries, see Section 12.13, "Redeploying Access Manager Server Applications and Shared Libraries".

Note: •Before you run the redeployOAM command, ensure that the Access Manager Managed Server(s) are in RUNNING state and not in the ADMIN state.

If the servers are in ADMIN state, do the following:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Server using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Deployments.
- **3.** Click **oam_server(11.1.2.0.0)** on the **Summary of Deployments** page.
- 4. Click OAM_SERVER on the Summary of Servers page.
- 5. Go to the **Control** tab and click **RESUME**.
- If you had redeployed Access Manager server applications and shared libraries as part of Section 17.5, "Upgrading OAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0", skip this task.

17.10 Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2

Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. Start the WebLogic Administration Server on OAMHOST1.
- 2. Start the Access Manager Managed Servers on OAMHOST1 and OAMHOST2.

For more information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".

For more information about starting the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8.3, "Starting the Managed Server(s)".

Upgrading Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Access Management deployed across multi-data centers (MDC), to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

Note: To upgrade Oracle Access Management MDC environments to 11.1.2.3.0, ensure that all of the data centers (DC) are at the same Patch Set level.

When you plan to upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0, you can choose to have zero down time by stopping the data center that needs to be upgraded, and routing all the traffic to the other data centers. Once the upgrade has been completed on one data center, it can start and function as an independent data center. You can then redirect all the traffic to the upgraded data center, provided all of the non-upgraded data centers are removed from the load balancer (LBR). Only when the remaining data centers individually upgraded to the level of the first data center, they can participate in MDC.

This section includes the following sections:

- Understanding Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Topology
- Upgrade Roadmap
- Backing Up the Existing Environment
- Enabling Write Permission to Master and Clones (if Necessary)
- Disabling and Deleting All Replication Agreements Between Master and Clone
- Redirecting Traffic to Clone Data Center
- Upgrading OAM on Master Data Center
- Redirecting Traffic to Master Data Center
- Upgrading OAM on Clone Data Center
- Freezing all Changes to Master and Clones (if Necessary)
- Syncing Access Metadata
- Creating Replication Agreement
- Bringing up the Master and Clone Data Centers Online
- Troubleshooting

18.1 Understanding Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Topology

Figure 18–1 illustrates the Oracle Access Management multi-data center topology.



Figure 18–1 Oracle Access Management in MDC Setup

This is a sample topology that illustrates Oracle Access Management in a multi-data center setup. This figure shows a Master data center and a Clone data center, each of them including a full Access Manager installation. In this topology, GTM refers to the global load balancer, LTM refers to the local load balancer, and WG refers to the WebGate. The S2S OAP is the Oracle Access Protocol.

The procedure in this chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Access Management in a MDC setup similar to Figure 18–1.

18.2 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 18–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Access Management deployed across multi-data centers, to 11.1.2.3.0.

Task No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the Oracle Access Management multi-data center topology.	See, Understanding Oracle Access Management Multi-Data Center Topology
2	Back up your existing environment.	See, Backing Up the Existing Environment
3	Enable write permission to Master and Clone data centers, if not already done.	See, Enabling Write Permission to Master and Clones (if Necessary)
4	Disable and delete all replication agreements between Master and Clone data centers.	See, Disabling and Deleting All Replication Agreements Between Master and Clone

Table 18–1 Upgrade Roadmap

Task No	Task	For More Information
5	Redirect the traffic to the Clone data center.	See, Redirecting Traffic to Clone Data Center
6	Upgrade Oracle Access Management on Master data center.	See, Upgrading OAM on Master Data Center
7	Redirect the traffic to the Master data center.	See, Redirecting Traffic to Master Data Center
8	Upgrade Oracle Access Management on Clone data center.	See, Upgrading OAM on Clone Data Center
9	Freeze all changes to the Master and Clones, if required.	See, Freezing all Changes to Master and Clones (if Necessary)
10	Sync the access UDM data by exporting the access store data from Master data center and importing it on the Clone data center.	See, Syncing Access Metadata
11	Create the replication agreement again.	See, Creating Replication Agreement
12	Bring up the Master and Clone data centers online.	See, Bringing up the Master and Clone Data Centers Online

Table 18–1 (Cont.) Upgrade Roadmap

18.3 Backing Up the Existing Environment

After stopping all the servers, you must back up the following on every data center before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- MW_HOME directory (Middleware home directory), including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home.
- Oracle Access Management Domain Home directory on all OAM hosts.
- Following Database schemas:
 - Oracle Access Manager schema
 - Audit and any other dependent schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

18.4 Enabling Write Permission to Master and Clones (if Necessary)

Before you start the upgrade, you must enable modifications to the system and policy configurations on both Master and Clones. To do this, run the following command on Master and Clone data centers:

SetMultiDataCenterWrite(WriteEnableFlag="true")

18.5 Disabling and Deleting All Replication Agreements Between Master and Clone

Disable all replication agreements between Master and Clone by running the following command:

PUT http://oam1.example.com/oam/services/rest/_
replication/201312040602298762 HTTP/1.1 Content-Type: application/json
{"enabled":"false","pollInterval":"60","replicaType":"clone"}

After you disable the replication agreements, delete them by running the following command:

```
DELETE http://oaml.example.com/oam/services/rest/_replication/
201312040602298762 HTTP/1.1
```

18.6 Redirecting Traffic to Clone Data Center

An in-line upgrade procedure is used to upgrade the Master data center which requires downtime. Therefore, all traffic must be rerouted to the Clone data centers (also referred to as, the backup data centers or the secondary data centers). Consult your network infrastructure team or refer to the network infrastructure documentation to accomplish the traffic re-routing.

18.7 Upgrading OAM on Master Data Center

Upgrade Oracle Access Management on the Master data center by following the instructions described in Chapter 17, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Highly Available Environments".

18.8 Redirecting Traffic to Master Data Center

An in-line upgrade procedure is used to upgrade the Clone data center which requires downtime. Therefore, all traffic must be rerouted to the Master data center. Consult your network infrastructure team or refer to the network infrastructure documentation to accomplish the traffic re-routing.

18.9 Upgrading OAM on Clone Data Center

Upgrade the Oracle Access Management on Clone data center(s) by following the instructions described in Chapter 17, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Highly Available Environments".

18.10 Freezing all Changes to Master and Clones (if Necessary)

After you upgrade Oracle Access Management on all of the Clone data center(s), it is recommended that you freeze the changes to the Master and the Clone data center(s). This is to avoid any inadvertent writes. To do this, run the following command on the Master and the Clone data center(s):

SetMultiDataCenterWrite(WriteEnableFlag="false")

18.11 Syncing Access Metadata

This step is required for OAM metadata stored in Unified Data Model (UDM) to be synced from Master to Clone. This can be achieved using the WLST commands exportAccessStore and importAccessStore. These commands need to be executed after you upgrade all of the data centers and before creating the new replication agreement. This exports the UDM artifacts created till that point, from the Master data center and imports them in the Clone data center(s). To sync the UDM metadata, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following WLST command on the Master data center to create a ZIP file containing the UDM metadata:

```
exportAccessStore(toFile="/master/location/dc1metadata.zip",
namePath="/")
```

- 2. Copy *dc1metadata.zip* to each of the upgraded Clone data centers.
- **3.** Run the following WLST command on the each of the Clone data centers to import the UDM metadata:

```
importAccessStore(fromFile="/clone/location/dc1metadata.zip",
namePath="/")
```

18.12 Creating Replication Agreement

Create the replication agreement again by running the following command:

Note: Ensure that Master & Clone data centers REST endpoints are up and running, before you run this command.

```
curl -u <repluser> -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -X POST
'https://supplier.example.com/oam/services/rest/_replication/setup' -d
'{"name":"DC12DC2",
"source":"DC1","target":"DC2","documentType":"ENTITY"}'
```

For more information about creating the replication agreement, see "Creating the Replication Agreement" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management*.

18.13 Bringing up the Master and Clone Data Centers Online

After successful upgrade, both Master and Clone data centers can be brought up online. Traffic can be routed to both data centers based on existing routing rules. Consult your network infrastructure team or refer to the network infrastructure documentation to accomplish the traffic re-routing.

18.14 Troubleshooting

This section describes troubleshooting methods for some of the common problems that might occur during the upgrade process.

Note: For information about the issues that you might encounter during the upgrade process, and their workaround, see *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes*.

This section contains the following topic:

Multi-Data Centre Feature Not Working After Upgrade

18.14.1 Multi-Data Centre Feature Not Working After Upgrade

If you had enabled Multi-Data Centre (MDC) feature in your 11.1.2.x.x setup, you must re-register the MDC partners and enable the MDC functionality that is added in 11.1.2.3.0. To do this, complete the following steps post-upgrade:

1. In each Data Centre (DC), remove the MDC partners by running the following WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) command:

removePartnerForMultiDataCentre=("<cluster_ID>")

For example:

removePartnerForMultiDataCentre("cluster1")

You must run this command for each of the MDC partners. For more information about using the removePartnerForMultiDataCentre() command, see "removePartnerForMultiDataCentre" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management.

- **2.** In 11.1.2.3.0, fail over for the MDC partners are supported. Therefore, you must specify the primary and secondary servers for each of the MDC partners using the Access Manager console. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - **a.** Log in to the Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 console using the following URL:

http://oam_admin_server_host:oam_admin_server_port/oamconsole

- **b.** Navigate to **SSO Agents**.
- **c.** Modify the **Primary Server** and **Secondary Server** for each of the MDC partners.
- **3.** Add the modified MDC partners to the respective Data Centres using the following command:

```
addPartnerForMultiDataCentre(propfile="../MDC_
properties/partnerInfo.properties")
```

While running this command, make sure you use the updated partnerInfo.properties file. You must run this command for each of the MDC partners. For more information about using the addPartnerForMultiDataCentre() command, see "addPartnerForMultiDataCentre" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management.

4. Verify that the **MultiDataCenterPartners** section in each of the MDC partner profile contains the following settings instead of the Hostname and Port:

```
<Setting Name="PrimaryHostPort" Type="xsd:string">
<Setting Name="SecondaryHostPort" Type="xsd:string">
```

Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager highly available environments to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: Before you proceed, check if your existing Oracle Adaptive Access Manager version is supported for high availability upgrade. For more information on supported starting points for high availability upgrade, see Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 19.1, "Understanding Oracle Adaptive Access Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology"
- Section 19.2, "Upgrade Roadmap"
- Section 19.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2"
- Section 19.4, "Backing Up the Existing Environment"
- Section 19.5, "Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager on OAAMHOST2"
- Section 19.6, "Upgrading OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0"
- Section 19.7, "Updating Component Versions on OAAMHOST1"
- Section 19.8, "Replicating Domain Configuration on OAAMHOST2"
- Section 19.9, "Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2"

19.1 Understanding Oracle Adaptive Access Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

Figure 19–1 shows the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager cluster set up that can be upgraded to 11.1.2.3.0 by following the procedure described in this chapter.

OAAMHOST1	OAAMHOST2
OAAM_SERVE	ER_CLUSTER
WLS_OAAM_SERVER1	WLS_OAAM_SERVER
OAAM_SERVER	OAAM_SERVER
OAAM_OFFLI	NE_CLUSTER
WLS_OAAM_OFFLINE1	WLS_OAAM_OFFLINE
OAAM_OFFLINE	OAAM_OFFLINE
OAAM_ADM	IN_CLUSTER
WLS_OAAM_ADMIN1	WLS_OAAM_ADMIN2
OAAM_ADMIN	OAAM_ADMIN

Figure 19–1 Oracle Adaptive Access Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

The host OAAMHOST1 contains the following:

- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_SERVER1 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Server application (OAAM_SERVER).
- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_OFFLINE1 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server application (OAAM_OFFLINE).
- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_ADMIN1 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Admin application (OAAM_ADMIN).
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the active Administration Server.

The host OAAMHOST2 contains the following:

- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_SERVER2 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Server application (OAAM_SERVER).
- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_OFFLINE2 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server application (OAAM_OFFLINE).
- An Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server WLS_OAAM_ADMIN2 that hosts Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Admin application (OAAM_ADMIN).
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the passive Administration Server. You make this Administration Server active if the Administration Server on OAAMHOST1 becomes unavailable.

The Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers WLS_OAAM_SERVER1 and WLS_ OAAM_SERVER2 hosting Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Server application on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2 are configured in a cluster named OAAM_SERVER_CLUSTER, to work in active-active mode. The Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers WLS_OAAM_OFFLINE1 and WLS_ OAAM_OFFLINE2 hosting Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Offline Server application on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2 are configured in a cluster named OAAM_OFFLINE_CLUSTER, to work in active-active mode.

The Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers WLS_OAAM_ADMIN1 and WLS_ OAAM_ADMIN2 hosting Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Admin application on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2 are configured in a cluster named OAAM_ADMIN_CLUSTER, to work in active-active mode.

19.2 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 19–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager high availability environment illustrated in Figure 19–1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

Task No Task For More Information 1 Review the Oracle Adaptive Access See, Understanding Oracle Adaptive Manager high availability upgrade Access Manager High Availability Upgrade topology, and identify OAAMHOST1 and Topology OAAMHOST2 on your setup. 2 Shut down the Administration Server See, Shutting Down Administration Server and all the Managed Servers on and Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2. and OAAMHOST2 3 Back up the existing environment. See, Backing Up the Existing Environment 4 Update the binaries of Oracle See, Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server WebLogic Server and Oracle Adaptive and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager on Access Manager on OAAMHOST2. OAAMHOST2 5 Upgrade OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0. This See, Upgrading OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0 is the host with active Administration Server running on it. 6 If your starting point is Oracle See, Updating Component Versions on Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release OAAMHOST1 1 (11.1.1.5.0), you must upgrade the OAAM packages to 11.1.2.3.0 on OAAMHOST1. 8 If your starting point is Oracle See, Replicating Domain Configuration on Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0, OAAMHOST2 after you upgrade OAAMHOST1, you must replicate the configurations on OAAMHOST2 by packing the domain on OAAMHOST1 and unpacking it on OAAMHOST2. Start the WebLogic Administration See, Starting Administration Server and 6 Server and the Managed Servers on Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2. OAAMHOST2

Table 19–1 Oracle Adaptive Access Manager High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

19.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2

Before you begin the upgrade process, you must stop the WebLogic Administration Server and all of the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2 in the following order:

- **1.** Stop the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers on both OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2.
- 2. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server on OAAMHOST1.

For information about stopping the Managed Server, see Section 24.1.9.1, "Stopping the Managed Server(s)".

For information about stopping the Administration Server, see Section 24.1.9.2, "Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server".

19.4 Backing Up the Existing Environment

After stopping all the servers, you must back up the following before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- MW_HOME directory (Middleware home directory), including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home on both OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2.
- Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Domain Home directory on both OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2.
- Following Database schemas:
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schema
 - IAU schema, if it is part of any of your Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schemas
 - MDS schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

19.5 Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager on OAAMHOST2

Before you upgrade OAAMHOST1 that hosts Administration Server, you must do the following on OAAMHOST2:

and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 10.3.6 and 11.1.2.3.0 versions respectively on OAAMHOST2. To do this, complete the following steps on OAAMHOST2:

1. Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 on OAAMHOST2, if you are using a previous version.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)"

2. Update the binaries of Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on OAAMHOST2 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer.

For information about upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)"

19.6 Upgrading OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0

After you upgrade the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager on OAAMHOST2, you must upgrade OAAMHOST1 which has the active

Administration Server. Upgrading OAAMHOST2 to 11.1.2.3.0 includes the following important tasks:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6.
- Upgrading the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0.
- Upgrading the database schemas.
- Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services.
- Redeploying applications.

The procedure to upgrade OAAMHOST1 depends on your starting point.

- If your starting point is Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), follow the instructions described in Chapter 9, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) Environments" to upgrade OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0.
- If your starting point is Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), follow the instructions described in Chapter 13, "Upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) Environments" to upgrade OAAMHOST1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

19.7 Updating Component Versions on OAAMHOST1

If your starting point is Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), you must upgrade the following packages from 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0):

- oracle.dogwood.top
- oracle.idm.oinav
- oracle.oaam.suite
- oracle.oaam.oaam_admin
- oracle.oaam.oaam_server
- oracle.oaam.oaam_offline

Note: If your starting point is Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) or 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2), skip this task.

To upgrade the packages, you must run the domain updater utility (com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar) on OAAMHOST1 which updates the domain-info.xml. OAAMHOST1 is the host on which Administration Server is running.

To upgrade the necessary Oracle Adaptive Access Manager packages to 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps on OAAMHOST1:

