Oracle® Fusion Middleware

Quick Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

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Oracle Fusion Middleware Quick Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management, 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

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Preface

This preface includes the following topics:

- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Related Documents
- Conventions

Audience

The *Oracle Fusion Middleware Quick Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management* is intended for administrators that are responsible for installing Oracle Identity Management components.

This document does not cover the information for installing Oracle Identity and Access Management components. For information on installing Oracle Identity and Access Management components, refer to *Oracle Fusion Middleware Quick Installation Guide for Oracle Identity and Access Management*.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Release 11g Release 1 documentation set:

- Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity Management

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

Understanding Oracle Identity Management Installation

This chapter provides an overview of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0).

It includes the following topics:

- Overview of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)
- Additional 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Deployment Information
- Silent Installation of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

1.1 Overview of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) includes the following components:

- Oracle Internet Directory
- Oracle Virtual Director
- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- Oracle Directory Integration Platform
- Oracle Identity Federation

1.2 Additional 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Deployment Information

This section describes additional sources for 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) deployment, including documentation on the following subjects:

- Upgrading to Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)
- Installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) for High Availability

1.2.1 Upgrading to Oracle Identity Management 11 g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

This guide does not explain how to upgrade previous versions of Oracle Identity Management components, including any previous database schemas, to 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0). To upgrade an Oracle Identity Management component that is earlier than 11g, refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity Management.

If you have an existing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 installation, refer to the "Applying the Latest Oracle Fusion Middleware Patch Set" topic in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide.

1.2.2 Installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) for High **Availability**

This guide does not explain how to install Oracle Identity Management components in High Availability (HA) configurations. To install an Oracle Identity Management component in a High Availability configuration, refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware High Availability Guide.

Specifically, see the "Configuring High Availability for Identity Management Components" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware High Availability Guide*.

In addition, you may also refer to the Oracle Fusion Middleware Enterprise Deployment Guide for Oracle Identity Management.

1.3 Silent Installation of Oracle Identity Management 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

To perform a silent installation of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), see the "Performing Silent Installations" topic in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management.

Preparing to Install Oracle Identity Management

This chapter provides information you should review before installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) components.

It includes the following topics:

- Reviewing System Requirements and Certification
- Understanding Oracle Fusion Middleware Support of 64-bit JDK
- Installing and Configuring Java Access Bridge (Windows Only)
- **Identifying Installation Directories**
- **Determining Port Numbers**
- Optional: Configuring the Minimum Amount for Oracle WebLogic Server's Maximum Heap Size
- Managing the Oracle WebLogic Server Node Manager Utility for Oracle Identity Management Installations
- Locating Installation Log Files

2.1 Reviewing System Requirements and Certification

Before performing any installation, you should read the system requirements and certification documents to ensure that your environment meets the minimum installation requirements for the products you are installing.

- Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications This document contains information related to hardware and software
 - requirements, minimum disk space and memory requirements, and required system libraries, packages, or patches.
- *Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations* This document contains information related to supported installation types, platforms, operating systems, databases, JDKs, and third-party products.
- For interoperability and compatibility issues that may arise when installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware *Interoperability and Compatibility Guide.*
 - This document contains important information regarding the ability of Oracle Fusion Middleware products to function with previous versions of other Oracle Fusion Middleware, Oracle, or third-party products. This information is applicable

to both new Oracle Fusion Middleware users and existing users who are upgrading their existing environment.

2.2 Understanding Oracle Fusion Middleware Support of 64-bit JDK

If you are using a 64-bit JVM in your environment, ensure that all your Oracle Fusion Middleware components are using the 64-bit JVM. You cannot mix components using a 32-bit JVM with those using a 64-bit JVM.

For more information, refer to the "System Requirements and Supported Platforms for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11gR1" document, available at the following page:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusio n-certification-100350.html

If your Oracle Fusion Middleware components are running in a 64-bit JVM environment, ensure that WebLogic Server is installed with the 64-bit JDK. For 32-bit JVM support, refer to the Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for information on how to configure your environment for 32-bit JVM support for your platform.

2.3 Installing and Configuring Java Access Bridge (Windows Only)

If you are installing Oracle Identity Management on a Windows system, you have the option of installing and configuring Java Access Bridge for Section 508 Accessibility. This is only necessary if you require Section 508 Accessibility features:

- 1. Download Java Access Bridge from the following Web site: http://java.sun.com/javase/technologies/accessibility/accessbridge/
- 2. Install Java Access Bridge.
- **3.** Copy access-bridge.jar and jaccess-1_4.jar from your installation location to the jre\lib\ext directory.
- 4. Copy the WindowsAccessBridge.dll, JavaAccessBridge.dll, and JAWTAccessBridge.dll files from your installation location to the jre\bin directory.
- **5.** Copy the accessibility.properties file to the jre\lib directory.

2.4 Identifying Installation Directories

This topic describes directories you must identify in most Oracle Identity Management installations and configurations—it does not describe one particular Installer screen. During installation, you will have to identify other component-specific directories not described in this topic.

The common directories described in this section include the following:

- Oracle Middleware Home Location
- **Oracle Home Directory**
- WebLogic Server Directory
- **Oracle Instance Location**
- Oracle Instance Name

2.4.1 Oracle Middleware Home Location

Identify the location of your Oracle Middleware Home directory. The Installer creates an Oracle Home directory for the component you are installing under the Oracle Middleware Home that you identify in this field. The Installer also creates an Oracle Common Home directory under the Oracle Middleware Home. The Oracle Common Home contains the binary and library files required for Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control and Oracle Java Required Files (JRF). There can be only one Oracle Common Home within each Oracle Middleware Home.

The Oracle Middleware Home directory is commonly referred to as MW_HOME.

Note: To install Oracle Identity Management components in an existing Oracle WebLogic Server administration domain, each Oracle Middleware Home directory in the domain must have identical directory paths and names.

2.4.2 Oracle Home Directory

Enter a name for the component's Oracle Home directory. The Installer uses the name you enter in this field to create the Oracle Home directory under the location you enter in the Oracle Middleware Home Location field. The Installer installs the files (such as binaries and libraries) required to host the component in the Oracle Home directory.

The Oracle Home directory is commonly referred to as *ORACLE_HOME*.

Note: To install Oracle Identity Management components in an existing Oracle WebLogic Server administration domain, each Oracle Home directory in the domain must have identical directory paths and names.

2.4.3 WebLogic Server Directory

Enter the path to your Oracle WebLogic Server Home directory. This directory contains the files required to host the Oracle WebLogic Server. It is commonly referred to as WL_HOME.

Note: To install Oracle Identity Management components in an existing Oracle WebLogic Server administration domain, each Oracle WebLogic Server Home directory in the domain must have identical directory paths and names.

2.4.4 Oracle Instance Location

Enter the path to the location where you want to create the Oracle Instance directory. The Installer creates the Oracle Instance directory using the location you enter in this field and using the name you enter in the Oracle Instance Name field. Do not enter a path to an existing directory that contains files—if you enter a path to an existing directory, that directory must be empty.

The Installer installs the component's configuration files in the Oracle Instance directory. Runtime components will write only to this directory. You can identify any location on your system for the Oracle Instance directory—it does not have to reside inside the Oracle Middleware Home directory.

2.4.5 Oracle Instance Name

Enter a name for the Oracle Instance directory. The Installer uses the name you enter in this field to create the Oracle Instance directory at the location you specify in the Oracle Instance Location field. This directory is commonly referred to as ORACLE_ INSTANCE.

Instance names are important because Oracle Fusion Middleware uses them to uniquely identify instances. If you install multiple Oracle Fusion Middleware instances on the same computer, for example, an Oracle Identity Management instance and an Oracle WebLogic Server instance, you must give them different names.

The name you enter for the Oracle Instance directory must:

- Contain only alphanumeric and underscore (_) characters
- Begin with an alphabetic character (a-z or A-Z)
- Consist of 4-30 characters
- Not contain the hostname or IP address of the computer

Note: You cannot change the Oracle Instance name after installation.

2.5 Determining Port Numbers

If you want to install an Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) component against an existing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) component, you may need to identify the ports for the existing component. For example, if you want to install Oracle Directory Integration Platform 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) against an existing Oracle Internet Directory 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) component, you must identify its port when you install Oracle Directory Integration Platform.

You can get information about ports using the following:

WebLogic Server Administration Console.

Log in to the Administration Console. Click on Servers under Environment to see what ports are in use for the Administration Server and Managed Servers.

Note: For Oracle Internet Directory, you cannot get information about ports using WebLogic Server Administration Console.

\$ORACLE_INSTANCE/config/OPMN/opmn/ports.prop

Note: If you change a component's port number after installation, the ports.prop file is *not* updated.

The \$ORACLE INSTANCE/bin/opmnctl status -l command to see port numbers of components managed by Oracle Process Manager and Notification Server (OPMN).

2.6 Optional: Configuring the Minimum Amount for Oracle WebLogic Server's Maximum Heap Size

After installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1), if you want to configure the minimum (lowest) level of maximum heap size (-Xmx) required for Oracle WebLogic Server to host Oracle Identity Management components, perform the steps in this section.