- 1. Go to the directory *\$ORACLE_HOME*/oaam/upgrade. The domain updater utility com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar file is located in this directory.
- 2. Upgrade the packages using the following command:

```
java -cp MW_
HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.oracle.cie.domain-update
_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater <DOMAIN_HOME>
<package_name>:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

In this command, <DOMAIN_HOME> refers to the absolute path to the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager domain, and <package_name> refers to the package that you are upgrading.

Run this command for all of the following packages:

- oracle.dogwood.top
- oracle.idm.oinav
- oracle.oaam.suite
- oracle.oaam.oaam_admin
- oracle.oaam.oaam_server
- oracle.oaam.oaam_offline

19.8 Replicating Domain Configuration on OAAMHOST2

This step is applicable if you are upgrading Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to 11.1.2.3.0.

After you upgrade Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0 on OAAMHOST1, you must replicate the configurations on OAAMHOST2. This task involves packing the upgraded domain on OAAMHOST1 and unpacking it on OAAMHOST2.

Note: Make sure that the Managed Servers are stopped before you perform this step. Do not start the Managed Servers until you complete this task.

To do this, complete the following steps:

1. On OAAMHOST1, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to pack the upgraded domain:

On UNIX:

sh pack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OAAM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_to_be_created> -template_name="OAAM Domain" -managed=true

On Windows:

pack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OAAM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_needs_to_be_created> -template_name="OAAM Domain" -managed=true

- **2.** Copy the domain configuration jar file created by the pack command on OAAMHOST1 to any accessible location on OAAMHOST2.
- **3.** On OAAMHOST2, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to unpack the domain:

On UNIX:

sh unpack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OAAM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OAAMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

On Windows:

unpack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OAAM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OAAMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

19.9 Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2

Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. Start the WebLogic Administration Server on OAAMHOST1.
- **2.** Start the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers on OAAMHOST1 and OAAMHOST2.

For more information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".

For more information about starting the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8.3, "Starting the Managed Server(s)".

Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager highly available environments to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: Before you proceed, check if your existing Oracle Access Management version is supported for high availability upgrade. For more information on supported starting points for high availability upgrade, see Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 20.1, "Upgrade Roadmap"
- Section 20.2, "Understanding Oracle Identity Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology"
- Section 20.3, "Performing the Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 20.4, "Upgrading Oracle Home on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2"
- Section 20.5, "Upgrading Database Schemas on OIMHOST1"
- Section 20.6, "Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Offline on OIMHOST1"
- Section 20.7, "Replicating Domain Configuration on OIMHOST2"
- Section 20.8, "Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Online on OIMHOST1"
- Section 20.9, "Scaling out Oracle BI Publisher"
- Section 20.10, "Upgrading Other OIM Installed Components on OIMHOST1"
- Section 20.11, "Performing Post-Upgrade Tasks"

- Section 20.12, "Verifying the Upgrade"
- Section 20.13, "Troubleshooting"

20.1 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 20–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager high availability environment illustrated in Figure 20–1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

Table 20–1 Oracle Identity Manager High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

Task No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the Oracle Identity Manager high availability upgrade topology, and identify OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 on your setup.	See, Understanding Oracle Identity Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology
2	Perform the necessary pre-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing the Pre-Upgrade Tasks
3	Upgrade the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle SOA Suite, and Oracle Identity Manager on both OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.	See, Upgrading Oracle Home on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2
4	Upgrade the Database schemas and create necessary schemas.	See, Upgrading Database Schemas on OIMHOST1
5	Perform the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline on OIMHOST1 by running the middle tier upgrade utility offline.	See, Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Offline on OIMHOST1
6	Replicate the domain configuration on OIMHOST2 by pack the domain on OIMHOST1 and unpacking it on OIMHOST2.	See, Replicating Domain Configuration on OIMHOST2
7	Perform the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade online on OIMHOST1 by running the middle tier upgrade utility online.	See, Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Online on OIMHOST1
8	Scale out the BI Publisher for high availability setup.	See, Scaling out Oracle BI Publisher
9	Upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and the Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on OIMHOST1.	See, Upgrading Other OIM Installed Components on OIMHOST1
10	Perform the necessary post-upgrade tasks.	See, Performing Post-Upgrade Tasks
11	Verify the upgrade.	See, Verifying the Upgrade

20.2 Understanding Oracle Identity Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

Figure 20–1 shows the Oracle Identity Manager cluster set up that can be upgraded to 11.1.2.3.0 by following the procedure described in this chapter.

OIM_	CLUSTER
WLS_OIM1	WLS_OIM2
OIM	OIM
WLS_SOA1	WLS_SOA2
SOA	SOA

Figure 20–1 Oracle Identity Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

On OIMHOST1, the following installations have been performed:

- An Oracle Identity Manager instance has been installed in the WLS_OIM1 Managed Server and a SOA instance has been installed in the WLS_SOA1 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server has been installed. Under normal operations, this is the active Administration Server.

On OIMHOST2, the following installations have been performed:

- An Oracle Identity Manager instance has been installed in the WLS_OIM2 Managed Server and a SOA instance has been installed in the WLS_SOA2 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server has been installed. Under normal operations, this is the passive Administration Server. You make this Administration Server active if the Administration Server on OIMHOST1 becomes unavailable.

The instances in the WLS_OIM1 and WLS_OIM2 Managed Servers on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 are configured as the OIM_CLUSTER cluster.

The instances in the WLS_SOA1 and WLS_SOA2 Managed Servers on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 are configured as the SOA_CLUSTER cluster.

20.3 Performing the Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you begin with the upgrade process, you must perform necessary pre-upgrade tasks on OIMHOST1. It includes reviewing the features of 11.1.2.3.0, reviewing system requirements and certifications, generating and analyzing the pre-upgrade report, backing up the existing environment, and other specific tasks required for your starting point.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), perform the pre-upgrade tasks described in Section 10.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks".

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), perform the pre-upgrade tasks described in Section 14.2, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks".

20.4 Upgrading Oracle Home on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2

You must upgrade the Oracle Home on both OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 by upgrading the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle SOA Suite, and Oracle Identity Manager to 10.3.6, 11.1.1.9.0, and 11.1.2.3.0 versions respectively.

Note: If you are using a shared file system, binary upgrade is not required on OIMHOST2.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), follow the instructions described in Section 10.3, "Upgrading Oracle Home" to upgrade Oracle Home.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), follow the instructions described in Section 14.3, "Upgrading Oracle Home" to upgrade Oracle Home.

20.5 Upgrading Database Schemas on OIMHOST1

After you upgrade the Oracle Home, you must upgrade the Database schemas on OIMHOST1. Also, you must create Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schemas.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), follow the instructions described in Section 10.4, "Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading Existing Schemas" to upgrade Database schemas.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), follow the instructions described in Section 14.4, "Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas" to upgrade Database schemas.

20.6 Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Offline on OIMHOST1

After you upgrade Oracle Home and Database schemas, you must perform Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline. This is done by running the middle tier offline script.

To perform the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline, complete the following tasks described in Section 24.2.4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier":

- 1. Additional Task for Windows 64-Bit Users Before Upgrading Middle Tier
- 2. Creating a Truststore for Upgrading SSL Enabled Middleware
- 3. Updating the Properties File
- 4. Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Offline

20.7 Replicating Domain Configuration on OIMHOST2

You must replicate the domain configuration on OIMHOST2. This task involves packing the upgraded domain on OIMHOST1 and unpacking it on OIMHOST2.
Note: Make sure that the Managed Servers are stopped before you perform this step. Do not start the Managed Servers until you complete this task.

To do this, complete the following steps:

1. On OIMHOST1, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to pack the upgraded domain:

On UNIX:

sh pack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OIM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_to_be_created> -template_name="OIM Domain" -managed=true

On Windows:

pack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OIM_domain> -template=<Location_where_ domain_configuration_jar_needs_to_be_created> -template_name="OIM Domain" -managed=true

- **2.** Copy the domain configuration jar file created by the pack command on OIMHOST1 to any accessible location on OIMHOST2.
- **3.** On OIMHOST2, run the following command from the location *\$MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to unpack the domain:

On UNIX:

sh unpack.sh -domain=<Location_of_OIM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OIMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

On Windows:

unpack.cmd -domain=<Location_of_OIM_domain> -template=<Location_on_ OIMHOST2_where _you_copied_jar_file_created_by_pack_command> -overwrite_domain=true

4. After you unpack the domain, copy the content of the following directory on OIMHOST1 to the same directory on OIMHOST2:

DOMAIN_HOME/soa/autodeploy

20.8 Performing OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Online on OIMHOST1

After you replicate the domain configuration on OIMHOST2, you must perform the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade online on OIMHOST1. This is done by running the middle tier online upgrade script.

To perform the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade online, complete the following tasks described in Section 24.2.4, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier":

- 1. Starting Administration Server and SOA Managed Server(s) Start the WebLogic Administration Server and SOA Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1.
- 2. Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Online
- **3.** Starting the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) and the BIP Server Start the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) on both OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2, BIP Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1, and the SOA Managed Server on OIMHOST2.

4. Changing the Deployment Order of Oracle Identity Manager EAR - Perform this step only if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) environments.

20.9 Scaling out Oracle BI Publisher

This is an optional step.

After you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, if you wish to scale out the Oracle BI Publisher (BIP), complete the following steps:

- 1. Creating a new BIP Server on OIMHOST2
- 2. Setting the Location of the Shared BI Publisher Configuration Folder
- 3. Setting Scheduler Configuration Options
- 4. Configuring JMS for BI Publisher
- 5. Verifying the BIP Server Scale Out

20.9.1 Creating a new BIP Server on OIMHOST2

To create a new BIP server on OIMHOST2 and add it to the existing BIP cluster, do the following:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Server using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- **2.** Create a new BIP Server on OIMHOST2 and add it to the existing BIP cluster by completing the following steps:
 - **a.** Click **Lock & Edit** next to **Change Center** on the upper left of the WebLogic Administration Console screen.
 - **b.** Expand **Environment** under **Domain Structure**.
 - c. Click Servers. The Summary of Servers page is displayed.
 - d. Click New.
 - e. Specify the server name. For example, bi_server2.
 - f. Specify the Server Listen Address and Server Listen Port.
 - **g.** Select **Yes** for **Make this server a member of an existing cluster**, and select the BIP cluster.
 - h. Click Next, and then click Finish.
 - i. Click Activate Changes.
- **3.** If you wish to start the BIP server on OIMHOST2 using the Node Manager, you must assign a machine to the BIP server. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - **a.** Click **Lock & Edit** next to **Change Center** on the upper left of the WebLogic Administration Console screen.
 - **b.** Expand **Environment** under **Domain Structure**.
 - c. Click Servers. The Summary of Servers page is displayed.
 - **d.** Select the BIP Server that you created on OIMHOST2.
 - e. Go to the **General** tab under **Configuration**.

- f. Select the Machine name from the Machine drop-down list.
- g. Click Save.
- h. Click Activate Changes.

20.9.2 Setting the Location of the Shared BI Publisher Configuration Folder

After creating a new BIP server on OIMHOST2, you must set the server configuration options for Oracle BI Publisher.

Note: If you are upgrading an Oracle Identity Manager, Access Manager, Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated environment, where the Administration Server and the Managed Servers have different domain location, follow the instructions described in Steps for Setting Location of the Shared BI Publisher Configuration Folder in Case of an Integrated Environment to set the shared BIP configuration folder location.

To set the server configuration options for Oracle BI Publisher, complete the following steps:

- 1. Copy the contents of the *DOMAIN_HOME*/config/bipublisher/repository directory to the shared configuration folder location.
- **2.** On APPHOST1, log in to the BI Publisher using administrator's credentials.
- **3.** Go to the **Administration** tab.
- 4. Select Server Configuration under System Maintenance.
- **5.** Enter the shared location for the configuration folder in the **Path** field under **Configuration Folder**.
- 6. Enter the shared location for the BI Publisher Repository in the **BI Publisher Repository** field under **Catalog**.
- **7.** Apply your changes.
- **8.** Restart the BI Publisher application by doing the following:
 - Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL: http://host:port/console
 - 2. Expand **Deployments** under **Domain Structure**.
 - 3. Click bipublisher(11.1.1.).
 - 4. Click **Stop** and then select **When work completes** or **Force Stop Now**.
 - **5.** After the application has stopped, click **Start** and then select **servicing all requests**.

Steps for Setting Location of the Shared BI Publisher Configuration Folder in Case of an Integrated Environment

If you are upgrading an Oracle Identity Manager, Access Manager, Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated environment, where the Administration Server and the Managed Servers have different domain location, complete the following steps to set the location of the shared BIP configuration folder:

- **1.** Stop the BIP Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2. For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9.1, "Stopping the Managed Server(s)".
- 2. Copy the contents of the *DOMAIN_HOME*/config/bipublisher/repository directory to the shared configuration folder location.
- **3.** Open the xmlp-server-config.xml file available in the Admin domain at the location at *DOMAIN_HOME*/config/bipublisher/ on OIMHOST1.
- **4.** Update the file path in the xmlp-server-config.xml file with the shared configuration folder location shown in the following example:

5. Start the BI Managed Server(s) on OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2.

20.9.3 Setting Scheduler Configuration Options

To set the scheduler configuration options, complete the following steps:

- 1. On APPHOST1, log in to the BI Publisher using administrator's credentials.
- 2. Go to the Administration tab.
- 3. Select Scheduler Configuration under System Maintenance.
- 4. Select Quartz Clustering under Scheduler Selection.
- 5. Click Apply.

20.9.4 Configuring JMS for BI Publisher

You must configure the location for all persistence stores to a directory that is accessible from both OIMHOST1 and OIMHSOT2. This can be done by changing all persistent stores to use this shared base directory. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Expand Services under Domain Structure.
- 3. Click Persistent Stores. The Summary of Persistent Stores page is displayed.
- 4. Click Lock & Edit under Change Center.
- 5. Click on an existing File Store (for example, BipJmsStore), and verify the target. If the target is *bi_server2*, then you must target the new File Store that you will be creating in the next step, to *bi_server1*.
- 6. Click New and then click Create File Store.
- 7. Enter a name for the new file store (for example, BipJmsStore1), and specify *bi_server1* as the **Target**. Specify the directory that is located in the shared storage which is accessible from both APPHOST1 and APPHOST2.

- 8. Click OK, and then click Activate Changes.
- **9.** Go back to the home page of the WebLogic Administration Console, and expand **Services** under **Domain Structure**.
- **10.** Click **Messaging**, and then select **JMS Servers**. The **Summary of JMS Servers** page is displayed.
- 11. Click Lock & Edit under Change Center.
- 12. Click New.
- **13.** Enter a name for the JMS Server (for example, BipJmsServer1).
- 14. In the **Persistent Store** drop-down list, select the file store that you just created (for example, BipJmsStore1).
- **15.** Click **Next**.
- **16.** Select bi_server1 as the **Target**.
- **17.** Click **Finish**, and then click **Activate Changes**.
- **18.** Go back to the home page of the WebLogic Administration console, and expand **Services** under **Domain Structure**.
- **19.** Click **Messaging**, and select **JMS Modules**.
- 20. Click Lock & Edit under Change Center.
- 21. Click **BipJmsResource**, and go to the **Subdeployments** tab.
- 22. Select BipJmsSubDeployment under Subdeployments.
- **23.** Add the newly created JMS Server (BipJmsServer1), as an additional target for the subdeployment.
- 24. Click Save, and then click Activate Changes.

To validate the JMS configuration for BI Publisher, complete the steps described in Updating the BI Publisher Scheduler Configuration.

Updating the BI Publisher Scheduler Configuration

This section describes how to update the JMS Shared Temp directory for the BI Publisher Scheduler. Complete the following steps on only one host, either APPHOST1 or APPHOST2:

1. Log in to BI Publisher using the following URL:

http://host:port/xmlpserver

For example:

http://APPHOST1VHN1:9704/xmlpserver

- **2.** Go to the **Administration** tab.
- **3.** Click **Scheduler Configuration** under **System Maintenance**. The **Scheduler Configuration** screen is displayed.
- **4.** Update **Shared Directory** with the directory that is located in the shared storage. This shared storage must be accessible from both APPHOST1 and APPHOST2.
- 5. Click Test JMS.

Note: When you click Test JMS, a confirmation message is displayed indicating that the JMS was tested successfully.

If you do not see a confirmation message for a successful test, verify if the JDNI URL is set to the following:

cluster:t3://bi_cluster

- 6. Click Apply.
- 7. Go to the Scheduler Diagnostics tab, and check the Scheduler status.
- **8.** Restart *bi_server1* and *bi_server2*.

Note: For more information about scaling out BI Publisher, see "Scaling Out the Oracle Business Intelligence System" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Enterprise Deployment Guide for Oracle Business Intelligence* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0).

20.9.5 Verifying the BIP Server Scale Out

Verify that you have successfully scaled out Oracle BI Publisher by starting the Node Manager, WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Server, OIM Managed Server, and BIP Server on OIMHOST2, and checking the status of the servers in the WebLogic Administration console.

Verify that you can access BIP links on both OIMHOST1 and OIMHOST2 using the following URL:

http://host:port/xmlpserver

20.10 Upgrading Other OIM Installed Components on OIMHOST1

After you complete the middle tier upgrade, you must upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and the Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on OIMHOST1.

For information about upgrading the Design Console and Remote Manager, see Section 24.2.5, "Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components".

20.11 Performing Post-Upgrade Tasks

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager high availability environments to 11.1.2.3.0, you must perform the necessary post-upgrade tasks described in Section 24.2.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks".

20.12 Verifying the Upgrade

This section describes how to verify the upgrade.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), you must complete the steps described in Section 10.8, "Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade" to verify the upgrade.

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), you must complete the steps described in Section 14.8, "Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade" to verify the upgrade.

20.13 Troubleshooting

For the list of common issues that you might encounter during the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process, and their workaround, see Section 25.1, "Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues".

For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management*.

Upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server highly available environments to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: Before you proceed, check if your existing Oracle Entitlements Server version is supported for high availability upgrade. For more information on supported starting points for high availability upgrade, see Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 21.1, "Understanding Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Topology"
- Section 21.2, "Upgrade Roadmap"
- Section 21.3, "Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2"
- Section 21.4, "Backing Up the Existing Environment"
- Section 21.5, "Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST1"
- Section 21.6, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema on OESHOST1"
- Section 21.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2"

- Section 21.8, "Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST2"
- Section 21.9, "Redeploying APM Applications on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2"
- Section 21.10, "Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2"

21.1 Understanding Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Topology

Figure 21–1 shows the Oracle Entitlements Server cluster set up that can be upgraded to 11.1.2.3.0 by following the procedure described in this chapter.

Figure 21–1 Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Topology

OESHO	IST1	OESHOST2
	OES_CI	USTER
WLS_C	DES1	WLS_OES2
OES_SE	RVER	OES_SERVER
WLS Admir	n Server	WLS Admin Server
	and the second se	

The host OESHOST1 has the following installations:

- An Oracle Entitlements Server instance in the WLS_OES1 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the active Administration Server.

The host OESHOST2 has the following installations:

- An Oracle Entitlements Server instance in the WLS_OES2 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the passive Administration Server. You make this Administration Server active if the Administration Server on OESHOST1 becomes unavailable.

The instances in the WLS_OES1 and WLS_OES2 Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2 are configured in a cluster named OES_CLUSTER.

21.2 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 21–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Entitlements Server high availability environment illustrated in Figure 21–1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

Table 21–1 Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

Task No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the Oracle Entitlements Server high availability upgrade topology, and identify OESHOST1 and OESHOST2 on your setup.	See, Understanding Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Topology

lask No	Task	For More Information
2	Shut down the Administration Server and all the Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.	See, Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2
3	Back up the Middleware home, Oracle home, and the Oracle Platform Security Services schema on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.	See, Backing Up the Existing Environment
4	Update the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST1.	See, Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST1
5	Upgrade the Oracle Platform Security Services schema on OESHOST1.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema on OESHOST1
6	Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.	See, Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2
7	Update the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST2.	See, Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST2
8	Redeploy the following APM applications on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.	See, Redeploying APM Applications on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2
9	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.	See, Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2

Table 21–1 (Cont.) Oracle Entitlements Server High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

21.3 Shutting Down Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2

Before you begin the upgrade process, you must stop the WebLogic Administration Server and all the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. Stop the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers on both OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.
- 2. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server on OESHOST1.

For information about stopping the Managed Server, see Section 24.1.9.1, "Stopping the Managed Server(s)".

For information about stopping the Administration Server, see Section 24.1.9.2, "Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server".

21.4 Backing Up the Existing Environment

After stopping all the servers, you must back up the following before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- MW_HOME directory (Middleware home directory), including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home on both OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.
- Oracle Entitlements Server Domain Home directory on both OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.
- Oracle Platform Security Services schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

21.5 Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST1

Oracle Identity and Access Management is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6. Therefore, if you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, you must upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 on OESHOST1. For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

After you upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, update the binaries of Oracle Entitlements Server to 11.1.2.3.0 on OESHOST1 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer. For information about upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server binaries, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

21.6 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services Schema on OESHOST1

After updating the Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server binaries on OESHOST1, you must upgrade the Oracle Platform Security Services schema using Patch Set Assistant.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

21.7 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2

After you upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services schema on OESHOST1, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2. This task is optional; however, it is recommended that you perform this task.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.1.0 environments to 11.1.2.3.0, you must upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services if Audit schema is installed. This step is required to upgrade the policy store to include the new 11.1.2.3.0 audit policies.

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores of Oracle Entitlements Server to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

For information about upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

21.8 Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Entitlements Server on OESHOST2

After upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services on OESHOST1, you must update the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 on OESHOST2 (if you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6 already). Also, you must update the binaries of Oracle

Entitlements Server to 11.1.2.3.0 on OESHOST2 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer.

For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

For information about upgrading Oracle Entitlements Server binaries, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

21.9 Redeploying APM Applications on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2

After you update Oracle Entitlements Server binaries on OESHOST2, you must redeploy the following APM applications on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2:

- oracle.security.apm.ear
- oracle.security.apm.core.model.ear
- oracle.security.apm.core.view.war

To redeploy the APM applications, do the following:

- 1. Start the WebLogic Administration Server. For more information, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".
- 2. Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the command from the location *\$MWHOME/wlserver_10.3/common/bin*:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

3. Connect to the Administration Server by running the following command:

connect('weblogic-username','weblogic-password','weblogic-url')

4. Run the following commands to redeploy the APM applications:

On UNIX:

- redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')
- redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm.core.model')
- redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm.core.view')

On Windows:

- \$DOMAIN_HOME\serverConfig\redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')
- \$DOMAIN_ HOME\serverConfig\redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm.core.model')
- \$DOMAIN_ HOME\serverConfig\redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm.core.view')

In these commands, *\$DOMAIN_HOME* refers to the absolute path to the Oracle Entitlements Server 11.1.2.3.0 domain.

The following is an example of redeploying an APM application on Windows:

C:\Oracle\Middleware\user_projects\domains\OES_Domain\serverConfig\
redeploy(appName='oracle.security.apm')

5. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server. For more information, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".

21.10 Starting Administration Server and Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2

Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. Start the WebLogic Administration Server on OESHOST1.
- 2. Start the Oracle Entitlements Server Managed Servers on OESHOST1 and OESHOST2.

For more information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".

For more information about starting the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8.3, "Starting the Managed Server(s)".

Upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager highly available environments to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on Oracle WebLogic Server, using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

Note: Before proceeding, check if your existing Oracle Privileged Account Manager version is supported for high availability upgrade. For more information on supported starting points for high availability upgrade, see Section 3.3, "Supported Starting Points for Oracle Identity and Access Management Manual Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 22.1, "Understanding Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology"
- Section 22.2, "Upgrade Roadmap"
- Section 22.3, "Shutting Down all Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2"
- Section 22.4, "Backing Up the Existing Environment"
- Section 22.5, "Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Privileged Account Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2"
- Section 22.6, "Upgrading Database Schemas on OPAMHOST1"
- Section 22.7, "Starting Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2"
- Section 22.8, "Redeploying Applications on OPAMHOST1"
- Section 22.9, "Verifying the Domain Upgrade"

- Section 22.10, "Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager"
- Section 22.11, "Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_OPAM2"

22.1 Understanding Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

Figure 22–1 shows the Oracle Privileged Account Manager cluster set up that can be upgraded to 11.1.2.3.0 by following the procedure described in this chapter.

Figure 22–1 Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

OPAMHOST1	OPAMHOST2
OPAM_CL	USTER
WLS_OPAM1	WLS_OPAM2
OPAM SERVER	OPAM_SERVER

The host OPAMMHOST1 has the following installations:

- An Oracle Privileged Account Manager instance in the WLS_OPAM1 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the active Administration Server.

The host OPAMMHOST2 has the following installations:

- An Oracle Privileged Account Manager instance in the WLS_OPAM2 Managed Server.
- A WebLogic Server Administration Server. Under normal operations, this is the passive Administration Server. You make this Administration Server active if the Administration Server on OPAMHOST1 becomes unavailable.

The instances in the WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_OPAM2 Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2 are configured as the cluster named OPAM_CLUSTER.

22.2 Upgrade Roadmap

Table 22–1 lists the steps to upgrade Oracle Privileged Account Manager high availability environment illustrated in Figure 22–1 to 11.1.2.3.0.

 Table 22–1
 Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade Roadmap

Task No	Task	For More Information
1	Review the Oracle Privileged Account Manager high availability upgrade topology, and identify OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2 on your setup.	See, Understanding Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade Topology

Task No	Task	For More Information
2	Shut down the Administration Server, Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers, and the Node Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.	See, Shutting Down all Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2
3	Back up the Middleware Home, the Oracle Home, and the Database schemas on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.	See, Backing Up the Existing Environment
4	Update the binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Privileged Account Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.	See, Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Privileged Account Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2
5	Upgrade the OPAM and OPSS schema on OPAMHOST1 by running the Patch Set Assistant.	See, Upgrading Database Schemas on OPAMHOST1
6	Start the WebLogic Administration Server and all the Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.	See, Starting Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2
7	Redeploy the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application, Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications, and Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager application on OPAMHOST1.	See, Redeploying Applications on OPAMHOST1
8	Verify the domain upgrade.	See, Verifying the Domain Upgrade
9	If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), and if you wish to configure Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager, you can do so by running the WLST command configureSessionManager.py, and targeting it to the OPAM_CLUSTER.	See, Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager
	This step is optional.	
10	If you wish to configure Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console application on the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_OPAM2, you can do so by running WLST script configureOPAMConsole.py on OPAMHOST1.	See, Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_ OPAM2
	This step is optional.	

Table 22–1 (Cont.) Oracle Privileged Account Manager High Availability Upgrade

22.3 Shutting Down all Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2

Before you begin the upgrade process, you must stop the WebLogic Administration Server, Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers, and Node Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2 in the following order:

- **1.** Stop the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers on both OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.
- 2. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server on OPAMHOST1.

3. Stop the Node Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.

For information about stopping the Managed Server, see Section 24.1.9.1, "Stopping the Managed Server(s)".

For information about stopping the Administration Server, see Section 24.1.9.2, "Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server".

For information about stopping the Node Manager, see Section 24.1.9.3, "Stopping the Node Manager".

22.4 Backing Up the Existing Environment

After stopping all the servers, you must back up the following before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- MW_HOME directory (Middleware home directory), including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home on both OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.
- Oracle Privileged Account Manager Domain Home directory on both OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.
- Following Database schemas:
 - Oracle Privileged Account Manager schema
 - Oracle Platform Security Services schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

22.5 Updating Binaries of WebLogic Server and Oracle Privileged Account Manager on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2

Oracle Identity and Access Management is certified with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6. Therefore, if you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, you must upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2. For information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

After you upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, update the binaries of Oracle Privileged Account Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on both OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2 using the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer. For information about upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager binaries, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

22.6 Upgrading Database Schemas on OPAMHOST1

On OPAMHOST1, you must upgrade the following schemas by running the Patch Set Assistant:

- OPAM schema
- OPSS schema OPSS schema is selected as a dependency when you select OPAM.

For information about upgrading schemas using Patch Set Assistant, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

After you upgrade the OPAM and OPSS schemas, the version of the OPAM schema will be 11.1.2.3.0.

22.7 Starting Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2

After upgrading the database schemas on OPAMHOST1, you must start the WebLogic Administration Server, Node Manager, and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2 in the following order:

- 1. On OPAMHOST1. start the WebLogic Administration Server, Node Manager, and Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server.
- **2.** On OPAMHOST2, start the Node Manager, and the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Server.

For more information about starting the WebLogic Administration Server, see Section 24.1.8.2, "Starting the WebLogic Administration Server".

For more information about starting the Node Manager, see Section 24.1.8.1, "Starting the Node Manager".

For more information about starting the Managed Servers, see Section 24.1.8.3, "Starting the Managed Server(s)".

22.8 Redeploying Applications on OPAMHOST1

After you start the servers, you must redeploy Oracle Identity Navigator and Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications on OPAMHOST1 namely oinav.ear and opam.ear. You can do this using either the WebLogic Administration console or the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST).

For more information about redeploying Oracle Identity Navigator and Oracle Privileged Account Manager applications, see Section 7.9, "Redeploying the Applications".

22.9 Verifying the Domain Upgrade

Verify that the Oracle Privileged Account Manager domain was upgraded successfully by doing the following:

1. Log in to the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 console using the following URL:

http://adminserver_host:adminserver_port/oinav/opam

2. Verify that the pre-upgrade data, targets, accounts, grants are present, and working as expected.

22.10 Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Session Manager

The Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager application named opamsessionmgr was introduced in 11.1.2.2.0. If you are upgrading Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2), and if want to configure the Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager application, you must run the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) command configureSessionManager.py on OPAMHOST1, and target it to the OPAM_CLUSTER.

For more information about configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager, see Section 7.13, "Optional: Configuring the Oracle Privileged Account Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Session Manager".

After you configure Oracle Privileged Account Manager session manager, start all the servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2. For more information about starting all the servers, see Starting Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.

22.11 Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_OPAM2

If you wish to configure Oracle Privileged Account Manager console application on the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Managed Servers WLS_OPAM1 and WLS_OPAM2 in order to achieve high availability use cases for the Oracle Privileged Account Manager console, complete the steps described in Section 7.14, "Optional: Configuring Oracle Privileged Account Manager Console Application on OPAM Managed Server".

After you complete the upgrade, start all the servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2. For more information about starting all the servers, see Starting Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers on OPAMHOST1 and OPAMHOST2.

To verify the upgrade, follow the instructions described in Section 7.15, "Verifying the Oracle Privileged Account Manager Upgrade".

Upgrading OIM-OAM Integrated Highly Available Environments

This chapter describes how to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager (OIM), Oracle Access Management Access Manager (Access Manager), and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM) integrated split domain highly available environments to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) using the manual upgrade procedure.

Note: If your existing Oracle Identity and Access Management environment was deployed using the Life Cycle Management (LCM) Tools, you must use the automated upgrade procedure to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).

For information about automated upgrade procedure, supported starting points and topologies, see Chapter 2, "Understanding the Oracle Identity and Access Management Automated Upgrade".

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 23.1, "Understanding the Integrated HA Upgrade Topology"
- Section 23.2, "Upgrade Overview"
- Section 23.3, "Supported Starting Points for an Integrated, HA Upgrade"
- Section 23.4, "Roadmap for Upgrading OIM/OAM/OAAM Integrated Highly Available Environments"
- Section 23.5, "Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks"
- Section 23.6, "Upgrading Oracle Home"
- Section 23.7, "Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas"
- Section 23.8, "Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Domain"
- Section 23.9, "Upgrading Oracle Access Management Domain Which Also Contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager"
- Section 23.10, "Seeding the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Resources in Oracle Access Management"
- Section 23.11, "Verifying the Upgraded Environment"
- Section 23.12, "Troubleshooting"

23.1 Understanding the Integrated HA Upgrade Topology

This chapter describes how to upgrade the topology shown in Figure 23–1. This topology is based on the split domain topology described in the *Enterprise Deployment Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1)*. It has been modified to include Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM).

This topology and the accompanying procedures in this chapter are provided to serve as an example for upgrading a highly available, integrated Oracle Identity and Access Management environment. Your specific Oracle Identity and Access Management installation will vary, but this topology and upgrade procedure demonstrates the key elements of the upgrade process, which can be applied to your specific environment.

For a complete description of the topology diagram, refer to the *Enterprise Deployment Guide* in the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1) Documentation Library.



Figure 23–1 Starting Point for the OIM/OAM/OAAM Integrated HA Upgrade

23.2 Upgrade Overview

The procedure for upgrading the OIM-OAM-OAAM integrated highly available environments involves the following high level tasks:

- 1. **Pre-Upgrade Tasks**: This step includes reviewing system requirements, reviewing the customizations that are lost as part of the upgrade, generating the pre-upgrade reports and completing the necessary tasks specified in the pre-upgrade report, backing up the existing environment, and stopping the servers.
- 2. Upgrading Oracle Home: This step includes upgrading the binaries of Oracle WebLogic Server (if necessary), Oracle SOA Suite, Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager using the Oracle Universal Installer.
- **3.** Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas: This step includes creating new schemas like Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema, Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema and upgrading the existing schemas like Oracle Identity Manager schema, Oracle Access Manager schema, Oracle Platform Security Services schema and so on.
- 4. Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Domain: This step includes tasks like upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, scaling out Oracle Business Publisher, upgrading Oracle Remote Manager and Oracle Design Console and so on.
- 5. Upgrading Oracle Access Management Domain Which Also Contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager: This step includes tasks like upgrading Oracle Access Management system configurations, extending the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager and so on. The Oracle Access Management domain also contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM). Therefore, you must redeploy OAAM applications as part of the Access Manager domain upgrade.
- 6. Seeding the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Resources in Oracle Access Management: If you upgraded Oracle Identity Manager domain prior to upgrading Oracle Access Management domain, you must run the -configOIM command to seed the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 resources in Oracle Access Management.

This step is not required if you upgraded Oracle Access Management domain first.

7. Verifying the Upgraded Environment: This step includes tasks for verifying if the upgrade was successful.

Note: It is assumed that you are running Oracle HTTP Server (OHS) 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.6.0), WebGate 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) installed with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0).

Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) is compatible with Oracle HTTP Server 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.6.0), WebGate 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0). Therefore, it is not mandatory to upgrade these components. However, if you wish to upgrade them, refer to the following document:

For information about upgrading Oracle HTTP Server to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0), see "Task 4: Upgrading the Oracle HTTP Server Oracle Home Using the Oracle Web Tier Patch Set Installer" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0). When you run the Patch Set Installer for upgrading Oracle HTTP Server, select **Install Software and Do Not configure** option on the **Select Installation Type** screen.

For information about upgrading WebGate to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), use the instructions described in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing WebGates for Oracle Access Manager*. During the process, ensure that you point to the existing 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) WebGates, when prompted.

For information about upgrading Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), see "Updating the Oracle Unified Directory Software" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installing Oracle Unified Directory*.

23.3 Supported Starting Points for an Integrated, HA Upgrade

Table 23–1 lists the starting points that are supported for upgrade of an integrated highly available environments.

Component	Supported Starting Point
Oracle Identity Manager	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)
Oracle Access Management	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)
Oracle Adaptive Access Manager	11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)
Oracle SOA Suite	11g Release 1 (11.1.1.6.0)
Oracle WebLogic Server	10.3.6
	Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 is compatible with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6. Therefore, you do not have to upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server if you are already using 10.3.6 version.

Table 23–1 Supported Starting Points for Upgrade of an Integrated Environment

23.4 Roadmap for Upgrading OIM/OAM/OAAM Integrated Highly Available Environments

Table 23–2 lists the tasks that you must complete to upgrade an integrated high availability environment.

Table 23–2 Upgrade Roadmap

	Task	For more information,
1	Review the topology that can be upgraded using the procedure described in this chapter.	See, Understanding the Integrated HA Upgrade Topology
2	Review the supported starting points for upgrading integrated environments.	See, Supported Starting Points for an Integrated, HA Upgrade
3	Complete the necessary pre-upgrade tasks before you start the upgrade process.	See, Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks
4	Upgrade Oracle Home by upgrading the binaries of Oracle Identity and Access Management, Oracle WebLogic Server, and Oracle SOA Suite.	See, Upgrading Oracle Home
5	Create necessary database schemas using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU), and upgrade the existing schemas using the Patch Set Assistant (PSA).	See, Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas
6	Upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager domain.	See, Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Domain
7	Upgrade the Oracle Access Management domain. This domain also includes Oracle Adaptive Access Manager.	See, Upgrading Oracle Access Management Domain Which Also Contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager
8	If you upgraded Oracle Identity Manager domain prior to upgrading Oracle Access Management domain, you must run the -configOIM command to seed the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 resources in Oracle Access Management.	See, Seeding the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Resources in Oracle Access Management
9	Verify the OIM-OAM-OAAM integrated upgrade.	See, Verifying the Upgraded Environment

23.5 Performing the Required Pre-Upgrade Tasks

Before you start with the upgrade, you must complete the following pre-upgrade tasks:

- 1. Review the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications* and *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* documents to ensure that your system meets the minimum requirements for the products you are installing or upgrading to. For more information see Section 24.1.1, "Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability".
- **2.** Ensure that you are using a Java Development Kit (JDK) version that is supported and certified with Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0.

You can verify the required JDK version by reviewing the certification information on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

The JDK can be downloaded from the Java SE Development Kit 7 Downloads page on Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

Note: For more information about JDK version requirements, see the "Oracle WebLogic Server and JDK Considerations" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for Oracle Identity and Access Management* 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) document.

3. Review the Oracle Identity Manager customizations that are lost or overwritten as part of the upgrade process.

For more information, see Section 10.2.4, "Reviewing the Customizations that are Lost or Overwritten as Part of Upgrade".

4. Generate the pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager by running the pre-upgrade utility, and analyze all the reports generated. The pre-upgrade report utility analyzes your existing Oracle Identity Manager environment, and provides information about the mandatory prerequisites that you must complete before you upgrade the existing Oracle Identity Manager environment.

For information about generating and analyzing the pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager, see Section 24.2.2, "Generating and Analyzing Pre-Upgrade Report for Oracle Identity Manager".

- 5. Stop all the servers on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2 in the following order:
 - **a.** Stop the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Server(s) on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **b.** Stop the Access Manager Managed Server(s) on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **c.** Stop the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **d.** Stop the Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s) on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **e**. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server on IDMHOST1.
- **6.** Back up your existing environment after stopping the servers. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - **a.** Back up the *MW_HOME* directory including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware home on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **b.** Back up the Access Manager Domain Home directory which also contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **c.** Back up the Oracle Identity Manager Domain Home directory on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
 - **d.** Back up the following database schemas:
 - Oracle Access Manager schema
 - Oracle Identity Manager schema
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schema
 - Oracle Platform Security Services schema
 - MDS schema
 - ORASDPM schema
 - SOAINFRA schema
 - Audit schema

- IAU schema

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

23.6 Upgrading Oracle Home

You must upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0) on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2, as Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0. Also, you must update the binaries of Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Management Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6 on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2, if you are using an earlier version. This involves running the Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6 upgrade installer to upgrade the existing Oracle WebLogic Server.

Note: If you are already using Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, ensure that you apply the mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

For more information about upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, see Section 24.1.5, "Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)".

2. Upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0). This involves running the Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0 installer to update the binaries on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2, and performing required post-patching tasks for Oracle SOA Suite.

For more information about upgrading Oracle SOA Suite, see Section 24.2.3, "Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0)".

3. Update the binaries of Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Management Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) by running the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Oracle Universal Installer.

For more information about upgrading the Oracle Identity and Access Management binaries, see Section 24.1.6, "Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)".

23.7 Creating Necessary Schemas and Upgrading the Existing Schemas

In order to upgrade to Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0, you must upgrade the existing database schemas before you upgrade the domain. Also, it is recommended that you create the new Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema to enable the new feature of Oracle Access Management - Oracle Mobile Security Services. You must also create Oracle BI Publisher schema to enable the embedded BIP feature available in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. To create new schemas, you must run the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0, and to upgrade the existing schemas, you must run the Patch Set Assistant (PSA). To do this, complete the following steps on IDMHOST1:

- 1. Create the following schemas by running the Repository Creation Utility 11.1.1.9.0:
 - Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema
 - Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) Schema

For information about running the RCU to create new schemas, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

- **2.** Upgrade the following database schemas by running the Patch Set Assistant:
 - Oracle Access Manager schema
 - Oracle Identity Manager schema
 - Oracle Adaptive Access Manager schema
 - Oracle Platform Security Services schema
 - MDS schema
 - ORASDPM schema
 - SOAINFRA schema
 - Audit schema
 - IAU schema

For more information about upgrading schemas, see Section 24.1.4, "Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant".

23.8 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Domain

To upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager domain, complete the following steps:

- 1. If you are using Windows 64-bit machine, perform the additional tasks described in Section 24.2.4.1, "Additional Task for Windows 64-Bit Users Before Upgrading Middle Tier" on IDMHOST1 before proceeding with the middle tier upgrade.
- 2. If you are upgrading an SSL enabled middleware, that is, if you would be specifying SSL ports for WebLogic Administration Server and SOA Managed Servers during middle tier upgrade, you must create a truststore that contains the public certificates for all SSL enabled servers (which can be WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Servers, OIM Managed Servers) irrespective of the node on which the server is running. This truststore will be used a client side store by the upgrade script to communicate with various servers during upgrade.

For information about creating a truststore, see Section 24.2.4.2, "Creating a Truststore for Upgrading SSL Enabled Middleware".

3. Update the oim_upgrade_input.properties file located at *OIM_HOME*/server/bin/ on IDMHOST1, with the values for the properties required for Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade.

For information about the properties that you must update in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file, see Section 24.2.4.3, "Updating the Properties File".

4. Performing the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline on IDMHOST1. This is done by running OIMUpgrade offline utility.

For more information about performing Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade offline, see Section 24.2.4.4, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Offline".

5. Replicate the domain configuration on IDMHOST2 by packing the Oracle Identity Manager domain on IDMHOST1 and unpacking it on IDMHOST2.

For more information about replicating the domain configuration using pack and unpack commands, see Section 20.7, "Replicating Domain Configuration on OIMHOST2".

6. Start the WebLogic Administration Server and SOA Managed Server(s) on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2. Make sure that you do not start the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

7. Performing the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade online on IDMHOST1. This is done by running OIMUpgrade online utility. When you perform this step, ensure that the Administration Server for Oracle Access Manager is up and running.

For more information about performing Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade online, see Section 24.2.4.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Online".

8. Start the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) and Oracle BI Publisher Server on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.

For more information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

9. If you wish to scale out Oracle BI Publisher, you can do so by creating a new BIP Server on IDMHOST2, setting the location of the shared BI Publisher configuration folder, setting the scheduler configuration options, and configuring JMS for BI Publisher. This step is optional.

For more information about scaling out Oracle BI Publisher, see Section 20.9, "Scaling out Oracle BI Publisher".

10. Upgrade Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0 on IDMHOST1.

For more information, see Section 24.2.5, "Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components".

11. Complete the necessary Oracle Identity Manager post-upgrade steps described in Section 24.2.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks".

Note: The section Section 24.2.6, "Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks" contains the post-upgrade tasks for various Oracle Identity Manager starting points. You must perform only those tasks that are applicable to your starting point and your environment.

12. If you do not plan to upgrade Oracle Access Management domain to 11.1.2.3.0, then you must manually create the resources /soa/** and /xmlpserver/** with protection level EXCLUDED under the IAM Suite Application domain.

Note: If you plan to upgrade Oracle Access Management domain to 11.1.2.3.0, post-OIM upgrade, skip this step.

To manually create the resources /soa/** and /xmlpserver/** with protection level EXCLUDED, complete the following steps:

a. Log in to the Oracle Access Management console using the following URL:

http://WLS_Admin_Host:WLS_Admin_Port/oamconsole

- **b.** Click Application Domains.
- c. Search for IAM Suite and open IAM Suite Application Domain.
- d. Click Resources, and then click New Resource.
- **e**. Specify the following details for creating /soa/** resource:

Select Type: HTTP

Host Identifier: IAMSUiteAgent

Resource URL: /soa/**

Protection Level: Excluded

Click **Apply** to apply the changes.

f. Specify the following details for creating /xmlpserver/** resource:Select Type: HTTP

Host Identifier: IAMSUiteAgent

Resource URL: /xmlpserver/**

Protection Level: Excluded

Click **Apply** to apply the changes.

g. Specify the following details for creating /soa-infra/** resource:

Select Type: HTTP

Host Identifier: IAMSUiteAgent

Resource URL: /soa-infra/**

Protection Level: Excluded

Click **Apply** to apply the changes.

23.9 Upgrading Oracle Access Management Domain Which Also Contains Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

To upgrade the Oracle Access Management domain, complete the following steps:

1. Stop the Oracle Access Management Access Manager Managed Servers on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2. Also, stop the WebLogic Administration Server on IDMHOST1.

For more information, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

2. Upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) by running the WLST command upgradeOpss() on IDMHOST1. This is required to upgrade the

configuration and policy stores of Oracle Access Manager and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information, see Section 24.1.7, "Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services".

3. Undeploy the coherence#3.7.1.1 library, as it is not shipped with Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

For information about undeploying coherence#3.7.1.1 library, see Section 8.8, "Undeploying coherence#3.7.1.1 Library".

- **4.** Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Servers on IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.
- **5.** Upgrade the Oracle Access Management system configuration by running the upgradeConfig() command on IDMHOST1.

For more information, see Section 8.10, "Upgrading System Configuration".

6. Extend the Oracle Access Management domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager. Using the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite is optional. However, you must perform this step to enable the Policy Manager.

For more information, see Section 24.3.1, "Extending the 11.1.2.3.0 Access Manager Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager".

Note: To start using the features of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must enable Oracle Mobile Security Suite as described in Section 24.3.2, "Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite".

7. Start the WebLogic Administration Server on IDMHOST1, and the Oracle Access Manager Managed Servers on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2. If you have configured Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, you must start the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Managed Servers on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.

For more information, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

- **8.** Perform the required post-upgrade tasks for Oracle Access Management as described in Performing the Required Post-Upgrade Tasks.
- **9.** Redeploy the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager applications on Oracle Adaptive Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Server.

For more information, see Section 9.10, "Redeploying Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Applications".

23.10 Seeding the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 Resources in Oracle Access Management

This step is required only if you upgraded Oracle Identity Manager domain before upgrading Oracle Access Management domain.

Note: If you upgraded Oracle Access Management domain prior to upgrading Oracle Identity Manager domain, skip this task.

If Oracle Identity Manager domain is upgraded first, then you must seed the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 resources in Oracle Access Management, after upgrading

Oracle Access Management domain. To do this, you must run the idmConfigTool -configOIM command.

For information about running the -configOIM command, see "configOIM Command" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite.

Note: In the 11.1.2.3.0 property file for -configOIM, ensure that the value specified for the attribute IDSTORE_WLSADMINUSER is the user who has access to the Oracle Access Management console (oamconsole).

For example:

IDSTORE_WLSADMINUSER:oamAdminUser

- Ensure that the values specified for various attributes in the 11.1.2.3.0 property file for -configOIM is same as the values provided when you ran -configOIM in the base environment (11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0)).
- The following are the newly added properties for -configOIM property file in 11.1.2.3.0:

IDSTORE_WLSADMINUSER

OIM_MSM_REST_SERVER_URL

After you successfully run the -configOIM command, restart all the servers in IDMDomain and OIMDomain on both IDMHOST1 and IDMHOST2.

23.11 Verifying the Upgraded Environment

Verify the upgraded environment by completing the following steps:

- 1. Verify the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade by completing the steps described in Section 10.8, "Verifying the Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade".
- 2. Verify the Oracle Access Management upgrade by completing the steps described in Section 8.14, "Verifying the Oracle Access Management Upgrade".
- **3.** Verify the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager upgrade by completing the steps described in Section 9.12, "Verifying the Oracle Adaptive Access Manager Upgrade".

23.12 Troubleshooting

If you encounter any issue during upgrade, refer to the following sections:

- For issues and workaround specific to Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, see Section 25.1, "Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues".
- For issues and workaround specific to Oracle Access Management upgrade, see Section 25.2, "Troubleshooting Oracle Access Management Upgrade Issues".
- For the list of known issues related to upgrade, and their workaround, see
 "Upgrade and Migration Issues for Oracle Identity and Access Management" in
 the Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Identity Management.

Part VI

Common Upgrade Tasks and Troubleshooting

This part contains the following chapters:

- Chapter 24, "Tasks Common to Various Manual Upgrade Scenarios"
- Chapter 25, "Troubleshooting Upgrade Issues"
Tasks Common to Various Manual Upgrade Scenarios

This chapter lists the tasks that are common to different upgrade scenarios.

Note: You do not have to perform all the tasks described in this chapter. Refer to the Section 3.4, "Documentation Roadmap" for the upgrade roadmap.

Note: In this chapter,

- 11.1.2.x.x refers to the versions 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0), and 11g Release 2 (11.1.2).
- 11.1.1.x.x refers to the versions 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) and 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0).

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Section 24.1, "Generic Topics"
- Section 24.2, "Oracle Identity Manager Specific Topics"
- Section 24.3, "Oracle Access Management Specific Topics"

24.1 Generic Topics

This section contains the generic tasks common to some of the Oracle Identity and Access Management components upgrade. This section includes the following topics:

- Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability
- Backing up the Existing Environment
- Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility
- Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant
- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)
- Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)
- Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services
- Starting the Servers

Stopping the Servers

24.1.1 Verifying Certification, System Requirements, and Interoperability

The certification matrix and system requirements documents should be used in conjunction with each other to verify that your environment meets the necessary requirements for installation or upgrade.

Step 1 Verifying Your Environment Meets Certification Requirements

Make sure that you are installing your product on a supported hardware and software configuration. For more information, see the certification document for your release on the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* page.

Oracle has tested and verified the performance of your product on all certified systems and environments; whenever new certifications occur, they are added to the proper certification document right away. New certifications can occur at any time, and for this reason the certification documents are kept outside of the documentation libraries and are available on Oracle Technology Network.

Step 2 Using the System Requirements Document to Verify Certification

The Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications document should be used to verify that the requirements of the certification are met. For example, if the certification document indicates that your product is certified for installation on 64-Bit Oracle Linux 5, this document should be used to verify that your Oracle Linux 5 system has met the required minimum specifications, like disk space, available memory, specific platform packages and patches, and other operating system-specific items. System requirements can be updated at any time, and for this reason the system requirement documents are kept outside of the documentation libraries and are available on Oracle Technology Network.

Step 3 Verifying Interoperability Among Multiple Products

The Oracle Fusion Middleware Interoperability and Compatibility Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management document defines interoperability, defines compatibility, and describes how multiple Fusion Middleware products from the same release or mixed releases may be used with each other. You should read this document if you are planning to install multiple Fusion Middleware products on your system.

24.1.2 Backing up the Existing Environment

To back up the existing environment, you must stop all the servers, and back up the following:

- MW_HOME directory, including the Oracle Home directories inside Middleware Home
- Domain Home directory
- Database schemas

For more information about backing up schemas, see *Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide*.

24.1.3 Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility

To create 11.1.2.3.0 Database schemas, you must use Repository Creation Utility (RCU) 11.1.1.9.0. When you create new schemas, do not delete your existing schemas, and do

not use the old schema name, as you will need the old schema credentials while exporting the Access Data.

To create the database schemas, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Obtaining Repository Creation Utility
- 2. Starting Repository Creation Utility
- 3. Creating Schemas

24.1.3.1 Obtaining Repository Creation Utility

Download the Repository Creation Utility. For information about obtaining Repository Creation Utility, see "Obtaining RCU" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide.

24.1.3.2 Starting Repository Creation Utility

Start the Repository Creation Utility from the location where you downloaded it. For information about starting Repository Creation Utility, see "Starting RCU" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

24.1.3.3 Creating Schemas

Create the necessary schemas using Repository Creation Utility. For information about creating schemas, see "Creating Schemas" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide*.

24.1.4 Upgrading Schemas Using Patch Set Assistant

To upgrade the existing schemas to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Patch Set Assistant. To upgrade the database schemas, perform the following tasks:

- Checking Your Database and Schemas
- Starting Patch Set Assistant
- Using the Patch Set Assistant Graphical Interface to Upgrade Schemas
- Verifying Schema Upgrade

24.1.4.1 Checking Your Database and Schemas

Before running Patch Set Assistant, you should make sure that your database is running and that the schemas are supported for upgrade. To check this, run the following SQL command:

SELECT OWNER, VERSION, STATUS, UPGRADED FROM SCHEMA_VERSION_REGISTRY;

Table 24–1 lists the schemas and their versions supported for upgrade:

Schema Name	Schema Version(s) Supported for Upgrade		
Oracle Access Manager	11.1.1.3.0		
(OAM)	11.1.2.1.0		
	11.1.2.2.0		
Oracle Adaptive Access Manager (OAAM)	11.1.1.3.0		
	11.1.2.0.0		

 Table 24–1
 Schemas and Their Versions Supported for Upgrade

Schema Name	Schema Version(s) Supported for Upgrade
Oracle Identity Manager	11.1.1.5.0
(OIM)	11.1.1.7.0
	11.1.2.0.0
	11.1.2.1.0
	11.1.2.2.0
Oracle Privileged Account	11.1.2.0.0
Manager (OPAM)	11.1.2.1.0
Oracle Platform Security	11.1.1.6.0
Services (OPSS)	11.1.1.7.2
Oracle Audit Services (IAU)	11.1.1.6.0
	11.1.1.7.0

Table 24–1 (Cont.) Schemas and Their Versions Supported for Upgrade

24.1.4.2 Starting Patch Set Assistant

To start Patch Set Assistant, do the following:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>/oracle_common/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd <MW_HOME>/oracle_common/bin

2. Run the following command:

./psa

On Windows:

1. Move from your present working directory to the <MW_HOME>\oracle_common\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

```
cd <MW_HOME>\oracle_common\bin
```

2. Execute the following command:

psa.bat

24.1.4.3 Using the Patch Set Assistant Graphical Interface to Upgrade Schemas

After starting the Patch Set Assistant Installer, follow the instructions on the screen to update your schemas.

Follow the instructions in Table 24–2 to update your schemas:

Table 24–2Patch Set Assistant Screens

Screen	Description
Welcome	This page introduces you to the Patch Set Assistant.
Select Component	Select the component you wish to upgrade.
Prerequisite	Verify that you have satisfied the database prerequisites.

Screen	Description
Schema	Specify your database credentials to connect to your database, then select the schema you want to update.
	Note that this screen appears once for each schema that must be updated as a result of the component you selected on the Select Component screen.
Examine	This page displays the status of the Patch Set Assistant as it examines each component schema. Verify that your schemas have a "successful" indicator in the Status column.
Upgrade Summary	Verify that the schemas are the ones you want to upgrade.
Upgrade Progress	This screen shows the progress of the schema upgrade.
Upgrade Success	Once the upgrade is successful, you get this screen.

Table 24–2 (Cont.) Patch Set Assistant Screens

24.1.4.4 Verifying Schema Upgrade

You can verify the schema upgrade by checking out the log files. The Patch Set Assistant writes log files in the following locations:

On UNIX:

<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/upgrade/logs/psa/psatimestamp.log

On Windows:

<MW_HOME>\oracle_common\upgrade\logs\psa\psatimestamp.log

Some components create a second log file named psatimestamp.out in the same location.

The timestamp reflects the actual date and time when Patch Set Assistant was run.

If any failures occur when running Patch Set Assistant, you can use these log files to help diagnose and correct the problem. Do not delete them. You can alter the contents of the log files by specifying a different -logLevel from the command line.

Some of the operations performed by Patch Set Assistant may take longer to complete than others. If you want to see the progress of these long operations, you can see this information in the log file, or you can use the following query:

SELECT VERSION, STATUS, UPGRADED FROM SCHEMA_VERSION_REGISTRY WHERE OWNER='schema_name';

In the query results, the STATUS field is either UPGRADING or UPGRADED during the schema patching operation, and becomes VALID when the operation is completed.

24.1.5 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server to 11g Release 1 (10.3.6)

To upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 11*g* Release 1 (10.3.6), complete the following steps:

1. Download the WebLogic 10.3.6 Upgrade Installer from Oracle Technology Network.

For more information, see "Downloading an Upgrade Installer From My Oracle Support" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server*.

2. Run the Upgrade Installer in graphical mode to upgrade your WebLogic Server.

For more information, see "Running the Upgrade Installer in Graphical Mode" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server.

Note: After you upgrade Oracle WebLogic Server to 10.3.6, you must apply some mandatory patches to fix specific issues with Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3.6.

To identify the required patches that you must apply for Oracle WebLogic Server, see "Downloading and Applying Required Patches" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Release Notes*.

The patches listed in the release notes are available from My Oracle Support. The patching instructions are mentioned in the README.txt file that is provided with each patch.

24.1.6 Updating Oracle Identity and Access Management Binaries to 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

To update the existing Oracle Identity and Access Management binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, you must use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 installer. To do this, perform the following tasks:

- Obtaining the Software
- Starting the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Installer
- Installing Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

24.1.6.1 Obtaining the Software

For more information on obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g software, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe.

24.1.6.2 Starting the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) Installer

This topic explains how to start the Oracle Identity and Access Management Installer.

Notes:

- If you are installing on an IBM AIX operating system, you must run the rootpre.sh script from the Disk1 directory before you start the Installer.
- Starting the Installer as the root user is not supported.

Start the Installer by doing the following:

On UNIX:

- **1.** Move from your present working directory to the directory where you extracted the contents of the Installer to.
- **2.** Move to the following location:

cd Disk1

3. Run the following command:

./runInstaller -jreLoc <full path to the JRE directory>

For example:

./runInstaller -jreLoc <MW_HOME>/jdk160_29/jre

On Windows:

- 1. Move from your present working directory to the directory where you extracted the contents of the Installer to.
- **2.** Move to the following location:

cd Disk1

3. Run the following command:

setup.exe -jreLoc <full path to the JRE directory>

For Example:

setup.exe -jreLoc <MW_HOME>\jdk160_29\jre

Note: If you do not specify the -jreLoc option on the command line when using the Oracle JRockit JDK, the following warning message is displayed:

-XX:MaxPermSize=512m is not a valid VM option. Ignoring

This warning message does not affect the installation. You can continue with the installation.

On 64-bit platforms, when you install Oracle WebLogic Server using the generic jar file, the jrockit_1.6.0_29 directory is not created in your Middleware Home. You must enter the absolute path to the JRE folder from where your JDK is located.

24.1.6.3 Installing Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

Use the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.3.0 Installer to upgrade existing Oracle Identity and Access Management binaries to 11.1.2.3.0:

- 1. After you start the Installer, the **Welcome** screen appears.
- 2. Click Next on the Welcome screen. The Install Software Updates screen appears. Select whether or not you want to search for updates. Click Next.
- **3.** The **Prerequisite Checks** screen appears. If all prerequisite checks pass inspection, click **Next**. The **Specify Installation Location** screen appears.
- **4.** On the **Specify Installation Location** screen, point to the Middleware Home to your existing Middleware Home installed on your system.
- 5. In the Oracle Home Directory field, specify the path of the existing Oracle Identity and Access Management Home. This directory is also referred to as <IAM_HOME> in this book.

Click Next. The Installation Summary screen appears.

6. The Installation Summary screen displays a summary of the choices that you made. Review this summary and decide whether you want to proceed with the installation. If you want to modify any of the configuration settings at this stage, select a topic in the left navigation page and modify your choices. To continue

installing Oracle Identity and Access Management, click **Install**. The **Installation Progress** screen appears.

7. Monitor the progress of your installation. The location of the installation log file is listed for reference. After the installation progress reaches 100%, click **OK**. If you encounter any issue, check the log file. For information about locating the log files, see "Locating Installation Log Files" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

Note: If you cancel or abort when the installation is in progress, you must manually delete the <IAM_HOME> directory before you can reinstall the Oracle Identity and Access Management software.

To invoke online help at any stage of the installation process, click **Help** on the installation wizard screens.

8. The **Installation Complete** screen appears. On the **Installation Complete** screen, click **Finish**.

This installation process copies the 11.1.2.3.0 Oracle Identity and Access Management software to your system.

For more information, see "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity and Access Management (11.1.2.3.0)" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

24.1.7 Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services

This section describes how to upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS).

Upgrading Oracle Platform Security Services is required to upgrade the configuration and policy stores to 11.1.2.3.0. It upgrades the jps-config.xml file and policy stores.

To upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services for LDAP- or DB-based store, complete the following steps:

1. Run the following command from the location *MW_HOME*/oracle_ common/common/bin to launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST):

On UNIX:

./wlst.sh

On Windows:

wlst.cmd

2. Run the following command to upgrade OPSS:

Table 24–3 describes the arguments of the upgradeOpss command:

Argument	When to Use?	Mandatory/Optional	Description
jpsConfig	Use this argument if you are upgrading	This argument is mandatory for both DB-based and	Specify the absolute path to the jps-config.xml domain configuration file.
	Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) or 11g Release 2	LDAP-based store.	The upgradeOpss script backs up the jps-config.xml file in the same directory as a file with the suffix .bak appended to the its name.
	(11.1.2.x.x) to 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).		The jps-config.xml file is typically located in the directory \$DOMAIN_ HOME/config/fmwconfig. The file jps-config-jse.xml is assumed to be located in the same directory.
jaznData	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	This argument is mandatory for both DB-based and	Specify the absolute path to the location of out-of-the-box system-jazn-data.xml file.
		LDAP-based store.	The system-jazn-data.xml file is typically located in the directory \$oracle_ common/modules/oracle.jps_ 11.1.1/domain_config.
auditStore	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity	This argument is optional for both DB-based and LDAP-based store.	Specify the absolute path to the location of 11.1.2.x.x out-of-the-box audit-store.xml file.
	and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).		If unspecified, it defaults to the file audit-store.xml located in the directory specified for the argument jaznData.
jdbcDriver	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	This argument is required only in case	Specify the JDBC driver to the store.
		of DB-based store.	For example:
			oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver

 Table 24–3
 Arguments to be Specified While Running upgradeOpss command

Argument	When to Use?	Mandatory/Optional	Description		
url	Use this argument if you	This argument is mandatory for both	Specify the JDBC URL or the LDAP URL for this parameter.		
	are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access	DB-based and LDAP-based store.	The following are the formats of the JDBC URL:		
	Management 11g Release 2		 driverType:@host:port/servic ename 		
	(11.1.2.x.x) to 11g Release 2		 driverType:@host:port:SID 		
	(11.1.2.3.0).		The following is the format of the LDAP URL:		
			ldap://host:port		
			The LDAP URL must be used only if LDAP-based Policy Store is configured in your environment.		
			If this property is unspecified, the JDBC URL or LDAP URL is read from the configuration file.		
user	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	This argument is mandatory in case of DB-based store, whereas it is optional for LDAP-based store.	Specify the name of the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema.		
			For example:		
			DEV_OPSS		
password	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	This argument is mandatory in case of DB-based store, whereas it is optional for LDAP-based store.	Specify the password of the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema.		
upgradeJseSt oreType	Use this argument if you are upgrading Oracle Identity and Access Management 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) to 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0).	This argument is optional for both LDAP-based and DB-based store.	Specify true if you wish to upgrade JSE Store Type, which will in turn update the jps-config-jse.xml. The default value is false.		

 Table 24–3 (Cont.) Arguments to be Specified While Running upgradeOpss command

For example:

On UNIX:

```
upgradeOpss(jpsConfig="/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/oes_
domain/config/fmwconfig/jps-config.xml",
jaznData="/oracle/middleware/oracle_common/modules/oracle.jps_11.1.1/domain_
config/system-jazn-data.xml",
```

jdbcDriver="oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver", url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:1234:db123", user="R2_OPSS", password="password123", upgradeJseStoreType="true")

On Windows:

```
upgradeOpss(jpsConfig="C:\\Oracle\Middleware\\user_projects\\domains\\oes_
domain\\config\\fmwconfig\\jps-config.xml",
jaznData="C:\\oracle\\middleware\\oracle_common\\modules\\oracle.jps_
11.1.1\\domain_config\\system-jazn-data.xml",
jdbcDriver="oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver",
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@host:1234/db123",
user="R2_OPSS",
password="password123",
upgradeJseStoreType="true")
```

24.1.8 Starting the Servers

To start the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Server(s), refer to the following sections:

- Starting the Node Manager
- Starting the WebLogic Administration Server
- Starting the Managed Server(s)

Note: You must start the Node Manager, the WebLogic Administration Server, and the Managed Servers with Java Secure Socket Extension (JSSE) enabled, if you have applied the following Oracle WebLogic Server patches to your Middleware home:

- 13964737 (YVDZ)
- 14174803 (IMWL)

These patches are available from My Oracle Support.

For information on how to start the Node Manager with JSSE enabled, see the "Set the Node Manager Environment Variables" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering the Node Manager for Oracle WebLogic Server*.

After starting Node Manager with JSSE enabled, you must start the Administration Server and Managed Servers with JSSE enabled. For more information, see the "Using the JSSE-Enabled SSL Implementation" topic in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Security for Oracle WebLogic Server*.

24.1.8.1 Starting the Node Manager

To start the Node Manager, you must run the command startNodeManager.sh (on UNIX) or startNodeManager.cmd (on Windows) from the location *\$WL_HOME*/server/bin.

For more information, see "startNodeManager" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference.

24.1.8.2 Starting the WebLogic Administration Server

To start the WebLogic Administration Server, do the following:

On UNIX:

Run the following commands:

cd MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/domain_name/bin

./startWebLogic.sh

On Windows:

Run the following commands:

cd MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin

startWebLogic.cmd

24.1.8.3 Starting the Managed Server(s)

To start the Managed Server(s), do the following:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the MW_HOME/user_ projects/domains/domain_name/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/domain_name/bin

2. Run the following command to start the Managed Servers:

./startManagedWebLogic.sh managed_server_name admin_url admin_username password

where

managed_server_name is the name of the Managed Server

admin_url is URL of the administration console. Specify it in the format http://host:port/console. Specify only if the WebLogic Administration Server is on a different computer.

admin_username is the username of the WebLogic Administration Server.

password is the password of the WebLogic Administration Server.

For example:

./startManagedWebLogic.sh oim_server1 http://host.example.com:7001/console
weblogic password123

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the MW_HOME\user_ projects\domains\domain_name\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin

2. Run the following command to start the Managed Servers:

startManagedWebLogic.cmd managed_server_name admin_url admin_username
password

where

managed_server_name is the name of the Managed Server.

admin_url is URL of the administration console. Specify it in the format
http://host:port/console. Specify only if the WebLogic Administration Server is
on a different computer.

admin_username is the username of the WebLogic Administration Server.

password is the password of the WebLogic Administration Server.

For example:

startManagedWebLogic.cmd oim_server1 http://host.example.com:7001/console
weblogic password123

For more information, see "Starting the Stack" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

24.1.9 Stopping the Servers

To stop the WebLogic Administration Server and the Managed Server(s), refer to the following sections:

- Stopping the Managed Server(s)
- Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server
- Stopping the Node Manager

You must stop the Managed Server(s) first, and then the WebLogic Administration Server.

24.1.9.1 Stopping the Managed Server(s)

To stop the Managed Server(s), do the following:

On UNIX:

 Move from your present working directory to the MW_HOME/user_ projects/domains/domain_name/bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/domain_name/bin

2. Run the following command to stop the servers:

./stopManagedWebLogic.sh managed_server_name admin_url admin_username password

where

managed_server_name is the name of the Managed Server.

admin_url is URL of the WebLogic administration console. Specify it in the format
http://host:port/console. Specify only if the WebLogic Administration Server is
on a different computer.

admin_username is the username of the WebLogic Administration Server.

password is the password of the WebLogic Administration Server.

For example:

./stopManagedWebLogic.sh oim_server1 http://host.example.com:7001/console
weblogic password123

On Windows:

 Move from your present working directory to the MW_HOME\user_ projects\domains\domain_name\bin directory by running the following command on the command line:

cd MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin

2. Run the following command to stop the Managed Servers:

stopManagedWebLogic.cmd managed_server_name admin_url admin_username
password

where

managed_server_name is the name of the Managed Server.

admin_url is URL of the WebLogic administration console. Specify it in the format http://host:port/console. specify only if the WebLogic Administration Server is on a different computer.

admin_username is the username of the WebLogic Administration Server.

password is the password of the WebLogic Administration Server.

For example:

stopManagedWebLogic.cmd oim_server1 http://host.example.com:7001/console
weblogic password123

For more information, see "Stopping the Stack" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

24.1.9.2 Stopping the WebLogic Administration Server

To stop the WebLogic Administration Server, do the following:

On UNIX:

Run the following commands:

cd MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/domain_name/bin

./stopWebLogic.sh

On Windows:

Run the following commands:

cd MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin

stopWebLogic.cmd

24.1.9.3 Stopping the Node Manager

To stop the Node Manager, close the command shell in which it is running.

Alternatively, after having set the attribute QuitEnabled to true (the default is false) in nodemanager.properties file, you can use WLST command to connect to the Node Manager and shut it down. For more information, see "stopNodeManager" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware WebLogic Scripting Tool Command Reference*.

24.2 Oracle Identity Manager Specific Topics

This section includes the topics common to various Oracle Identity Manager upgrade starting points. This section contains the following topics:

Protected Metadata Files for Which Customization will be Retained After Upgrade

- Generating and Analyzing Pre-Upgrade Report for Oracle Identity Manager
- Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0)
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier
- Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components
- Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks

24.2.1 Protected Metadata Files for Which Customization will be Retained After Upgrade

If you had done any customization to the unprotected metadata files pre-upgrade, the customization will be lost after you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

Customization done to the following protected metadata files are retained after upgrade:

- /file/User.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/RoleUserMembership.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/RoleCategory.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/OIMRoleGrantRelationProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/Role.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/OIMRoleDataProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/RoleRoleRelationship.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/OIMRoleCategoryDataProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/OIMRoleRelationshipRelationProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/OIMOrgDataProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/UserDataProvider.xml
- /db/identity/entity-definition/Organization.xml
- /file/RECON_USER_OLDSTATE.xml
- /db/task.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/SelfCreateUserDataset.xm
 l
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/CreateRoleDataSet.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/ModifyUserDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/CreateUserDataSet.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/DisableUserDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/ModifyRoleDataSet.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/DeleteUserDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/AssignRolesDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/RemoveRolesDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/EnableUserDataset.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/DeleteRoleDataSet.xml

- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/model-data/ResourceCommonDataset.xm
 1
- /metadata/iam-features-sil/db/Registration.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-sil/db/SILConfig.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-callbacks/event_configuration/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-tasklist/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-transUI/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-reconciliation/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-asyncwsclient/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-OIMMigration/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-accesspolicy/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-request/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-system-configuration/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-templatefeature/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-passwordmgmt/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-sod/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-notification/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-Scheduler/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-autoroles/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-identity/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-selfservice/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-selfservice/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-configservice/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsValidDateValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsIntValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsShortValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsFloatValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/OnetoOne.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/WSProvisioningTransport.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/CSVReconFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/SharedDriveReconTransport.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MaxLengthValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/SPMLProvisioningFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsLongValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/Concatenation.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsDoubleValidatorProvider.xml

- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsByteValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/ValidateDateFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MatchRegexpValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MinLengthValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsInRangeValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsBlankOrNullValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/Translation.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRoleMembership.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPUserMembership.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPUser.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRole.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPDataProvider.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRelationshipProvider.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-oimupgrade/UpgradeVersionInfo.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-notification/NotificationProviders.xmltion/EventHa ndlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-identity/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-selfservice/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-requestactions/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-configservice/event-definition/EventHandlers.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsValidDateValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsIntValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsShortValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsFloatValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/OnetoOne.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/WSProvisioningTransport.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/CSVReconFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/SharedDriveReconTransport.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MaxLengthValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/SPMLProvisioningFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsLongValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/Concatenation.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsDoubleValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsByteValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/ValidateDateFormat.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MatchRegexpValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/MinLengthValidatorProvider.xml

- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsInRangeValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/IsBlankOrNullValidatorProvider.xml
- /db/GTC/ProviderDefinitions/Translation.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRoleMembership.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPUserMembership.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPUser.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRole.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPDataProvider.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-ldap-sync/LDAPRelationshipProvider.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-oimupgrade/UpgradeVersionInfo.xml
- /metadata/iam-features-notification/NotificationProviders.xml

24.2.2 Generating and Analyzing Pre-Upgrade Report for Oracle Identity Manager

To generate and analyze the pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager, complete the tasks described in the following sections:

- Obtaining Pre-Upgrade Report Utility
- Generating the Pre-Upgrade Report
- Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report

24.2.2.1 Obtaining Pre-Upgrade Report Utility

You must download the pre-upgrade utility from Oracle Technology Network (OTN). The utility is available in two zip files named PreUpgradeReport.zip.001 and PreUpgradeReport.zip.002, along with ReadMe.doc at the following location on My Oracle Support:

My Oracle Support document ID 1599043.1

The ReadMe.doc contains information about how to generate and analyze the pre-upgrade reports.

24.2.2.2 Generating the Pre-Upgrade Report

To generate the pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x upgrade, do the following:

- Create a directory at any location and extract the contents of PreUpgradeReport.zip.001 and PreUpgradeReport.zip.002 in the newly created directory.
- 2. Create a directory where pre-upgrade reports need to be generated. For example, name the directory *OIM_preupgrade_reports*.
- **3.** Go to the directory where you extracted PreUpgradeReport.zip.001 and PreUpgradeReport.zip.002, and open the preupgrade_report_input.properties file in a text editor. Update the properties file by specifying the appropriate values for the parameters listed in Table 24–4:

Parameter	Description
oim.targetVersion	Specify 11.1.2.3.0 for this parameter, as 11.1.2.3.0 is the target version for which pre-upgrade utility needs to be run.
oim.jdbcurl	Specify the JDBC URL for Oracle Identity Manager in the following format:
	<host>:<port>/<service_name></service_name></port></host>
oim.oimschemaowner	Specify the name of the OIM schema owner.
oim.mdsjdbcurl	Specify the MDS JDBC URL in the following format:
	<host>:<port>/<service_name></service_name></port></host>
oim.mdsschemaowner	Specify the name of the MDS schema owner.
oim.databaseadminname	Specify the user with DBA privilege. For example, sys as sysdba.
oim.outputreportfolder	Specify the absolute path to the directory that you created in step-2 (directory with name <i>OIM_ preupgrade_reports</i>), where the pre-upgrade reports need to be generated.
	Make sure that the output report folder has read and write permissions.
oim.oimhome	Specify the absolute path to the OIM home.
oim.domain	Specify the absolute path to the Oracle Identity Manager domain home.
	For example:
	/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_domain
oim.wlshome	Specify the absolute path to the WebLogic Server home.
	For example:
	/Middleware/wlserver_10.3
oim.mwhome	Specify the absolute path to the Middleware home.
	For example:
	/Oracle/Middleware
	This property is not required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 9.1.x.x environments.
oim.javahome	Specify the absolute path to the Java home.

Table 24–4 Parameters to be Specified in the preupgrade_report_input.properties File

- 4. Run the following command from the location where you extracted the contents of PreUpgradeReport.zip.001 and PreUpgradeReport.zip.002.
 - On UNIX:

sh generatePreUpgradeReport.sh

On Windows:

generatePreUpgradeReport.bat

- **5.** Provide the details when the following is prompted:
 - OIM Schema Password

Enter the password of the Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) schema.

MDS Schema Password

Enter the password of the Metadata Services (MDS) schema.

DBA Password

Enter the password of the Database Administrator.

6. The reports are generated as HTML pages at the location you specified for the parameter oim.outputreportfolder in the preupgrade_report_ input.properties file. The logs are stored in the log file preUpgradeReport<time>.log in the folder logs at the same location.

For the list of pre-upgrade reports generated for various starting points, and for information about analyzing the pre-upgrade reports, see Section 24.2.2.3, "Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report".

24.2.2.3 Analyzing the Pre-Upgrade Report

After you generate the pre-upgrade report, you must review each of the reports, and perform all the tasks described in them. If you do not perform the mandatory tasks described in the report before you upgrade, the upgrade might fail.

Table 24–5 provides the description for all of the pre-upgrade reports generated for Oracle Identity Manager. The column Generated for the Starting Points in Table 24–5 specifies the starting point(s) for which the pre-upgrade report is generated.

SI	HTML Report	Generated for the Starting	Description	For Detailed	
1					
1	index.html	■ 11.1.2.2.0 - 11.1.2.1.0	to all the other reports	index.html Report	
		 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 	generated by the	-	
		 11.1.2 11.1.1.70 	utility.		
		 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 	It also states that you		
		• 11.1.1.5.0	must run the pre-upgrade		
		■ 9.1.x.x	pending issues are listed in this report.		
2	APPROVALPOLICY PreUpgradeRepo rt.html	1 1.1.2.2.0	This report lists the request approval policies that has a rule defined on the non existing template.	See, Description of	
		11.1.2.1.0		APPROVALPOLICYPre UpgradeReport.html Report	
		■ 11.1.2			
		11.1.1.7.0			
		11.1.1.5.0			
		■ 9.1.x.x			
3	AUTHORIZATION_	11.1.2.2.0	This report provides a list	See, Description of	
	R2PS3PreUpgrad	11.1.2.1.0	of the home-org policies,	AUTHORIZATION_ R2PS3ProUpgradeReport	
	enepor contant	 11.1.2 	the rule condition for OrclOIMUserManageme ntChainApprovalPolicy that will be replaced with the out-of-the-box secure rule.	t.html Report	

 Table 24–5
 Pre-Upgrade Reports Generated for Oracle Identity Manager

		Generated for the			
SI No	HTML Report Name	Starting Points	Description	For Detailed Description	
3	CertificationU pgradeReport.h tml	 11.1.2.1.0 	This report lists the certification records processed during the upgrade of snapshot data.	See, Description of CertificationUpgradeRe port.html Report	
			You must review the information provided in this report.		
4	ChallengeQuesP reUpgradeRepor t.html	11.1.2.1.011.1.2	This report provides information about upgrading localized challenge questions data. This report is generated for Oracle Identity Manager upgrade on WebLogic Server only.	See, Description of ChallengeQuesPreUpgra deReport.html Report	
			When you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, the existing localization data for challenge questions is lost. Therefore, before proceeding with the upgrade process, you must backup the existing localized challenge questions data.		
			After you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must perform the tasks described in this report.		
			If you have already migrated the localized challenge questions data per new localization model provided in Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.0.11) or (11.1.2.1.3), then skip the tasks described in this report.		

 Table 24–5 (Cont.) Pre-Upgrade Reports Generated for Oracle Identity Manager

SI HTML Report		Generated for the Starting		For Detailed
No	Name	Points	Description	Description
5	CYCLIC_GROUP_ MEMBERSHIP_ CHKPreUpgradeR eport.html	 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report detects and displays the list of cyclic groups in LDAP. Cyclic groups in LDAP directory are not supported in 11.1.2.2.0. Therefore, you must remove the cyclic dependency from existing Oracle Identity Manager setup and reconcile data from LDAP to Oracle Identity Manager Database. The procedure for doing this is described in the report.	See, Description of CYCLIC_GROUP_ MEMBERSHIP_ CHKPreUpgradeReport. html Report
6	DOMAIN_CONFIG_ CHECKPreUpgrad eReport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the applications in Stage mode. This is only applicable for Out of the Box applications; not for the custom applications.	See, Description of DOMAIN_CONFIG_ CHECKPreUpgradeRep ort.html Report
7	DomainReassocA uthorization.h tml	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 	This report lists the checks executed for authorization feature data upgrade. It checks if the Oracle Identity Manager is reassociated with the DB-based policy store. Review the table that lists the checks executed and	See, Description of DomainReassocAuthoriz ation.html Report
8	EVENT_ HANDLERPreUpgr adeReport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	the status of the checks. This report lists the event handlers that are affected by the upgrade. Review the details in the report, and perform any necessary resolution tasks specified in the report.	See, Description of EVENT_ HANDLERPreUpgrade Report.html Report
9	MANDATORY_ DATABASE_ PRIVILEGE_ CHECKPreUpgrad eReport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the Database privileges that should be given to the schema owner before you perform schema upgrade.	See, Description of MANDATORY_ DATABASE_ PRIVILEGE_ CHECKPreUpgradeRep ort.html Report

 Table 24–5 (Cont.) Pre-Upgrade Reports Generated for Oracle Identity Manager

SI No	HTML Report Name	Generated for the Starting Points	Description	For Detailed Description
10	ORACLE_ MANDATORY_ COMPONENT_ CHKPreUpgradeR eport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report provides the status of the mandatory database components or settings for Oracle Identity Manager upgrade. Verify the installation or setup status for each of the mandatory component or setting. If any of the component or setting is not setup correctly, follow the recommendations provided in the report to fix them.	See, Description of ORACLE_ MANDATORY_ COMPONENT_ CHKPreUpgradeReport. html Report
11	ORACLE_ONLINE_ PURGEPreUpgrad eReport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the pre-requisites for Online Purge that needs to be addressed before you proceed with the upgrade. This report will not be generated if there is no action item related to purge.	See, Description of ORACLE_ONLINE_ PURGEPreUpgradeRepo rt.html Report
12	PasswordPolicy PreUpgradeRepo rt.html	• 9.1.x.x	This report lists the potential upgrade issues for password policies. If you are relying on 9.1.x.x password policy model, you must update to new password policies, as 9.1.x.x password policy model is not supported in 11.1.2.3.0. Review the report and assign the password policies listed in the report to appropriate organization(s).	See, Description of PasswordPolicyPreUpgr adeReport.html Report
13	PROVISIONINGBY REQUESTPreUpgr adeReport.html	 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the requests that are not viewable in Track Requests page.	See, Description of PROVISIONINGBYREQ UESTPreUpgradeReport .html Report

Table 24–5	(Cont.)	Pre-Upgrad	e Reports	Generated	for C	Dracle I	dentity	Manager
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SI No	HTML Report Name	Generated for the Starting Points	Description	For Detailed Description	
14	PROVISIONINGPr eUpgradeReport .html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	 This report lists the potential application instance creation issues. It provides information about the following: Provisioning Configuration Entitlement Configuration Access Policy Configuration List of Resource Objects without Process Form List of Resource field Type in Process Form List of Resource Objects with multiple ITResource 	See, Description of PROVISIONINGPreUpg radeReport.html Report	
			 Lookup fields in Process Form List of Access Policies without ITResource value set in default policy data List of Access Policies with Revoke If No Longer Applies flag unchecked List of Entitlements stored in Lookup definitions that do not have IT Resource Key in the lookup encode value Review all the sections in the report and perform necessary tasks. 		
15	REQUESTPreUpgr adeReport.html	 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists any invalid requests and the actions to be taken.	See, Description of REQUESTPreUpgradeRe port.html Report	
16	UDFPreUpgradeR eport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the tasks that you must perform prior to upgrade to ensure that the User Defined Fields (UDFs) are upgraded seamlessly. Perform all the necessary tasks described in this report.	See, Description of UDFPreUpgradeReport. html Report	

 Table 24–5 (Cont.) Pre-Upgrade Reports Generated for Oracle Identity Manager

SI No	HTML Report Name	Generated for the Starting Points	Description	For Detailed Description
17	UISimplificati onUpgradeImpac tReport.html	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 	This report lists the customizations that are impacted by the upgrade. It also provides the workaround for the known issues related to customizations.	See, Description of UISimplificationUpgrad eImpactReport.html Report
18	WLSMBEANPreUpg radeReport.htm 1	 11.1.2.2.0 11.1.2.1.0 11.1.2 11.1.1.7.0 11.1.1.5.0 9.1.x.x 	This report lists the .jar files present in the WebLogic. mbean paths that need to be deleted before performing middle tier upgrade. Review the information provided in this report, and perform necessary action.	See, Description of WLSMBEANPreUpgrad eReport.html Report

 Table 24–5 (Cont.) Pre-Upgrade Reports Generated for Oracle Identity Manager

24.2.2.3.1 Description of index.html Report The index.html report is an index page that contains the names of pre-upgrade reports generated for your starting point, and provides links to their corresponding HTML report. You can navigate to various reports from the index page.

24.2.2.3.2 Description of APPROVALPOLICYPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report APPROVALPOLICYPreUpgradeReport.html lists the invalid approval policies. This report contains the following sections:

- Approval Policy rule defined on template
- List of Approval Polices which needs to be updated with custom approval process
- Approval policy based on unsupported request type

This report also contains an additional note on approval policy based on deprecated request type. You must review the report completely, before you start upgrading the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment.

Approval Policy rule defined on template

This section lists the Oracle Identity Manager approval policies whose rules are defined based on the request template.

The Request templates feature is not supported in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. Therefore, if your existing Oracle Identity Manager contains approval policies having rules based on request template, you must reconfigure the request approval policies by following the steps described in the report.

List of Approval Polices which needs to be updated with custom approval process

This section lists the existing approval policies that need to be associated with different approval process before you start the upgrade process.

The approval process default/ResourceAdministratorApproval, default/ResourceAuthorizerApproval are not supported in 11.1.2.3.0. Therefore, if

your existing Oracle Identity Manager contains approval policies having these approval process, you must associate them with different approval process.

Approval policy based on unsupported request type

This section provides information about the request types that are not supported in 11.1.2.3.0.

The following request types are not supported in 11.1.2.3.0, and they are changed to non-self request type in 11.1.2.3.0:

- Self Assign Roles
- Modify Self Profile
- Self Remove Roles
- Self De-Provision Resource
- Self Modify Provisioned Resource
- Self-Request Resource

Self-request type mapping to Non-Self request type is shown Table 24-6.

Table 24–6	Mapping of Self	request type to	Non-Self request t	type
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Self Request Type	Non-Self Request Type
Self-Request Resource	Provision Resource
Self Modify Provisioned Resource	Modify Provisioned Resource
Self Remove Roles	Remove from Roles
Modify Self Profile	Modify User Profile
Self De-Provision Resource	De-Provision Resource
Self Assign Roles	Assign Roles

Approval policy based on deprecated request type

This section provides information about deprecated request types in 11.1.2.3.0.

The following request types are deprecated in 11.1.2.3.0:

- Provision Resource
- De-Provision Resource
- Disable Provisioned Resource
- Enable Provisioned Resource
- Modify Provisioned Resource

Approval policies based on these deprecated request types will continue to work for any pending requests based on these request types even after upgrade. But, these policies will not work for requests created for Application Instance based request types such as - Provision ApplicationInstance, Revoke Account, Disable Account, Enable Account, and Modify Account.

In addition, approval policies for Application Instance based request types need to be explicitly created for the request based on Application Instance.

24.2.2.3.3 Description of AUTHORIZATION_R2PS3PreUpgradeReport.html Report The AUTHORIZATION_R2PS3PreUpgradeReport.html report provides a list of the home-org

policies, self-service policies, and the rule condition for OrclOIMUserManagementChainApprovalPolicy that will be replaced with the out-of-the-box secure rule. Review the information provided in the report.

24.2.2.3.4 Description of CertificationUpgradeReport.html Report The report CertificationUpgradeReport.html lists the certification records processed during the upgrade of snapshot data. This report displays a table that contains the certification record ID, column name, current value, and the new value. Review the information provided in the table.

24.2.2.3.5 Description of ChallengeQuesPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report ChallengeQuesPreUpgradeReport.html is generated for both 11.1.2 and 11.1.2.1.0 starting points.

When you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, the existing localization data for challenge questions is lost as it is not upgrade-safe. Therefore, before you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must backup the existing localized challenge questions data.

After you upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0, perform the tasks described in this report to localize challenge questions. Follow the instructions in the section applicable for your starting point.

Note: If you have already migrated the localized challenge questions data per localization model provided in Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.0.11) or (11.1.2.1.3), ignore the tasks described in this report.

24.2.2.3.6 Description of CYCLIC_GROUP_MEMBERSHIP_CHKPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report CYCLIC_GROUP_MEMBERSHIP_CHKPreUpgradeReport.html provides information about the Cyclic groups in LDAP directory.

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 does not support cyclic groups in the LDAP directory. Therefore, you must remove any cyclic dependency from your existing setup and reconcile data from LDAP to Oracle Identity Manager Database, before you proceed with the upgrade.

For more information about removing the cyclic groups dependent on LDAP, see Removing Cyclical Groups Dependent on LDAP and Reconciling Data From LDAP to OIM Database. The procedure for removing cyclic groups is also described in this report.

Removing Cyclical Groups Dependent on LDAP and Reconciling Data From LDAP to OIM Database

If the LDAP in your existing Oracle Identity Manager environment has cyclic groups loaded, you must remove the cyclic groups by doing the following:.

- 1. Use JEXplorer or Softerra LDAP Administrator and navigate to the cyclic groups.
- 2. Look for uniquemember attribute.
- **3.** Remove all values from the attribute.
- 4. Save the group.
- **5.** Reconcile the data from LDAP to Oracle Identity Manager Database by running the following command:

On UNIX: LDAPConfigPostSetup.sh

On Windows: LDAPConfigPostSetup.bat

Example Scenario

If you have cyclic group dependency between two groups: Group1 and Group2, do the following to remove cyclic dependency:

- 1. Connect to LDAP using JEXplorer or Softerra LDAP.
- **2.** Go to the group container of Group1.
- **3.** Go to the **uniquemember** attribute under Group1.
- **4.** Remove the value of Group2, from unique members, and save the change made.
- 5. Run LDAPConfigPostSetup.sh (on UNIX) or LDAPConfigPostSetup.bat (on Windows) to reconcile data from LDAP to Oracle Identity Manager database.

24.2.2.3.7 Description of DOMAIN_CONFIG_CHECKPreUpgradeReport.html Report This report lists the applications in Stage mode.

This is only applicable for Out of the Box applications; not for the custom applications.

24.2.2.3.8 Description of DomainReassocAuthorization.html Report The pre-upgrade report utility checks if the Oracle Identity Manager domain is reassociated to Database based policy store and generates the DomainReassocAuthorization.html report. The result of this check is displayed in the **Result** column of this report. Review the checks executed and the result of the checks.

24.2.2.3.9 Description of EVENT_HANDLERPreUpgradeReport.html Report This report lists all the event handlers that are affected during upgrade. It displays a table with information related to the event handler XML, event handler name, entity type, operation, and stage. The table also contains a **Resolution/Information** column which provides any resolution tasks that need to be completed. Review the information in the table.

24.2.2.3.10 Description of MANDATORY_DATABASE_PRIVILEGE_CHECKPreUpgradeReport.html Report This report lists the Database privileges that should be given to the schema owner before you perform schema upgrade.

24.2.2.3.11 Description of ORACLE_MANDATORY_COMPONENT_CHKPreUpgradeReport.html Report This report lists all the mandatory database components or settings for Oracle Identity Manager upgrade. This report contains a table which lists the component or setting, it's installation or setup status, and recommendations if any. You must review the installation or setup status for each of the mandatory component or setting listed in the table. If the component or setting is not setup correctly, follow the recommendations specified in the **Note** column of the table in the report to fix them.

24.2.2.3.12 Description of ORACLE_ONLINE_PURGEPreUpgradeReport.html Report Before you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0, you must complete the pre-requisites for online purge.

The table in this report lists the database tables on which the mentioned pre-upgrade steps need to be performed before you upgrade. The table also shows the status of the database tables in **OIM schema** and **Note** section. Review the table, and perform the actions required.

24.2.2.3.13 Description of PasswordPolicyPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report PasswordPolicyPreUpgradeReport.html lists the potential upgrade issues for

password policies. If you are using 9.1.x.x password policy model, you must update them to new password policies. The 9.1.x.x password policy model is no longer supported for Users, and any such customizations done are not migrated to the new password policy model. A default password policy is seeded at TOP organization that needs to be revisited.

This report contains a table that lists the password policies that are attached to the Xellerate User resource object according to the 9.1.x.x password policy model. You must assign those password policies to appropriate organization(s).

24.2.3.14 Description of PROVISIONINGBYREQUESTPreUpgradeReport.html Report The following table provides information about the requests that are not viewable in Track Requests page:

Request Key	Beneficiary Key	Entity Type	Entity Name	Entity Key	Request Model Name	Issue
81	83	Resource	AD User	7	Access Policy Based Provisioning	No process form entry found for process instance. Cannot update rbe_entity_key in request_ beneficiary_entities table since application instance for the entry is not created.
82	85	Resource	AD User	7	Access Policy Based Provisioning	No process form entry found for process instance. Cannot update rbe_entity_key in request_ beneficiary_entities table since application instance for the entry is not created.
86	99	Resource	AD User	7	Provision Resource	No process form entry found for process instance. Cannot update rbe_entity_key in request_ beneficiary_entities table since application instance for the entry is not created.

Table 24–7Password Policies

24.2.2.3.15 Description of PROVISIONINGPreUpgradeReport.html Report This report lists the potential application instances creation issues. The report contains the following sections:

- Provisioning, Entitlement, and Access Policy Configuration Details
- List of Resource Objects without Process Form
- List of Resource Objects without ITResource field Type in Process Form
- List of Resource Objects with multiple ITResource Lookup fields in Process Form
- List of Access Policies without ITResource value set in default policy data
- List of Access Policies with Revoke If No Longer Applies flag unchecked
- List of Entitlements stored in Lookup definitions that do not have IT Resource Key in the lookup encode value

Provisioning, Entitlement, and Access Policy Configuration Details

This section describes the steps you must complete before you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. These steps are related to provisioning, entitlement, and access policy configuration. Complete all the steps described in this section of the report.

List of Resource Objects without Process Form

This section provides information about the resource objects in your existing Oracle Identity Manager that do not have process form. Each resource object must have a process form associated with it. Therefore, if a resource object is not associated with a process form, you must associate the resource object with a process form before you start the upgrade process. Review the table in this section of the report, that lists the details of the resource objects without process form.

List of Resource Objects without ITResource field Type in Process Form

This section provides information about the resource objects without ITResource field type in their respective process forms. Review the table in this section of the report, which contains more details. If your existing Oracle Identity Manager has resource objects without ITResource field in their process forms, do the following:

- 1. Create appropriate IT resource definition.
- **2.** Create IT resource instance for the same corresponding to the target that is being provisioned.
- **3.** Edit the process form and add a field of type "ITResource" to the process form. Set the following properties:

Type=IT Resource definition created in step-1

ITResource=true

- **4.** Activate the form.
- 5. Update the IT resource field on existing provisioned accounts using FVC Utility.
- **6.** Once the above steps are completed, you can create application instances corresponding to the Resource Object+ITResource combination.

List of Resource Objects with multiple ITResource Lookup fields in Process Form

This section provides information about the resource objects that have multiple lookup fields in their process form. In your existing Oracle Identity Manager environment, if you have resource objects with multiple ITResource set in the process form, you must set the value of the property ITResource Type to true for at least one of the attributes.

List of Access Policies without ITResource value set in default policy data

This section lists the access policies for which the ITResource values of the resource objects should be set in the default policy data. The table in this section lists the access policies in your existing Oracle Identity Manager for which ITResource field is missing. You must set the values of ITResurce field for each of the access policy listed in the table.

List of Access Policies with Revoke If No Longer Applies flag unchecked

This section lists the access policies that have Revoke If No Longer Applies flag unchecked. The table in this section contains the list of access policies that will be updated to Disable If No Longer Applies, during upgrade. The table also indicates if tasks for enable, disable, revoke actions are not defined for these policies. You must add the missing tasks before you proceed with the upgrade. Also, if you want the behavior of the policy to change to RNLA checked, you must check the RNLA flag for the respective policy.

List of Entitlements stored in Lookup definitions that do not have IT Resource Key in the lookup encode value

This section lists entitlements stored in lookup definitions that do not have IT Resource Key pretended to their encoding values using "~". Entitlements stored in lookup definitions need IT Resource Key prepended to the encoded values using "~". Review the table in this section of the pre-upgrade report, which contains more details.

24.2.2.3.16 Description of REQUESTPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report REQUESTPreUpgradeReport.html lists requests that are affected because of the upgrade. This report contains the following sections:

- Requests with unsupported request stages
- Requests which will be automatically changed to corresponding non-self request type

Requests with unsupported request stages

This section lists the requests that are in one of the following unsupported request stages:

- Obtaining Template Approval
- Template Approval Approved
- Template Approval Rejected
- Template Approval Auto Approved

Manual intervention is required to move these requests to the next stage by approving, withdrawing, or closing such requests. Otherwise, requests are moved to request closed stage as part of the upgrade.

Review the list of requests that are in the unsupported request stage.

Requests which will be automatically changed to corresponding non-self request type

This section lists the requests that are based on one of the following request types will be changed to the corresponding non-self request type after the upgrade:

- Self Assign Roles
- Modify Self Profile
- Self Remove Roles
- Self De-Provision Resource
- Self Modify Provisioned Resource
- Self-Request Resource

Request types for these requests are automatically changed to the corresponding non-self request type as part of the upgrade.

Self-request type mapping to non-self request type is shown in Table 24–8:

Table 24–8 Mapping of Self-Request Type to Non-Self Request Type

Self request type	Non-Self request type
Self-Request Resource	Provision Resource

Self request type	Non-Self request type
Self Modify Provisioned Resource	Modify Provisioned Resource
Self Remove Roles	Remove from Roles
Modify Self Profile	Modify User Profile
Self De-Provision Resource	De-Provision Resource
Self Assign Roles	Assign Roles

 Table 24–8 (Cont.) Mapping of Self-Request Type to Non-Self Request Type

24.2.2.3.17 Description of UDFPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report

UDFPreUpgradeReport.html lists the steps that you must complete before you proceed with the upgrade process, to ensure that the User Defined Fields/Attributes (UDFs) are upgraded seamlessly.

Note that you may have to edit the entity xml file manually. To edit a file in MetaData Services (MDS), you must export the file from MDS repository. After making the required changes, you must import the file back to MDS.

This report contains the following tables:

- Table that lists the path to the entity XML file in MDS corresponding to a
 particular entity type
- Table that lists the UDFs with inconsistent max-size. You must edit the entity xml file per the list provided in the table, to change the max-size of the attributes to expected values, and re-import the file back into MDS.
- Table that lists the UDFs with inconsistent default values. You must edit the corresponding entity xml file manually to change the default value to one of the allowed values.

24.2.2.3.18 Description of UlSimplificationUpgradeImpactReport.html Report Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 comes with improved and simplified Self-Service UI. Some of the changes include simplified workspace based navigation model, new OIM-alta skin enforcing uniform look and feel across the UI, flow based UI rendering, usage of pagination instead of scroll bars, and improved search pattern on Self-Service search pages. Therfore some of the UI customizations must be reimplemented post upgrade. Review the information provided in this report, and redo the UI customizations as required after upgrade.

24.2.2.3.19 Description of WLSMBEANPreUpgradeReport.html Report The report WLSMBEANPreUpgradeReport.html lists the .jar files in WebLogic mbeans path that need to be deleted prior to middle tier upgrade. The report contains a table that lists the .jar files, their status whether they are present in the WebLogic mbean path, and the action required. Review the information provided in the table, and perform necessary action.

24.2.3 Upgrading Oracle SOA Suite to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0)

Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is certified with Oracle SOA Suite 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0). If you are not using Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0, you must upgrade your existing Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0 by completing the following steps:

1. Review the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications for 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1) at the following link:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusion-requi
rements-100147.html

- **2.** Complete the steps described in the section "Special Instructions for Patching Oracle SOA Suite" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0), before you upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0.
- **3.** Download the Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0 installer. This installer can also function as upgrade installers. For more information about downloading Oracle SOA Suite 11.1.1.9.0 installer, see "Downloading Oracle Fusion Middleware Patches for an Existing 11g Release 1 Installation" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration Readme for 11g Release 1* (11.1.1.9.0).
- **4.** Start the installer and apply the patch. For more information, see "Patching Oracle Fusion Middleware" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).
- **5.** Upgrade the SOAINFRA schema by running the Patch Set Assistant (PSA). For more information, see "Upgrading Your Schemas with Patch Set Assistant" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).
- **6.** After you upgrade Oracle SOA Suite to 11.1.1.9.0, you must perform the necessary post-patching tasks depending on your SOA starting point.

Table 24–9 lists the post-patching tasks for Oracle SOA Suite, and the SOA starting point they are applicable for.

SI No	Post-Patching Task	Perform if Your Starting Point	s SOA
1	Removing the tmp Folder for SOA	11.1.1.6.0	
	Composer, BPM Workspace and B2B	11.1.1.5.0	
2	Upgrading the "BPEL Message Recovery Required" Warning Message Duration	11.1.1.6.0	
3	Upgrading MAXRECOVERATTEMPT	11.1.1.6.0	
	Attribute to 2	11.1.1.5.0	
4	Extending the SOA Domain with UMS Adapter Features	■ 11.1.1.6.0	
		11.1.1.5.0	
5	Extending the SOA Domain with Business	■ 11.1.1.6.0	
	Process Management Features	11.1.1.5.0	
6	Upgrading the Oracle Data Integrator Clients if BAM-ODI Integration is Enabled	11.1.1.5.0	
7	Saving and Restoring XEngine Customizations for Oracle B2B	11.1.1.5.0	

Table 24–9 Post-Patching Tasks for Oracle SOA Suite

- **7.** Start the WebLogic Administration Server and the SOA Managed Server(s). For information about starting the servers, Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".
- **8.** Verify the Patch Set installation by following the instructions described in the section "Verifying Your Patch Set Installation" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide* for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).

24.2.4 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier

Middle tier upgrade is performed using the OIMUpgrade.sh utility. Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade is carried out in two stages:

1. Middle tier upgrade offline

This is the first stage where OIMUpgrade.sh is run in offline mode, that is, with the Administration Server and the Managed Server(s) in shutdown state.

2. Middle tier upgrade online

This is the second stage where OIMUpgrade.sh is run in online mode, that is with the Administration Server and the SOA Managed Server(s) in running state.

To upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier, complete the following tasks:

- Additional Task for Windows 64-Bit Users Before Upgrading Middle Tier
- Creating a Truststore for Upgrading SSL Enabled Middleware
- Updating the Properties File
- Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Offline
- Starting Administration Server and SOA Managed Server(s)
- Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Online
- Starting the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) and the BIP Server
- Changing the Deployment Order of Oracle Identity Manager EAR

24.2.4.1 Additional Task for Windows 64-Bit Users Before Upgrading Middle Tier

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager on a 64-bit Windows platform and if you have installed JAVA in a directory where there is a space in the installed classpath (for example, C:\Program File\Java), then you must complete the following steps:

1. Add a *JAVA_HOME* entry to the environment variable pointing to a JDK installation, not to a JRE installation.

Note: This path should be without spaces or like C:\Progra~1\Java\jdk1.6.0_29.

2. Hard code the value of *JAVA_HOME* in <WL_HOME>\server\bin\setWLSEnv.cmd file to avoid any Middle Tier upgrade failures.

24.2.4.2 Creating a Truststore for Upgrading SSL Enabled Middleware

If you are upgrading an SSL enabled middleware, that is, if you would be specifying SSL ports for WebLogic Administration Server and SOA Managed Servers during middle tier upgrade, you must create a truststore that contains the public certificates for all SSL enabled servers (which can be WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Servers, OIM Managed Servers) irrespective of the node on which the server is running. This truststore will be used a client side store by the upgrade script to communicate with various servers during upgrade.

To create a truststore, complete the following steps:

- **1.** Export the public certificate from the identity store for each server, and place all of them in a single directory.
- 2. Import all of the public certificates to a single truststore.

- **3.** Copy the truststore to a location accessible by upgrade script.
- 4. Specify the truststore location and type for the properties wls.trustStore.loc and wls.trustStore.type respectively, when updating the properties file as described in Section 24.2.4.3, "Updating the Properties File".

24.2.4.3 Updating the Properties File

You must update the oim_upgrade_input.properties file with the values for the properties required for middle tier upgrade. To do this, complete the following steps:

- Open the oim_upgrade_input.properties file located at ORACLE_OIM_ HOME/server/bin/ in a text editor.
- 2. Specify the values for all of the properties required for the middle tier upgrade.

Table 24–10 lists the properties and their descriptions:

_	Used for SSL or Non-SSL	
Parameter	Environment?	Description
java.home	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the JAVA HOME location.
server.type	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Application Server that you are using.
		For example, if you are using Oracle WebLogic Server, specify wls for this parameter; or if you are using IBM WebSphere, specify was.
		As this document describes the procedure to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager on WebLogic, you must specify w1s for this parameter.
oim.jdbcurl	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle Identity Manager JDBC URL in the format:
		host:post/dbservicename
oim.oimschemaowner	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle Identity Manager schema owner.
oim.oimmdsjdbcurl	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the MDS JDBC URL.
oim.opssschemaowner	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema owner.
		This property is required only if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments.
oim.opssjdbcurl	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the JDBC URL of the Oracle Platform Security Services.
		This property is required only if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments.
oim.mdsschemaowner	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the MDS schema owner name.
oim.adminhostname	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration host name.

Table 24–10 Parameters to be specified in the Properties File

Parameter	Used for SSL or Non-SSL Environment?	Description
oim.adminport	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration port.
oim.adminUserName	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the username that is used to log in to the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console.
oim.soahostmachine	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the SOA host name where SOA Server is running.
oim.soaportnumber	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the SOA Server port.
oim.soausername	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the SOA Managed Server username.
oim.domain	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle Identity Manager domain location.
oim.home	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle OIM Home location.
oim.mw.home	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle Middleware Home location.
soa.home	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the Oracle SOA Home location.
wl.home	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the WebLogic Home location.
wls.trustStore.loc	SSL only	Specify the client-side trust store location which contains the public certificate of the WebLogic Administration Server, SOA Managed Server(s), and the OIM Managed server(s).
		For example:
		wls.trustStore.loc=/u01/client_ store.jks
		In case of SSL enabled environment with DEMO keystore, specify DemoTrust.
		For example:
		wls.trustStore.loc=DemoTrust
		This property is required only in case of SSL enabled environment with custom keystore.
		In case of non-SSL environment, do not specify any value for this property.
wls.trustStore.type	SSL only	Specify the type of the truststore, that you specified for the property wls.trustStore.loc. The type of truststore is the extension of the truststore file like JKS, PKCS12, JCEK, JCERACFKS and so on.
		For example:
		wls.trustStore.type=JKS
bip.server.name	Both SSL and Non-SSL	The value for this property will be existing already. Verify if the BIP server name is correct. Modify the value if required.

 Table 24–10 (Cont.) Parameters to be specified in the Properties File
	Used for SSL or	
Parameter	Non-SSL Environment?	Description
bip.cluster.name	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the name of the BIP cluster.
<pre>bip.server.host.name</pre>	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the fully qualified hostname of the Oracle BI Publisher server.
bip.server.port	Both SSL and Non-SSL	The value for this property will be existing already. Verify if the BIP server port is correct. Modify the value if required.
bip.server.ssl.port	SSL only	Specify the SSL port of the Oracle BI Publisher server.
<pre>bip.server.ssl.enable d</pre>	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Set the value of this property to true if BIP server is SSL enabled; else, set it to false.
bip.jdbc.url	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the BIP server JDBC URL.
bip.schema	Both SSL and Non-SSL	Specify the name of the BIP schema.
oam.version	Both SSL and Non-SSL	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		Specify the Oracle Access Manager version for this property.
		For example, if the Oracle Access Manager version that you are using is 11 <i>g</i> Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), specify 11.1.2.3.0.
oam.wls.admin.host	Both SSL and Non-SSL	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		Specify the WebLogic Administration Server host name for Oracle Access Manager.
oam.wls.admin.port	Both SSL and Non-SSL	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		Specify the WebLogic Administration Server port for Oracle Access Manager.
oam.admin.username	Both SSL and Non-SSL	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		Specify the username of the Oracle Access Manager administrator. This is the user who has admin access to the Oracle Access Manager console.

Table 24–10	(Cont.)	Parameters	to be specified	in the Pro	perties File
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Deveryotev	Used for SSL or Non-SSL	Description
Parameter	Environment?	Description
oam.admin.trust.store .loc	SSL only	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		If SSL is enabled in Oracle Access Manager Administration Server and SSL port is specified for the property oam.wls.admin.port, then you specify the location of the trust store file for this property.
		If you have specified a value for the property wls.trustStore.loc, then the value specified for the property oam.admin.trust.store.loc will be ignored. The upgrade utility will consider the value specified for wls.trustStore.loc.
		If SSL is enabled and SSL port is specified for both Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager, you must import Oracle Access Manager certificate to Oracle Identity Manager trust store, or import both Oracle Access Manager and Oracle Identity Manager certificates to a common trust store and specify the location of the trust store for the property wls.trustStore.loc.
		If wls.trustStore.loc is DemoTrust, specify the full path to the DemoTrust.jks file, which is usually located at WL_HOME/server/lib.
oam.admin.trust.store .type	SSL only	This property is required if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments.
		Specify the trust store type. The trust store can be JKS OR PKCS12. The default trust store is JKS.

Table 24–10 (Cont.) Parameters to be specified in the Properties File

The following is a sample of the oim_upgrade_input.properties file:

#The user inputs are taken from this property file #Please enter the appropriate values.

#1. JAVA HOME
#java.home=/scratch/wars2install/was/java/
java.home=/scratch/jdk1.7.0_11/

#2. Server type Weblogic/Websphere
#server.type=wls/was
server.type=wls

#OIM SCHEMA DETAILS

#3. Oim Connection String #GIVE ONLY NON-SSL DB PORT #host:port/serviceName (SID Not Supported) #oim.jdbcurl=localhost:1521/oim123.example.com oim.jdbcurl=myhost.example.com:1522/oimdb.example.com

```
#4. Oim Schema owner
#oim.oimschemaowner=hhs_oim
oim.oimschemaowner=OES_11.1.1.5.0_oim
#_____
_____
#MDS SCHEMA DETAILS
#5. MDS Connection String
#GIVE ONLY NON-SSL DB PORT
#host:port/serviceName (SID Not Supported)
#oim.oimmdsjdbcurl=localhost:1521/oim123.example.com
oim.oimmdsjdbcurl=myhost.example.com:1522/oimdb.example.com
#6. MDS Schema Owner
#oim.mdsschemaowner=hhs_mds
oim.mdsschemaowner=OES_11.1.1.5.0_mds
#-----
_____
#ADMIN SERVER DETAILS
#7. Admin Host name
#oim.adminhostname=localhost
oim.adminhostname=myhost.example.com
#8. Admin Port
#oim.adminport=7001
oim.adminport=7002
#9. Admin User name
#oim.adminUserName=weblogic
oim.adminUserName=weblogic
#_____
_____
#SOA DETAILS
#10. SOA Host name
#oim.soahostmachine=localhost
oim.soahostmachine=myhost.example.com
#11. SOA Port
#oim.soaportnumber=8001
oim.soaportnumber=8002
#12. SOA User name
#oim.soausername=weblogic
oim.soausername=weblogic
_____
#DOMAIN LOCATION
#13. Domain Location
#oim.domain=/u01/oim/user_projects/domains/base_domain
oim.domain=/u01/oim/user_projects/domains/base_domain
#14. Oracle OIM Home
```

#oim.home=/u01/oim/Oracle_IDM1
oim.home=/u01/oim/Oracle_IDM1

#15. Middleware Home #oim.mw.home=/u01/oim oim.mw.home=/u01/oim #16. SOA Home #soa.home=/u01/oim/Oracle SOA1 soa.home=/u01/oim/Oracle_SOA1 ### Weblogic specific Properties #17 Weblogic Home #wl.home= wl.home=/u01/oim/wlserver 10.3/ ### Websphere specific properties #19 CSFSeed=true/false to make MT run in two modes i.e PRE_OIM_CONFIG and POST_ OIMCONFIG respectively #Choose CSFSeed=true to run in PRE_OIM_Config and CSFSeed=false to run in POST_ OIMCONFIG mode. CSFSeed=<true/false> #20 OIM 91 Home Location oim91Home=<oim 91 home directory> #21 Management bootstrap port #oim.bootstrapport=9813 oim.bootstrapport=<Management bootstrap port> #22 SOA Bootstrap port #soa.bootstrapport=2801 soa.bootstrapport=<SOA bootstrap port> #23 Websphere Home #ws.home=/scratch/wars2install/was ws.home=<websphere home directory> #24 Websphere Custom profile path #ws.custom.path=/scratch/wars2install/was/profiles/Custom05 ws.custom.path=<websphere custom path> #25. Client-side trust store location which contains the public certificate of WLS, SOA, OIM servers #Fill in trust store location and type only in case of ssl enabled env with custom keystore #wls.trustStore.loc=/u01/client_store.jks #In Case of ssl enabled env with DEMO keystore, give "DemoTrust" #wls.trustStore.loc=DemoTrust #In case of non-ssl env, leave blank #wls.trustStore.loc= #wls.trustStore.loc=/u01/oim/user_projects/domains/base_ domain/config/fmwconfig/client_store.jks wls.trustStore.loc=/u01/oim/user_projects/domains/base_ domain/config/fmwconfig/client_store.jks #26 Type of above trust store #wls.trustStore.type=JKS wls.trustStore.type=JKS

#28 BIP Cluster Name
#bip.cluster.name=bi_cluster
bip.cluster.name=bi_cluster

#29 BIP Server Port
#bip.server.port=9704
bip.server.port=9704

#30 BIP Server SSL Port
#bip.server.ssl.port=9804
bip.server.ssl.port=9804

#31 BIP Server SSL Enabled #bip.server.ssl.enabled=false bip.server.ssl.enabled=false

#32 BIP JDBC URL #host:port/serviceName (SID Not Supported) #bip.jdbc.url=localhost:1521/oim123.example.com bip.jdbc.url=myhost.example.com:1522/oimdb.example.com

#34 BIP Schema Name #bip.schema=BIP_BIPLATFORM bip.schema=BIP_BIPLATFORM

Fill in these values only If you havent extended the domain with OPSS template # applicable for source 11.1.1.5.0 and 11.1.1.7.0 # If OPSS datasource (name : opss-DBDS) is already created, these values will be autodiscovered and not required to be filled.

#36.oim.opssschemaowner=OES_11.1.1.5.0_opss oim.opssschemaowner=DEV2_OPSS

#37. oim.opssjdbcurl=localhost:1521:oim123 oim.oimopssjdbcurl=myhost.example.com:1522/oimdb.example.com

Fill in these values only if you have OIM-OAM integrated environment
Make sure OAM admin server (OracleAdminServer in case of Websphere in OAM
Node)
is running before executing OIMUpgrade.sh/OIMUpgrade.bat command

#37 Specify target OAM version #If target OAM is 11gR2PS2 then, version is 11.1.2.2.0 #If target OAM is 11gR2PS3 then, version is 11.1.2.3.0 #oam.version=11.1.2.3.0 oam.version=<oam version>