Note: This is an *optional* step, typically performed only for test, development, or demonstration environments.

This procedure applies to OID, OVD, ODSM, ODIP, and OIF only.

The minimum (lowest) levels for maximum heap size are:

- Oracle WebLogic Administration Server: 512 MB
- Oracle WebLogic Managed Server: 256 MB

Perform the following steps to configure the heap size for Oracle WebLogic Administration Servers and Oracle WebLogic Managed Servers:

- Open the setDomainEnv script (.sh or.bat) in the MW_HOME/user_ projects/domains/DOMAIN_NAME/bin directory.
- Locate the *last* occurrence of the EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES entry.
- In the last occurrence of the EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES entry, locate the *last* occurrence of heap size parameters: -Xmx, -Xms, and so on.

Note: These are the heap size parameters for the Oracle WebLogic Administration Server.

- **4.** Set the heap size parameters (-Xms and -Xmx) for the Oracle WebLogic Administration Server as desired, for example: -Xms256m and -Xmx512m
- **5.** To set the heap size parameters for the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server, enter the text in Example 2–1 immediately below the *last* occurrence of the EXTRA_ JAVA_PROPERTIES entry and:
 - Set the heap size parameters (-Xms and -Xmx) as desired, for example: -Xms256m -Xmx256m
 - Replace wls ods1 with the name of the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server hosting Oracle Directory Services Manager.
 - Replace wls_oif1 with the name the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server hosting Oracle Identity Federation.

Example 2-1 Heap Size Parameters for Oracle WebLogic Managed Server

```
if [ "${SERVER NAME}" = "wls ods1" -o "${SERVER NAME}" = "wls oif1" ] ; then
       EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES=" ${EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES} -Xms256m -Xmx256m "
       export EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES
fi
```

6. Save and close the setDomainEnv script.

7. Restart the Oracle WebLogic Administration Server and the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server by referring to Starting the Stack.

Note: On UNIX systems, if you execute the ps -ef command and grep for AdminServer or the name of the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server (for example, ps -ef | grep AdminServer or ps -ef | grep wls_oif1), the output contains multiple occurrences of heap size parameters (-Xmx and -Xms).

Be aware that the last occurrence of the heap size parameters in the output are effective and have precedence over the preceding occurrences.

2.7 Managing the Oracle WebLogic Server Node Manager Utility for **Oracle Identity Management Installations**

Oracle Directory Integration Platform (ODIP) and Oracle Identity Federation (OIF) are configured with a WebLogic domain. Oracle Internet Directory (OID) and Oracle Virtual Directory (OVD) can be configured with or without a WebLogic domain. For Oracle Identity Management products that require a WebLogic domain, you must configure Node Manager.

You must perform the following steps after installing Oracle WebLogic Server and before installing Oracle Identity Management:

Verify the Oracle WebLogic Server Node Manager utility is stopped. If it is running, kill the process. Use the following commands to identify running process and kill the same:

For example, on UNIX:

```
1) ps-ef | grep -i nodemanager
```

This will return the Process Id of the Node Manager Process.

2) kill -9 < Process Id of the Node Manager Process>

On Windows:

Use the Windows Task Manager to identify running Node Manager processes and kill the same.

- **2.** Determine if the nodemanager.properties file is present in the WL_ HOME/common/nodemanager/directory.
 - If the nodemanager.properties file is *not* present, then follow the instructions below:

On UNIX:

Run startNodeManager.sh (Located at <WL_HOME>/server/bin directory) to start Node Manager.

On Windows:

Run startNodeManager.cmd (Located at <WL_HOME>\server\bin directory) to start Node Manager.

If the nodemanager.properties file *does* exist, open it and verify that the ListenPort parameter is included and that it is set. If the ListenPort parameter is not included or set, edit the nodemanager properties file so that it is similar to the following, where NODE_MANAGER_LISTEN_PORT represents the port the Node Manager listens on, such as 5556:

ListenPort=NODE_MANAGER_LISTEN_PORT

2.8 Locating Installation Log Files

The Installer writes log files to the ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION/logs directory on UNIX systems and to the ORACLE_INVENTORY_LOCATION\logs directory on Windows systems.

On UNIX systems, if you do not know the location of your Oracle Inventory directory, you can find it in the ORACLE_HOME/oraInst.loc file.

On Microsoft Windows systems, the default location for the inventory directory is C:\Program Files\Oracle\Inventory\logs.

The following install log files are written to the log directory:

- install DATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- install DATE-TIME_STAMP.out
- installActionsDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- installProfileDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- oraInstall*DATE-TIME_STAMP*.err
- oraInstallDATE-TIME_STAMP.log
- opatchDATE-TIME_STAMP.log

Locating Ir	nstallation	Log	Files
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Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management (11.1.1.7.0)

This chapter describes how to install and configure Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0).

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Important Notes Before You Begin
- Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option
- Configuring Oracle Identity Management for "Install Software Do Not Configure" Option

3.1 Important Notes Before You Begin

Before you start installing and configuring Oracle Identity Management products, keep the following points in mind:

- This chapter provides information for installing and configuring Oracle Identity Management (11.1.1.7.0) for new users. If you are an existing Oracle Identity Management 11g user, refer to "Applying the Latest Oracle Fusion Middleware Patch Set" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide*.
 - For complete information about patching your Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g to the latest release, refer to the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide*.
- The Select Installation Type screen in the Installer presents two options: Install and Configure and Install Software - Do Not Configure. For more information about these options, see Section 3.1.1, "Installation Types: "Install Software - Do Not Configure" vs. "Install and Configure"".

3.1.1 Installation Types: "Install Software - Do Not Configure" vs. "Install and Configure"

The Select Installation Type screen in the Installer presents two options: Install and Configure and Install Software - Do Not Configure. This section describes both options:

- Understanding the "Install Software Do Not Configure" Option
- Understanding the "Install and Configure" Option

3.1.1.1 Understanding the "Install Software - Do Not Configure" Option

Choose the Install Software - Do Not Configure option to install Oracle Identity Management components without configuring them during installation. If you choose the Install Software - Do Not Configure option, the Installer installs the component software and then closes. Oracle Identity Management components will not start running after deploying them using the Install Software - Do Not Configure option, as additional configuration is needed.

After you install components using the **Install Software - Do Not Configure** option, you can configure them at a later time using the Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Configuration Wizard. To start the Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Configuration Wizard, execute the ORACLE_ *HOME*/bin/config.sh script (config.bat on Windows).

3.1.1.2 Understanding the "Install and Configure" Option

The Install and Configure option allows you to install Oracle Identity Management components and simultaneously configure some of their fundamental elements, such as passwords, user names, and so on. Oracle Identity Management components start running and are immediately ready for use after deploying them using the Install and Configure option.

3.2 Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option

Follow the instructions in this section to install and configure the latest Oracle Identity Management software.

Installing and configuring the latest version of Oracle Identity Management 11g components involves the following steps:

- Obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g Software
- Installing Oracle Database
- Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)
- **4.** Installing Oracle WebLogic Server and Creating the Middleware Home
- Creating the Inventory Directory (UNIX Only)
- Starting an Installation
- Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software

Note: If you have an existing Oracle Identity Management installation refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide or Oracle Fusion Middleware Upgrade Guide for Oracle Identity Management.

3.2.1 Obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11*q* Software

You can download the latest Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g software from the Oracle Technology Network (OTN):

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/index.html

You must ensure that you have the following versions of Oracle Fusion Middleware Software:

- Oracle WebLogic Server 11g Release 1
- Oracle Database
- Oracle Repository Creation Utility
- Oracle Identity Management Suite

For more information on obtaining Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g software, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe.

3.2.2 Installing Oracle Database

You must install an Oracle Database before you can install some Oracle Identity Management components, such as:

- Oracle Internet Directory
- Oracle Identity Federation, if you want to use an RDBMS data store

For latest information about supported databases, refer to the Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations document.

The database must be up and running to install the relevant Oracle Identity Management component. The database does not have to be on the same system where you are installing the Oracle Identity Management component.

The database must also be compatible with Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU), which is used to create the schemas that Oracle Identity Management components require.

> **Note:** For information about RCU requirements for Oracle Databases, see "RCU Requirements for Oracle Databases" topic in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications* document.

3.2.3 Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)

You must create and load the appropriate Oracle Fusion Middleware schema in your database before installing the following Oracle Identity Management components and configurations:

Oracle Internet Directory, if you want to use an existing schema rather than create a new one using the Installer during installation.

Note: When you install Oracle Internet Directory, you have the choice of using an existing schema or creating a new one using the Installer. If you want to use an existing schema, you must create it using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU) before you can install Oracle Internet Directory. If you choose to create a new schema during installation, the Installer creates the appropriate schema for you and you do not need to use the RCU.

Oracle Identity Federation Advanced configurations that use RDBMS for the Federation Store, Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store.