```
#38 Specify OAM WLS Admin Server Host Name
#oam.wls.admin.host=localhost
oam.wls.admin.host=<oam wls admin host>
#39 OAM WLS Admin Server port
#oam.wls.admin.port=7001
oam.wls.admin.port=<oam wls admin port>
#40 user who is has administrator access in OAM (The user who has admin access
to oamconsole.)
#oam.admin.username=oamAdminUser
oam.admin.username=<user who is has administrator access in OAM>
#41 If SSL is enabled in OAM admin server and SSL port is specified in the
property
# 'oam.wls.admin.port' then, specify the trust store file location else ignore
this.
# NOTE:- If OIM property - 'wls.trustStore.loc' is specified then, any value
for 'oam.admin.trust.store.loc'
# property would be IGNORED and 'wls.trustStore.loc' value would be taken. In
such case where both for
# OIM and OAM, SSL is enabled and SSL port is specified then, import OAM
certificate to OIM truststore
# or both OIM and OAM certificates to a common trust store and specify the same
'wls.trustStore.loc' value here.
# If 'wls.trustStore.loc' is DemoTrust then, specify full path of DemoTrust.jks
file, which is usually
# present in '$WL_HOME/server/lib' location.
#oam.admin.trust.store.loc=/net/oam_machine/u01/idm/trust/oamtrust.jks
```

24.2.4.4 Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Offline

Perform the middle tier upgrade offline by doing the following:

- 1. Make sure that you have stopped the WebLogic Administration Server, the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s), and the SOA Managed Server(s).
- 2. Run the following command from the location OIM_ORACLE_HOME/server/bin:

On UNIX: ./OIMUpgrade.sh offline

On Windows: OIMUpgrade.bat offline

- **3.** Enter the passwords of the following schemas, when prompted:
 - [input]OIM Schema Password: Enter the password of the Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) schema.
 - [input]MDS Password: Enter the password of the Metadata Services (MDS) schema.
 - [input]OPSS Schema Password: Enter the password of the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) schema. You will be prompted for OPSS schema password only if you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments.
 - [input]SOA Schema Password: Enter the password of the SOA Infrastructure (SOAINFRA) schema.

- [input]BIP Schema Password: Enter the password of the Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema.
- 4. Verify the middle tier offline upgrade by doing the following:
 - Check the HTML reports generated at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_offline.
 - Check the logs files generated at ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/ to verify if the middle tier offline upgrade was successful.

Table 24–11 lists the log files generated for Oracle Identity Manager middle tier offline upgrade at the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/.

Log File Name	Generated for
ant_ApplicationDB.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_applyBip.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_configureSecurityStore.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_createBIPDatasources_BPEL.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_createBIPDatasources_OIM.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_createBipServer.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_deploySCIMWebapp.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_extendOPSSDomain.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_isClusterOIM.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_JMSModuleTargetScript.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_JRF_WsAsync.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_JVMParams.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
ant_MigrateJazn_bi-policystore-systemrole-jazn.xml.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_MigrateJazn_jazn-data-oim.xml.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_MigrateJazn_jazn-data-self.xml.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_MigrateJazn_	■ 11.1.2.x.x
oim-bi-policystore-appPoliciesMigrate.xml.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_MiscUpgrade.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_oimUpgradeDomainPackages.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x

Table 24–11 Logs Generated for OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Log File Name	Generated for
ant_OPSS.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_oracle.idm.ids.config.ui#11.1.2011.1.2.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_oracle.idm.ipf#11.1.2@11.1.2.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_soaOIMLookupDB.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_targetBIPResources.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_updateBIPJmsSecurity.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
ant_Update_setDomainEnv.log	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_UpgardeJRF.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_Workmanager.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_enableJsseSsl.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
ant_MigrateJazn_backup.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
delta_jobs.xml	■ 11.1.2.x.x
SeedSchedulerData.log	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	■ 11.1.1.x.x
OIMUpgrade_offline <timestamp>.log</timestamp>	■ 11.1.2.x.x

Table 24–11 (Cont.) Logs Generated for OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

24.2.4.5 Starting Administration Server and SOA Managed Server(s)

After you upgrade middle tier offline, you must start the WebLogic Administration Server and the SOA Managed Server(s) in order to perform middle tier upgrade online.

Note: Before you start the servers, you must add the following property below the JAVA_PROPERTIES entry in the *DOMAIN_ HOME/*bin/setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or *DOMAIN_ HOME/*bin/setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows) file, to ignore hostname verification:

-Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=true

If you are starting the servers on command line, pass the above argument on command line.

This argument can be removed after you complete the upgrade.

For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

Note: Make sure that you do not start the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s).

24.2.4.6 Performing Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade Online

Perform the middle tier upgrade online by doing the following:

1. Make sure that the WebLogic Administration Server and the SOA Managed Server(s) are up and running. Also, make sure that the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) and the BIP Managed Server(s) are not in running state.

Note: Ensure that the SOA Managed Server is up and running by verifying the message "SOA Platform is running and accepting requests" in the soa_server-diagnostic.log file located at *DOMAIN_HOME*/servers/soa_server1/logs/.

- 2. Make sure that the offline middle tier upgrade was run successfully.
- 3. Run the following command from the location OIM_ORACLE_HOME/server/bin:

On UNIX: ./OIMUpgrade.sh online

On Windows: OIMUpgrade.bat online

- 4. Enter the passwords of the following schemas, when prompted:
 - [input]OIM Schema Password: Enter the password of the Oracle Identity Manager (OIM) schema.
 - [input]MDS Password: Enter the password of the Metadata Services (MDS) schema.
 - [input]Weblogic Admin Password: Enter the password of the Oracle WebLogic Server Administrator.
 - [input]SOA Admin Password: Enter the password of the Oracle SOA Suite Administrator.
 - [input]SOA Schema Password: Enter the password of the SOA Infrastructure (SOAINFRA) schema.
 - [input]BIP Schema Password: Enter the password of the Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) schema.

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager - Oracle Access Manager integrated environments, you will be prompted for [input]OAM 'oamAdminUser' Password.

- 5. Verify the middle tier online upgrade by doing the following:
 - Check the HTML reports generated at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_online.
 - Check the following log files generated at the location ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/:
 - OIMUpgrade_online<timestamp>.log
 - ant_createUserInSecurityRealm_BISystemUser.log

- ant_updateBIPJmsSecurity.log
- ant_importOwSMPolicySCIM.log
- ant_create_UserInSecurityRealm_BISystemUser.log

Note: Any customizations done to setDomainEnv.sh, startManagedWeblogic.sh, and startWeblogic.sh will be lost after middle tier online upgrade. These customizations include any changes done to these .sh and .cmd files manually, that is, without using the WLST templates. Examples of customizations are tnsnames.ora, jvm or performance arguments, ssl parameters and so on.

After middle tier upgrade, you must re-apply the customizations, if any.

24.2.4.7 Starting the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(s) and the BIP Server

After you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier online, you must start the Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server (s) and the BIP Server.

Note: Before starting the servers, you must add the following property below the JAVA_PROPERTIES entry in the *DOMAIN_HOME/*bin/setDomainEnv.sh (on UNIX) or *DOMAIN_HOME/*bin/setDomainEnv.cmd (on Windows) file, to ignore hostname verification:

-Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=true

- When you start the Managed Servers for the first time after middle tier upgrade, the servers must be connected to the non-SSL Administration Server port. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - 1. Before you start the Managed Servers, enable the non-SSL port for the Administration Server.
 - 2. Ensure that the Managed Servers connect to the non-SSL admin port while starting. For example, if managed server is started using startManagedWebLogic.sh script, update the ADMIN_URL in this script to use the non SSL url.

These changes can be reverted back once the servers are up.

For more information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

24.2.4.8 Changing the Deployment Order of Oracle Identity Manager EAR

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environments, change the deployment order of oim.ear from 47 to 48. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://wls_admin_host:wls_admin_port/console

- 2. Click **Deployments** on the left pane.
- 3. Click oim.ear.
- 4. Update the deployment order from 47 to 48.
- 5. Click Save.

24.2.5 Upgrading Other Oracle Identity Manager Installed Components

This section describes how to upgrade other Oracle Identity Manager installed components such as Oracle Identity Manager Design Console and Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager to 11.1.2.3.0.

This section includes the following sections:

- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console
- Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager

24.2.5.1 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Design Console

The Oracle Identity Manager Design Console is used to configure system settings that control the system-wide behavior of Oracle Identity Manager and affect its users. The Design Console allows you to perform user management, resource management, process management, and other administration and development tasks.

Oracle recommends that Oracle Identity Manager and Design Console are installed in different directory paths, if the Design console is on the same system as the Oracle Identity Manager server.

To upgrade Design Console, complete the following steps:

- **1.** Back up the following files:
 - On UNIX, \$<XLDC_HOME>/xlclient.sh
 - \$<XLDC_HOME>/config/xlconfig.xml
 - On Windows, <XLDC_HOME>\xlclient.cmd
 - <XLDC_HOME>\config\xlconfig.xml
- 2. Run the Oracle Identity and Access Management 11.1.2.2.0 Installer to upgrade the Design Console home <XLDC_HOME>.

For more information, see "Optional: Configuring Oracle Identity Manager Design Console" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

3. Restore the following backed up files in the upgraded Design Console home:

On UNIX:

- xlclient.sh
- xlconfig.xml

On Windows:

- xlclient.cmd
- xlconfig.xml
- 4. Build and copy the wlfullclient.jar file as follows:
 - **a.** Go to WebLogic_Home/server/lib directory on UNIX and WebLogic_ Home\server\lib directory on Windows.

b. Set the JAVA_HOME environment variable and add the JAVA_HOME variable to the PATH environment variable. You can set the JAVA_HOME to the jdk160_21 directory inside the Middleware home.

For example:

On UNIX: setenv JAVA_HOME \$MW_HOME/jdk160_29

On Windows: SET JAVA_HOME="MW_HOME\jdk160_29"

c. Run the following command to build the wlfullclient.jar file:

java -jar <MW_HOME>/modules/com.bea.core.jarbuilder_1.7.0.0.jar

d. Copy the wlfullclient.jar file to the <IAM_HOME> where you installed the Design Console. For example:

On UNIX:

cp wlfullclient.jar <Oracle_IDM2>/designconsole/ext

On Windows:

copy wlfullclient.jar <Oracle_IDM2>\designconsole\ext

- 5. If the Design Console is SSL enabled, do the following:
 - a. Copy the webserviceclient+ssl.jar file from the directory WL_ HOME/server/lib/ to the directory ORACLE_HOME/designconsole/ext/.
 - **b.** Copy the cryptoj.jar file from the directory *MW_HOME*/modules/ to the directory *ORACLE_HOME*/designconsole/ext/.
 - **c.** If *DESIGN_CONSOLE_HOME*/config/xl.policy does not contain the default grant policy for all, then add the following permission for cryptoj.jar at the end of the xl.policy file:

```
grant codeBase "file:DIRECTORY_PATH_TO_cryptoj.jar" {permission
java.security.AllPermission;};
```

6. Open the xlclient.sh file (located at XLDC_HOME/xlclient.sh on UNIX) or xlclient.cmd file (located at XLDC_HOME\xlclient.cmd on Windows) in a text editor, and add the following argument to the java command:

-DAPPSERVER_TYPE=wls

24.2.5.2 Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager Remote Manager

Complete the following steps to upgrade Remote Manager:

1. Back up configuration files

Before starting the Remote Manager upgrade, back up the following Remote Manager configuration files:

- On UNIX, \$<XLREMOTE_HOME>/remotemanager.sh
- \$<XLREMOTE_HOME>/xlremote/config/xlconfig.xml file.
- On Windows, <XLREMOTE_HOME>\remotemanager.bat
- <XLREMOTE_HOME>\xlremote\config\xlconfig.xml file.
- **2.** Run the Oracle Identity and Access Management Installer to upgrade the Remote Manager home.

For more information, see "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity and Access Management (11.1.2.3.0)" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

3. Restore the following backed up configuration files in the upgraded Remote Manager home.

On UNIX:

- remotemanager.sh
- xlconfig.xml

On Windows:

- remotemanager.bat
- xlconfig.xml

24.2.6 Performing Oracle Identity Manager Post-Upgrade Tasks

This section describes all the post-upgrade tasks applicable for both Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x and 11.1.1.x.x upgrade. You must perform the necessary post-upgrade tasks that are relevant to your starting point.

Table 24–12 lists the post-upgrade tasks and the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade starting points that they are applicable for.

Task No	Post-Upgrade Task	Ар	plicable for
1	After You Upgrade	•	11.1.1.x.x
2	Enabling Oracle BI Publisher	•	11.1.2.x.x
		•	11.1.1.x.x
3	Reviewing Performance Tuning Recommendations	-	11.1.2.x.x
		•	11.1.1.x.x
4	Creating PeopleSoft Enterprise HRMS Reconciliation	-	11.1.2.0.0
	Profile	•	11.1.1.x.x
5	Reviewing OIM Data Purge Job Parameters	-	11.1.2.x.x
		•	11.1.1.x.x
6	Reconfiguring Lookup Based UDF Field	-	11.1.2.x.x
7	Reviewing Connector Certification	•	11.1.2.x.x
		•	11.1.1.x.x
8	Verifying the Functionality of Connectors	•	11.1.2.x.x
		•	11.1.1.x.x
9	Validating the Database Objects	•	11.1.1.x.x
10	Impact of Removing Approver-Only Attribute in Request Data Set	•	11.1.1.x.x
11	Changes to Request API After Upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)	•	11.1.1.x.x
12	Verifying the Compatibility of Oracle Identity Manager Integrated with Oracle Access Manager	•	11.1.1.x.x

 Table 24–12
 Post-Upgrade Tasks for Oracle Identity Manager

Task No	Post-Upgrade Task	Applicable for
13	Running the Entitlement List Schedule	■ 11.1.1.x.x
14	Running the Evaluate User Policies Scheduled Task	■ 11.1.1.x.x
15	Running Catalog Synchronization	■ 11.1.1.x.x
16	UMS Notification Provider	■ 11.1.1.x.x
17	Upgrading User UDF	■ 11.1.1.x.x
18	Upgrading Application Instances	■ 11.1.1.x.x
19	Re XIMDD	■ 11.1.1.x.x
20	Re SPML-DSML	■ 11.1.1.x.x
21	Customizing Event Handlers	■ 11.1.1.x.x
22	Upgrading SOA Composites	■ 11.1.1.x.x
23	Authorization Policy Changes	■ 11.1.1.x.x
24	Creating Password Policies	■ 11.1.1.x.x
25	Migrating Customized Oracle Identity Manager Reports Built on BI Publisher 10g to BI Publisher 11g	■ 11.1.1.x.x
26	Updating the Provider URL For ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA	■ 11.1.1.x.x
27	Rebuilding the Indexes of Oracle Identity Manager	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	Table to Change to Reverse Type	■ 11.1.1.x.x
28	Reviewing System Property	■ 11.1.2.x.x
		■ 11.1.1.x.x
29	Updating Message Buffer Size for UMSJMSServer	■ 11.1.2.x.x
		■ 11.1.1.x.x
30	Changing the Authentication Scheme to TAPScheme After Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager in an OIM-OAM Integrated Environment	■ 11.1.2.x.x
31	Updating the URI of the Human Task Service	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	Component with Oracle HTTP Server Details	■ 11.1.1.x.x
32	Migrating Approval Policies to Approval Workflow	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	Kules	■ 11.1.1.x.x
33	Disabling Oracle SOA Suite Server	■ 11.1.2.x.x
		■ 11.1.1.x.x
34	Adjusting the Width of UDF Components	■ 11.1.2.x.x
		■ 11.1.1.x.x
35	Enabling Certification Using the System Property OIG.IsIdentityAuditorEnabled	■ 11.1.2.x.x
36	Updating the OHS Configuration File After Upgrading	■ 11.1.2.x.x
	Ouver 11.1.1.1.1.1.1 ruginy Available Environments	■ 11.1.1.x.x
37	Observing the UI Changes in the Catalog Page	■ 11.1.2.x.x

 Table 24–12 (Cont.) Post-Upgrade Tasks for Oracle Identity Manager

24.2.6.1 After You Upgrade

After upgrading from Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0:

- The name of the following EARs remain unchanged from Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0:
 - Oracle Identity Manager Metadata (11.1.1.3.0)
 - Oracle Identity Manager (11.1.1.3.0)

There is no functional loss.

- All of the resources provisioned to an organization in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x is available in **Provisioned Accounts**, after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. To view, go to the following path:
 - 1. Connect to the Oracle Identity Manager Identity console.
 - 2. Go to Administration.
 - 3. Select Organizations.
 - 4. Search for organizations.
 - 5. Select any organization.
 - **6.** Go to **Provisioned Accounts** to see all Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x based resources, provisioned to an organization.
- In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, data object permission was shown in the Administration Console under Roles.

In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, data object permission is not shown.

24.2.6.2 Enabling Oracle BI Publisher

In Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.x.x) and 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.x.x), you would have configured Oracle BI Publisher (BIP) as a standalone product wired to Oracle Identity Manager database. In that case, there would be a separate domain for BIP, where Administration Server and BIP Managed Server(s) are configured. After you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, embedded BIP Server will be enabled by default, and the embedded BIP will be available in the OIM domain, along with the standalone BIP setup.

Therefore, post-upgrade, you have the following two options:

Option 1: Using the Embedded BIP

To start using embedded BIP, complete the following steps:

- 1. Update the BIP URL in Oracle Identity Manager if it is pointing to the standalone BIP or if it is empty. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - **a.** Log in to Oracle Enterprise Manager using the following URL:

http://hostname:portnumber/em

- **b.** Expand **Identity and Access** on the left navigation pane, and then expand **OIM**.
- c. Right click on oim(11.1.2.0.0) and select System MBean Browser.
- **d.** On the left navigation pane under **System MBean Browser**, expand the following in the same order:

Application Defined MBeans

oracle.iam

Server: oim_server1

Application: oim

XML Config

Config

XMLConfig.DiscoveryConfig

Discovery

e. Go to the **Attributes** tab, and specify the BI Publisher URL for the field **BIPublisherURL**. For example:

http://host:port

- f. Click **Apply** to apply the changes.
- **2.** Move the customized reports from the standalone BIP deployment to the new Embedded BIP manually by doing the following:
 - a. Copy the customized reports from the location DOMAIN_ HOME/config/bipublisher/repository/Reports/Oracle Identity Manager/ on the standalone BIP deployment to the location DOMAIN_ HOME/config/bipublisher/repository/Reports/Oracle Identity Manager/ on the Embedded BIP deployment.
 - **b.** Log in to BI Publisher using the following URL:

http://host:port/xmlpserver

You must use the credentials of the OIM system administrator. For example, xelsysadm. The default port for BI Publisher is 9704.

- c. Click Catalog.
- d. Click Shared Folders, and then click Oracle Identity Manager.
- **e.** Verify if all of the reports including the customized reports are showing up.
- **3.** If you wish to start the BIP server using Node Manager, you must assign a machine to the BIP server by completing the following steps:
 - **a.** Stop the BIP server if already running.
 - **b.** Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://weblogic_host:weblogic_port/console

- c. In the Change Center, click Lock & Edit.
- d. Expand Environment under Domain Structure on the left navigation pane.
- e. Click Servers. The Summary of Servers screen is displayed.
- f. Click BIP Server.
- **g.** Go to the **General** tab under **Configuration**.
- **h.** Select the machine name from the **Machine** drop-down list.
- i. Click **Save**, and then click **Activate Changes**.
- **4.** Enable the diagnostic-context for the BIP Server using WebLogic Administration console, if you have not done already. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - **a.** Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://weblogic_host:weblogic_port/console

- b. In the Change Center, click Lock & Edit.
- c. In the left navigation pane, expand Diagnostics and then click Context.
- **d.** Select the **BIP Server** for which you want to enable diagnostic context.
- e. Select Enable.
- f. Click Activate Changes to activate the changes.

Option 2: Using the Existing Standalone BIP

You can retain the existing deployment of Oracle BI Publisher, whose domain is separate from the Oracle Identity Manager. The embedded BIP set up by the upgrade process can be ignored. You can continue to use your existing standalone BIP after upgrade.

To start using your existing standalone BIP, complete the following steps:

1. Copy the new reports available as part of 11.1.2.3.0 (if any) to your existing standalone BIP deployment repository at the following location:

DOMAIN_HOME/config/bipublisher/repository

2. Stop the embedded BIP Managed Server (if running).

24.2.6.3 Reviewing Performance Tuning Recommendations

After you upgrade to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must review the Oracle Identity Manager specific performance tuning recommendations described in "Oracle Identity Manager Performance Tuning" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Performance and Tuning Guide*.

24.2.6.4 Creating PeopleSoft Enterprise HRMS Reconciliation Profile

If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2 with PeopleSoft connector to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must create PeopleSoft HRMS reconciliation profile after you upgrade to 11.1.2.3.0. For information about creating reconciliation profile, see "Updating Reconciliation Profiles Manually" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.

24.2.6.5 Reviewing OIM Data Purge Job Parameters

This post-upgrade task is optional.

In Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0), a unified automated scheduled purge job named **OIM Data Purge Job** was introduced to handle data growth of few modules. This job archive or purges data from the following modules:

- Orchestration
- Reconciliation
- Provisioning Task
- Request

In Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, the modules Orchestration, Reconciliation, and Provisioning Task are enabled by default out of the box. After upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, ensure that the modules are set as shown in the following table:

Module Name	Enabled (By Default)
Reconciliation	Y
Orchestration	Y
Provisioning Task	Υ
Request	Ν

To verify that the modules are set correctly, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the SYSADMIN console using the following URL:

http://OIM_HOST:OIM_PORT/sysadmin

- 2. Select Scheduler under System Configuration on the left pane.
- 3. Check for OIM Data Purge Job schedule Job.
- 4. Check if the radio buttons against **Yes** for the modules **Orchestration**, **Reconciliation**, and **Provisioning Task** are selected.

If not, select the radio buttons against **Yes** for the modules **Orchestration**, **Reconciliation**, and **Provisioning Task**, and click **Apply**. Click **Refresh** to ensure that the changes are saved.

The OIM Data Purge Job archives or purges data from modules listed in Table 24–13 with the mentioned purge criteria, by default.

Module Name	Enabled (By Default)	Type of Operation	Retention Period	Purge Criteria
Reconciliation	Y	Purge	30 Days	Closed Recon Events
Orchestration	Y	Purge	1 Day	Completed Orchestrations
Provisioning Task	Y	Purge	90 Days	Completed Prov. Task
Request	Ν	Purge	N/A	N/A

Table 24–13 Modules and Their Purge Criteria

If there is any custom report or logic build on older data, then based on the functional (custom) requirement, amend the Retention Period and Purge Criteria accordingly.

For more information about purge criteria, see "Using the Archival and Purge Utilities for Controlling Data Growth" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

For information about the user-configurable attributes, see "Configuring Real-Time Purge and Archival" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

24.2.6.6 Reconfiguring Lookup Based UDF Field

If you had User Defined Fields (UDF) of type lookup or drop-down as **outputText** field in your 11.1.2.x.x environment, you will see backend value for that UDF on the **View User Details** page. Therefore, you must complete the following steps to set the right customizations:

1. Log in to the Identity console using the following URL:

http://host:port/identity

- 2. Click Sandboxes on the top navigation pane, and then click Create Sandbox.
- **3.** Enter the **Sandbox Name** and the **Sandbox Description**. Select the check box **Activate Sandbox**, and then click **Save and Close**. Click **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Click **Customize** on the top navigation pane.
- Click Users on the left navigation pane, and select the user to open the User Details page.
- 6. Click **Structure** on the top left corner of the console.
- 7. Select the existing outputText field. Click Delete to delete this field.
- 8. Close the customize mode, and publish the sandbox by clicking **Publish Sandbox**.
- **9.** Export the metadata file userDetailsPageDef.xml to MDS. The following is the full path to the file to be exported:

/oracle/iam/ui/manageusers/pages/mdssys/cust/site/site/userDetailsPageD
ef.xml

The UI modifications should be done via sandbox export/import, which is available in OIM UI. For information about exporting metadata files to MDS, see My Oracle Support document ID 1594327.1 - "How To Export OIM-UI Metadata Using Enterprise Manager".

- **10.** Open the exported file in a text editor.
- **11.** Search for the drop-down or lookup attribute that was added as **outputText**. For example, if the attribute name is lovattr, search for a snippet similar to the following:

Delete the snippet, that is, delete the lines starting from the <mds:insert > tag till the </mds:insert> tag.

Repeat this step for all drop-down or lookup attributes.

- **12.** Save the file.
- **13.** Import the userDetailsPageDef.xml back into the MDS. For information about importing metadata file, see "Importing Metadata Files from MDS" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager*.
- **14.** Log in to the Identity console again.
- 15. Create another sandbox by clicking Create Sandbox. Enter the Sandbox Name and the Sandbox Description. Select the check box Activate Sandbox, and then click Save and Close. Click OK to confirm.
- **16.** Click **Customize** on the top navigation pane.
- **17.** Click **Users** on the left navigation pane, and select the user to open the **User Details** page.
- **18.** Click **Structure** on the top left corner of the console.

- **19.** Add the LOV drop-down field as **ADF Select one choice (if NON searchable) '**, **'Input list of values (If Searchable picklist)'** to the required section.
- 20. Select readonly on the Component Properties dialog box.
- 21. Close the customize mode, and publish the sandbox by clicking Publish Sandbox.

24.2.6.7 Reviewing Connector Certification

Before you upgrade your existing Oracle Identity Manager environments, you must verify if the version of the existing connector is supported for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0. For information about the supported connector versions for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, refer to the sections "Certified Components" and "Usage Recommendation" in the respective *Connector Guide* in Oracle Identity Manager Identity Connectors Documentation Library.

If you are using 9.x connector or GTC connector, do the following:

- If the 9.x connector that you are using is supported, you can continue to use the existing connector.
- If the 9.x connector is not supported, you must upgrade the existing 9.x connector to the latest 11.x connector after you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager server to 11.1.2.3.0.
- Verify the data in the Lookup populated through lookup reconciliation that the IT Resource Key & IT Resource name is pre-fixed for code & decode respectively. If not, you must upgrade the existing connector to the latest available connector after you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager server.

If you are using 11g connector, the connector upgrade is not required.

24.2.6.8 Verifying the Functionality of Connectors

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps to verify the functionality of connectors:

- Verify if Account and Entitlement Tagging are available on the process form. For the connectors to work with Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must complete the steps described in the section "Configuring Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2 or Later" in the respective *Connector Guide*.
- Verify if the customizations made to the connectors are intact.
- Verify if the 11.1.2.3.0 related artifacts like UI Forms and Application Instances are generated.
- Ensure that all the operations of the connectors are working fine.
- If there are two or more IT Resource field in the process form, complete the steps described in the following My Oracle Support note:

My Oracle Support document ID 1535369.1

• If there are any lookup query fields in the process form of the related connector, then you must customize the UI need to display the same.

24.2.6.9 Validating the Database Objects

If you are using Oracle Database, you must check for the INVALID schema objects, and compile them if there are any. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Identify the INVALID schema objects by running the following SQL query as SYS user:

SELECT owner,object_type,object_name,status FROM dba_objects WHERE status='INVALID' AND owner in ('<OIM_Schema_Name1>') ORDER BY owner, object_type, object_name;

2. If there are any INVALID schema objects, you must compile them by connecting to the database as SYS user, and running the following from SQL*Plus:

@<\$Oracle_Database_Home_Location>/rdbms/admin/utlrp.sql

After running the utlrp.sql, run the SQL query described in step-1 to ensure that there are no INVALID Database objects.

24.2.6.10 Impact of Removing Approver-Only Attribute in Request Data Set

Removing approver-only attribute in the Request Data Set results in the following:

 Before upgrade: The requester cannot see attributes approver-only='true', during request submission.

After upgrade: The requester must provide the value during request submission.

 All attributes in the request data sets marked with required=true and approver-only=true should be marked as required=false in the data set.

Make the required fields mandatory in the approver screen through user interface customization.

- For information about attributes in the request data sets marked with required=true, see Section 24.2.6.17.2, "User Interface Customization for 11.1.1.x.x Mandatory UDF and OOTB Attributes".
- You must manually add LDAP Sync Validation Handler. To do so, complete the following steps:
 - 1. Export the EventHandlers.xml file by running the following WLST offline command:

On UNIX:

exportAccessData("/db/ldapMetadata/EventHandlers.xml")

On Windows:

exportAccessData("\\db\\ldapMetadata\\EventHandlers.xml")

2. Add the following section of the EventHandlers.xml by editing the file in a text editor. Save the file:

```
<validation-handler
class="oracle.iam.ldapsync.impl.eventhandlers.user.UserCommonNameVa
lidationHandler" entity-type="User" operation="MODIFY"
name="UserCommonNameValidationHandler" order="1005" sync="TRUE">
```

```
</validation-handler>
```

```
<validation-handler
class="oracle.iam.ldapsync.impl.eventhandlers.user.UserCommonNameVa
lidationHandler" entity-type="User" operation="CREATE"
name="UserCommonNameValidationHandler" order="1005" sync="TRUE">
```

</validation-handler>

3. Import the EventHandlers.xml file by running the following WLST offline command:

On UNIX:

```
importAccessData("/db/ldapMetadata/EventHandlers.xml")
```

On Windows:

```
importAccessData("\\db\\ldapMetadata\\EventHandlers.xml")
```

- You must manually remove the RDN pre-process handler. To do so, complete the following steps:
 - 1. Export the EventHandlers.xml file by running the following WLST offline command:

On UNIX:

```
exportAccessData("/db/ldapMetadata/EventHandlers.xml")
```

On Windows:

exportAccessData("\\db\\ldapMetadata\\EventHandlers.xml")

2. Remove the following section of the EventHandlers.xml by editing the file in a text editor. Save the file:

```
<action-handler
```

```
orch-target="oracle.iam.platform.kernel.vo.EntityOrchestration"
class="oracle.iam.ldapsync.impl.eventhandlers.user.RDNPreProcessHan
dler" entity-type="User" operation="CREATE"
name="CreateUserRDNPreProcessHandler" stage="preprocess"
sync="TRUE" order="10000">
```

</action-handler>

```
<action-handler
orch-target="oracle.iam.platform.kernel.vo.EntityOrchestration"
class="oracle.iam.ldapsync.impl.eventhandlers.user.RDNPreProcessHan
dler" entity-type="User"
operation="MODIFY"name="ModifyUserRDNPreProcessHandler"
stage="preprocess" sync="TRUE" order="10000">
```

</action-handler>

3. Import the EventHandlers.xml file by running the following WLST offline command:

On UNIX:

importAccessData("/db/ldapMetadata/EventHandlers.xml")

On Windows:

importAccessData("\\db\\ldapMetadata\\EventHandlers.xml")

- If you have any custom validation handlers in your environment, ensure that the validation is re-entrant. For more information, see "Writing Custom Validation Event Handlers" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.
- If you have any custom user name policy configured in your environment, see "Writing Custom User Name Policy" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager to ensure the following:
 - Use the recommended oracle.iam.identity.usermgmt.api.UserNameGenerationPolicy interface to implement policy, instead of using oracle.iam.identity.usermgmt.api.UserNamePolicy.

 Ensure that Custom User Name policy return is the same user login when the approver updates an attribute that does not contribute in generating user login.

24.2.6.11 Changes to Request API After Upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0)

As part of Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) architecture, changes are introduced to RequestService and UnauthenticatedRequestService APIs in terms of usage and in terms of concepts involved. Request Template concept is no longer part of Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0) and some methods in these APIs are deprecated. Also, RequestTemplateService API is completely deprecated.

This section contains the following topics:

- API Methods Deprecated in RequestService
- API Methods Deprecated in UnauthenticatedRequestService
- SELF Request Types Deprecated
- API Methods That Have Changed in Terms of Usage

24.2.6.11.1 API Methods Deprecated in RequestService The following is a list of API methods deprecated in RequestService:

- public List<String> getTemplateNames() throws RequestServiceException
- public RequestModel getModelForTemplate(String templateName) throws RequestServiceException
- public RequestDataSet getRestrictedDataSet(String templateName, String entityType) throws RequestServiceException
- public RequestTemplate getTemplate(String templateName) throws RequestServiceException
- public void updateApproverOnlyData(String reqId, List<RequestBeneficiaryEntity> benEntities, List<RequestEntity> reqEntities) throws RequestServiceException
- public List<String> getTemplateNamesForSelf() throws RequestServiceException
- public List<RequestTemplate> getRequestTemplates(RequestTemplateSearchCriteria searchCriteria, Set<String> returnAttrs, Map<String,Object> configParams) throws RequestServiceException

The following is a list of API methods deprecated due to storing comments in SOA Human Task comments feature:

- public void addRequestComment(String reqId, RequestComment comment) throws RequestServiceException
- public List<RequestComment> getRequestComments(String reqId) throws RequestServiceException
- public List<RequestComment> getRequestComments(String reqId, RequestComment.TYPE type) throws RequestServiceException
- public List<RequestComment> getRequestComments(String reqId, String taskId, RequestComment.TYPE type) throws RequestServiceException

24.2.6.11.2 API Methods Deprecated in UnauthenticatedRequestService The following is a list of API methods deprecated in UnauthenticatedRequestService:

- public List<String> getTemplateNames() throws RequestServiceException
- public RequestTemplate getTemplate(String templateName) throws RequestServiceException
- public RequestDataSet getRestrictedDataSet(String templateName, String entitySubType) throws RequestServiceException

24.2.6.11.3 SELF Request Types Deprecated Request types which were used to perform SELF operations have been deprecated. These operations include the following:

- Self Modify User
- Self Assign Roles
- Self Remove Roles
- Self Provision Resource
- Self De-provision Resource
- Self Modify Resource

You can continue with these operations by using the corresponding non-self request types.

24.2.6.11.4 API Methods That Have Changed in Terms of Usage The only method that have changes in usage is

RequestService.submitRequest()/UnauthenticatedRequestService.submitRequest(). The API method signature remains the same. However, the way RequestData Value Objects are created, have changed. The changes are covered in the following sections:

- Changes to Entity-Type
- Changes to Value Objects
- Code Examples

24.2.6.11.5 Changes to Entity-Type Changes to entity-type includes the following:

Resource entity-type is replaced with Application Instance.

Beginning from Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0), in order to create any provision, revoke, disable, and enable account type of request, the entityType property must be set to ApplicationInstance instead of Resource.

• A new entity-type called Entitlement is introduced in Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.3.0). Oracle Identity Manager supports creating Provision Entitlement and Revoke Entitlement type of requests.

24.2.6.11.6 Changes to Value Objects Changes to value objects, related to RequestData includes the following:

- requestTemplateName property which was a part of oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestData value objects is deprecated. Even if you set this property, it is not honoured.
- A new property called operation is introduced in oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestEntity and oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestBeneficiaryEntity value objects. It is

mandatory to set this property while creating the value objects. You can use the following constants defined in oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestConstants class.

- MODEL_CREATE_OPERATION Create User operation
- MODEL_MODIFY_OPERATION Modify User operation
- MODEL_DELETE_OPERATION Delete User operation
- MODEL_ENABLE_OPERATION Enable User operation
- MODEL_DISABLE_OPERATION Disable User operation
- MODEL_ASSIGN_ROLES_OPERATION Assign Roles operation
- MODEL_REMOVE_ROLES_OPERATION Remove Roles operation
- MODEL_PROVISION_APPLICATION_INSTANCE_OPERATION Provision Application Instance operation
- MODEL_MODIFY_ACCOUNT_OPERATION Modify Account operation
- MODEL_REVOKE_ACCOUNT_OPERATION Revoke Account operation
- MODEL_ENABLE_ACCOUNT_OPERATION Enable Account operation
- MODEL_DISABLE_ACCOUNT_OPERATION Disable Account operation
- MODEL_PROVISION_ENTITLEMENT_OPERATION Provision Entitlement operation
- MODEL_REVOKE_ENTITLEMENT_OPERATION Revoke Entitlement operation
- MODEL_ACCESS_POLICY_PROVISION_APPINSANCE_OPERATION Access Policy based provisioning operation
- While creating RequestEntity or RequestBeneficiaryEntity value objects, you
 can also use the following method to set the entityType property:

public void setRequestEntityType(oracle.iam.platform.utils.vo.OIMType
type)

type - OIMType.Role/ OIMType.ApplicationInstance/OIMType.Entitlement/ OIMType.User

24.2.6.11.7 Code Examples Listed below are some code examples:

Create a RequestData for a Create User operation as follows:

```
RequestData requestData = new RequestData("Create User");
requestData.setJustification("Creating User John Doe");
String usr = "John Doe";
```

```
RequestEntity ent = new RequestEntity();
ent.setEntityType(RequestConstants.USER);
ent.setOperation(RequestConstants.MODEL_CREATE_OPERATION); //New in R2
List<RequestEntityAttribute> attrs = new ArrayList<RequestEntityAttribute>();
```

```
RequestEntityAttribute attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("Last Name", usr,
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.String);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("First Name", usr,
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.String);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("User Login", usr,
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.String);
attrs.add(attr);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("Password", "Welcome123",
```

```
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.String);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("Organization", 1L,
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.Long);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("User Type", false,
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.Boolean);
attrs.add(attr);
attr = new RequestEntityAttribute("Role", "Full-Time",
RequestEntityAttribute.TYPE.String);
attrs.add(attr);
ent.setEntityData(attrs);
```

```
List<RequestEntity> entities = new ArrayList<RequestEntity>();
entities.add(ent);
requestData.setTargetEntities(entities);
```

//Submit the request with the above requestData

Create a RequestData for an Assign Roles operation as follows:

RequestData requestData = new RequestData();

```
requestData.setJustification("Assigning IDC ADMIN Role(role key 201) to user
with key 121");
```

```
RequestBeneficiaryEntity ent1 = new RequestBeneficiaryEntity();
ent1. setRequestEntityType (oracle.iam.platform.utils.vo.OIMType.Role);
ent1.setOperation(oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestConstants.MODEL_ASSIGN_ROLES_
OPERATION); //New in R2
ent1.setEntitySubType("IDC ADMIN");
ent1.setEntityKey("201");
```

```
List<RequestBeneficiaryEntity> entities = new
ArrayList<RequestBeneficiaryEntity>();
entities.add(ent1);
```

```
Beneficiary beneficiary = new Beneficiary();
beneficiary.setBeneficiaryKey("121");
beneficiary.setBeneficiaryType (Beneficiary.USER_BENEFICIARY);
beneficiary.setTargetEntities(entities);
```

```
List<Beneficiary> beneficiaries = new ArrayList<Beneficiary>();
beneficiaries.add(beneficiary);
requestData.setBeneficiaries(beneficiaries);
```

//Submit the request with the above requestData

Create a RequestData for a Provision Application Instance operation as follows:

RequestData requestData = new RequestData();

requestData.setJustification("Creating AD User (app instance key 201) account to user with key 121");

```
RequestBeneficiaryEntity ent1 = new RequestBeneficiaryEntity();
ent1. setRequestEntityType
(oracle.iam.platform.utils.vo.OIMType.ApplicationInstance);
ent1.setOperation(oracle.iam.request.vo.RequestConstants.MODEL_PROVISION_
APPLICATION_INSTANCE_OPERATION);
ent1.setEntitySubType("AD User");
```