You create and load Oracle Fusion Middleware schema in your database using the RCU, which is available in the Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) release media and on the Oracle Technology Network (OTN) Web site. You can access the OTN web site at:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/index.html

For information on RCU requirements, refer to the "Repository Creation Utility (RCU) Requirements" topic in the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications document.

Note: Use the Linux RCU to create schemas on supported UNIX databases. Use Windows RCU to create schemas on supported Windows databases.

When you run RCU, create and load only the following schema for your Oracle Identity Management components—do not select any other schema available in RCU:

- For Oracle Internet Directory, select only the Identity Management Oracle **Internet Directory** schema
- For Oracle Identity Federation, select only the Identity Management Oracle **Identity Federation** schema

Note: When you create schema, be sure to remember the schema owner and password that is shown in RCU. For Oracle Identity Federation, it is of the form *PREFIX*_OIF. You will need to provide this information when configuring Oracle Identity Federation with RDBMS stores.

Do not change the prefix provided for Oracle Internet Directory.

See: The Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's *Guide* for complete information.

3.2.4 Installing Oracle WebLogic Server and Creating the Middleware Home

Oracle Identity Management requires Oracle WebLogic Server and a Middleware home directory.

For more information, see "Installing Oracle WebLogic Server" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Planning Guide. In addition, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server for complete information about installing Oracle WebLogic Server.

Notes:

- If you are installing Oracle Internet Directory without an Oracle WebLogic administration domain, you do not need to install Oracle WebLogic.
- The same user that installed Oracle WebLogic Server must install Oracle Identity Management.
- Do not log in to the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console during Oracle Identity Management installation.
- If you want to configure the minimum amount for Oracle WebLogic Server's maximum heap size, see Section 2.6, "Optional: Configuring the Minimum Amount for Oracle WebLogic Server's Maximum Heap Size"

3.2.5 Creating the Inventory Directory (UNIX Only)

If you are installing on a UNIX system, and if this is the first time any Oracle product is being installed on your system with the Oracle Universal Installer, you will be asked to provide the location of an inventory directory. This is where the installer will set up subdirectories and maintain inventory data for each Oracle product that is installed on this system.

Follow the instructions in Table 3–1 to configure the inventory directory information:

Table 3-1 Inventory Directory and Group Screens

Screen	Description		
Specify Inventory Directory	Specify the Oracle inventory directory and group permissions for that directory. The group must have write permissions to the Oracle inventory directory. Click OK to continue.		
Inventory Location Confirmation	Run the createCentralInventory.sh script as root. Click OK to continue.		

Note: If you do not want to use the central inventory, you can create the oraInst.loc file, add the custom location of the inventory, and run the runInstaller by using the following command:

runInstaller -invPtrLoc <full location to oraInst.loc>

3.2.6 Starting an Installation

Perform the following steps to start an Oracle Identity Management installation:

Note: You must be logged in to the UNIX operating system as a non-root user to start the Installer.

Start the Installer by executing one of the following commands:

UNIX: <full path to the runInstaller directory>/runInstaller -jreLoc <Middleware Home>/jrockit_1.6.0_24/jre

Windows: <full path to the setup.exe directory>\ setup.exe -jreLoc <Middleware Home>\jrockit 1.6.0 24\jre

> **Note:** The installer prompts you to enter the absolute path of the JDK that is installed on your system. When you install Oracle WebLogic Server, the jrockit 1.6.0 24 directory is created under your Middleware Home. You must enter the absolute path of the JRE folder located in this JDK when launching the installer. For example, on Windows, if the JRE is located in

D:\oracle\Middleware\jrockit_1.6.0_24, then launch the installer from the command prompt as follows:

D:\setup.exe -jreLoc D:\oracle\Middleware\jrockit_ 1.6.0_24\jre

If you do not specify the -jreLoc option on the command line when using the Oracle JRockit JDK, the following warning message is displayed:

-XX:MaxPermSize=512m is not a valid VM option. Ignoring

This warning message does not affect the installation. You can continue with the installation.

On 64 bit platforms, when you install Oracle WebLogic Server using the generic jar file, the jrockit_1.6.0_24 directory will not be created under your Middleware Home. You must enter the absolute path of the JRE folder from where your JDK is located.

3.2.7 Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software

Follow the instructions in Table 3–2 to install and configure Oracle Identity Management 11.1.1.7.0.

If you need additional help with any of the installation screens, click **Help** to access the online help.

Table 3–2 Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required
1	Welcome	Always	Click Next to continue.
2	Install Software Updates	Always	Specify any software updates to install before you install Oracle Identity Management.
			To get updates from My Oracle Support, you can select Search My Oracle Support for Updates , specify a user name and password, and then click Search for Updates . Before you search, you can click Proxy Settings to change the settings for the proxy server and Test Connection to test the credentials.
			To get updates that you have saved to your computer, you can select Search Local Directory for Updates , specify a directory, and then click Search for Updates .
			If you do not want to update any software, select Skip Software Updates, and then click Next to continue the installation.
3	Select Installation Type	Always	Select Install and Configure option.
			Notes:
			■ If you choose Install Software - Do Not Configure option, you can configure them at a later time using the Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Configuration Wizard. To start the Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Configuration Wizard, execute the ORACLE_HOME/bin/config.sh script (config.bat on Windows). For more information, see Section 3.3, "Configuring Oracle Identity Management for "Install Software - Do Not Configure" Option".
			If you want to configure Oracle Directory Integration Platform with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD) or if you want to configure Oracle Directory Integration Platform with Oracle Directory Server Enterprise Edition (ODSEE), you must select Install Software - Do Not Configure option while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0).
			After Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) installation is complete, depending on the component you choose to configure with Oracle Directory Integration Platform, refer to "Configuring ODIP with Oracle Unified Directory (OUD)" or "Configuring ODIP with Oracle Directory Server Enterprise Edition (ODSEE)" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management.
			Click Next to continue.
4	Prerequisite Checks	Always	Ensure that all the prerequisites are met.
			Click Next to continue.

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required	
5	Select Domain	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure option.	Select one of the following options:	
			 Create New Domain: Enter the User Name, User Password, and Domain Name for the domain you want to create. 	
			Extend Existing Domain: Enter the Host Name, Port, User Name, and User Password for the existing domain you want to extend into.	
			■ Expand Cluster: Enter the information for the existing cluster you want to expand your Oracle Identity Management installation into. Enter the Host Name, Port, User Name, and User Password for cluster inclusion.	
			 Configure Without Domain: You will not be creating or extending the domain of your installation. 	
			For more information, refer to the following:	
				 Section 3.3.1, "OID with ODIP, ODSM, and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain"
			Section 3.3.2, "Only OID Without a WebLogic Domain"	
			 Section 3.3.3, "OVD with ODSM and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain" 	
			 Section 3.3.4, "OIF with OID in a New WebLogic Domain for LDAP Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store" 	
6	Specify Installation Location	Always	Specify the Oracle Middleware Home location, Oracle Home Directory, WebLogic Server Directory, Oracle Instance Location, and Oracle Instance Name.	
			Click Next to continue.	
7	Specify Security Updates	Always	This screen allows you to decide how you want to be notified about security issues:	
			■ If you want to be notified about security issues through E-mail, enter your E-mail address in the E-mail field.	
				■ If you want to be notified about security issues through My Oracle Support (formerly MetaLink), select the My Oracle Support option and enter your My Oracle Support Password.
			 If you do not want to be notified about security issues, leave all fields empty. You will see the following message: 	
			You have not provided an E-mail address. Do you wish to remain uninformed of critical security issues in your configuration?	
			Click Yes to continue.	
			Click Next to continue.	

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required
8	Configure Components	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure	 Select the Oracle Identity Management components that you wish to install and configure.
		option.	■ For Create Domain installations, the Enterprise Manager checkbox under Management Components is automatically selected. Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control Console (Fusion Middleware Control Console) will be installed and configured; you cannot deselect it. It is implicitly selected for configuration.
			■ If you select No Domain Flow, only Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory will be available for configuration.
			■ In installations in which you select to extend the Domain, Enterprise Manager (Fusion Middleware Control Console) is not available as a selectable component. In the extend the domain installation only Oracle Directory Services Manager is available as a selection under the Management Components area.
			 Oracle Directory Services Manager can be installed and configured as a stand-alone component.
			■ If you select to install Oracle Internet Directory or Oracle Virtual Directory in the create domain installation flow, Oracle Directory Services Manager is automatically selected and cannot be deselected. For extend domain or expand cluster, the Oracle Directory Services Manager can be deselected by you if you select to install Oracle Internet Directory or Oracle Virtual Directory.
			The Clustered selection field appears and is available if you at least one Java component selected for installation and configuration. Only managed servers and the applications that are deployed to them can be clustered. Enterprise Manager (Fusion Middleware Control Console) is not clustered during the installation because it is deployed to the administrative server.
			 If you select to expand a cluster installation, at least one cluster should be present when you select this option.
			 If you select to expand a cluster the Java EE components which are configured as part of the cluster will be listed.
			Click Next to continue.