```
ent1.setEntityKey("201");
List<RequestBeneficiaryEntityAttribute> attrs = new
ArrayList<RequestBeneficiaryEntityAttribute>();
//Update 'attrs' above with all the data specific to AD User form.
ent1.setEntityData(attrs);
List<RequestBeneficiaryEntity> entities = new
ArrayList<RequestBeneficiaryEntity>();
entities.add(ent1);
Beneficiary beneficiary = new Beneficiary();
beneficiary.setBeneficiaryKey("121");
beneficiary.user_BeneficiaryType(Beneficiary.USER_BENEFICIARY);
beneficiary.setTargetEntities(entities);
List<Beneficiary> beneficiaries = new ArrayList<Beneficiary>();
beneficiaries.add(beneficiary);
requestData.setBeneficiaries(beneficiaries);
//Submit the request with the above requestData
```

Create a RequestData for a Provision Entitlement operation as follows:

```
RequestData requestData = new RequestData();
Beneficiary beneficiary1 = new Beneficiary();
beneficiary1.setBeneficiaryKey("222");
beneficiary1.setBeneficiaryType(Beneficiary.USER_BENEFICIARY);
```

```
RequestBeneficiaryEntity ent1 = new RequestBeneficiaryEntity();
ent1.setEntityType(RequestConstants.ENTITLEMENT);
ent1.setEntitySubType("AD USER ENTITLEMENT1");
ent1.setEntityKey("122");
ent1.setOperation(RequestConstants.MODEL PROVISION ENTITLEMENT OPERATION);
```

```
List<RequestBeneficiaryEntity> entities1 = new
ArrayList<RequestBeneficiaryEntity>();
entities1.add(ent1);
beneficiary1.setTargetEntities(entities1);
```

```
List<Beneficiary> beneficiaries = new ArrayList<Beneficiary>();
beneficiaries.add(beneficiary1);
requestData.setBeneficiaries(beneficiaries);
//Submit the request with the above requestData
```

24.2.6.12 Verifying the Compatibility of Oracle Identity Manager Integrated with Oracle Access Manager

This post-upgrade step is applicable if your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.5.x).

Perform this task if you have integrated Oracle Identity Manager with Oracle Access Manager for single sign-on. Ensure that Oracle Access Manager is at release 11.1.1.5.2 or later.

After upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, upgrade Oracle Access Manager configurations for auto-login functionality to work. After upgrading the configurations, NAP protocol is replaced by TAP protocol for communication between Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager.

The following topics provide upgrade instructions for two possible scenarios:

- Using 10g WebGate for Oracle Identity Manager-Oracle Access Manager Integration
- Using 11g WebGate for Oracle Identity Manager-Oracle Access Manager Integration

Before you begin with the upgrade configuration procedures, refer to the "Using the idmConfigTool Command" for more about the **IdmConfigTool** in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite*.

24.2.6.12.1 Using 10*g* WebGate for Oracle Identity Manager-Oracle Access Manager Integration If you are using 10*g* WebGate, complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager configurations:

- In the idmConfigTool, run configOAM. This creates a 10g WebGate agent and an 11g WebGate agent in Oracle Access Manager. Ensure that the artifacts corresponding to both WebGates are created in <DOMAIN_HOME>/output directory.
- 2. In the **idmConfigTool**, run configOIM. In a cross-domain setup where Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager are in two different WebLogic domains, specify the following additional properties before running this option:
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_HOST: <host name of OAM admin server machine>
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_PORT: <OAM admin server port>
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_USER: <admin user of OAM domain>

Note: When running the configOIM option, ensure that you provide the same properties that you provided in the configOAM option for OAM_TRANSFER_MODE and ACCESS_GATE_ID properties.

The WEBGATE_TYPE property should be specified as ohsWebgate10g.

3. Restart the Administration and Managed Servers. In the case of a cross domain setup, restart servers from both the domains.

Restart the Oracle Identity Manager Administration Server and Managed server as follows:

On UNIX:

<MW_HOME>/user_projects/domains/domain_name/startWebLogic.sh

<MW_HOME>/user_projects/domains/domain_ name/bin/startManagedWebLogic.sh <managed_server1>

On Windows:

<MW_HOME>\user_projects\domains\domain_name\startWebLogic.cmd

MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin\startManagedWebLogic.cmd
<oim_server>

For more information, see "Restarting Servers" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

24.2.6.12.2 Using 11g WebGate for Oracle Identity Manager-Oracle Access Manager Integration

If you are using 11g WebGate, complete the following steps to upgrade Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager configurations:

- In the idmConfigTool, run configOAM. This creates a 10g WebGate agent and an 11g WebGate agent in Oracle Access Manager. Ensure that the artifacts corresponding to both WebGates are created in the <DOMAIN_HOME>/output directory.
- 2. In the idmConfigTool, run configOIM. In cross-domain setup where Oracle Identity Manager and Oracle Access Manager are in two different WebLogic domains, specify the following additional properties before running this option:
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_HOST: <host name of OAM admin server machine>
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_PORT: <OAM admin server port>
 - OAM11G_WLS_ADMIN_USER: <admin user of OAM domain>

Note: When running the configOIM option, ensure that you provide the same properties that you provided in the configOAM option for OAM_TRANSFER_MODE and ACCESS_GATE_ID properties.

The WEBGATE_TYPE property should be specified as ohsWebgate11g.

3. Restart the Administration and Managed servers. In the case of a cross domain setup, restart servers from both the domains.

Restart the Oracle Identity Manager Administration Server and Managed server as follows:

On UNIX:

<MW_HOME>/user_projects/domains/domain_name/startWebLogic.sh

<MW_HOME>/user_projects/domains/domain_ name/bin/startManagedWebLogic.sh <managed_server1>

On Windows:

<MW_HOME>\user_projects\domains\domain_name\startWebLogic.cmd

MW_HOME\user_projects\domains\domain_name\bin\startManagedWebLogic.cmd
<oim_server>

For more information, see "Restarting Servers" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management.

24.2.6.13 Running the Entitlement List Schedule

You must run the Entitlement List Schedule task in order to use catalog features.

Complete the following steps to run the Entitlement List Schedule job:

1. Log in to the SYSADMIN console using the following URL:

http://<OIM_HOST>:<OIM_PORT>/sysadmin

- 2. Click System Management.
- 3. Select Scheduler.
- 4. Enter "Entitlement List" in the Search Scheduled Jobs field and click Search.
- 5. Select Entitlement List.
- 6. Click **Run Now**. Wait till the job is complete.

24.2.6.14 Running the Evaluate User Policies Scheduled Task

You must run the Evaluate User Policies scheduled task to start provisioning based on access policy after the role grant. This scheduled task can be configured to run every 10 minutes, or you can run this scheduled task manually.

To start the scheduler, see "Starting and Stopping the Scheduler" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.

24.2.6.15 Running Catalog Synchronization

Resource objects are transformed during the upgrade process. In order to provision the resource of an object, called App instance, with Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you must run the Catalog Synchronization job.

For more information, see "Bootstrapping the Catalog" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.

Note: If no Entitlements show up, make sure that the entitlements field in the child tables is set to Entitlement=true and reloaded into the parent form.

24.2.6.16 UMS Notification Provider

This is a new Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 feature for notification. If you want to use this new notification model, after upgrading to 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps:

- 1. Configure E-mail driver from Enterprise Manager user interface:
 - **a.** Log in to Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control and do the following:
 - i. Expand Application Deployments.
 - ii. Expand User Messaging Service.
 - iii. Select usermessagingdriver-email (<soa_server1>).
 - iv. Select Email Driver Properties.
 - v. Select in Driver-Specific Configuration.
 - **b.** Configure the values, as listed in Table 24–14:

Parameter	Description
OutgoingMailServer	Name of the SMTP server.
	For example:
	abc.example.com
OutgoingMailServerPort	Port of the SMTP server.
	For example:
	456
OutgoingMailServerSecurity	The security setting used by the SMTP server Possible values can be None/TLS/SSL.

Table 24–14 UMS Parameters and Description

Parameter	De	scription	
OutgoingUsername	Pro	Provide a valid username.	
	For	For example:	
	abo	c.eg@example.com	
OutgoingPassword	Complete the following:		
	1. Select Indirect Password. Create a new user.		
	2.	Provide a unique string for indirect Username/Key.	
		For example:	
		OIMEmailConfig. This mask the password and prevent it from exposing it in cleartext, in the config file.	
	3.	Provide valid password for this account.	

 Table 24–14 (Cont.) UMS Parameters and Description

- **2.** Configure the Notification provider XML through the Enterprise Manager user interface:
 - **a.** Log in to Enterprise Manager and do the following:
 - i. Expand Application Deployments.
 - ii. Select OIMAppMetadata(11.1.1.3.0)(oim_server1) and right-click.
 - iii. Select System MBean Browser.
 - iv. Expand Application Defined MBeans.
 - v. Expand oracle.iam.
 - vi. Expand Server_OIM_Server1
 - vii. Expand **Application: oim**.
 - viii. Expand IAMAppRuntimeMBean.
 - ix. Select UMSEmailNotificationProviderMBean.
 - **b.** Configure the values, as listed in Table 24–15:

 Table 24–15
 Parameter for Configuring Notification Provider

Parameter	Description	
Web service URL	Start the URL of UMS web service. Any SOA server can be used.	
	For example:	
	http:// <soa_host>:<soa_port>/ucs/messaging/webservice</soa_port></soa_host>	
Policies	The OWSM Policy is attached to the given web service, leave it blank.	
Username	The username is given in the security header of web service. If there is no policy attached, leave it blank.	
Password	The password given in the security header of web service. If there is no policy attached, leave it blank.	

After upgrading to 11.1.2.3.0, if you want to use SMTP notification provider instead of the default UMS notification provider, do the following:

- 1. Log in to Enterprise Manager and do the following:
 - a. Expand Application Deployments.

- b. Select OIMAppMetadata(11.1.1.3.0)(oim_server1) and Right click.
- c. Select System MBean Browser.
- d. Expand Application Defined MBeans.
- e. Expand oracle.iam.
- f. Expand Server_OIM_Server1
- g. Expand Application: oim.
- h. Expand IAMAppRuntimeMBean.
- i. Select UMSEmailNotificationProviderMBean.
- 2. Ensure that the value of the attribute Enabled is set to true.
- **3.** Provide the configuration values in MBean (username, password, mailServerName) or the name of IT Resource in MBean.

The IT Resource name is the name given in XL.MailServer system property, before you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

24.2.6.17 Upgrading User UDF

You must have UDF in your environment because if you do not update your User Interface with UDFs, several features like user creation, role creation, and self registration request where UDFs are involved fails.

This section contains the following topics:

- Rendering the UDFs
- User Interface Customization for 11.1.1.x.x Mandatory UDF and OOTB Attributes
- Lookup Query Modification

24.2.6.17.1 Rendering the UDFs For an Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 environment that has been upgraded from Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, the custom attributes for user entity already exist in the back-end. These attributes are not present as form fields on the Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 user interface screens until the user screens are customized to add the custom fields.

However, before you can customize the screens, you must first complete upgrading the custom attributes using the Upgrade User Form link in the System Administration console.

After completing the Upgrade User Form, the User value object (VO) instances in various Data Components like DataComponent-Catalog, DataComponent-My Information, DataComponent-User Registration shows the custom attributes. This includes all custom attributes available for Web Composer (Customized) and can be added to User user interface screens.

For more information, see "Customizing the Interface" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.

Complete the following steps to render UDFs:

- 1. Log in to the Identity System Administration console.
- 2. Click Sandboxes. Click Create Sandbox. A Create Sandbox window appears.
- 3. Enter the Sandbox Name. Select Activate Sandbox. Click Save and Close.
- 4. Go to Upgrade. Select Upgrade User Form. Click Upgrade Now.

Note: If an error message is displayed after clicking Upgrade Now button, it is important that you analyze the error. You must also export the Sandbox for analysis and then discard (Delete) the sandbox. This note also applies to Upgrade Role Form and Upgrade Organization Form.

- **5.** Publish the Sandbox.
- 6. Log out from Identity System Administration console.
- 7. Log in to Identity Self Service console.
- 8. Click Create Sandbox. A Create Sandbox window appears.
- 9. Enter the Sandbox Name. Select Activate Sandbox. Click Save and Close.
- **10.** From the left navigation pane, select **Users**.
- **11.** Click **Create User**. A **Create User** page opens. Fill up all the mandatory fields. Add the same UDFs in **Modify User** and **User Detail** screen. Select the correct **Data Component** and **UserVO Name** as listed in Table 24–16.

For example:

From the left navigation pane, click **Users**. Click **User** to go to the **Create User** screen and fill all mandatory fields.

- 12. Click Customize on top right. Select View. Select Source.
- **13.** Select **Name** in **Basic Information** and click **Edit** on the confirmation window.
- 14. Select panelFormLayout. Click Add Content.
- 15. Select the correct Data Component and VO Name as listed in Table 24–16:

Table 24–16 UDF Screens and Description

Screen Name	Data Component	VO Name	Procedure
Create User	Data Component - Catalog	UserVO	Do the following:
			1. Click User.
			2. Click Create , it launches the Create User screen.
Modify User	Data Component - Catalog	UserVO	Do the following:
			1. Click User and search.
			2. Select a single user from search results.
			3. Click Edit , it launches the Modify User screen.
View User Details	Data Component - Manage Users	UserVO1	Do the following:
			1. Click User and search.
			2. Select a single user from search results.
Bulk Modify User Flow	Data Component - Catalog	UserVO	Do the following:
			1. Click User and search.
			2. Select more than a single user from search results.

Screen Name	Data Component	VO Name	Procedure
My Information	Data Component - My Information	UserVO1	Do the following:
			1. Click Identity.
			2. Select the My Information sub-tab.
Customizing Search Results	Data Component - Manage Users	UserVO1	Do the following:
			1. Click Identity.
			2. Click Users.
			3. Click Customizations , it opens the Web Composer .
User Registration	Data Component - User Registration	UserVO1	Do the following:
			1. Click Customize to open Web Composer .
			 Enable the left navigation links for unauthenticated pages.
			3. Click User Registration.
			4. Select User Registration.
Adding UDF in Search Panel	NA	NA	Do the following:
			1. Log in to Identity
			2. Click User.
			3. Search for "Add Fields" in the search box. It shows all searchable fields to the user.
Customizing Request Summary/Detail s	NA	NA	Requests created after Create User, Modify User, My Information, Self Registration.

Table 24–16 (Cont.) UDF Screens and Description

- **16.** Click **Close**.
- **17.** Click **Sandboxes**. Export the sandbox using **Export Sandbox**.
- **18.** Publish the sandbox.
- **19.** Log out from **Identity Self Service**, and log in again. The added UDF in the screen is seen.

Note: You can upgrade and customize Role UDF and Organization UDF by following the instructions described in the table "Entities and Corresponding Data Components and View Objects" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

24.2.6.17.2 User Interface Customization for 11.1.1.x.x Mandatory UDF and OOTB Attributes If you have rendered the OOTB attributes as mandatory in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, you must customize the user interface in order to achieve the same customizations after upgrade.

- 1. Log in to Identity System Administration console.
- 2. Click Sandboxes. Click Create Sandbox. A Create Sandbox window appears.

- 3. Enter the Sandbox Name. Select Activate Sandbox. Click Save and Close.
- 4. Go to Upgrade. Select Upgrade User Form. Click Upgrade Now.
- 5. Publish the Sandbox.
- 6. Log out from Identity System Administration console.
- 7. Log in to Identity Self Service console.
- 8. Click Create Sandbox. A Create Sandbox window appears.
- 9. Enter the Sandbox Name. Select Activate Sandbox. Click Save and Close.
- **10.** From the left navigation pane, click **Users**. Click **User** to go to the **Create User** screen and fill all the mandatory fields.
- **11.** Click **Customize** on top right. Select **View**. Select **Source**.
- 12. Select Name in Basic Information and click Edit on the confirmation window.
- 13. Select panelFormLayout. Click Add Content.
- 14. Click Input Component and click Edit.
- **15.** On the Component Properties dialogue, select **Show Required** check box. In the Required field, select **Expression Editor**, and in the **Expression Editor** field, enter the value as **true**.
- 16. Click Close.
- 17. Click Sandboxes. Export the sandbox using Export Sandbox.
- **18.** Publish the sandbox.
- **19.** Log out from **Identity Self Service**, and log in again. The added UDF on the screen with an asterix (*) symbol is seen.

24.2.6.17.3 Lookup Query Modification In user customization upgrade, multiple values for the Save Column may exist in User.xml. Based on the possible values; single, multiple, and null, do the following in the upgraded environment:

- Use Single value for Save Column: User creation is successful, and the value of the field is also saved in database.
- Use Multiple or NULL value for Save Column: User creation is successful, but the value is not saved in database.

Note: Lookup by Query is not supported in the Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) and later releases. Therefore, if your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, you must changes Lookup by Query to Lookup by Code, post upgrade. If you do not perform this task, the Lookup by Query will be a text field in 11.1.2.3.0.

24.2.6.18 Upgrading Application Instances

After you complete the upgrade, you must complete the following steps to upgrade Application Instances:

1. Log in to the following console:

http://<OIM_HOST>:<OIM_PORT>/sysadmin

2. Expand Upgrade on the left navigation pane.

3. Click Upgrade Application Instances.

This creates the U/I Forms and Datasets for the Application Instances, and seeds to MDS.

24.2.6.19 Re XIMDD

Note: This section is required only if the Diagnostic Dashboard services for AD Password Sync were deployed in 11.1.1.x.x and if your application is deployed in staging mode in 11.1.1.x.x.

Before you can re-deploy, you must undeploy XIMDD from the 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server or from the cluster. To do so, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Server Administration console:

host:admin port/console

- 2. If you are running in production mode, click Lock and Edit.
- 3. Click Deployments.
- 4. In the resulting list, look for XIMDD.
- 5. If they are running, select XIMDD.
- 6. Click Delete.
- **7.** Activate the changes.

To redeploy, complete the following steps:

- Log in to the WebLogic Server Administration console: host:admin port/console
- 2. Click Lock & Edit.
- 3. Click Deployments.
- 4. Click Install.
- 5. In the path, provide the path for XIMDD.ear.

The default path is in the following location:

On UNIX, \$<0IM_HOME>/server/webapp/optional

On Windows, <OIM_HOME>\server\webapp\optional

- 6. Select XIMDD.ear. Click Next.
- 7. Select Install this deployment as an application. Click Next.
- 8. In Select deployment targets page, select oim server. Click Next.
- 9. In the **Optional Setting** page, click **Finish**.
- 10. Click Deployments.
- 11. Select XIMDD. Click Start.
- **12.** From the options, select **Service All Requests**.
24.2.6.20 Re SPML-DSML

Note: This section is required only if the DSML web services for AD Password Sync were deployed in 11.1.1.x.x.

Before you can redeploy, you must undeploy SPML-DSML from the 11.1.1.x.x Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server or from the cluster. To do so, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Server Administration console:

host:admin port/console

- 2. If you are running in production mode, obtain the Lock in order to make updates.
- 3. Click Deployments.
- **4.** In the resulting list, look for **spml**.
- 5. If they are running, select **spml**.
- 6. Click Delete.
- **7.** Activate the changes.

To redeploy, complete the following steps:

- Log in to WebLogic Server Administration console through the following path: host:admin port/console
- 2. Click Lock & Edit.
- 3. Click Deployments.
- 4. Click Install.
- **5.** In the path provide the path for spml.ear.

The default path is in the following location:

On UNIX, \$<0IM_HOME>/server/apps

On Windows, <OIM_HOME>\server\apps

- 6. Select spml-dsml.ear. Click Next.
- 7. Select Install this deployment as an application. Click Next.
- 8. In Select deployment targets page, select oim server. Click Next.
- 9. In the **Optional Setting** page, click **Finish**.
- 10. Click Deployments.
- 11. Select spml. Click Start.
- **12.** From the options, select **Service All Requests**.

24.2.6.21 Customizing Event Handlers

If you have used any event handlers in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, you must re-customize the event handler for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

For more information, see "Developing Custom Event Handlers" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Identity Manager.

24.2.6.22 Upgrading SOA Composites

If your starting point is Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, you must manually upgrade custom composites that you have built. Complete the following steps to upgrade SOA composites:

- 1. Open the SOA composite project in JDeveloper (Use Jdeveloper 11.1.1.9.0).
- 2. Open ApprovalTask.task file in designer mode.
- 3. Select General.
- 4. Change Owner to Group, SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS, STATIC.
- 5. Select Outcomes lookup. An Outcomes Dialog opens.
- 6. Select Outcomes Requiring Comment.
- 7. Select **Reject** and click **Ok**.
- 8. Click Ok again.
- 9. Select Notification.
- **10.** Click on the update icon under **Notification**. Update any old URLs in notification with the corresponding new URL in 11.1.2.3.0. An example notification content is given below:

```
A <%/task:task/task:payload/task:RequestModel%> request has been assigned to
you for approval. <BR><
Request ID: <%/task:task/task:payload/task:RequestID%> <BR>
Request type: <%/task:task/task:payload/task:RequestModel%> <BR>
<BR>
Access this task in the
<A
style="text-decoration: none;"
href=<%substring-before(/task:task/task:payload/task:url,
    "/workflowservice/CallbackService")%>/identity/faces/home?tf=approval_details
>
Identity Self Service
</A>
application or take direct action using the links below. Approvers are
required to provide a justification when rejecting the request
```

- 11. Click Advanced.
- **12.** Deselect **Show worklist/workspace URL in notifications**. Provide the URL to Pending Approvals in identity application as shown in the example in step 10.
- **13.** Repeat step 1 to 12 for other human tasks, if any, in the composite. Save your work.
- 14. Right click **Project** and select **Deploy -> Deploy to Application Server**.
- **15.** Provide revision ID. Select **Mark revision as default** and **Overwrite any existing composite with same revision ID**.

Note: You can also deploy the composites with different revision ID. In that case you have to modify all approval policies using this composite.

16. Select your application server connection, if it already exists, and click **Next**. Create an application server connection if it does not exist.

- **17.** Click Next.
- 18. Click Finish.
- **19.** Repeat the procedure for the remaining custom composites.

24.2.6.23 Authorization Policy Changes

If you have custom Authorization Policies in Oracle Identity Manager in 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0), in order to create or modify users, you must assign new administrator roles in relation to User Administration, Role Administration, or Help Desk.

Table 24–17 lists the Administration roles in Oracle Identity Manager 11g, either removed or consolidated into the System Administrator Administration role for all system administrative operations in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0:

Table 24–17 Changes in Role from Oracle Identity Manager 11g to 11.1.2.3.0

SI No.	Roles in Oracle Identity Manager 11g	Roles Removed and Replaced in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
1	SCHEDULER ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
2	DEPLOYMENT MANAGER ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
3	NOTIFICATION TEMPLATE ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
4	SOD ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS.
5	SYSTEM CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
6	GENERATE_USERNAME_ROLE	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS.
7	IDENTITY USER ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with USER ADMIN.
8	USER CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
9	ACCESS POLICY ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
10	RECONCILIATION ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS.
11	RESOURCE ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
12	GENERIC CONNECTOR ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
13	APPROVAL POLICY ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
14	REQUEST ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS.
15	REQUEST TEMPLATE ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
16	PLUGIN ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.
17	ATTESTATION CONFIGURATION ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS.

SI No.	Roles in Oracle Identity Manager 11g	Roles Removed and Replaced in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0
18	ATTESTATION EVENT ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS.
19	ROLE ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with ROLE ADMIN.
20	USER NAME ADMINISTRATOR	Removed and now depends on administration roles.
21	IDENTITY ORGANIZATION ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with ORGANIZATION ADMIN.
22	IT RESOURCE ADMINISTRATORS	Removed and replaced with APPLICATION INSTANCE ADMIN.
23	REPORT ADMINISTRATORS	No link to reports from Oracle Identity Manager.
24	SPML_APP_ROLE	There is no change in this enterprise role and a corresponding role with the privileges is seeded in Oracle Entitlements Server.
25	ALL USERS	This is an enterprise role, not an administrator role.
26	SYSTEM CONFIGURATORS	All privileges as System Administrator role, except for the ability to manage Users, Roles, Organizations and Provisioning remains unchanged.
27	SYSTEM ADMINISTRATORS	Remains unchanged.

 Table 24–17 (Cont.) Changes in Role from Oracle Identity Manager 11g to 11.1.2.3.0

24.2.6.24 Creating Password Policies

When you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, a default password policy will be seeded at the TOP organization. As a result, any password policy rules created using the older password policy model in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x environment will not be supported. The upgrade utility does not migrate the password policies of Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0. If you had made any password policy customizations on the older password policy rules, you must create equivalent password policies using the newer password policy model, and attach it to the respective organization.

For information about creating password policies, see "Password Policy Management" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

24.2.6.25 Migrating Customized Oracle Identity Manager Reports Built on BI Publisher 10g to BI Publisher 11g

Customized reports built on Oracle BI Publisher 10g Release 3 (10.1.3.X) or later must be upgraded before they can be consumed by Oracle BI Publisher 11.1.1.7.1. You must use the Upgrade Assistant to upgrade the reports in the BI Publisher 10g repository. For more information, see "Task 5: Upgrade the BI Publisher Repository" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Business Intelligence.

24.2.6.26 Updating the Provider URL For ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA

If the environment is running in SSL mode, you must change the **Provider URL** for **ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA** to SSL Provider URL. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration console using the following URL:

http://weblogic_host:weblogic_port/console

- 2. Expand Services under Domain Structure.
- 3. Click Foreign JNDI Providers.
- 4. Click ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA to bring up the Settings for ForeignJNDIProvider-SOA page.
- 5. Click Lock & Edit on the top-left pane.
- 6. In **Provider URL**, change t3 to t3s.
- 7. Click Save, and then click Activate Changes.

24.2.6.27 Rebuilding the Indexes of Oracle Identity Manager Table to Change to Reverse Type

For high concurrent load conditions in Oracle Identity Manager, the following indexes if altered as reverse key indexes, will give better performance. These indexes are mainly on Primary columns and unique columns of the OIM table.

List of Indexes:

- UK_PCQ
- PK_PCQ
- PK_SCH
- PK_ORC
- PK_OSH
- PK_USR
- PK_OSI
- IDX_OIU_ORC_KEY
- PK_AUD_JMS
- IDX_UPA_UD_FORFIE_FORMS_KEY
- PK_UPA_UD_FORMFIELDS
- PK_UPA_FIELDS
- IDX_UPA_FIELDS_UPA_USR_KEY
- IDX_UPA_UD_FOR_UPA_RES_KEY

To alter the index, execute the following SQL statement for each of the indexes:

SQL> ALTER INDEX <index_name> REBUILD REVERSE;

It is recommended that you perform this task in Oracle Identity Manager downtime window.

To verify that the indexes were rebuilt successfully, check the index_type column value of these indexes from the database data dictionary view DBA_INDEXES (from SYS

schema) or from USER_INDEXES (from OIM DB schema). The index_type of these indexes should be NORMAL/REV.

24.2.6.28 Reviewing System Property

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0, review the system property Allowed Back URLs and verify if it is set to the correct value.

For information about searching and modifying system properties, see "Managing System Properties" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

24.2.6.29 Updating Message Buffer Size for UMSJMSServer

If the Message Buffer Size for UMSJMSServer is missing in the upgraded environment, you can update it by doing the following:

1. Log in to the WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Services under Domain Structure on the left navigation pane.
- 3. Click Messaging and then click JMS Servers.
- 4. Click UMSJMSServer and then click Lock and Edit.
- 5. Update the value of Message Buffer Size to 200.

Note: If the value is of **Message Buffer Size** is -1, the size will be managed automatically.

6. Click **Save** to activate the changes.

24.2.6.30 Changing the Authentication Scheme to TAPScheme After Upgrading Oracle Identity Manager in an OIM-OAM Integrated Environment

If you have upgraded Oracle Identity Manager in an Oracle Identity Manager, Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated environment, change the Authentication Scheme from LDAP Scheme to TAPScheme for both Protected HigherLevel and Protected LowerLevel Policies under the IAM Suite domain. For more information, see "Changing the Authentication Scheme to TAPScheme for Upgrade of Oracle Identity Manager" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite.

24.2.6.31 Updating the URI of the Human Task Service Component with Oracle HTTP Server Details

This step is for Oracle HTTP Server (OHS) enabled environment, and is applicable for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.x.x, 11.1.2, and 11.1.2.1.0 starting points.

While configuring Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.1.0, 11.1.2, or 11.1.1.x.x, if you had specified OIM server host and port for OIM HTTP URL, then for all composites deployed, you must complete the following steps after upgrading Oracle Identity Manager to 11.1.2.3.0:

1. Update the task URI information to point to the OHS host and port. For more information, see "Managing the URI of the Human Task Service Component Task Details Application" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle SOA Suite and Oracle Business Process Management Suite*.

- 2. Specify the OHS details in the DiscoverConfig MBean by doing the following:
 - 1. Log in to the Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control using the following URL:

http://host:port/em

- 2. Navigate to OIMDomain, right-click on it, and click System MBean Browser.
- 3. Click the search icon, enter DiscoveryConfig, and click Search.
- 4. Set the value of the OimExternalFrontEndURL property to:

http://OHS_HOST:OHS_PORT

5. Save the changes.

24.2.6.32 Migrating Approval Policies to Approval Workflow Rules

After upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, the approval policies will continue to work. However, you also have an option of enabling the approval workflow introduced in 11.1.2.3.0, and migrating the approval policies to approval workflow policies.

Note: Once you enable workflow policies, the approval policies will be disabled permanently

For information about enabling approval workflow rules, see "Enabling the Approval Workflow Rules Feature" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager*.

24.2.6.33 Disabling Oracle SOA Suite Server

After upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you can choose to disable Oracle SOA Suite (SOA) server, if required. If you do so, the Oracle Identity Manager features that are dependent on SOA will not be available.

For information about disabling SOA server, see "Disabling SOA Server" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Identity Manager.

24.2.6.34 Adjusting the Width of UDF Components

If you had added User Defined Fields (UDF) to page(s) in Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.x.x or 11.1.1.x.x pre-upgrade, you would have updated the display width of the UDF components (for example, inputText, inputListOfValues) to fit them in a page. This display width is not preserved post-upgrade. Therefore, you must adjust the width of the UDF components post-upgrade. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the Identity console using the following URL:

http://host:port/identity

- 2. Click Sandboxes on the top naviagtion pane, and then click Create Sandbox.
- **3.** Enter the **Sandbox Name** and the **Sandbox Description**. Select the check box **Activate Sandbox**, and then click **Save and Close**. Click **OK** to confirm.
- **4.** Open the page that needs to be adjusted.
- 5. Click Customize.
- 6. Switch to Structure mode.

- 7. Select the component that needs to be adjusted.
- 8. Open Component Properties.
- 9. Set the value of the Columns property. For example, you can set it to 20.
- 10. Verify the changes, and click **Publish** to publish the sandbox.

24.2.6.35 Enabling Certification Using the System Property OIG.IsIdentityAuditorEnabled

If you had enabled certification in Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.2.0) or 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) using the system property "Display Certification or Attestation" (OIM. ShowCertificationOrAttestation), you must re-enable the certification using the new system property "Identity Auditor Feature Set Availability" (OIG.IsIdentityAuditorEnabled) after upgrading to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

To re-enable the certification, set the system property "Identity Auditor Feature Set Availability" (OIG.IsIdentityAuditorEnabled) to TRUE post-upgrade.

24.2.6.36 Updating the OHS Configuration File After Upgrading OIM 11.1.1.x.x Highly Available Environments

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) or 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) highly available environments, you must update the Oracle HTTP Server (OHS) configuration file mod_wl_ohs.conf, as the web context used through OHS to access self-service and sysadmin have changed in 11.1.2.3.0. To do this, complete the following steps:

- 1. Open the mod_wl_ohs.conf file in an editor.
- 2. Remove the /oim location. The following is an example of /oim location:

```
<Location /oim>
SetHandler weblogic-handler
WLCookieName oimjsessionid
WebLogicCluster OIMHOST1:OIMHOST1_Port,OIMHOST2:OIMHOST2_Port
WLLogFile "${ORACLE_INSTANCE}/diagnostics/logs/mod_wl/oim_component.log"
WLProxySSL ON
WLProxySSLPassThrough ON
</Location>
```

3. Add the locations for /identity and /sysadmin as shown in the following example:

```
<Location /identity>
SetHandler weblogic-handler
WLCookieName oimjsessionid
WebLogicCluster OIMHOST1:OIMHOST1_Port,OIMHOST2:OIMHOST2_Port
WLLogFile "${ORACLE_INSTANCE}/diagnostics/logs/mod_wl/oim_component.log"
WLProxySSL ON
WLProxySSLPassThrough ON
</Location>
```