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required
9	Configure Ports	This screen is displayed if you select	Choose how you want the Installer to configure ports:
	Install and option.	Install and Configure option.	 Select Auto Port Configuration if you want the Installer to configure ports from a predetermined range.
			Select Specify Ports using Configuration File if you want the Installer to configure ports using the staticports.ini file. You can click View/Edit File to update the settings in the staticports.ini file.
			Click Next to continue.

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

	Table 3–2	2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option				
No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	De	scription and Action Required		
10	Specify Schema Database	This screen is displayed if you select		oose whether to use an existing schema or to ate a new one using the Installer.		
		Install and Configure option and choose to configure Oracle Internet Directory.	option and choose to cu configure Oracle in da	cur ins dat	te: If you want to use an existing schema, it must reently reside in the database to continue with the tallation. If it does not currently reside in the tabase, you must create it now using the Oracle sion Middleware Repository Creation Utility.	
			То	use an existing schema:		
			1.	Select Use Existing Schema.		
			2.	Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form of hostname:port:servicename. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form of hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.		
			3.	Enter the password for the existing ODS schema in the Password field.		
			4.	Click Next to continue.		
						Note: If your existing ODS and ODSSM schemas have different passwords, the Specify ODSSM Password screen will appear after you click Next. Enter the password for your existing ODSSM schema and click Next.
			То	create a new schema:		
			1.	Select Create Schema.		
			2.	Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form of hostname:port:servicename. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form of hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.		
						Enter the name of the database user in the User Name field. The user you identify must have DBA privileges.
						Note : If you are using Oracle Database 11g Release 2 (11.2) or higher version, the database user should be only 'SYS'.
			4.	Enter the password for the database user in the Password field.		
			5.	Click Next . The Enter OID Passwords screen appears.		
			6.	Create a password for the new ODS schema by entering it in the ODS Schema Password field.		
				Enter it again in the Confirm ODS Schema Password field.		
			7.	Create a password for the new ODSSM schema by entering it in the ODSSM Schema Password field.		
				Enter it again in the Confirm ODSSM Schema Password field.		

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required
11	Specify Oracle Virtual Directory Information	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure option and choose to configure Oracle Virtual Directory.	Enter the following information:
			■ LDAP v3 Name Space: Enter the name space for Oracle Virtual Directory. For example, dc=myhost, dc=mycompany, dc=com.
			 HTTP Web Gateway: Select this option to enable the Oracle Virtual Directory HTTP Web Gateway.
			 Administrator User Name: Enter the user name for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator. The default value is cn=orcladmin.
			 Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator.
			 Confirm Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator again.
			 Configure Administrative Server in secure mode: Select this option to secure the Oracle Virtual Directory Administrative Listener using SSL. This option is selected by default. Oracle recommends selecting this option.
			Click Next to continue.
12	Specify OID Administrator Password	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure option and choose to configure Oracle Internet Directory.	Enter the password for the Oracle Internet Directory administrator.
			Click Next to continue.
13	Select Oracle Identity Federation Configuration Type	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure option and choose to configure Oracle Identity Federation.	Select one of the following configuration types:
			■ Basic: You do not need to choose the datastore and authentication engine types or specify the connection details for Oracle Identity Federation.
			For more information, see "Performing Basic Oracle Identity Federation Configurations" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management.
			Advanced: This option will enable you to choose the configuration types for the datastores, the authentication engine, and specify the connection details datastores and authentication engine.
			For more information, see "Performing Advanced Oracle Identity Federation Configurations" in the <i>Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management</i> .
			Note : The procedure in this table shows the screens that appears when the Basic option is selected.
			Click Next to continue.

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Install Only Option

No.	Screen	When Does This Screen Appear?	Description and Action Required
14	Specify Oracle Identity	This screen is	Enter the following information:
	Federation Details	displayed if you select Install and Configure option and choose to configure Oracle Identity Federation.	■ PKCS12 Password: Enter the password Oracle Identity Federation will use for encryption and for signing wallets. The Installer automatically generates these wallets with self-signed certificates. Oracle recommends using the wallets only for testing.
			 Confirm Password: Enter the PKCS12 password again.
			■ Server ID: Enter a string that will be used to identify this Oracle Identity Federation instance. A prefix oif will be added to the beginning of the string you enter. Each logical Oracle Identity Federation instance within an Oracle WebLogic Server administration domain must have a unique Server ID. Clustered Oracle Identity Federation instances acting as a single logical instance will have the same Server ID.
			Click Next to continue.
15	Installation Summary	Always	Verify the information on this screen. If you want to change any options, you can return to a previous screen by clicking a link in the navigation tree on the left or by clicking Back until you get to the screen. After you edit the required options, you can continue the installation from the previous screen.
			Click Save if you want to save a response file. You will be prompted for a name and location for the response file, which will contain information specific to your installation. After the installer creates the response file, you can use it exactly as is to replicate the installation on other systems, or you can modify the response file in a text editor.
			Click Install to begin the installation.
16	Installation Progress	Always	If you are installing on a UNIX system, you may be asked to run the <code>ORACLE_HOME/oracleRoot.sh</code> script to set up the proper file and directory permissions.
			For more information, see the "Executing the oracleRoot.sh Script on UNIX Platforms" topic in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle Identity Management.
			Click Next to continue.
17	Configuration Progress	This screen is displayed if you select Install and Configure option.	Click Next to continue.
18	Installation Complete	Always	Click Finish to dismiss the installer.

Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) is installed and configured if you selected Install and Configure option in the Select Installation Type screen. By default Oracle_IDM1 is created as the Oracle Identity Management Oracle home directory. This home directory is also referred to as IDM_Home in this guide.

To locate the installation log files, see Section 2.8, "Locating Installation Log Files".

3.3 Configuring Oracle Identity Management for "Install Software - Do Not **Configure**" Option

If you selected Install Software - Do Not Configure option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", you must now start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard to configure the following components:

- Oracle Internet Directory
- Oracle Virtual Directory
- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- **Oracle Directory Integration Platform**
- Oracle Identity Federation

Run the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard as follows:

On UNIX systems:

ORACLE_HOME/bin/config.sh

On Windows systems:

ORACLE_HOME\bin\config.bat

The Oracle Identity Management 11g Configuration Wizard is displayed. You can use this wizard to configure your component in a new domain, in an existing domain, or without a domain. Note that you can install and configure only Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory without a domain. For more information, see the following topics:

- OID with ODIP, ODSM, and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain
- Only OID Without a WebLogic Domain
- OVD with ODSM and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain
- OIF with OID in a New WebLogic Domain for LDAP Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store

3.3.1 OID with ODIP, ODSM, and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain

This topic describes how to configure Oracle Internet Directory (OID) with Oracle Directory Integration Platform (ODIP), Oracle Directory Services Manager (ODSM), and Fusion Middleware Control in a new WebLogic administration domain. It includes the following sections:

- Appropriate Deployment Environment
- Components Deployed
- **Dependencies**
- Procedure

3.3.1.1 Appropriate Deployment Environment

The configuration described in this topic is appropriate for environments that have both of the following conditions:

- You want to install Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Directory Integration Platform colocated on the same host.
- There is no WebLogic Administration Server managing other 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) Oracle Directory Services components.

3.3.1.2 Components Deployed

Performing the configuration in this section deploys the following components:

- WebLogic Administration Server
- **Oracle Internet Directory**
- WebLogic Managed Server
- Oracle Directory Integration Platform
- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- Fusion Middleware Control

3.3.1.3 Dependencies

The configuration in this section depends on the following:

- Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle Database
- If you want to use an existing schema, *Identity Management Oracle Internet Directory* schema existing in the Oracle Database.

3.3.1.4 Procedure

Perform the following steps to configure Oracle Internet Directory with Oracle Directory Integration Platform, Oracle Directory Services Manager, and Fusion Middleware Control in a new domain:

Ensure that Oracle Internet Directory is installed, as described in Section 3.2, "Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option".

Note: If you selected **Install and Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", the **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

If you selected Install Software - Do Not Configure option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", you must now start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. Run <ORACLE_ HOME>/bin/config.sh (on UNIX) or <ORACLE_ HOME>\bin\config.bat (on Windows) to start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. The **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

- 2. On the Select Domain screen, select Create New Domain and enter the following information:
 - Enter the user name for the new domain in the User Name field.
 - Enter the user password for the new domain in the User Password field.
 - Enter the user password again in the Confirm Password field.
 - Enter a name for the new domain in the Domain Name field.

Click **Next**. The Specify Installation Location screen appears.

- **3.** Identify the Homes, Instances, and the WebLogic Server directory by referring to Section 2.4, "Identifying Installation Directories". After you enter information for each field, click Next. The Specify Security Updates screen appears.
- **4.** Choose how you want to be notified about security issues:
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through email, enter your email address in the Email field.
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through My Oracle Support (formerly MetaLink), select the My Oracle Support option and enter your My Oracle Support Password.
 - If you do not want to be notified about security issues, leave all fields empty.

Click **Next**. The Configure Components screen appears.

5. Select Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Directory Integration Platform. The Oracle Directory Services Manager and Oracle Fusion Middleware Control will be automatically selected.

Ensure no other components are selected and click **Next**. The Configure Ports screen appears.

- **6.** Choose how you want the Installer to configure ports:
 - Select **Auto Port Configuration** if you want the Installer to configure ports from a predetermined range.
 - Select **Specify Ports using Configuration File** if you want the Installer to configure ports using the staticports.ini file. You can click View/Edit File to update the settings in the staticports.ini file.

Click **Next**. The Specify Schema Database screen appears.

7. Choose whether to use an existing schema or to create a new one using the Installer.

Note: If you want to use an existing schema, it must currently reside in the database to continue with the installation. If it does not currently reside in the database, you must create it now using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility or follow the To create a new schema section mentioned below.

For more information, refer to Section 3.2.3, "Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)".

To use an existing schema:

- Select **Use Existing Schema**.
- Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form: *hostname:port:servicename*. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.
- Enter the password for the existing ODS schema in the Password field.
- d. Click Next.

Note: If your existing ODS and ODSSM schemas have different passwords, the Specify ODSSM Password screen will appear after you click **Next**. Enter the password for your existing ODSSM schema and click Next.

The Create Oracle Internet Directory screen appears.

Continue the installation by going to step 8 now.

To create a new schema

- a. Select Create Schema.
- Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form: *hostname:port:servicename*. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.
- Enter the name of the database user in the User Name field. The user you identify must have DBA privileges.
- Enter the password for the database user in the Password field.
- Click **Next**. The Enter OID Passwords screen appears.
- Create a password for the new ODS schema by entering it in the ODS Schema Password field.
 - Enter it again in the Confirm ODS Schema Password field.
- Create a password for the new ODSSM schema by entering it in the ODSSM Schema Password field.
 - Enter it again in the Confirm ODSSM Schema Password field.
- h. Click Next. The Create Oracle Internet Directory screen appears.
- Enter the following information for Oracle Internet Directory:
 - Realm: Enter the location for your realm.
 - Administrator Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Internet Directory administrator.
 - Confirm Password: Enter the administrator password again.

Click Next.

- The Installation Summary screen appears. Verify the information on this screen. Click **Configure** to begin the configuration.
- 10. The Configuration Progress screen appears. Click Next to continue.

11. The Installation Complete screen appears. Click **Save** to save the configuration information to a file, and then click Finish to exit the installer.

Note: You may see the following error message in \$Instance_ home/diagnostics/logs/OID/oid1/** log files after configuring Oracle Internet Directory:

```
"2010-02-01T07:27:42+00:00] [OID] [NOTIFICATION:16]
[] [OIDLDAPD] [host:stadp47] [pid: 26444] [tid: 0]
Main:: FATAL * gslsmaiaInitAudCtx * Audit struct
initialization failed. Audit error code: 62005"
```

You can ignore this error message.

3.3.2 Only OID Without a WebLogic Domain

This topic describes how to configure only Oracle Internet Directory (OID) without a WebLogic administration domain. It includes the following sections:

- Appropriate Deployment Environment
- Components Deployed
- Dependencies
- Procedure

3.3.2.1 Appropriate Deployment Environment

The configuration described in this topic is appropriate for environments that have *both* of the following conditions:

- You do not want to include Oracle Internet Directory in a WebLogic administration domain for management purposes.
- You do not want to manage Oracle Internet Directory using Fusion Middleware Control.

3.3.2.2 Components Deployed

Performing the configuration in this section deploys only Oracle Internet Directory.

3.3.2.3 Dependencies

The configuration in this section depends on the following:

- Oracle Database
- If you want to use an existing schema, *Identity Management Oracle Internet Directory* schema existing in the Oracle Database.

3.3.2.4 Procedure

Perform the following steps to configure only Oracle Internet Directory without a domain:

Ensure that Oracle Internet Directory is installed, as described in Section 3.2, "Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option".

Note that installing Oracle WebLogic Server is optional in this particular scenario. Instead, you can create the Middleware Home by using the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard, as described later in Step 4 of the procedure.

Note: If you selected **Install and Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", the **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

If you selected **Install Software - Do Not Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", you must now start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. Run < ORACLE_ HOME > / bin/config.sh (on UNIX) or < ORACLE_ HOME>\bin\config.bat (on Windows) to start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. The **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

- 2. Select Configure without a Domain on the Select Domain screen and click Next. The Specify Installation Location screen appears.
- **3.** Enter the following information in each field:
 - **Oracle Middleware Home Location**: If an Oracle Middleware Home directory already exists, enter the path to it in this field. If an Oracle Middleware Home directory *does not* exist, enter a path to the location where you want the Installer to create the directory that will contain the Oracle Common Home and Oracle Home directories. The Installer creates an Oracle Common Home directory and an Oracle Home directory inside the directory you identify in this field.

The Oracle Middleware Home directory is commonly referred to as MW_ HOME.

Note: The Oracle Middleware Home directory is *not* required to contain an Oracle WebLogic Server installation.

- **Oracle Home Directory**: Enter a name for the Oracle Home directory. The Installer uses the name you enter in this field to create the Oracle Home directory under the location you enter in the Oracle Middleware Home Location field. The Oracle Home directory is commonly referred to as ORACLE_HOME.
- **Oracle Instance Location**: Enter the directory path to the location where you want to create the Oracle Instance directory. The Installer creates the Oracle Instance directory using the location you enter in this field and using the name you enter in the Oracle Instance Name field. You can identify any location on your system for the Oracle Instance directory—it does not have to reside inside the Oracle Middleware Home directory.
- **Oracle Instance Name**: Enter a name for the Oracle Instance directory. The Installer uses the name you enter in this field to create the Oracle Instance directory at the location you specify in the Oracle Instance Location field. This directory is commonly referred to as ORACLE_INSTANCE.

After you enter information for each field, click **Next.** The Specify Security Updates screen appears.

- **4.** Choose how you want to be notified about security issues:
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through email, enter your email address in the Email field.
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through My Oracle Support (formerly MetaLink), select the My Oracle Support option and enter your My Oracle Support Password.
 - If you do not want to be notified about security issues, leave all fields empty.

Click **Next**. The Configure Components screen appears.

- **5.** On the Configure Components screen, select only **Oracle Internet Directory**. Ensure no other components are selected and click Next. The Configure Ports screen appears.
- **6.** Choose how you want the Installer to configure ports:
 - Select **Auto Port Configuration** if you want the Installer to configure ports from a predetermined range.
 - Select **Specify Ports using Configuration File** if you want the Installer to configure ports using the staticports.ini file. You can click View/Edit File to update the settings in the staticports.ini file.

Click **Next**. The Specify Schema Database screen appears.

7. Choose whether to use an existing schema or to create a new one using the Installer.

Note: If you want to use an existing schema, it must currently reside in the database to continue with the installation. If it does not currently reside in the database, you must create it now using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility or follow the To create a new schema section mentioned below.

For more information, refer to Section 3.2.3, "Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)".

To use an existing schema:

- a. Select Use Existing Schema.
- **b.** Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form: *hostname:port:servicename*. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: $hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.$
- Enter the password for the existing ODS schema in the Password field.
- d. Click Next.

Note: If your existing ODS and ODSSM schemas have different passwords, the Specify ODSSM Password screen will appear after you click Next. Enter the password for your existing ODSSM schema and click Next.

The Create Oracle Internet Directory screen appears.

e. Continue the installation by going to step 8 now.

To create a new schema

- a. Select Create Schema.
- **b.** Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form: hostname:port:servicename. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: $hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.$
- **c.** Enter the name of the database user in the User Name field. The user you identify must have DBA privileges.
- **d.** Enter the password for the database user in the Password field.
- Click **Next**. The Enter OID Passwords screen appears.
- Create a password for the new ODS schema by entering it in the ODS Schema Password field.
 - Enter it again in the Confirm ODS Schema Password field.
- **g.** Create a password for the new ODSSM schema by entering it in the ODSSM Schema Password field.
 - Enter it again in the Confirm ODSSM Schema Password field.
- **h.** Click **Next**. The Create Oracle Internet Directory screen appears.
- Enter the following information for Oracle Internet Directory:
 - Realm: Enter the location for your realm.
 - Administrator Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Internet Directory administrator.
 - Confirm Password: Enter the administrator password again.

Click Next.

- The Installation Summary screen appears. Verify the information on this screen. Click **Configure** to begin the configuration.
- **10.** The Configuration Progress screen appears. Click **Next** to continue.
- 11. The Installation Complete screen appears. Click **Save** to save the configuration information to a file, and then click **Finish** to exit the installer.

Note:

If you perform this installation and configuration, but later decide you want to manage Oracle Internet Directory using Fusion Middleware Control, you must register Oracle Internet Directory with a WebLogic Administration Server.

Refer to the "Registering an Oracle Instance or Component with the WebLogic Server" section in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Internet Directory for more information.

You may see the following error message in \$Instance_ home/diagnostics/logs/OID/oid1/** log files after configuring Oracle Internet Directory:

```
"2010-02-01T07:27:42+00:00] [OID]
[NOTIFICATION:16] [] [OIDLDAPD] [host:stadp47]
[pid: 26444] [tid: 0] Main:: FATAL *
gslsmaiaInitAudCtx * Audit struct initialization
failed. Audit error code: 62005"
```

You can ignore this error message.