```
<Location /sysadmin>
SetHandler weblogic-handler
WLCookieName oimjsessionid
WebLogicCluster OIMHOST1:OIMHOST1_Port,OIMHOST2:OIMHOST2_Port
WLLogFile "${ORACLE_INSTANCE}/diagnostics/logs/mod_wl/oim_component.log"
WLProxySSL ON
WLProxySSLPassThrough ON
```

</Location>

24.2.6.37 Observing the UI Changes in the Catalog Page

For the new applications created in 11.1.2.3.0 and for some of the application which were created before the upgrade, **Update** button is seen in place of **Ready to Submit** button on the **Catalog** page. This is a design level change made in 11.1.2.3.0. **Update** button is a replacement for **Ready to Submit** button.

For some of the existing applications which were created pre-upgrade, both **Ready to Submit** and **Update** buttons appear on the Catalog page. For such cases, create a new version of the form for their respective resource types. This removes the **Ready to Submit** button.

24.2.6.38 oimclient.jar Needs Update and ipf.jar for Some passwordmgmt VOs

Custom client applications using the previous version of the oimclient.jar will get an error similar to the following: "oracle.iam.passwordmgmt.vo.Challenge; local class incompatible: stream classdesc serialVersionUID = 7026677945288353246, local class serialVersionUID = -5258470952025280257"

To resolve this issue, update the client application to use the new version of the oimclient.jar included with this release in OIM_ORACLE_ HOME/server/client/oimclient.zip, and include the additional OIM_ORACLE_ HOME/modules/oracle.idm.ipf_11.1.2/ipf.jar in the lib/classpath.

24.3 Oracle Access Management Specific Topics

This section includes the topics common to various Oracle Access Manager upgrade starting points. This section contains the following topics:

- Extending the 11.1.2.3.0 Access Manager Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager
- Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite
- Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation

24.3.1 Extending the 11.1.2.3.0 Access Manager Domain to Include Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager

You must extend the Access Manager WebLogic domain to use Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager features available with Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0.

In case of a highly available Oracle Access Management setup, follow the instructions described in "Configuring Oracle Mobile Security Manager on OAMHOST1" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware High Availability Guide*, to extend the Access Manager WebLogic domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager.

In case of a single node Oracle Access Management setup, complete the following steps to extend the Access Manager WebLogic domain to include Oracle Mobile Security Suite and Policy Manager:

1. Create the Oracle Mobile Security Manager (OMSM) schema using the Repository Creation Utility 11.1.1.9.0, if you have not done already.

For information about creating schemas, see Section 24.1.3, "Creating Database Schemas Using Repository Creation Utility".

2. Ensure that you have stopped the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about stopping the servers, Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers".

3. Start the Oracle Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard by running the following command from the location *WL_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./config.sh

Note: OMSS is not supported on Windows.

The Configuration Wizard's Welcome screen is displayed.

4. Select Extend an existing WebLogic domain, and click Next.

The **Select a WebLogic Domain Directory** screen is displayed.

5. Use the navigation tree to select the existing Access Manager domain directory, and click **Next**.

The Select Extension Source screen is displayed.

- **6.** Select **Extend my domain automatically to support the following added products**, and select the following component:
 - Oracle Access Management and Mobile Security Suite 11.1.2.3.0

When you select Oracle Access Management and Mobile Security Suite - 11.1.2.3.0, the following components are automatically selected:

- Oracle Enterprise Manager 11.1.1.0
- Oracle WSM Policy Manager 11.1.1.0

Note: The **Keep Existing Component** message will be displayed depending on your upgrade starting point. Therefore, you may or may not see the message, depending on the OAM version you are upgrading.

If the message is displayed, you must select the **Keep Existing Component** check box for all such occurrences.

Click Next.

The Specify Domain Name and Location screen is displayed.

7. Ensure that the Domain Name, Domain Location, and the Application Location is correct. Click **Next**.

The **Configure JDBC Data Sources** screen is displayed if there are any custom application datasources configured in the domain. Click **Next**.

The **Configure JDBC Component Schema** screen is displayed.

- **8.** Specify the following details for all of the component schemas listed:
 - Vendor Select the database vendor.
 - **Driver** Select the JDBC driver to use to connect to the database. The list includes common JDBC drivers for the selected database vendor.
 - Schema Owner Enter the username for connecting to the database.

- Schema Password Enter the password for the specified schema owner.
- DBMS/Service Enter a database DBMS name, or service name if you selected a service type driver.
- Host Name Enter the name of the server hosting the database.
- Port Enter the port number to be used to connect to the server that hosts the database.

After you enter the details, click **Next**.

The **Test JDBC Component Schema** screen is displayed.

9. Use the screen to test the configurations that you specified for the data sources in the previous screen. Select the check boxes adjacent to the names of the schemas to test, and then click **Test Connections**.

The wizard tests the configuration for each schema by attempting to connect to a URL that is constructed by using the driver, host, port, and other information that you specified while configuring the schema. The result of the test is indicated in the **Status** column. Details are displayed in the **Connection Result Log** section.

After the test connection process is completed, click **Next**.

The **Select Optional Configuration** screen is displayed.

10. Use this screen to add new managed servers, clusters, and machines. You can also modify the deployments and services using this screen. Depending on your action on this screen, you might have to enter additional details like the name of the new managed server, cluster and so on

Note: Ensure that you assign the new OMSS and OAM Policy Servers to the Node Manager, if they are included in the your setup. If you do not perform this, the OMSS and OAM Policy Server cannot be started via the WebLogic Administration Console.

Complete all the required steps, and click Next.

The **Configuration Summary** screen is displayed.

11. Review the detailed configuration settings of your domain, and click Extend.

The Extending Domain screen is displayed.

12. Monitor the progress of the domain extension process. Once completed, click **Done** to close the Configuration Wizard.

For more information about using the Configuration Wizard to extend your existing WebLogic domain, see "Extending WebLogic Domains" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Creating Domains Using the Configuration Wizard*.

Note: To start using the features of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must enable it using the instructions described in Section 24.3.2, "Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite".

24.3.2 Enabling Oracle Mobile Security Suite

If you wish to use the functionality of Oracle Mobile Security Suite, you must configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite after extending the Access Manager domain with Oracle Mobile Security Suite component.

To configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite, complete the following steps:

- 1. Ensure that the upgraded environment is using JDK7.
- Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Servers.

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

3. If your environment is SSL enabled, ensure that the certificate for LDAP is imported into JDK7 keystore. To do this, run the following command:

```
keytool -import -alias alias -file path_to_ldapcert.pem -keystore jdk7_
location/jre/lib/security/cacerts
```

Enter the password as changeit, when prompted.

For example,

```
keytool -import -alias trust -file /ldapcert.pem -keystore
/jdk7/jre/lib/security/cacerts
```

4. Increase the heap size of the JVM. To do this, open the setDomainEnv.sh file located at *DOMAIN_HOME*/bin/, and specify the correct values for the following memory arguments:

```
XMS_SUN_64BIT="256"
export XMS_SUN_64BIT
XMS_SUN_32BIT="256"
export XMS_SUN_32BIT
XMX_SUN_64BIT="512"
export XMX_SUN_64BIT
XMX_SUN_32BIT="512"
export XMX_SUN_32BIT
XMS_JROCKIT_64BIT="256"
export XMS_JROCKIT_64BIT
XMS_JROCKIT_32BIT="256"
export XMS_JROCKIT_32BIT
XMX_JROCKIT_64BIT="512"
export XMX_JROCKIT_64BIT
XMX_JROCKIT_32BIT="512"
export XMX_JROCKIT_32BIT
```

Note: For the 64BIT parameters, specify the value that is twice the existing value.

For example, if the existing value of XMS_SUN_64BIT="256", edit it as:

XMS_SUN_64BIT="512".

5. Configure Oracle Mobile Security Suite. This step involves tasks like configuring Access Manager for Oracle Mobile Security Suite, configuring Oracle Mobile Security Manager, installing and configuring Oracle Mobile Security Access Server.

For information about configuring Oracle Mobile Security Suite, see "Configuring Oracle Mobile Security Suite" in the *Oracle Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

- **6.** Update the authentication module LDAPNoPasswordAuthModule to point to the identity store used by the Oracle Mobile Security Access Server. To do this, complete the following steps:
 - 1. Log in to the Oracle Access Management console using the following URL:

http://oam_host:oam_port/oamconsole

- 2. Click Application Security at the top of the window.
- **3.** In the Application Security console, click **Authentication Modules** in the **Plug-ins** section.
- In the Search Results list, select for LDAPNoPasswordAuthModule to open its properties page.
- **5.** On the properties page, update the **User Identity Store** to point to the OUD user store.
- 6. Click Apply to submit the changes and close the Confirmation window.

24.3.3 Upgrading Oracle Access Management Identity Federation

If your starting point is Access Manager 11.1.2.x.x and if you have configured Oracle Access Management Identity Federation, you must upgrade Oracle Access Management Identity Federation to 11.1.2.3.0 by complete the following steps:

1. Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

2. Connect to the WebLogic Administration Server by running the following command:

connect()

3. Navigate to the Domain Runtime by running the following command:

domainRuntime()

4. Upgrade the Oracle Access Management Identity Federation to by running the following command:

upgradeFedSTS111230()

5. Exit the WLST using the following command:

exit()

Troubleshooting Upgrade Issues

This chapter describes the common issues that you may encounter during the Oracle Identity and Access Management upgrade process, and their corresponding workaround.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 25.1, "Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues"
- Section 25.2, "Troubleshooting Oracle Access Management Upgrade Issues"

25.1 Troubleshooting Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Issues

This section describes the workaround for the common issues that you may encounter during the Oracle Identity Manager upgrade process. This section includes the following topics:

- Pre-Upgrade Report Generation Fails
- Pre-Upgrade Utility Reports Invalid Objects in OIM Schema
- Oracle Identity Manager Binary Upgrade Fails
- Patch Set Assistant (PSA) Fails
- Upgrade Assistant (UA) Fails
- Backups Taken by OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Utility
- Errors or Warnings During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Offline Upgrade
- Reviewing Autodiscovery.properties File Created During the OIM Middle Tier Upgrade
- Errors or Warning During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Online Upgrade
- MDS Patching Issues
- Some MDS Documents not Merged Correctly
- JDBC Errors
- Exception in Log When Creating Users
- All Features not Upgraded During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade
- Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Control Points
- Performing Basic Sanity Checks
- Exception While Starting Administration Server After OIM Middle Tier Upgrade in an OIM-OAM-OAAM Integrated Environment

- OIM Incremental Reconciliation Not Working After Upgrading OIM in an OIM-OAM-OAAM Integrated Environment
- Unable to Access Pending Approvals After OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade
- Exception While Running upgradeOpss Command
- OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade Fails in Examine Phase in SSL Environment
- OIM Schema Upgrade Fails When Upgrading OIM 11.1.2.2.0
- OPSS Authorization Fails After Upgrading to OIM 11.1.2.3

25.1.1 Pre-Upgrade Report Generation Fails

This section lists the issues you might encounter while generating pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager. This section includes the following topics:

- Validation Failure While Generating Pre-Upgrade Report
- Plugin Failure While Generating Pre-Upgrade Report

25.1.1.1 Validation Failure While Generating Pre-Upgrade Report

If you get a validation error while generating the pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager, check if you have specified the correct values in the preupgrade_report_input.properties file.

Table 25–1 lists the log messages displayed during validation failure, and their respective solutions.

Log Message	Cause	Solution
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host:oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : < OIM	If Database is not in running state.	Start the Database.
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host:oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : <oim schema="" user=""></oim>	If OIM schema password is incorrect.	Check the OIM schema username and password that you have specified in the preupgrade_report_ input.properties file.
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host:oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : < MDS schema user>	If MDS schema password is incorrect.	Check the MDS schema username and password that you have specified in the preupgrade_report_ input.properties file.

 Table 25–1
 Log Messages for Validation Failures During Pre-Upgrade Report

 Generation for OIM

25.1.1.2 Plugin Failure While Generating Pre-Upgrade Report

If you get a plugin failure error while generating pre-upgrade report for Oracle Identity Manager, skip the failing plugin and re-run pre-upgrade report utility. Raise a Service Request (SR) for the failed plugin. To skip the failed plugin, you must edit the *PreUpgrade_Report_Directory/server/upgrade/UpgradeMetadata.xml* file to remove the failed plugin.

Table 25–2 lists the log messages displayed during plugin failure, and their respective solutions.

Table 25–2Log Messages for Plugin Failures During Pre-Upgrade Report Generation forOIM

Log Message	Cause	Solution
Caused by:	Check the PreUpgrade_	Edit the PreUpgrade_Report_
<pre>java.lang.reflect.Invocation TargetException at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAcce ssorImpl.invoke0(Native Method)</pre>	Report_ Directory/logs/PreUpgra deReport <time-stamp>.lo g.</time-stamp>	Directory/server/upgrade/ UpgradeMetadata.xml file to remove the failed plugin.

Table 25–3 provides the list of plugins and reports.

Plugin	Report
COMMON_PREUPGRADE.REPORT	APPROVALPOLICYPreUpgradeReport.html
	ChallengeQuesPreUpgradeReport.html
	CYCLIC_GROUP_MEMBERSHIP_ CHKPreUpgradeReport.html
	DomainReassocAuthorization.html
	EVENT_HANDLERPreUpgradeReport.html
	ORACLE_MANDATORY_COMPONENT_ CHKPreUpgradeReport.html
	ORACLE_ONLINE_PURGE_PreUpgradeReport.html
	PROVISIONINGBYREQUESTPreUpgradeReport.html
	PROVISIONINGPreUpgradeReport.html
	REQUESTPreUpgradeReport.html
DATABASE_PRIVILEGES.REPORT	MANDATORY_DATABASE_PRIVILEGE_ CHECKPreUpgradeReport.html
PasswordPolicy.Upgrade	PasswordPolicyPreUpgradeReport.html
DomainConfig.Upgrade	DOMAIN_CONFIG_CHECKPreUpgradeReport.html
UDF_PREUPGRADE.REPORT	UDFPreUpgradeReport.html
WLSMBEAN_TYPE_PREUPGRADE.REPORT	WLSMBEANPreUpgradeReport.html
R2PS2R2PS3.UI	UISimplificationUpgradeImpactReport.html
AuthorizationPreUpgradeReportR2PS3.R EPORT	AUTHORIZATION_R2PS3PreUpgradeReport.html
R2PS1R2PS2.Certification	CertificationUpgradeReport.html

Table 25–3 List of Plugins and Reports

25.1.2 Pre-Upgrade Utility Reports Invalid Objects in OIM Schema

The following invalid triggers are found in the Oracle Identity Manager schema:

UD_EBS_RLO_ENT_TRG	INVALID
UD_EBS_RSO_ENT_TRG	INVALID

These are the triggers of Resource Form which are no longer used. Therefore, you can ignore this.

25.1.3 Oracle Identity Manager Binary Upgrade Fails

Oracle Identity Manager binary upgrade fails if you are not using the correct OPatch version. The OPatch version supported for Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0 is Oracle Interim Patch Installer version 11.1.0.10.3. Therefore, verify the OPatch version before you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager binaries.

For any other issues during Oracle Identity Manager binary upgrade, check the installation log files. For information about locating the installation log files, see "Locating Installation Log Files" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

25.1.4 Patch Set Assistant (PSA) Fails

If Patch Set Assistant (PSA) is stuck for a long time, you can check the block that is currently being executed. The last block at the end of the PSA log file is the block that is currently being executed. The following is the location of the PSA logs:

- On UNIX: MW_HOME/oracle_common/upgrade/logs/psa<time_stamp>.log
- On Windows: MW_HOME\Oracle_common\upgrade\logs\psa<time_stamp>.log

For any other issues encountered during upgrading schemas using PSA, check the PSA logs, fix the issue, and run the PSA again.

25.1.5 Upgrade Assistant (UA) Fails

If Upgrade Assistant (UA) fails during Oracle Identity Manager upgrade, check the UA logs at the following location:

- On UNIX: ORACLE_HOME/upgrade/logs/ua<time_stamp>.log
- On Windows: ORACLE_HOME\upgrade\logs\ua<time_stamp>.log

Fix the issue, and run the UA again.

25.1.6 Backups Taken by OIM Middle Tier Upgrade Utility

The Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade utility backs up the domain configuration, before and after middle tier offline upgrade which can be used for debugging. These backed up files are located in the *ORACLE_HOME*/server/upgrade/logs/MT/OIMUpgrade_backup/ directory.

You can restore these backups if required.

Table 25–4 lists the backups taken by the OIM middle tier offline upgrade utility.

File Name	Description	Timing
afterOfflineMT< <i>timestamp</i> >domain-info.xml	This is the backup of the DOMAIN_ HOME/init-domain/domain-info .xml file.	After the OIM middle tier offline execution.
afterOfflineMT <timestamp>.zip</timestamp>	This is the backup of the DOMAIN_HOME/config folder.	After the OIM middle tier offline execution.
beforeOfflineMT< <i>timestam</i> p>domain-info.xml	This is the backup of <i>DOMAIN_</i> <i>HOME</i> /init-domain/domain-info .xml file.	Before the OIM middle tier offline execution.

Table 25–4 Backups Taken by Middle Tier Offline Upgrade Utility

File Name	Description	Timing
beforeOfflineMT <timestam p="">.zip</timestam>	This is the backup of the DOMAIN_HOME/config folder.	Before the OIM middle tier offline execution.
PolicyBackup< <i>timestamp</i> >j azn.xml	This is the backup of policies. This back up is taken if you are upgrading OIM 11.1.2.x.x environments.	Before the OIM middle tier offline execution.

Table 25–4 (Cont.) Backups Taken by Middle Tier Offline Upgrade Utility

25.1.7 Errors or Warnings During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

If Oracle Identity Manager middle tier offline upgrade fails, you must do the following:

- Check the HTML reports generated at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_offline. If there are any issues, fix them and run the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier offline upgrade tool again.
- Check the logs files located at ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/. For the list
 of logs generated for Oracle Identity Manager middle tier offline upgrade, see
 Table 24–11, "Logs Generated for OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade". Fix the issue,
 if any, and re-run the middle offline upgrade.

This section includes the following topics:

- Validation Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade
- Plugin Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade
- Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

25.1.7.1 Validation Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

For any validation failures during Oracle Identity Manager middle tier offline upgrade, see the log messages listed in Table 25–5 and perform the necessary action.

|--|

Log Message	Cause	Workaround
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host :oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com, User Name : < OIM schema user>	If Database is not up and running.	Start the Database.
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host :oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : <oim schema<br="">user></oim>	If OIM schema credentials are incorrect.	Check the OIM schema username and password in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file located at ORACLE_ HOME/server/bin/.

or

Not able to run the Mid-Tier Upgrade Using

above data

Log Message	Cause	Workaround
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host :oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : < MDS schema user>	If Metadata Services (MDS) schema credentials are incorrect.	Check the MDS schema username and password in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file located at ORACLE_ HOME/server/bin/.
Not able to connect to the Database with the Provided Information Host :oimhost.example.com:152 1/oimdb.example.com , User Name : < SOA schema user>	If Oracle SOA Suite (SOAINFRA) schema credentials are incorrect.	Check the username and password of the SOAINFRA schema.
Target version property is not in correct format like 11.1.2.2.0	If the target version specified in the preupgrade_report_ input.properties is not in correct format.	Specify the target version as 11.1.2.3.0.
Please shutdown the admin server for running Mid-Tier Upgrade in offline mode	If the WebLogic Administration Server or Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s) or Oracle Identity Manager Managed Server(c) are in running state	Shut down the WebLogic Administration Server, Oracle SOA Suite Managed Server(s), and Oracle Idantity Manager
or	Server(s) are in running state.	Managed Server(s) before running the OIM middle tier offline upgrade.
Please shutdown the soa server for running Mid-Tier Upgrade in offline mode		

 Table 25–5 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline

25-6 Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management

Log Message	Cause	Workaround
Error in reading the properties filenull	If the Domain Home specified in the oim_upgrade_input.properties file	Specify the correct OIM domain home for the
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerExc eption	is incorrect.	property oim.domain in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file located at ORACLE_ HOME/server/bin/.
at oracle.iam.oimupgrade.st andalone.utils.WriteLog. write(WriteLog.java:47)		
at oracle.iam.oimupgrade.st andalone.utils.OfflineUp gradeUtil.checkTemplateA pplied(OfflineUpgradeUti l.java:325)		
at oracle.iam.oimupgrade.st andalone.OIMONEHOPUpgrad e.getInputsFromPropertie sFile(OIMONEHOPUpgrade.j ava:436)		
at oracle.iam.oimupgrade.st andalone.OIMONEHOPUpgrad e.main(OIMONEHOPUpgrade. java:158)		
Domain present at <domain_home> does not have write permissions. Please give write permission on the Domain Directory and run again</domain_home>	If the OIM domain directory does not have write permission	Provide Write permission to the OIM domain home directory.
Please Delete the JARS OIMAuthenticator.jar,oim sigmbean.jar,oimsignatur embean.jar,oimmbean.jar, available in server/lib/mbeantypes/oi mmbean.jar from all nodes in cluster. Before Executing Mid-Tier Upgrade	If OIMAuthenticator.jar, oimsigmbean.jar, oimsignaturembean.jar, oimbean.jar are present in the specified directory.	Delete the OIMAuthenticator.jar, oimsignbean.jar, oimsignaturembean.jar, oimbean.jar files from the location WL_ HOME/server/lib/mbeant ypes.
OIM MT Upgrade Prerequisite Failed .Examine for feature <plugin feature="" id=""> failed</plugin>	If prerequisite of any plug-in fails.	Fix the issue for the plugin feature ID <plugin feature="" id=""> and re-run the OIM middle tier offline upgrade again.</plugin>

Table 25–5 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline

25.1.7.2 Plugin Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

For any plugin failures during Oracle Identity Manager offline upgrade, do the following for the depending on the log message listed in Table 25–6:

1. Open the file ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade/oim-upgrade-plugin.xml, and comment out the body of the target mentioned in the Log Message column in

Table 25–6.

2. Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the following command from the location *ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:

On UNIX: ./wlst.sh

On Windows: wlst.cmd

- **3.** Run the python command mentioned in column **Workaround** with the appropriate parameters, for the corresponding log message.
- **4.** After the python command is successfully executed, resume the OIM middle tier offline upgrade. If it fails, raise a Service Request.

 Table 25–6
 Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_MigrateJazn_ oim-bi-policystore-a ppPoliciesMigrate.xm l.log	Run the following command:
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : migrateJazn		<pre>migrateSecurityStore(type="appPolicies ", configFile="ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgrad eReportDir_ MODE/migrationDir/jps-config-jse.xml", srcApp="obi",overWrite="false",src="oi m-bi-policystore-appPoliciesMigrate.xm l", dst="default")</pre>
		In the above command, ORACLE_HOME is the absolute path to the OIM Oracle Home, and MODE if the OIM middle tier upgrade mode. In case of OIM middle tier offline upgrade, the value of MODE should be offline. In case of OIM middle tier online upgrade, the value of MODE should be online.
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : create-bip-server	Createsipserver.log	createBIPserver.py DOMAIN_HOME MW_HOME BIP_SERVER_NAME BIP_SERVER_HOST BIP_ SERVER_PORT BIP_SERVER_SSL_PORT BIP_ SERVER_SSL_ENABLED BIP_JDBC_URL BIP_ DATASOURCE_NAME BIP_SCHEMA_NAME BIP_ SCHEMA_PASSWORD BIP_CLUSTER_NAME
SEVERE:	ant_ targetBIPResources 1	Run the following command from the location ORACLE HOME/server/upgrade:
oracle.lam.olmupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : target-bip-resource s	og	targetingResourceBIP.py DOMAIN_HOME BIP_CLUSTER_NAME OPSS_RAC_LIST MDS_ OWSM_RAC_LIST
SEVERE:	ant_applyBip.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : apply-bip		applyBIP.py DOMAIN_HOME BIP_SERVER_ NAME

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_ ApplicationDB.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : upgradeClassPath		<pre>createDSoffline.py DOMAIN_HOME IS_ CLUSTER "ApplicationDB" OIM_SERVER_ NAME "jdbc/ApplicationDBDS" "oimApplicationDBDS" "OIMSchema_ dbPassword" "OIMSChema_dbURL" "oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver" "OIMSchema_ dbUser" "10000" "0" "0" "50"</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : configureSecuritySt ore	re.log	configureSecurityStore.py -d DOMAIN_ HOME -m create -t DB_ORACLE -c IDM -p OPSSSchemaPassword
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : deployAppOffline	deploySCIMWebapp.log	<pre>location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade: deployAppOffline.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ SERVER_NAME "SCIM REST service for OIM" "OIM_ HOME/server/apps/scim-oim-services.war " "WAR" "57"</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_ enableJsseSsl.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra		location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
gradeException: Error in running target : enableJsseSsl		enableJsseSsl.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ SERVER_NAME "false"
		For cluster environment:
		enableJsseSsl.py <i>DOMAIN_HOME OIM_</i> <i>CLUSTER_NAME</i> "true"
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : applyOPSSTemplate	extendOPSSDomain.log	applyOPSSTemplate.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ HOME OPSSSchemaUser OPSSSchemaPassword OPSSSchemaConnectString
SEVERE:	ant_isClusterOIM.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : checkClusterOIM		iocation OKACLE_HOME/server/upgrade: checkClusterOIM.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ HOME
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target :	JMSModuleTargetScrip t.log	<pre>location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade: target_jrfasyncws.py DOMAIN_HOME OIMServerName</pre>

 Table 25–6 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_JRF_WsAsync.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE HOME/server/upgrade:
oracle.lam.olmupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : addTemplate		addTemplate.py DOMAIN_HOME MW_ HOME/oracle_ common/common/templates/applications/o racle.jrf.ws.async_template_11.1.1.jar
SEVERE:	ant_MigrateJazn_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException:	jazn-data-oim.xml.lo g	<pre>location MW_HOME/oracle_ common/modules/oracle.jps_ 11.1.1/common/wlstscripts:</pre>
Error in running target : migrateJazn		<pre>migrateSecurityStore.py -type policyStore -dst default -configFile ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgrade ReportDir_ offline/migrationDir/jps-config-jse.xm l -src jazn-data-oim.xml</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_MigrateJazn_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException:	jazn-data-self.xml.l og	<pre>location MW_HOME/oracle_ common/modules/oracle.jps_ 11.1.1/common/wlstscripts:</pre>
Error in running target : migrateJazn		<pre>migrateSecurityStore.py -type policyStore -dst default -configFile ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgrade ReportDir_ offline/migrationDir/jps-config-jse.xm l -src jazn-data-self.xml</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_MiscUpgrade.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : miscUpgrade		miscUpgrade.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_SERVER_ OR_CLUSTER_NAME
SEVERE:	ant_OPSS.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : upgradeOPSS		upgradeOPSS.py JPSCONF SYSJAZN
SEVERE:	ant_OPSS-r2.log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : upgradeOPSS-r2		upgradeOPSS_R2.py JPSCONF SYSJAZN DOMAIN_HOME OPSSSchemaPassword opssUrl opssjdbcDriverName opssUser

 Table 25–6 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_ oracle.idm.ids.confi	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
de.exceptions.OIMUpgra gradeException: Error in running target : deployAppOffline	g.ui#11.1.2011.1.2.l og	<pre>deployAppOffline.py DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ SERVER_NAME "oracle.idm.ids.config.ui#11.1.2@11.1. 2" "ORACLE_ HOME/modules/oracle.idm.ids.config.ui_ 11.1.2/oracle.idm.ids.config.ui.war" "JAR" "300"</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_ oracle idm inf#11 1	Run the following command from the location ORACLE HOME/server/upgrade:
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : deployAppOffline	2@11.1.2.log	<pre>deployAppOffline.py DOMAIN_HOME ADMIN_ SERVER_NAME "oracle.idm.ipf#11.1.2@11.1.2" "ORACLE_HOME/modules/oracle.idm.ipf_ 11.1.2/ipf.jar" "JAR" "300"</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_ soaOIMLookupDB.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : upgradeClassPath		createDSoffline.py DOMAIN_HOME IS_ CLUSTER "soaOIMLookupDB" SOA_SERVER_ NAME "jdbc/soaOIMLookupDB" "soaOIMLookupDB" "OIMSChema_ dbPassword" "dbPassword" "OIMSChema_ dbURL" "oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver" "OIMSChema_dbUser" "10000" "20" "20" "20"
SEVERE:	ant_Update_ setDomainEnv.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : addTemplate		<pre>addTemplate.py DOMAIN_HOME ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/ templates/oracle.oim_r2ps2StartScript_ upgrade_template.jar</pre>
SEVERE:	ant_UpgardeJRF.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE HOME/server/upgrade:
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : upgradeJRF		upgradeJRF.py DOMAIN_HOME
SEVERE:	ant_Workmanager.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade:
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : addTemplate		addTemplate.py DOMAIN_HOME ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/ templates/oracle.oim_r2ps3WorkManager_ upgrade_template.jar

Table 25–6 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Offline

25.1.7.3 Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Table 25–7 lists the log messages for issues other than validation and plugin issues, log filename, and corresponding solutions.

Log Message	Ant Log File / Cause	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following java commands:
oracle.iam.oimupgrade.e xceptions.OIMUpgradeExc eption: Error in running target : oimr1ps1_upgrade_ package_dogwood_top_ and_oim_suite	oimUpgradeDomainPackage s.log	<pre>java -cp MW_ HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-1 aunch.jar:OIM_ORACLE_ HOME/oaam/upgrade/com.oracle.ci e.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain. DomainUpdater DOMAIN_HOME oracle.dogwood.top:11.1.1.5.0,: 11.1.2.2.0</pre>
		<pre>java -cp MW_ HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-1 aunch.jar:OIM_ORACLE_ HOME/oaam/upgrade/com.oracle.ci e.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain. DomainUpdater DOMAIN_HOME oracle.oim.suite:11.1.1.5.0,:11 .1.2.2.0</pre>
copy_bip_reports		Complete the following steps:
		<pre>1. Copy the oim_product_ BIP11gReports_11_1_2_3_ 0.zip file from the location MW_ HOME/server/reports to DOMAIN_ HOME/config/bipublisher/rep ository/Reports.</pre>
		 Extract the files of oim_ product_BIP11gReports_11_1_ 2_3_0.zip from the destination location.
		 Provide read, write, and execute permissions to the file datasourceconfig.sh (on UNIX) or datasourceconfig.cmd (on Windows).
SEVERE: oracle.iam.oimupgrade.e xceptions.OIMUpgradeExc eption: Error in running target : create-bip-datasource	BIP plugin fails with error in log file: ant_ createBIPDatasources_ OIM.log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oim UpgradeReportDir_ offline/biptemp/bin/: datasourceconfig.sh jdbc create 'OIM JDBC' JDBC_DRIVER_ TYPE=ORACLE11G JDBC_DRIVER_ CLASS=oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver JDBC_URL=JDBC_URL USE_SYSTEM_ USER=false JDBC_ USERNAME=SCHEMA_OWNER JDBC_ PASSWORD=SCHEMA_PASSWORD USE_ PROXY_AUTHENTICATION=false

Table 25–7 Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Log Message	Ant Log File / Cause	Workaround
OIMUpgradeException: Error in running target : create-bip-datasource	BIP plugin fails with error in log file: ant_ createBIPDatasources_ PDFL_log	Run the following command from the location ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oim UpgradeReportDir_ offline/biptemp/bin/:
	5	<pre>datasourceconfig.sh jdbc create 'BPEL JDBC' JDBC_DRIVER_ TYPE=ORACLE11G JDBC_DRIVER_ CLASS=oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver JDBC_URL=JDBC_URL USE_SYSTEM_ USER=false JDBC_ USERNAME=SCHEMA_OWNER JDBC_ PASSWORD=SCHEMA_PASSWORD USE_ PROXY_AUTHENTICATION=false ALLOWED_GUEST_ACCESS=false</pre>
Some plugins are yet not upgraded, please Check logs and re-run MToffline or disable those plugins	If some plugins are not populated in the upgrade_ feature_state table.	Run OIM middle tier offline upgrade or disable the plugins that are not populated in the upgrade_ feature_state_table.
Upgrade Failed. Please check the logs for further deails.Please re-run OIMUpgrade offline utility after fixing the problem. Avoid following any other step before successfully running OIMUpgrade offline utility		
<pre>./ant_MigrateJazn_ bi-policystore-systemro le-jazn.xml.log:WARNING : Application role BIAdministrator does not exist</pre>	ant_MigrateJazn_ bi-policystore-systemro le-jazn.xml.log	This warning can be ignored.
<pre>./ant_MigrateJazn_ bi-policystore-systemro le-jazn.xml.log:WARNING : Application role BIConsumer does not exist</pre>		
<pre>./ant_MigrateJazn_ bi-policystore-systemro le-jazn.xml.log:WARNING : Application role BIAuthor does not exist</pre>		

 Table 25–7 (Cont.) Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Log Message	Ant Log File / Cause	Workaround
oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erConfigImpl getEntityConfig	This warning is displayed on the console during reconciliation feature upgrade.	This warning can be ignored.
WARNING: Cannot load entity definition - java.lang.NullPointerEx ception		
at		
<pre>oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erConfigImpl.getEntityC onfig(EntityManagerConf igImpl.java:1148)</pre>		
at		
<pre>oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erConfigImpl.loadMetada ta(Entity ManagerConfigImpl.java: 960)</pre>		
at		
<pre>oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erConfigImpl.<init>(Ent ityManager ConfigImpl.java:203)</init></pre>		
at		
<pre>oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erImpl\$ConfigManager.<i nit="">(EntityManagerImpl. java:191)</i></pre>		
at		
oracle.iam.platform.ent itymgr.impl.EntityManag erImpl. <init>(EntityMan agerImpl.java:226)</init>		
at		
<pre>sun.reflect.NativeConst ructorAccessorImpl.newI nstance0(Native Method)</pre>		
at		
<pre>sun.reflect.NativeConst ructorAccessorImpl.newI nstance(NativeConstruct orAccessorImpl.java:57)</pre>		

Table 25–7 (Cont.) Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

Log Message	Ant Log File / Cause	Workaround
Command FAILED, Reason: JPS-00027: There was an internal error:	ant_OPSS.log This error occurs when you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11g Release 2 (11.1.2.1.0) with Bundle Patch.	To resolve this issue, either apply Patch 13099577 or use the following workaround:
java.sql.SQLException: ORA-12801: error signaled in parallel query server		Set the properties parallel_max_ servers and parallel_min_ servers to 0 in Database.
P001		For example:
ORA-01460:		parallel_max_servers integer 0
unreasonable conversion requested		parallel_min_servers integer 0
oracle.security.jps.internal. api.common.JpsPolicyStor eLdapNodeCreationExcep tio n:		
JPS-00027: There was an internal error: java.sql.SQLException: ORA-12801:		
error signaled in parallel query server P001		
ORA-01460: unimplemented or unreasonable conversion requested		

Table 25–7 (Cont.) Other Failures During OIM Middle Tier Offline Upgrade

25.1.8 Reviewing Autodiscovery.properties File Created During the OIM Middle Tier Upgrade

Some properties are auto-discovered by the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade utility to reduce the number of properties that you need to specify manually during upgrade. When the middle tier upgrade for OIM is run for the first time, Autodiscovery.properties file is created at the location *ORACLE_HOME/*server/upgrade. This file contains the following parameters that are auto-discovered by the middle tier upgrade utility:

- opssDBSslArgs
- opssjdbcDriverName
- is_cluster_oim
- soaProtocol
- oim_target
- weblogicProtocol
- OPSSSchemaPassword <encrypted value>
- opssUser
- opssUrl
- soa_target
- admin_target

Autodiscovery module is executed and the Autodiscovery.properties file is created only the first time the middle tier upgrade script is run. Once this file is created, autodiscovery is not executed again. Next time when you run the middle tier upgrade script, the properties are read from the existing Autodiscovery.properties file.

If you encounter any issues during OIM middle tier upgrade, review the properties in the Autodiscovery.properties file and verify if the values are correct. If any of the values are incorrect, update them and run the middle tier upgrade utility again.

If you want all of the properties to be auto discovered again, remove the Autodiscovery.properties file from the directory ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade, and run the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade (online or offline) again.

25.1.9 Errors or Warning During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Online Upgrade

If Oracle Identity Manager middle tier online upgrade fails, you must do the following:

- Check the HTML reports generated at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_online.
- Check the following logs files generated at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/logs/MT/:
 - OIMUpgrade_online<timestamp>.log
 - ant_createUserInSecurityRealm_BISystemUser.log
 - ant_updateBIPJmsSecurity.log
 - ant_importOwSMPolicySCIM.log

This section includes the following topics:

- Validation Failures During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade
- Plugin Failures During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

25.1.9.1 Validation Failures During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

For any validation failures during Oracle Identity Manager middle tier online upgrade, see the log messages listed in Table 25–8 and perform the necessary action.

Table 25–8 Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

Log Message	Cause	Workaround
Not able to connect to the admin server with Provided Information Host : oimhost.example.com , User Name :weblogic , Port :7001	If the value specified for Administration Server host property in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file is incorrect.	Update the correct value for Administration Server host property in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file at the location ORACLE_ HOME/server/bin/.
Not able to connect to the soa server with Provided Information Host : oimhost.example.com , User Name :weblogic , SOA Port :7001	If the values specified for SOA Server properties are incorrect in the oim_upgrade_input.properties file is incorrect.	Update the correct value for SOA server properties in the oim_upgrade_ input.properties file at the location ORACLE_ HOME/server/bin/.

Log Message	Cause	Workaround
Following plugins are yet not upgraded, please Check logs and re-run MT online or disable these plugins in UpgradeMetadata.xml	If some plugins are not upgraded.	Disable the plugins in the UpgradeMetadata.xml file that are not upgraded.
Feature_ID : List		
<feature 1="" id=""></feature>		
<feature id2=""></feature>		
<feature idn=""></feature>		
OIM MT Upgrade Prerequisite Failed .Examine for feature <plugin feature="" id=""> failed</plugin>	If prerequisite of any plug-in fails.	Fix the issue for the plugin feature ID <plugin feature="" id=""> and re-run the OIM middle tier online upgrade again.</plugin>

Table 25–8 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Online

25.1.9.2 Plugin Failures During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

For any plugin failures during Oracle Identity Manager online upgrade, do the following for the depending on the log message listed in Table 25–9:

- 1. Open the file ORACLE_HOME/server/upgrade/oim-upgrade-plugin.xml, and comment out the body of the target mentioned in the Log Message column in Table 25–9.
- **2.** Launch the WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) by running the following command from the location *ORACLE_HOME*/common/bin:
- **3.** Run the python command mentioned in column **Workaround** with the appropriate parameters, for the corresponding log message.
- **4.** After the python command is successfully executed, resume the OIM middle tier online upgrade. If it fails, raise a Service Request.

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_ importOwSMPolicySCIM .log	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : import-OWSM-policy		CreateScimOwsmPolicy.py WEBLOGIC_USER WEBLOGIC_PASSWORD WEBLOGIC_ADMIN_URL DOMAIN_HOME OIM_ HOME/server/features/multitoken-noauth -rest-policy.zip
SEVERE:	ant_ groatollgorIngogurity	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : create-user-securit v-realm	createUserInSecurity Realm_ BISystemUser.log	createUserInRealm.py WEBLOGIC_USER WEBLOGIC_PASSWORD ADMIN_URL DOMAIN_ HOME REALM_NAME REALM_USER_NAME REALM_ USER_PASSWORD

Table 25–9 Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

Log Message	Ant Log File	Workaround
SEVERE:	ant_	Run the following command from the
oracle.iam.oimupgra upuatesi de.exceptions.OIMUp gradeException: Error in running target : update-bip-jms-secu rity	.log	updateBIPJMSSecurity.py WEBLOGIC_USER WEBLOGIC_PASSWORD ADMIN_URL
		In case of SSL environment, use the following properties as well:
		env key="WLST_PROPERTIES"
		value=" <i>ssl_args</i> "

 Table 25–9 (Cont.) Log Messages for Validation Failure During OIM Middle Tier Online

25.1.10 MDS Patching Issues

If you encounter any issues related to Metadata Services (MDS) patching, check the MDS patching reports generated at the following location:

- On UNIX: ORACLE_HOME/server/logs/MDS_REPORT_DIRECTORY/MDSReport.html
- On Windows: ORACLE_HOME\server\logs\MDS_REPORT_ DIRECTORY\MDSReport.html

For information about re-running MDS patching, see My Oracle Support Document ID 1536894.1.

25.1.11 Some MDS Documents not Merged Correctly

If any of the MDS documents are not merged correctly, merge them manually from the following locations:

On UNIX:

ORACLE_HOME/server/logs/sourceDir - This is the OOTB MDS data location.

ORACLE_HOME/server/logs/targetDir - This is the target MDS data location.

On Windows:

ORACLE_HOME\server\logs\sourceDir - This is the OOTB MDS data location.

ORACLE_HOME\server\logs\targetDir - This is the target MDS data location.

25.1.12 JDBC Errors

If you encounter the following JDBC error, add an additional environment variable TZ, which is the time zone name, like GMT.

ORA-01882: timezone region not found

The environment variable has to be set with older database or you will get an error.

For more information, see My Oracle Support Document ID 1068063.1.

25.1.13 Exception in Log When Creating Users

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.1.5.0 high availability environments to Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.3.0, you might see the following exception in the logs when you create users:

[2013-11-19T23:41:51.507-08:00] [oim_server1] [ERROR] [] [oracle.ods.virtualization.exception] [tid: UCP-worker-thread-19] [userId: oiminternal] [ecid: 004utMMAEYz1VcP5Ifp2if00023p000Tdf,0] [APP: oim#11.1.3.0] Could not initialize default mapping config[[javax.xml.bind.UnmarshalException - with linked exception: [java.io.FileNotFoundException: /scratch/Oracle/Middleware/user_ projects/domains/IDMDomain/config/fmwconfig/ovd/oim/mappings.os_xml (No such file or directory)

This does not cause the user creation task to fail. However, to eliminate this exception, you must manually copy the file mappings.os_xml from the location *\$MW_* HOME/oracle_common/modules/oracle.ovd_11.1.1/templates/mappings.os_xml to the directory *\$DOMAIN_HOME*/config/fmwconfig/ovd/oim.

25.1.14 All Features not Upgraded During Oracle Identity Manager Middle Tier Upgrade

If any of the Oracle Identity Manager features are not upgraded during the Oracle Identity Manager middle tier upgrade, check the upgrade reports generated at the following location:

Middle tier offline upgrade reports: ORACLE_ HOME/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_offline/index.html

Middle tier online upgrade reports: ORACLE_ HOME/upgrade/logs/MT/oimUpgradeReportDir_online/index.html

25.1.15 Oracle Identity Manager Upgrade Control Points

To re-run the middle tier upgrade for a specific feature after analyzing and fixing the cause of failure, set the force option of the specific feature upgrade plugin to true or false accordingly in the UpgradeMetadata.xml file located at ORACLE_ HOME/server/upgrade/.

Oracle Identity Manager upgrade provides control points in the oimupgrade.properties file located at ORACLE_HOME\server\bin. If any feature upgrade fails, you can continue with the upgrade by disabling the failed feature by setting the corresponding feature upgrade property to false. To enable a specific feature for upgrade, you must the property to true.

By default, all the properties are set as true.

 Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Oracle Identity Manager configuration upgrade:

oim.ps1.config.patch=true

 Set the following property to false if you do not want to run SOA composite upgrade:

oim.ps1.soacomposite.patch=true

Domain Extension Properties

• Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Patch JNDI provider:

oim.domainextension.jndiprovider.patch=true

- Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Patch ClassPath: oim.domainextension.classpath.patch=true
- Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Patch OPSS:

oim.domainextension.opss.patch=true

- Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Patch ears: oim.domainextension.ear.patch=true
- Set the following property to false if you do not want to run Patch JRF:

 $\verb"oim.domainextension.jrf.patch=true"$

25.1.16 Performing Basic Sanity Checks

This section describes how to check a new data source added, SOA Foreign JNDI provider, and the order of EARs on the WebLogic Administration Console.

25.1.16.1 Checking New Data Source Added

To check the new data source added, do the following:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Data Sources.
- **3.** Verify the data source given below:

Name	Туре	JNDI Name	Targets
ApplicationDBDS	pplicationDBDS Generic jdbc/ApplicationDBDS	jdbc/ApplicationDBDS	oim_server1 (for single node upgrade)
			oim_cluster (for cluster upgrade)

25.1.16.2 Checking for SOA Foreign JNDI Provider

To check for SOA Foreign JNDI provider, do the following:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Foreign JNDI Providers.
- **3.** Verify the existence of Foreign JNDI providers given below:

Name	Initial Context Factory	Provider URL	User	Targets
ForeignJNDIProvide r-SOA	weblogic.jndi.W LInitialContextF actory	For single node upgrade:	WebLogic	oim_server1 (for single node upgrade) oim_cluster (for cluster upgrade)
		t3://soa_server_ host:soa_server_		
		For cluster upgrade:		
		t3://soa_ server1_ host:soa_ server1_ port,soa_ server2_ host:soa_ server2_port		

Note: If you are upgrading Oracle Identity Manager High Availability environments, the Provider URL may contain the host and port of soa_server1 only. In that case, you must add the host and port of soa_server2 to the Provider URL manually.

25.1.16.3 Checking the Order of EARs

To check the order of the EARs, do the following:

1. Log in to WebLogic Administration Console using the following URL:

http://host:port/console

- 2. Click Deployments.
- **3.** Verify the deployment order for the following list respectively:

Name	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
oim (11.1.1.3.0)	Active	ОК	Enterprise Application	48
OIMAppMetadat a (11.1.2.0.0)	Active	ОК	Enterprise Application	47
OIMMetadata (11.1.1.3.0)	Active	ОК	Enterprise Application	46
oracle.iam.consol e.identity.sysadm in.ear (V2.0)	Active	ОК	Enterprise Application	406
oracle.iam.consol e.identity.self-ser vice.ear (V2.0)	Active	ОК	Enterprise Application	405
oracle.iam.ui.cust om(11.1.1,11.1.1)	Active		Library	404
oracle.iam.ui.oia- view(11.1.1,11.1.1)	Active		Library	403

Name	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
oracle.iam.ui.vie w(11.1.1,11.1.1)	Active		Library	402
oracle.iam.ui.mo del(1.0,11.1.1.5.0)	Active		Library	401

25.1.17 Exception While Starting Administration Server After OIM Middle Tier Upgrade in an OIM-OAM-OAAM Integrated Environment

After you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager middle tier in an Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated highly available environment, when you start the Administration Server, the following exception is displayed in the AdminServer.log file:

```
<Warning> <RMI> <slc04ugw> <AdminServer>
<[ACTIVE] ExecuteThread: '6' for queue: 'weblogic.kernel.Default
(self-tuning) '> <<WLS Kernel>> <>
<1f1bf9f1ae475b6d:25e02b64:14c48129185:-8000-000000000000005>
<1427138521873> <BEA-080003> <RuntimeException thrown by rmi server:
javax.management.remote.rmi.RMIConnectionImpl.getAttribute(Ljavax.management.0
@ bjectName;Ljava.lang.String;Ljavax.security.auth.Subject;)
java.lang.NullPointerException.
java.lang.NullPointerException
        at
java.util.concurrent.ConcurrentHashMap.get(ConcurrentHashMap.java:768)
        at.
weblogic.management.mbeanservers.internal.JMXContextInterceptor.getMBeanContex
tLoader(JMXContextInterceptor.java:475)
        at.
weblogic.management.mbeanservers.internal.JMXContextInterceptor.getAttribute(J
MXContextInterceptor.java:146)
```

This warning can be ignored.

25.1.18 OIM Incremental Reconciliation Not Working After Upgrading OIM in an OIM-OAM-OAAM Integrated Environment

After upgrading Oracle Identity Manager in an Oracle Identity Manager, Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager integrated environment, if Oracle Identity Manager incremental reconciliation is not working, complete the following steps:

- **1.** Disable all of the incremental reconciliation jobs (total 6 in all), if not already disabled.
- 2. Run the following full reconciliation jobs:
 - LDAP Role Delete Full Reconciliation
 - LDAP User Delete Full Reconciliation
 - LDAP Role Create and Update Full Reconciliation
 - LDAP Role Hierarchy Full Reconciliation
 - LDAP User Create and Update Full Reconciliation
 - LDAP Role Membership Full Reconciliation
3. Get the latest changelog from Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) by using the following command:

```
ldapsearch -h OUD_HOST -p OUD_PORT -D "cn=Directory Manager" -w PASSWORD -b "" -s base "objectclass=*" lastExternalChangelogCookie
```

In the above command,

- OUD_HOST refers to the host on which OUD is running.
- OUD_PORT refers to the port of the OUD.
- **4.** Update all the six incremental reconciliation jobs with the changelog value and enable them.

25.1.19 Unable to Access Pending Approvals After OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade

After you perform Oracle Identity Manager middle tier online upgrade, you may not be able to access pending approvals if you had accessed "Pending Approvals" page on the browser before upgrading OIM middle tier.

The workaround for this issue is to clear out the browser cache and access the pending approvals again.

25.1.20 Exception While Running upgradeOpss Command

The following exception is seen in the MT logs when you upgrade Oracle Platform Security Services using upgradeOpss command:

```
java.util.MissingResourceException: Can't find bundle for base name
oracle.adf.share.wlst.resources.WlstHelp, locale en_US
Error execing the Python script
"C:\work\mw748\oracle_common\common\wlst\mdsWLSTCommands.py" caused an error
"Traceback (innermost last):
   File "C:\work\mw748\oracle_common\common\wlst\mdsWLSTCommands.py", line
108, in ?
ImportError: no module named common
"
Error execing the Python script
"C:\work\mw748\oracle_common\common\wlst\URLConnWLST.py" caused an error
"Traceback (innermost last):
   File "C:\work\mw748\oracle_common\common\wlst\URLConnWLST.py", line 12, in
?
ImportError: no module named wlst
```

This exception is seen in the following logs:

- ant_Update_setDomainEnv.log
- ant_UpgardeJRF.log
- ant_configureSecurityStore.log
- ant_extendOPSSDomain.log
- ant_isClusterOIM.log

This exception can be ignored.

25.1.21 OIM Middle Tier Online Upgrade Fails in Examine Phase in SSL Environment

Oracle Identity Manager middle tier online upgrade fails in examine phase in SSL environment with the following error, even though the WebLogic Server is up and running:

"Could not connect to admin server with details <host>:<port>"

The workaround for this issue is as follows:

- 1. Remove OIM_HOME/server/upgrade/Autodiscovery.properties file.
- 2. Re run the middle tier online upgrade.

25.1.22 OIM Schema Upgrade Fails When Upgrading OIM 11.1.2.2.0

When you upgrade Oracle Identity Manager 11.1.2.2.0, OIM schema upgrade fails with the following error, if the Oracle Identity Manager database contains access policies:

The workaround for this issue is as follows:

- After you upgrade the Oracle Identity Manager binaries to 11.1.2.3.0, open the oim_upg_R2PS2_R2PS3_common_policy_engine.sql file located at OIM_ HOME/server/db/oim/oracle/Upgrade/oim11gR2PS2_2_R2PS3, in a text editor.
- **2.** Replace the line# 280:

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstr USING v_pol_owner(idx);

with

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstr USING v_pol_owner_type(idx);

3. Save the modified file, and run the schema upgrade.

25.1.23 OPSS Authorization Fails After Upgrading to OIM 11.1.2.3

OPSS authorization may fail for some OIM operations after you upgrade OIM to 11.1.2.3 from an older release. For example, you may find that OIM PS policy is not seeded to the OPSS policy store.

The workaround for this issue is as follows:

- 1. Backup the existing JAZN data from MDS.
- 2. Upgrade OIM.
- **3.** Re-seed the JAZN data from the backup.

For detailed procedure, see Doc ID 2138965.1 on My Oracle Support.

25.2 Troubleshooting Oracle Access Management Upgrade Issues

This section describes the workaround for the common issues that you may encounter during the Oracle Access Manager upgrade process. This section includes the following topics:

- Exception While Running ImportAccessData Command
- Exception While Accessing OAM Console Before Upgrading System Configuration
- Exception While Deploying Application
- PolicyValidationException While Restarting Administration Server
- Exception While Restarting Managed Server
- Component Version Shows 11.1.1.5.0 After Upgrade
- Errors While Starting the Administration Server After Upgrade
- Memory Issues While Running upgradeConfig() Command
- Null Exception While Creating IDS Profile
- Post Authentication Rules Tab is Disabled on Oracle Access Management Console After Upgrade
- Exception While Running importAccessData Command
- .oamkeystore File Size Reduced to 0 Byte After Extending the OAM Domain
- upgradeConfig Fails with NullPointerException

25.2.1 Exception While Running ImportAccessData Command

During Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade, if you get a class not found exception, it is because you have not exited from the WLST console after running the exportAccessData command.

Exit the WLST console using the exit() command.

25.2.2 Exception While Accessing OAM Console Before Upgrading System Configuration

During Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade, when you try to access the Oracle Access Management Access Manager Administration Console before you upgrade system configurations as described in Section 12.16, "Upgrading System Configuration", the following exceptions are seen in the WebLogic Domain log file:

```
<Error> <oracle.oam.proxy.oam>
<ADC2120940> <oam_server1> <[ACTIVE] ExecuteThread: '2' for queue:
'weblogic.kernel.Default (self-tuning)'> <<anonymous>> <>
<b65aed48d5cfc0f4:25dd78c3:14b85e72198:-8000-0000000000033cc>
<1423899074190> <OAM-04020> <Exception encountered while processing the
request message:
oracle.security.am.proxy.oam.requesthandler.OAMProxyException: Event Response
status is STATUS_FAIL for GET_AUTHN_SCHEME event. Error code OAM-02073 status
fail isExcluded false
at
oracle.security.am.proxy.oam.requesthandler.NGProvider.checkProtected(NGProvid
er.java:4851)
```

<Error> <oracle.oam.agent-default>

<OAMAGENT-00411> <Failed to access server: MajorCode: FATAL ERROR, MinorCode:</pre> FATAL ERROR> <Feb 13, 2015 11:31:14 PM PST> <Warning> <oracle.oam.agent-default> <OAMAGENT-00410> <OAM Server can not be accessed, fallback to container</pre> policy: OpCode = 1 [IsResrcOpProtected], Returned Status = Major code: 3(FatalError) Minor code: 2(NoCode) , extraInfo = [prefHost:IAMSuiteAgent, resource:/oamconsole/afr/alta-v1/dialog_close_ena.png]> <Feb 13, 2015 11:31:14 PM PST> <Error> <oracle.oam.agent-default> <BEA-000000> <OAM Server fatal error: OpCode = 1 [IsResrcOpProtected],</pre> Returned Status = Major code: 3(FatalError) Minor code: 2(NoCode) , extraInfo [prefHost:IAMSuiteAgent resource:/oamconsole/afr/alta-v1/dialog-resize-se.png]> <Feb 13, 2015 11:31:14 PM PST> <Error> <oracle.oam.agent-default> <OAMAGENT-00411> <Failed to access server: MajorCode: FATAL_ERROR, MinorCode: FATAL ERROR> <Feb 13, 2015 11:31:14 PM PST> <Warning> <oracle.oam.agent-default> <OAMAGENT-00410> <OAM Server can not be accessed, fallback to container policy: OpCode = 1 [IsResrcOpProtected], Returned Status = Major code: 3(FatalError) Minor code: 2(NoCode) , extraInfo = [prefHost:IAMSuiteAgent, resource:/oamconsole/afr/alta-v1/d ialog-resize-se.png]>

This is because compatibility mode is not supported for Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade. Therefore, it is mandatory to upgrade the system configurations in order to complete the Access Manager upgrade process.

The issue described in this section will be resolved after upgrading the system configurations by running the WLST command upgradeConfig() as described in Section 12.16, "Upgrading System Configuration".

25.2.3 Exception While Deploying Application

 If you get the following exception when you deploy sdpclient.jar application, then the SDP library is already installed.

```
<Month <Date>, <Year> <Time> <Time ZOne> <Info> <J2EE Deployment SPI>
<BEA-260121> <Initiating deploy operation for application,
oracle.sdp.client#11.1.1@11.1.1 [archive: <ORACLE_
HOME>/communications/modules/oracle.sdp.client_11.1.1/sdpclient.jar], to oam_
server1 .>
weblogic.management.ManagementException: [Deployer:149007]New source location,
'<ORACLE_HOME>/communications/modules/oracle.sdp.client_11.1.1/sdpclient.jar',
cannot be deployed to configured application, 'oracle.sdp.client
[LibSpecVersion=11.1.1,LibImplVersion=11.1.1]'. The application source is at
'<ORACLE_SOA_HOME>/communications/modules/oracle.sdp.client_
11.1.1/sdpclient.jar'. Changing the source location is not allowed for a
previously attempted deployment. Try deploying without specifying the
source.Failed to deploy the application with status failed
Current Status of your Deployment:
Deployment command type: deploy
Deployment State : failed
Deployment Message : weblogic.management.ManagementException:
[Deployer:149007]New source location, '<ORACLE
HOME>/communications/modules/oracle.sdp.client_11.1.1/sdpclient.jar', cannot be
deployed to configured application, 'oracle.sdp.client
[LibSpecVersion=11.1.1,LibImplVersion=11.1.1]'. The application source is at
'<ORACLE_SOA_HOME>/communications/modules/oracle.sdp.client_
11.1.1/sdpclient.jar'. Changing the source location is not allowed for a
previously attempted deployment. Try deploying without specifying the source.
Error occured while performing deploy : Target exception thrown while deploying
```

application: Error occured while performing deploy : Deployment Failed. : Error occured while performing deploy : Deployment Failed. Use dumpStack() to view the full stacktrace Deploying application from <ORACLE_HOME>/oam/server/apps/oam-admin.ear to targets AdminServer (upload=false) ...

Complete the following steps to recover:

- **1.** Log into the WebLogic console.
- **2.** Check for the following library:

oracle.sdp.client(11.1.1,11.1.1)

- 3. Target this library to oam_server1
- **4.** Run the following command:

```
deployOAMServer("<ORACLE_
HOME>",adminTarget="AdminServer",serverTarget="oam server1")
```

 If you get the following error after the Access Manager server deployment, it is because the tmp and stage directories still exist in your environment.

Ignore it:

```
[HTTP:101216]Servlet: "AMInitServlet" failed to preload on startup in Web
application: "oam".
java.lang.ExceptionInInitializerError
at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:222)
at.
oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.AbstractSessionAdapterImpl.checkAndInit(
AbstractSessionAdapterImpl.java:97)
at
oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.AbstractSessionAdapterImpl.<init>(Abstra
ctSessionAdapterImpl.java:75)
at
oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.MultipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.<init>(Mu
ltipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.java:56)
at
oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.MultipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.<clinit>(
MultipleUserSessionAdapterImpl.java:45)
at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initializeImpl(Native Method)
at java.lang.J9VMInternals.initialize(J9VMInternals.java:200)
at
oracle.security.am.engines.sso.adapter.SessionManagementAdapterFactory.getAdapt
er(SessionManagementAdapterFactory.java:46)
```

25.2.4 PolicyValidationException While Restarting Administration Server

During Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x upgrade, when you restart the Administration Server, the following error occurs if the 11.1.2.3.0 Repository Creation Utility is not new and has data.

```
oracle.security.am.common.policy.admin.impl.PolicyValidationException:
OAMSSA-06045: An object of this type named "HTTP" already exists.
at
oracle.security.am.common.policy.admin.impl.ResourceTypeManagerImpl.isValidWrite(R
esourceTypeManagerImpl.java:482)
at
oracle.security.am.common.policy.admin.impl.ResourceTypeManagerImpl.createResource
Type(ResourceTypeManagerImpl.java:165)
at
```

```
oracle.security.am.common.policy.tools.OAMPolicyStoreBootstrap.createResourceType(
OAMPolicyStoreBootstrap.java:554)
at
oracle.security.am.common.policy.tools.OAMPolicyStoreBootstrap.addOAMObjs(OAMPolic
yStoreBootstrap.java:328)
at
oracle.security.am.common.policy.tools.OAMPolicyStoreBootstrap.addPolicyObjects(OA
MPolicyStoreBootstrap.java:280)
at
oracle.security.am.common.policy.tools.OAMPolicyStoreBootstrap.bootstrap(OAMPolicy
StoreBootstrap.java:233)
at oracle.security.am.install.OAMInstaller.bootstrapOES(OAMInstaller.java:1064)
at oracle.security.am.install.OAMInstaller.bootstrapPolicy(OAMInstaller.java:1423)
at oracle.security.am.install.OAMInstaller.upgradePolicy(OAMInstaller.java:1513)
```

Check if a new Repository Creation Utility schema is created for Access Manager. Also check if the domain has been updated to use the new 11.1.2.3.0 Repository Creation Utility.

25.2.5 Exception While Restarting Managed Server

After you upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, when you restart the Access Manager Managed Server, you might see the following error if the folders tmp and stage still exist:

```
Caused by:
com.bea.security.ParameterException: Invalid configuration: cannot locate class:
com.bea.security.ssal.micro.MicroSecurityServiceManagerWrapper
at.
com.bea.security.impl.SecurityRuntimeImpl.getNewInstance(SecurityRuntimeImpl.java:
263)
at
com.bea.security.impl.SecurityRuntimeImpl.initialize(SecurityRuntimeImpl.java:313)
at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke0(Native Method)
at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(NativeMethodAccessorImpl.java:39)
at
sun.reflect.DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.java:
25)
at java.lang.reflect.Method.invoke(Method.java:597)
at com.bea.security.SecurityRuntime.initialize(SecurityRuntime.java:140)
at com.bea.security.impl.MicroSMImpl.getInstance(MicroSMImpl.java:167)
```

This error is resolved once you remove the tmp and stage folders, as instructed in Section 12.15, "Deleting Folders".

25.2.6 Component Version Shows 11.1.1.5.0 After Upgrade

This issue occurs during the following upgrade scenarios:

- If you upgraded Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0
- If you upgraded Oracle Access Manager 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.5.0) to 11g Release 2 (11.1.2) first, and then to Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0

If the component versions of the packages oracle.dogwood.top and oracle.oam.server show 11.1.1.5.0 after upgrade, run the domain updater utility (com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar) to update the domain-info.xml.

To upgrade the necessary Oracle Access Manager packages to 11.1.2.3.0, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to the directory *\$ORACLE_HOME*/oaam/upgrade. The domain updater utility com.oracle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar file is located in this directory.
- **2.** Upgrade the package oracle.dogwood.top 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0 by running the following command:

```
java -cp $MW_
HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.oracle.cie.domain-update
_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater <DOMAIN_HOME>
oracle.dogwood.top:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

For example:

```
java -cp
/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.or
acle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar
com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater
/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/OAMDomain
oracle.dogwood.top:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

3. Upgrade the package oracle.oam.server 11.1.1.5.0 to 11.1.2.3.0 by running the following command:

```
java -cp $MW_
HOME/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.oracle.cie.domain-update
_1.0.0.0.jar com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater <DOMAIN_HOME>
oracle.oam.server:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

For example:

```
java -cp
/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/utils/config/10.3/config-launch.jar:./com.or
acle.cie.domain-update_1.0.0.0.jar
com.oracle.cie.external.domain.DomainUpdater
/scratch/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/OAMDomain
oracle.oam.server:11.1.1.5.0,:11.1.2.3.0
```

25.2.7 Errors While Starting the Administration Server After Upgrade

When you start the WebLogic Administration Server after you upgrade Access Manager to 11.1.2.3.0, you might see the following errors:

Error 1:

```
<Error> <Default> <BEA-000000> <Failed to
communicate with any of configured Access Server, ensure that it is up and
running.>
<Error> <Default> <BEA-000000> <Failed to
communicate with any of configured Access Server, ensure that it is up and
running.>
<Warning> <oracle.oam.agent-default>
<OAMAGENT-00410> <OAM Server can not be accessed, fallback to container policy:
fetchConfig failed, will keep trying ...>
```

This happens when the Administration Server is operational and the Access Manager Managed Servers are yet to be started.

You can ignore this error.

Error-2:

<error> <oracle.mds> <BEA-000000> <exception thrown failed getMBeanServernull>

This error can be ignored.

25.2.8 Memory Issues While Running upgradeConfig() Command

The upgradeConfig() command performs policy operations to seamlessly migrate the policy stores. This requires higher memory. Therefore, if you see encounter memory issues while running upgradeConfig() command, do the following to increase the memory:

- 1. Go to the directory *WL_HOME*/common/bin, and open the wlst.sh file in an editor.
- 2. Update the memory argument in wlst.sh file with the following value:

MEM_ARGS="-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:MaxPermSize=1024m"

3. Save the wlst.sh file, and rerun the upgradeConfig() command.

If you are performing upgrade on IPV6 machine, complete the following steps to resolve memory issues:

- 1. Go to the directory *WL_HOME*/common/bin, and open the wlst.sh file in an editor.
- 2. Update JVM_ARGS to include -Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true argument as shown in the following example:

```
JVM_ARGS="-Dprod.props.file='${WL_HOME}'/.product.properties
-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true ${WLST_PROPERTIES} ${JVM_D64} ${MEM_
ARGS} ${CONFIG_JVM_ARGS}"
```

3. Save the wlst.sh file, and rerun the upgradeConfig() command.

25.2.9 Null Exception While Creating IDS Profile

After you upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x to Access Manager 11.1.2.3.0, if you see a null exception while creating Identity Directory Service (IDS) or Enterprise Single Sign-On (ESSO) profile, do the following:

- 1. Create the directory *DOMAIN_HOME*/config/fmwconfig/ovd/ids.
- 2. Copy all the files from the directory MW_HOME/oracle_ common/modules/oracle.ovd_11.1.1/domain_config/ovd/ids/ to DOMAIN_ HOME/config/fmwconfig/ovd/ids/ by running the following command:

cp MW_HOME/oracle_common/modules/oracle.ovd_11.1.1/domain_ config/ovd/ids/* to DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig/ovd/ids/

3. Copy the file ovd-ids-mbeans.xml from the location MW_HOME/oracle_ common/modules/oracle.ovd_11.1.1/domain_config/mbeans to DOMAIN_ HOME/config/fmwconfig/mbeans/ by running the following command:

cp MW_HOME/oracle_common/modules/oracle.ovd_11.1.1/domain_ config/mbeans/ovd-ids-mbeans.xml DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig/mbeans/

4. Update the Credential Store Framework (CSF) for IDS by running the following command from the location *MW_HOME/*oracle_common/bin/:

libovdconfig.sh -domainPath DOMAIN_HOME -contextName ids -host
AdminServer_host -port AdminServer_port -userName AdminServer_username

In this command,

- DOMAIN_HOME is the absolute path to the Access Manager domain.
- AdminServer_host is the hostname of the WebLogic Administration Server.
- AdminServer_port is the port of the WebLogic Administration Server.
- AdminServer_username is the username of the WebLogic Administration console.
- **5.** Restart the WebLogic Administration Server and the Access Manager Managed Server(s).

For information about stopping the servers, see Section 24.1.9, "Stopping the Servers". For information about starting the servers, see Section 24.1.8, "Starting the Servers".

25.2.10 Post Authentication Rules Tab is Disabled on Oracle Access Management Console After Upgrade

The Post Authentication Rules tab is disabled post-upgrade. The post authentication rules part of the Adaptive Authentication Services in 11.1.2.3.0. Therefore, you must explicitly enable the Adaptive Authentication Services post-upgrade, if required.

For information about enabling and using the Adaptive Authentication Services, see "Using the Adaptive Authentication Service" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Access Management.*

25.2.11 Exception While Running importAccessData Command

When you upgrade Oracle Access Manager 11.1.1.x.x to 11.1.2.3.0, the following exception is seen when you import the access data using importAccessData command:

OutOfMemoryError SEVERE: Could not get an access to PolicyAdmin java.lang.NullPointerException

To resolve this, complete the following steps:

- Open the oam_upgrade.properties file located at ORACLE_ HOME/oam/server/wlst/scripts/sample_properties/oam_upgrade.properties, in a text editor.
- 2. Remove the line OAM_OFFLINE_POLICY_MIGRATION=true or set the value of this attribute to false.
- **3.** Run the command importAccessData() to import the access data.

25.2.12 .oamkeystore File Size Reduced to 0 Byte After Extending the OAM Domain

After you extend the OAM domain during the upgrade from 11.1.2.1.0 to 11.2.1.3.0, the **.oamkeystore** file size reduces to zero.

To resolve this, complete the following steps:

- Take a backup of the .oamkeystore file before extending the domain. The .oamkeystore file is located in the DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig directory.
- **2.** Extend the OAM domain.
- 3. Restore the .oamkeystore file.
- 4. Start the servers and processes.

25.2.13 upgradeConfig Fails with NullPointerException

When you upgrade OAM from R2PS2 to R2PS3, the upgradeConfig fails with the following error:

oracle.security.am.upgrade.framework.psfe.plugin.PolicyEntityPlugin process SEVERE: Exception while running PSFE PolicyEntityPlugin : java.lang.NullPointerException at oracle.security.am.common.policy.admin.impl.PolicyUtil.cleanUpPolicy(PolicyUtil.jav a:2002

To fix this issue, set **OAMEntityStoreR2PS3=true** in the **UpgradeConfig.properties** file.