3.3.3 OVD with ODSM and Fusion Middleware Control in a New WebLogic Domain

This topic describes how to configure Oracle Virtual Directory (OVD) with Oracle Directory Services Manager (ODSM) and Fusion Middleware Control in a new WebLogic administration domain. It includes the following sections:

- Appropriate Deployment Environment
- Components Deployed
- Dependencies
- Procedure

3.3.3.1 Appropriate Deployment Environment

The configuration described in this topic is appropriate for environments that have all of the following conditions:

- You want to manage Oracle Virtual Directory using Fusion Middleware Control.
- You want Oracle Virtual Directory to be in a WebLogic administration domain.
- There is no WebLogic Administration Server managing other 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) Oracle Directory Services components.
- You want to install Oracle Virtual Directory and a WebLogic Administration Server colocated on the same host.

3.3.3.2 Components Deployed

Performing the configuration in this section deploys the following components.

- WebLogic Administration Server
- **Oracle Virtual Directory**

- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- Fusion Middleware Control

3.3.3.3 Dependencies

The configuration in this section depends on Oracle WebLogic Server.

3.3.3.4 Procedure

Perform the following steps to configure Oracle Virtual Directory with Oracle Directory Services Manager and Fusion Middleware Control in a new domain:

Ensure that Oracle Virtual Directory and Oracle Directory Services Manager are installed, as described in Section 3.2, "Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option".

Note: If you selected **Install and Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", the **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

If you selected **Install Software - Do Not Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", you must now start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. Run <ORACLE_ HOME > / bin/config.sh (on UNIX) or < ORACLE_ HOME>\bin\config.bat (on Windows) to start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. The **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

- 2. On the Select Domain screen, select Create New Domain and enter the following information:
 - Enter the user name for the new domain in the User Name field.
 - Enter the user password for the new domain in the User Password field.
 - Enter the user password again in the Confirm Password field.
 - Enter a name for the new domain in the Domain Name field.

Click **Next**. The Specify Installation Location screen appears.

- 3. Identify the Homes, Instances, and the WebLogic Server directory by referring to Section 2.4, "Identifying Installation Directories". After you enter information for each field, click **Next.** The Specify Security Updates screen appears.
- Choose how you want to be notified about security issues:
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through email, enter your email address in the Email field.
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through My Oracle Support (formerly MetaLink), select the My Oracle Support option and enter your My Oracle Support Password.
 - If you do not want to be notified about security issues, leave all fields empty.

Click **Next**. The Configure Components screen appears.

5. Select only **Oracle Virtual Directory**. The Oracle Directory Services Manager and Fusion Middleware Control management components are automatically selected for this installation.

Ensure no other components are selected and click Next. The Configure Ports screen appears.

- **6.** Choose how you want the Installer to configure ports:
 - Select **Auto Port Configuration** if you want the Installer to configure ports from a predetermined range.
 - Select **Specify Ports using Configuration File** if you want the Installer to configure ports using the staticports.ini file. You can click View/Edit File to update the settings in the staticports.ini file.

Click **Next**. The Specify Oracle Virtual Directory Information screen appears.

- **7.** Enter the following information:
 - LDAP v3 Name Space: Enter the name space for Oracle Virtual Directory. For example, dc=myhost, dc=mycompany, dc=com.
 - HTTP Web Gateway: Select this option to enable the Oracle Virtual Directory HTTP Web Gateway.
 - Secure: Select this option if you enabled the HTTP Web Gateway and you want to secure it using SSL.
 - Administrator User Name: Enter the user name for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator. The default value is cn=orcladmin.
 - Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator.
 - Confirm Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Virtual Directory administrator again.
 - Configure Administrative Server in secure mode: Select this option to secure the Oracle Virtual Directory Administrative Listener using SSL. This option is selected by default. Oracle recommends selecting this option.

Click Next.

- **8.** The Installation Summary screen appears. Verify the information on this screen. Click **Configure** to begin the configuration.
- **9.** The Configuration Progress screen appears. Click **Next** to continue.
- **10.** The Installation Complete screen appears. Click **Save** to save the configuration information to a file, and then click **Finish** to exit the installer.

3.3.4 OIF with OID in a New WebLogic Domain for LDAP Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store

This section describes how to configure Oracle Identity Federation (OIF) with Oracle Internet Directory (OID) in a new WebLogic administration domain for LDAP Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store.

Note: When you configure Oracle Identity Federation with Oracle Internet Directory, the Installer automatically configures connection, credential, attribute, and container settings using the Oracle Internet Directory configuration.

This section includes the following information about this configuration:

- Appropriate Deployment Environment
- Components Deployed
- Dependencies
- Procedure

3.3.4.1 Appropriate Deployment Environment

Perform the configuration in this topic to quickly deploy Oracle Identity Federation with Oracle Internet Directory as the LDAP repository for Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store.

3.3.4.2 Components Deployed

Performing the configuration in this section deploys the following components:

- WebLogic Managed Server
- Oracle Identity Federation
- **Oracle Internet Directory**
- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- WebLogic Administration Server
- Fusion Middleware Control
- Optionally, Oracle HTTP Server

3.3.4.3 Dependencies

The configuration in this section depends on the following components:

- Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle Database for Oracle Internet Directory
- *Identity Management Oracle Internet Directory* schema existing in the database for Oracle Internet Directory.
- Oracle Database for Oracle Identity Federation, if using RDBMS for Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store.
- New Identity Management Oracle Identity Federation schema existing in the database for Oracle Identity Federation, if using RDBMS for Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store.

3.3.4.4 Procedure

Perform the following steps to configure Oracle Identity Federation with Oracle Internet Directory in a new domain for LDAP Authentication, User Store, and Federation Store:

- 1. Decide if you want to use RDBMS for Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store. If you do, perform the following steps a and b:
 - **a.** Install the database for Oracle Identity Federation. Refer to Section 3.2.2, "Installing Oracle Database" for more information.
 - **b.** Create the *Identity Management Oracle Identity Federation* schema in the database. Refer to Section 3.2.3, "Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)" for more information.
- 2. Install the Oracle Database for Oracle Internet Directory. Refer to Section 3.2.2, "Installing Oracle Database" for more information.
- **3.** Create the *Identity Management Oracle Internet Directory* schema in the database for Oracle Internet Directory. Refer to Section 3.2.3, "Creating Database Schema Using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility (RCU)" for more information.
- **4.** Ensure that Oracle Identity Federation and Oracle Internet Directory are installed, as described in Section 3.2, "Installing Oracle Identity Management Using "Install and Configure" Option".

Note: If you selected **Install and Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", the **Select Domain** screen is displayed.

If you selected **Install Software - Do Not Configure** option in the Select Installation Type screen while installing Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0), as described in Section 3.2.7, "Installing and Configuring Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) Software", you must now start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. Run < ORACLE_ HOME>/bin/config.sh (on UNIX) or <ORACLE HOME>\bin\config.bat (on Windows) to start the Oracle Identity Management Configuration Wizard. The Select Domain screen is displayed.

- On the Select Domain screen, select **Create New Domain** and enter the following information:
 - User Name: Enter the user name for the new domain.
 - User Password: Enter the user password for the new domain. Enter the user password again in the Confirm Password field.
 - Domain Name: Enter a name for the new domain.

Click **Next**. The Specify Installation Location screen appears.

- Identify the Homes, Instances, and the WebLogic Server directory by referring to Section 2.4, "Identifying Installation Directories". After you enter information for each field, click **Next.** The Specify Security Updates screen appears.
- **7.** Choose how you want to be notified about security issues:
 - If you want to be notified about security issues through email, enter your email address in the Email field.

- If you want to be notified about security issues through My Oracle Support (formerly MetaLink), select the My Oracle Support option and enter your My Oracle Support Password.
- If you do not want to be notified about security issues, leave all fields empty.

Click **Next**. The Configure Components screen appears.

8. Select **Oracle Internet Directory**, **Oracle Identity Federation**, and *optionally*, Oracle HTTP Server.

Note: Oracle HTTP Server is required when using Oracle Identity Federation for enterprise level single sign-on with Oracle Single Sign-On and Oracle Access Manager. Although Oracle Identity Federation can function without Oracle HTTP Server, there are advantages to configuring it as a proxy for Oracle Identity Federation.

When you select Oracle HTTP Server and Oracle Identity Federation on this Configure Components screen, the Configuration Wizard configures the Oracle HTTP Server so that the Oracle Identity Federation application can be accessed through Oracle HTTP Server ports.

Refer to the "Deploying Oracle Identity Federation with Oracle HTTP Server" section in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Identity Federation for more information.

> The Oracle Directory Services Manager and Fusion Middleware Control management components are automatically selected for this installation.

Ensure no other components are selected and click **Next**. The Configure Ports screen appears.

- Choose how you want the Installer to configure ports:
 - Select **Auto Port Configuration** if you want the Installer to configure ports from a predetermined range.
 - Select **Specify Ports using Configuration File** if you want the Installer to configure ports using the staticports.ini file. You can click **View/Edit File** to update the settings in the staticports.ini file.

Click **Next**. The Specify Schema Database screen appears.

- **10.** Identify the ODS schema for Oracle Internet Directory that you created in step 3 by selecting **Use Existing Schema** and entering the following information:
 - Enter the database connection information in the Connect String field. The connection string must be in the form: hostname:port:servicename. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.
 - Enter the password for the ODS schema in the Password field and click **Next**.

Note: If your existing ODS and ODSSM schemas have different passwords, the Specify ODSSM Password screen will appear after you click **Next**. Enter the password for your existing ODSSM schema and click Next.

The Create Oracle Internet Directory screen appears.

- **11.** Enter the following information for Oracle Internet Directory:
 - Realm: Enter the location for your realm.
 - Administrator Password: Enter the password for the Oracle Internet Directory administrator.
 - Confirm Password: Enter the administrator password again.

Click **Next**. The Specify OIF Details screen appears.

- **12.** Enter the following information:
 - PKCS12 Password: Enter the password Oracle Identity Federation will use for encryption and for signing wallets. The Installer automatically generates these wallets with self-signed certificates. Oracle recommends using the wallets only for testing.
 - Confirm Password: Enter the PKCS12 password again.
 - Server ID: Enter a string that will be used to identify this Oracle Identity Federation instance. A prefix of oif will be added to the beginning of the string you enter. Each logical Oracle Identity Federation instance within an Oracle WebLogic Server administration domain must have a unique Server ID. Clustered Oracle Identity Federation instances acting as a single logical instance will have the same Server ID.

Click Next. The Select OIF Advanced Flow Attributes screen appears.

Notes:

- Notice that the options for Authentication Type, User Store and Federation Store are automatically set to LDAP because you are installing Oracle Internet Directory with Oracle Identity Federation.
- The Installer sets the User Federation Record Context to cn=fed,BASE_REALM, where BASE_REALM is typically dc=us,dc=oracle,dc=com.
 - **13.** Select the appropriate option for each configuration item and click **Next**:

Note: User Session Store and Message Store appear in the Installer as separate configuration items, however, most deployments use the same type of repository for both stores.

- User Session Store: **Memory** or **RDBMS**
 - Select Memory to store transient runtime session state data in in-memory tables.
 - Select RDBMS to store transient runtime session state data in a relational database.
- Message Store: Memory or RDBMS
 - Select Memory to store transient protocol messages in in-memory tables

- Select RDBMS to store transient protocol messages in a relational database.
- Configuration Store: File or RDBMS
 - Select File to store Oracle Identity Federation configuration data on the local file system.
 - Select RDBMS to store Oracle Identity Federation configuration data in a relational database.

Note: The screens that appear next depend on the options you selected for the configuration items.

- If you selected RDBMS for User Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store, go to step 14 now.
- If you did not select RDBMS for User Session Store, Message Store, or Configuration Store, go to step 16 now.
 - **14.** Enter the following information on the Specify Transient Store Database Details screen:
 - HostName: Enter the connection string to the database host in the form: hostname:port:servicename. For Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC), the connection string must be in the form: hostname1:port1:instance1^hostname2:port2:instance2@servicename.
 - Username: Enter the name of the schema owner created by RCU, which is of the form *PREFIX*_OIF.
 - Password: Enter the password for the database user. Click Next.
 - **15.** The Installation Summary screen appears. Verify the information on this screen. Click **Configure** to begin the configuration.
 - **16.** The Configuration Progress screen appears. Click **Next** to continue.
 - 17. The Installation Complete screen appears. Click **Save** to save the configuration information to a file, and then click **Finish** to exit the installer.

Note: To configure Oracle Identity Federation so that it is integrated with Oracle HTTP Server, refer to the "Deploying Oracle Identity Federation with Oracle HTTP Server" section in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Identity Federation.

Configuring Oracle Identity	Management for	"Install Software -	- Do Not (Configure" (Option

Verifying the Installed Components

This chapter describes how to verify the installation of Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) components.

4.1 Verifying Oracle Identity Management (11.1.1.7.0)

This topic describes how to verify Oracle Internet Directory (OID), Oracle Virtual Directory (OVD), Oracle Directory Services Manager (ODSM), Oracle Directory Integration Platform (ODIP), and Oracle Identity Federation (OIF) that you installed.

It includes the following sections:

- Oracle Internet Directory or Oracle Virtual Directory
- **Oracle Directory Integration Platform**
- Oracle Directory Services Manager
- **Oracle Identity Federation**

4.1.1 Oracle Internet Directory or Oracle Virtual Directory

Verify an Oracle Internet Directory or an Oracle Virtual Directory installation by:

Executing the \$ORACLE_INSTANCE/bin/opmnctl status -1 command. For example, if Oracle Internet Directory is configured then the following result can be

Processes in	Instance: a	nsinst_1	·		-+
ias-component	ed upti	me ports	 process-type 	pid status	· - 4
oid1	+	 إ	oidldapd	24032 Alive	
582907955 oid1 582907954	113004 56288	0:00:41 0:00:42	N/A oidldapd N/A	24024 Alive	
oid1 582907953	50232	0:00:43	oidmon LDAPS:3131,LDAP:3060	24001 Alive	
EMAGENT 582907952	5852	0:00:43	EMAGENT N/A	24000 Alive	

Executing the \$ORACLE_HOME/bin/ldapbind command on the non-SSL and SSL ports. For example:

On Non-SSL ports:

```
$ORACLE_HOME/bin/ldapbind -h <hostname> -p <port> -D
cn=orcladmin -w <password>
```

On SSL ports:

```
$ORACLE HOME/bin/ldapbind -h <hostname> -p <port> -D
cn=orcladmin -w <password> -U 1
```

4.1.2 Oracle Directory Integration Platform

Verify the Oracle Directory Integration Platform installation using the dipStatus command located in the \$ORACLE_HOME/bin/ directory.

Note: You must set the WL_HOME and ORACLE_HOME environment variables before executing the dipStatus command.

The following is the syntax for the dipStatus command:

```
$ORACLE_HOME/bin/dipStatus -h HOST -p PORT -D wlsuser [-help]
```

- -h | -host identifies the Oracle WebLogic Server where Oracle Directory Integration Platform is deployed.
- -p | -port identifies the listening port of the Oracle WebLogic Managed Server where Oracle Directory Integration Platform is deployed.
- -D | -wlsuser identifies the Oracle WebLogic Server login ID.

Note: You will be prompted for the Oracle WebLogic Server login password. You cannot provide the password as a command-line argument.

Best security practice is to provide a password only in response to a prompt from the command. If you must execute dipStatus from a script, you can redirect input from a file containing the Oracle WebLogic Server password. Use file permissions to protect the file and delete it when it is no longer necessary.

4.1.3 Oracle Directory Services Manager

To verify the Oracle Directory Services Manager installation, enter the following URL into your browser's address field:

http://host:port/odsm

- host represents the name of the WebLogic Managed Server hosting Oracle Directory Services Manager.
- port represents the WebLogic Managed Server listen port. You can determine the exact port number by examining the

```
$MW_HOME/ORACLE_IDENTITY_MANAGEMENT_DOMAIN/servers/MANAGED_
SERVER/data/nodemanager/MANAGED_SERVER.url
```

Oracle Directory Services Manager is installed and running if the Welcome to Oracle Directory Services Manage screen appears.

Note: While the appearance of the Welcome screen verifies Oracle Directory Services Manager is installed and running, you cannot connect to an Oracle Internet Directory or Oracle Virtual Directory from Oracle Directory Services Manager without the appropriate directory server credentials.

4.1.4 Oracle Identity Federation

Verify the Oracle Identity Federation installation by:

Accessing the Oracle Identity Federation metadata at the following URL. Oracle Identity Federation was installed and the Oracle Identity Federation server is running if you can access the metadata.

http://host:port/fed/sp/metadata

Note: *host* represents the name of the WebLogic Managed Server where Oracle Identity Federation was installed. port represents the listen port on that WebLogic Managed Server.

> Accessing Fusion Middleware Control to verify that Oracle Identity Federation is available and running. For more information, see "Getting Started Using Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide.

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Deinstalling and Reinstalling Oracle Identity Management

This appendix provides information about deinstalling and reinstalling Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1. It contains the following topics:

- Deinstalling Oracle Identity Management
- Reinstalling Oracle Identity Management

Note: Always use the instructions provided in this appendix for removing the software. If you try to remove the software manually, you may experience problems when you try to reinstall the software. Following the procedures in this appendix ensures that the software is properly removed.

A.1 Deinstalling Oracle Identity Management

This topic contains procedures for deinstalling Oracle Identity Management and contains the following sections:

- Deinstalling the Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home
- Deinstalling the Oracle Common Home
- Deinstalling Applications Registered with Oracle Single Sign-On 10g Release 10.1.4.3.0

A.1.1 Deinstalling the Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home

The deinstaller attempts to remove the Oracle Home directory from which it was started. Before you choose to remove your Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home directory, make sure that it is not in use by an existing domain and that you stop all running processes that use this Oracle Home.

Deinstalling Oracle Identity Management will not remove any WebLogic domains that you have created—it only removes the software in the Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home directory.

Note: The oraInventory is required for removing instances and Oracle Home. For example, on UNIX it can be found in the following location:

/etc/oraInst.loc

This section describes how to deinstall your Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home using the graphical, screen-based deinstaller. However, you can also perform a silent deinstallation using a response file. A deinstall response file template that you can customize for your deinstallation is included in the Disk1/stage/Response directory on UNIX, or in the Disk1\stage\Response directory on Windows.

Perform the following steps to deinstall your Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home using the graphical, screen-based deinstaller:

- 1. Verify your Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home is not in use by an existing domain.
- **2.** Stop all processes that use the Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home.
- **3.** Open a command prompt and move (cd) into the *IDENTITY_MANAGEMENT_* ORACLE_HOME/oui/bin directory (UNIX) or the IDENTITY_MANAGEMENT_ *ORACLE_HOME*\oui\bin directory (Windows).
- **4.** Invoke the Deinstaller from command line using the -deinstall option. For example:

On UNIX:

./runInstaller -deinstall

On Windows:

setup.exe -deinstall

The Welcome screen appears.

5. Click Next.

If you are deinstalling Oracle Internet Directory, Oracle Virtual Directory, Oracle Directory Services Manager, Oracle Directory Integration Platform, or Oracle Identity Federation, the Select Deinstallation Type screen appears.

Select the deinstallation type you want to perform. Table A-1 lists and describes each of the deinstallation types:

Table A-1 Deinstallation Types

Туре	Description
Deinstall ASInstances managed by WebLogic Domain - Applicable to Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory only.	Select this option to deinstall the binaries contained in the listed Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home.
	If you select this option, the Deinstall Oracle Home screen appears next, where you can save a response file that contains the deinstallation settings before deinstalling.
	Select this option to deinstall the Oracle Identity Management system component instances, such as Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory, that are registered in a WebLogic domain.
	If you select this option, the Specify WebLogic Domain Detail screen appears next where you identify the administration domain containing the system components you want to deinstall. The Select Managed Instance screen appears next, where you identify the instances you want to deinstall.

	Table A-1	(Cont.)	Deinstallation	Types
--	-----------	---------	----------------	-------

Туре	Description
DeInstall Unmanaged ASInstances - Applicable to Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory only.	Select this option to deinstall the Oracle Identity Management system component instances, such as Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory, that are not registered in a WebLogic domain. If you select this option, the Specify Instance Location screen appears next where you identify the instances you want to deinstall.

Regardless of the option you choose and the subsequent screens that appear, you will arrive at the Deinstall Progress screen, which shows the progress and status of the deinstallation. If you want to quit before the deinstallation is completed, click Cancel.

Click **Finish** after the deinstallation progresses to 100%. The Deinstallation Complete screen appears.

If you are deinstalling Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, Oracle Entitlements Server, and Oracle Identity Navigator, the Deinstall Oracle Home screen appears.

In the Deinstall Oracle Home screen, you can save a response file that contains the deinstallation settings before deinstalling. Click **Deinstall**. The Deinstall Progress screen appears. This screen shows the progress and status of the deinstallation. If you want to quit before the deinstallation is completed, click Cancel.

Click **Finish** after the deinstallation progresses to 100%. The Deinstallation Complete screen appears.

6. Click **Finish** on the Deinstallation Complete screen to exit the deinstaller.

A.1.2 Deinstalling the Oracle Common Home

The ORACLE_COMMON_HOME directory located in the MW_HOME directory contains the binary and library files required for Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control and Oracle Java Required Files (JRF). Before you deinstall the ORACLE_COMMON_HOME directory, ensure that no other Oracle Fusion Middleware software, such as Oracle SOA Suite, depends on ORACLE_COMMON_ HOME. You cannot deinstall the ORACLE_COMMON_HOME directory until all software that depends on it has been deinstalled.

Perform the following steps to deinstall the *ORACLE_COMMON_HOME* directory:

- Stop all processes that use the *ORACLE_COMMON_HOME* directory.
- Deinstall your Oracle Identity Management Oracle Home by performing the steps in Appendix A.1, "Deinstalling Oracle Identity Management".
- Open a command prompt and move (cd) into the ORACLE_COMMON/oui/bin/ directory (on UNIX) or the ORACLE_COMMON_HOME\oui\bin\ directory (on Windows).
- Invoke the Deinstaller from command line using the -deinstall option and the -jreLoc option, which identifies the location where Java Runtime Environment (JRE) is installed. For example:

On UNIX:

./runInstaller -deinstall -jreLoc FULL_PATH_TO_JRE_DIRECTORY

On Windows:

setup.exe -deinstall -jreLoc FULL_PATH_TO_JRE_DIRECTORY

The Welcome screen appears.

- **5.** Click **Next**. The Select Deinstallation Type screen appears.
- **6.** Select the **Deinstall Oracle Home** option at the top of the Select Deinstallation Type screen.

Note: The path to the *ORACLE_COMMON_HOME* directory appears in the text describing the **Deinstall Oracle Home** option.

Click **Next**. The Deinstall Oracle Home screen appears.

Confirm the correct ORACLE_COMMON_HOME directory is listed and click Deinstall.

The Deinstallation Progress screen appears, along with a Warning dialog box prompting you to confirm that you want to deinstall the ORACLE_COMMON_ *HOME* directory.

- **8.** Click **Yes** on the Warning dialog box to confirm you want to remove the *ORACLE_COMMON_HOME* directory. The deinstallation begins.
- **9.** Click **Finish** after the deinstallation progresses to 100%. The Deinstallation Complete screen appears.
- **10.** Click **Finish** on the Deinstallation Complete screen to exit the deinstaller.

A.1.3 Deinstalling Applications Registered with Oracle Single Sign-On 10g Release 10.1.4.3.0

To deinstall a partner application registered with Oracle Single Sign-On 10g Release 10.1.4.3.0, you must manually deregister the partner application from Oracle Single Sign-On. Refer to the "Reregister mod_osso on the single sign-on middle tiers" section in Chapter 9 of the Oracle Application Server Single Sign-On Administrator's Guide 10g *Release* 10.1.4.0.1 available at:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/index.html

A.2 Reinstalling Oracle Identity Management

Perform the following steps to reinstall Oracle Identity Management:

- Verify the directory you want to reinstall Oracle Identity Management into does not contain an existing Oracle Identity Management instance. If it does, you must deinstall it before reinstalling. You cannot reinstall Oracle Identity Management 11g Release 1 (11.1.1) in a directory that contains an existing Oracle Identity Management instance.
- Reinstall Oracle Identity Management as if it was the first installation by performing the steps in the appropriate procedure in this guide.

Starting and Stopping the Oracle Stack

You must start and stop the components of the Oracle stack in a specific order. This appendix describes that order and contains the following topics:

- Starting the Stack
- Stopping the Stack

Note: When executing the startManagedWebLogic and stopManagedWebLogic scripts described in the following topics:

- The default value for DOMAIN_NAME is IDMDomain
- SERVER_NAME represents the name of the WebLogic Managed Server. The default value for the Oracle Directory Integration Platform and Oracle Directory Services Manager WebLogic Managed Server is wls_ods1. The default value for the Oracle Identity Federation WebLogic Managed Server is wls_oif1.
- You will be prompted for values for USER NAME and PASSWORD if you do not provide them as options when you execute the script.
- The value for ADMIN_URL will be inherited if you do not provide it as an option when you execute the script.

B.1 Starting the Stack

Start the stack components in the following order:

Start the WebLogic Administration Server by executing the following command:

```
MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/DOMAIN_NAME/bin/startWebLogic.sh
```

Start system components, such as Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory, by executing the following command:

```
ORACLE_INSTANCE/bin/opmnctl startall
```

You can verify that the system components have started by executing the following command:

```
ORACLE_INSTANCE/bin/opmnctl status -1
```

3. Start WebLogic managed components, such as Oracle Directory Integration Platform, Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, Oracle Identity Federation, and Oracle Directory Services Manager, by executing the following command:

MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/DOMAIN_NAME/bin/startManagedWebLogic.sh\ SERVER_NAME {ADMIN_URL}

Note: You can view the status of WebLogic managed components with Fusion Middleware Control.

B.2 Stopping the Stack

Stop the stack components in the following order:

1. Stop WebLogic managed components, such as Oracle Identity Manager, Oracle Access Manager, and Oracle Adaptive Access Manager, by executing the following command:

{SERVER_NAME} {ADMIN_URL} {USER_NAME} {PASSWORD}

2. Stop the WebLogic Administration Server by executing the following command:

MW_HOME/user_projects/domains/DOMAIN_NAME/bin/stopWebLogic.sh

3. Stop system components, such as Oracle Internet Directory and Oracle Virtual Directory, by executing the following command:

ORACLE_INSTANCE/bin/opmnctl stopall